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PREPARING WORLD HERITAGE NOMINATIONS

ICOMOS PERSPECTIVE

ICOMOS

International Council of Monuments and Sites

- International organization of heritage professionals
- National committees: Australia ICOMOS, US ICOMOS, ICOMOS
 Pasifika
- Advisory Body to the World Heritage Committee
- Evaluates World Heritage nominations and State of Conservation
- Provides guidance for World Heritage nominations, management and conservation





SHARED CULTURES, SHARED HERITAGE, SHARED RESPONSIBILITY

Shared Cultures – Shared Heritage – Shared Responsibility

ICOMOS GENERAL ASSEMBLY, SYDNEY, 2020

HTTP://ICOMOSGA2020.ORG/





PREPARING WORLD HERITAGE NOMINATIONS

KEY ELEMENTS

TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

Nomination Format

- I. Identification of the Property
- 2. Description and History and Development of the Property
- 3. Justification for Inscription
- 4. State of Conservation
- Protection and Management of the Property
- 6. Monitoring
- 7. Documentation

WHC.19/01 10 July 2019

Operational Guidelines for the Implementation of the World Heritage Convention

UNITED NATIONS EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION

INTERGOVERNMENTAL COMMITTEE FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE WORLD CULTURAL AND NATURAL HERITAGE



WORLD HERITAGE CENTRE

OUTSTANDING UNIVERSAL VALUE



Taputapuatea French Polynesia (2016)



TEN WORLD HERITAGE CRITERIA

SIX ARE FOR CULTURAL SITES AND VALUES

CULTURAL CRITERIA

- (i) represent a masterpiece of human creative genius;
- (ii) exhibit an important interchange of human values, over a span of time or within a cultural area of the world, on developments in architecture or technology, monumental arts, town-planning or landscape design;
- (iii) bear a unique or at least exceptional testimony to a cultural tradition or to a civilization which is living or which has disappeared;
- (iv) be an outstanding example of a type of building, architectural or technological ensemble or landscape which illustrates (a) significant stage(s) in human history;
- (v) be an outstanding example of a traditional human settlement, land-use, or sea-use which is representative of a culture (or cultures), or human interaction with the environment especially when it has become vulnerable under the impact of irreversible change;
- (vi) be directly or tangibly associated with events or living traditions, with ideas, or with beliefs, with artistic and literary works of outstanding universal significance.

OUTSTANDING UNIVERSAL VALUE

Chief Roi Mata's Domain, Vanuatu (2008) (iii) (v) (vi)





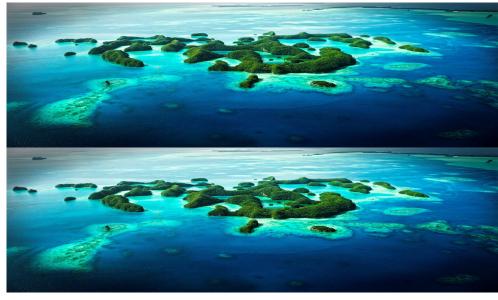
Kuk Early Agricultural Site PNG (2008) (iii) (iv)



OUTSTANDING UNIVERSAL VALUE

Nan Madol: Ceremonial Centre of Eastern Micronesia, FSM (2014) (i) (iii) (iv) (vi)





Rock Islands Southern Lagoon, Palau (2012) (iii) (v) (vii) (ix) (x)

IN PLAIN LANGUAGE

<u>Places</u> get put on the World Heritage List (not stories or histories or events . .)

- Getting people involved: is there support?
- Telling the story: Why is this place important?
- Attributes: Identifying and recording the evidence in the place
- Where is the boundary?
- Looking after the site: How is it looked after? Who is looking after it?
- Developing and writing the nomination: Who can help?

GETTING PEOPLE INVOLVED



Who needs to be involved? Who needs to be consulted? What do they need to know?



'Free Prior and Informed Consent'

TELLING THE STORY – WHY IS THIS PLACE IMPORTANT?





Why is it important to a community?
Why is it important to a region?
Why is it important to the world?
What big story does this place tell?



ICOMOS 'Thematic Studies' for World Heritage values



World Heritage Convention

Cultural Landscapes of the Pacific Islands



ICOMOS Thematic study Anita Smith and Kevin L. Jones December 2007





Early Human Expansion and Innovation in the Pacific

Thematic Study Ian Lilley (co-ordinator)

December 2010







https://www.icomos.org/en/about-the-centre/publicationsdoc/monographic-series-3/198-thematic-studies-for-the-world-heritage-convention

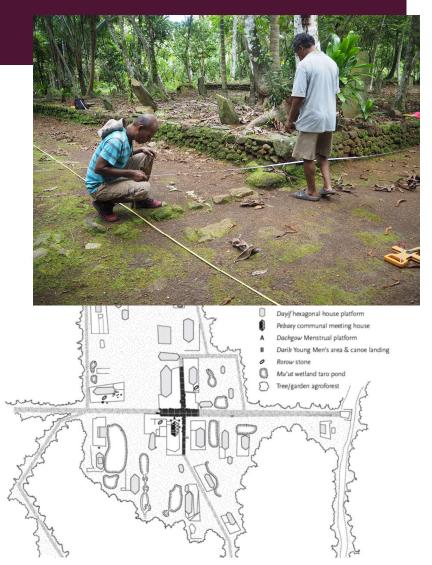
IDENTIFYING AND RECORDING THE EVIDENCE

(ATTRIBUTES)



Documenting specific tangible and intangible evidence of the values or story you are telling.

This can be a lot of work!



BOUNDARIES (AND BUFFER ZONES)





How big does the nominated place need to be?
Who owns the land?
Is a larger area is needed to protect the values of the place?

HOW WILL THE SITE BE LOOKED AFTER? THE MANAGEMENT PLAN

What needs to be protected and looked after?
Who looks after the place?
How do they look after the place?

What is the customary protection? Is there legal protection?



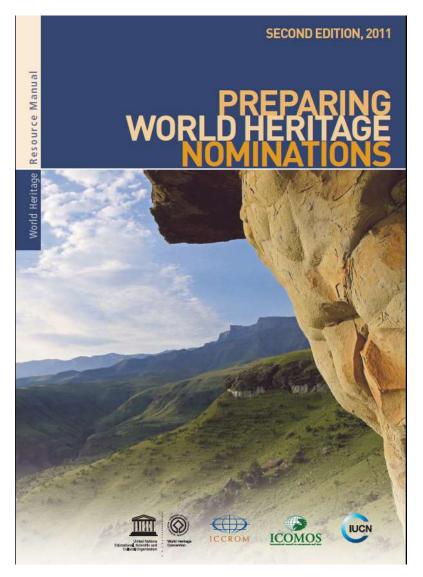
WRITING THE NOMINATION: GETTING ASSISTANCE

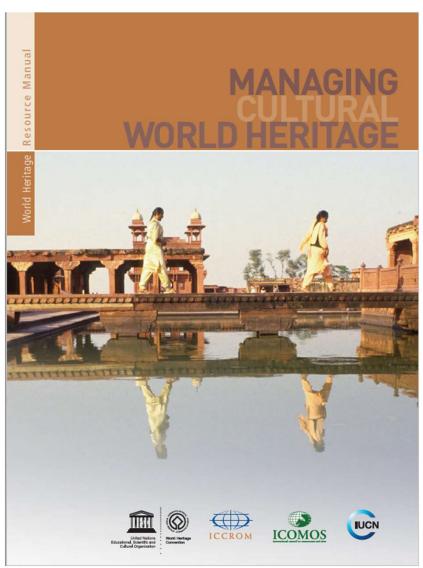
Nobody does it on their own!

Draw on local resources, government officials, regional organisations (including UNESCO) and outside expertise especially ICOMOS and/or IUCN.

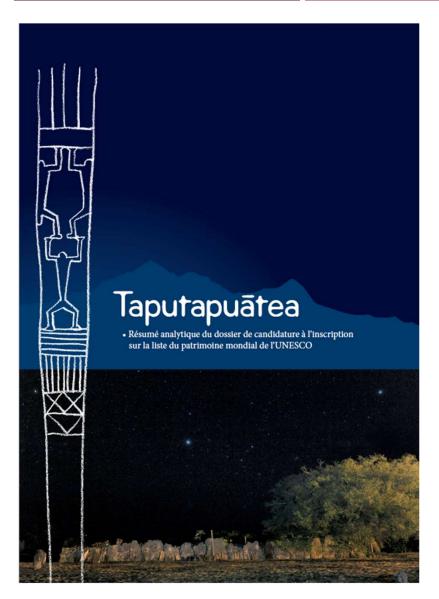
Early in the process, find someone who is experienced in the WH system and the requirements of the Operational Guidelines who will assist in writing or reviewing the nomination.

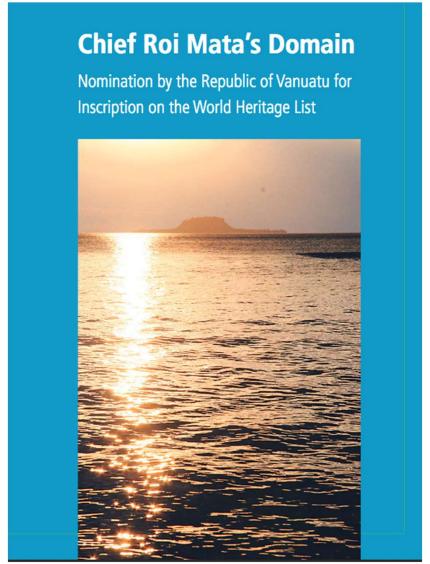






http://whc.unesco.org/en/resourcemanuals/









World Heritage in a Sea of Islands Pacific 2009 Programme





Safeguarding Precious Resources for Island Communities







