of the lands involved in the proposed exchange are first determined by appraisals to be made by three competent appraisers to be appointed by the Governor of the Territory of Hawaii showing that the lands belonging to Richard Smart are of equal or greater value than the public lands above mentioned.

SEC. 5. The lands received by the Territory hereunder shall have the same status and be subject to the same laws as the lands transferred and conveyed in exchange for them.

SEC. 6. This Act shall take effect on and after the date of its approval. Approved June 18, 1954.

Public Law 413

To amend the Act entitled “An Act to authorize the transfer of land from the War Department to the Territory of Hawaii”, approved June 19, 1936.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled “An Act to authorize the transfer of land from the War Department to the Territory of Hawaii” approved June 19, 1936, is amended by substituting for the word “park” where the same appears in the last line but one thereof the word “port”.

Approved June 18, 1954.

Public Law 414

To simplify the handling of postage on newspapers and periodicals.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provision of section 25 (20 Stat. 361, as amended; 39 U. S. C. 286), requiring the manual affixing of postage stamps to certain types of publications with second-class entry be amended by striking the following words: “by stamps affixed”.

SEC. 2. This Act shall take effect thirty days after enactment.

Approved June 18, 1954.

Public Law 415

To enable the Hawaiian Homes Commission of the Territory of Hawaii to exchange available lands as designated by the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, for other publicly owned lands.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 204 of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, as amended, be further amended by amending Public Law 297, Eighty-third Congress, second session (68 Stat. 16, 17) to read as follows:

“(4) The Commission may, with the approval of the Governor and the Secretary of the Interior, in order to consolidate its holdings or to better effectuate the purposes of this Act, exchange the title to available lands for land, publicly owned, of an equal value. All land so acquired by the Commission shall assume the status of available lands as though the same were originally designated as such under section
PUBLIC LAW 417—JUNE 18, 1954

To authorize the commissioner of public lands of the Territory of Hawaii to exchange certain public lands for private lands of equal value required for school purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any limitations imposed by section 73 (1) of the Hawaiian Organic Act, as amended (48 U. S. C. 673), to the contrary notwithstanding, the commissioner of public lands, with the approval of the governor and two-thirds of the members of the board of public lands, is authorized to exchange public lands for private lands of equal value required by the city and county of Honolulu as school sites for the Kahala Elementary School, Waialae High School, and Koko Head Elementary School on the island of Oahu.

SEC. 2. The lands received in the exchange authorized by section 1 shall, except as otherwise provided, have the same status and be subject to the same laws as the lands given in the exchange.

SEC. 3. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

Approved June 18, 1954.

PUBLIC LAW 417—JUNE 18, 1954

To amend sections 201 (a) and 207 (a) of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (a) of section 207 of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

“(a) The Commission is authorized to lease to native Hawaiians the right to the use and occupancy of a tract or tracts of Hawaiian home lands within the following acreage limits per each lessee: (1) not less than one nor more than forty acres of agricultural lands; or (2) not less than one hundred nor more than five hundred acres of first-class pastoral lands; or (3) not less than two hundred and fifty nor more than one thousand acres of second-class pastoral lands; or (4) not less than forty nor more than one hundred acres of irrigated pastoral lands; (5) not more than one acre of any class of land to be used as a residence lot: Provided, however, That in the case of any existing lease of a farm lot in the Kalanianaole Settlement on Molokai, a residence lot may exceed one acre but shall not exceed four acres in area, the location of such area to be selected by the lessee concerned: Provided further, That a lease granted to any lessee may include two detached