

SUBSISTENCE

Management Regulations for the HARVEST OF WILDLIFE on Federal Public Lands in Alaska



Kaycee Lanza, 8, Sitka, 2012 Student Art Contest winner.

Effective July 1, 2012–June 30, 2014

Subsistence management regulations are available online at
<http://alaska.fws.gov/asm/index.cfm>

Reporting Violations

To report violations of the regulations in this book or other regulations on Federal public lands and waters in Alaska, please contact:



National Parks and Preserves

National Park Service (907) 644-3880 or (800) 478-2724



National Wildlife Refuges

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (907) 786-3311 or (800) 858-7621



National Forests

U.S. Forest Service (907) 586-8820



Bureau of Land Management areas

Bureau of Land Management (907) 271-6623

For Federal contact information, refer to the Directory of Federal Land Management Offices at the back of this book.

About this book

This book is published by the Federal Subsistence Management Program as an informative summary and guide to annual Federal subsistence hunting regulations contained in the Code of Federal Regulations (36 CFR 242 and 50 CFR 100) and the Federal Register.

There may be errors or omissions not identified at press time, or changes made to the regulations after the book is printed. To be certain of current regulations, refer to the official Code of Federal Regulations and the Federal Register publications or contact the Office of Subsistence Management.

The regulations may change at any time by special actions of the Federal Subsistence Board. Changes are published in the Federal Register and Board actions or major corrections to this book are posted on the Office of Subsistence Management website <http://alaska.fws.gov/asm/index.cfml>.

For additional information, please contact:

Office of Subsistence Management
1011 East Tudor Road, MS-121
Anchorage, Alaska 99503
(907) 786-3888 or toll free (800) 478-1456
Fax: (907) 786-3898
E-mail: subsistence@fws.gov
Web: <http://alaska.fws.gov/asm/index.cfml>

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New or added regulatory text in this book is highlighted in **yellow**.

- ▶ **General Regulations**—Revises regulations on selling handicrafts incorporating brown bear claw(s).
- ▶ **Units 1-5**—Requires the marking of trap and snares.
- ▶ **Units 1-5**—Allows the retention of coyotes that are taken incidentally while trapping.
- ▶ **Units 1-5**—Adds mountain goat to the Federal Subsistence Designated Hunter permit and limits the goat possession limit.
- ▶ **Unit 2**—Revises harvest reporting requirements for deer.
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- ▶ **Units 6B and 6C**—Revises the harvest limit for the Native Village of Eyak's annual Memorial Potlatch.
- ▶ **Unit 7**—Closes the hunting season for fox.
- ▶ **Unit 9**—Revises season dates and permit requirements for moose.
- ▶ **Unit 9D**—Establishes a season and harvest limit for caribou.
- ▶ **Unit 11**—Recognizes customary and traditional use determination for goat by rural residents of Nabesna Road (mileposts 25–46) and Tok Cutoff Road (mileposts 79–110, Mentasta Pass).
- ▶ **Units 11 and 12**—Revises the season dates for the elder and elder/minor sheep hunts, and the harvest limit of the elder and elder/minor sheep hunts (Unit 11 only).
- ▶ **Portions of Units 11 and 12** (along Nabesna Road)—Revises the season dates, harvest limits, area descriptors, and permit requirements for moose.
- ▶ **Unit 12**—Recognizes customary and traditional use determination for caribou by rural residents of Chistochina.
- ▶ **Unit 12**—Revises the season dates and permit requirements for moose.
- ▶ **Portion of Unit 12**—Establishes a season for caribou and closes public lands except by residents of Chisana, Chistochina, Mentasta, Northway, Tetlin, and Tok.
- ▶ **Unit 13**—Revises the season dates for caribou.
- ▶ **Units 15A and 15B**—Recognizes customary and traditional use of brown bear by residents of Ninilchik.
- ▶ **Units 15A and 15B**—Establishes a season and harvest limit for brown bear.
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- ▶ **Unit 18**—Revises the season and harvest limit for lynx.
- ▶ **Unit 18**—Revises the season dates and harvest limit for moose.
- ▶ **Unit 18**—Revises the harvest limit for wolverine.
- ▶ **Unit 18**—Revises the harvest limit for ptarmigan.
- ▶ **Unit 18**—Prohibits the pursuit of ungulates with a motorized vehicle while the animal is at or near a full gallop.
- ▶ **Unit 18**—Revises wolf hunting harvest limit.
- ▶ **Portion of Unit 18**—Establishes area descriptors and revises the season dates for caribou.
- ▶ **Portion of Unit 18**—Allows the take of moose from a boat moving under power.
- ▶ **Portion of Unit 20E**—Revises the season dates for moose.
- ▶ **Units 20F and 25C**—Revises the season and harvest limits for caribou.
- ▶ **Unit 21E**—Revises C&T area descriptor.
- ▶ **Portion of Unit 24B**—Aligns State and Federal boundaries and revises permit requirements for moose.
- ▶ **Unit 25**—Revises salvage requirements for moose and caribou.
- ▶ **Unit 25**—Revises C&T for caribou.
- ▶ **Unit 25**—Revises harvest limit of black bear.
- ▶ **Unit 25**—Revises the season dates for wolf.
- ▶ **Portion of Unit 25A**—Closes a portion of Federal lands to the taking of sheep by non-Federally qualified users.
- ▶ **Unit 25D**—Revises the harvest limit of brown bear.
- ▶ **Units 26A and 26B**—Revises the season dates for brown bear.
- ▶ Hunt numbers associated with Federal permits have been included to assist the public when making inquiries on a specific hunt.

Introduction

You will find important information in this book on seasons, harvest limits, methods, and customary and traditional use determinations for the subsistence taking of wildlife on Federal public lands in Alaska. These regulations are effective July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2014 and apply only on Federal public lands. The regulations cover managed subsistence hunting and trapping activities of most species of land mammals, grouse, and ptarmigan. Subsistence fishing regulations are published separately.

Read the **Special Provisions** and unit-specific information carefully for the management unit where you wish to take wildlife. Trapping regulations are in a separate section near the back of this book.

On July 1, 1990, the **Federal Subsistence Management Program** began managing wildlife resources on public lands. The *Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act* of 1980 (ANILCA) requires that rural residents have a priority over other users to take wildlife for subsistence uses on Federal public lands and waters.

Federal Subsistence Regional Advisory Councils, State of Alaska representatives, and the general public play an active role in the regulatory process.

State and Federal Wildlife Regulations

The **State of Alaska** often administers a hunt for the same species in the same area as a Federal subsistence hunt. You may not add the harvest limit from Federal Subsistence and State general hunt regulations together to increase your harvest limit unless specified otherwise in these regulations.

If you are not a rural resident of Alaska, you may hunt under State of Alaska hunting regulations on most Federal public lands, except National Park Service-managed parks and monuments (see Special Requirements for National Park Service Lands on page 13) or except where hunts are specifically closed by these regulations.

Federal Subsistence Board

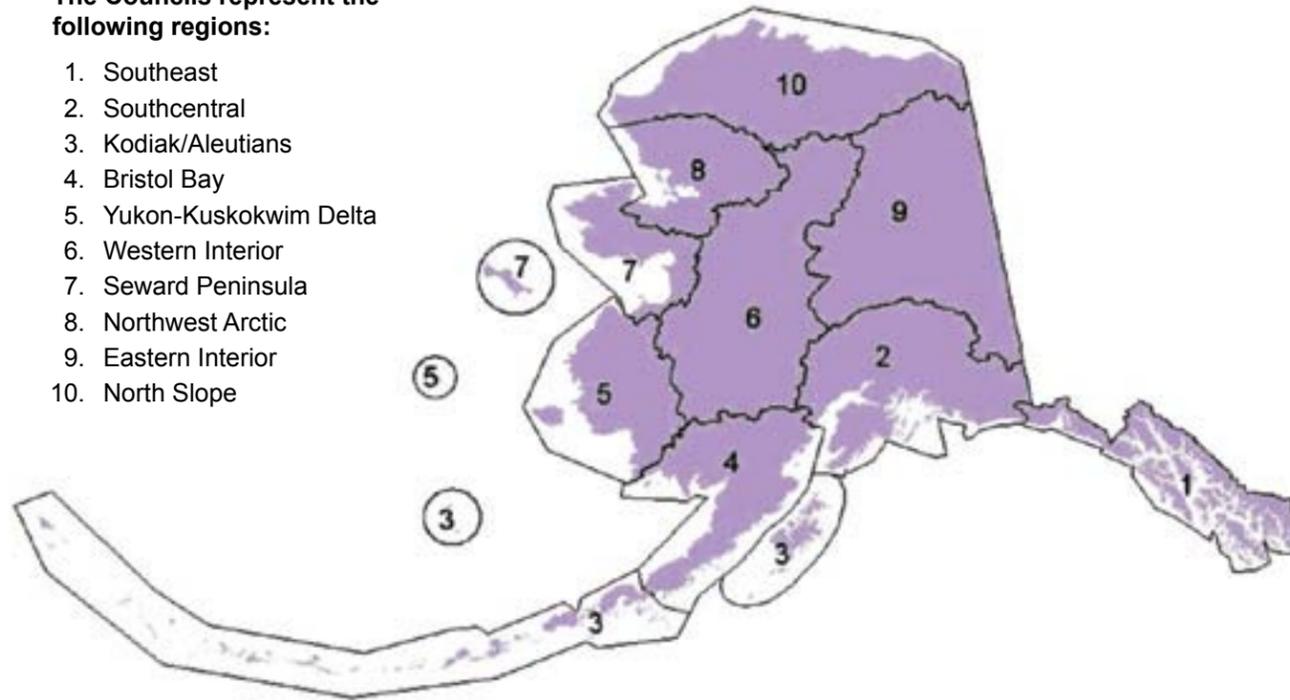
The Secretaries established a Federal Subsistence Board to administer the Federal Subsistence Management Program. The Board comprises:

- A Chair, appointed by the Secretary of the Interior with concurrence of the Secretary of Agriculture;
- The Alaska Regional Director, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service;
- The Alaska Regional Director, National Park Service;
- The Alaska State Director, Bureau of Land Management;
- The Alaska Regional Director, Bureau of Indian Affairs;
- The Alaska Regional Forester, U.S. Forest Service; and
- Two public members appointed by the Secretary of the Interior with the concurrence of the Secretary of Agriculture.

General Information

The Councils represent the following regions:

1. Southeast
2. Southcentral
3. Kodiak/Aleutians
4. Bristol Bay
5. Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta
6. Western Interior
7. Seward Peninsula
8. Northwest Arctic
9. Eastern Interior
10. North Slope



Federal Subsistence Regional Advisory Councils

The Federal Subsistence Management Program divides Alaska into ten subsistence resource regions, each represented by a Subsistence Regional Advisory Council. These ten Councils provide an opportunity for rural Alaskans to contribute in a meaningful way to the management of subsistence resources. Resource users have the opportunity to comment and offer input on subsistence issues at Council meetings. Each Council meets at least twice a year. The Councils develop proposals to change Federal subsistence regulations and review proposals submitted by others.

Council Membership

The Secretaries of the Interior and Agriculture appoint Council members. Members must reside in the area they wish to represent and have knowledge of subsistence uses and needs. Each year the Office of Subsistence Management accepts applications and nominations for membership during October–February. If you are interested in applying for membership, please contact Carl Johnson or the coordinator for your region.

Criteria for Council Membership

Applicants and nominees must be residents of the region they wish to represent and have:

- Knowledge of fish and wildlife resources in the region;
- Knowledge of subsistence uses, customs, and traditions in the region;
- Knowledge of commercial, recreational, and other uses in the region;
- Leadership skills and experience with local and/or regional organizations;
- Ability to communicate effectively;
- Willingness to travel to and attend Council meetings at least two times each year, usually in October and February. Although Council members are volunteers, members' official travel expenses for meetings are paid through the Office of Subsistence Management.
- Willingness to occasionally attend Federal Subsistence Board meetings.

For more information on Council membership, contact

Carl Johnson
 (800) 478-1456 or (907) 786-3676 Fax: (907) 786-3898
 E-mail: carl_johnson@fws.gov
<http://alaska.fws.gov/asm/index.cfml>

General Information

Council Member Responsibilities

- Review and make recommendations to the Federal Subsistence Board on proposals for regulations, policies, management plans, and other subsistence-related issues on Federal public lands within the region;
- Develop proposals pertaining to the subsistence harvest of fish and wildlife, and review proposals submitted by others;
- Encourage and promote local participation in the decision-making process affecting subsistence harvests on Federal public lands;
- Make recommendations on customary and traditional use determinations of subsistence resources;
- Appoint members to National Park Service Subsistence Resource Commissions.

Subsistence Regional Advisory Council Coordinators

Council coordinators facilitate communication between the Councils and the Federal Subsistence Board. Each coordinator is responsible for one or more regions and serves as a contact for the Councils, Federal agency staff, and the public. Contact a coordinator for information about the activities of each Council.

Southeast Region

Robert Larson
 PETERSBURG
 (907) 772-5930
 Fax: (907) 772-5995
 E-mail: robertlarson@fs.fed.us

Southcentral and Bristol Bay Regions

Donald Mike
 ANCHORAGE
 (800) 478-1456
 or (907) 786-3629
 Fax: (907) 786-3898
 E-mail: donald_mike@fws.gov

Kodiak/Aleutians Region

Tom Jennings
 ANCHORAGE
 (800) 478-1456
 or (907) 786-3676
 Fax: (907) 786-3898
 E-mail: thomas_jennings@fws.gov

Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta and Seward Peninsula Regions

Alex Nick
 BETHEL
 (800) 621-5804
 or (907) 543-1037
 Fax: (907) 543-4413
 E-mail: alex_nick@fws.gov

Western Interior and Northwest Arctic Regions

Melinda Hernandez
 ANCHORAGE
 (800) 478-1456
 or (907) 786-3885
 Fax: (907) 786-3898
 E-mail: melinda_hernandez@fws.gov

Eastern Interior and North Slope Regions

Eva Patton
 ANCHORAGE
 (800) 478-1456
 or (907) 786-3953
 Fax: (907) 786-3898
 E-mail: eva_patton@fws.gov

General Information

Federal Subsistence Regulations Apply Only to Rural Alaska Residents

Are You a Rural Alaska Resident?

All communities and areas of Alaska are considered rural, except the areas shown on the following maps as nonrural areas. You must have your primary, permanent place of residence in a rural area to qualify to hunt, trap or fish under Federal subsistence regulations. See the definition of resident in the definitions section of this book.

Nonrural Communities

On May 7, 2007, the Board published a final rule changing the rural determination for several communities or areas in Alaska. These communities had a five year waiting period before the change was implemented (May 7, 2012). In 2009 the Secretary of the Interior initiated a review of the Federal Subsistence Program. An ensuing directive was for the Federal Subsistence Board to review its processes for determining the rural and nonrural status of communities. As a result, the Board has initiated a review of the rural determination process and the rural determination findings. On March 1, 2012, the Board published another final rule to extend the waiting period of the 2007 final rule until the review is complete or in 5 years (March 1, 2017), whichever comes first.

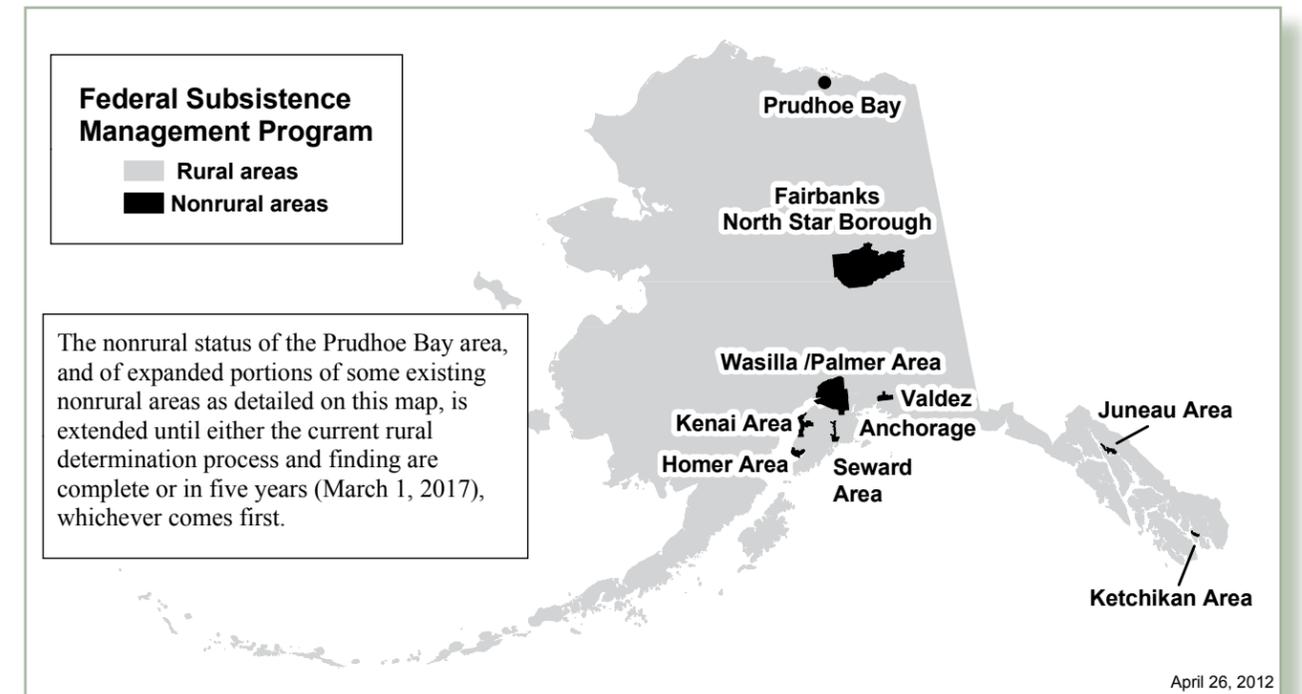
The listing below identifies nonrural communities and areas:

- Anchorage, Municipality of
- Fairbanks North Star Borough
- Homer area including Homer, Anchor Point, North Fork Road area*, Kachemak City, and Fritz Creek* (not including Voznesenka)
- Juneau area including Juneau, West Juneau, and Douglas
- Kenai area including Kenai, Soldotna, Sterling*, Nikiski, Salamatof, Kalifornsky, Kasilof, and Clam Gulch
- Ketchikan area including all parts of the road system* connected to the City of Ketchikan (including Saxman*), Pennock Island, and parts of Gravina Island*
- Prudhoe Bay*
- Seward area including Seward and Moose Pass
- Valdez
- Wasilla/Palmer area including Wasilla, Palmer, Sutton, Big Lake, Houston, Point MacKenzie*, and Bodenburg Butte

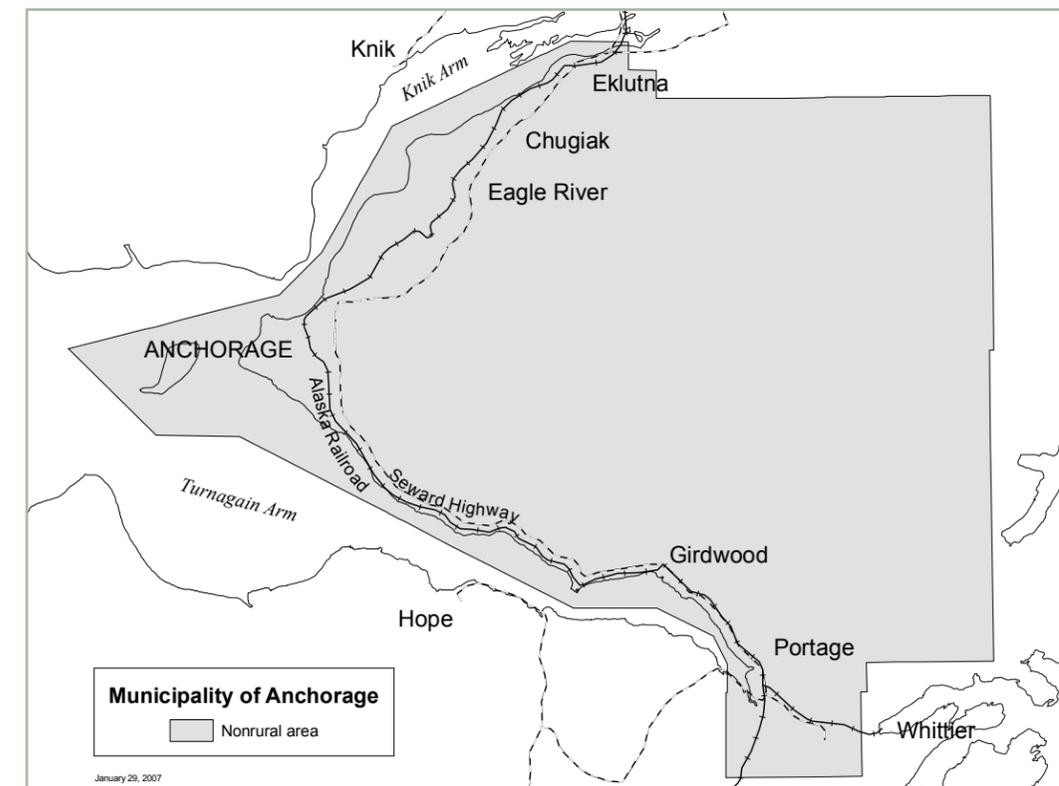
* indicates communities or areas that have had their rural status extended until the rural review is complete or in 5 years (March 1, 2017) whichever comes first. See following maps.

General Information

Nonrural Areas—Statewide

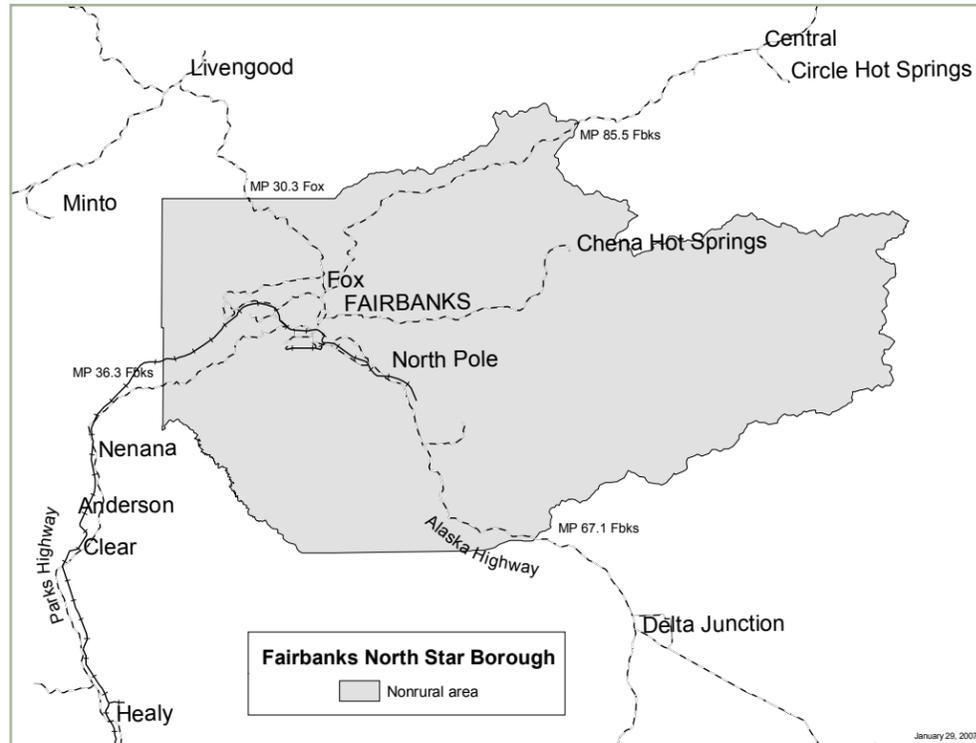


Nonrural Area—Anchorage



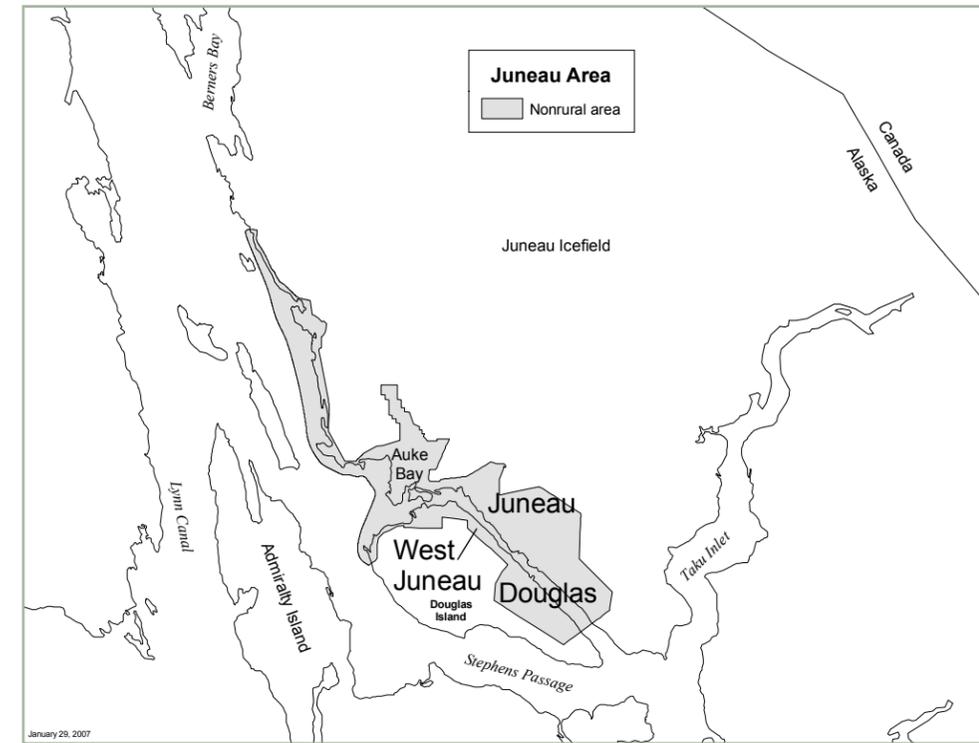
General Information

Nonrural Area—Fairbanks

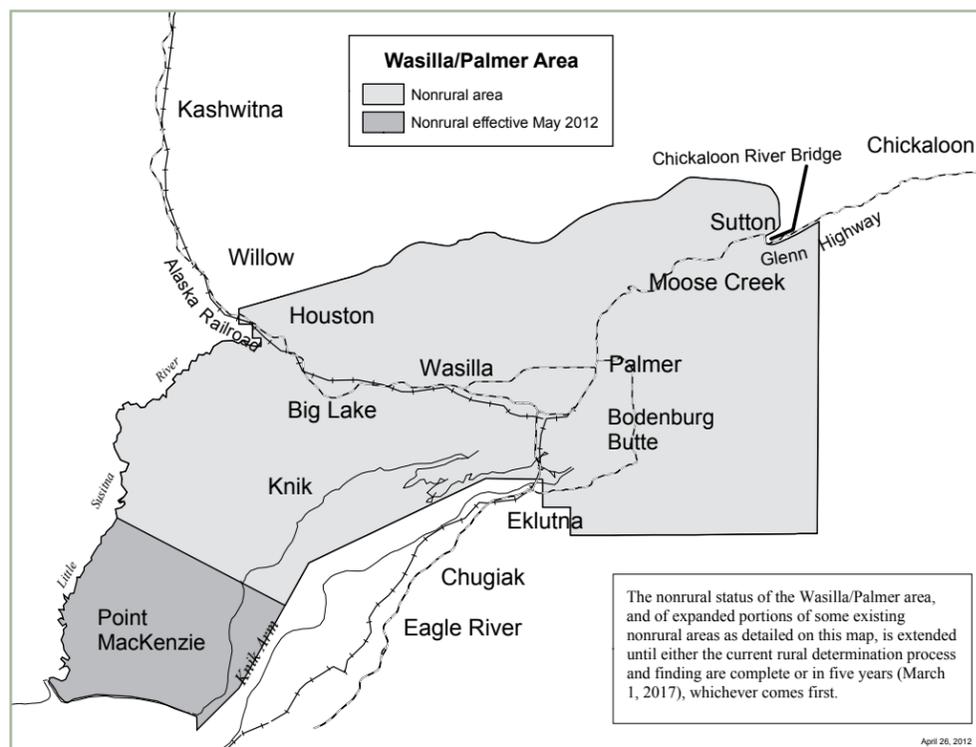


General Information

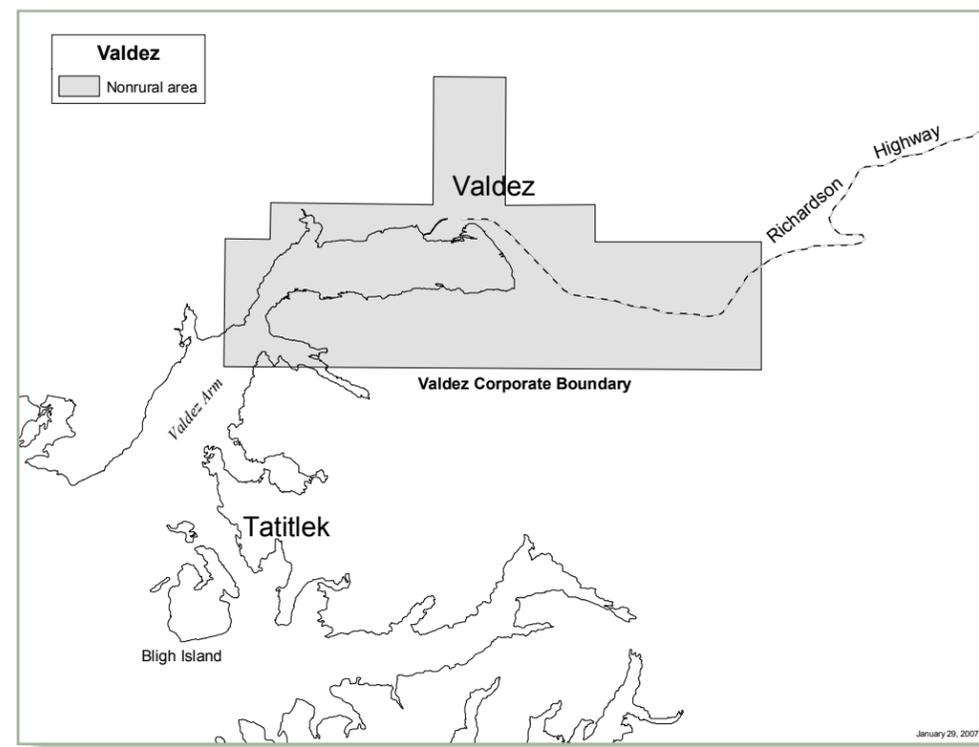
Nonrural Area—Juneau



Nonrural Area—Wasilla/Palmer

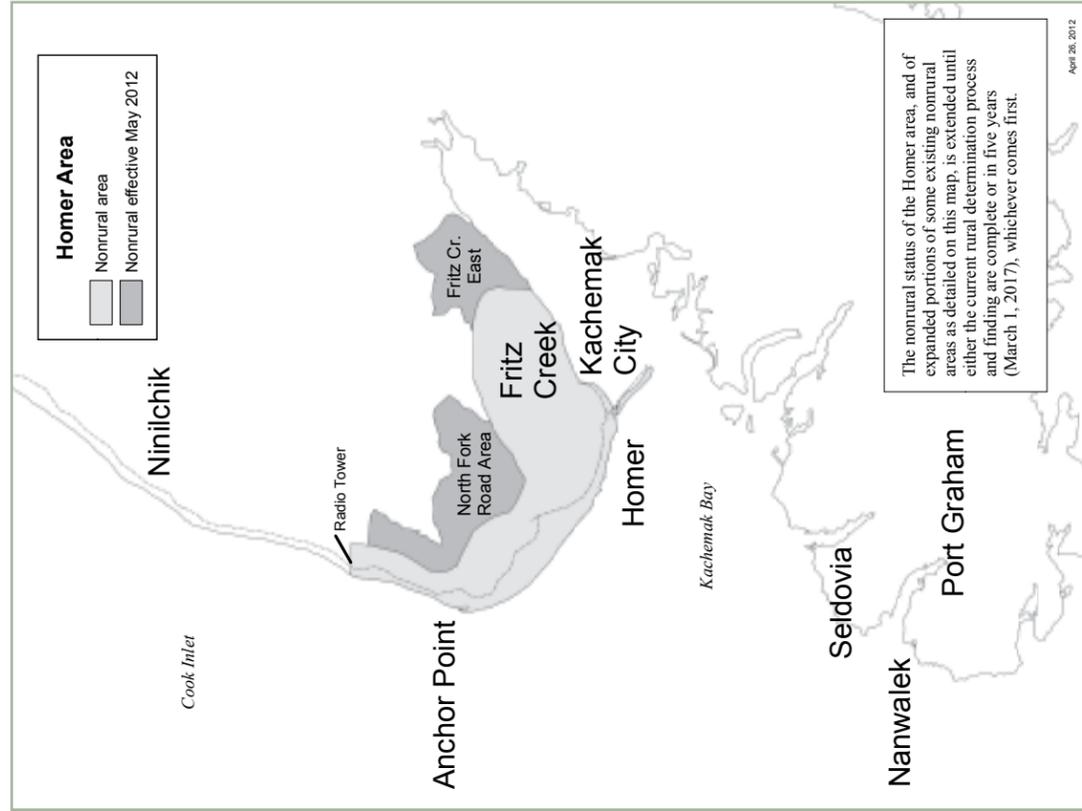


Nonrural Area—Valdez

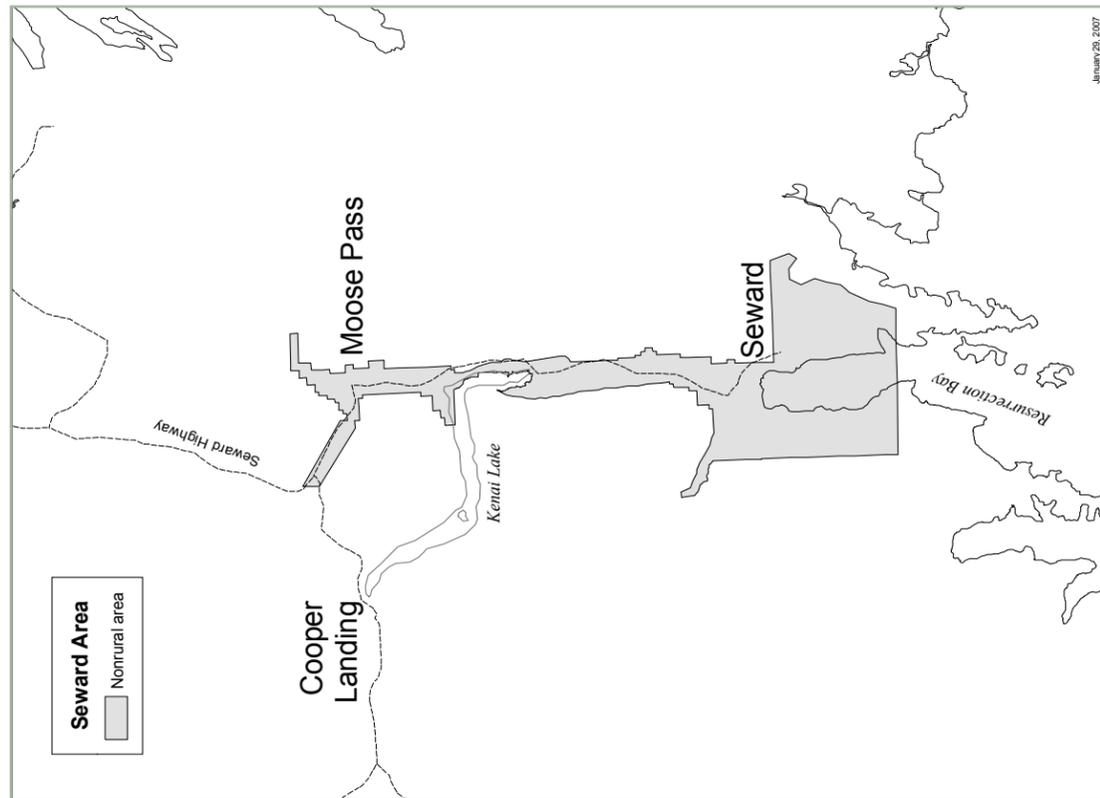


General Information

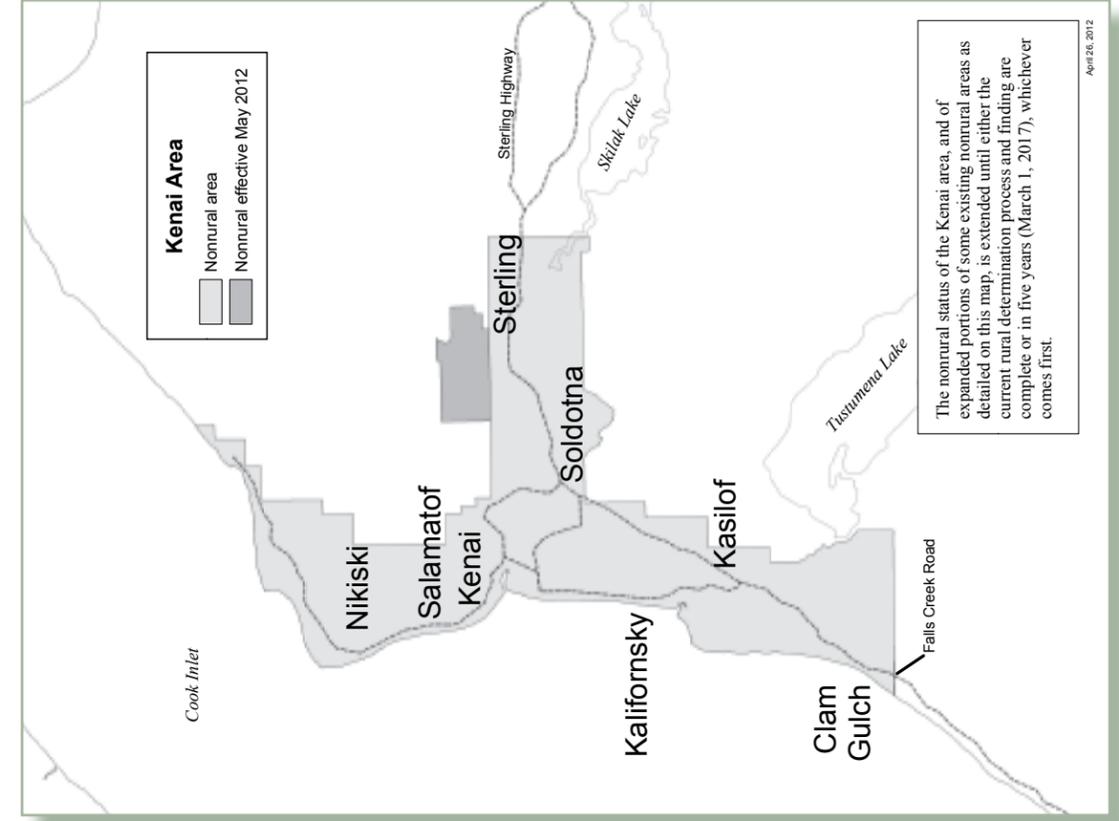
Nonrural Area—Homer



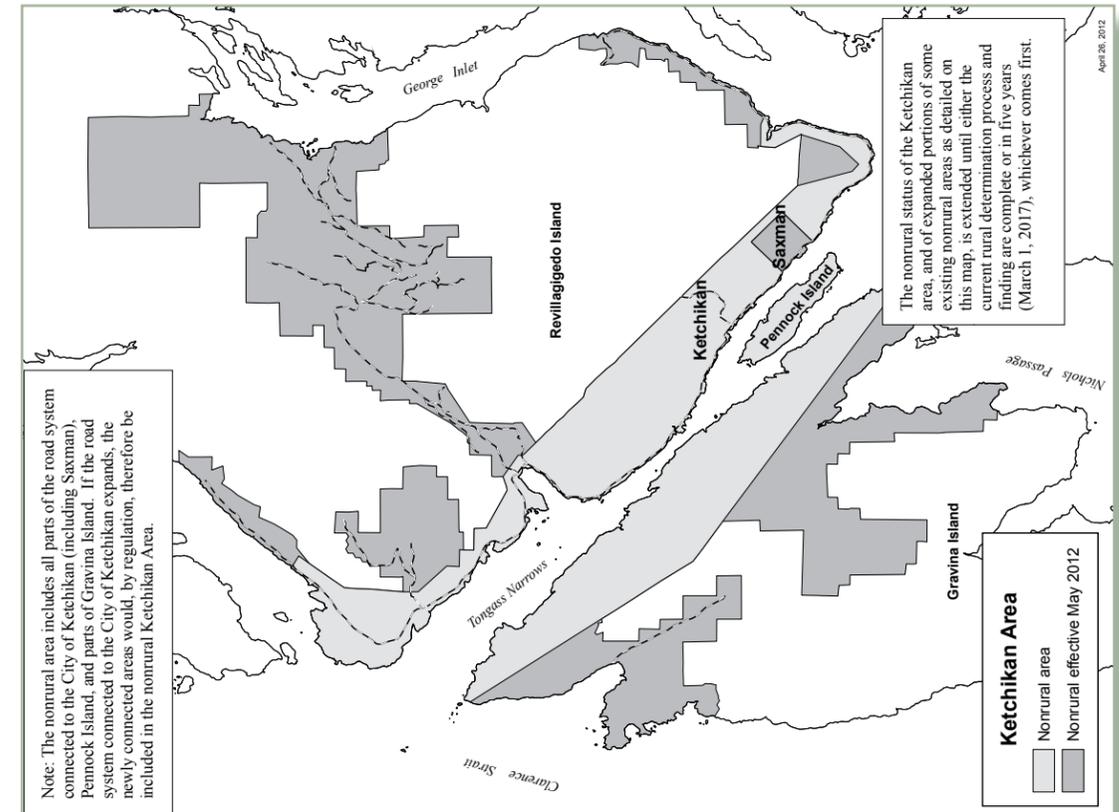
Nonrural Area—Seward



Nonrural Area—Kenai



Nonrural Area—Ketchikan



Customary and Traditional Use

The Federal Subsistence Board decides which communities or areas have customarily and traditionally used a species. Each unit lists these customary and traditional use determinations along with seasons and harvest limits and any special provisions. When there is a positive determination for specific communities or areas, only residents of those communities and areas have a Federal subsistence priority for that species in that unit and are eligible to hunt or trap under these regulations. If the Board has not made a customary and traditional use determination for a species, then all rural residents of Alaska may use that species in that unit. The customary and traditional use determinations are listed in the unit-specific regulation tables.

No Federal subsistence priority means that the Federal Subsistence Board decided there is no authorized use of that wildlife population on Federal regulations. Hunting may be allowed under State of Alaska regulations.

Federal Subsistence Regulations Apply Only to Federal Public Lands

Federal public lands include lands managed by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, National Park Service, Bureau of Land Management, and U.S. Forest Service. The regulations do not apply to State or private lands. Regional and Village Native Corporation lands and Native allotments are considered private lands and are under State management authority.

Check the unit maps carefully where you wish to harvest wildlife to check the land status. If you have questions, contact any of the Federal offices listed in the directory at the back of this book.

Land and Water Access

Federal Subsistence Management harvest regulations apply to Federal public lands and waters, but do not provide for access across private lands. It is your responsibility to identify ownership of lands you will access and to make sure you have permission from the land owner(s) of private land. Some Native village and regional corporation lands require a land use permit and/or fee. Some of these lands are closed to use by non-shareholders.

The use of private lands without the landowner's permission, other than those legally-reserved public access easements, is trespass.

You may purchase detailed topographic maps from: U.S. Geological Survey, 4210 University Drive, Room 208, Anchorage, AK 99508
Toll free 888-ASK-USGS or (907) 786-7011

Licenses, Permits, Harvest Tickets, and Tags

Rural residents age 16 and older must possess a State of Alaska-issued resident hunting or trapping license to hunt or trap under these regulations. Residents age 60 or older may get a free permanent identification card issued by ADF&G. You must carry your license or permanent ID card with you while taking wildlife for subsistence uses. You can purchase licenses at many stores and other outlets in Alaska or on the web: <http://www.admin.adfg.state.ak.us/license>. When these regulations require a Federal registration permit, subsistence users are not required to possess State permits or harvest tickets. However, Federally qualified subsistence hunters must possess a State tag for brown bear, unless specifically exempt in State or Federal unit specific special provisions. You must show licenses, permits, harvest tickets, tags or other documents to State and Federal law enforcement agents when requested. Harvest tickets, tags, and permits must be validated by subsistence hunters, including designated hunters, before the kill is removed from the harvest site. Subsistence hunters must report their harvests on harvest ticket or permit report forms or other reporting systems established by the State or the Federal Subsistence Board. All permits require you to return harvest information necessary for management and conservation purposes. If you fail to comply with such reporting requirements, you will be ineligible to receive a subsistence permit for that activity during the following regulatory year (unless you demonstrate that failure to report was due to loss in the mail, accident, sickness, or other unavoidable circumstances). These permits, harvest tickets, and tags are important tools wildlife managers use to monitor and protect wildlife populations. Subsistence users must follow harvest reporting rules. All subsistence users, including designated hunters, must possess and comply with any permits, harvest tickets, or tags required by State or Federal regulations. Federal designated hunter and Federal registration permits are available from local Federal offices. See directory at the back of this book.

Permitting Systems—Community harvest and designated hunter permitting and reporting systems are in place in some communities. These systems are based on customary

and traditional practices, including those associated with cultural and religious beliefs. The Federal Subsistence Board continues to work to establish alternative community harvest and reporting systems where appropriate.

Cultural and Educational Permits

Your organization may apply to the Federal Subsistence Board for a cultural or education permit to harvest wildlife for a qualifying cultural or educational program.

A qualifying program must have instructors, enrolled students, minimum attendance requirements, and standards for successful completion of the course. Applications must be submitted to the Federal Subsistence Board through the Office of Subsistence Management and should be submitted 60 days prior to the earliest desired date of harvest. Harvest must be reported and any animals harvested will count against any established Federal harvest quota for the area in which it is harvested.

Requests for follow-up permits must be submitted to the in-season or local manager and should be submitted 60 days prior to the earliest desired date of harvest.

Harvest of Wildlife for Funerary/ Mortuary Ceremonies

You may take wildlife outside of established season or harvest limits for food in traditional religious ceremonies that are part of a funerary or mortuary cycle, including memorial potlatches, under the following provisions:

- The harvest does not violate recognized principles of wildlife conservation and uses the methods allowable for the particular species published in the applicable Federal regulations. The appropriate Federal land manager will establish the number, species, sex, or location of harvest, if necessary, for conservation purposes. Other regulations relating to ceremonial harvest may be found in the unit-specific regulations.
- No permit or harvest ticket is required for harvesting under this section; however, the harvester must be a Federally qualified subsistence user with a positive customary and traditional use determination in the area where the harvesting will occur.

In all units (except for Koyukon/Gwich'in potlatch ceremonies in Units 20F, 21, 24, or 25):

- A tribal chief, village or tribal council president, or the chief's or president's designee for the village in which the religious ceremony will be held, or a Federally qualified subsistence user outside of a village or tribal-

organized ceremony, must notify the nearest Federal land manager that a wildlife harvest will take place. The notification must include the species, harvest location, and number of animals expected to be taken.

- Immediately after the wildlife is taken, the tribal chief, village or tribal council president or designee, or Federally qualified subsistence user, must create a list of the successful hunters and maintain these records including the name of the decedent for whom the ceremony will be held. If requested, this information must be available to an authorized representative of the Federal land manager.
- The tribal chief, village or tribal council president or designee, or Federally qualified subsistence user outside of the village in which the religious/cultural ceremony will be held, must report to the Federal land manager the harvest location, species, sex, and number of animals taken as soon as practicable, but not more than 15 days after the wildlife is taken.

In Units 20F, 21, 24, and 25 (for Koyukon/Gwich'in potlatch ceremonies only):

- Taking wildlife outside of established season and harvest limits is authorized if it is for food for the traditional Koyukon/Gwich'in funerary or mortuary ceremony and if it is consistent with conservation of healthy populations.
- Immediately after the wildlife is taken, the tribal chief, village or tribal council president or the chief's or president's designee for the village in which the religious ceremony will be held, must create a list of the successful hunters and maintain these records. The list must be made available, after the harvest is completed, to a Federal land manager upon request.
- The tribal chief, village or tribal council president or designee must report to the Federal land manager, as soon as practical, but not more than 15 days after the harvest, of the harvest location, species, sex, and number of animals taken.

Special Requirements for National Park Service Lands

Subsistence use of resources in areas managed by the National Park Service are subject to additional rules and is restricted to local residents in national monuments and parks open to subsistence. National Park Service regulations govern which communities or individual residents qualify as local rural residents for specific National Park Service areas. Glacier Bay National Park, Katmai National Park, Kenai Fjords National Park, Klondike Gold Rush National Historic Park, that portion

of Denali National Park established as Mt. McKinley National Park prior to passage of ANILCA, and Sitka National Historical Park are closed to subsistence hunting and trapping. Users of National Park Service areas are responsible for complying with these regulations (36 CFR Part 13, Subparts A-V).

For more information about National Park Service regulations that affect subsistence, contact: National Park Service, Alaska Regional Office, 240 West 5th Avenue, Room 114, Anchorage, Alaska 99501. (907) 644-3509 / Fax: (907) 644-3816

Other Important Information

Several other sections of this book contain important information. Read the Unit Hunting Regulations and note any Special Provisions for the unit where you wish to take wildlife. This section lists unit-specific information, including areas where regulations restrict subsistence take or describe special opportunities.

Note that “no Federal open season” means that there is no open season under Federal subsistence regulations. If Federal public lands are not closed, then there may be a season under State hunting regulations. If Federal public lands are closed, then there is no harvesting under either Federal or State regulations. In some cases, Federal public lands may be closed to all but a limited group of Federally qualified users; only those users may participate in those hunts under Federal subsistence management regulations.

For regulations relating to fisheries, see the *Subsistence Management Regulations for the Harvest of Fish and Shellfish on Federal Public Lands and Waters in Alaska* (published separately every two years).

Subsistence Harvest of Marine Mammals and Migratory Birds

These regulations do not apply to the subsistence harvest of marine mammals or migratory birds. These species are regulated under the *Marine Mammal Protection Act* and the *Migratory Bird Treaty Act*.

For information about the subsistence harvest of...

Sea otters, polar bears and walrus: Contact the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Marine Mammal Management Office at (800) 362-5148 or (907) 786-3800 or by E-mail, ak_fisheries@fws.gov. Information is also available on the Web at <http://alaska.fws.gov/fisheries/mmm/index.htm>.

Seals, sea lions and whales: Contact the Protected Resources Division of the National Marine Fisheries Service at (907) 586-7221. Information is also available on the Web at <http://www.fakr.noaa.gov/protectedresources/default.htm>.

Migratory birds: Contact the office of the Alaska Migratory Bird Co-management Council at (877) 229-2344 or (907) 786-3499 or by E-mail, ambcc@fws.gov. Information is also available on the Web at <http://alaska.fws.gov/ambcc/index.htm>.

How to Change Federal Subsistence Regulations

Alaska residents and subsistence users are an integral part of the Federal regulatory process. Any person or group can submit proposals to change Federal subsistence regulations, comment on proposals, or testify at meetings. The 10 Regional Advisory Councils meet at least twice a year. By becoming involved in the process, subsistence users help to more effectively manage subsistence activities and ensure consideration of traditional and local knowledge in subsistence management decisions. Subsistence users also provide valuable wildlife harvest information. Through cooperative agreements, the U.S. Government and several Native organizations are working to more effectively manage subsistence activities. These organizations work in an advisory capacity and provide both technical information and biological data to help address subsistence issues.

How to Submit a Proposal

A call for proposals to change hunting and trapping regulations is issued in January of odd numbered years. The period during which proposals are accepted is 45 days; a proposal must be submitted during this time.

Include the following in your proposal submission:

1. Your name, organization, address, phone, fax, and E-mail address.
2. The regulation you wish to change, including management unit number and species. Quote the current regulation if known. If you are proposing a new regulation, please state “new regulation.”
3. The regulation as you would like to see it written.
4. An explanation of why the regulatory change should be made.

5. A description of the impact of the change on wildlife populations.
6. A description of the affect on subsistence uses.
7. A description of the affect on other uses, such as sport/recreational and commercial.

Submit proposals:

- By mail or hand delivery

Federal Subsistence Board
Office of Subsistence Management
Attn: Theo Matuskowitz
1011 E. Tudor Rd., MS-121
Anchorage, AK 99503

- At any Federal Subsistence Regional Advisory Council meeting
- On the Web at <http://www.regulations.gov>

Submit a separate proposal for each proposed change. To cite which regulation(s) you want to change, use this book or the proposed regulations published in the Federal Register: <http://www.gpoaccess.gov/fr/index.html>. All proposals and comments, including personal information, are posted on the Web at <http://www.regulations.gov>.

For the proposal processing timeline and additional information contact the Office of Subsistence Management at (800) 478-1456/ (907) 786-3888 or go to <http://alaska.fws.gov/asm/index.cfm>.

You may propose changes to...

- Federal subsistence season dates
- Harvest limits
- Methods and means of harvest
- Customary and traditional use determinations
- For national parks and national monuments—individuals who live in a resident zone community of a National Park Service-managed park or national monument (see 36 CFR 13.430), and those who already hold a Section 13.440 subsistence use permit issued by the Superintendent (see 36 CFR 13.440), may apply for an individual customary and traditional use determination.

Methods of Taking Wildlife

During open seasons listed in this book, eligible subsistence users may take wildlife by any method, *except* those listed below and as shown in unit-specific special provisions.

Subsistence Restrictions

When taking wildlife for subsistence purposes, you may **not**:

- Harvest wildlife during a closed season or in an area closed to subsistence taking.
- Shoot from, on, or across a highway.
- Use any poison.
- Use an aircraft to harass wildlife.
- Use a helicopter in any manner, including transporting people, equipment or wildlife, except during an emergency rescue operation in a life-threatening situation.
- Take wildlife from a motorized vehicle when moving, or from a motor-driven boat when the boat's progress from the motor's power has not ceased. You may take caribou from a boat under power in Units 23, 25, and 26 (and moose from a boat under power in Unit 25 and a portion of Unit 18).
- Take or assist in the taking of an ungulate, bear, wolf, wolverine, or other furbearer before 3:00 a.m. following the day in which airborne travel occurred (except for flights in regularly scheduled commercial aircraft). This restriction does not apply to subsistence taking of deer (except within NPS areas), the setting of snares or traps, or the removal of furbearers from traps or snares.
- Use a motorized vehicle to drive, herd, or molest wildlife.
- Take an ungulate, bear, wolf, or wolverine from a boat in Units 1, 2, 3 and 5; or bear, wolf or wolverine in Unit 4; except for persons certified as disabled.
- Use (or be aided by use of) a machine gun, set gun, or shotgun larger than 10-gauge.
- Use a firearm other than a shotgun, muzzle-loaded rifle, rifle or pistol using center-firing cartridges, for the taking of an ungulate, bear, wolf or wolverine, except that:
 - You may take swimming caribou with a firearm using rimfire cartridges in Units 23 and 26.
 - A muzzle-loading rifle must be .54-caliber or larger, or .45-caliber with a 250-grain or larger elongated slug to take brown bear, black bear, elk, moose, muskox and mountain goat.

- Take wildlife with the aid of a pit, fire, artificial light, radio communication, artificial salt lick, explosive, barbed arrow, bomb, smoke, chemical, conventional steel trap with a jaw spread over nine inches, or conibear style trap with a jaw spread over 11 inches, except coyote may be taken in Units 6B and 6C with the aid of artificial lights.
- Use of nets and snares. However, you may use nets and snares under a hunting license to take unclassified wildlife, ptarmigan, grouse, or hare; or you may use snares under a trapping license to take furbearers.
- Use a trap to take an ungulate or bear.
- Use hooks to physically snag, impale or otherwise take wildlife; however, hooks may be used as a trap drag.
- Use a crossbow in any area restricted to hunting by bow and arrow only, to take an ungulate, bear, wolf or wolverine.
- Take an ungulate, bear, wolf, or wolverine with a bow, unless the bow is capable of casting a 7/8 inch wide broadhead-tipped arrow at least 175 yards horizontally, and the arrow and broadhead together weigh at least one ounce (437.5 grains).
- Take a swimming ungulate, bear, wolf or wolverine; except in Units 23 and 26, where you may take swimming caribou with a firearm using rimfire cartridges.
- Take a bear cub, or a sow accompanied by cub(s).
- Use bait for taking an ungulate, bear, wolf, or wolverine; except for black bear when authorized in unit-specific hunting regulations and under a hunting license. You may use bait to take wolf and wolverine if you have a trapping license.

Possession and Transportation of Wildlife

No person may possess, transport, give, receive or barter wildlife that was taken in violation of Federal or State law.

Harvest Limits

- You may not take a species of wildlife in any unit, or portion of a unit, if your total take of that species already obtained anywhere in the State under Federal and State regulations equals or exceeds the harvest limit in that unit unless specified otherwise in these regulations.

Individual Harvest Limits

- Harvest limits may not be accumulated unless specified otherwise, including those related to ceremonial uses, as specified in Federal and State regulations.

- Wildlife taken by a designated hunter for another person counts toward the person's harvest limit for whom the wildlife is taken.
- Trapping and hunting harvest limits for the same species are separate and distinct. This means that a person who has taken a harvest limit for a particular species under a trapping season, may take additional animals under the hunting season harvest limit, or vice versa.
- You may not take more than one brown/grizzly bear in any regulatory year. A brown/grizzly bear taken in a unit (or portion of a unit) having a harvest limit of "one brown/grizzly bear per year" counts against the "one brown/grizzly bear every four regulatory years" harvest limit in other units. (See "Information for All Bear Hunters" on page 20)
- A harvest limit may apply to the number of wildlife that can be taken daily, seasonally and/or during a regulatory year or held in possession.

Community Harvest Limits

- An animal taken under Federal or State regulations by any member of a community with an established community harvest limit for that species counts toward the community harvest limit for that species. An animal taken by an individual as part of a community harvest limit counts toward every community member's harvest limit for that species taken under Federal or State regulations, except for wildlife taken under permit for special purposes, including ceremonies and potlatches.

Transferring Wildlife

When requested by a Federal or State agent, any person who gives or receives wildlife shall furnish the agent with a signed statement describing:

1. **Full names/addresses** of persons who gave and received the wildlife.
2. **Time/place** the wildlife was taken.
3. **Species** transferred.

Note: Designated hunters or recipients (see below) can furnish the agent with a designated hunter permit instead of a signed statement.

Designated Hunter

If you are a Federally qualified subsistence user (recipient), you may designate another Federally qualified subsistence user (designated hunter) to take deer, moose and caribou (and goat in Units 1-5) on your behalf. Designated hunters

may hunt for any number of recipients, but have no more than two harvest limits in possession at any one time except for goats, where designated hunters may not have more than one harvest limit in possession at any one time, and, unless otherwise specified in unit-specific regulations. Any designated hunter taking wildlife on behalf of another Federally qualified resident shall deliver the wildlife promptly to that Federally qualified resident.

Permit required—The designated hunter must get a designated hunter permit (FWDESG) and return a completed harvest report.

Designated hunters may not charge the recipient for their services, nor claim the meat or any part of the harvested wildlife for themselves.

Community harvest system—These designated hunter requirements may change if you are a member of a community operating under a community harvest system.

Unit-specific regulations may preclude or change the use of the designated hunter system or allow the harvest of additional species by a designated hunter.

Federal designated hunter permits are available from the local Federal land manager listed in the directory at the end of this book.

Harvesting Marked, Tagged, or Collared Wildlife

If you take an animal that has been marked or tagged for scientific studies, you must notify ADF&G or the agency identified on the collar or marker (within a reasonable amount of time) when and where the animal was taken. You must retain any ear tag, collar, radio, tattoo, or other identification with the hide until it is sealed, if sealing is required. In all cases, you must return any identification equipment to the ADF&G or to the agency identified on such equipment.

Evidence of Sex and Identity

- **Ungulate**—If the subsistence taking of an ungulate, except as shown below, is restricted to one sex in the local area, you may not possess or transport the carcass of an animal taken in that area unless sufficient portions of the external sex organs remain attached to show conclusively the sex of the animal.
 - This does not apply to the carcass of an ungulate that has been butchered and placed in storage or

otherwise prepared for consumption upon arrival at the location where it is to be consumed.

- **Dall Sheep**—If the subsistence take of Dall sheep is restricted to a ram, no person may possess or transport a harvested sheep unless both horns accompany the animal.
- **Deer**—For Units 1–5 only, antlers are also considered proof of sex for deer if the antlers are naturally attached to an entire carcass, with or without the viscera.
- **Moose**—For moose only in Units 11, 13, 19, 21 and 24, you may possess either sufficient portions of the external sex organs (still attached to a portion of the carcass) or the head (with or without antlers attached). However, the antler stumps of a bull must remain attached to indicate the sex.
- If a moose harvest limit includes an antlered bull, antler size or configuration restriction, you may not possess or transport the moose carcass or its parts unless both antlers accompany the carcass or its parts. The antlers must accompany the final load of meat. A person possessing a set of antlers with less than the required number of brow tines on one antler shall leave the antlers naturally attached to the unbroken, uncut skull plate. This does not apply to a moose carcass or its parts that have been butchered, prepared for consumption, and placed in storage after arrival at the place where the meat will be stored or consumed.

Sealing of Beaver, Lynx, Marten, Otter, Sheep, Wolf, and Wolverine

- No person may possess or transport from Alaska the untanned skin of a marten taken in Units 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 13E, 14, 15, and 16 or the untanned skin of a beaver, lynx, otter, wolf, or wolverine, whether taken inside or outside the State, unless the skin has been sealed by an authorized representative. In Unit 18, you must get an ADF&G seal for beaver skins only if they are sold or commercially tanned.
- A person who takes a marten, lynx, beaver, otter, wolf or wolverine and is unable to present the skin in person must complete and sign a temporary sealing form and then ensure that the completed temporary sealing form and skin are presented to an authorized representative of ADF&G for sealing as required above.
- **Any wolf taken in Unit 2 must be sealed within 14 days of harvest.**
- Unless a Federal permit is required, a person who takes a Dall sheep ram under these regulations in Units 7, 9, 11–16, 20, and 23–26 must possess a State

harvest ticket and comply with the requirements of that ticket, including any sealing requirements.

Use of Wildlife

Bait or Food for Dogs

You may not use wildlife for bait, or as food for dogs, except for the following:

- The hide, skin, viscera, head, or bones of wildlife.
- The skinned carcass of a furbearer.
- Squirrels, hare, grouse and ptarmigan; however, the breast meat of grouse and ptarmigan may not be used as animal food or bait.
- Unclassified wildlife.

Salvaged Parts for Human Use

Any person taking wildlife for subsistence uses must salvage the following parts for human use:

- The hide of a wolf, wolverine, coyote, fox, lynx, marten, mink, weasel or otter.
- The hide and edible meat of a brown bear. However, the hide of brown bear taken in Units 5, 9B, 17, 18, portions of 19A and 19B (downstream of and including the Aniak River drainage), 21D, 22, 23, 24 and 26A does not need to be salvaged.
- The hide and edible meat of a black bear.
- The hide or meat of squirrel, hare, marmot, beaver, muskrat, or unclassified wildlife.
- Failure to salvage edible meat of an ungulate, bear, grouse, or ptarmigan is prohibited.
- Failure to salvage the edible meat may not be a violation if such failure is caused by circumstances beyond the control of a person, including theft of the harvested wildlife, unanticipated weather conditions, or unavoidable loss to another animal.

Sales and Handicrafts

You may not sell fish or wildlife or their parts taken under these regulations, except as provided below:

- You may sell the raw fur or tanned pelt from a legally harvested furbearer, with or without claws attached.
- You may sell the horns and antlers not attached to any part of the skull from legally harvested goat, sheep, deer, elk, caribou (except caribou harvested in Unit 23), moose, or muskox.
- You may sell the tanned and raw/untanned hide or capes from a legally harvested deer, elk, goat, sheep, caribou, muskox, and moose.

- You may sell handicrafts made from the nonedible byproducts of legally harvested wildlife as listed below. The sale of handicrafts may not constitute a significant commercial enterprise.

Bear

- The skin, hide, pelt, or fur of a black bear (including claws). In Units 1–5, you may sell handicraft articles made from the skin, hide, pelt, fur, claws, bones, teeth, sinew, or skulls of a black bear taken in Units 1, 2, 3 or 5. (See “Information for All Bear Hunters” on page 20).
- The skin, hide, pelt, or fur of a brown bear (including claws) taken from Units 1–5, 9A–C, 9E, 12, 17, 20, 22, 23, 24B (only that portion within Gates of the Arctic National Park) 25 and 26.
- The skin, hide, pelt, fur, claws, bones, teeth, sinew in Units 1–5, or skulls of a brown bear taken in Units 1, 4 or 5. (See “Information for All Bear Hunters” on page 20).
- **Prior to selling a handicraft incorporating a brown bear claw(s), the hide or claw(s) not attached to a hide, must be sealed by an authorized ADF&G representative. Old claws may be sealed if an affidavit is signed indicating that the claws came from a brown bear harvested on Federal public lands by a Federally qualified user. A copy of the ADF&G sealing certificate must accompany the handicraft when sold.**

Other Wildlife

- You may sell handicrafts made from nonedible byproducts of legally harvested wildlife (excluding bear) including: skin, hide, pelt, fur, claws, bones (except skulls of moose, caribou, elk, deer, sheep, goat and muskox), teeth, sinew, antlers and/or horns (if not attached to any part of the skull or made to represent a big game trophy) and hooves.

Defense of Life and Property

Wildlife taken in defense of life or property are the property of the State and are not for subsistence use. A person taking wildlife in defense of life or property is required to immediately salvage the meat, or, in the case of a black bear, wolf, wolverine or coyote, the hide, and immediately surrender it to the State.

- In the case of brown or grizzly bear, the hide and skull must be salvaged and surrendered to the State immediately. All bear hides surrendered must include claws.
- The person taking the wildlife must immediately notify the ADF&G of the taking, and must also submit a written report of the circumstances of the taking of wildlife in defense of life or property to the ADF&G within 15 days of the taking.

General Provisions

Information for All Bear Hunters

Sealing of Bear Skins and Skulls

- Sealing requirements apply to brown bear taken in all Units (except as specified below) and black bear of all color phases taken in all Units except Units 8, 9, 10, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, and 26. (See page 19 for sealing requirements for brown bear handicrafts).
- You may not possess or transport from Alaska the untanned skin or skull of a bear, unless an authorized ADF&G representative has sealed the skin and skull within 30 days of taking, in accordance with State regulations. You must keep the bear skin and skull together until they are sealed. However, you do not need to seal the skin and skull of a brown bear taken under a registration permit in Units 5, 9B, 9E, 17, 18, portions of 19A and 19B (downstream of and including the Aniak River drainage), 21D, 22 (except 22C), 23 (except the Baldwin Peninsula north of the Arctic Circle), 24, and 26A, unless you remove the skin and skull from these areas.
- In areas where sealing is required by Federal regulations, no person may possess or transport the hide of a bear which does not have the penis sheath or vaginal orifice naturally attached to indicate conclusively the sex of the bear.
- If the skin or skull of a brown bear taken in Units 9B, 17, 18, portions of 19A and 19B (downstream of and including the Aniak River drainage) is removed from the area, it must first be sealed by an ADF&G representative in Bethel, Dillingham, or McGrath. At the time of sealing, the ADF&G representative shall remove and retain the skin of the skull and front claws of the bear.
- If you remove the skin or skull of a brown bear taken in Unit 9E from Unit 9, you must first have it sealed by an authorized sealing representative. At the time of sealing, the representative shall remove and retain the skin of the skull and front claws of the bear.
- If the skin or skull of a brown bear taken in Units 21D, 22 (except 22C), portions of 23 (except the Baldwin Peninsula north of the Arctic Circle), 24, and 26A is removed from the area or sent for commercial tanning within the management area, it must be first be sealed by an ADF&G representative in Barrow, Galena, Kotzebue, or Nome. At the time of sealing, the ADF&G representative shall remove and retain the skin of the skull and front claws of the bear.
- If the skin or skull of a brown bear taken in Unit 5 is removed from the area, it must first be sealed by an ADF&G representative in Yakutat.

- You may not falsify any information required on the sealing certificate or temporary sealing form provided by the ADF&G.

Restrictions for Baiting of Black Bear

- No person may establish a black bear bait station unless they first register their site with ADF&G.
- A person using bait shall clearly mark the site with a sign reading BLACK BEAR BAIT STATION. The sign should display the person's hunting license number and their ADF&G assigned number.
- You may only use biodegradable materials for bait. Only the head, bones, viscera, or skin of legally-harvested fish and wildlife may be used for bait.
- No person may use bait within one-quarter mile of a publicly maintained road or trail.
- No person may use bait within one mile of a house (or other permanent dwelling), campground, or developed recreational facility.
- When hunting is completed, a person using bait shall remove all litter and equipment from the bait station site.
- No person may give or receive payment for the use of a bait station, including barter or exchange of goods.
- At any one time, no person may have more than two bait stations with bait present.

Other Bear Regulations

- You may not take a bear cub, or a sow accompanied by cub(s) (see "Methods of Taking Wildlife" on page 16)
- Failure to salvage meat of a bear is prohibited (see "Use of Wildlife" on page 18).
- Bear killed in defense of life or property must be skinned and the hide (with claws) turned over to the State. In the case of a brown bear, the skull must also be turned over to the ADF&G representative (see "Defense of Life and Property" on page 19).
- You may not take a swimming bear (see "Methods of Taking Wildlife" on page 16).
- You may not take a bear from a boat in Units 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 unless you are certified as disabled. (See "Methods of Taking Wildlife" on page 16).
- In Unit 4, five Federal registration permits will be issued for the taking of brown bear for educational purposes.

General Provisions

Brown Bear Permit and Tag Requirements

UNIT OR PORTION	REQUIREMENTS		
	STATE Registration Permit	FEDERAL Registration Permit	State Locking Tag
Unit 1	Yes	No	Yes
Unit 4	Yes	No	Yes
Unit 5	No	Yes	No – Federal exempt
Unit 8	No	Yes	Yes
Unit 9B, Lake Clark National Park and Preserve	No	Yes	No – Federal exempt
Unit 9B remainder	Yes	No	No – State exempt
Unit 9C	Yes	Yes	Yes
Unit 9E	No	Yes	No – Federal exempt
Unit 11	No	No	No – State exempt
Unit 12	No	No	No – State exempt
Unit 13	No	No	No – State exempt
Unit 15	No	Yes	Yes
Unit 17	Yes	No	No – State exempt
Unit 18	Yes	No	No – State exempt
Units 19A and 19B, those portions downstream of (and including) the Aniak River drainage	Yes	No	No – State exempt
Units 19A and 19B remainder	No	No	No – State exempt
Unit 19D	No	No	No – State exempt
Units 20A, 20E, and 20 remainder	No	No	No – State exempt
Unit 21A, B, C, E	No	No	No – State exempt
Unit 21D	Yes	No	No – State exempt
Unit 22	Yes	No	No – State exempt
Unit 23	Yes	No	No – State exempt
Unit 24	Yes	No	No – State exempt
Units 25A and 25B	No	No	No – State exempt
Unit 25C	No	No	No – State exempt
Unit 25D	No	No	No – State exempt
Unit 26A	Yes	No	No – State exempt
Unit 26 remainder	No	No	Yes

Unit Hunting Regulations*



Gianna Culbert, 8, Sitka, 2012 Student Art Contest entry

You may take wildlife for subsistence uses only within the seasons and harvest limits in these Unit hunting regulations. Taking wildlife out of season or in excess of harvest limits for subsistence uses is prohibited. However, you may take unclassified wildlife (such as all squirrel species and marmots) for subsistence uses in all units, without harvest limits, from July 1, 2012–June 30, 2014.

PLEASE NOTE:

- * Trapping regulations follow the Unit hunting regulations section.
- * These regulations may be changed through regulatory actions (Special Actions) authorized by the Federal Subsistence Board. Check the website for updated Board actions <http://alaska.fws.gov/asm/index.cfm>.
- * An “All rural residents” designation in the following customary and traditional use determinations means that the Federal Subsistence Board has not yet made a specific determination, and therefore all rural residents are eligible to harvest wildlife within designated seasons and harvest limits.

Southeast Mainland

Unit 1 / Hunting



Unit I / Hunting

(See Unit I Southeast Mainland map)

Unit 1 consists of all mainland drainages from Dixon Entrance to Cape Fairweather; and those islands east of the center line of Clarence Strait from Dixon Entrance to Caamano Point; and all islands in Stephens Passage and Lynn Canal north of Taku Inlet.

Unit 1A consists of all drainages south of the latitude of Lemesurier Point including all drainages into Behm Canal, excluding all drainages of Ernest Sound.

Unit 1B consists of all drainages between the latitude of Lemesurier Point and the latitude of Cape Fanshaw, including all drainages of Ernest Sound and Farragut Bay; and including the islands east of the center lines of Frederick Sound, Dry Strait (between Sergief and Kadin Islands), Eastern Passage, Blake Channel (excluding Blake Island), Ernest Sound and Seward Passage.

Special Provisions

- Federal public lands within **Glacier Bay National Park, Sitka National Historical Park, and Klondike Gold Rush National Historical Park** are closed to all hunting, including the hunting of wildlife for subsistence uses.
- Closed to bear hunting—Unit 1A, in the Hyder area, the Salmon River drainage downstream from the Riverside Mine, excluding the Thumb Creek drainage.
- Closed to bear hunting—Unit 1B, the Anan Creek drainage within 1 mile of Anan Creek downstream from the mouth of Anan Lake, including the area within a 1-mile radius from the mouth of Anan Creek Lagoon.
- You may not shoot an ungulate, bear, wolf, or wolverine from a boat, unless you are certified as disabled.

Unit 1C consists of that portion of Unit 1 draining into Stephens Passage and Lynn Canal north of Cape Fanshaw and south of the latitude of Eldred Rock, including Berners Bay, Sullivan Island, and all mainland portions north of Chichagof Island and south of the latitude of Eldred Rock, excluding drainages into Farragut Bay.

Unit 1D consists of that portion of Unit 1 north of the latitude of Eldred Rock, excluding Sullivan Island and the drainages of Berners Bay.

- Unit 1C:
 - Closed to hunting—The area within one-fourth mile of Mendenhall Lake, the U.S. Forest Service Mendenhall Glacier Visitor’s Center, and the Center’s parking area.
 - Closed to mountain goat hunting—The area of Mt. Bullard bounded by the Mendenhall Glacier, Nugget Creek from its mouth to its confluence with Goat Creek, and a line from the mouth of Goat Creek north to the Mendenhall Glacier.
- Bait may be used to hunt black bear in Units 1A, 1B, and 1D between April 15–June 15.

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BLACK BEAR		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Units 1A, 1B and 1D—All rural residents • Unit 1C—Rural residents of Units 1C, 1D, 3, Hoonah, Pelican, Point Baker, Sitka, and Tenakee Springs 	2 bear, no more than one may be a blue or glacier bear.	Sept. 1–June 30
BROWN BEAR		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unit 1A—Rural residents of Unit 1A, excluding residents of Hyder • Unit 1B—Rural residents of Unit 1A, Petersburg, and Wrangell, excluding residents of Hyder • Unit 1C—Rural residents of Unit 1C, Haines, Hoonah, Kake, Klukwan, Skagway, and Wrangell, excluding residents of Gustavus • Unit 1D—Rural residents of Unit 1D 	1 bear every four regulatory years by State registration permit only.	Sept. 15–Dec. 31 Mar. 15–May 31

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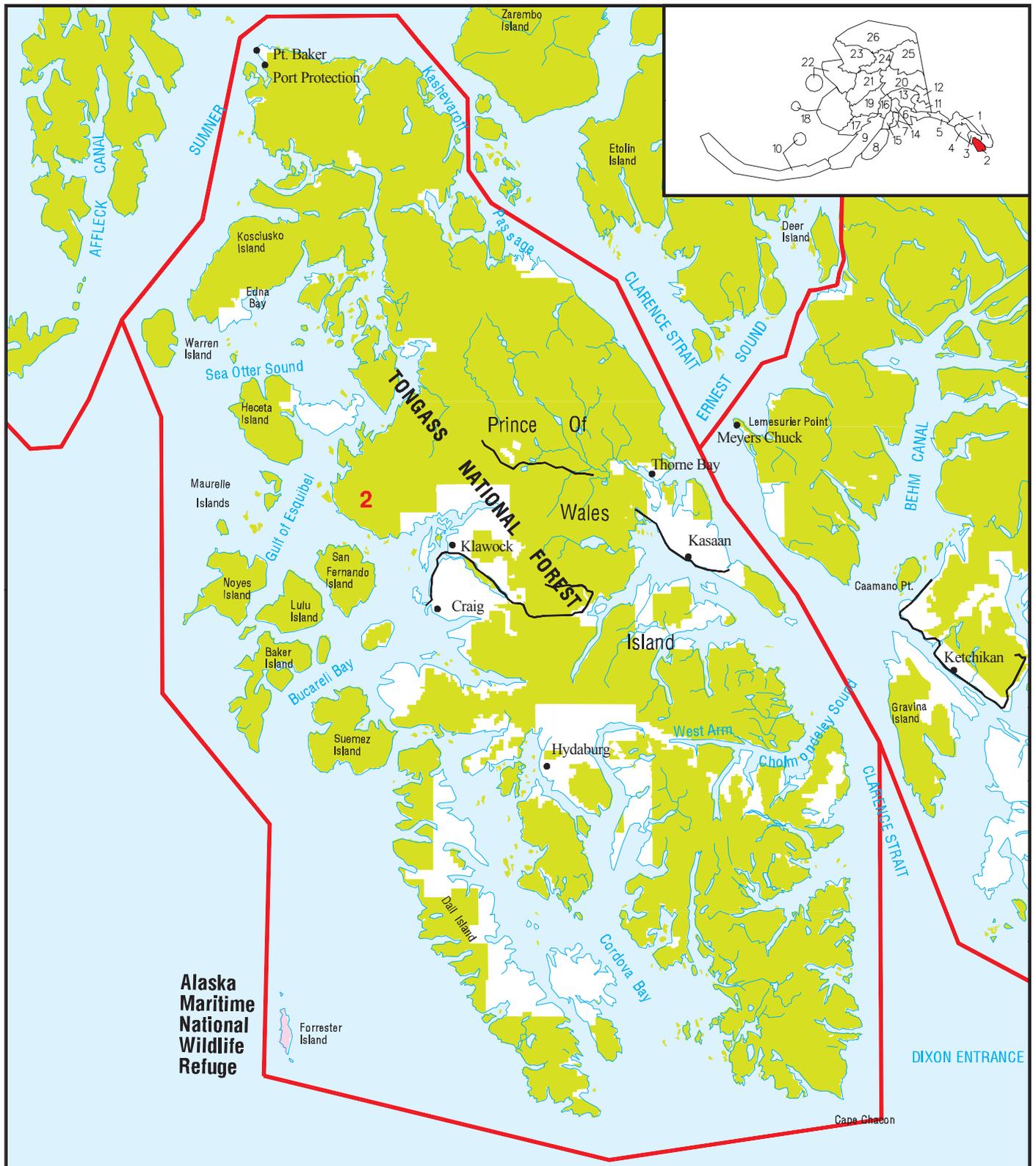
Southeast Mainland

Unit I / Hunting

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
DEER		
• Unit 1A—Rural residents of Units 1A and 2	Unit 1A—4 antlered deer	Aug. 1–Dec. 31
• Unit 1B—Rural residents of Units 1A, 1B, 2, and 3	Unit 1B—2 antlered deer	Aug. 1–Dec. 31
• Unit 1C—Rural residents of Units 1C, 1D, Hoonah, Kake, and Petersburg	Unit 1C—4 deer; however, female deer may be taken only from Sept. 15–Dec. 31.	Aug. 1–Dec. 31
• Unit 1D—No Federal subsistence priority	Unit 1D	No Federal open season
GOAT		
• Units 1A and 1D—All rural residents	Unit 1A—Revillagigedo Island only	No Federal open season
• Unit 1B—Rural residents of Units 1B and 3	Units 1A and 1B—that portion on the Cleveland Peninsula south of the divide between Yes Bay and Santa Anna Inlet.	No Federal open season
• Unit 1C—Rural residents of Haines, Hoonah, Kake, Klukwan, and Petersburg	Units 1A and 1B remainder—2 goats; a State registration permit will be required for the taking of the first goat and a Federal registration permit (FG0103) for the taking of a second goat; the taking of kids or nannies accompanied by kids is prohibited.	Aug. 1–Dec. 31
<i>Refer to State Registration Hunt Supplement for State registration permit details.</i>		
	Unit 1B—that portion north of LeConte Bay—1 goat by State registration permit only; the taking of kids or nannies accompanied by kids is prohibited.	Aug. 1–Dec. 31
	Unit 1C—that portion draining into Lynn Canal and Stephens Passage between Antler River and Eagle Glacier and River, and all drainages of the Chilkat Range south of the Endicott River—1 goat by State registration permit only.	Oct. 1–Nov. 30
	Unit 1C—that portion draining into Stephens Passage and Taku Inlet between Eagle Glacier and River and Taku Glacier.	No Federal open season
	Unit 1C remainder—1 goat by State registration permit only.	Aug. 1–Nov. 30
	Unit 1D—that portion lying north of the Katzeihin River and northeast of the Haines highway—1 goat by State registration permit only.	Sept. 15–Nov. 30
	Unit 1D—that portion lying between Taiya Inlet and River and the White Pass and Yukon Railroad.	No Federal open season
	Unit 1D remainder—1 goat by State registration permit only.	Aug. 1–Dec. 31

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CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
MOOSE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unit 1A—All rural residents • Unit 1B—Rural residents of Units 1, 2, 3, and 4 • Unit 1C—Rural residents of Units 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 • Unit 1D—Rural residents of Unit 1D <p><i>Refer to State Registration Hunt Supplement for State registration permit details.</i></p>	Unit 1A—1 antlered bull by Federal registration permit (FM0101).	Sept. 5–Oct. 15
	Unit 1B—1 antlered bull with spike-fork or 50–inch antlers or 3 or more brow tines on one side, or antlers with 2 brow tines on both sides by State registration permit only.	Sept. 15–Oct. 15
	Unit 1C—that portion south of Point Hobart including all Port Houghton drainages—1 antlered bull with spike-fork or 50–inch antlers or 3 or more brow tines on one side, or antlers with 2 brow tines on both sides by State registration permit only.	Sept. 15–Oct. 15
	Unit 1C—Berners Bay drainages	No Federal open season
	Unit 1C remainder—1 antlered bull by State registration permit only.	Sept. 15–Oct. 15
	Unit 1D	No Federal open season
COYOTE		
• All rural residents	2 coyotes	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
FOX		
• All rural resident	2 foxes	Nov. 1–Feb. 15
HARE		
• All rural residents	5 hare per day	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
LYNX		
• All rural residents	2 lynx	Dec. 1–Feb. 15
WOLF		
• All rural residents	5 wolves	Aug. 1–Apr. 30
WOLVERINE		
• All rural residents	1 wolverine	Nov. 10–Feb. 15
GROUSE		
• All rural residents	5 grouse per day, 10 in possession	Aug. 1–May 15
PTARMIGAN		
• All rural residents	20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	Aug. 1–May 15



Alaska
Maritime
National
Wildlife
Refuge



Unit 2
Southeast
Region

**Prince
Of Wales
Island**

- Federal Public Lands Open to Subsistence Use**
- FWS Administered Land
 - NPS Administered Parks
 - NPS Administered Preserves
 - BLM Administered Land
 - USFS Administered Land
 - Closed to Subsistence
 - Special Management & Controlled Use Areas
 - Unit Boundary
 - Sub-Unit Boundaries
 - Roads

Unit 2 / Hunting

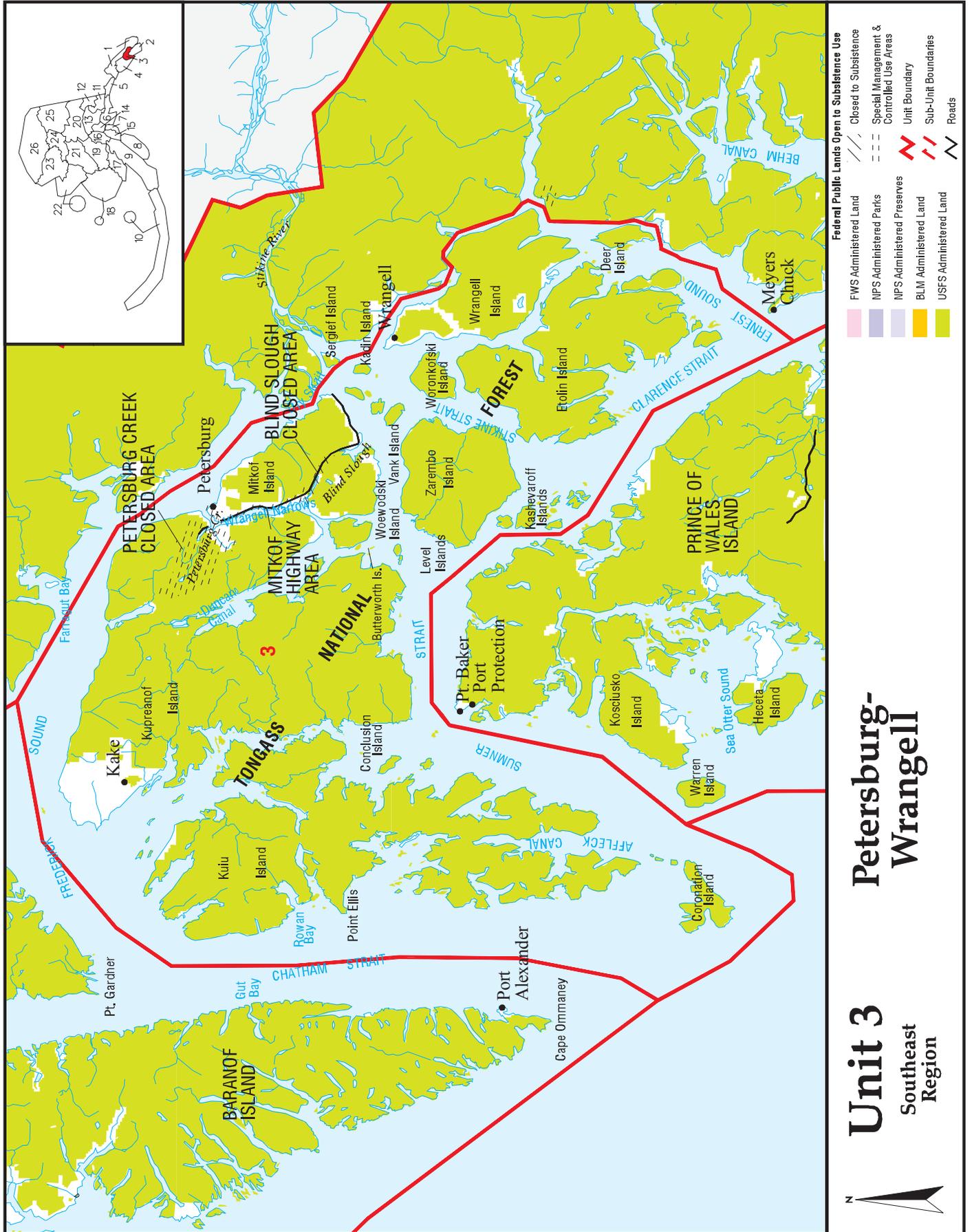
(See Unit 2 Prince of Wales Island map)

Unit 2 consists of Prince of Wales Island and all islands west of the center lines of Clarence Strait and Kashevaroff Passage; south and east of the center lines of Sumner Strait; and east of the longitude of the westernmost point on Warren Island.

Special Provisions

- Bait may be used to hunt black bear between April 15– June 15.
- Shooting of an ungulate, bear, wolf, or wolverine from a boat is prohibited, unless you are certified as disabled.

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BLACK BEAR		
• All rural residents	2 bear, no more than one may be a blue or glacier bear.	Sept. 1–June 30
DEER		
• Rural residents of Units 1A, 2 and 3	5 deer, however, no more than one may be a female deer. Female deer may be taken only during the period Oct. 15–Dec. 31. The harvest limit may be reduced to 4 deer based on conservation concerns. <i>Federal public lands on Prince of Wales Island, excluding the southeast portion (land south of the West Arm of Cholmondeley Sound draining into Cholmondeley Sound or draining eastward into Clarence Strait), are closed to hunting of deer from Aug. 1–Aug. 15, except by Federally qualified subsistence users hunting under these regulations.</i>	July 24–Dec. 31
COYOTE		
• All rural residents	2 coyotes	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
FOX		
• All rural residents	2 foxes	Nov. 1–Feb. 15
HARE		
• All rural residents	5 hares per day	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
LYNX		
• All rural residents	2 lynx	Dec. 1–Feb. 15
WOLF		
• All rural residents	5 wolves The Federal hunting and trapping seasons may be closed when the combined Federal-State harvest quota is reached. Any wolf taken in Unit 2 must be sealed within 14 days of harvest.	Sept. 1–Mar. 31
WOLVERINE		
• All rural residents	1 wolverine	Nov. 10–Feb. 15
GROUSE		
• All rural residents	5 grouse per day, 10 in possession	Aug. 1–May 15
PTARMIGAN		
• All rural residents	20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	Aug. 1–May 15



Unit 3 / Hunting

(See Unit 3 Petersburg-Wrangell map)

Unit 3 consists of all islands west of Unit 1B; north of Unit 2; south of the center line of Frederick Sound; and east of the center line of Chatham Strait, including Coronation, Kuiu, Kupreanof, Mitkof, Zarembo, Kashevaroff, Woronkofski, Etolin, Wrangell, and Deer islands.

Special Provisions

- Closed to ungulates, bear, wolf, and wolverine hunting—In the Petersburg vicinity, a strip one-fourth mile wide on each side of the Mitkof Highway from milepost 0 to Crystal Lake campground;
- Closed to black bear hunting—The Petersburg Creek Closed Area consisting of the Petersburg Creek drainage on Kupreanof Island;
- Closed to all hunting—Blind Slough Closed Area draining into Wrangell Narrows and a strip one-fourth mile wide on each side of Blind Slough, from the hunting closure markers at the southernmost portion of Blind Island to the hunting closure markers one mile south of the Blind Slough bridge.
- Bait may be used to hunt black bear between April 15–June 15;
- Shooting of an ungulate, bear, wolf, or wolverine from a boat is prohibited, unless you are certified as disabled.

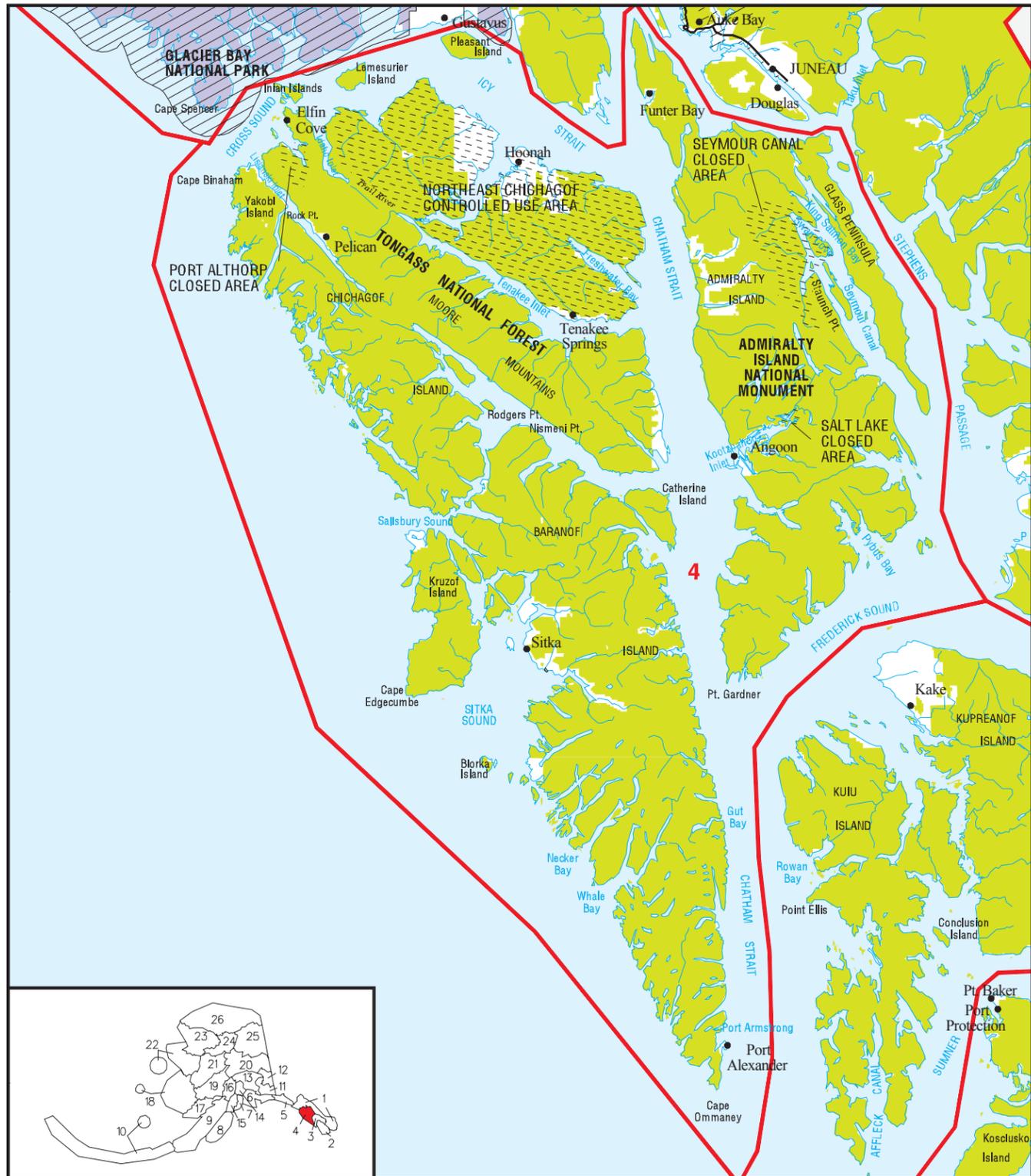
CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BLACK BEAR		
• All rural residents	2 bear, no more than one may be a blue or glacier bear.	Sept. 1–June 30
DEER		
• Rural residents of Units 1B, 3, Meyers Chuck, Port Alexander, Port Protection, and Pt. Baker.	Unit 3 Mitkof, Woewodski, and Butterworth Islands—1 antlered deer	Oct. 15–Oct. 31
	Unit 3 remainder—2 antlered deer	Aug. 1–Nov. 30
		Dec. 1–Dec. 31 season to be announced
<i>Refer to State Registration Hunt Supplement for State registration permit details.</i>		
MOOSE		
• Unit 3 Mitkof and Wrangell Islands—Rural residents of Units 1B, 2, and 3	1 antlered bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or 3 or more brow tines on either antler, or antlers with 2 brow tines on both sides by State registration permit only.	Sept. 15–Oct. 15
• Unit 3 remainder—All rural residents		
<i>Refer to State Registration Hunt Supplement for State registration permit details.</i>		

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Petersburg-Wrangell

Hunting / Unit 3

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
COYOTE		
• All rural residents	2 coyotes	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
FOX		
• All rural residents	2 foxes	Nov. 1–Feb. 15
HARE		
• All rural residents	5 hares per day	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
LYNX		
• All rural residents	2 lynx	Dec. 1–Feb. 15
WOLF		
• All rural residents	5 wolves	Aug. 1–Apr. 30
WOLVERINE		
• All rural residents	1 wolverine	Nov. 10–Feb. 15
GROUSE		
• All rural residents	5 grouse per day, 10 in possession	Aug. 1–May 15
PTARMIGAN		
• All rural residents	20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	Aug. 1–May 15



Unit 4
Southeast Region

Admiralty-Baranof-Chichagof Islands

Federal Public Lands Open to Subsistence Use

 FWS Administered Land	 Closed to Subsistence
 NPS Administered Parks	 Special Management & Controlled Use Areas
 NPS Administered Preserves	 Unit Boundary
 BLM Administered Land	 Sub-Unit Boundaries
 USFS Administered Land	 Roads

Unit 4 / Hunting

(See Unit 4 Admiralty-Baranof-Chichagof map)

Unit 4 consists of all islands south and west of Unit 1C and north of Unit 3, including Admiralty, Baranof, Chichagof, Yakobi, Inian, Lemesurier, and Pleasant islands.

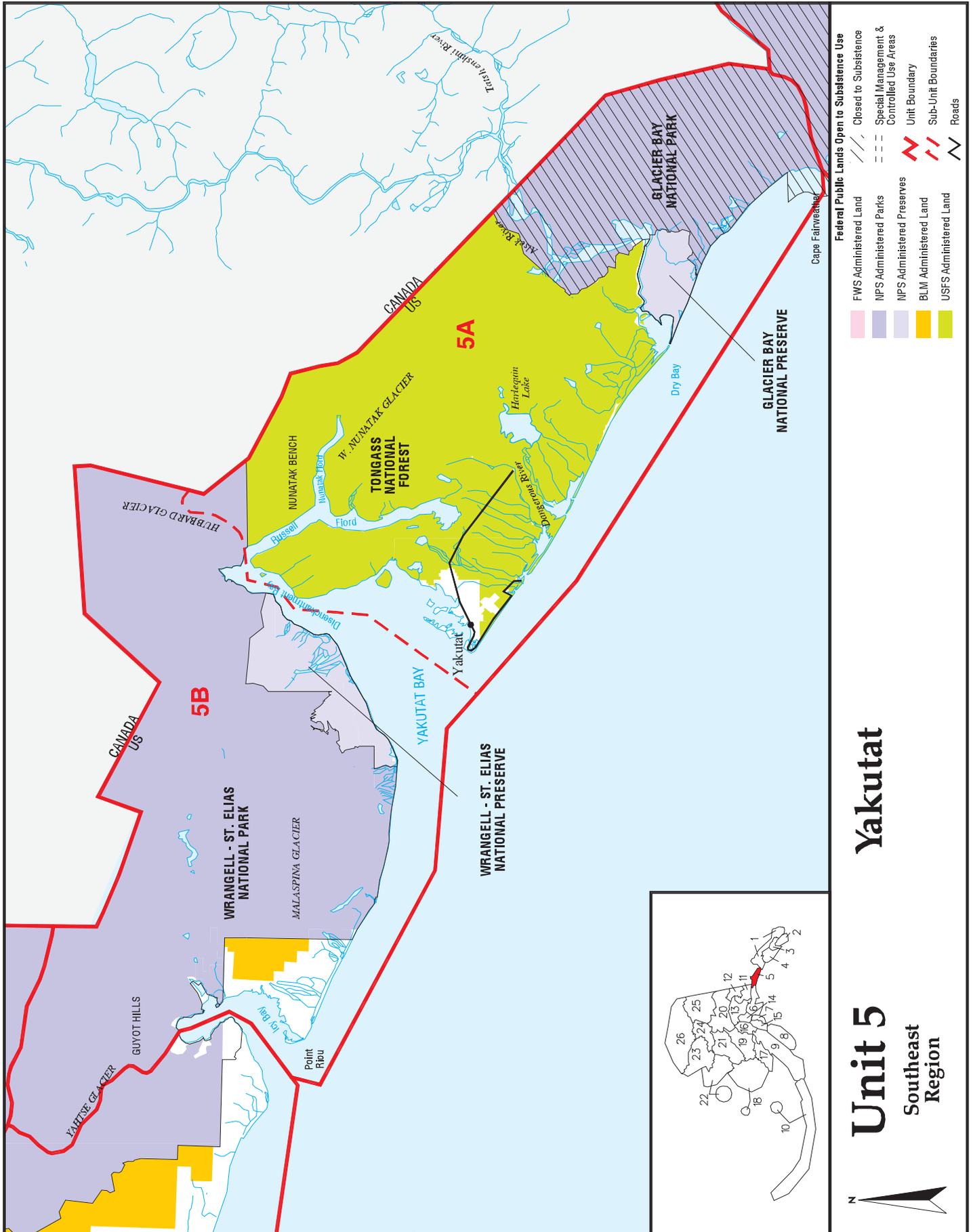
Special Provisions

- Closed to brown bear hunting: The Seymour Canal Closed Area (Admiralty Island) including all drainages into northwestern Seymour Canal between Stauch Point and the southernmost tip of the unnamed peninsula separating Swan Cove and King Salmon Bay including Swan and Windfall islands.
- Closed to brown bear hunting: The Salt Lake Closed Area (Admiralty Island) including all lands within one-fourth mile of Salt Lake above Klutchman Rock at the head of Mitchell Bay.
- Closed to brown bear hunting: Port Althorp Closed Area (Chichagof Island) including that area within the Port Althorp watershed south of a line from Point Lucan to Salt Chuck Point (Trap Rock).
- Closed to brown bear hunting using any motorized land vehicle: Northeast Chichagof Controlled Use Area consisting of all portions of Unit 4 on Chichagof Island north of Tenakee Inlet and east of the drainage divide from the northwest point of Gull Cove to Port Frederick Portage, including all drainages into Port Frederick and Mud Bay.
- The Kootznahoo Inlet Area (Admiralty Island) including all rocks, pinnacles, islands, and islets, and all the land from the mean high tide mark to a point 660 feet inland of all shorelands, excluding the shores of lakes, in and adjacent to the inland waters from Kootznahoo Inlet to the rangeline separating range 68 east and range 69 east, Copper River Base and Meridian, and including those parts of Mitchell, Kanalku, and Favorite Bay west of that line is included in the Federal Subsistence Management Program.
- Shooting of bear, wolf, or wolverine from a boat is prohibited, unless you are certified as disabled. You may shoot ungulates from a boat in Federal public waters. In Southeast Alaska, however, all marine waters within three miles of land are State waters. Shooting from boats is against the law in State waters except for persons certified as disabled.
- Five Federal registration permits will be issued by the Sitka or Hoonah District Ranger for the taking of brown bear for educational purposes associated with teaching customary and traditional subsistence harvest and use practices. Any bear taken under an educational permit does not count in an individual's one bear every four regulatory years limit.

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BROWN BEAR		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rural residents of Unit 4 and Kake <p><i>Refer to State Registration Hunt Supplement for State registration permit details.</i></p>	<p>Unit 4, Chichagof Island south and west of a line that follows the crest of the island from Rock Point (58°N. Lat., 136°21' W. Long.), to Rodgers Point (57°35' N. Lat., 135°33' W. Long.) including Yakobi and other adjacent islands; Baranof Island south and west of a line which follows the crest of the island from Nismeni Point (57°34' N. Lat., 135°25' W. Long.), to the entrance of Gut Bay (56°44' N. Lat., 134°38' W. Long.) including the drainages into Gut Bay and including Kruzof and other adjacent islands—1 bear every four regulatory years by State registration permit only.</p>	<p>Sept. 15–Dec. 31 Mar. 15–May 31</p>
<p>Unit 4 remainder—1 bear every four regulatory years by State registration permit only.</p>	<p>Unit 4 remainder—1 bear every four regulatory years by State registration permit only.</p>	<p>Sept. 15–Dec. 31 Mar. 15–May 20</p>

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CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
DEER		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rural residents of Unit 4, Gustavus, Haines, Kake, Klukwan, Petersburg, Pt. Baker, Port Protection, Wrangell, and Yakutat 	6 deer; however, female deer may be taken only from Sept. 15–Jan. 31.	Aug. 1–Jan. 31
GOAT		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rural residents of Angoon, Elfin Cove, Funter Bay, Hoonah, Pelican, Port Alexander, Sitka, and Tenakee <p><i>Refer to State Registration Hunt Supplement for permit details.</i></p>	1 goat by State registration permit only.	Aug. 1–Dec. 31
COYOTE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	2 coyotes	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
FOX		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	2 foxes	Nov. 1–Feb. 15
HARE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	5 hares per day	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
LYNX		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	2 lynx	Dec. 1–Feb. 15
WOLF		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	5 wolves	Aug. 1–Apr. 30
WOLVERINE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	1 wolverine	Nov. 10–Feb. 15
GROUSE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	5 grouse per day, 10 in possession	Aug. 1–May 15
PTARMIGAN		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	Aug. 1–May 15



Unit 5
Southeast
Region

Yakutat

Unit 5 / Hunting

(See Unit 5 Yakutat map)

Unit 5 consists of all Gulf of Alaska drainages and islands between Cape Fairweather and the center line of Icy Bay, including the Guyot Hills.

Unit 5A consists of all drainages east of Yakutat Bay, Disenchantment Bay, and the eastern edge of Hubbard Glacier; and includes the islands of Yakutat and Disenchantment Bays.

Unit 5B consists of the remainder of Unit 5.

Special Provisions

- Bait may be used to hunt black bear between April 15–June 15.
- Shooting of an ungulate, bear, wolf, or wolverine from a boat is prohibited, unless you are certified as disabled.
- Residents of Yakutat may hunt brown bear in Unit 5 by Federal registration permit in lieu of a State locking tag, if you have a Federal registration permit prior to hunting.
- **National Park Service (NPS)** areas—For subsistence use, national parks and monuments are open only to NPS qualified subsistence users. Subsistence users must be local rural residents of NPS areas. For more information, contact the NPS office in Anchorage at (907) 644-3509.
- Federal public lands within **Glacier Bay National Park** are closed to all hunting, including the hunting of wildlife for subsistence uses.

Federal subsistence hunting and trapping regulations do not apply to State or Native corporation (ANCSA) land selections, including those land selections within the nine townships adjacent to Yakutat.

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BLACK BEAR		
• Rural residents of Unit 5A	2 bear; no more than one may be a blue or glacier bear.	Sept. 1–June 30
BROWN BEAR		
• Rural residents of Yakutat	1 bear by Federal registration permit (FB0501) only.	Sept. 1–May 31
DEER		
• Rural residents of Yakutat	Unit 5A—1 buck	Nov. 1–Nov. 30
	Unit 5B	No Federal open season
GOAT		
• Rural residents of Unit 5A <i>Federal permits for Unit 5A are available at the US Forest Service Yakutat Ranger District office.</i>	Unit 5A—that area between the Hubbard Glacier and the West Nunatak Glacier on the north and east sides of Nunatak Fjord.	No Federal open season

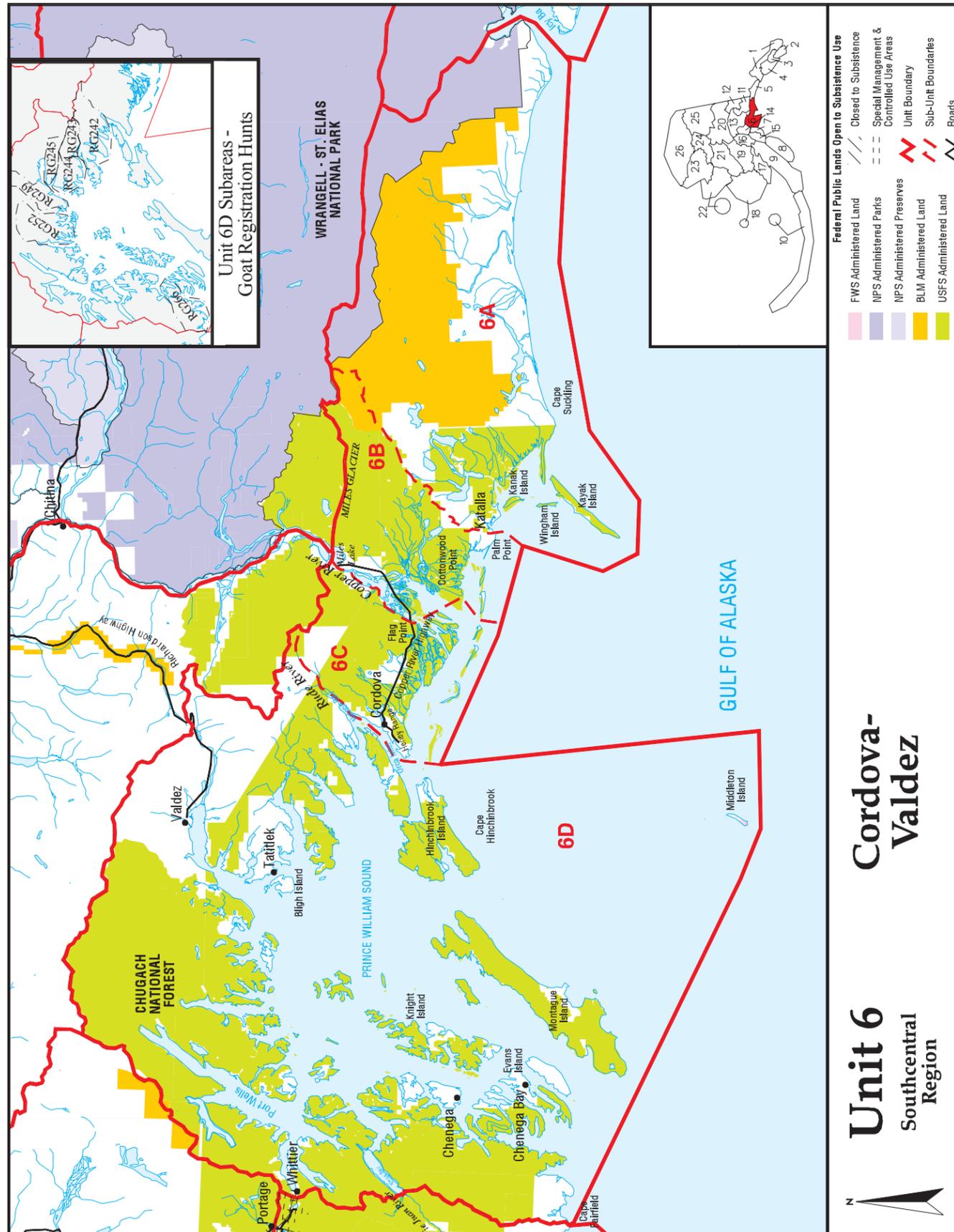
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Yakutat

Hunting / Unit 5

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
GOAT (continued)		
<i>Federal permits for Unit 5B are available at the National Park Service Yakutat Ranger Station.</i>	Unit 5A remainder—1 goat by Federal registration permit (FG0504). The harvest quota will be announced prior to the season. A minimum of four goats in the harvest quota will be reserved for Federally qualified subsistence users.	Aug. 1–Jan. 31
	Unit 5B—1 goat by Federal registration permit (FG0507) only.	Aug. 1–Jan. 31
MOOSE		
• Rural residents of Unit 5A <i>Refer to the State Registration Hunt Supplement for State registration permit details.</i>	Unit 5A Nunatak Bench—1 moose by State registration permit only. The season will be closed when 5 moose have been taken from the Nunatak Bench.	Nov. 15–Feb. 15
	Unit 5A, except Nunatak Bench—1 bull by joint State/Federal registration permit only. <i>From Oct. 8–Oct. 21, Federal public lands are closed to harvest of moose except by residents of Unit 5A.</i>	Oct. 8–Nov. 15
	Unit 5B—1 antlered bull by State registration permit only. The season will be closed when 25 antlered bulls have been taken from Unit 5B.	Sept. 1–Dec. 15
COYOTE		
• All rural residents	2 coyotes	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
FOX		
• All rural residents	2 foxes	Nov. 1–Feb. 15
HARE		
• All rural residents	5 hares per day	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
LYNX		
• All rural residents	2 lynx	Dec. 1–Feb. 15
WOLF		
• Rural residents of Unit 5A	5 wolves	Aug. 1–Apr. 30
WOLVERINE		
• All rural residents	1 wolverine	Nov. 10–Feb. 15
GROUSE		
• All rural residents	5 grouse per day, 10 in possession	Aug. 1–May 15
PTARMIGAN		
• All rural residents	20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	Aug. 1–May 15

(See Unit 6 Cordova-Valdez map)



Unit 6 consists of all Gulf of Alaska and Prince William Sound drainages from the center line of Icy Bay (excluding the Guyot Hills) to Cape Fairfield, including Kayak, Hinchinbrook, Montague, and adjacent islands, and Middleton Island; but excluding the Copper River drainage upstream from Miles Glacier, and excluding the Nellie Juan and Kings river drainages.

Unit 6A consists of Gulf of Alaska drainages east of Palm Point near Katalla including Kanak, Wingham, and Kayak islands.

Unit 6B consists of Gulf of Alaska and Copper River Basin drainages west of Palm Point near Katalla, east of the west bank of the Copper River, and east of a line from Flag Point to Cottonwood Point.

Unit 6C consists of drainages west of the west bank of the Copper River, and west of a line from Flag Point to Cottonwood Point, and drainages east of the east bank of Rude River and drainages into the eastern shore of Nelson Bay and Orca Inlet.

Unit 6D consists of the remainder of Unit 6.

Special Provisions

- Bait may be used to hunt black bear between April 15–June 15.
- Coyote may be taken in Units 6B and 6C with the aid of artificial lights.
- One permit will be issued by the Cordova District Ranger to the Native Village of Eyak to take one moose from Federal public lands in Units 6B or 6C for their annual Memorial/Sobriety Day potlatch. (FM0607)
- **National Park Service (NPS)** areas—For subsistence use, national parks and monuments are open only to NPS qualified subsistence users. Subsistence users must be local rural residents of NPS areas. For more information, contact the NPS office in Anchorage at (907) 644-3509.
- A Federally qualified subsistence user (recipient) who is either blind, 65 years of age or older, at least 70 percent disabled, or temporarily disabled, may designate another Federally qualified subsistence user (designated hunter) to take any moose, deer, black bear and beaver on their behalf in Unit 6, and goat in Unit 6D, unless the recipient is a member of a community operating under a community harvest system. The designated hunter must get a designated hunter permit and must return a completed harvest report. The designated hunter may hunt for any number of

- recipients, but may have no more than one harvest limit in their possession at any one time.
- A hunter younger than 10 years old at the start of the hunt may not be issued a Federal subsistence permit to harvest black bear, deer, goat, moose, wolf, and wolverine.
- A hunter younger than 10 years old may harvest black bear, deer, goat, moose, wolf, and wolverine under the direct, immediate supervision of a licensed adult, at least 18 years old. The animal taken is counted against the adult’s harvest limit. The adult is responsible for ensuring that all legal requirements are met.
- Up to five permits will be issued by the Cordova District Ranger to the Native Village of Chenega annually to harvest up to five deer total from Federal public lands in Unit 6D for their annual Old Chenega Memorial. Permits will have effective dates of July 1–June 30. (FD0605)
- Up to five permits will be issued by the Cordova District Ranger to the Tatitlek IRA Council annually to harvest up to five deer total from Federal public lands in Unit 6D for their annual Cultural Heritage Week. Permits will have effective dates of July 1–June 30. (FD0606)

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BLACK BEAR		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unit 6A—Rural residents of Yakutat and Units 6C and 6D, except no Federal subsistence priority for residents of Whittier • Unit 6 remainder—Rural residents of Units 6C and 6D, except no Federal subsistence priority for residents of Whittier 	1 bear	Sept. 1–June 30

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Hunting / Unit 6

Cordova-Valdez

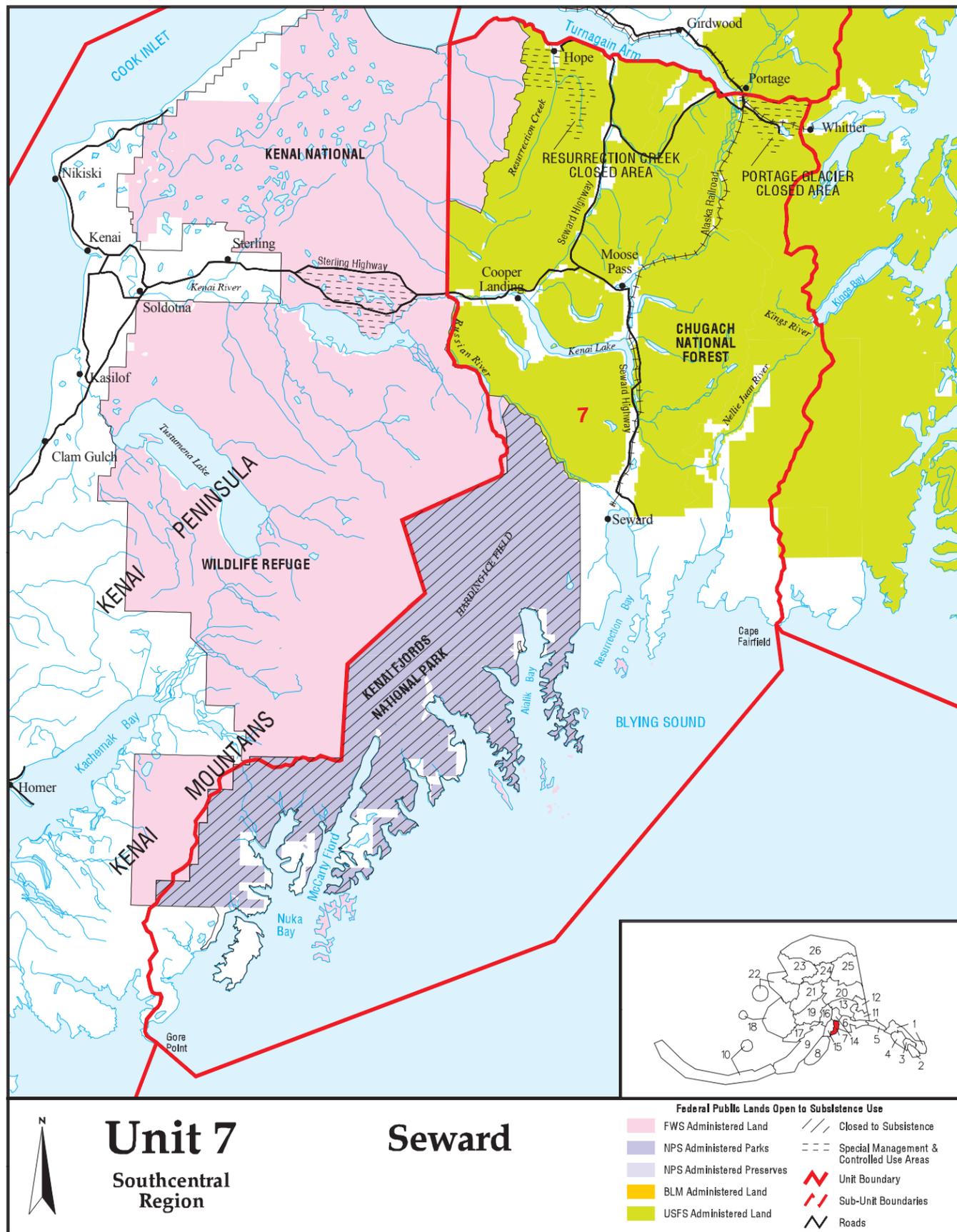
CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BROWN BEAR		
• No Federal subsistence priority		No Federal open season
DEER		
• All rural residents	4 deer; however, antlerless deer may be taken only from Oct. 1–Dec. 31.	Aug. 1–Dec. 31
GOAT		
• Unit 6A—Rural residents of Units 5A, 6C, Chenega Bay, and Tatitlek	Units 6A and 6B—1 goat by State registration permit only.	Aug. 20–Jan. 31
• Units 6C and 6D—Rural residents of Units 6C and 6D	Unit 6C	No Federal open season
• Unit 6 remainder—All rural residents	Unit 6D (subareas RG242, RG243, RG244, RG249, RG266 and RG252 only)—1 goat by Federal registration permit (FG0604) only. In each of the Unit 6D subareas, goat seasons will be closed when harvest limits for that subarea are reached. Harvest quotas are as follows: RG242—2 goats, RG243—4 goats RG244—2 goats, RG249—4 goats RG266—4 goats, RG252—1 goat	Aug. 20–Jan. 31
<i>Refer to State Registration Hunt Supplement for State permit details.</i>		
MOOSE		
• Unit 6A—Rural residents of Units 5A, 6A, 6B, and 6C	Unit 6C—1 antlerless moose by Federal drawing permit (FM0603) only.	Sept. 1–Oct. 31
• Units 6B and 6C—Rural residents of Units 6A, 6B, and 6C	Unit 6C—1 bull by Federal drawing permit (FM0601) only.	Sept. 1–Dec. 31
• Unit 6D—No Federal subsistence priority	<i>Only one moose permit may be issued per household. A household receiving a State Unit 6C moose permit may not receive a Federal permit. The annual harvest quota will be announced by the US Forest Service, Cordova Office, in consultation with ADF&G. The Federal harvest allocation will be 100% of the antlerless moose permits and 75% of the bull permits.</i>	
	Unit 6 remainder	No Federal open season
BEAVER		
• All rural residents	1 beaver per day, 1 in possession	May 1–Oct. 31
COYOTE		
• All rural residents	Units 6A and 6D—2 coyotes	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
	Units 6B and 6C—No limit	July 1–June 30
FOX		
• All rural residents		No Federal open season
HARE		
• All rural residents	No limit	July 1–June 30

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Cordova-Valdez

Hunting / Unit 6

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
LYNX		
• All rural residents	2 lynx	Nov. 10–Jan. 31
WOLF		
• Unit 6A—Rural residents of Units 5A, 6, 9, 10 (Unimak Island only), 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, and Chickaloon	5 wolves	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
• Unit 6 remainder—Rural residents of Units 6, 9, 10 (Unimak Island only), 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, and Chickaloon		
WOLVERINE		
• All rural residents	1 wolverine	Sept. 1–Mar. 31
GROUSE		
• All rural residents	5 grouse per day, 10 in possession	Aug. 1–May 15
PTARMIGAN		
• All rural residents	20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	Aug. 1–May 15



Unit 7 / Hunting

(See Unit 7 Seward map)

Unit 7 consists of Gulf of Alaska drainages between Gore Point and Cape Fairfield, including the Nellie Juan and Kings river drainages; and including the Kenai River drainage upstream from the Russian River; the drainages into the south side of Turnagain Arm west of (and including) the Portage Creek drainage and east of 150° W. Long.; and all Kenai Peninsula drainages east of 150° W. Long. from Turnagain Arm to the Kenai River.

Special Provisions

- Federal public lands within **Kenai Fjords National Park** are closed to all hunting, including the hunting of wildlife for subsistence purposes.
- Portage Glacier Closed Area**, which consists of Portage Creek drainages between the Anchorage-Seward Railroad and Placer Creek in Bear Valley, Portage Lake, the mouth of Byron Creek, Glacier Creek, and Byron Glacier, is closed to hunting. However, you may hunt grouse, ptarmigan, hare, and squirrel with shotguns after Sept. 1.
- Resurrection Creek Closed Area**, which consists of Resurrection Creek down stream from Rimrock and Highland creeks including Palmer Creek, is closed to the taking of moose.
- Bait may be used to hunt black bear between April 15–June 15; except in the drainages of Resurrection Creek and its tributaries.

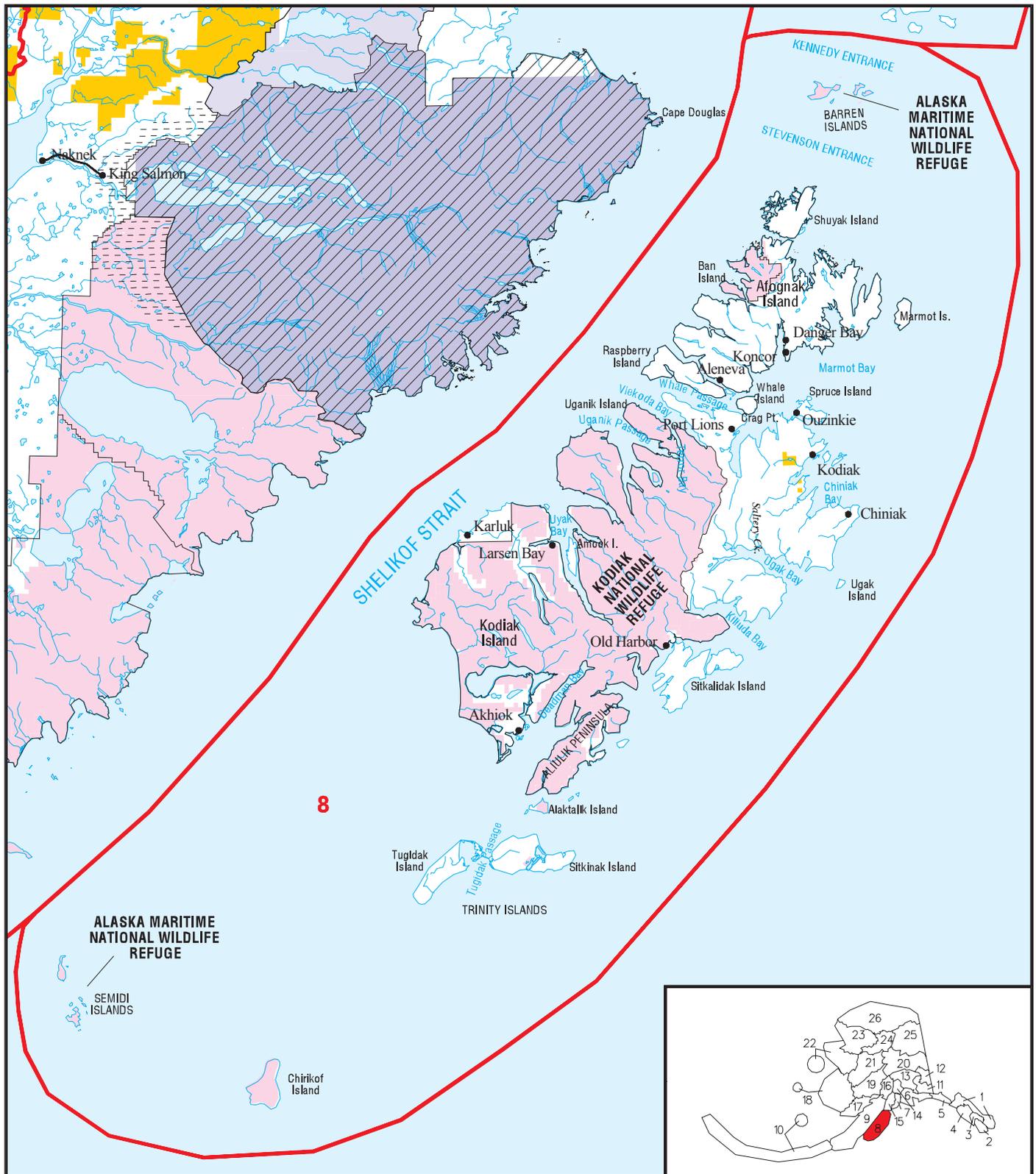
CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BLACK BEAR		
• All rural residents	3 bear	July 1–June 30
BROWN BEAR		
• No Federal subsistence priority		No Federal open season
CARIBOU		
• Unit 7—Rural residents of Hope	Unit 7—north of the Sterling Highway and west of the Seward Highway—1 caribou by Federal registration permit (FC0702) only. The Seward Ranger District will close the Federal season when 5 caribou are harvested by Federal registration permit.	Aug. 10–Dec. 31
	Unit 7 remainder	No Federal open season
GOAT		
• Unit 7 Brown Mountain Hunt Area—Residents of Nanwalek and Port Graham		No Federal open season
MOOSE		
• Unit 7, that portion draining into Kings Bay—Rural residents of Chenega Bay, Cooper Landing, Hope and Tatitlek	Unit 7—that portion draining into Kings Bay. Federal public lands are closed to the harvest of moose.	No Federal open season
• Unit 7 remainder—Rural residents of Cooper Landing and Hope	Unit 7 remainder—1 antlered bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or with 3 or more brow tines on either antler, by Federal registration permit (FM0004) only.	Aug. 10–Sept. 20
SHEEP		
• No Federal subsistence priority		No Federal open season

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Hunting / Unit 7

Seward

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BEAVER		
• All rural residents	1 beaver per day, 1 in possession	May 1–Oct. 10
COYOTE		
• All rural residents	No limit	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
FOX		
• All rural residents		No Federal open season
HARE		
• All rural residents	No limit	July 1–June 30
LYNX		
• All rural residents	2 lynx	Nov. 10–Jan. 31
WOLF		
• All rural residents	Unit 7, that portion within the Kenai National Wildlife Refuge—2 wolves	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
	Unit 7 remainder—5 wolves	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
WOLVERINE		
• All rural residents	1 wolverine	Sept. 1–Mar. 31
GROUSE (Spruce)		
• All rural residents	10 grouse per day, 20 in possession	Aug. 10–Mar. 31
GROUSE (Ruffed)		
• No Federal subsistence priority		No Federal open season
PTARMIGAN		
• All rural residents	20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	Aug. 10–Mar. 31



Unit 8
Kodiak/Aleutians
Region

**Kodiak-
Shelikof**

Federal Public Lands Open to Subsistence Use

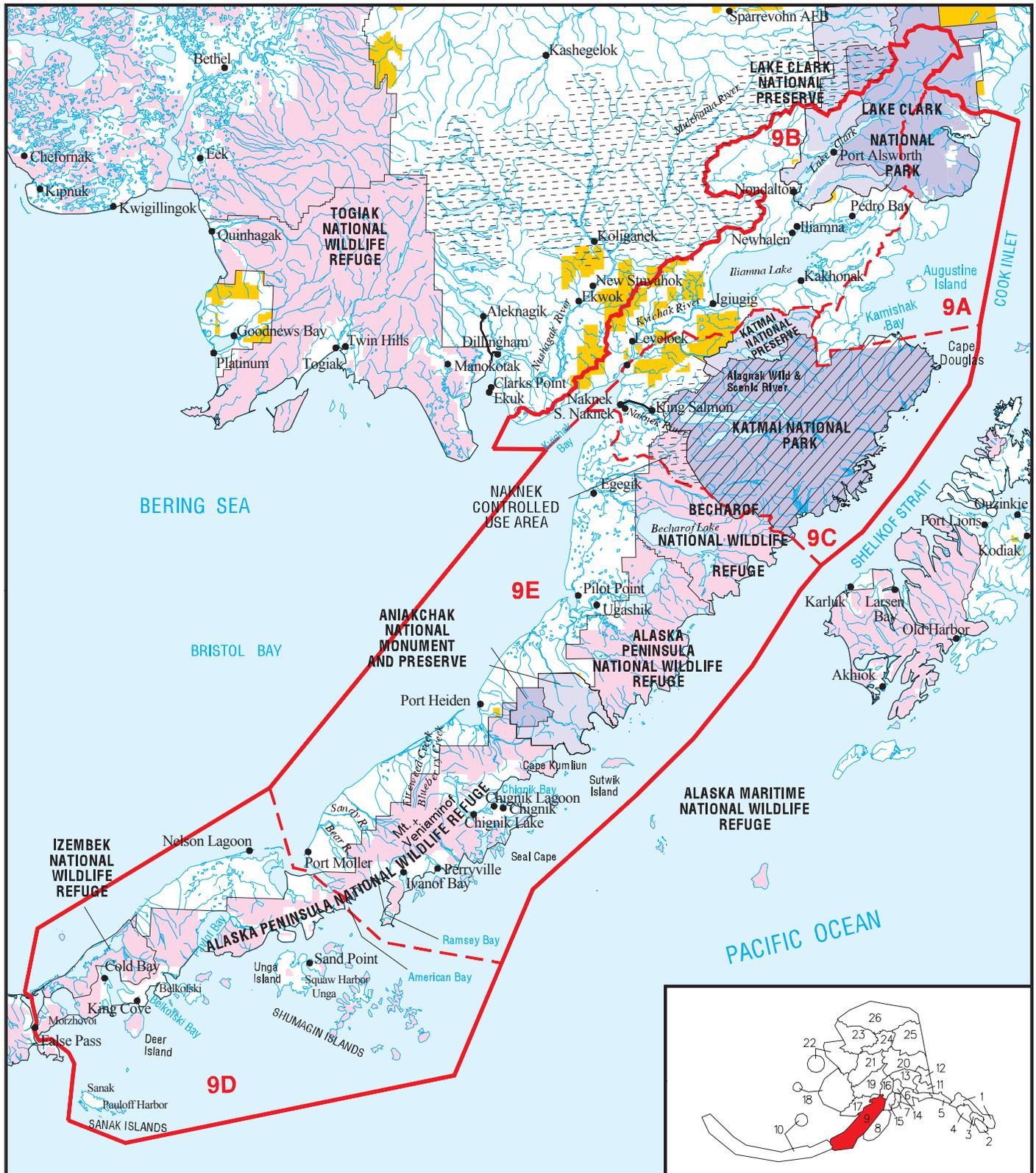
- FWS Administered Land
- NPS Administered Parks
- NPS Administered Preserves
- BLM Administered Land
- USFS Administered Land
- Closed to Subsistence
- Special Management & Controlled Use Areas
- Unit Boundary
- Sub-Unit Boundaries
- Roads

Unit 8 / Hunting

(See Unit 8 Kodiak-Shelikof map)

Unit 8 consists of all islands southeast of the centerline of Shelikof Strait, including Kodiak, Afognak, Whale, Raspberry, Shuyak, Spruce, Marmot, Sitkalidak, Amook, Uganik, and Chirikof islands; the Trinity islands; the Semidi islands; and other adjacent islands.

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BROWN BEAR		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rural residents of Akhiok, Larsen Bay, Karluk, Old Harbor, Ouzinkie, and Port Lions 	1 bear by Federal registration permit (FB0802) only, issued by the Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge Manager and per community as follows: Akhiok—1 permit; Karluk—1 permit; Larsen Bay—Up to 3 permits; Old Harbor—Up to 2 permits; Ouzinkie—Up to 2 permits; and, Port Lions—Up to 2 permits.	Dec. 1–Dec. 15 Apr. 1–May 15
DEER		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rural residents of Unit 8 	All lands within the Kodiak Archipelago within the Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge, including lands on Kodiak, Ban, Uganik, and Afognak Islands—3 deer; however, antlerless deer may be taken only from Oct. 1–Jan. 31.	Aug. 1–Jan. 31
ELK		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rural residents of Unit 8 	Kodiak, Ban, Uganik, and Afognak Islands—1 elk per household by Federal registration permit (FE0801) only. The season will be closed by announcement of Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge Manager, when the combined Federal-State harvest reaches 15% of the herd.	Sept. 15–Nov. 30
GOAT		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No Federal subsistence priority 		No Federal open season
FOX		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	2 foxes	Sept. 1–Feb. 15
HARE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	No limit	July 1–June 30
PTARMIGAN		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	Aug. 10–Apr. 30



Unit 9 Alaska Peninsula

Bristol Bay and Kodiak/Aleutian Islands Regions

- Federal Public Lands Open to Subsistence Use**
- FWS Administered Land
 - NPS Administered Parks
 - NPS Administered Preserves
 - BLM Administered Land
 - USFS Administered Land
 - Closed to Subsistence
 - Special Management & Controlled Use Areas
 - Unit Boundary
 - Sub-Unit Boundaries
 - Roads

Unit 9 / Hunting

(See Unit 9 Alaska Peninsula map)

Unit 9 consists of the Alaska Peninsula and adjacent islands; including drainages east of False Pass, Pacific Ocean drainages west of (and excluding) the Redoubt Creek drainage; drainages into the south side of Bristol Bay; and drainages into the north side of Bristol Bay east of Etolin Point and including the Sanak and Shumagin Islands.

Unit 9A consists of that portion of Unit 9 draining into the Shelikof Strait and Cook Inlet between the southern boundary of Unit 16 (Redoubt Creek) and the northern boundary of Katmai National Park and Preserve.

Unit 9B consists of the Kvichak River drainage, except those lands drained by the Kvichak River/Bay between the Alagnak River drainage and the Naknek River drainage.

Unit 9C consists of the Alagnak (Branch) River drainage, the Naknek River drainage, lands drained by the Kvichak River/Bay between the Alagnak River drainage and the Naknek River drainage, and all land and water within Katmai National Park and Preserve.

Unit 9D consists of all Alaska Peninsula drainages west of a line from the southernmost head of Port Moller to the head of American Bay, including the Shumagin Islands and other islands of Unit 9 west of the Shumagin Islands.

Special Provisions

- The use of motorized vehicles, excluding aircraft, boats, or snowmobiles used for hunting and for transporting a hunter or harvested animal parts, is prohibited from August 1–November 30 in the Naknek Controlled Use Area. The controlled use area includes all of Unit 9C within the Naknek River drainage upstream from (and including) the King Salmon Creek drainage. However, this restriction does not apply to a motorized vehicle on the Naknek-King Salmon, Lake Camp, and Rapids Camp roads and on the King Salmon Creek trail, and on frozen surfaces of the Naknek River and Big Creek.
- Residents of Newhalen, Nondalton, Iliamna, Pedro Bay, and Port Alsworth may take a total of 10 bull moose in Unit 9B for ceremonial purposes by Federal registration permit (FM0902) from July 1–June 30. Up to 10 permits will be issued by Lake Clark National Park in Port Alsworth only at the request of local organizations. This 10 moose limit is not cumulative with that permitted for potlatches by the State.
- Brown bear hunting—No resident tag is required for taking brown bear in Unit 9E, provided that the hunter has a Federal registration permit (FB0910) prior to hunting. See page 20 for bear sealing requirements.
- Brown bear hunting—No resident tag is required in Unit 9B, provided that the hunter has a State registration permit when hunting on land outside NPS lands, or a Federal registration permit when hunting within NPS lands.
- Brown bear hunting—In Unit 9B, (Lake Clark National Park and Preserve), residents of Iliamna, Nondalton, Newhalen, Pedro Bay and Port Alsworth may hunt brown bear by Federal registration permit (FB0911) in lieu of a resident tag. Ten permits will be available. At least 1 permit will be issued in each community, but no more than 5 permits each per community.

- Federal public lands within **Katmai National Park** are closed to all hunting, including the hunting of wildlife for subsistence uses.
- Bull caribou designated hunter, Units 9C and 9E—A Federally qualified subsistence user (recipient) of Units 9C and 9E may designate another Federally qualified subsistence user (designated hunter) of Units 9C and 9E to take bull caribou on their behalf unless the recipient is a member of a community operating under a community harvest system. The designated hunters must get a designated hunter permit and must return a completed harvest report and turn over all meat to the recipient. There is no restriction on the number of possession limits the designated hunter may have in their possession at any one time.
- Caribou designated hunter, Unit 9D—A Federally qualified subsistence user (recipient) may designate another Federally qualified subsistence user (designated hunter) to take caribou on their behalf, unless the recipient is a member of a community operating under a community harvest system. The designated hunter must get a designated hunter permit and must return a completed harvest report. The designated hunter may hunt for any number of recipients, but may have no more than four harvest limits in their possession at any one time.
- The communities of Cold Bay, False Pass, King Cove, Nelson Lagoon, and Sand Point annually may each take, from Oct. 1–Dec. 31 or May 10–May 25, one brown bear for ceremonial purposes, under the terms of a Federal registration permit (FB0002). A permit will be issued to an individual only at the request of a local organization. The brown bear may be taken from either Units 9D or 10 (Unimak Island) only. See page 20 for bear sealing requirements.

Alaska Peninsula

Special Provisions (continued)

- **National Park Service (NPS)** areas—For subsistence use, national parks and monuments are open only to NPS qualified subsistence users. Subsistence users must be local rural residents of NPS areas. For more information, contact the NPS office in Anchorage at (907) 644-3509.
- All edible meat from caribou and moose harvested in Unit 9 prior to Oct. 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hind quarters until the meat is removed from the field or is processed for human consumption.
- You may hunt brown bear in Unit 9E with a Federal registration permit in lieu of a State locking tag, if you have a Federal registration permit prior to hunting.

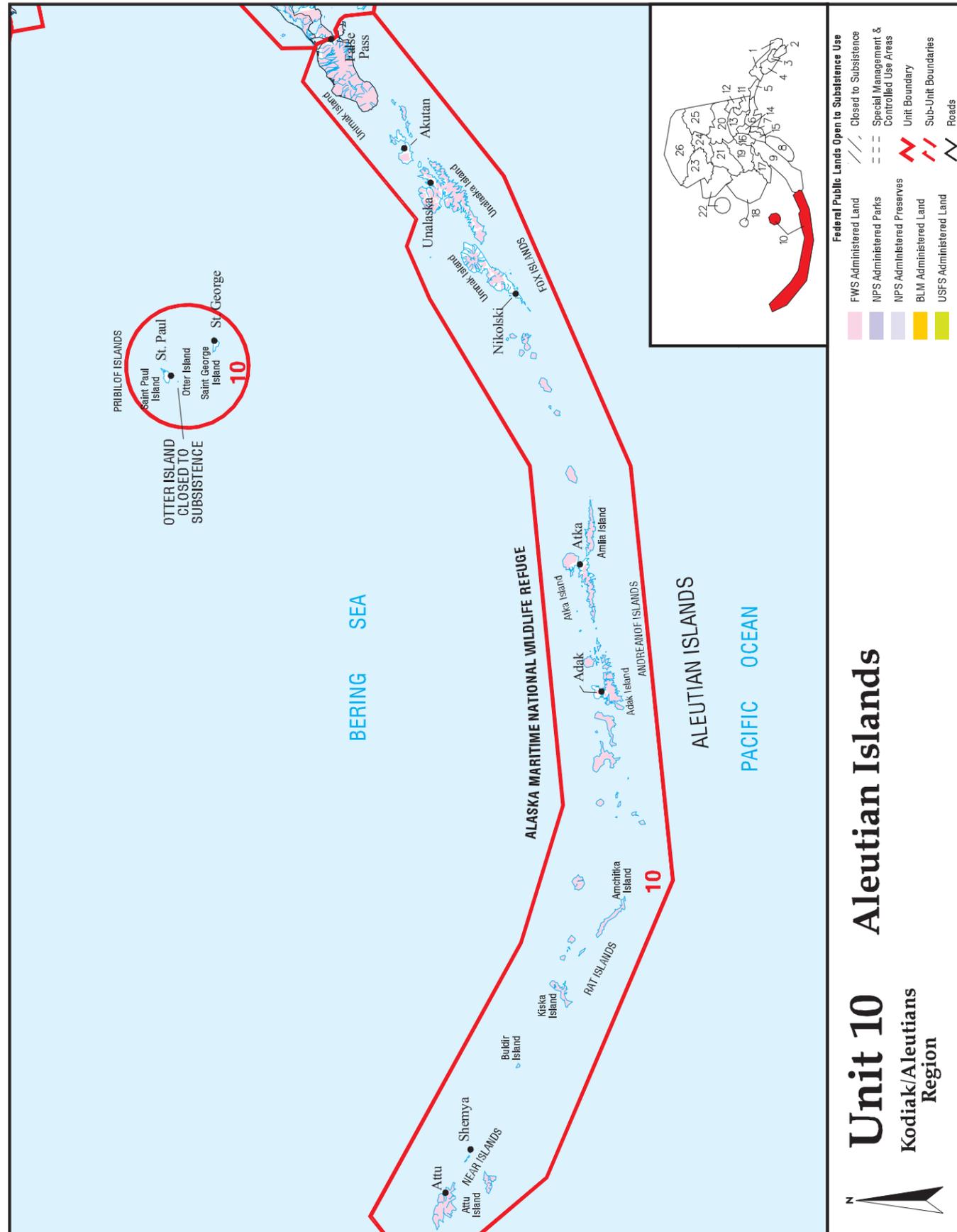
CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BISON		
• Unit 9D—No Federal subsistence priority		No Federal open season
BLACK BEAR		
• Units 9A and 9B—Rural residents of Units 9A, 9B, 17A, 17B, and 17C. • Unit 9 remainder—All rural residents	3 bear	July 1–June 30
BROWN BEAR		
• Unit 9A—Rural residents of Pedro Bay • Unit 9B—Rural residents of Unit 9B • Unit 9C—Rural residents of Unit 9C, Igiugig, Kakhonak, and Levelock • Unit 9D—Rural residents of Units 9D and 10 (Unimak Island) • Unit 9E—Rural residents of Chignik, Chignik Lagoon, Chignik Lake, Egegik, Ivanof Bay, Perryville, Pilot Point, Port Heiden/Meshik and Ugashik	Units 9A and 9D	No Federal open season
<i>Federal registration permits are available from the Alaska Peninsula/Becharof National Wildlife Refuge or Katmai National Park and Preserve offices in King Salmon, and at the Lake Clark National Park and Preserve office in Port Alsworth. (See directory at the end of this book for addresses.)</i>	Unit 9B Lake Clark National Park and Preserve—Residents of Iliamna, Newhalen, Nondalton, Pedro Bay, and Port Alsworth; residents of that portion of the park resident zone in Unit 9B; and 13,440 permit holders—1 bear by Federal registration permit (FB0911) only. The season will be closed by the Lake Clark National Park and Preserve Superintendent when four females or ten bear have been taken, whichever occurs first.	July 1–June 30
	Unit 9B remainder—1 bear by State registration permit only.	Sept. 1–May 31
	Unit 9C—1 bear by Federal registration permit (FB0906) only. <i>The season will be closed by the Katmai National Park and Preserve Superintendent in consultation with BLM, FWS and ADF&G, when six female or ten bears have been taken, which ever occurs first.</i>	Oct. 1–May 31
	Unit 9E—1 bear by Federal registration permit (FB0910) only.	Sept. 25–Dec. 31 Apr. 15–May 25

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CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
CARIBOU		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Units 9A and 9B—Rural residents of Units 9B, 9C, and 17 Unit 9C—Rural residents of Units 9B, 9C, 17, and Egegik Unit 9D—Rural residents of Unit 9D, Akutan, and False Pass Unit 9E—Rural residents of Units 9B, 9C, 9E, 17, Nelson Lagoon, and Sand Point 	Unit 9A—2 caribou; no more than 1 caribou may be a bull, and no more than 1 caribou may be taken Aug. 1–Jan. 31.	Aug. 1–Mar. 15
	Unit 9B—2 caribou; no more than 1 caribou may be a bull, and no more than 1 caribou may be taken from Aug. 1–Jan. 31.	Aug. 1–Mar. 15
	Unit 9C, that portion within the Alagnak River drainage—2 caribou; no more than 1 caribou may be a bull, and no more than 1 caribou may be taken Aug. 1–Jan. 31.	Aug. 1–Mar. 15
	Unit 9C remainder <i>Federal public lands are closed to the harvest of caribou.</i>	No Federal open season
	Unit 9D —1 bull caribou by Federal registration permit (FC0909) only. Quotas and any needed closures will be announced by the Izembek Refuge Manager after consultation with ADF&G,	Aug. 10–Sept. 20 Nov. 15–Mar. 31
Unit 9E <i>Federal public lands are closed to the harvest of caribou.</i>	No Federal open season	
MOOSE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Units 9A, 9B, 9C, and 9E—Rural residents of Units 9A, 9B, 9C, and 9E Unit 9D—Rural residents of Cold Bay, False Pass, King Cove, Nelson Lagoon, and Sand Point. <p><i>Federal registration permits for the Unit 9D moose hunt are available from the Izembek National Wildlife Refuge office in Cold Bay.</i></p>	Unit 9A—1 bull by State registration permit.	Sept. 1–Sept. 15
	Unit 9B—1 bull by State registration permit.	Aug. 20–Sept. 20 Dec. 1–Jan. 15
	Unit 9C—that portion draining into the Naknek River from the north—1 bull by State registration permit.	Sept. 1–Sept. 20 Dec. 1–Dec. 31
	Unit 9C—that portion draining into the Naknek River from the south—1 bull. A State registration permit is required during the Aug. 20 - Sept. 20 season;	Aug. 20–Sept. 20 Dec. 1–Dec. 31
	or	
	A Federal registration permit (FM0904) is required during the Dec. 1 - Dec. 31 season. <i>Federal public lands are closed during Dec. to the harvest of moose, except by rural Alaska residents of Units 9A, 9B, 9C, and 9E.</i>	
	Unit 9C remainder—1 bull by State registration permit.	Sept. 1–Sept. 20 Dec. 15–Jan. 15
Unit 9D—1 bull by Federal registration permit (FM0908). <i>Federal public lands will be closed to the harvest of moose when a total of 10 bulls have been harvested between State and Federal hunts.</i>	Dec. 15–Jan. 20	

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CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
MOOSE (continued)		
	Unit 9E—1 bull by State registration permit; however only antlered bulls may be taken Dec. 1–Jan. 31.	Sept. 1–Sept. 25 Dec. 1–Jan. 31
SHEEP		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit 9B—Rural residents of Iliamna, Newhalen, Nondalton, Pedro Bay, and Port Alsworth, and Lake Clark National Park and Preserve within Unit 9B Unit 9 remainder—All rural residents <p><i>Federal registration permits are available from the Lake Clark National Park and Preserve office in Port Alsworth.</i></p>	Unit 9B—that portion within Lake Clark National Park and Preserve—1 ram with ¾ curl or larger horn by Federal registration permit (FS0901) only. By announcement of the Lake Clark National Park and Preserve Superintendent, the summer/fall season will be closed when up to 5 sheep are taken and the winter season will be closed when up to 2 sheep are taken.	July 15–Oct. 15 Jan. 1–Apr. 1
	Unit 9B remainder—1 ram with ⅞ curl horn or larger by Federal registration permit (FS0903) only.	Aug. 10–Oct. 10
	Unit 9 remainder—1 ram with ⅞ curl horn or larger.	Aug. 10–Sept. 20
BEAVER		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Units 9A, 9B, 9C, and 9E—Rural residents of Units 9A, 9B, 9C, 9E, and 17 Unit 9D—All rural residents 	Units 9B and 9E—2 beaver per day	Apr. 15–May 31
COYOTE		
All rural residents	2 coyotes	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
FOX, ARCTIC (Blue and White)		
All rural residents	No limit	Dec. 1–Mar. 15
FOX, RED (including Cross, Black and Silver Phases)		
All rural residents	2 foxes	Sept. 1–Feb. 15
HARE		
All rural residents	No limit	July 1–June 30
LYNX		
All rural residents	2 lynx	Nov. 10–Feb. 28
WOLF		
Rural residents of Units 6, 9, 10 (Unimak Island only), 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, and Chickaloon	10 wolves	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
WOLVERINE		
All rural residents	1 wolverine	Sept. 1–Mar. 31
GROUSE		
All rural residents	15 grouse per day, 30 in possession	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
PTARMIGAN		
All rural residents	20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	Aug. 10–Apr. 30



Unit 10 / Hunting

(See Unit 10 Aleutian Islands map)

Unit 10 consists of the Aleutian Islands, Unimak Island, and the Pribilof Islands.

Special Provisions

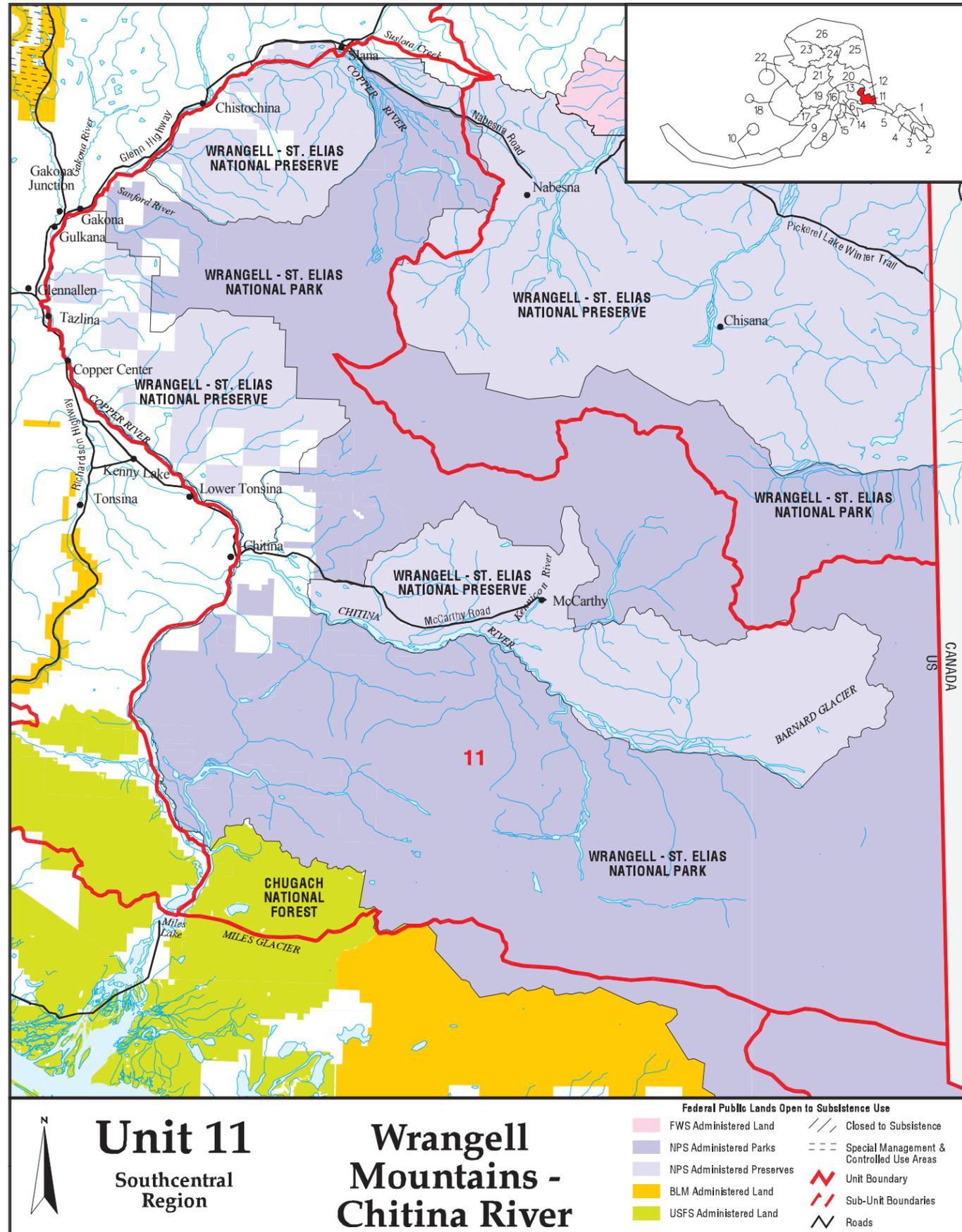
- On Otter Island in the Pribilof Islands, the taking of any wildlife species for subsistence uses is prohibited.
- Unimak Island, caribou designated hunter: A Federally qualified subsistence user (recipient) may designate another Federally qualified subsistence user (designated hunter) to take caribou on their behalf, unless the recipient is a member of a community operating under a community harvest system. The designated hunter must get a designated hunter permit and must return a completed harvest report. The designated hunter may hunt for any number of recipients but may have no more than four harvest limits in their possession at any one time.
- The communities of Cold Bay, False Pass, King Cove, Nelson Lagoon, and Sand Point, annually may each take, from October 1–December 31 or May 10–May 25, one brown bear for ceremonial purposes, under the terms of a Federal registration permit. A permit will be issued to an individual only at the request of a local organization. The brown bear may be taken from either Unit 9D or Unit 10 (Unimak Island) only. See page 20 for bear sealing requirements.

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BROWN BEAR		
• Unit 10 Unimak Island—Rural residents of Units 9D and 10 (Unimak Island)	<i>See Unit 10 Special Provisions.</i>	No Federal open season
CARIBOU		
• Unit 10 Unimak Island—Rural residents of Akutan, False Pass, King Cove, and Sand Point	Unit 10—Unimak Island only	No Federal open season
• Unit 10 remainder—All rural residents	Unit 10 remainder—No limit	July 1–June 30
COYOTE		
• All rural residents	2 coyotes	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
FOX, ARCTIC (Blue and White Phase)		
• All rural residents	No limit	July 1–June 30
FOX, RED (including Cross, Black and Silver Phases)		
• All rural residents	2 foxes	Sept. 1–Feb. 15
WOLF		
• Rural residents of Units 6, 9, 10 (Unimak Island only), 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, and Chickaloon	5 wolves	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
WOLVERINE		
• All rural residents	1 wolverine	Sept. 1–Mar. 31
PTARMIGAN		
• All rural residents	20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	Aug. 10–Apr. 30

Aleutian Islands

Unit 10 Kodiak/Aleutians Region





Unit 11 / Hunting

(See Unit 11 Wrangell Mountains-Chitina River map)

Unit 11 consists of that area draining into the headwaters of the Copper River south of Suslota Creek and the area drained by all tributaries into the east bank of the Copper River between the confluence of Suslota Creek with the Slana River and Miles Glacier.

Special Provisions

- Bait may be used to hunt black bear between April 15–June 15.
- **National Park Service (NPS) areas**—For subsistence use, national parks and monuments are open only to NPS qualified subsistence users. Subsistence users must be local rural residents of NPS areas. For more information, contact the NPS office in Anchorage at (907) 644-3509.
- One moose without calf may be taken from June 20–July 31 in the Wrangell-St. Elias National Park and Preserve in Unit 11 or 12 for the Batzulnetas Culture Camp. Two hunters from either Chistochina or Mentasta Village may be designated by the Mt. Sanford Tribal Consortium to receive the Federal subsistence harvest permit **(FM0001)**. The permit is available from the Wrangell-St. Elias National Park and Preserve office at (907) 822-5234.
- A Federal joint permit **(FS1103)** may be issued to a pair of a minor and an elder to hunt sheep during the **August 1–October 20** hunt. The following conditions apply:
 - The permittees must be a minor aged 8 to 15 years old and an accompanying adult 60 years of age or older;
 - Both the elder and the minor must be Federally qualified subsistence users with a positive customary and traditional use determination for the area they want to hunt;
 - The minor must hunt under the direct immediate supervision of the accompanying adult, who is responsible for ensuring that all legal requirements are met; and,
 - Only one animal may be harvested with this permit. The sheep harvested will count against the harvest limits of both the minor and accompanying adult.

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BISON		
• No Federal subsistence priority		No Federal open season
BLACK BEAR		
• Unit 11 north of the Sanford River—Rural residents of Chistochina, Chitina, Copper Center, Gakona, Glennallen, Gulkana, Kenny Lake, Mentasta Lake, Slana, Tazlina, Tonsina, and Units 11 and 12	3 bears	July 1–June 30
• Unit 11 remainder—Rural residents of Chistochina, Chitina, Copper Center, Gakona, Glennallen, Gulkana, Kenny Lake, Mentasta Lake, Nabesna Road (mileposts 25–46), Slana, Tazlina, Tok Cutoff Road (mileposts 79–110), Tonsina, and Unit 11		

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Unit 11
Southcentral
Region

**Wrangell
Mountains -
Chitina River**

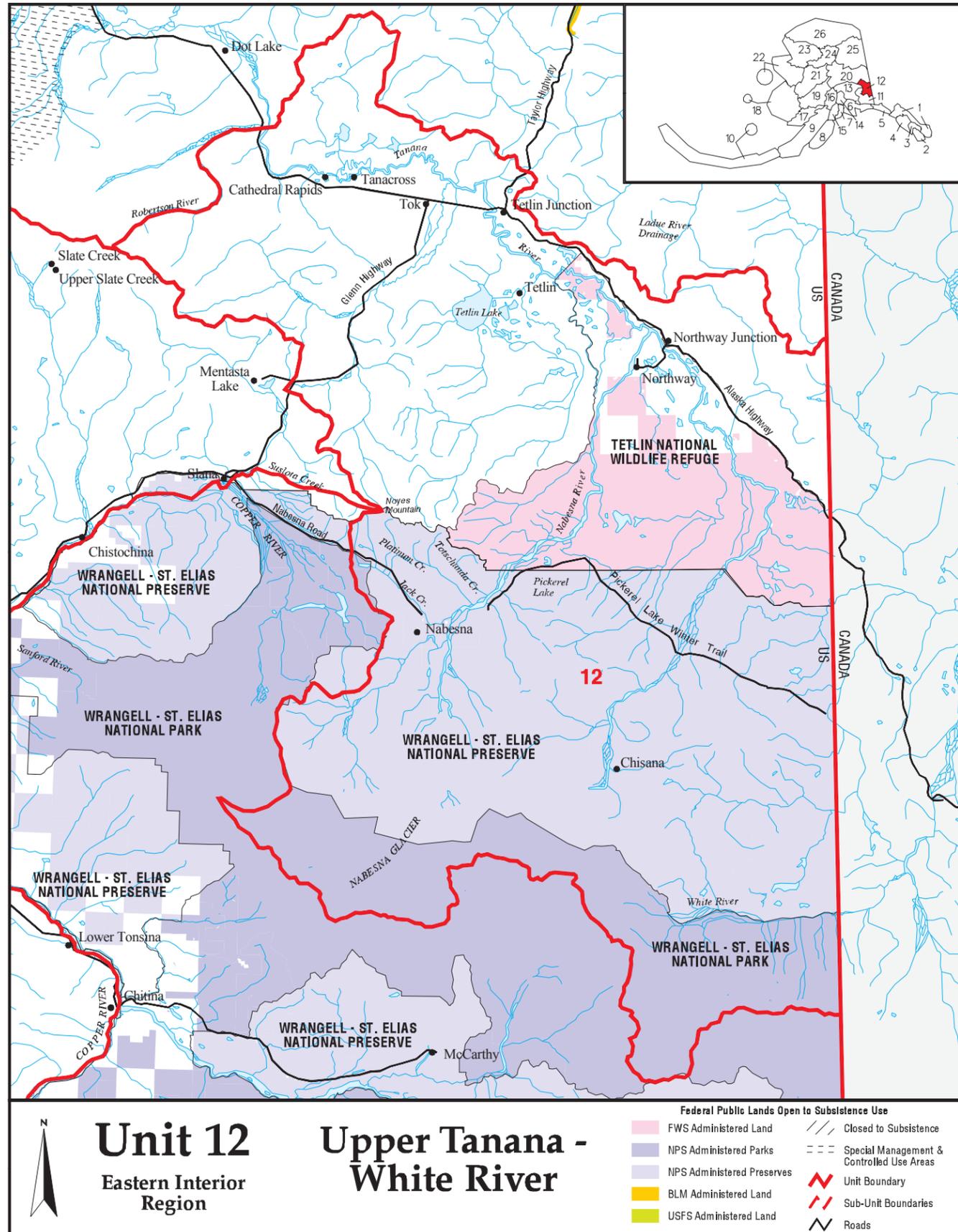
- Federal Public Lands Open to Subsistence Use**
- FWS Administered Land
 - NPS Administered Parks
 - NPS Administered Preserves
 - BLM Administered Land
 - USFS Administered Land
 - Closed to Subsistence
 - Special Management & Controlled Use Areas
 - Unit Boundary
 - Sub-Unit Boundaries
 - Roads

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BROWN BEAR		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit 11 north of the Sanford River—Rural residents of Chistochina, Chitina, Copper Center, Gakona, Glennallen, Gulkana, Kenny Lake, Mentasta Lake, Slana, Tazlina, Tonsina, and Units 11 and 12 Unit 11 remainder—Rural residents of Chistochina, Chitina, Copper Center, Gakona, Glennallen, Gulkana, Kenny Lake, Mentasta Lake, Nabesna Road (mileposts 25–46), Slana, Tazlina, Tok Cutoff Road (mileposts 79–110), Tonsina, and Unit 11 	1 bear	Aug. 10–June 15
CARIBOU		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit 11 north of the Sanford River—Rural residents of Units 11, 12, 13A, 13B, 13C, 13D, Chickaloon, Dot Lake, and Healy Lake Unit 11 remainder—Rural residents of Units 11, 13A, 13B, 13C, 13D, and Chickaloon 		No Federal open season
GOAT		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rural residents of Unit 11, Chitina, Chistochina, Copper Center, Dot Lake, Gakona, Glennallen, Gulkana, Mentasta Lake, Slana, Tazlina, Tok Cutoff Road (mileposts 79-110 Mentasta Pass), Nabesna Road (mileposts 25-46) and Tonsina <p><i>Federal permits are available from the Wrangell-St. Elias National Park and Preserve offices in Copper Center and Slana. (See directory at the end of this book for addresses.)</i></p> <p><i>The Wrangell-St. Elias National Park Superintendent will close Federal public lands to the harvest of goat when a total of 45 goats have been harvested between Federal and State hunts.</i></p>	<p>Unit 11—that portion within the Wrangell-St. Elias National Park and Preserve that is bounded by the Chitina and Nizina rivers on the south, the Kennicott River and glacier on the southeast, and the Root Glacier on the east—1 goat by Federal registration permit (FG1101) only.</p> <p>Unit 11—the remainder of the Wrangell-St. Elias National Park and Preserve—1 goat by Federal registration permit only (FG1101).</p> <p>Unit 11, that portion outside of the Wrangell-St. Elias National Park and Preserve</p>	<p>Aug. 25–Dec. 31</p> <p>Aug. 10–Dec. 31</p> <p>No Federal open season</p>
MOOSE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit 11 north of the Sanford River—Rural residents of Units 11, 12, 13A, 13B, 13C, and 13D, Chickaloon, Dot Lake, and Healy Lake Unit 11 remainder—Rural residents of Units 11, 13A, 13B, 13C and 13D, and Chickaloon 	<p>Unit 11—that portion draining into the east bank of the Copper River upstream from and including the Slana River drainage—1 antlered bull by joint State/Federal registration permit.</p> <p>Unit 11 Remainder—1 antlered bull by Federal registration permit (FM1106) only.</p> <p><i>For evidence of sex requirements for Unit 11, see page 18.</i></p>	<p>Aug. 20–Sept. 20</p> <p>Aug. 20–Sept. 20</p>

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CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
SHEEP		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit 11 north of the Sanford River—Rural residents of Unit 12, Chistochina, Chitina, Copper Center, Dot Lake, Gakona, Glennallen, Gulkana, Healy Lake, Kenny Lake, Mentasta Lake, Slana, McCarthy/South Wrangell/South Park, Tazlina and Tonsina; McCarthy Road (mileposts 0–62), and Nabesna Road (mileposts 0–46). Unit 11 remainder—Rural residents of Chistochina, Chitina, Copper Center, Gakona, Glennallen, Gulkana, Kenny Lake, Mentasta Lake, Slana, McCarthy/South Wrangell/South Park, Tazlina, and Tonsina, McCarthy Road (mileposts 0–62), Nabesna Road (mileposts 0–46), and Tok Cutoff Road (mileposts 79–110 Mentasta Pass) <p><i>Federal permits are available from the Wrangell-St. Elias National Park and Preserve offices in Copper Center and Slana (See directory at the end of this book for addresses).</i></p>	<p>Unit 11 General Hunt—1 sheep</p> <p>Unit 11 Elder Hunt—1 sheep by Federal registration permit (FS1104) only by persons 60 years of age or older. Ewes accompanied by lambs or lambs may not be taken.</p> <p><i>See Unit 11 Special Provisions for information on a joint permit for a pair of a minor and an elder during the Aug. 1–Oct. 20 hunt.</i></p>	<p>Aug. 10–Sept. 20</p> <p>Aug. 1–Oct. 20</p>
BEAVER		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	1 beaver per day, 1 in possession	June 1–Oct. 10
COYOTE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	10 coyotes	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
FOX		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	10 foxes; however, no more than 2 foxes may be taken prior to Oct. 1.	Sept. 1–Mar. 15
HARE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	No limit	July 1–June 30
LYNX		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	2 lynx	Nov. 10–Feb. 28
MUSKRAT		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	No limit	Sept. 20–June 10
WOLF		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rural residents of Units 6, 9, 10 (Unimak Island only), 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, and Chickaloon 	10 wolves	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
WOLVERINE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	1 wolverine	Sept. 1–Jan. 31
GROUSE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rural residents of Units 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 20D, 22, 23, and Chickaloon 	15 grouse per day, 30 in possession	Aug. 10–Mar. 31
PTARMIGAN		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rural residents of Units 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 20D, 22, 23, and Chickaloon 	20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	Aug. 10–Mar. 31

(See Unit 12 Upper Tanana-White River map)



Unit 12 consists of the Tanana River drainage upstream from the Robertson River; including all drainages into the east bank of the Robertson River and the White River drainage in Alaska, but excluding the Ladue River drainage.

Special Provisions

- You may use bait to hunt black bear between April 15 and June 30; you may use bait to hunt wolves on FWS and BLM lands.
- National Park Service (NPS) areas**—For subsistence use, national parks and monuments are open only to NPS qualified subsistence users. Subsistence users must be local rural residents of NPS areas. For more information, contact the NPS office in Anchorage at (907) 644-3509.
- One moose without calf may be taken from June 20–July 31 in the Wrangell-St. Elias National Park and Preserve in Units 11 or 12 for the Batzulnetas Culture Camp. Two hunters from either Chistochina or Mentasta Village may be designated by the Mt. Sanford Tribal Consortium to receive the Federal subsistence harvest permit (FM0001). The permit is available from the Wrangell-St. Elias National Park and Preserve office at (907) 822-5234.
- A Federal joint permit (FS1204) may be issued to a pair of a minor and an elder to hunt sheep during the August 1–October 20 hunt. The following conditions apply:
 - The permittees must be a minor aged 8 to 15 years old and an accompanying adult 60 years of age or older;
 - Both the elder and the minor must be Federally qualified subsistence users with a positive customary and traditional use determination for the area they want to hunt;
 - The minor must hunt under the direct immediate supervision of the accompanying adult, who is responsible for ensuring that all legal requirements are met; and,
 - Only one animal may be harvested with this permit. The sheep harvested will count against the harvest limits of both the minor and accompanying adult.

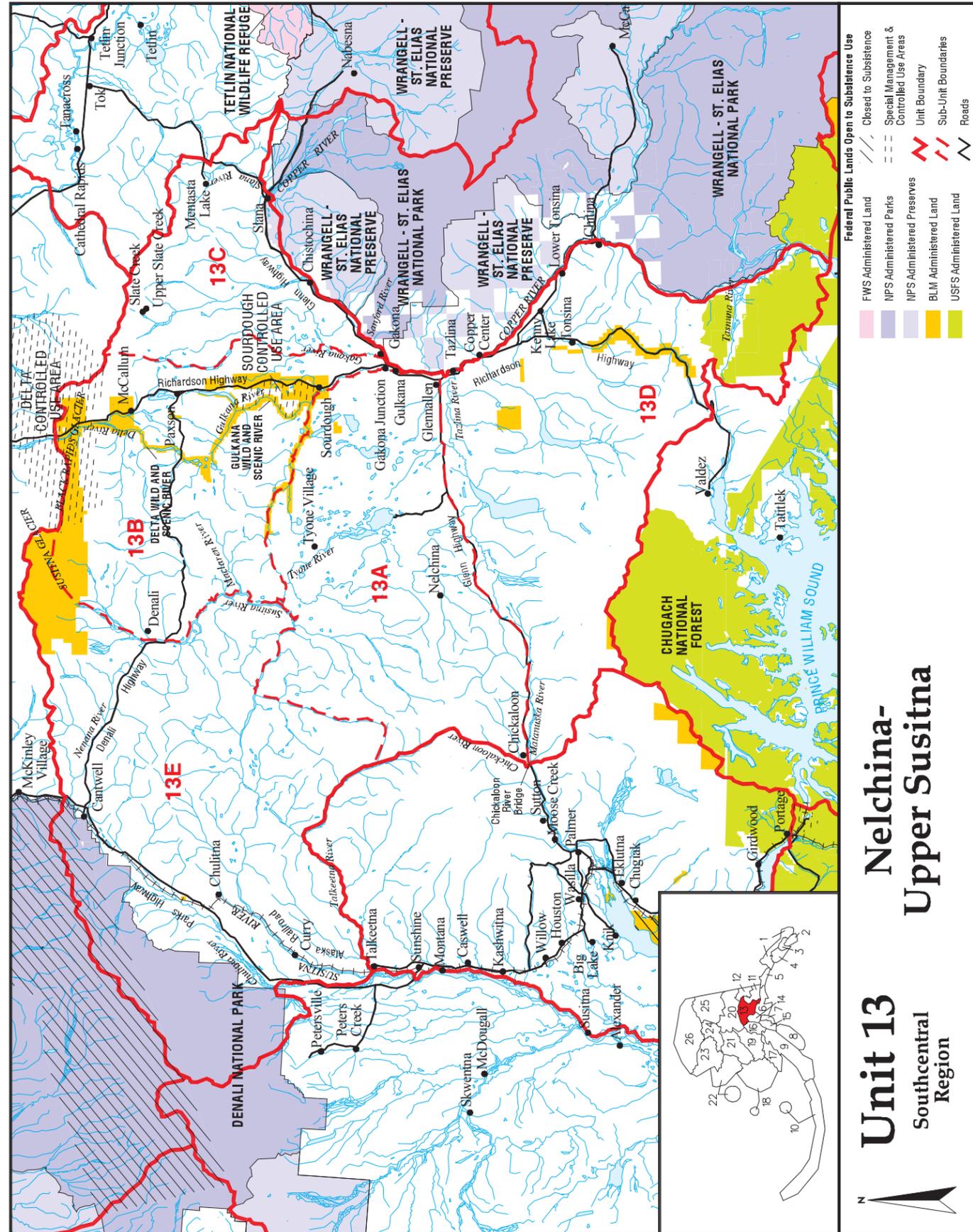
CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BLACK BEAR		
• All rural residents	3 bear	July 1–June 30
BROWN BEAR		
• Rural residents of Unit 12, Chistochina, Dot Lake, Gakona, Mentasta Lake, and Slana	1 bear	Aug. 10–June 30
CARIBOU		
• Rural residents of Unit 12, Chistochina, Dot Lake, Healy Lake, and Mentasta Lake	<p>Unit 12—that portion within the Wrangell-St. Elias National Park and Preserve that lies west of the Nabesna River and the Nabesna Glacier. All hunting of caribou is prohibited on Federal public lands.</p> <p>Unit 12—that portion east of the Nabesna River and the Nabesna Glacier and south of the Winter Trail running southeast from Pickerel Lake to the Canadian border—1 bull by Federal registration permit (FC1202) only.</p> <p>Federal public lands are closed to the harvest of caribou except by residents of Chisana, Chistochina, Mentasta, Northway, Tetlin, and Tok.</p>	<p>No Federal open season</p> <p>Sept. 1–Sept. 30</p>

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CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
CARIBOU (continued)	Unit 12 remainder—1 bull during the Sept. season.	Sept. 1–Sept. 20
	Unit 12 remainder—1 caribou may be taken by a Federal registration permit (FC1202) during a winter season to be announced. Dates for a winter season to occur between Oct. 1–Apr. 30 and sex of animal to be taken will be announced by Tetlin National Wildlife Refuge Manager in consultation with Wrangell-St. Elias National Park and Preserve Superintendent, ADF&G Area Biologists and Chairs of the Eastern Interior Alaska Subsistence Regional Advisory Council and Upper Tanana/Fortymile Fish and Game Advisory Committee.	Winter season to be announced
MOOSE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit 12, that portion within the Tetlin National Wildlife Refuge and those lands within the Wrangell-St. Elias National Preserve north and east of a line formed by the Pickerel Lake Winter Trail from the Canadian border to Pickerel Lake—Rural residents of Units 12, 13C, Dot Lake, and Healy Lake. Unit 12, that portion east of the Nabesna River and Nabesna Glacier, and south of the Winter Trail running southeast from Pickerel Lake to the Canadian Border—Rural residents of Units 12, 13C, and Healy Lake. Unit 12 remainder—Rural residents of Units 11 north of 62nd parallel, 12, 13A, 13B, 13C, 13D, and the residents of Chickaloon, Dot Lake, and Healy Lake. 	Unit 12—that portion within the Tetlin National Wildlife Refuge and those lands within the Wrangell-St. Elias National Preserve north and east of a line formed by the Pickerel Lake Winter Trail from the Canadian border to Pickerel Lake—1 antlered bull by Federal registration permit (FM1203).	Aug. 24–Sept. 20 Nov. 1–Feb. 28
	Unit 12—that portion east of the Nabesna River, and the Nabesna Glacier, and south of the Winter Trail running southeast from Pickerel Lake to the Canadian border—1 antlered bull.	Aug. 24–Sept. 30
	Unit 12 remainder—1 antlered bull by joint State/Federal registration permit only.	Aug. 20–Sept. 20

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CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
SHEEP		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rural residents of Unit 12, Chistochina, Dot Lake, Healy Lake, and Mentasta Lake 	Unit 12 General Hunt—1 ram with full curl horn or larger.	Aug. 10–Sept. 20
<i>Federal permits are available from the Wrangell-St. Elias National Park and Preserve offices in Copper Center and Slana. (See directory at the end of this book for addresses.)</i>	Unit 12 Elder Hunt, that portion within Wrangell-St. Elias National Park and Preserve—1 ram with full curl horn or larger by Federal registration permit (FS1201) only, by persons 60 years of age or older.	Aug. 1–Oct. 20
	<i>See Special Provisions on the page 59 for information on a joint permit for a pair of a minor and an elder during the Aug. 1–Oct. 20 hunt.</i>	
BEAVER		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	Unit 12 Wrangell-St. Elias National Park and Preserve—6 beaver per season. Meat from harvested beaver must be salvaged for human consumption.	Sept. 20–May 15
	Unit 12 remainder	No Federal open season
COYOTE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	10 coyotes	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
FOX		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	10 foxes; however, no more than 2 foxes may be taken prior to Oct. 1.	Sept. 1–Mar. 15
HARE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	No limit	July 1–June 30
LYNX		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	2 lynx	Nov. 1–Mar. 15
WOLF		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rural residents of Units 6, 9, 10 (Unimak Island only), 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, and Chickaloon 	10 wolves	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
WOLVERINE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	1 wolverine	Sept. 1–Mar. 31
GROUSE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	15 grouse per day, 30 in possession	Aug. 10–Mar. 31
PTARMIGAN		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	Aug. 10–Apr. 30



(See Unit 13 Nelchina-Upper Susitna map)

Unit 13 consists of that area westerly of the east bank of the Copper River and drained by all tributaries into the west bank of the Copper River from Miles Glacier to (and including) the Slana River drainages north of Suslota Creek; the drainages into the Delta River upstream from Falls Creek and Black Rapids Glacier; the drainages into the Nenana River upstream from the southeast corner of Denali National Park at Windy; the drainages into the Susitna River upstream from its junction with the Chulitna River; the drainages into the east bank of the Chulitna River upstream to its confluence with the Tokositna River; the drainages of the Chulitna River (south of Denali National Park) upstream from its confluence with the Tokositna River; the drainages into the north bank of the Tokositna River upstream to the base of the Tokositna Glacier; the drainages into the Tokositna Glacier; the drainages into the east bank of the Susitna River between its confluences with the Talkeetna and Chulitna Rivers; the drainages into the northeast bank of the Talkeetna River (and including the Talkeetna River), to its confluence with Clear Creek, the eastside drainages of a line going up the south bank of Clear Creek to the first unnamed creek on the south, then up the creek to lake 4408, along the north east shore of lake 4408, then southeast in a straight line to the northernmost fork of the Chickaloon River; the drainages into the east bank of the Chickaloon River below the line from lake 4408; and the Matanuska River drainages above its confluence with the Chickaloon River.

Unit 13A consists of that portion of Unit 13 bounded by a line beginning at the Chickaloon River bridge at Mile 77.7 on the Glenn Highway; then along the Glenn Highway to its junction with the Richardson Highway; then south along the Richardson Highway to the foot of Simpson Hill at Mile 111.5; then east to the east bank of the Copper River; then northerly along the east bank of the Copper River to its junction with the Gulkana River; then northerly along the west bank of the Gulkana River to its junction with the West Fork of the Gulkana River; then westerly along the west bank of the West Fork of the Gulkana River to its source, an unnamed lake; then across the divide into the Tyone River drainage, down an unnamed stream into the Tyone River; then down the Tyone River to the Susitna River; then down the southern bank of the Susitna River to the mouth of Kosina Creek; then up Kosina Creek to its headwaters; then across the divide and down Aspen Creek to the Talkeetna River; and then southerly along the boundary of Unit 13 to the Chickaloon River bridge, the point of beginning.

Unit 13B consists of that portion of Unit 13 bounded by a line beginning at the confluence of the Copper River and the Gulkana River; then up the east bank of the Copper River to the Gakona River; then up the Gakona River and Gakona Glacier to the boundary of Unit 13; then westerly along the boundary of Unit 13 to the Susitna Glacier; then southerly along the west bank of the Susitna Glacier and the Susitna River to the Tyone River; then up the Tyone River and across the divide to the headwaters of the West Fork of the Gulkana River; and then down the West Fork of the Gulkana River to the confluence of the Gulkana River and the Copper River, the point of beginning.

Unit 13C consists of that portion of Unit 13 east of the Gakona River and Gakona Glacier.

Unit 13D consists of that portion of Unit 13 south of Unit 13A.

Unit 13E consists of the remainder of Unit 13.

Special Provisions

- Federal public lands within **Denali National Park**, as it existed prior to Dec. 2, 1980, are closed to all hunting, including the hunting of wildlife for subsistence uses. Subsistence hunting is permitted in **Denali National Preserve** and on lands added to **Denali National Park** on December 2, 1980.
- National Park Service (NPS)** areas—For subsistence use, national parks and monuments are open only to NPS qualified subsistence users. Subsistence users must be local rural residents of NPS areas. For more information, contact the NPS office in Anchorage at (907) 644-3509.
- Delta Controlled Use Area**—Use of motorized vehicles or pack animals for hunting is prohibited from August 5–August 25. The boundary for the Delta Controlled Use Area is defined as a line beginning at

the confluence of Miller Creek and the Delta River; then west to vertical angle benchmark Miller; then west to include all drainages of Augustana Creek and Black Rapids Glacier; then north and east to include all drainages of McGinnis Creek to its confluence with the Delta River; then east in a straight line across the Delta River to milepost 236.7 of the Richardson Highway; then north along the Richardson Highway to its junction with the Alaska Highway; then east along the Alaska Highway to the west bank of the Johnson River; then south along the west bank of the Johnson River and Johnson Glacier to the head of the Cantwell Glacier; and then west along the north bank of the Cantwell Glacier and Miller Creek to the Delta River.

Special Provisions (Continued)

- **Tonsina Controlled Use Area**—Closed to using motorized vehicles or pack animal for hunting, including the transportation of hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of game, from July 26 to September 30. This area is bounded on the west by the Richardson Highway from the Tiekel River to the Tonsina River at Tonsina, on the north along the south bank of the Tonsina River to where the Edgerton Highway crosses the Tonsina River; then along the Edgerton Highway to Chitina, on the east by the Copper River from Chitina to the Tiekel River, and on the south by the north bank of the Tiekel River.
- **Sourdough Controlled Use Area**—Use of motorized vehicles for subsistence hunting is prohibited, except for access and transportation of harvested wildlife on Sourdough and Haggard Creeks, Middle Fork trails, or other trails designated by the Federal Subsistence Board. The Sourdough Controlled Use Area consists of that portion of Unit 13B bounded by a line beginning at the confluence of Sourdough Creek and the Gulkana River; then northerly along Sourdough Creek to the Richardson Highway at approximately Mile 148; then northerly along the Richardson Highway to the Middle Fork Trail at approximately Mile 170; then westerly along the trail to the Gulkana River; and then southerly along the east bank of the Gulkana River to its confluence with Sourdough Creek, the point of beginning.
- **Tangle Lakes Archaeological District, Unit 13**—The BLM restricts the use of off-road vehicles to certain designated trails off the Denali and Richardson highways in the district and Unit 13. For information and maps on these trails and their restrictions, contact the BLM Glennallen District Office, P.O. Box 147, Glennallen, AK 99588 (907) 822-3217.
- Bait may be used to hunt black bear between April 15–June 15.
- **Hudson Lake Residential Treatment Camp**—Upon written request by the Camp Director to the Glennallen BLM Field Office, 2 caribou, sex to be determined by the Glennallen Field Office Manager, may be taken from August 10–September 30 or October 21–March 31 by Federal registration permit for the Hudson Lake Residential Treatment Camp. Additionally, 1 bull moose may be taken August 1–September 20. The animals may be taken by any Federally qualified hunter designated by the Camp Director. The hunter must have in their possession the permit and a designated hunter permit while hunting.
- **Ahtna Heritage Foundation Culture Camp**—Upon written request from the Ahtna Heritage Foundation to the Glennallen BLM Field Office, either 1 bull moose or 2 caribou, sex to be determined by the Glennallen Field Office Manager, may be taken from August 1–September 20 for 1 moose or August 10–September 20 for 2 caribou by Federal registration permit for the Ahtna Heritage Foundation’s culture camp. Hunting efforts are to cease when the camp event ends. No combination of caribou and moose is allowed. The animals may be taken by any Federally qualified hunter designated by the Camp Director. The hunter must have in their possession the permit and a designated hunter permit while hunting.

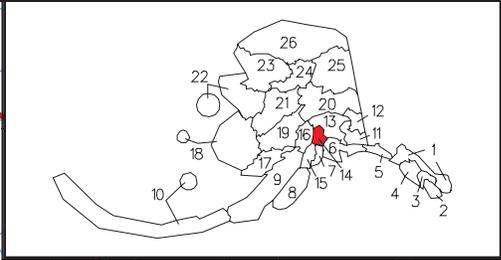
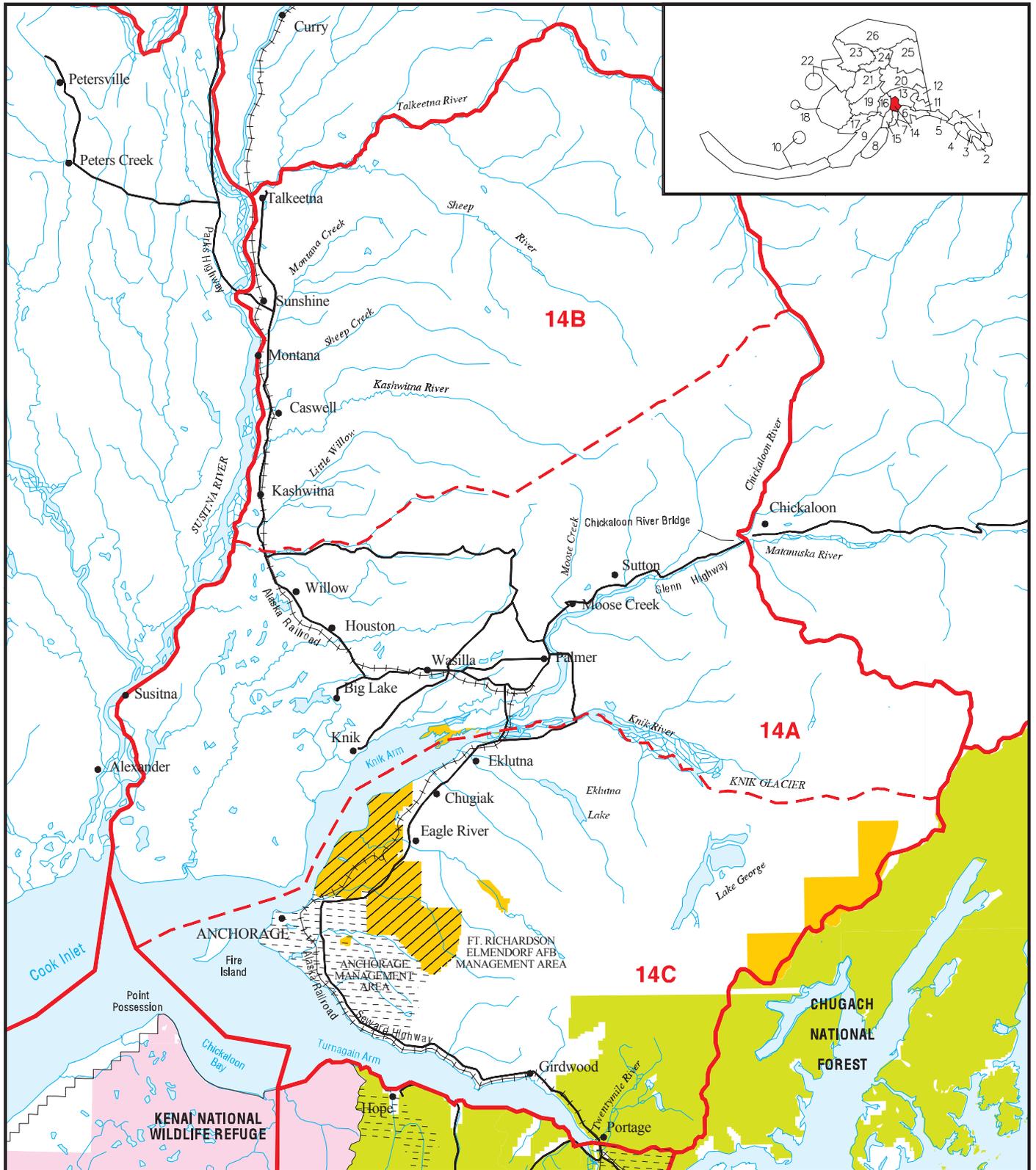
CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BLACK BEAR		
• All rural residents	3 bear	July 1–June 30
BROWN BEAR		
• Rural residents of Unit 13 and Slana	1 bear Bear taken within Denali National Park must be sealed within 5 days of harvest. The season will be closed by announcement of the Superintendent after 4 bear have been harvested.	Aug. 10–May 31

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CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
CARIBOU		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Units 13A and 13D—Rural residents of Units 11, 12 (along the Nabesna Road), 13, and Chickaloon • Unit 13B—Rural residents of Units 11, 12 (along the Nabesna Road and Tok Cutoff Road, mileposts 79–110), 13, 20D (except Fort Greely), and Chickaloon • Unit 13C—Rural residents of Units 11, 12 (along the Nabesna Road), 13, Chickaloon, Dot Lake, and Healy Lake • Unit 13E—Rural residents of Units 11, 12 (along the Nabesna Road), 13, Chickaloon, McKinley Village, and the area between mileposts 216–239 of the Parks Highway. No subsistence priority for the residents of Denali National Park headquarters <p><i>Federal permits are available from the BLM office in Glennallen; Denali National Park offices in Denali Park (for hunting in the park only), and Wrangell-St. Elias National Park offices in Copper Center or Slana (for hunting in the park only). (See directory at the end of this book for addresses.)</i></p>	<p>Units 13A and 13B—2 caribou by Federal registration permit (FC1302) only. The sex of animals that may be taken will be announced by the BLM Glennallen Field Office Manager in consultation with the ADF&G Area Biologist and Chairs of the Eastern Interior Alaska Subsistence Regional Advisory Council and the Southcentral Alaska Subsistence Regional Advisory Council.</p> <p>Unit 13 remainder—2 bulls by Federal registration permit (FC1302) only.</p> <p><i>Hunting within the Trans-Alaska Oil Pipeline right-of-way is prohibited. The right-of-way is identified as the area occupied by the pipeline (buried or above ground) and cleared area 25 feet on either side of the pipeline.</i></p>	<p>Aug. 1–Sept. 30 Oct. 21–Mar. 31</p> <p>Aug. 1–Sept. 30 Oct. 21–Mar. 31</p>
GOAT		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unit 13D—No Federal subsistence priority • Unit 13 remainder—All rural residents 		No Federal open season
MOOSE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Units 13A and 13D—Rural residents of Unit 13, Chickaloon, and Slana • Unit 13B—Rural residents of Units 13, 20D (except Fort Greely), Chickaloon, and Slana • Unit 13C—Rural residents of Units 12, 13, Chickaloon, Dot Lake, Healy Lake, and Slana • Unit 13E—Rural residents of Unit 13, Chickaloon, McKinley Village, Slana and the area between mileposts 216–239 of the Parks Highway. No Federal subsistence priority for the residents of Denali National Park headquarters 	<p>Unit 13E—1 antlered bull moose by Federal registration permit (FM1301) only; only 1 permit will be issued per household.</p> <p>Unit 13 remainder—1 antlered bull moose by Federal registration permit (FM1301) only.</p> <p><i>For evidence of sex requirements, see page 18.</i></p>	<p>Aug. 1–Sept. 20</p> <p>Aug. 1–Sept. 20</p>
SHEEP		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unit 13D—No Federal subsistence priority • Unit 13 remainder—All rural residents 	<p>Unit 13, excluding Unit 13D, the Tok Management Area, and the Delta Controlled Use Area—1 ram with 7/8 curl horn or larger.</p> <p>Unit 13D, the Tok Management Area, and the Delta Controlled Use Area</p>	<p>Aug. 10–Sept. 20</p> <p>No Federal open season</p>

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CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BEAVER		
• All rural residents	1 beaver per day, 1 in possession	June 15–Sept. 10
COYOTE		
• All rural residents	10 coyotes	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
FOX		
• All rural residents	10 foxes; however, no more than 2 foxes may be taken prior to Oct. 1.	Sept. 1–Mar. 15
HARE		
• All rural residents	No limit	July 1–June 30
LYNX		
• All rural residents	2 lynx	Nov. 10–Feb. 28
WOLF		
• Rural residents of Units 6, 9, 10 (Unimak Island only), 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, and Chickaloon	10 wolves	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
WOLVERINE		
• All rural residents	1 wolverine	Sept. 1–Jan. 31
GROUSE		
• Rural residents of Units 11, 13, 15, 16, 20D, 22, 23, and Chickaloon	15 grouse per day, 30 in possession	Aug. 10–Mar. 31
PTARMIGAN		
• Rural residents of Units 11, 13, 15, 16, 20D, 22, 23, and Chickaloon	20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	Aug. 10–Mar. 31



Unit 14
Southcentral
Region

Anchorage

- Federal Public Lands Open to Subsistence Use**
- FWS Administered Land
 - NPS Administered Parks
 - NPS Administered Preserves
 - BLM Administered Land
 - USFS Administered Land
 - Closed to Subsistence
 - Special Management & Controlled Use Areas
 - Unit Boundary
 - Sub-Unit Boundaries
 - Roads

Unit 14 / Hunting

(See Unit 14 Anchorage map)

Unit 14 consists of drainages into the north side of Turnagain Arm west of (and excluding) the Portage Creek drainage; drainages into Knik Arm, excluding drainages of the Chickaloon and Matanuska rivers in Unit 13; drainages into the north side of Cook Inlet east of the Susitna River; drainages into the east bank of the Susitna River downstream from the Talkeetna River; drainages into the south and west bank of the Talkeetna River to its confluence with Clear Creek, the westside drainages of a line going up the south bank of Clear Creek to the first unnamed creek on the south, then up that creek to lake 4408, along the north east shore of lake 4408, and then southeast in a straight line to the northernmost fork of the Chickaloon River.

Unit 14A consists of drainages in Unit 14 bounded on the west by the east bank of the Susitna River, on the north by the north bank of Willow Creek, and Peters Creek to its headwaters; thence east along the hydrologic divide separating the Susitna River and Knik Arm drainages to the outlet creek at lake 4408, on the east by the eastern boundary of Unit 14, and on the south by Cook Inlet, Knik Arm; the south bank of the Knik River from its mouth to its junction with Knik Glacier, across the face of Knik Glacier, and along the north side of Knik Glacier to the Unit 6 boundary.

Unit 14B consists of that portion of Unit 14 north of 14A.

Unit 14C consists of that portion of Unit 14 south of Unit 14A.

Special Provisions

The following two areas are closed to subsistence hunting of wildlife:

- The **Fort Richardson and Elmendorf Air Force Base Management Areas**, consisting of the Fort Richardson and Elmendorf military reservations, and
- The **Anchorage Management Area** consists of all drainages south of Elmendorf and Fort Richardson military reservation lands; and north of (and including) Rainbow Creek.

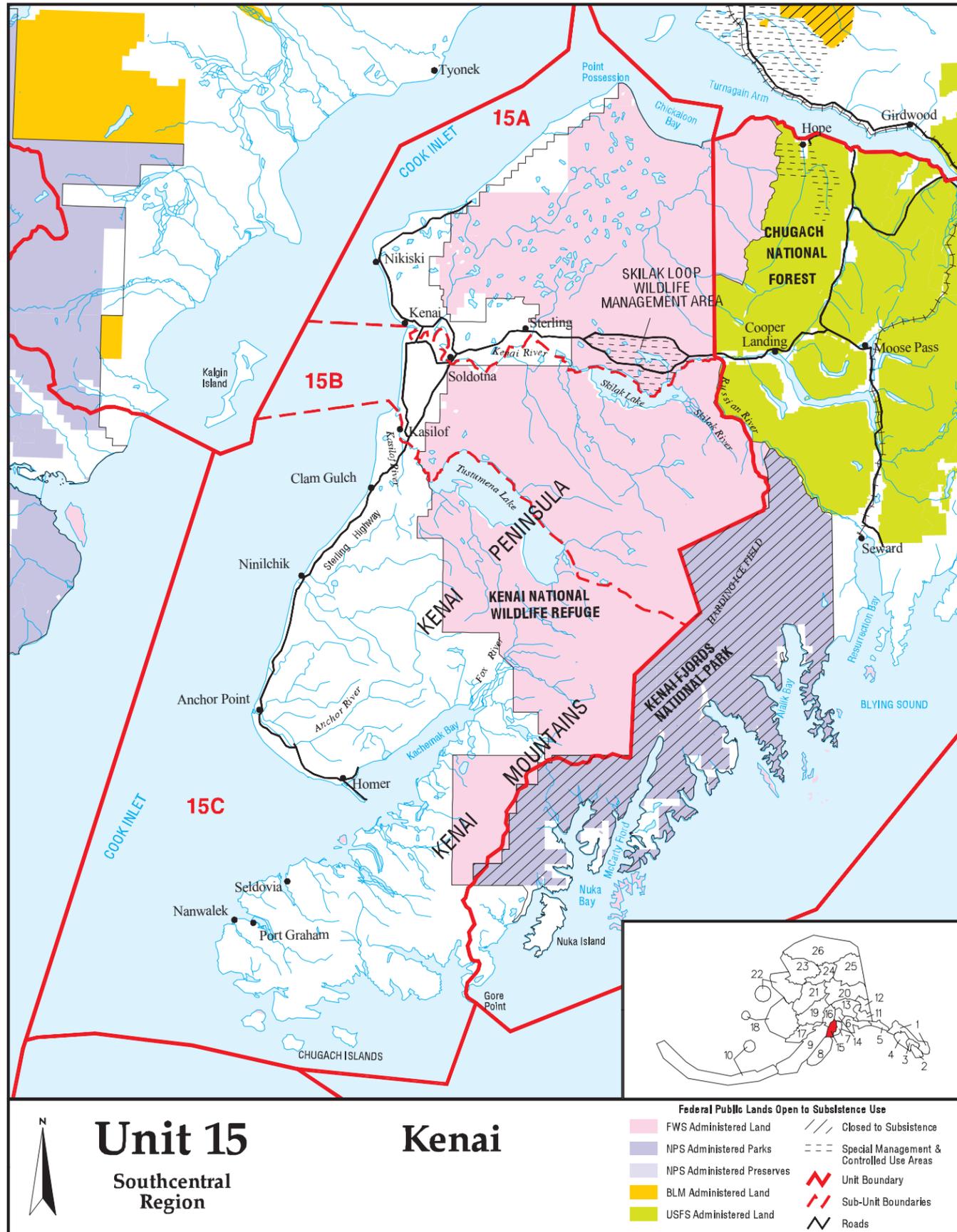
CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BLACK BEAR		
• All rural residents	Units 14A and 14B	No Federal open season
	Unit 14C—1 bear	July 1–June 30
BROWN BEAR		
• Units 14A and 14B—All rural residents		No Federal open season
• Unit 14C—No Federal subsistence priority		
GOAT		
• No Federal subsistence priority		No Federal open season
MOOSE		
• No Federal subsistence priority		No Federal open season
SHEEP		
• Units 14A and 14C—No Federal subsistence priority		No Federal open season
BEAVER		
• All rural residents	Unit 14C—1 beaver per day, 1 in possession	May 15–Oct. 31
COYOTE		
• All rural residents	Units 14A and 14B	No Federal open season
	Unit 14C—2 coyotes	Sept. 1–Apr. 30

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Anchorage

Hunting / Unit 14

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
FOX		
• All rural residents	Units 14A and 14B	No Federal open season
	Unit 14C—2 foxes	Nov. 1–Feb. 15
HARE		
• All rural residents	Units 14A and 14B	No Federal open season
	Unit 14C—5 hares per day	Sept. 8–Apr. 30
LYNX		
• All rural residents	Units 14A and 14B	No Federal open season
	Unit 14C—2 lynx	Dec. 1–Jan. 31
WOLF		
• All rural residents	Units 14A and 14B	No Federal open season
	Unit 14C—5 wolves	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
WOLVERINE		
• All rural residents	Units 14A and 14B	No Federal open season
	Unit 14C—1 wolverine	Sept. 1–Mar. 31
GROUSE		
• All rural residents	Units 14A and 14B	No Federal open season
	Unit 14C—5 grouse per day, 10 in possession	Sept. 8–Mar. 31
PTARMIGAN		
• All rural residents	Units 14A and 14B	No Federal open season
	Unit 14C—10 ptarmigan per day, 20 in possession	Sept. 8–Mar. 31



Unit 15 / Hunting

(See Unit 15 Kenai map)

Unit 15 consists of that portion of the Kenai Peninsula and adjacent islands draining into the Gulf of Alaska, Cook Inlet, and Turnagain Arm from Gore Point to the point where longitude line 150°00' W. crosses the coastline of Chickaloon Bay in Turnagain Arm, including that area lying west of longitude line 150°00' W. to the mouth of the Russian River; then southerly along the Chugach National Forest boundary to the upper end of Upper Russian Lake; and including the drainages into Upper Russian Lake west of the Chugach National Forest boundary.

Unit 15A consists of that portion of Unit 15 north of the north bank of the Kenai River and the north shore of Skilak Lake.

Unit 15C consists of the remainder of Unit 15.

Unit 15B consists of that portion of Unit 15 south of the north bank of the Kenai River and the north shore of Skilak Lake, and north of the north bank of the Kasilof River, the north shore of Tustumena Lake, Glacier Creek, and Tustumena Glacier.

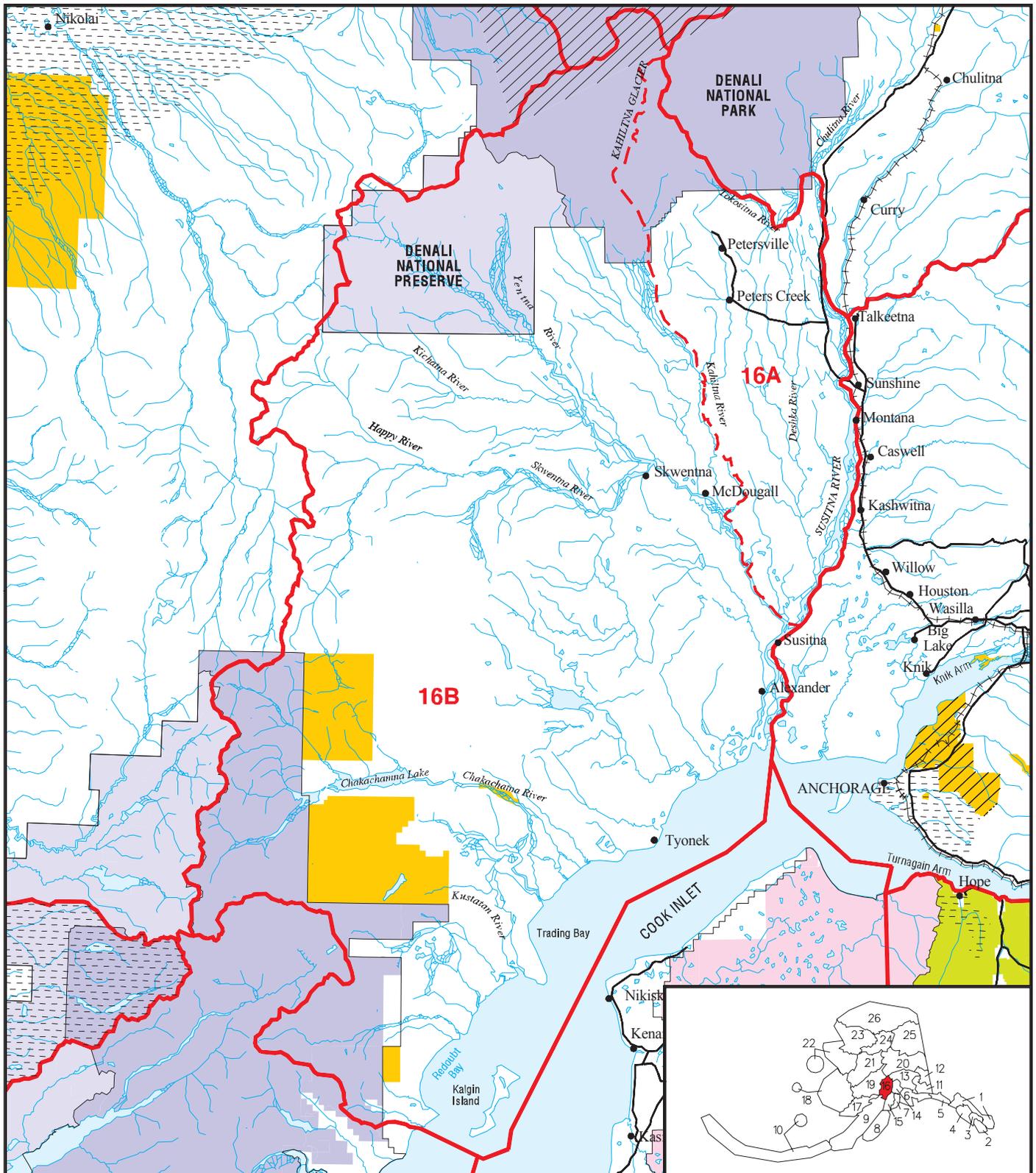
Special Provisions

- The **Skilak Loop Wildlife Management Area** is closed to subsistence taking of wildlife, except that grouse, ptarmigan, and hare may be taken only from October 1–March 1 by bow and arrow only. This area consists of that portion of Unit 15A bounded by a line beginning at the easternmost junction of the Sterling Highway and the Skilak Loop (milepost 76.3); then due south to the south bank of the Kenai River; then southerly along the south bank of the Kenai River to its confluence with Skilak Lake; then westerly along the north shore of Skilak Lake to Lower Skilak Lake Campground; then northerly along the Lower Skilak Lake Campground Road and the Skilak Loop Road to its westernmost junction with the Sterling Highway; and then easterly along the Sterling Highway to the point of beginning.
- Taking a red fox in Unit 15 by any means other than a steel trap or snare is prohibited.
- Bait may be used to hunt black bear between April 15–June 15, subject to Kenai National Wildlife Refuge permit conditions.
- Use of aircraft, off-road vehicles, and firearms is subject to special Kenai National Wildlife Refuge regulations. Contact the Refuge at (907) 262-7021 for current regulations.

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BLACK BEAR		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Units 15A and 15B—Rural residents of Ninilchik 	Units 15A and 15B—2 bear by Federal registration permit (FR1503).	July 1–June 30
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit 15C—Rural residents of Nanwalek, Ninilchik, and Port Graham, 	Unit 15C—3 bear	July 1–June 30
BROWN BEAR		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit 15—Rural residents of Ninilchik 	Unit 15—1 bear every four regulatory years by Federal registration permit (FB1502). The season may be opened or closed by announcement of the Kenai National Wildlife Refuge manager in consultation with ADF&G and the chair of the Southcentral Alaska Subsistence Regional Advisory Council.	Oct. 1–Nov. 30 Season to be announced
		Apr. 1–June 15 Season to be announced

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CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
CARIBOU		
• All rural residents.		No Federal open season
GOAT		
• All rural residents		No Federal open season
MOOSE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Units 15A and 15B—Rural residents of Cooper Landing, Nanwalek, Ninilchik, Port Graham, and Seldovia Unit 15C—Rural residents of Nanwalek, Ninilchik, Port Graham, and Seldovia <p><i>Federal permits are available from the Kenai National Wildlife Refuge office in Soldotna, or the Alaska Maritime National Wildlife Refuge office in Homer. (See directory at the end of this book for addresses.)</i></p>	Unit 15A Skilak Loop Wildlife Management Area	No Federal open season
	Units 15A remainder, 15B, and 15C—1 antlered bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or with 3 or more brow tines on either antler, by Federal registration permit (FM1505) only.	Aug. 10–Sept. 20
	Units 15B and 15C—1 antlered bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or with 3 or more brow tines on either antler, by Federal registration permit (FM1505) only. The Kenai National Wildlife Refuge Manager is authorized to close the Oct./Nov. season based on conservation concerns, in consultation with ADF&G and the Chair of the Southcentral Alaska Subsistence Regional Advisory Council.	Oct. 20–Nov. 10
SHEEP		
• No Federal subsistence priority		No Federal open season
COYOTE		
• All rural residents	No limit	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
HARE		
• All rural residents	No limit	July 1–June 30
LYNX		
• All rural residents	2 lynx	Nov. 10–Jan. 31
WOLF		
• All rural residents	Unit 15—that portion within the Kenai National Wildlife Refuge—2 wolves	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
	Unit 15 remainder—5 wolves	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
WOLVERINE		
• All rural residents	1 wolverine	Sept. 1–Mar. 31
GROUSE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spruce grouse—Rural residents of Unit 15 Ruffed grouse—No Federal subsistence priority 	Spruce grouse—15 grouse per day, 30 in possession	Aug. 10–Mar. 31
	Ruffed grouse	No Federal open season
PTARMIGAN		
• Rural residents of Unit 15	Units 15A and 15B—20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	Aug. 10–Mar. 31
	Unit 15C—20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	Aug. 10–Dec. 31
	Unit 15C—5 ptarmigan per day, 10 in possession	Jan. 1–Mar. 31



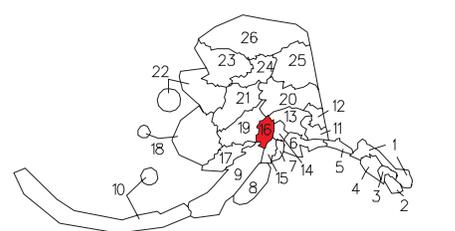
Federal Public Lands Open to Subsistence Use

FWS Administered Land	Closed to Subsistence
NPS Administered Parks	Special Management & Controlled Use Areas
NPS Administered Preserves	Unit Boundary
BLM Administered Land	Sub-Unit Boundaries
USFS Administered Land	Roads



Unit 16
Southcentral
Region

Lower Susitna



Unit 16 / Hunting

(See Unit 16 Lower Susitna map)

Unit 16 consists of drainages into Cook Inlet between Redoubt Creek and the Susitna River, including Redoubt Creek drainage, Kalgin Island, and the drainages on the west side of the Susitna River (including the Susitna River) upstream to its confluence with the Chulitna River; the drainages into the west side of the Chulitna River (including the Chulitna River) upstream to the Tokositna River; and drainages into the south side of the Tokositna River upstream to the base of the Tokositna Glacier, including the drainage of the Kahiltna Glacier.

Unit 16A consists of that portion of Unit 16 east of the east bank of the Yentna River from its mouth upstream to the Kahiltna River, east of the east bank of the Kahiltna River, and east of the Kahiltna Glacier.

Unit 16B consists the remainder of Unit 16.

Special Provisions

- Bait may be used to hunt black bear between April 15–June 15.
- Federal public lands within **Denali National Park**, as it existed prior to December 2, 1980, are closed to all hunting, including the hunting of wildlife for subsistence uses. Subsistence hunting is permitted in **Denali National Preserve** and on lands added to **Denali National Park** on December 2, 1980.
- **National Park Service (NPS) areas**—For subsistence use, national parks and monuments are open only to NPS qualified subsistence users. Subsistence users must be local rural residents of NPS areas. For more information, contact the NPS office in Anchorage at (907) 644-3509.

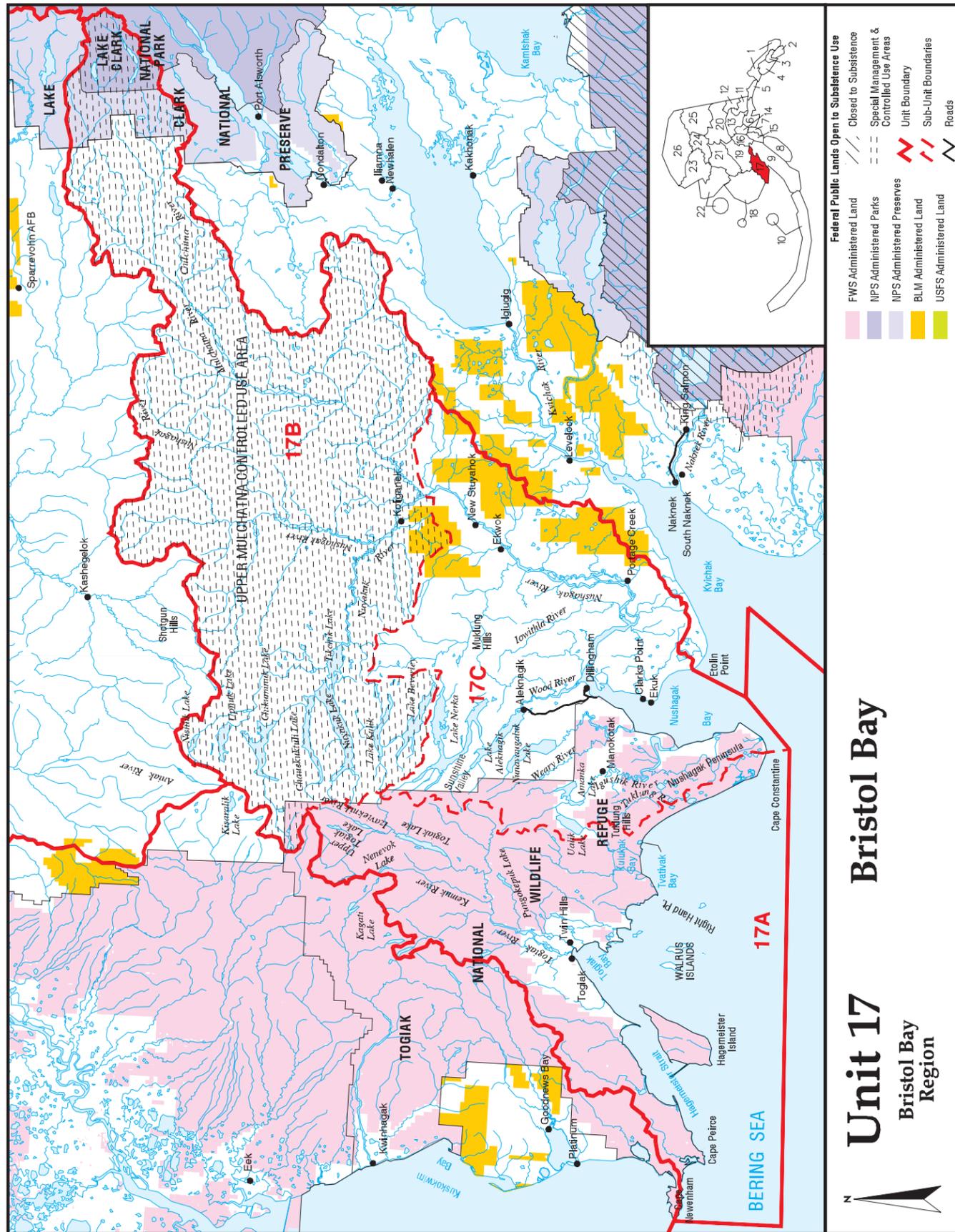
CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BLACK BEAR		
• Unit 16A—All rural residents • Unit 16B—Rural residents of Unit 16B	3 bear	July 1–June 30
BROWN BEAR		
• No Federal subsistence priority		No Federal open season
CARIBOU		
• All rural residents	1 caribou	Aug. 10–Oct. 31
MOOSE		
• Unit 16A—No Federal subsistence priority • Unit 16B—Rural residents of Unit 16B	Unit 16A	No Federal open season
	Unit 16B Redoubt Bay drainages south and west of, and including the Kustatan River drainage—1 bull.	Sept. 1–Sept. 15
	Unit 16B, Denali National Preserve only—1 bull by Federal registration permit (FM1601). One Federal registration permit for moose issued per household.	Sept. 1–Sept. 30 Dec. 1–Feb. 28
	Unit 16B remainder—1 bull	Sept. 1–Sept. 30 Dec. 1–Feb. 28
SHEEP		
• No Federal subsistence priority		No Federal open season

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Lower Susitna

Hunting / Unit 16

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
COYOTE		
• All rural residents	2 coyotes	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
FOX		
• All rural residents	2 foxes	Sept. 1–Feb. 15
HARE		
• All rural residents	No limit	July 1–June 30
LYNX		
• All rural residents	2 lynx	Dec. 1–Jan. 31
WOLF		
• Rural residents of Units 6, 9, 10 (Unimak Island only), 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, and Chickaloon	5 wolves	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
WOLVERINE		
• All rural residents	1 wolverine	Sept. 1–Mar. 31
GROUSE		
• Rural residents of Units 11, 13, 15, 16, 20D, 22, 23, and Chickaloon	15 grouse per day, 30 in possession	Aug. 10–Mar. 31
PTARMIGAN		
• Rural residents of Units 11, 13, 15, 16, 20D, 22, 23, and Chickaloon	20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	Aug. 10–Mar. 31



Unit 17
Bristol Bay
Region

Unit 17 / Hunting

(See Unit 17 Bristol Bay map)

Unit 17 consists of drainages into Bristol Bay and the Bering Sea between Etoin Point and Cape Newenham, and all islands between these points including Hagemeister Island and the Walrus Islands.

Unit 17A consists of the drainages between Cape Newenham and Cape Constantine, and Hagemeister Island and the Walrus Islands.

Unit 17B consists of the Nushagak River drainage upstream from (and including) the Mulchatna River drainage, and the Wood River drainage upstream from the outlet of Lake Beverley.

Unit 17C consists of the remainder of Unit 17.

Special Provisions

- In the **Upper Mulchatna Controlled Use Area** (Unit 17B), except for aircraft and boats and in legal hunting camps, you may not use any motorized vehicle for hunting an ungulate, bear, wolf, and wolverine; including transportation of hunters and parts of an ungulate, bear, wolf, or wolverine from August 1–November 1.
- No resident tag is required for taking brown bear in Unit 17, provided that the hunter has a State registration permit prior to hunting. See page 20 for bear sealing requirements.
- Bait may be used to hunt black bear between April 15–June 15.
- All edible meat from caribou and moose harvested in Unit 17 prior to October 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hind quarters until the meat is removed from the field or is processed for human consumption.
- National Park Service (NPS)** areas—For subsistence use, national parks and monuments are open only to NPS qualified subsistence users. Subsistence users must be local rural residents of NPS areas. For more information, contact the NPS office in Anchorage at (907) 644-3509.

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BLACK BEAR		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Units 17A and that portion of 17B draining into Nuyakuk Lake and Tikchik Lake—Rural residents of Units 9A, 9B, 17, Akiachak, and Akiak Unit 17 remainder—Rural residents of Units 9A, 9B, and 17 	2 bear	Aug. 1–May 31
BROWN BEAR		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Units 17A and 17B, those portions north and west of a line beginning from the Unit 18 boundary at the northwest end of Nenevok Lake, to the southern point of Upper Togiak Lake, and northeast to the northern point of Nuyakuk Lake, northeast to the point where the Unit 17 boundary intersects the Shotgun Hills—Rural residents of Kwethluk Unit 17A remainder—Rural residents of Unit 17, Akiachak, Akiak, Goodnews Bay, and Platinum Unit 17B, that portion draining into Nuyakuk Lake and Tikchik Lake—Rural residents of Akiachak and Akiak, Units 17B and 17C—Rural residents of Unit 17 	1 bear by State registration permit only. <i>Contact ADF&G for State permit details.</i>	Sept. 1–May 31

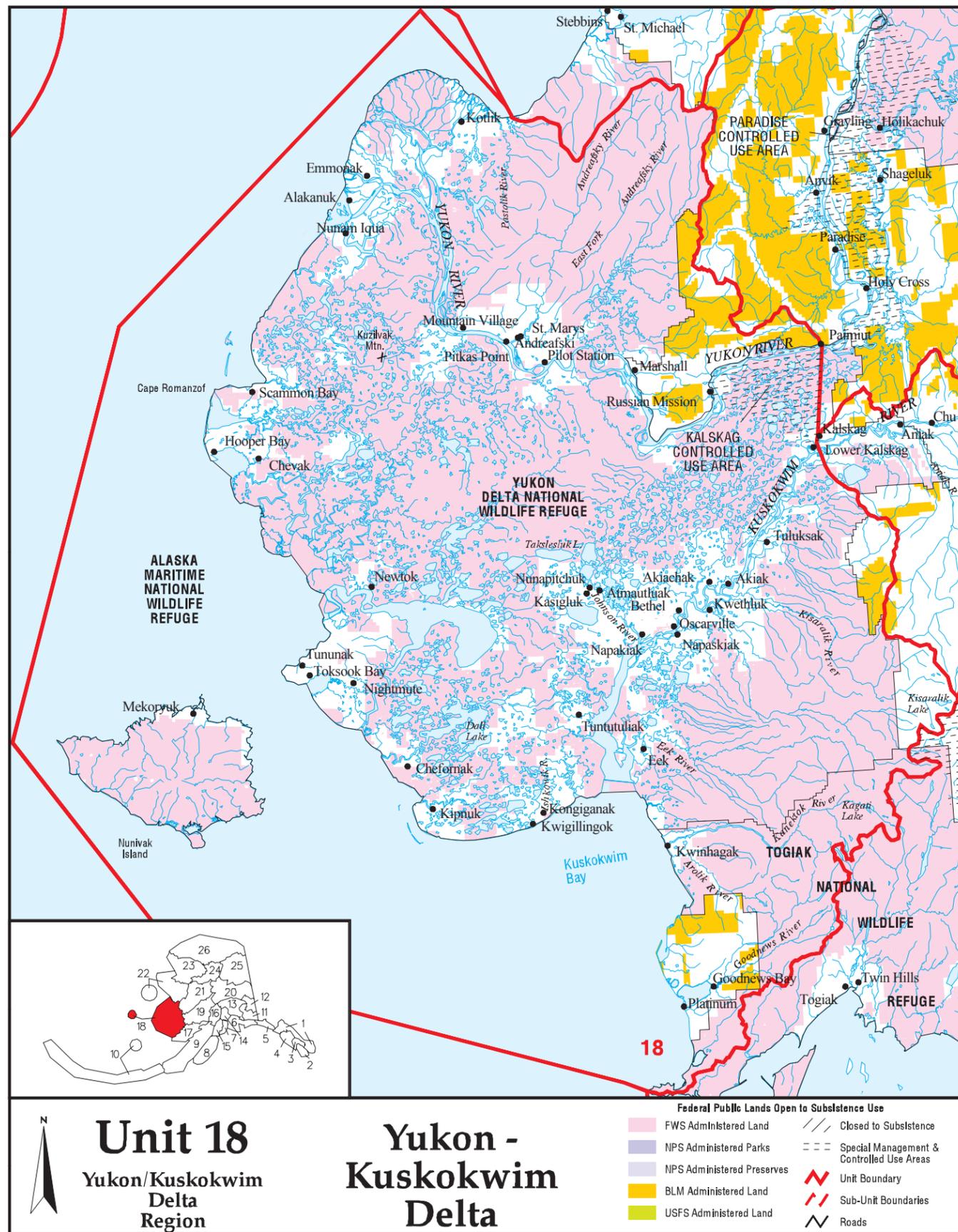
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CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
CARIBOU		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit 17A, that portion west of the Izavieknik River, Upper Togiak Lake, Togiak Lake, and the main course of the Togiak River—Rural residents of Eek, Goodnews Bay, Napakiak, Platinum, Quinhagak, and Tuntutuliak Unit 17A, that portion north of Togiak Lake that includes Izavieknik River drainages—Rural residents of Akiachak, Akiak, and Tuluksak Units 17A and 17B, those portions north and west of a line beginning from the Unit 18 boundary at the northwest end of Nenevok Lake, to the southern point of upper Togiak Lake, and northeast to the northern point of Nuyakuk Lake, northeast to the point where the Unit 17 boundary intersects the Shotgun Hills—Rural residents of Kwethluk Unit 17B, that portion of Togiak National Wildlife Refuge within Unit 17B—Rural residents of Akiachak, Akiak, Bethel, Eek, Goodnews Bay, Napakiak, Platinum, Quinhagak, Tuluksak, and Tuntutuliak Unit 17 remainder—Rural residents of Units 9B, 17, Lime Village and Stony River 	Unit 17A, all drainages west of Right Hand Point—2 caribou; no more than 1 caribou may be a bull, and no more than 1 caribou may be taken Aug. 1–Jan. 31. The harvest limit may be reduced for the drainages between the Togiak River and Right Hand Point by announcement of the Togiak National Wildlife Refuge Manager.	Aug. 1–Mar. 15 The season may be closed for the drainages between the Togiak River and Right Hand Point by announcement of the Togiak National Wildlife Refuge Manager.
	Units 17A and 17C, that portion of 17A and 17C consisting of the Nushagak Peninsula south of the Igushik River, Tuklung River and Tuklung Hills, west to Tvativak Bay—Up to 2 caribou by Federal registration permit (FC1702). <i>Federal public lands are closed to the harvest of caribou except by the residents of Togiak, Twin Hills, Manokotak, Aleknagik, Dillingham, Clark's Point, and Eku.</i>	Aug. 1–Sept. 30 Dec. 1–Mar. 31 The season may be closed by announcement of the Togiak National Wildlife Refuge Manager.
	The harvest objective, harvest limit, and the number of permits available will be announced by the Togiak National Wildlife Refuge Manager after consultation with the ADF&G and the Nushagak Peninsula Caribou Planning Committee. Successful hunters must report their harvest to the Togiak National Wildlife Refuge within 24 hours after returning from the field.	Season to be announced by the Togiak National Wildlife Refuge Manager between Aug. 1–Mar. 31.
	Units 17A remainder and 17C remainder—Selected drainages, a harvest limit of up to 2 caribou will be determined at the time the season is announced. The harvest limit and hunt area to be announced by the Togiak National Wildlife Refuge Manager between Aug. 1–Mar. 31.	Aug. 1–Mar. 15
Units 17B and that portion of 17C east of the Wood River and Wood River Lakes—2 caribou; no more than 1 caribou may be a bull, and no more than 1 caribou may be taken Aug. 1–Jan. 31.		

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CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
MOOSE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit 17A, that portion north of Togiak Lake that includes the Izavieknik River drainage—Rural residents of Akiachak and Akiak Units 17A and 17B, those portions north and west of a line beginning from the Unit 18 boundary at the northwest end of Nenevok Lake, to the southern point of upper Togiak Lake, and northeast to the northern point of Nuyakuk Lake, northeast to the point where the Unit 17 boundary intersects the Shotgun Hills—Rural residents of Kwethluk Unit 17A remainder—Rural residents of Unit 17, Goodnews Bay, and Platinum (excluding residents of Akiachak, Akiak, and Quinhagak) Unit 17B, that portion within the Togiak National Wildlife Refuge—Rural residents of Akiachak and Akiak Units 17B and 17C—Rural residents of Unit 17, Goodnews Bay, Levelock, Nondalton, and Platinum 	Unit 17A—1 bull by State registration permit. Unit 17A—1 antlered bull by State registration permit. Up to a 14-day season during the period Dec. 1–Jan. 31 may be opened or closed by the Togiak National Wildlife Refuge Manager after consultation with ADF&G and the Chair of the Bristol Bay Regional Advisory Council.	Aug. 25–Sept. 20 Winter season to be announced
	Units 17B and 17C—1 bull. During the period Aug. 20–Sept. 15—1 bull by State registration permit; or During the period Sept. 1–15—1 bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side with a State harvest ticket; or During the period Dec. 1–31—1 antlered bull by State registration permit.	Aug. 20–Sept. 15 Dec. 1–Dec. 31
SHEEP		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	1 ram with full curl horn or larger	Aug. 10–Sept. 20
COYOTE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	2 coyotes	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
FOX, ARCTIC (Blue and White Phases)		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	No limit	Dec. 1–Mar. 15
FOX, RED (including Cross, Black and Silver Phases)		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	2 foxes	Sept. 1–Feb. 15
HARE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	No limit	July 1–June 30
LYNX		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	2 lynx	Nov. 10–Feb. 28
WOLF		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rural residents of Units 6, 9, 10 (Unimak Island only), 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, and Chickaloon 	10 wolves	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
WOLVERINE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	1 wolverine	Sept. 1–Mar. 31
GROUSE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	15 grouse per day, 30 in possession	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
PTARMIGAN		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	Aug. 10–Apr. 30

(See Unit 18 Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta map)



Unit 18 consists of that area draining into the Yukon and Kuskokwim rivers downstream from a straight line drawn between Lower Kalskag and Paimiut, and the drainages flowing into the Bering Sea from Cape Newenham on the south to (and including) the Pastolik River drainage on the north; and Nunivak, St. Matthew, and adjacent islands between Cape Newenham and the Pastolik River.

Special Provisions

- The **Kalskag Controlled Use Area** is closed to the use of aircraft for hunting any ungulate, bear, wolf, or wolverine, including the transportation of any hunter and ungulate, bear, wolf, or wolverine part. The controlled use area consists of that portion of Unit 18 bounded by a line from Lower Kalskag on the Kuskokwim River, northwesterly to Russian Mission on the Yukon River; then east along the north bank of the Yukon River to the old site of Paimiut; and then back to Lower Kalskag. However, this does not apply to transportation of a hunter or ungulate, bear, wolf, or wolverine part by aircraft between publicly owned airports in the Kalskag Controlled Use Area or between a publicly owned airport within the controlled use area and points outside the controlled use area.
- No resident tag is required for taking brown bear in Unit 18, provided that the hunter has a State registration permit prior to hunting. See page 20 for bear sealing requirements.
- You may take caribou from a boat moving under power in Unit 18.
- Prior to Oct. 1 all edible meat from caribou and moose harvested in Unit 18 must remain on the bones of

the front quarters and hind quarters until the meat is removed from the field or is processed for human consumption.

- You may take a moose from a boat moving under power in that portion of Unit 18 west of a line running from the mouth of the Ishkowiik River to the closest point of Dall Lake, then to the east bank of the Johnson River at its entrance into Nunavakanukakslak Lake (N 60°59.41' Latitude; W 162°22.14' Longitude), continuing upriver along a line 1/2 mile south and east of, and paralleling a line along the southerly bank of the Johnson River to the confluence of the east bank of Crooked Creek, then continuing upriver to the outlet at Arhymot Lake, then following the south bank west to the Unit 18 border.
- You may not pursue with a motorized vehicle an ungulate that is at or near a full gallop.
- Taking of wildlife in Unit 18 while in possession of lead shot size T, .20 caliber or less in diameter, is prohibited.

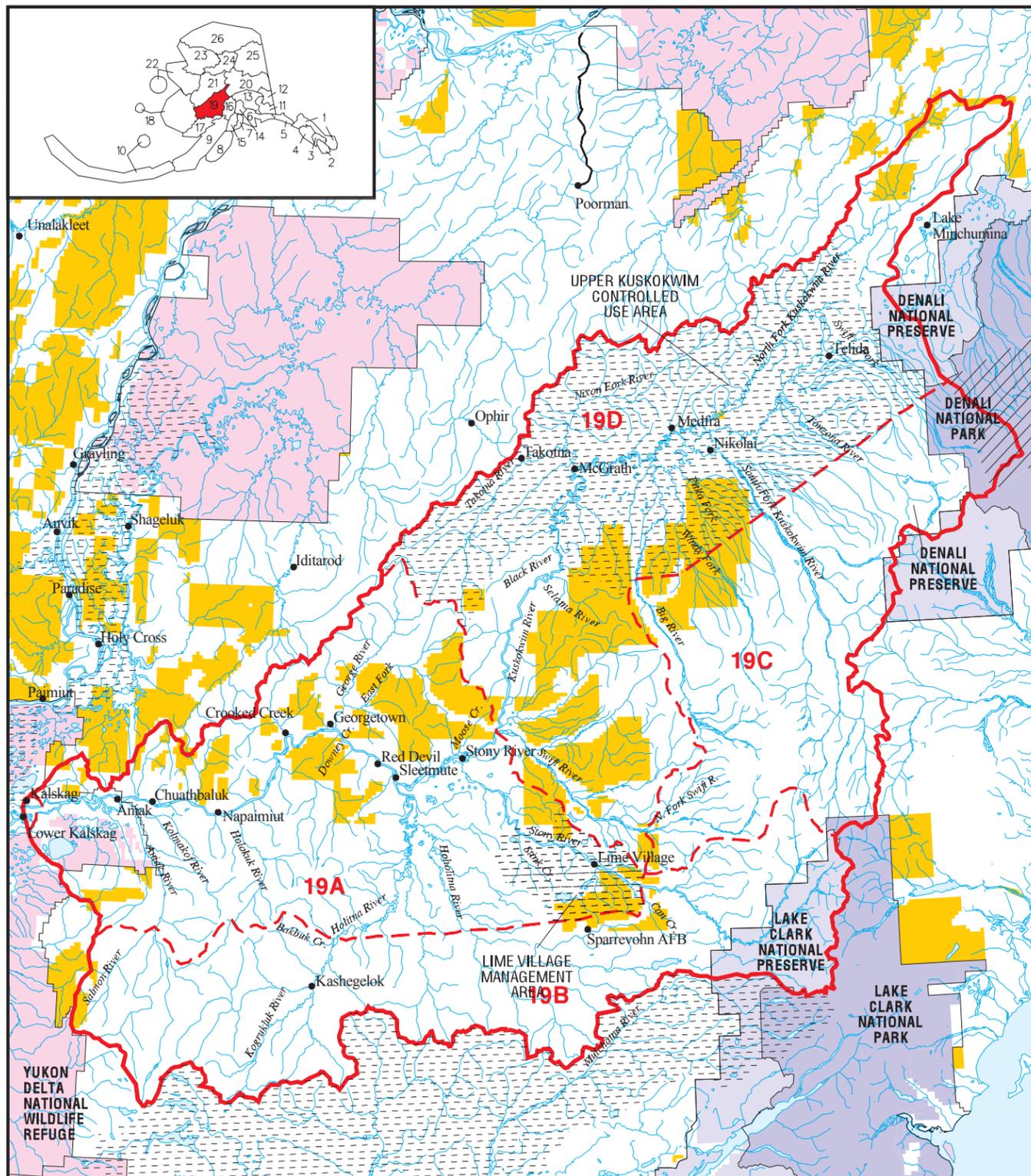
CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BLACK BEAR		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rural residents of Units 18, 19A (living downstream of the Holokuk River), Holy Cross, Stebbins, St. Michael, Togiak, and Twin Hills 	3 bear	July 1–June 30
BROWN BEAR		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rural residents of Akiachak, Akiak, Eek, Goodnews Bay, Kwethluk, Mountain Village, Napaskiak, Platinum, Quinhagak, St. Marys and Tuluksak 	1 bear by State registration permit only.	Sept. 1–May 31
CARIBOU		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit 18—Rural residents of Unit 18, Manokotak, St. Michael, Stebbins, Togiak, Twin Hills, and Upper Kalskag 	<p>Unit 18—that portion to the east and south of the Kuskokwim River—2 caribou; no more than 1 caribou may be a bull; no more than 1 caribou may be taken Aug. 1–Sept. 30 and Dec. 20–Jan. 31.</p> <p>Unit 18 remainder—2 caribou; no more than 1 caribou may be a bull; no more than 1 caribou may be taken from Aug. 1–Jan. 31.</p>	<p>Aug. 1–Sept. 30</p> <p>Dec. 20–last day of February</p> <p>Aug. 1–Mar. 15</p>

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CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
MOOSE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit 18, that portion of the Yukon River drainage upstream of Russian Mission and that portion of the Kuskokwim River drainage upstream of (but excluding) the Tuluksak River drainage—Rural residents of Unit 18, Aniak, Chuathbaluk, and Upper Kalskag Unit 18, that portion north of a line from Cape Romanzof to Kuzilvak Mountain to Mountain Village, and all drainages north of the Yukon River downstream from Marshall—Rural residents of Unit 18, St. Michael, Stebbins, and Upper Kalskag Unit 18 remainder—Rural residents of Unit 18 and Upper Kalskag 	Unit 18—that portion east of a line running from the mouth of the Ishkowik River to the closest point of Dall Lake, then to the east bank of the Johnson River at its entrance into Nunavakanukakslak Lake (N 60°59.41' Latitude; W162°22.14' Longitude), continuing upriver along a line ½ mile south and east of, and paralleling a line along the southerly bank of the Johnson River to the confluence of the east bank of Crooked Creek, then continuing upriver to the outlet at Arhymot Lake, then following the south bank east of the Unit 18 border and then north of and including the Eek River drainage. <i>Federal public lands are closed to the harvest of moose except by residents of Akiachak, Akiak, Atmautlauk, Bethel, Eek, Kalskag, Kasigluk, Kwethluk, Lower Kalskag, Napakiak, Napaskiak, Nunapitchuk, Oscarville, Tuluksak, and Tuntutuliak.</i>	No Federal open season
	Unit 18—that portion north and west of the Kashunuk River including the north bank from the mouth of the river upstream to the old village of Chakaktolik, west of a line from Chakaktolik to Mountain Village and excluding all Yukon River drainages upriver from Mountain Village— 2 moose, only one of which may be antlered. Antlered bulls may only be harvested from Aug. 1-Sept. 30.	Aug. 1—the last day of February
	Unit 18—south of and including the Kanektok River drainages to the Goodnews River drainage. <i>Federal public lands are closed to the harvest of moose.</i>	No Federal open season
	Unit 18—Goodnews River drainage, and south to the Unit 18 boundary—1 antlered bull by State registration permit. Any needed closures will be announced by the Togiak National Wildlife Refuge Manager after consultation with BLM, ADF&G, and the Chair of the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta Subsistence Regional Advisory Council.	Sept. 1–Sept. 30
	Unit 18 remainder—1 antlered bull Unit 18 remainder— 1 moose	Aug. 10–Sept. 30 Dec. 20—last day of February
MUSKOX		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No Federal subsistence priority 		No Federal open season
BEAVER		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	No limit	July 1–June 30

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CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
COYOTE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	2 coyotes	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
FOX, ARCTIC (Blue and White Phases)		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	2 foxes	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
FOX, RED (including Cross, Black and Silver Phases)		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	10 foxes; however, no more than 2 foxes may be taken prior to Oct. 1.	Sept. 1–Mar. 15
HARE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	No limit	July 1–June 30
LYNX		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	5 lynx	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
WOLF		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rural residents of Units 6, 9, 10 (Unimak Island only), 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, and Chickaloon 	10 wolves	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
WOLVERINE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	2 wolverine	Sept. 1–Mar. 31
GROUSE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	15 grouse per day, 30 in possession	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
PTARMIGAN		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	50 ptarmigan per day, 100 in possession	Aug. 10–May 30



Unit 19
Western Interior Region

McGrath

Federal Public Lands Open to Subsistence Use

- FWS Administered Land
- NPS Administered Parks
- NPS Administered Preserves
- BLM Administered Land
- USFS Administered Land

Other Symbols:

- Closed to Subsistence
- Special Management & Controlled Use Areas
- Unit Boundary
- Sub-Unit Boundaries
- Roads

(See Unit 19 McGrath map)

Unit 19 consists of the Kuskokwim River drainage upstream from a straight line drawn between Lower Kalskag and Paimiut.

Unit 19A consists of the Kuskokwim River drainage downstream from (and including) the Moose Creek drainage on the north bank; and downstream from (and including) the Stony River drainage on the south bank, excluding Unit 19B.

Unit 19B consists of the Aniak River drainage upstream from (and including) the Salmon River drainage; the Holitna River drainage upstream from (and including) the Bakbuk Creek drainage; that area south of a line from the mouth of Bakbuk Creek to the radar dome at Sparrevohn Air Force Base, including the Hoholtna River drainage upstream from that line; and the Stony River drainage upstream from (and including) the Can Creek drainage.

Unit 19C consists of that portion of Unit 19 south and east of a line from Benchmark M#1.26 (approximately 1.26 miles south of the northwest corner of the original Mount McKinley National Park boundary) to the peak of Lone Mountain; then due west to Big River, including the Big River drainage upstream from that line; and including the Swift River drainage upstream from (and including) the North Fork drainage.

Unit 19D consists of the remainder of Unit 19.

Special Provisions

- The **Upper Kuskokwim Controlled Use Area** is closed during moose hunting seasons to the use of aircraft for hunting moose, including transportation of any moose hunter or moose part. However, this does not apply to transportation of a moose hunter or moose part by aircraft between publicly owned airports in the controlled use area, or between a publicly owned airport within the area and points outside the area. The Upper Kuskokwim Controlled Use Area consists of that portion of Unit 19D upstream from the mouth of the Selatna River, but excluding the Selatna and Black river drainages; to a line extending from Dyckman Mountain on the northern Unit 19D boundary southeast to the 1,610 foot crest of Munsatli Ridge; then south along the Munsatli Ridge to the 2,981 foot peak of Telida Mountain; then northeast to the intersection of the western boundary of Denali National Preserve with the Minchumina-Telida winter trail; and then south along the western boundary of Denali National Preserve, to the southern boundary of Unit 19D.
- No resident tag is required for taking brown bear in that portion of Units 19A and 19B downstream of (and including) the Aniak River drainage; provided that the hunter has a State registration permit prior to hunting. See page 20 for bear sealing requirements.
- Bait may be used to hunt black bear between April 15–June 30.
- Federal public lands within **Denali National Park**, as it existed prior to December 2, 1980, are closed to all hunting, including the hunting of wildlife for subsistence uses. Subsistence hunting is permitted in **Denali National Preserve** and on lands added to **Denali National Park** on December 2, 1980.
- All edible meat from caribou and moose harvested in Unit 19B prior to October 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hind quarters until the meat is removed from the field or is processed for human consumption.
- National Park Service (NPS) areas**—For subsistence use, national parks and monuments are open only to NPS qualified subsistence users. Subsistence users must be local rural residents of NPS areas. For more information, contact the NPS office in Anchorage at (907) 644-3509.

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BISON		
• Units 19C and 19D—No Federal subsistence priority		No Federal open season
BLACK BEAR		
• All rural residents	3 bear	July 1–June 30

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Hunting / Unit 19

McGrath

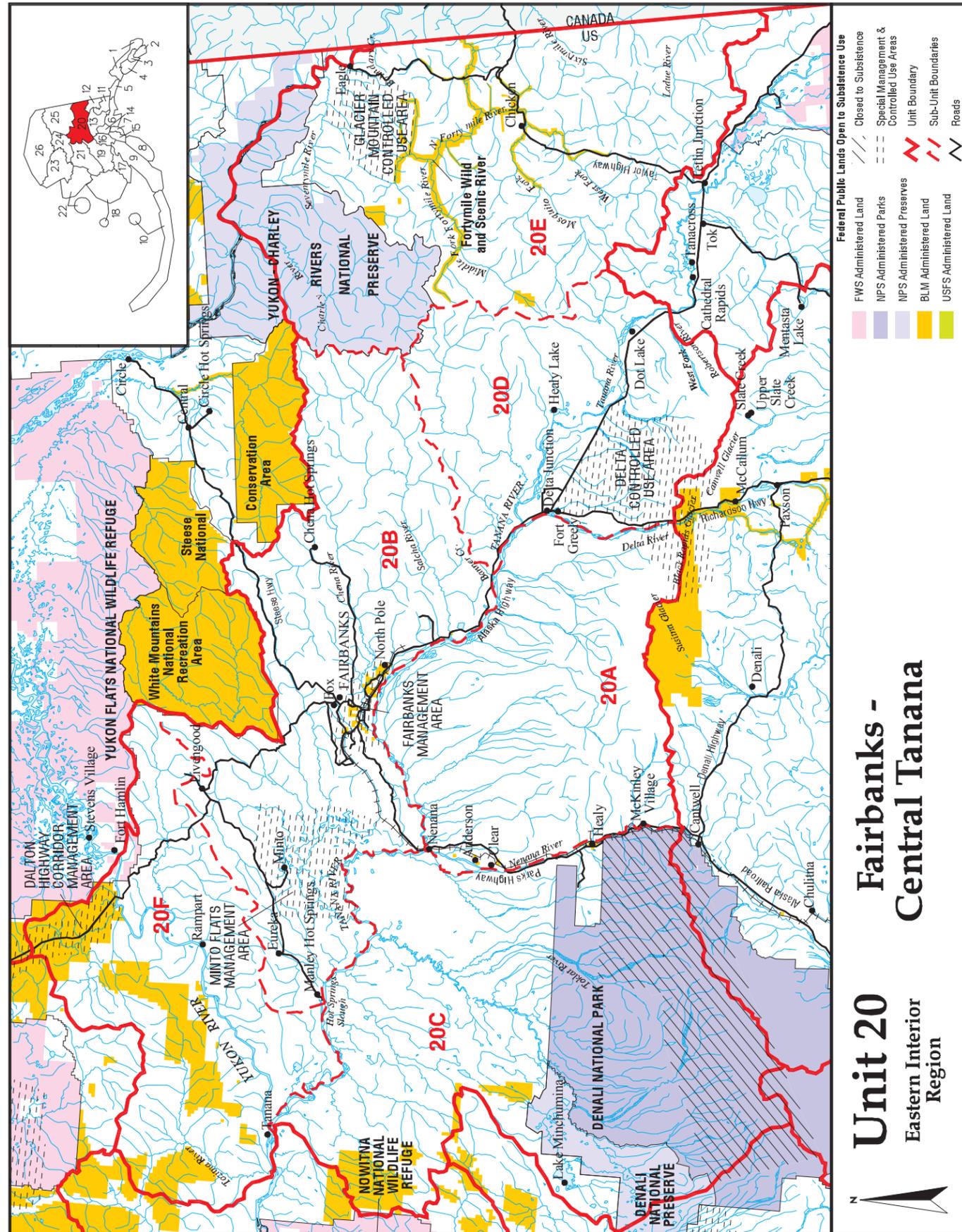
CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BROWN BEAR		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Units 19A and 19B—Rural residents of Units 19 and 18 within the Kuskokwim River drainage upstream from (and including) the Johnson River Unit 19C—No Federal subsistence priority. Unit 19D—Rural residents of Units 19A, 19D, Lower Kalskag and Tuluksak. <p>Contact ADF&G for State permit details.</p>	Units 19A and 19B, those portions which are downstream of and including the Aniak River drainage—1 bear by State registration permit only.	Aug. 10–June 30
	Units 19A, 19B remainder, and 19D—1 bear	Aug. 10–June 30
	Unit 19C	No Federal open season
CARIBOU		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Units 19A and 19B—Rural residents of Units 19A, 19B, 18 (within the Kuskokwim River drainage upstream from, and including, the Johnson River), Marshall, Pilot Station, Russian Mission, and St. Marys. Unit 19C—Rural residents of Unit 19C, Lime Village, McGrath, Nikolai, and Telida Unit 19D—Rural residents of Unit 19D, Lime Village, Sleetmute, and Stony River 	Unit 19A north of Kuskokwim River—2 caribou; no more than 1 caribou may be a bull, and no more than 1 caribou may be taken Aug. 1–Jan. 31.	Aug. 1–Mar. 15
	Units 19A south of the Kuskokwim River and 19B (excluding Lime Village)—2 caribou; no more than 1 caribou may be a bull, and no more than 1 caribou may be taken Aug. 1–Jan. 31.	Aug. 1–Mar. 15
	Unit 19C—1 caribou	Aug. 10–Oct. 10
	Unit 19D south and east of the Kuskokwim River and North Fork of the Kuskokwim River—1 caribou.	Aug. 10–Sept. 30 Nov. 1–Jan. 31
	Unit 19D remainder—1 caribou	Aug. 10–Sept. 30
	Unit 19—rural residents of Lime Village only—no individual harvest limit, but a village harvest quota of 200 caribou; cows and calves may not be taken from Apr. 1–Aug. 9. Reporting will be by a community reporting system.	July 1–June 30
	Unit 19A north of the Kuskokwim River, upstream from (but excluding) the George River drainage, and south of the Kuskokwim River upstream from (and including) the Downey Creek drainage, not including the Lime Village Management Area.	No Federal open season
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit 19B west of the Kogrukluuk River—Residents of Eek and Quinhagak Unit 19C—Rural residents of Unit 19 Unit 19D—Rural residents of Unit 19 and Lake Minchumina 	<p><i>Federal public lands are closed to the harvest of moose.</i></p> <p>Unit 19A remainder—1 antlered bull by Federal drawing permit (FM1901) or State permit.</p> <p><i>Federal public lands are closed to the harvest of moose except by residents of Aniak, Chuathbaluk, Crooked Creek, Lower Kalskag, Tuluksak, and Upper Kalskag, .</i></p>	Sept. 1–Sept. 20

- continued on next page -

McGrath

Hunting / Unit 19

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
MOOSE (Continued)		
	The Yukon Delta National Wildlife Refuge Manager, in cooperation with BLM, will annually establish the harvest quota and number of permits to be issued in coordination with the State Tier I hunt. If the allowable harvest level is reached before the regular season closing date, the refuge manager, in consultation with BLM field office manager, will announce an early closure of Federal public lands to all moose hunting.	
	Unit 19B—1 bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers, or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side.	Sept. 1–Sept. 20
	Unit 19C—1 antlered bull	Sept. 1–Sept. 20
	1 bull by State registration permit	Jan. 15–Feb. 15
	Unit 19D—that portion of the Upper Kuskokwim Controlled Use Area within the North Fork drainage upstream from the confluence of the South Fork to the mouth of the Swift River—1 antlered bull.	Sept. 1–Sept. 30
	Unit 19D, remainder of the Upper Kuskokwim Controlled Use Area—1 bull	Sept. 1–Sept. 30 Dec. 1–Feb. 28
	Unit 19D remainder—1 antlered bull	Sept. 1–Sept. 30 Dec. 1–Dec. 15
	Unit 19—Rural residents of Lime Village only—No individual harvest limit, but a village harvest quota of 28 bulls (including those taken under the State Tier I system). Reporting will be by a community reporting system.	July 1–June 30
SHEEP		
• All rural residents	1 ram with 7/8 curl or larger	Aug. 10–Sept. 20
COYOTE		
• All rural residents	10 coyotes	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
FOX		
• All rural residents	10 foxes—However, no more than 2 foxes may be taken prior to Oct. 1.	Sept. 1–Mar. 15
HARE		
• All rural residents	No limit	July 1–June 30
LYNX		
• All rural residents	2 lynx	Nov. 1–Feb. 28
WOLF		
• Rural residents of Units 6, 9, 10 (Unimak Island only), 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, and Chickaloon	Unit 19D—10 wolves per day	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
	Unit 19 remainder—5 wolves	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
WOLVERINE		
• All rural residents	1 wolverine	Sept. 1–Mar. 31
GROUSE		
• All rural residents	15 grouse per day, 30 in possession	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
PTARMIGAN		
• All rural residents	20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	Aug. 10–Apr. 30



Unit 20
Eastern Interior
Region
Fairbanks -
Central Tanana

Unit 20 / Hunting

(See Unit 20 Fairbanks-Central Tanana map)

Unit 20 consists of the Yukon River drainage upstream from (and including) the Tozitna River drainage; to (and including) the Hamlin Creek drainage; drainages into the south bank of the Yukon River upstream from (and including) the Charley River drainage, the Ladue River drainage, and Fortymile River drainage; and the Tanana River drainage north of Unit 13 and downstream from the east bank of the Robertson River.

Unit 20A consists of that portion of Unit 20 bounded on the south by the Unit 13 boundary; bounded on the east by the west bank of the Delta River; bounded on the north by the north bank of the Tanana River from its confluence with the Delta River downstream to its confluence with the Nenana River; and bounded on the west by the east bank of the Nenana River.

Unit 20B consists of drainages into the north bank of the Tanana River from (and including) Hot Springs Slough upstream to (and including) the Banner Creek drainage.

Unit 20C consists of that portion of Unit 20 bounded on the east by the east bank of the Nenana River and on the north

by the north bank of the Tanana River downstream from the Nenana River.

Unit 20D consists of that portion of Unit 20 bounded on the east by the east bank of the Robertson River, and on the west by the west bank of the Delta River; and drainages into the north bank of the Tanana River from its confluence with the Robertson River downstream to (but excluding) the Banner Creek drainage.

Unit 20E consists of drainages into the south bank of the Yukon River upstream from (and including) the Charley River drainage; and the Ladue River drainage.

Unit 20F consists of the remainder of Unit 20.

Special Provisions

- In the **Delta Controlled Use Area**, use of motorized vehicles or pack animals for hunting is prohibited from August 5–August 25. The boundary of this area is defined as: A line beginning at the confluence of Miller Creek and the Delta River; then west to vertical angle benchmark Miller; then west to include all drainages of Augustana Creek and Black Rapids Glacier; then north and east to include all drainages of McGinnis Creek to its confluence with the Delta River; then east in a straight line across the Delta River to Mile 236.7 Richardson Highway; then north along the Richardson Highway to its junction with the Alaska Highway; then east along the Alaska Highway to the west bank of the Johnson River; then south along the west bank of the Johnson River and Johnson Glacier to the head of the Canwell Glacier; and then west along the north bank of the Canwell Glacier and Miller Creek to the Delta River.
- The **Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area**, which consists of those portions of Units 20, 24, 25, and 26 extending five miles from each side of the Dalton Highway from the Yukon River to Prudhoe Bay, is closed to the use of motorized vehicles, except aircraft and boats, and to licensed highway vehicles, snowmobiles, and firearms except as provided below. The use of snowmobiles is authorized only for the subsistence taking of wildlife by residents living within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area. The use of licensed highway vehicles is limited only to designated roads within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area. The use of firearms within the Dalton Highway Corridor for subsistence taking of wildlife is authorized only for the residents of Alatna, Allakaket, Anaktuvuk Pass, Bettles, Evansville, Stevens Village, and residents living within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area.
- The **Glacier Mountain Controlled Use Area** is closed to the use of any motorized vehicle for hunting from August 5–September 20. However, this does not prohibit motorized access via, or transportation of harvested wildlife on, the Taylor Highway or any airport. The Glacier Mountain Controlled Use Area consists of that portion of Unit 20E bounded by a line beginning at Mile 140 of the Taylor Highway; then north along the Taylor Highway to Eagle; then west along the cat trail from Eagle to Crooked Creek; then from Crooked Creek southwest along the west bank of Mogul Creek to its headwaters on North Peak; then west across North Peak to the headwaters of Independence Creek; then southwest along the west bank of Independence Creek to its confluence with the North Fork of the Fortymile River; then easterly along the south bank of the North Fork of the Fortymile River to its confluence with Champion Creek; then across the North Fork of the Fortymile River to the south bank of Champion Creek, and easterly along the south bank of Champion Creek to its confluence with Little Champion Creek; then northeasterly in a direct line to Mile 140 on the Taylor Highway.
- You may hunt moose by bow and arrow only in the **Fairbanks Management Area**. This area consists of that portion of Unit 20B bounded by a line from the confluence of Rosie Creek and the Tanana River, northerly along Rosie Creek to Isberg Road; then northeasterly on Isberg Road to Cripple Creek Road; then northeasterly on Cripple Creek Road to the Parks

Special Provisions (continued)

Highway; then north on the Parks Highway to Alder Creek; then westerly to the middle fork of Rosie Creek through section 26 to the Parks Highway; then east along the Parks Highway to Alder Creek; then upstream along Alder Creek to its confluence with Emma Creek; then upstream along Emma Creek to its headwaters; then northerly along the hydrographic divide between Goldstream Creek drainages and Cripple Creek drainages to the summit of Ester Dome; then down Sheep Creek to its confluence with Goldstream Creek; then easterly along Goldstream Creek to Sheep Creek Road; then north on Sheep Creek Road to Murphy Dome Road; then west on Murphy Dome Road to Old Murphy Dome Road; then east on Old Murphy Dome Road to the Elliot Highway; then south on the Elliot Highway to Goldstream Creek; then easterly along Goldstream Creek to its confluence with First Chance Creek, Davidson Ditch, and then southeasterly along the Davidson Ditch to its confluence with the tributary to Goldstream Creek in Section 29; then downstream along the tributary to its confluence with Goldstream Creek; then in a straight line to First Chance Creek; then up First Chance Creek to Tungsten Hill; then southerly along Steele Creek to its confluence with Ruby Creek; then upstream along Ruby Creek to Esro Road; then south on Esro Road to Chena Hot Springs Road; then east on Chena Hot Springs Road to Nordale Road; then south on Nordale Road to the Chena River, to its intersection with the Trans-Alaska Pipeline right-of-way; then southeasterly along the easterly edge of the Trans-Alaska Pipeline right-of-way to the Chena River; then along the north bank of the Chena River to the Moose Creek dike; then southerly along the Moose Creek dike to its intersection with the Tanana River; and then westerly along the north bank of the Tanana River to the point of beginning.

- The **Minto Flats Management Area** is open to moose hunting by permit only. This area consists of that portion of Unit 20 bounded by the Elliot Highway beginning at Mile 118; then northeasterly to Mile 96; then east to the Tolovana Hotsprings Dome; then east to the Winter Cat Trail; then along the Cat Trail south to the Old Telegraph Trail at Dunbar; then westerly along the trail to a point where it joins the Tanana River three miles above Old Minto; then along the north bank of the Tanana River (including all channels and sloughs except Swan Neck Slough), to the confluence of the Tanana and Tolovana rivers; and then northerly to the point of beginning.

- You may use bait to hunt black bear between April 15 and June 30; you may use bait to hunt wolves on FWS and BLM lands.
- The taking of up to three moose per regulatory year by the residents of Units 20 and 21 is allowed for the celebration known as the Nuchalawoyya Potlatch, under the terms of a Federal registration permit issued by the Koyukuk/Nowitna National Wildlife Refuge Manager. Permits will be issued to individuals only at the request of the Native Village of Tanana. This three moose limit is not cumulative with that permitted by the State.
- Federal public lands within **Denali National Park**, as it existed prior to December 2, 1980, are closed to all hunting, including the hunting of wildlife for subsistence uses. Subsistence hunting is permitted in **Denali National Preserve** and on lands added to **Denali National Park** on December 2, 1980.
- **National Park Service (NPS) areas**—For subsistence use, national parks and monuments are open only to NPS qualified subsistence users. Subsistence users must be local rural residents of NPS areas. For more information, contact the NPS office in Anchorage at (907) 644-3509.

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BISON		
• Unit 20D—No Federal subsistence priority		No Federal open season
• Unit 20 remainder—All rural residents		
BLACK BEAR		
• Unit 20F—Rural residents of Unit 20F, Manley, and Stevens Village	3 bear	July 1–June 30
• Unit 20 remainder—All rural residents		
BROWN BEAR		
• Unit 20E—Rural residents of Unit 12 and Dot Lake	Unit 20A—1 bear	Sept. 1–May 31
	Unit 20E—1 bear	Aug. 10–June 30
• Unit 20F—Rural residents of Unit 20F, Manley, and Stevens Village	Unit 20 remainder—1 bear	Sept. 1–May 31
• Unit 20 remainder—All rural residents		
CARIBOU		
• Unit 20A—Rural residents of Cantwell, Nenana, and the area between mileposts 216–239 of the Parks Highway. No subsistence priority for residents of households of the Denali National Park headquarters	Units 20A, 20B, 20C and 20D	No Federal open season
• Unit 20B—Rural residents of Unit 20B, Nenana, and Tanana	Unit 20E—1 caribou; a joint State/Federal registration permit is required. During the Aug. 10–Sept. 30 season the harvest is restricted to 1 bull. The harvest quota between Aug. 10–29 in Units 20E, 20F, and 25C is 100 caribou. During the Nov. 1–Mar. 31 season, area closures or hunt restrictions may be announced when Nelchina caribou are present in a mix of more than 1 Nelchina caribou to 15 Fortymile caribou, except when the number of caribou present is low enough that less than 50 Nelchina caribou will be harvested regardless of the mixing ratio for the two herds.	Aug. 10–Sept. 30 Nov. 1–Mar. 31
• Unit 20C—Rural residents of Unit 20C (living east of the Teklanika River), Cantwell, Lake Minchumina, Manley Hot Springs, Minto, Nenana, Nikolai, Tanana, Telida, and the area between mileposts 216–239 and 300–309 of the Parks Highway. No subsistence priority for residents of households of the Denali National Park headquarters	Unit 20F north of the Yukon River—1 caribou	Aug. 10–Mar. 31
• Units 20D and 20E—Rural residents of Units 12 (north of Wrangell-St. Elias National Preserve), 20D, and 20E	Unit 20F east of the Dalton Highway and south of the Yukon River—1 caribou; a joint State/Federal registration permit is required. During the Aug. 10–Sept. 30 season the harvest is restricted to 1 bull. The harvest quota between Aug. 10–29 in Units 20E, 20F, and 25C, is 100 caribou.	Aug. 10–Sept. 30 Nov. 1–Mar. 31
• Unit 20F—Rural residents of Units 20F, 25D, and Manley	Unit 20F remainder	No Federal open season
<i>State/Federal permits are available from ADF&G in Tok. Call 883-2971 for more information.</i>		
MOOSE		
• Unit 20A—Rural residents of Cantwell, Minto, McKinley Village, Nenana, and the area between mileposts 216–239 of the Parks Highway. No Federal subsistence priority for residents of the households of Denali National Park headquarters	Unit 20A—1 antlered bull	Sept. 1–Sept. 20
	Unit 20B—that portion within the Minto Flats Management Area—1 bull by Federal registration permit only.	Sept. 1–Sept. 20 Jan. 10–Feb. 28
	Unit 20B remainder—1 antlered bull	Sept. 1–Sept. 20

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Hunting / Unit 20

Fairbanks-Central Tanana

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS	
MOOSE (Continued)			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit 20B Minto Flats Management Area—Residents of Minto and Nenana Unit 20B remainder—Rural residents of Unit 20B, Nenana, and Tanana Unit 20C—Rural residents of Unit 20C (except that portion within Denali National Park and Preserve and that portion east of the Teklanika River), Cantwell, Manley, McKinley Village, Minto, Nenana, Nikolai, Tanana, Telida, and the area between mileposts 216–239 and 300–309 of the Parks Highway. No Federal subsistence priority for residents of the households of the Denali National Park headquarters Unit 20D—Rural residents of Unit 20D and Tanacross Unit 20E—Rural residents of Units 20E, 12 (north of the Wrangell-St. Elias National Preserve), Circle, Central, Dot Lake, Healy Lake, and Mentasta Lake Unit 20F—Rural residents of Unit 20F, Manley, Minto, and Stevens Village <p><i>Federal permits are available from the BLM Northern Field office in Fairbanks, or the Arctic Interagency Visitor Center in Coldfoot (for hunting in the Dalton Highway Corridor only). (See directory at the end of this book for addresses.)</i></p>	Unit 20C—that portion within Denali National Park and Preserve west of the Toklat River, excluding lands within Denali National Park as it existed prior to Dec. 2, 1980—1 antlered bull; however, white-phased or partial albino (more than 50 percent white) moose may not be taken.	Sept. 1–Sept. 30 Nov. 15–Dec. 15	
	Unit 20C remainder—1 antlered bull; however, white-phased or partial albino (more than 50 percent white) moose may not be taken.	Sept. 1–Sept. 30	
	Unit 20D	No Federal open season	
	Unit 20E—that portion within Yukon-Charley Rivers National Preserve—1 bull.	Aug. 20–Sept. 30	
	Unit 20E—that portion drained by the Middle Fork of the Fortymile River upstream from and including the Joseph Creek drainage—1 bull.	Aug. 20–Sept. 30	
	Unit 20E remainder—1 bull by joint State/Federal registration permit.	Aug. 24–Sept. 25	
	Unit 20F—that portion within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area—1 antlered bull by Federal registration permit (FM2002) only.	Sept. 1–Sept. 25	
	Unit 20F remainder—1 antlered bull	Sept. 1–Sept. 25 Dec. 1–Dec. 10	
	SHEEP		
	• All rural residents		No Federal open season
BEAVER			
• All rural residents	Unit 20E Yukon-Charley Rivers National Preserve—6 beaver per season. Meat from harvested beaver must be salvaged for human consumption.	Sept. 20–May 15	
COYOTE			
• All rural residents	10 coyotes	Aug. 10–Apr. 30	
FOX			
• All rural residents	10 foxes; however, no more than 2 foxes may be taken prior to Oct. 1.	Sept. 1–Mar. 15	
HARE			
• All rural residents	No limit	July 1–June 30	
LYNX			
• All rural residents	Units 20A, 20B, and that portion of 20C east of the Teklanika River—2 lynx.	Dec. 1–Jan. 31	
	Unit 20E—2 lynx	Nov. 1–Jan. 31	
	Unit 20 remainder—2 lynx	Dec. 1–Jan. 31	

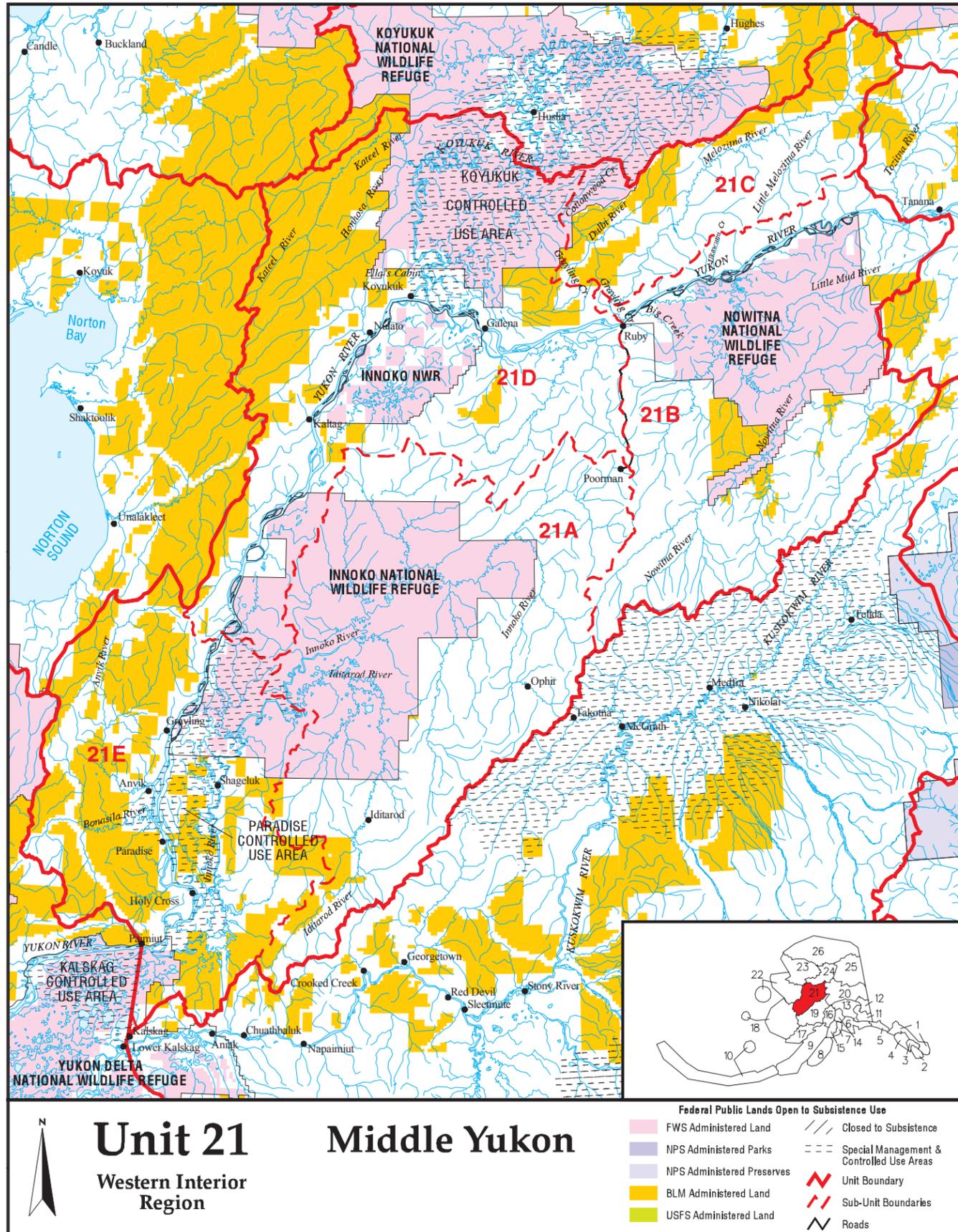
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Fairbanks-Central Tanana

Hunting / Unit 20

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
MUSKRAT		
• All rural residents	Unit 20E—that portion within Yukon-Charley Rivers National Preserve—No limit.	Sept. 20–June 10
	Unit 20C—that portion within Denali National Park and Preserve—25 muskrat.	Nov. 1–June 10
	Unit 20 remainder	No Federal open season
WOLF		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit 20F—Rural residents of Unit 20F, Stevens Village, and Manley Unit 20 remainder—Rural residents of Units 6, 9, 10 (Unimak Island only), 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, and Chickaloon 	Unit 20—10 wolves	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
	Unit 20C—that portion within Denali National Park and Preserve—1 wolf during the Aug. 10–Oct. 31 period; 5 wolves during the Nov. 1–Apr. 30 period, for a total of 6 wolves for the season.	Aug. 10–Oct. 31 Nov. 1–Apr. 30
	Unit 20C remainder—10 wolves	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
	WOLVERINE	
• All rural residents	1 wolverine	Sept. 1–Mar. 31
GROUSE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit 20D—Rural residents of Units 11, 13, 15, 16, 20D, 22, 23, and Chickaloon Unit 20 remainder—All rural residents 	15 grouse per day, 30 in possession	Aug. 10–Mar. 31
	PTARMIGAN	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit 20D—Rural residents of Units 11, 13, 15, 16, 20D, 22, 23, and Chickaloon Unit 20 remainder—All rural residents 	Unit 20—those portions within five miles of Alaska Route 5 (Taylor Highway, both to Eagle and the Alaska-Canada boundary) and that portion of the Richardson Highway south of Delta Junction—20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession.	Aug. 10–Mar. 31
	Unit 20 remainder—20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	Aug. 10–Apr. 30

(See Unit 21 Middle Yukon map)



Unit 21 consists of drainages into the Yukon River upstream from Paimiut to (but excluding) the Tozitna River drainage on the north bank; and to (but excluding) the Tanana River drainage on the south bank; and excluding the Koyukuk River drainage upstream from the Dulbi River drainage.

Unit 21A consists of the Innoko River drainage upstream from (and including) the Iditarod River drainage.

Unit 21B consists of the Yukon River drainage upstream from Ruby and east of the Ruby-Poorman Road; downstream from (but excluding) the Tozitna River and Tanana River drainages; and excluding the Melozitna River drainage upstream from Grayling Creek.

Unit 21C consists of the Melozitna River drainage upstream from Grayling Creek; and the Dulbi River drainage upstream from (and including) the Cottonwood Creek drainage.

Unit 21D consists of the Yukon River drainage from (and including) the Blackburn Creek drainage upstream to Ruby; including the area west of the Ruby-Poorman Road; excluding the Koyukuk River drainage upstream from the Dulbi River drainage; and excluding the Dulbi River drainage upstream from Cottonwood Creek.

Unit 21E consists of the Yukon River drainage from Paimiut upstream to (but excluding) the Blackburn Creek drainage; and the Innoko River drainage downstream from the Iditarod River drainage.

Special Provisions

- **The Koyukuk Controlled Use Area** is closed during moose hunting seasons to the use of aircraft for hunting moose, including transportation of any moose hunter or moose part. However, this does not apply to transportation of a moose hunter or moose part by aircraft between publicly owned airports in the controlled use area or between a publicly owned airport within the area and points outside the controlled use area. All hunters on the Koyukuk River passing the ADF&G operated check station at Ella's Cabin (15 miles upstream from the Yukon on the Koyukuk River) are required to stop and report to ADF&G personnel at the check station. The Koyukuk Controlled Use Area consists of those portions of Units 21 and 24 bounded by a line from the north bank of the Yukon River at Koyukuk at 64°52.58' N. Lat., 157°43.10' W. Long.; then northerly to the confluences of the Honhosa and Kateel rivers at 65°28.42' N. Lat., 157°44.89' W. Long.; then northeasterly to the confluences of Billy Hawk Creek and the Huslia River (65°57' N. Lat., 156°41' W. Long.) at 65°56.66' N. Lat., 156°40.81' W. Long.; then easterly to the confluence of the forks of the Dakli River at 66°02.56' N. Lat., 156°12.71' W. Long.; then easterly to the confluence of McLanes Creek and the Hogatza River at 66°00.31' N. Lat., 155°18.57' W. Long.; then southwesterly to the crest of the Hochandochtla Mountain at 65°31.87' N. Lat., 154°52.18' W. Long.; then southwest to the mouth of Cottonwood Creek at 65°13.00' N. Lat., 156°06.43' W. Long.; then southwest to Bishop Rock (Yistletaw) at 64°49.35' N. Lat., 157°21.73' W. Long.; and then westerly along the north bank of the Yukon River (including Koyukuk Island) to the point of beginning.
- **The Paradise Controlled Use Area** is closed during moose hunting seasons to the use of aircraft for hunting moose, including transportation of any moose hunter or part of moose. However, this does not apply to transportation of a moose hunter or part of moose by aircraft between publicly owned airports in the controlled use area or between a publicly owned airport within the area and points outside the controlled use area. The Paradise Controlled Use Area consists of that portion of Unit 21 bounded by a line beginning at the old village of Paimiut; then north along the west bank of the Yukon River to Paradise; then northwest to the mouth of Stanstrom Creek on the Bonasila River; then northeast to the mouth of the Anvik River; then along the west bank of the Yukon River to the lower end of Eagle Island (approx. 45 miles north of Grayling); then to the mouth of the Iditarod River; then down the east bank of the Innoko River to its confluence with Paimiut Slough; then south along the east bank of Paimiut Slough to its mouth; and then to the old village of Paimiut.
- You may hunt brown bear by State registration permit in lieu of a resident tag in Unit 21D if you have a State registration permit prior to hunting. Aircraft may not be used in any manner for brown bear hunting under the authority of a brown bear State registration permit, including transportation of hunters, bear, or parts of bear. However, this does not apply to transportation of bear hunters or bear parts by regularly scheduled flights to and between communities by carriers that normally provide scheduled service to this area, nor does it apply to transportation of aircraft to or between publicly owned airports. See page 20 for bear sealing requirements.

Special Provisions (continued)

- You may use bait to hunt black bear between April 15–June 30; and in the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area, you may also use bait to hunt black bear between September 1–September 25.
- All edible meat of the front quarters, hind quarters, and ribs from moose harvested in Unit 21 prior to October 1 must remain on the bones until the meat is removed from the field or is processed for human consumption.
- The taking of up to three moose per regulatory year by the residents of Units 20 and 21 is allowed for the celebration known as the Nuchalawoyya Potlatch, under the terms of a Federal registration permit issued by the Koyukuk/Nowitna National Wildlife Refuge Manager. Permits will be issued to individuals only at

the request of the Native Village of Tanana. This three moose limit is not cumulative with that permitted by the State.

- The taking of up to three moose per regulatory year by the residents of Unit 21 is allowed for the celebration known as the Kaltag/Nulato Stickdance, under the terms of a Federal registration permit issued by the Koyukuk/Nowitna National Wildlife Refuge Manager. Permits will be issued to individuals only at the request of the Native Village of Kaltag or Nulato. This three moose limit is not cumulative with that permitted by the State.

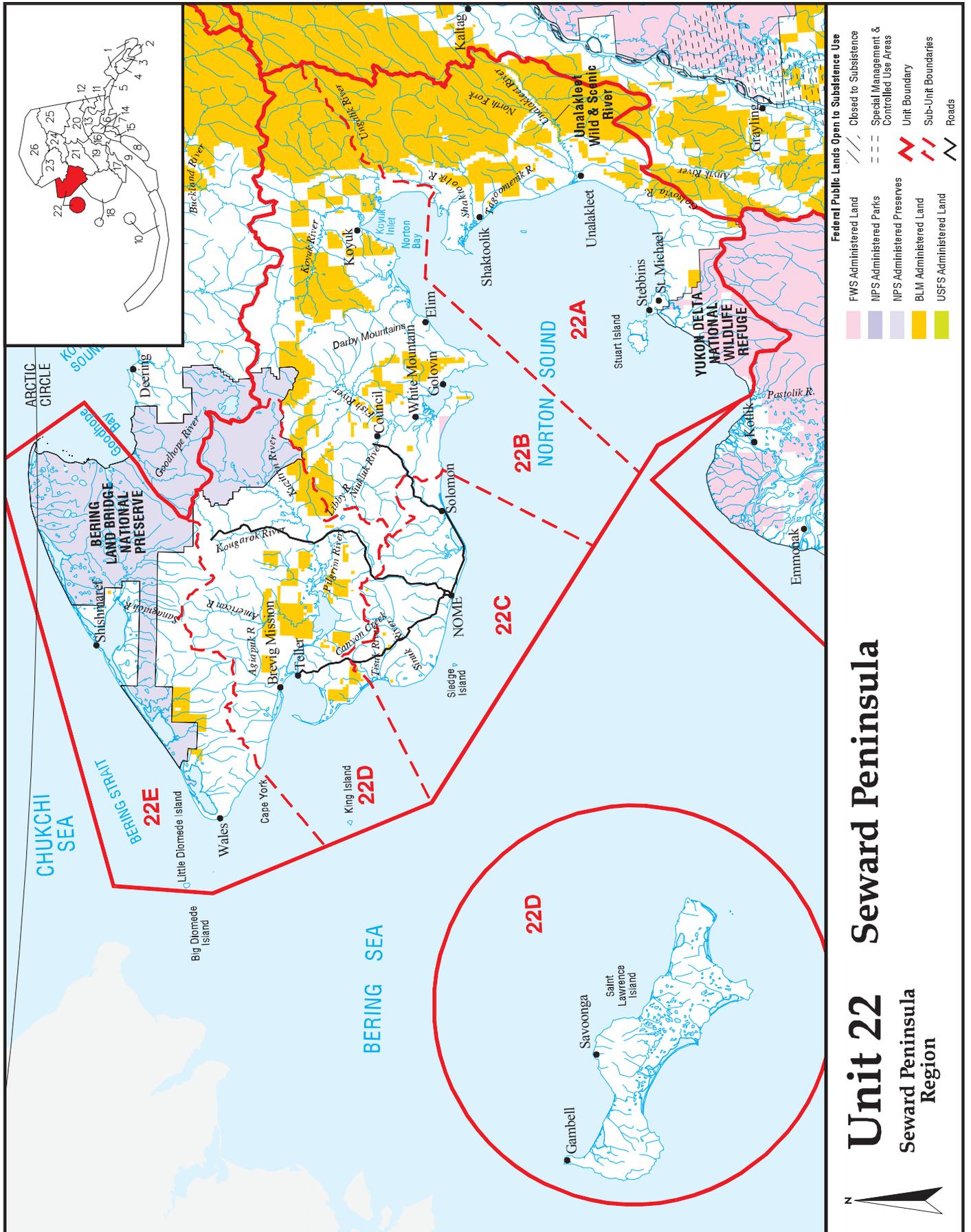
CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BLACK BEAR		
• All rural residents	3 bear	July 1–June 30
BROWN BEAR		
• Rural residents of Units 21 and 23	Unit 21D—1 bear by State registration permit only.	Aug. 10–June 30
	Unit 21 remainder—1 bear	Aug. 10–June 30
CARIBOU		
• Unit 21A—Rural residents of Units 21A, 21D, 21E, Aniak, Chuathbaluk, Crooked Creek, McGrath, and Takotna	Unit 21A—1 caribou	Aug. 10–Sept. 30 Dec. 10–Dec. 20
• Units 21B and 21C—Rural residents of Units 21B, 21C, 21D, and Tanana	Unit 21B, that portion north of the Yukon River and downstream from Ukawutni Creek.	No Federal open season
	Unit 21C, the Dulbi and Melozitna river drainages downstream from Big Creek.	No Federal open season
• Unit 21D—Rural residents of Units 21B, 21C, 21D, and Huslia	Units 21B remainder, 21C remainder, and 21E—1 caribou	Aug. 10–Sept. 30
• Unit 21E—Rural residents of Units 21A, 21E, Aniak, Chuathbaluk, Crooked Creek, McGrath, and Takotna	Unit 21D north of the Yukon River and east of the Koyukuk River—Caribou may be taken during a winter season to be announced by the Koyukuk/Nowitna National Wildlife Refuge Manager and BLM Central Yukon Field Office Manager in consultation with ADF&G and the chairs of the Western Interior Alaska Subsistence Regional Advisory Council, and the Middle Yukon and Ruby Fish and Game Advisory Committees.	Winter season to be announced
	Unit 21D remainder—5 caribou per day; however, cow caribou may not be taken May 16–June 30	July 1–June 30
MOOSE		
• Unit 21A—Rural residents of Units 21A, 21E, Aniak, Crooked Creek, McGrath, and Takotna	Unit 21B—that part of the Nowitna River drainage downstream from (and including) the Little Mud River drainage—1 bull; a State registration permit is required during Sept. 5–25. A Federal registration permit (FM2101) is required during the Sept. 26–Oct. 1 season.	Sept. 5–Oct. 1
• Units 21B and 21C—Rural residents of Units 21B, 21C, Galena, Ruby, and Tanana		

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CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
MOOSE (continued)		
• Unit 21D—Rural residents of Unit 21D, Huslia, and Ruby	Unit 21B—that part of the Nowitna River drainage downstream from (and including) the Little Mud River drainage—1 antlered bull. A Federal registration permit is required during the five-day season and shall be limited to one per household. The five-day season may be announced by the Koyukuk/Nowitna National Wildlife Refuge Manager after consultation with ADF&G and the Chairs of the Western Interior Alaska Subsistence Regional Advisory Council and the Ruby Fish and Game Advisory Committee.	Five-day, to-be-announced season between Dec. 1 and Mar. 31
	Units 21A and 21B remainder—1 bull	Aug. 20–Sept. 25 Nov. 1–Nov. 30
	Unit 21C—1 antlered bull	Sept. 5–Sept. 25
	Unit 21D—Koyukuk Controlled Use Area—1 bull; 1 antlerless moose by Federal registration permit if authorized by announcement by the Koyukuk/Nowitna NWR manager. Harvest of cow moose accompanied by calves is prohibited. A harvestable surplus of cows will be determined for a quota.	Sept. 1–Sept. 25
	<i>Or</i> 1 antlered bull by Federal registration permit, if there is no Mar. 1–5 season and if authorized by announcement by the Koyukuk/Nowitna NWR manager and BLM Central Yukon field office manager. A harvestable surplus of bulls will be determined for a quota. Announcement for the Mar. and Apr. seasons and harvest quotas will be made after consultation with the ADF&G area biologist and the Chairs of the Western Interior Alaska Regional Advisory Council and Middle Yukon and Koyukuk River Fish and Game Advisory Committees.	Mar. 1–Mar. 5 season to be announced. Apr. 10–Apr. 15 season to be announced.
	Unit 21D remainder—1 moose; however, antlerless moose may be taken only during Sept. 21–25 and the Mar. 1–5 season, if authorized jointly by the Koyukuk/Nowitna National Wildlife Refuge Manager and the BLM Central Yukon Field Office Manager. Harvest of cow moose accompanied by calves is prohibited. During the Aug. 22–Aug. 31 and Sept. 5–Sept. 25 seasons, a State registration permit is required. During the Mar. 1–5 season, a Federal registration permit is required. Announcement for the antlerless moose seasons and cow quotas will be made after consultation with the ADF&G Area Biologist and the Chairs of the Western Interior Alaska Subsistence Regional Advisory Council and Middle Yukon Fish and Game Advisory Committees.	Aug. 22–Aug. 31 Sept. 5–Sept. 25 Mar. 1–Mar. 5 season to be announced.

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CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
<p>MOOSE (Continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit 21E South of a line beginning at the western boundary of Unit 21E near the mouth of Paimiut Slough, extending east-erly along the south bank of Paimiut Slough to Upper High Bank, and southeasterly in the direction of Molybdenum Mountain to the juncture of Units 19A, 21A, and 21E—Rural residents of Unit 21E, Aniak, Chuathbaluk, Kalskag, Lower Kalskag, and Russian Mission Unit 21E remainder—Rural residents of Unit 21E and Russian Mission 	<p>Unit 21E—1 moose; however, only bulls may be taken from Aug. 25–Sept. 30. During the Feb. 15–Mar. 15 season a Federal registration permit (FM2104) is required. The permit conditions and any needed closures for the winter season will be announced by the Innoko NWR manager after consultation with the ADF&G Area Biologist and the Chairs of the Western Interior Alaska Subsistence Regional Advisory Council and Middle Yukon Fish and Game Advisory Committees. Moose may not be taken within one-half mile of the Innoko or Yukon River during the winter season.</p>	<p>Aug. 25–Sept. 30 Feb. 15–Mar. 15</p>
<p>BEAVER</p>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	<p>Unit 21E—No limit Unit 21 remainder</p>	<p>Nov. 1–June 10 No Federal open season</p>
<p>COYOTE</p>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	<p>10 coyotes</p>	<p>Aug. 10–Apr. 30</p>
<p>FOX</p>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	<p>10 foxes; however, no more than 2 foxes may be taken prior to Oct. 1.</p>	<p>Sept. 1–Mar. 15</p>
<p>HARE</p>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	<p>No limit</p>	<p>July 1–June 30</p>
<p>LYNX</p>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	<p>2 lynx</p>	<p>Nov. 1–Feb. 28</p>
<p>WOLF</p>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rural residents of Units 6, 9, 10 (Unimak Island only), 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, and Chickaloon 	<p>5 wolves</p>	<p>Aug. 10–Apr. 30</p>
<p>WOLVERINE</p>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	<p>1 wolverine</p>	<p>Sept. 1–Mar. 31</p>
<p>GROUSE</p>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	<p>15 grouse per day, 30 in possession</p>	<p>Aug. 10–Apr. 30</p>
<p>PTARMIGAN</p>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	<p>20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession</p>	<p>Aug. 10–Apr. 30</p>



Unit 22 / Hunting

(See Unit 22 Seward Peninsula map)

Unit 22 consists of Bering Sea, Norton Sound, Bering Strait, Chukchi Sea, and Kotzebue Sound drainages from (but excluding) the Pastolik River drainage in southern Norton Sound, to (but excluding) the Goodhope River drainage in Southern Kotzebue Sound; and all adjacent islands in the Bering Sea between the mouths of the Goodhope and Pastolik rivers.

Unit 22A consists of Norton Sound drainages from (but excluding) the Pastolik River drainage to (and including) the Ungalik River drainage; and Stuart and Besboro islands.

Unit 22B consists of Norton Sound drainages from (but excluding) the Ungalik River drainage to, and including, the Topkok Creek drainage.

Unit 22C consists of Norton Sound and Bering Sea drainages from (but excluding) the Topkok Creek drainage to (and including) the Tisuk River drainage; and King and Sledge islands.

Special Provisions

- You may hunt brown bear by State registration permit in lieu of a resident tag in Unit 22 if you have a State registration permit prior to hunting. Aircraft may not be used in any manner for brown bear hunting under the authority of a brown bear State registration permit, including transportation of hunters, bear, or parts of bear; however, this does not apply to transportation of bear hunters or bear parts by regularly scheduled flights to and between communities by carriers that normally provide scheduled service to this area, nor does it apply to transportation of aircraft to or between publicly owned airports. See page 20 for bear sealing requirements.
- A snowmachine may be used to position a hunter to select individual caribou for harvest, provided that the animal is not shot from a moving snowmachine.
- National Park Service (NPS) areas**—For subsistence use, national parks and monuments are open only to NPS qualified subsistence users. Subsistence users must be local rural residents of NPS areas. For more information, contact the NPS office in Anchorage at (907) 644-3509.

Unit 22D consists of that portion of Unit 22 draining into the Bering Sea north of (but excluding) the Tisuk River to (and including) Cape York and St. Lawrence Island.

Unit 22E consists of the Bering Sea, Bering Strait, Chukchi Sea, and Kotzebue Sound drainages from Cape York to (but excluding) the Goodhope River drainage, including Little Diomed Island and Fairway Rock.

- The taking of one bull moose (FM2211) and up to three muskoxen (FX2209) by the community of Wales is allowed for the celebration of the Kingikmuit Dance Festival under the terms of a Federal registration permit issued by the Bering Land Bridge National Preserve Superintendent. Permits will be issued to individuals only at the request of the Native Village of Wales. The harvest may only occur within regularly established seasons in Unit 22E. The harvest will count against any established quota for the area.
- A Federally qualified subsistence user (recipient) may designate another Federally qualified subsistence user (designated hunter) to take muskoxen on their behalf, unless the recipient is a member of a community operating under a community harvest system. The designated hunter must get a designated hunter permit, and must return a completed harvest report. The designated hunter may hunt for any number of recipients in the course of a season, but have no more than two harvest limits in their possession at any one time; except in Unit 22E where a resident of Wales or Shishmaref acting as a designated hunter may hunt for any number of recipients, but have no more than four harvest limits in their possession at any one time.

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BLACK BEAR		
• Unit 22A—Rural residents of Unit 22A and Koyuk	Units 22A and 22B—3 bear	July 1–June 30
• Unit 22B—Rural residents of Unit 22B	Unit 22 remainder	No Federal open season
• Unit 22 remainder—No Federal subsistence priority		

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CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BROWN BEAR		
• Unit 22—Rural residents of Unit 22	Units 22A, 22B, 22D, and 22E—1 bear by State registration permit only	Aug. 1–May 31
<i>Contact ADF&G for State permit details.</i>	Unit 22C—1 bear by State registration permit only.	Aug. 1–Oct. 31
		May 10–May 25
CARIBOU		
• Unit 22A—Rural residents of Units 21D (west of the Koyukuk and Yukon rivers), 22 (except St. Lawrence Island), 23, 24, Alakanuk, Chevak, Emmonak, Hooper Bay, Kotlik, Marshall, Mountain Village, Nunam Iqua, Pilot Station, Pitka's Point, Russian Mission, Scammon Bay, and St. Marys	Units 22B west of Golovin Bay and west of a line along the west bank of the Fish and Niukluk rivers (excluding the Libby River drainage)—5 caribou per day.	Oct. 1–Apr. 30 From May 1–Sept. 30, the season may be opened by announcement of the BLM Anchorage Field Office Manager in consultation with ADF&G.
• Unit 22 remainder—Rural residents of Units 21D (west of the Koyukuk and Yukon rivers), 22 (except St. Lawrence Island), 23, and 24	Units 22A, 22B remainder—that portion of Unit 22D in the Kougaruk, Kuzitrin (excluding the Pilgrim River drainage), American, and Agiapuk river drainages; and Unit 22E, that portion east of (and including) the Sanaguich River drainage—5 caribou per day; however, cow caribou may not be taken May 16–June 30.	July 1–June 30
	Unit 22 remainder	No Federal open season
MOOSE		
• Unit 22—Rural residents of Unit 22	Unit 22A—that portion north of and including the Tagoomenik and Shaktoolik river drainages—1 bull.	Aug. 1–Sept. 30
<i>Federal permits are available from the NPS, Bering Land Bridge National Preserve office in Nome; or the BLM office in Nome. (See directory at the end of this book for addresses.)</i>	<i>Federal public lands are closed to the harvest of moose except by residents of Unit 22A.</i>	
	Unit 22A—that portion in the Unalakleet River drainage and all drainages flowing into Norton Sound north of the Golsovia River and south of the Tagoomenik and Shaktoolik river drainages—1 bull by Federal registration permit (FM2201).	Aug. 15–Sept. 14
	<i>Federal public lands are closed to the harvest of moose except by residents of Unalakleet. The BLM Anchorage Field Office has the authority to close the season in consultation with ADF&G.</i>	
	Unit 22A remainder—1 bull. However, during the period Jan. 1–Feb. 15, only an antlered bull may be taken.	Aug. 1–Sept. 30 Jan. 1–Feb. 15
	<i>Federal public lands are closed to the harvest of moose except by residents of Unit 22A.</i>	

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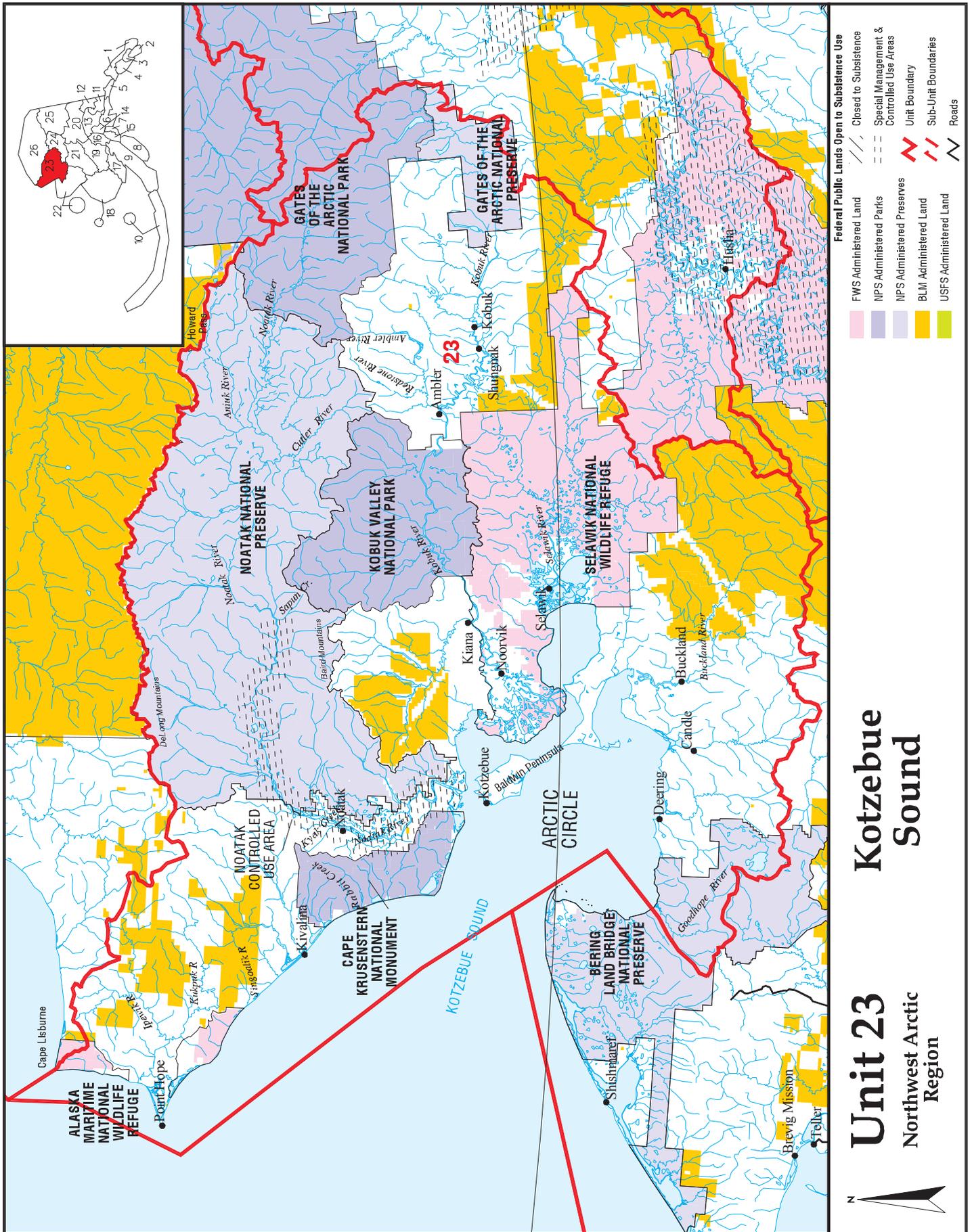
CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
MOOSE (continued)	Unit 22B west of the Darby Mountains—1 bull by State Registration Permit. Quotas and any needed closures will be announced by the BLM Anchorage Field Office Manager, in consultation with NPS and ADF&G. <i>Federal public lands are closed to the harvest of moose, except by Federally qualified subsistence users.</i>	Sept. 1–Sept. 14
	Unit 22B west of the Darby Mountains—1 bull by either State or Federal registration permit. Quotas and any needed closures will be announced by the BLM Anchorage Field Office Manager, in consultation with NPS and ADF&G. <i>Federal public lands are closed to the harvest of moose, except by residents of White Mountain and Golovin.</i>	Jan. 1–Jan. 31
	Unit 22B remainder—1 bull	Aug. 1–Jan. 31
	Unit 22C—1 antlered bull	Sept. 1–Sept. 14
	Unit 22D—that portion within the Kougarok, Kuzitrin and Pilgrim river drainages—1 bull by State registration permit. Quotas and any needed closures will be announced by the BLM Anchorage Field Office Manager, in consultation with NPS and ADF&G. <i>Federal public lands are closed to the harvest of moose, except by residents of Units 22C and 22D.</i>	Sept. 1–Sept. 14
	Unit 22D—that portion west of the Tisuk River drainage and Canyon Creek—1 bull by State registration permit. Quotas and any needed closures will be announced by the BLM Anchorage Field Office Manager, in consultation with NPS and ADF&G.	Sept. 1–Sept. 14
	Unit 22D—that portion west of the Tisuk River drainage and Canyon Creek—1 bull by Federal registration permit (FM2204). Quotas and any needed closures will be announced by the BLM Anchorage Field Office Manager, in consultation with NPS and ADF&G. <i>Federal public lands are closed to the harvest of moose, except by residents of Units 22C and 22D.</i>	Dec. 1–Dec. 31
	Unit 22D remainder—1 bull	Aug. 10–Sept. 14 Oct. 1–Nov. 30
	Unit 22D remainder—1 moose; however, no person may take a calf or a cow accompanied by a calf	Dec. 1–Dec. 31
	Unit 22D remainder—1 antlered bull	Jan. 1–Jan. 31
Unit 22E—1 antlered bull <i>Federal public lands are closed to the harvest of moose except by Federally qualified subsistence users.</i>	Aug. 1–Mar. 15	

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CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
MUSKOX		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit 22A—All rural residents Unit 22B west of the Darby Mountains—Rural residents of Units 22B and 22C Unit 22B remainder—Rural residents of Unit 22B Unit 22C—Rural residents of Unit 22C Unit 22D—Rural residents of Units 22B, 22C, 22D (excluding St. Lawrence Island), and 22E Unit 22E—Rural residents of Unit 22E (excluding Little Diomed Island) <i>Federal permits are available from the NPS, Bering Land Bridge National Preserve and BLM office in Nome. (See directory at the end of this book for addresses.)</i>	Unit 22B—1 bull by State or Federal registration permit (FX2203). Annual harvest quotas and any needed closures will be announced by the BLM Nome Field Office, in consultation with the Superintendent of the Western Arctic National Parklands and ADF&G. <i>Federal public lands are closed to the harvest of muskox except by Federally qualified subsistence users.</i>	Aug. 1–Mar. 15
	Unit 22D—that portion west of the Tisuk River drainage and Canyon Creek—1 muskox by State or Federal registration permit (FX2205); however, cows may only be taken during the period Jan. 1–Mar. 15. Annual harvest quotas and any needed closures will be announced by the Superintendent of the Western Arctic National Parklands, in consultation with ADF&G and BLM.	Sept. 1–Mar. 15
	Unit 22D—that portion within the Kuzitrin River drainages—1 muskox by State or Federal registration permit (FX2206); however, cows may only be taken during the period Jan. 1–Mar. 15. Annual harvest quotas and any needed closures will be announced by the Superintendent of the Bering Land Bridge National Preserve in consultation with ADF&G and BLM. <i>Federal public lands are closed to the harvest of muskox except by Federally qualified subsistence users.</i>	Aug. 1–Mar. 15
	Unit 22D remainder—1 muskox by State Tier I or Federal registration permit (FX2208); however, cows may only be taken during the period Jan. 1–Mar. 15. Annual harvest quotas and any needed closures will be announced by the Superintendent of the Western Arctic National Parklands, in consultation with ADF&G and BLM. <i>Federal public lands are closed to the harvest of muskox except by Federally qualified subsistence users.</i>	Aug. 1–Mar. 15
	Unit 22E—1 muskox by State or Federal registration permit (FX2210). Annual harvest quotas and any needed closures will be announced by the Superintendent of the Western Arctic National Parklands, in consultation with ADF&G and BLM.	Aug. 1–Mar. 15
	Unit 22 remainder	No Federal open season

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CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
COYOTE		
• All rural residents		No Federal open season
BEAVER		
• All rural residents	Units 22A, 22B, 22D, and 22E—50 beaver	Nov. 1–June 10
	Unit 22 remainder	No Federal open season
FOX, ARCTIC (Blue and White phase)		
• All rural residents	2 foxes	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
FOX, RED (including Cross, Black, and Silver phases)		
• All rural residents	10 foxes	Nov. 1–Apr. 30
HARE		
• All rural residents	No limit	Sept. 1–Apr. 15
LYNX		
• All rural residents	2 lynx	Nov. 1–Apr. 15
MARTEN		
• All rural residents	Units 22A and 22B—No limit	Nov. 1–Apr. 15
	Unit 22 remainder	No Federal open season
MINK AND WEASEL		
• All rural residents	No limit	Nov. 1–Jan. 31
OTTER		
• All rural residents	No limit	Nov. 1–Apr. 15
WOLF		
• Rural residents of Units 21D (north and west of the Yukon River), 22, 23, and Kotlik	No limit	Nov. 1–Apr. 15
WOLVERINE		
• All rural residents	3 wolverine	Sept. 1–Mar. 31
GROUSE		
• Rural residents of Units 11, 13, 15, 16, 20D, 22, 23, and Chickaloon	15 grouse per day, 30 in possession	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
PTARMIGAN		
• Rural residents of Units 11, 13, 15, 16, 20D, 22, 23, and Chickaloon	Units 22A and 22B east of and including the Niukluk River drainage—40 ptarmigan per day, 80 in possession.	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
	Unit 22C	No Federal open season
	Unit 22E—20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	July 15–May 15
	Unit 22 remainder—20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	Aug. 10–Apr. 30



Unit 23 / Hunting

(See Unit 23 Kotzebue Sound map)

Unit 23 consists of Kotzebue Sound, Chukchi Sea, and Arctic Ocean drainages from (and including) the Goodhope River drainage to Cape Lisburne.

Special Provisions

- The **Noatak Controlled Use Area** is closed for the period August 15–September 30 to the use of aircraft in any manner either for hunting of an ungulate, bear, wolf, or wolverine, or for transportation of hunters or harvested species. This does not apply to the transportation of hunters or parts of ungulate, bear, wolf, or wolverine by regularly scheduled flights to communities by carriers that normally provide scheduled air service. The Noatak Controlled Use Area consists of that portion of Unit 23 in a corridor extending five miles on either side of the Noatak River beginning at the mouth of the Noatak River, and extending upstream to the mouth of Sapun Creek.
- You may hunt brown bear by State registration permit in lieu of a resident tag in Unit 23 if you have a State registration permit prior to hunting. Aircraft may not be used in any manner for brown bear hunting under the authority of a brown bear State registration permit, including transportation of hunters, bear, or parts of bear. However, this does not apply to transportation of bear hunters or bear parts by regularly scheduled flights to and between communities by carriers that normally provide scheduled service to this area, nor does it apply to transportation of aircraft to or between publicly owned airports. See page 20 for bear sealing requirements.
- Caribou may be taken from a boat moving under power in Unit 23.
- Swimming caribou may be taken with a firearm using rimfire cartridges.
- For the Baird and DeLong Mountain sheep hunts—A Federally qualified subsistence user (recipient) may designate another Federally qualified subsistence user (designated hunter) to take sheep on their behalf, unless the recipient is a member of a community operating under a community harvest system. The designated hunter must get a designated hunter permit and must return a completed harvest report. The designated hunter may hunt for only one recipient in the course of a season and may have no more than two harvest limits in their possession at any one time.
- A snowmachine may be used to position a hunter to select individual caribou for harvest provided that the animals are not shot from a moving snowmachine.
- A Federally qualified subsistence user (recipient) may designate another Federally qualified subsistence user (designated hunter) to take muskoxen on their behalf, unless the recipient is a member of a community operating under a community harvest system. The designated hunter must get a designated hunter permit, and must return a completed harvest report. The designated hunter may hunt for any number of recipients, but have no more than two harvest limits in their possession at any one time.
- National Park Service (NPS) areas**—For subsistence use, national parks and monuments are open only to NPS qualified subsistence users. Subsistence users must be local rural residents of NPS areas. For more information, contact the NPS office in Anchorage at (907) 644-3509.

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BLACK BEAR		
• Rural residents of Unit 23, Alatna, Allakaket, Bettles, Evansville, Galena, Hughes, Huslia, and Koyukuk	3 bear	July 1–June 30
BROWN BEAR		
• Rural residents of Units 21 and 23 <i>Contact ADF&G for State permit details.</i>	Unit 23—1 bear by State registration permit	Aug. 1–May 31
CARIBOU		
• Unit 23—Rural residents of Units 21D (west of the Koyukuk and Yukon rivers), Galena, 22, 23, 24 (including residents of Wiseman, but not other residents of the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area) and 26A.	15 caribou per day; however, cow caribou may not be taken May 16–June 30	July 1–June 30

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Kotzebue Sound

Hunting / Unit 23

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION (continued)	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
MOOSE		
• Unit 23—Rural residents of Unit 23	Unit 23—that portion north and west of and including the Singoalik River drainage, and all lands draining into the Kukpuk and Ipewik rivers—1 moose; no person may take a calf or a cow accompanied by a calf.	July 1–Mar. 31
	Unit 23—that portion lying within the Noatak River drainage—1 moose; however, antlerless moose may be taken only from Nov. 1–Mar. 31; no person may take a calf or a cow accompanied by a calf.	Aug. 1–Mar. 31
	Unit 23 remainder—1 moose; no person may take a calf or a cow accompanied by a calf.	Aug. 1–Mar. 31
MUSKOX		
• Unit 23 south of Kotzebue Sound and west of and including the Buckland River drainage—Rural residents of Unit 23 south of Kotzebue Sound and west of and including the Buckland River drainage. <i>Or</i> 1 muskox by State or Federal permit.	Unit 23 south of Kotzebue Sound and west of and including the Buckland River drainage—1 bull by State or Federal registration permit (FX2302) <i>Federal public lands are closed to the harvest of muskox except by Federally qualified subsistence users. Annual harvest quotas and any needed closures for Unit 23 will be announced by the Superintendent of the Western Arctic National Parklands, in consultation with ADF&G and BLM.</i>	Aug. 1–Dec. 31 Jan. 1–Mar. 15
• Unit 23 remainder—Rural residents of Unit 23 east and north of the Buckland River drainage	Unit 23 Cape Krusenstern National Monument—1 bull by Federal registration permit (FX2303). Cape Krusenstern National Monument is closed to the harvest of muskoxen, except by resident zone community members with permanent residence within the Monument or the immediately adjacent Napaktuktuk Mountain area, south of 67°05'N. Lat., and west of 162°30'W. Long.	Aug. 1–Mar. 15
	Unit 23 remainder	No Federal open season
SHEEP		
• Rural residents of Unit 23 north of the Arctic Circle and Point Lay. <i>Federal permits for the Baird Mountains and DeLong Mountains sheep hunts are available from the local Federal land manager listed in the directory at the end of this book.</i>	Unit 23 south of Rabbit Creek, Kyak Creek and the Noatak River, and west of the Cutler and Redstone Rivers (Baird Mountains)—1 sheep by Federal registration permit (FS2301). The total allowable harvest of sheep is 21, of which 15 may be rams and 6 may be ewes. <i>Federal public lands are closed to the harvest of sheep except by Federally qualified subsistence users.</i>	Aug. 10–Apr. 30 If the allowable harvest levels are reached before the regular season closing date, the Superintendent of the Western Arctic National Parklands will announce an early closure

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CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION (continued)	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
SHEEP (continued)	Unit 23 north of Rabbit Creek, Kyak Creek and the Noatak River, and west of the Aniak River (DeLong Mountains)—1 sheep by Federal registration permit. The total allowable harvest of sheep for the DeLong Mountains is 8, of which 5 may be rams and 3 may be ewes.	Aug. 10–Apr. 30 If the allowable harvest levels are reached before the regular season closing date, the Superintendent of the Western Arctic National Parklands will announce an early closure.
	Unit 23 remainder (Schwotka Mountains)—1 ram with $\frac{7}{8}$ curl horn or larger	Aug. 10–Sept. 20
	Unit 23 remainder (Schwotka Mountains)—1 sheep	Oct. 1–Apr. 30
BEAVER		
• All rural residents	No limit.	July 1–June 30
COYOTE		
• All rural residents	2 coyotes	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
FOX, ARCTIC (Blue and White Phase)		
• All rural residents	No limit.	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
FOX, RED (including Cross, Black and Silver Phases)		
• All rural residents	No limit.	Sept. 1–Mar. 15
HARE		
• All rural residents	No limit	July 1–June 30
LYNX		
• All rural residents	2 lynx	Nov. 1–Apr. 15
MUSKRAT		
• All rural residents	No limit.	July 1–June 30
WOLF		
• Rural residents of Units 6, 9, 10 (Unimak Island only), 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, and Chickaloon	15 wolves	Oct. 1–Apr. 30
WOLVERINE		
• All rural residents	1 wolverine	Sept. 1–Mar. 31
GROUSE		
• Rural residents of Units 11, 13, 15, 16, 20D, 22, 23, and Chickaloon	15 grouse per day, 30 in possession	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
PTARMIGAN		
• Rural residents of Units 11, 13, 15, 16, 20D, 22, 23, and Chickaloon	20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	Aug. 10–Apr. 30

Unit 24 / Hunting

(See Unit 24 Koyukuk map)

Unit 24 consists of the Koyukuk River drainage, upstream from (but excluding) the Dulbi River drainage.

Unit 24A consists of the Middle Fork of the Koyukuk River drainage upstream from (but excluding) the Harriet Creek and North Fork Koyukuk River drainages; to the South Fork of the Koyukuk River drainage upstream from Squaw Creek; to the Jim River drainage; to the Fish Creek drainage upstream from (and including) the Bonanza Creek drainage; to the 1,410 ft. peak of the hydrologic divide with the northern fork of the Kanuti Chalatna River at 66°33.303'N. Lat., 151°03.637'W. Long.; and following the unnamed northern fork of the Kanuti Chalatna Creek to the confluence of the southern fork of the Kanuti Chalatna River at 66°27.090'N. Lat., 151°23.841'W. Long., 4.2 miles SSW (194° true) of Clawanmenka Lake; and following the unnamed southern fork of the Kanuti Chalatna Creek to the hydrologic divide with the Kanuti River drainage at 66°19.789'N. Lat., 151°10.102'W. Long., 3.0 miles east northeasterly (79° true) from the 2,055 ft. peak on that

hydrologic divide; and the Kanuti River drainage upstream from the confluence of an unnamed creek at 66°13.050'N. Lat., 151°05.864'W. Long., 0.9 miles south southeasterly (155° true) of a 1,980 ft. peak on that hydrologic divide; and following that unnamed creek to the Unit 24 boundary on the hydrologic divide to the Ray River drainage at 66°03.827'N. Lat., 150°49.988'W. Long., at the 2,920 ft. peak of that divide.

Unit 24B consists of the Koyukuk River drainage upstream from Dog Island to the Unit 24A boundary.

Unit 24C consists of the Hogatza River drainage; the Koyukuk River drainage upstream from Batza River on the north side of the Koyukuk River; and upstream from (and including) the Indian River drainage on the south side of the Koyukuk River to the Unit 24B boundary.

Unit 24D consists of the remainder of Unit 24.

Special Provisions

- The **Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area** is closed to the use of motorized vehicles, except aircraft and boats, and to licensed highway vehicles, snowmobiles, and firearms except as provided below. The Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area consists of those portions of Units 20, 24, 25, and 26 extending five miles from each side of the Dalton Highway from the Yukon River to Prudhoe Bay. The use of snowmobiles is authorized only for the subsistence taking of wildlife by residents living within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area. The use of licensed highway vehicles is limited only to designated roads within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area. The use of firearms within the Dalton Highway Corridor for subsistence taking of wildlife is authorized only for the residents of Alatna, Allakaket, Anaktuvuk Pass, Bettles, Evansville, Stevens Village, and residents living within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area.
- The **Kanuti Controlled Use Area** is closed during moose hunting seasons to the use of aircraft for hunting moose, including transportation of any moose hunter or moose part. However, this does not apply to transportation of a moose hunter or moose part by aircraft between publicly owned airports in the controlled use area or between a publicly owned airport within the area and points outside the area. The area consists of that portion of Unit 24 bounded by a line from the Bettles Field VOR to the east side of Fish Creek Lake; to Old Dummy Lake; to the south end of Lake Todatonten (including all waters of these lakes); to the northernmost headwaters of Siruk Creek; to the highest peak of Double Point Mountain; and then back to the Bettles Field VOR.

- The **Koyukuk Controlled Use Area** is closed during moose hunting seasons to the use of aircraft for hunting moose, including transportation of any moose hunter or moose part. However, this does not apply to transportation of a moose hunter or moose part by aircraft between publicly owned airports in the controlled use area or between a publicly owned airport within the area and points outside the area. All hunters on the Koyukuk River passing the ADF&G operated check station at Ella's Cabin (15 miles upstream from the Yukon on the Koyukuk River) are required to stop and report to ADF&G personnel at the check station. The Koyukuk Controlled Use Area consists of those portions of Units 21 and 24 bounded by a line from the north bank of the Yukon River at Koyukuk at 64°52.58'N. Lat., 157°43.10'W. Long.; then northerly to the confluences of the Honhosa and Kateel rivers at 65°28.42'N. Lat., 157°44.89'W. Long.; then northeasterly to the confluences of Billy Hawk Creek and the Huslia River (65°57'N. Lat., 156°41'W. Long.) at 65°56.66'N. Lat., 156°40.81'W. Long.; then easterly to the forks of the Dakli River at 66°02.56'N. Lat., 156°12.71'W. Long.; then easterly to the confluence of McLanes Creek and the Hogatza River at 66°00.31'N. Lat., 155°18.57'W. Long.; then southwesterly to the crest of Hochandochtla Mountain at 65°31.87'N. Lat., 154°52.18'W. Long.; then southwest to the mouth of Cottonwood Creek at 65°13.00'N. Lat., 156°06.43'W. Long.; then southwest to Bishop Rock (Yistletaw) at 64°49.35'N. Lat., 157°21.73'W. Long.; and then westerly along the north bank of the Yukon River (including Koyukuk Island) to the point of beginning.
- You may hunt brown bear by State registration permit in lieu of a resident tag in Unit 24 if you have a State

Koyukuk

Special Provisions (continued):

registration permit prior to hunting. Aircraft may not be used in any manner for brown bear hunting under the authority of a brown bear State registration permit, including transportation of hunters, bear, or parts of bear. However, this does not apply to transportation of bear hunters or bear parts by regularly scheduled flights to and between communities by carriers that normally provide scheduled service to this area, nor does it apply to transportation of aircraft to or between publicly owned airports. See page 20 for bear sealing requirements.

- You may use bait to hunt black bear between April 15–June 30; and in the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area, you may also use bait to hunt black bear between September 1–September 25.

- Residents of Anaktuvuk Pass who have taken sheep within Gates of the Arctic National Park under the community harvest quota hunt are required to report the taking within 10 days to the Anaktuvuk Pass Village coordinator's office.
- All edible meat of the front quarters, hind quarters, and ribs from caribou and moose harvested in Units 24 prior to October 1 must remain on the bones until the meat is removed from the field or is processed for human consumption.
- **National Park Service (NPS)** areas—For subsistence use, national parks and monuments are open only to NPS qualified subsistence users. Subsistence users must be local rural residents of NPS areas. For more information, contact the NPS office in Anchorage at (907) 644-3509.

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BLACK BEAR		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unit 24, that portion south of Caribou Mountain and on Federal public lands within and adjacent to the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area—Rural residents of Unit 24, Stevens Village, and Wiseman, but not including any other residents of the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area • Unit 24 remainder—Rural residents of Unit 24 and Wiseman, but not including any other residents of the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area 	3 bear	July 1–June 30
BROWN BEAR		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unit 24, that portion south of Caribou Mountain and on Federal public lands within and adjacent to the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area—Rural residents of Unit 24 and Stevens Village • Unit 24 remainder—Rural residents of Unit 24. 	1 bear by State registration permit. <i>Contact ADF&G for State permit details.</i>	Aug. 10–June 30
CARIBOU		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rural residents of Unit 24, Galena, Kobuk, Koyukuk, Stevens Village, and Tanana 	Unit 24—that portion south of the south bank of the Kanuti River, upstream from (and including) that portion of the Kanuti-Kilolitna River drainage, bounded by the southeast bank of the Kodosin-Nolitna Creek; then downstream along the east bank of the Kanuti-Kilolitna River to its confluence with the Kanuti River—1 caribou.	Aug. 10–Mar. 31
	Unit 24 remainder—5 caribou per day; however, cow caribou may not be taken May 16–June 30.	July 1–June 30

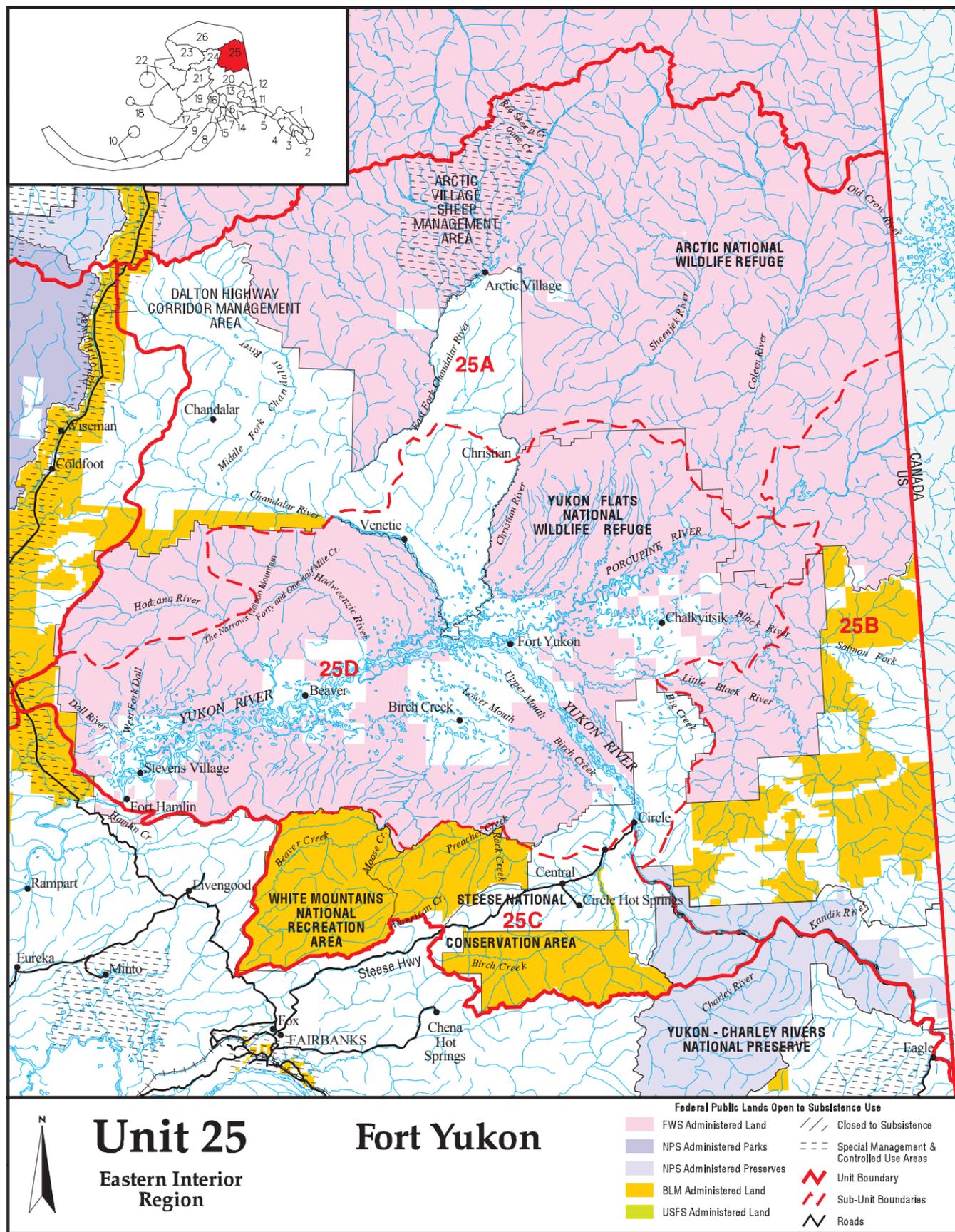
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CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
MOOSE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rural residents of Unit 24, Koyukuk, and Galena. 	Unit 24A—1 antlered bull by Federal registration permit (FM2405).	Aug. 25–Oct. 1
	Unit 24B—that portion within the John River Drainage—1 moose.	Aug. 1–Dec. 31
	<p>Unit 24B—All drainages of the Koyukuk River downstream from and including the Henshaw Creek drainage—1 antlered bull by Federal registration permit (FM2402).</p> <p><i>Federal public lands in the Kanuti Controlled Use Area (described on page 110) are closed to taking of moose, except by Federally qualified subsistence users of Unit 24, Galena, and Koyukuk hunting under these regulations.</i></p>	Aug. 25–Oct. 1 Dec. 15–Apr. 15 (until Jun. 30, 2014)
	Unit 24B remainder—1 antlered bull. A Federal registration permit (FM2403) is required for the Sept. 26–Oct. 1 period. <i>Federal public lands in the Kanuti Controlled Use Area (described on page 110) are closed to taking of moose, except by Federally qualified subsistence users of Unit 24, Galena, and Koyukuk hunting under these regulations.</i>	Aug. 25–Oct. 1
	Unit 24C and 24D—that portion within the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area and Koyukuk National Wildlife Refuge—1 bull 1 antlerless moose by Federal registration permit (FM2406) if authorized by announcement by the Koyukuk/Nowitna National Wildlife Refuge Manager and BLM Central Yukon Field Office Manager. Harvest of cow moose accompanied by calves is prohibited. A harvestable surplus of cows will be determined for a quota. <i>Or</i> 1 antlered bull by Federal registration permit, if there is no Mar. 1–5 season and if authorized by announcement by the Koyukuk/Nowitna National Wildlife Refuge Manager and BLM Central Yukon Field Office Manager. Harvest of cow moose accompanied by calves is prohibited. Announcement for the Mar. and Apr. seasons and harvest quotas will be made after consultation with the ADF&G Area Biologist and the Chairs of the Western Interior Alaska Subsistence Regional Advisory Council, and the Middle Yukon and Koyukuk River Fish and Game Advisory Committees.	Sept. 1–Sept. 25 Mar. 1–Mar. 5 season to be announced. Apr. 10–Apr. 15 season to be announced.
Unit 24C remainder and Unit 24D remainder—1 antlered bull. During the Sept. 5–Sept. 25 season, a State registration permit is required.	Aug. 25–Oct. 1	

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CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
SHEEP		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rural residents of Unit 24 residing north of the Arctic Circle, Alatna, Allakaket, Hughes and Huslia <p><i>See Special Provision for residents of Anaktuvuk Pass on page 111.</i></p>	Units 24A and 24B—that portion within the Gates of the Arctic National Park, excluding Anaktuvuk Pass residents—3 sheep.	Aug. 1–Apr. 30
	Units 24A and 24B (Anaktuvuk Pass residents only), that portion within the Gates of the Arctic National Park—Community harvest quota of 60 sheep, no more than 10 of which may be ewes and a daily possession limit of 3 sheep per person, no more than 1 of which may be an ewe.	July 15–Dec. 31
	Unit 24A—except that portion within the Gates of the Arctic National Park—1 ram with 7/8 curl horn or larger by Federal registration permit (FS2404).	Aug. 20–Sept. 30
	Unit 24 remainder—1 ram with 7/8 curl horn or larger.	Aug. 10–Sept. 20
COYOTE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	10 coyotes	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
FOX, RED		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	10 foxes; however, no more than 2 foxes may be taken prior to Oct. 1.	Sept. 1–Mar. 15
HARE (Snowshoe)		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	No limit	July 1–June 30
LYNX		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	2 lynx	Nov. 1–Feb. 28
WOLF		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rural residents of Units 6, 9, 10 (Unimak Island only), 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, and Chickaloon 	15 wolves; however, no more than 5 wolves may be taken before Nov. 1.	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
WOLVERINE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	5 wolverine; however, no more than 1 wolverine may be taken prior to Nov. 1.	Sept. 1–Mar. 31
GROUSE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	15 grouse per day, 30 in possession	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
PTARMIGAN		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	Aug. 10–Apr. 30

(See Unit 25 Fort Yukon map)



Unit 25 consists of the Yukon River drainage upstream from (but excluding) the Hamlin Creek drainage; and excluding drainages into the south bank of the Yukon River upstream from the Charley River.

Unit 25A consists of the Hodzana River drainage upstream from the Narrows; the Chandalar River drainage upstream from (and including) the East Fork drainage; the Christian River drainage upstream from Christian; the Sheenjek River drainage upstream from (and including) the Thluichohnjik Creek; the Coleen River drainage; and the Old Crow River drainage.

Unit 25B consists of the Little Black River drainage upstream from (but excluding) the Big Creek drainage; the Black River drainage upstream from (and including) the Salmon Fork drainage; the Porcupine River drainage upstream from the confluence of the Coleen and Porcupine

ivers; and drainages into the north bank of the Yukon River upstream from Circle, including the islands in the Yukon River.

Unit 25C consists of drainages into the south bank of the Yukon River upstream from Circle to the Unit 20E boundary; the Birch Creek drainage upstream from the Steese Highway bridge (milepost 147); the Preacher Creek drainage upstream from (and including) the Rock Creek drainage; and the Beaver Creek drainage upstream from (and including) the Moose Creek drainage.

Unit 25D consists of the remainder of Unit 25.

Special Provisions

- The **Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area** is closed to the use of motorized vehicles, except aircraft and boats, and to licensed highway vehicles, snowmobiles, and firearms except as provided below. The Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area consists of those portions of Units 20, 24, 25, and 26 extending five miles from each side of the Dalton Highway from the Yukon River to Prudhoe Bay. The use of snowmobiles is authorized only for the subsistence taking of wildlife by residents living within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area. The use of licensed highway vehicles is limited only to designated roads within the Corridor Management Area. The use of firearms within the Corridor Management Area for subsistence taking of wildlife is authorized only for the residents of Alatna, Allakaket, Anaktuvuk Pass, Bettles, Evansville, Stevens Village, and residents living within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area.
- The taking of bull moose outside the seasons provided in this part for food in memorial potlatches and traditional cultural events is authorized in Unit 25D west provided that:
 - The person organizing the religious ceremony or cultural event contact the Yukon Flats National Wildlife Refuge manager prior to taking or attempting to take bull moose and provide the name of the decedent, the nature of the ceremony or cultural event, number to be taken, the general area in which the taking will occur. Each person who takes a bull moose under this section must submit a written report to the Yukon Flats National Wildlife Refuge manager, not more than 15 days after the harvest specifying the harvester's name and address, and the date(s) and location(s) of the taking(s).
 - No permit or harvest ticket is required for taking under this section. However, the harvester must

be an Alaska rural resident with customary and traditional use in Unit 25D west. Any moose taken under this provision counts against the annual quota of 60 bulls.

- Hunting Dall Sheep within the **Arctic Village Sheep Management Area** is restricted to residents of Arctic Village, Chalkyitsik, Fort Yukon, Kaktovik, and Venetie. The Arctic Village Sheep Management Area, north and west of Arctic Village, is bounded on the east by the East Fork Chandalar River beginning at the confluence of Red Sheep Creek and proceeding southwesterly downstream past Arctic Village to the confluence with Crow Nest Creek; continuing up Crow Nest Creek, through Portage Lake, to its confluence with the Junjik River; then down the Junjik River past Timber Lake and a larger tributary, to a major, unnamed tributary, northwesterly, for approximately 6 miles where the stream forks into two roughly equal drainages; the boundary follows the easternmost fork, proceeding almost due north to the headwaters and intersects the Continental Divide; the boundary then follows the Continental Divide easterly, through Carter Pass; then easterly and northeasterly approximately 62 miles along the divide to the head waters of the most northerly tributary of Red Sheep Creek; then follows southerly along the divide designating the eastern extreme of the Red Sheep Creek drainage; and then to the confluence of Red Sheep Creek and the East Fork Chandalar River.
- You may use bait to hunt black bear between April 15 and June 30 and between Aug. 1 and Sept. 25; you may use bait to hunt wolves on FWS and BLM lands.
- Caribou and moose may be taken from a boat moving under power in Unit 25.
- You must leave all edible meat on the bones of the front quarters, hind quarters, and ribs of caribou and moose harvested in Unit 25 until you remove the meat from the field or process it for human consumption.**

Hunting / Unit 25

Fort Yukon

Special Provisions (continued)

- **National Park Service (NPS) areas**—For subsistence use, national parks and monuments are open only to NPS qualified subsistence users. Subsistence users must be local rural residents of NPS areas. For more information, contact the NPS office in Anchorage at (907) 644-3509.

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BLACK BEAR		
• Unit 25D—Rural residents of Unit 25D	Units 25A, 25B, and 25C—3 bear or 3 bear by State community harvest permit	July 1–June 30
• Unit 25 remainder—All rural residents	Unit 25D—5 bear	July 1–June 30
BROWN BEAR		
• Unit 25D—Rural residents of Unit 25D	Unit 25A and 25B—1 bear	Aug. 10–June 30
• Unit 25 remainder—Residents of Unit 25 and Eagle	Unit 25C—1 bear	Sept. 1–May 31
	Unit 25D—2 bear every regulatory year	July 1–June 30
CARIBOU		
• Unit 25A—Rural residents of Units 24A and 25	Unit 25A—in those portions west of the east bank of the East Fork of the Chandalar River extending from its confluence with the Chandalar River upstream to Guilbeau Pass and north of the south bank of the mainstem of the Chandalar River at its confluence with the East Fork Chandalar River west (and north of the south bank) along the West Fork Chandalar River—10 caribou. However, only bulls may be taken May 16 – June 30.	July 1–June 30
• Units 25B and 25C—Rural residents of Unit 25		
• Unit 25D—Rural residents of Units 20F, 25D, and Manley Hot Springs		
	Unit 25C—1 caribou; a joint State/Federal registration permit is required. During the Aug. 10–Sept. 30 season the harvest is restricted to 1 bull. The harvest quota between Aug. 10–29 in Units 20E, 20F, and 25C is 100 caribou.	Aug. 10–Sept. 30 Nov. 1–Mar. 31
	Unit 25D—that portion drained by the west fork of the Dall River west of 150°W. Long.—1 bull	Aug. 10–Sept. 30 Dec. 1–Dec. 31
	Units 25A remainder, 25B, and 25D remainder—10 caribou	July 1–Apr. 30
MOOSE		
• Unit 25A—Rural residents of Units 25A and 25D	Unit 25A—1 antlered bull	Aug. 25–Sept. 25 Dec. 1–Dec. 10
• Units 25B and 25C—All rural residents	Unit 25B—that portion within the Porcupine River drainage upstream from (but excluding) the Coleen River drainage—1 antlered bull	Aug. 25–Sept. 30 Dec. 1–Dec. 10
• Unit 25D west—Rural residents of Unit 25D west	Unit 25B—that portion within Yukon-Charley National Preserve—1 bull	Aug. 20–Sept. 30
• Unit 25D remainder—Rural residents of the remainder of Unit 25	Unit 25B—that portion, other than Yukon-Charley National Preserve, draining into the north bank of the Yukon River upstream from (and including) the Kandik River drainage, including the islands in the Yukon River—1 antlered bull.	Sept. 5–Sept. 30 Dec. 1–Dec. 15
	Unit 25B remainder—1 antlered bull	Aug. 25–Sept. 25 Dec. 1–Dec. 15

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Fort Yukon

Hunting / Unit 25

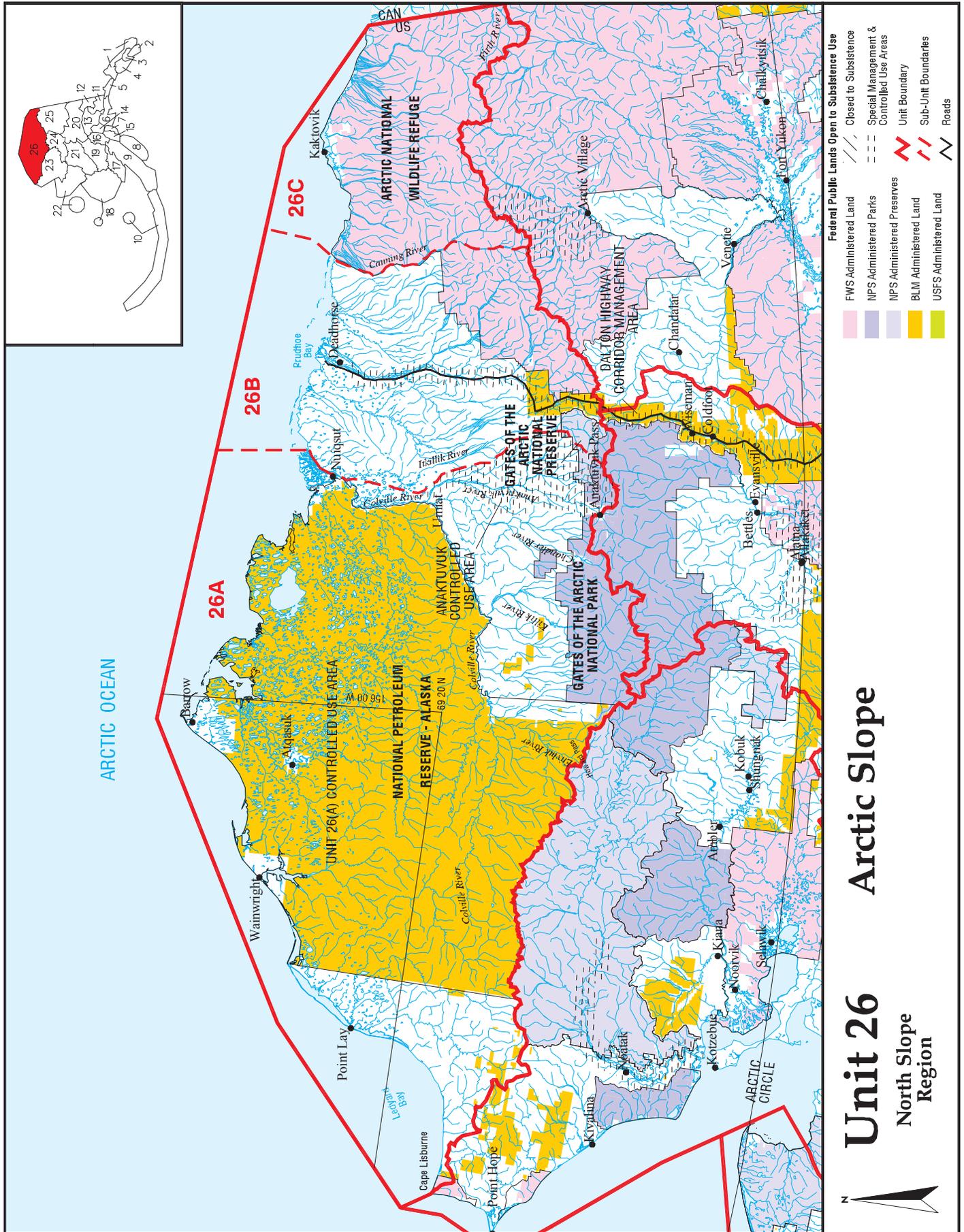
CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
MOOSE (continued)		
	Unit 25C—1 antlered bull	Aug. 20–Sept. 30
	Unit 25D west—that portion lying west of a line extending from the Unit 25D boundary on Preacher Creek; then downstream along Preacher Creek, Birch Creek and lower mouth of Birch Creek to the Yukon River; then downstream along the north bank of the Yukon River (including islands) to the confluence of the Hadweenzic River; then upstream along the west bank of the Hadweenzic River to the confluence of Forty and One-Half Mile Creek; and then upstream along Forty and One-Half Mile Creek to Nelson Mountain on the Unit 25D boundary—1 bull by a Federal registration permit (FM2505).	Aug. 25–Feb. 28
	<i>Permits will be available in the following villages: Beaver (25 permits), Birch Creek (10 permits), and Stevens Village (25 permits).</i>	
	<i>For residents of 25D west who do not live in one of the three villages, permits will be available by contacting the Yukon Flats National Wildlife Refuge Office in Fairbanks or a local Refuge Information Technician. Moose hunting on Federal public lands in Unit 25D west is closed at all times except for residents of Unit 25D west hunting under these regulations. The moose season will be closed by the National Wildlife Refuge Manager when 60 moose have been harvested in the entirety (from Federal public lands and non-Federal public lands) of Unit 25D west.</i>	
	Unit 25D remainder—1 antlered moose	Aug. 25–Oct. 1 Dec. 1–Dec. 20
SHEEP		
• Unit 25A—Rural residents of Arctic Village, Chalkyitsik, Fort Yukon, Kaktovik and Venetie	Unit 25A—that portion within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area.	No Federal open season
• Units 25B and 25C—No Federal subsistence priority	Unit 25A—Arctic Village Sheep Management Area—2 rams by Federal registration permit (FS2502) only.	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
• Unit 25D—All rural residents	<i>Federal public lands are closed to the taking of sheep except by rural Alaska residents of Arctic Village, Chalkyitsik, Fort Yukon, Kaktovik, and Venetie, hunting under these regulations.</i>	
	Unit 25A remainder—3 sheep by Federal registration permit (FS2503) only.	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
	Units 25B, 25C, and 25D	No Federal open season
MUSKOX		
• All rural residents	Unit 25	No Federal open season

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Hunting / Unit 25

Fort Yukon

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BEAVER		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	Unit 25—excluding Unit 25C—1 beaver per day; 1 in possession	Apr. 16–Oct. 31
	Unit 25C	No Federal open season
COYOTE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	10 coyotes	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
FOX		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	10 foxes; however, no more than 2 foxes may be taken prior to Oct. 1.	Sept. 1–Mar. 15
HARE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	No limit	July 1–June 30
LYNX		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	Unit 25C—2 lynx	Dec. 1–Jan. 31
	Unit 25 remainder—2 lynx	Nov. 1–Feb. 28
MUSKRAT		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Units 25B and 25C—All rural residents 	Units 25B and 25C—that portion within Yukon-Charley Rivers National Preserve—No limit.	Nov. 1–June 10
	Unit 25 remainder	No Federal open season
WOLF		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit 25D—Rural residents of Unit 25D 	Unit 25A—No limit	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit 25 remainder—Rural residents of Units 6, 9, 10 (Unimak Island only), 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, and Chickaloon 	Unit 25 remainder—10 wolves	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
WOLVERINE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	1 wolverine	Sept. 1–Mar. 31
GROUSE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	Unit 25C—15 grouse per day, 30 in possession	Aug. 10–Mar. 31
	Unit 25 remainder—15 grouse per day, 30 in possession	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
PTARMIGAN		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	Unit 25C—those portions within 5 miles of the Steese Highway—20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession.	Aug. 10–Mar. 31
	Unit 25 remainder—20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	Aug. 10–Apr. 30



Unit 26 / Hunting

(See Unit 26 Arctic Slope map)

Unit 26 consists of Arctic Ocean drainages between Cape Lisburne and the Alaska-Canada border, including the Firth River drainage within Alaska.

Unit 26A consists of that portion of Unit 26 lying west of the Itkillik River drainage and west of the east bank of the Colville River, between the mouth of the Itkillik River and the Arctic Ocean.

Unit 26B consists of that portion of Unit 26 east of Unit 26A, west of the west bank of the Canning River and west of the west bank of the Marsh Fork of the Canning River.

Unit 26C consists of the remainder of Unit 26.

Special Provisions

- The **Unit 26A Controlled Use Area**, which consists of Unit 26A, is closed to the use of aircraft in any manner for moose hunting, including transportation of moose hunters or parts of moose from July 1–September 14 and from January 1–March 31. However, this does not apply to transportation of moose hunters, their gear, or moose parts by aircraft between publicly owned airports.
- The **Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area** consists of those portions of Units 20, 24, 25, and 26 extending five miles from each side of the Dalton Highway from the Yukon River to Prudhoe Bay. The Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area is closed to the use of motorized vehicles, except aircraft and boats, and to licensed highway vehicles, snowmobiles, and firearms except as provided below. The use of snowmobiles is authorized only for the subsistence taking of wildlife by residents living within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area. The use of licensed highway vehicles is limited only to designated roads within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area. The use of firearms within the Corridor Management Area for subsistence taking of wildlife is authorized only for the residents of Alatna, Allakaket, Anaktuvuk Pass, Bettles, Evansville, Stevens Village, and residents living within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area.
- You may hunt brown bear by State registration permit in lieu of a resident tag in Unit 26A if you have a State registration permit prior to hunting. Aircraft may not be used in any manner for brown bear hunting under the authority of a brown bear State registration permit, including transportation of hunters, bear, or parts of bear. However, this does not apply to transportation of bear hunters or bear parts by regularly scheduled flights to and between communities by carriers that normally provide scheduled service to this area, nor does it apply to transportation of aircraft to or between publicly owned airports. See page 20 for bear sealing requirements.
- Caribou may be taken from a boat moving under power in Unit 26.
- Swimming caribou may be taken with a firearm using rimfire cartridges.
- No more than five caribou per regulatory year may be transported from Unit 26 except by residents of Anaktuvuk Pass.
- For the DeLong Mountains sheep hunts—A Federally qualified subsistence user (recipient) may designate another Federally qualified subsistence user (designated hunter) to take sheep on their behalf unless the recipient is a member of a community operating under a community harvest system. The designated hunter must get a designated hunter permit and must return a completed harvest report. The designated hunter may hunt for only one recipient in the course of a season.
- **National Park Service (NPS)** areas—For subsistence use, national parks and monuments are open only to NPS qualified subsistence users. Subsistence users must be local rural residents of NPS areas. For more information, contact the NPS office in Anchorage at (907) 644-3509.
- In Kaktovik, a Federally qualified subsistence user (recipient) may designate another Federally qualified subsistence user (designated hunter) to take sheep or muskox on their behalf unless the recipient is a member of a community operating under a community harvest system. The designated hunter must get a designated hunter permit and must return a completed harvest report. The designated hunter may hunt for any number of recipients but may have no more than two harvest limits in their possession at any one time.
- Residents of Anaktuvuk Pass who have taken sheep within Gates of the Arctic National Park under the community harvest quota hunt are required to report the taking within 10 days to the Anaktuvuk Pass village coordinator's office.

Arctic Slope

Hunting / Unit 26

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BLACK BEAR		
• All rural residents	3 bear	July 1–June 30
BROWN BEAR		
• Rural residents of Unit 26 (except the Prudhoe Bay-Deadhorse Industrial Complex), Anaktuvuk Pass, and Point Hope <i>Contact ADF&G for permit details.</i>	Unit 26A—1 bear by State registration permit only.	July 1–June 30
	Unit 26B—1 bear	Jan. 1–Dec. 31
	Unit 26C—1 bear	Aug. 10–June 30
CARIBOU		
• Units 26A and 26C—Rural residents of Unit 26, Anaktuvuk Pass, and Point Hope • Unit 26B—Rural residents of Unit 26, Anaktuvuk Pass, Point Hope, and residents of Unit 24 within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area. <i>You may not transport more than 5 caribou per regulatory year from Unit 26 except to the community of Anaktuvuk Pass.</i>	Unit 26A—10 caribou per day; however, cow caribou may not be taken May 16–June 30.	July 1–June 30
	Unit 26B—10 caribou per day; however, cow caribou may be taken only from Oct. 1–Apr. 30.	July 1–June 30
	Unit 26C—10 caribou per day	July 1–Apr. 30
MOOSE		
• Rural residents of Unit 26 (except the Prudhoe Bay-Deadhorse Industrial Complex), Anaktuvuk Pass, and Point Hope	Unit 26A—that portion of the Colville River drainage upstream from (and including) the Anaktuvuk River drainage—1 bull.	Aug. 1–Sept. 14
	Unit 26A—that portion of the Colville River drainage upstream from (and including) the Anaktuvuk River drainage—1 moose; however, you may not take a calf or a cow accompanied by a calf.	Feb. 15–Apr. 15
	Unit 26A—that portion west of 156°00' W. Long. and excluding the Colville River drainage—1 moose; however, you may not take a calf or a cow accompanied by a calf.	July 1–Sept. 14
	Unit 26A remainder—1 bull	Aug. 1–Sept. 14
	Unit 26B—excluding the Canning River drainage—1 bull.	Sept. 1–Sept. 14
	Units 26B remainder and 26C—1 moose by Federal registration permit (FM2606) by residents of Kaktovik only. The harvest quota is 3 moose (2 antlered bulls and 1 of either sex) provided that no more than 2 antlered bulls may be harvested from Unit 26C and cows may not be harvested from Unit 26C. You may not take a cow accompanied by a calf. Only 3 Federal registration permits will be issued.	July 1–Mar. 31
	<i>Federal public lands are closed to the harvest of moose except by a Kaktovik resident holding a Federal registration permit.</i>	

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CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS	
MUSKOX			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit 26A—Rural residents of Anaktuvuk Pass, Atqasuk, Barrow, Nuiqsut, Point Hope, Point Lay, and Wainwright Unit 26B—Rural residents of Anaktuvuk Pass, Kaktovik, and Nuiqsit Unit 26C—Rural residents of Kaktovik <p><i>Federal permits are available from the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge office in Fairbanks, listed in the directory at the end of this book.</i></p>	Units 26A and 26B	No Federal open season	
	Unit 26C—1 bull by Federal registration permit (FX2604) only. The number of permits that may be issued by the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge Manager to the residents of Kaktovik will not exceed three percent (3%) of the number of muskoxen counted in Unit 26C during a pre-calving census. <i>Federal public lands are closed to the harvest of muskox, except by residents of Kaktovik.</i>		July 15–Mar. 31
SHEEP			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unit 26A—Rural residents of Unit 26, Anaktuvuk Pass, and Point Hope Unit 26B—Rural residents of Unit 26, Anaktuvuk Pass, Point Hope, and Wiseman Unit 26C—Rural residents of Unit 26, Anaktuvuk Pass, Arctic Village, Chalkyitsik, Fort Yukon, Point Hope, and Venetie <p><i>See Special Provision (above) for residents of Anaktuvuk Pass in Unit 26B. Federal permits are available from the BLM Field Office in Fairbanks, listed in the directory at the end of this book.</i></p> <p><i>Unit 26C Federal registration permits are available from the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge office in Fairbanks, listed in the directory at the end of this book.</i></p>	Unit 26A—those portions within the Gates of the Arctic National Park, excluding Anaktuvuk Pass residents—3 sheep	Aug. 1–Apr. 30	
	Unit 26A—that portion west of Howard Pass and the Etivluk River (DeLong Mountains)—1 sheep by Federal registration permit. The total allowable harvest of sheep for the DeLong Mountains is 8, of which 5 may be rams and 3 may be ewes.		Aug. 10–Apr. 30 If the allowable harvest levels are reached before the regular season closing date, the Superintendent of the Western Arctic National Parklands will announce early closure.
	Units 26A and 26B—those portions within the Gates of the Arctic National Park, Anaktuvuk Pass residents only—community harvest quota of 60 sheep, no more than 10 of which may be ewes and a daily possession limit of 3 sheep per person, no more than 1 of which may be a ewe.		July 15–Dec. 31
	Unit 26B—that portion within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area—1 ram with 7/8 curl horn or larger by Federal registration permit (FS2602) only.		Aug. 10–Sept. 20
	Units 26A and 26B remainder (including the Gates of the Arctic National Preserve)—1 ram with 7/8 curl horn or larger.		Aug. 10–Sept. 20
	Unit 26C—3 sheep per regulatory year; the Aug. 10–Sept. 20 season is restricted to 1 ram with 7/8 curl horn or larger. A Federal registration permit (FS2603) is required for the Oct. 1–Apr. 30 season.		Aug. 10–Sept. 20 Oct. 1–Apr. 30
COYOTE			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	2 coyotes	Sept. 1–Apr. 30	
FOX, ARCTIC (Blue and White phase)			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	2 foxes	Sept. 1–Apr. 30	

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CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
FOX, RED (including Cross, Black and Silver phases)		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	Units 26A and 26B—10 foxes; however, no more than 2 foxes may be taken prior to Oct. 1.	Sept. 1–Mar. 15
	Unit 26C—10 foxes	Nov. 1–Apr. 15
HARE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	No limit	July 1–June 30
LYNX		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	2 lynx	Nov. 1–Apr. 15
WOLF		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rural residents of Units 6, 9, 10 (Unimak Island only), 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, and Chickaloon 	15 wolves	Aug. 10–Apr. 30
WOLVERINE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	5 wolverine	Sept. 1–Mar. 31
PTARMIGAN		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rural residents 	20 ptarmigan per day, 40 in possession	Aug. 10–Apr. 30

Trapping Regulations

You may trap wildlife for subsistence uses only within the seasons and harvest limits in these unit trapping regulations. Trapping wildlife out of season or in excess of harvest limits for subsistence uses is illegal and prohibited. However, you may trap unclassified wildlife (such as all squirrel and marmot species) in all units, without harvest limits, from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2014.

Subsistence Trapping Restrictions

When taking wildlife for subsistence purposes, trappers may not:

- Disturb or destroy a den (except any muskrat pushup or feeding house that may be disturbed in the course of trapping).
- Disturb or destroy any beaver house.
- Take beaver by any means other than a steel trap or snare, except certain times of the year when firearms may be used to take beaver in Units 9, 12, 17, 18, 20E, 21E, 22 and 23. *See Unit-specific regulations.*
- Under a trapping license, take a free-ranging furbearer with a firearm on NPS lands.
- Take otter with a steel trap having a jaw spread of less than 5 7/8 inches during any closed mink and marten season in the same unit.

Special Provisions

- **National Park Service (NPS) areas**—For subsistence use, national parks and monuments are open only to NPS qualified subsistence users. Subsistence users must be local rural residents of NPS areas. For more information, contact the NPS office in Anchorage at (907) 644-3509.
- Federal public lands within **Glacier Bay National Park, Sitka National Historical Park, Klondike Gold Rush National Historical Park, Kenai Fjords National Park, Katmai National Park, and Denali National Park** as it existed prior to December 2, 1980, are closed to all trapping, including trapping for subsistence uses. Trapping for subsistence uses, under these regulations, is allowed in **Denali National Preserve** and on lands added to **Denali National Park** on December 2, 1980.
- The **Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area**, which consists of those portions of Units 20, 24, 25, and 26 extending five miles from each side of the Dalton Highway from the Yukon River to Prudhoe Bay, is closed to the use of motorized vehicles (except aircraft and boats), and to licensed highway vehicles, snowmobiles, and firearms (except as provided below). The use of snowmobiles is authorized only for the subsistence taking of wildlife by residents living within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area. The use of firearms within the corridor management area for subsistence taking of wildlife is authorized only for residents of Alatna, Allakaket, Anaktuvuk Pass, Bettles,

- Take (or assist in the taking of) furbearers by firearm before 3:00 a.m. on the day following the day on which airborne travel occurred. This does not apply to a trapper using a firearm to dispatch furbearers caught in a trap or snare.
- Use a net or fish trap (except a blackfish or fyke trap).
- Use a firearm other than a shotgun, muzzle-loaded rifle, rifle or pistol using center-firing cartridges, for the taking of a wolf or wolverine, except that:
 - You may use a firearm that shoots rimfire cartridges to take wolf and wolverine under a trapping license. You may sell the raw fur or tanned pelt, with or without claws attached, from legally harvested furbearers.

Evansville, Stevens Village, and residents living within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area.

- With a trapping license, you may not take a free-ranging furbearer with a firearm in any NPS area.
- **In Units 1–5**, you may not shoot wolf or wolverine from a boat unless you are certified as disabled.
- **In Units 1–5**, coyotes taken incidentally with a trap or snare during an open Federal trapping season for wolf, wolverine, or beaver may be legally retained.
- **In Units 1–5**, trappers are prohibited from using a trap or snare unless the trap or snare has been individually marked with a permanent metal tag upon which is stamped or permanently etched the trapper's name and address, or the trapper's permanent identification number, or is set within 50 yards of a sign that lists the trapper's name and address, or the trapper's permanent identification number; the trapper must use the trapper's Alaska driver's license number or state identification card number as the required permanent identification number; if a trapper chooses to place a sign at a snaring site rather than tagging individual snares, the sign must be at least 3 inches by 5 inches in size, be clearly visible, and have numbers and letters that are at least one-half inch high and one-eighth inch wide in a color that contrasts with the color of the sign.

Unit 1 Southeast Mainland

Unit 1C, Juneau area, the trapping of furbearers for subsistence uses is prohibited on the following public lands:

- A strip within one-quarter mile of the mainland coast between the end of Thane Road and the end of Glacier Highway at Echo Cove;
- That area of the Mendenhall Valley bounded on the south by the Glacier Highway, on the west by the Mendenhall Loop Road and Montana Creek Road and Spur Road to Mendenhall Lake, on the north by Mendenhall Lake, and on the east by the Mendenhall Loop Road and Forest Service Glacier Spur Road to the Forest Service Visitor Center;
- That area within the U.S. Forest Service Mendenhall Glacier Recreation Area;
- A strip within one-quarter mile of the following trails as designated on U.S. Geological Survey maps: Herbert Glacier Trail, Windfall Lake Trail, Peterson Lake Trail, Spaulding Meadows Trail (including the loop trail), Nugget Creek Trail, Outer Point Trail, Dan Moller Trail, Perseverance Trail, Granite Creek Trail, Mt. Roberts Trail, Nelson Water Supply Trail, Sheep Creek Trail, and Point Bishop Trail.

Unit 3 Petersburg-Wrangell

- In the Petersburg vicinity, a strip one-fourth mile wide on each side of the Mitkof Highway from milepost 0 to Crystal Lake campground is closed to the taking of wolf and wolverine.

Unit 6 Cordova-Valdez

- **Units 6B and 6C**—Coyote may be taken with the aid of artificial lights.

Unit 8 Kodiak-Shelikof

- A firearm may be used to take beaver with a trapping license from Nov. 10–Apr. 30.

Unit 9 Alaska Peninsula

- **Unit 9B**—You may take beaver with a trapping license from Apr. 1–May 31, and in **Unit 9 remainder** from Apr. 1–30.

Unit 10 Aleutian Islands

- On **Otter Island** in the Pribilof Islands, the taking of any wildlife species for subsistence uses is prohibited.

Unit 12 Upper Tanana-White River

- Trapping of coyote or wolf is prohibited during Apr. and Oct. with a steel trap or with a snare using cable smaller than 3/32-inch diameter.

Unit 13 Nelchina-Upper Susitna

- BLM restricts the use of off-road vehicles to certain designated trails off the Denali and Richardson highways in the **Tangle Lakes Archaeological District**. For information and maps on these trails and their restrictions, contact the BLM Glennallen District Office, P.O. Box 147, Glennallen, AK 99588 (907) 822-3217.

Unit 14 Anchorage

- The **Fort Richardson and Elmendorf Air Force Base Management Areas**, consisting of the Fort Richardson and Elmendorf military reservations, are closed to the subsistence taking of wildlife.
- The **Anchorage Management Area**, consisting of all drainages south of Elmendorf and Fort Richardson military reservations and north of (and including) Rainbow Creek is closed to subsistence taking of wildlife.

Unit 15 Kenai

- You may not trap furbearers for subsistence in the **Skilak Loop Wildlife Management Area**.
- Taking a red fox by any means other than a steel trap or snare is prohibited.
- **Unit 15B portion**—You may not trap marten in that portion of Unit 15B east of the Kenai River, Skilak Lake, Skilak River, and Skilak Glacier.
- **Kenai NWR regulations: Trapping on the Kenai NWR requires a refuge permit. Trapping of red fox is prohibited on the Kenai NWR. Use of aircraft, off-road vehicles and firearms is subject to special Kenai NWR regulations.**

Unit 17 Bristol Bay

- If you have a trapping license, you may use a firearm to take beaver from Apr. 15–May 31.

Unit 18 Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta

- A firearm may be used to take beaver under a trapping license from Apr. 1–June 10.

Unit 20 Fairbanks-Central Tenana

- **Unit 20E**—Trapping of coyote or wolf is prohibited during Apr. and Oct. with a steel trap, or with a snare using cable smaller than 3/32 inch diameter.

Unit 21 Middle Yukon

- **Unit 21E**—A firearm may be used to take beaver with a trapping license from Nov. 1–June 10.

Unit 22 Seward Peninsula

- A firearm may be used to take beaver with a trapping license during the established seasons.
- Coyote, incidentally taken with a trap or snare may be used for subsistence purposes.

Trapping

Special Provisions (continued)

Unit 23 Kotzebue Sound

- A firearm may be used to take beaver with a trapping license from Nov. 1–June 10.

Unit 24 Koyukuk

- Arctic fox, incidentally taken with a trap or snare intended for red fox, may be used for subsistence purposes.

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BEAVER		
All rural residents		
Units 1, 2, 3 except Mitkof Island, and Unit 4	No limit	Dec. 1–May 15
Unit 3 Mitkof Island	No limit	Dec. 1–Apr. 15
Unit 5	No limit	Nov. 10–May 15
Unit 6	No limit	Dec. 1–Apr. 30
Units 7 and 15	20 beaver per season	Nov. 10–Mar. 31
Unit 8	30 beaver per season	Nov. 10–Apr. 30
Unit 9D	No limit	Oct. 10–Mar. 31
	2 beaver per day; only a firearm may be used	Apr. 15–May 31
Unit 11	No limit	Sept. 25–May 31
Unit 12	15 beaver per season. Only firearms may be used during Sept. 20–Oct. 31 and Apr. 16–May 15, to take up to 6 beaver. Only traps or snares may be used Nov. 1–Apr. 15. The total annual harvest limit for beaver is 15, of which no more than 6 may be taken by firearm under trapping or hunting regulations. Meat from beaver harvested by firearm must be salvaged for human consumption.	Sept. 20–May 15
Unit 13	No limit	Sept. 25–May 31
Units 14A, 14B, and 22C		No Federal open season
Unit 14C —that portion within the drainages of Glacier Creek, Kern Creek, Peterson Creek, the Twentymile River and the drainages of Knik River outside Chugach State Park.	20 beaver per season	Dec. 1–Apr. 15
Unit 16	No limit	Oct. 10–May 15
Unit 18	No limit	July 1–June 30
Units 19, 21, and 24	No limit	Nov. 1–June 10
Units 20A, 20B, 20C, and 20F Unit 20E	No limit	Nov. 1–Apr. 15
	25 beaver per season. Only firearms may be used during Sept. 20–Oct. 31 and Apr. 16–May 15, to take up to 6 beaver. Only traps or snares may be used Nov. 1–Apr. 15. The total annual harvest limit for beaver is 25, of which no more than 6 may be taken by firearm under trapping or hunting regulations. Meat from beaver harvested by firearm must be salvaged for human consumption.	Sept. 20–May 15

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Trapping

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
BEAVER (continued)		
All rural residents (continued)		
Units 22A, 22B, 22D, and 22E	50 beaver	Nov. 1–June 10
Unit 23 Kobuk and Selawik River drainages	50 beaver	July 1–June 30
Unit 23 remainder	30 beaver	July 1–June 30
Unit 25C	No limit	Nov. 1–Apr. 15
Unit 25 remainder	50 beaver	Nov. 1–Apr. 15
Units 9A, 9B, 9C, 9E, and 17		
Units 9A, 9B, 9C, 9E, and 17	No limit	Oct. 10–Mar. 31
	2 beaver per day. Only firearms may be used.	Apr. 15–May 31
COYOTE—All rural residents		
Units 1, 2, 3, and 4	No limit	Dec. 1–Feb. 15
Unit 5	No limit	Nov. 10–Feb. 15
Unit 6C south of the Copper River Highway and east of the Heney Range.	No limit	Nov. 10–Apr. 30
Units 6A, 6B, 6C remainder, and 6D	No limit	Nov. 10–Mar. 31
Units 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 16, 17, and 18	No limit	Nov. 10–Mar. 31
Unit 10	2 coyotes	Sept. 1–Apr. 30
Units 12 and 20E	No limit	Oct. 15–Apr. 30
Units 14A, 14B, and 22		No Federal open season
Unit 14C	No limit	Nov. 10–Feb. 28
Units 19, 20A, 20B, 20C, 20D, 20F, 21, 24, and 25	No limit	Nov. 1–Mar. 31
Unit 20E	No limit	Oct. 15–Apr. 30
Units 23 and 26	No limit	Nov. 1–Apr. 15
FOX, ARCTIC (Blue and White Phase)—All rural residents		
Unit 9	No limit	Nov. 10–Feb. 28
Unit 10	No limit	July 1–June 30
Units 17 and 18	No limit	Nov. 10–Mar. 31
Units 22, 23, and 26	No limit	Nov. 1–Apr. 15
FOX, RED (including Cross, Black, and Silver Phases)—All rural residents		
Units 1, 2, 3, and 4	No limit	Dec. 1–Feb. 15
Unit 5	No limit	Nov. 10–Feb. 15
Units 6, 7, 9, 11, 13, and 16	No limit	Nov. 10–Feb. 28
Units 8, 17, and 18	No limit	Nov. 10–Mar. 31
Unit 10	2 red foxes	Sept. 1–Feb. 28
Units 12, 20, 21, 24, and 25	No limit	Nov. 1–Feb. 28
Units 14A and 14B		No Federal open season
Units 14C and 15	1 fox	Nov. 10–Feb. 28
Unit 19	No limit	Nov. 1–Mar. 31
Units 22, 23, and 26	No limit	Nov. 1–Apr. 15
LYNX—All rural residents		
Units 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5	No limit	Dec. 1–Feb. 15
Unit 9	No limit	Nov. 10–Feb. 28
Units 11 and 13	No limit	Nov. 10–Feb. 28
Units 6, 14A, and 14B,		No Federal open season

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Trapping

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
LYNX—All rural residents (continued)		
Units 7 and 15	No limit	Jan. 1–Jan. 31
Unit 12 and 20E	No limit, however no more than 5 lynx may be taken between Nov. 1 and Nov. 30.	Nov. 1–Dec. 31
Units 17 and 18	No limit	Nov. 10–Mar. 31
Units 19, 21, 24, and 25	No limit	Nov. 1–Feb. 28
Units 14C and 16	No limit	Dec. 15–Jan. 31
Units 20A, 20B, and 20C east of Teklanika River	No limit	Dec. 15–Feb. 15
Units 20F and 20C remainder	No limit	Nov. 1–Feb. 28
Units 22, 23, and 26	No limit	Nov. 1–Apr. 15
MARTEN—All rural residents		
Units 1, 2, 3 (except Kuiu Island), and 4	No limit	Dec. 1–Feb. 15
Unit 3—that portion of Kuiu Island		No Federal open season
Unit 5	No limit	Nov. 10–Feb. 15
Units 6, 9, 11, 13, 16, and 17	No limit	Nov. 10–Feb. 28
Units 7, 8, and 14C	No limit	Nov. 10–Jan. 31
Units 12, 19, 20, 21, 24, and 25	No limit	Nov. 1–Feb. 28
Units 14A and 14B		No Federal open season
Unit 15B—that portion east of the Kenai River, Skilak Lake, Skilak River and Skilak Glacier		No Federal open season
Unit 15 remainder	No limit	Nov. 10–Jan. 31
Unit 18	No limit	Nov. 10–Mar. 31
Units 22, 23, and 26	No limit	Nov. 1–Apr. 15
MINK AND WEASEL—All rural residents		
Units 1, 2, 3, and 4	No limit	Dec. 1–Feb. 15
Unit 5	No limit	Nov. 10–Feb. 15
Units 6, 7, 8, 14C, 15, 16, and 18	No limit	Nov. 10–Jan. 31
Units 9, 10, 11, 13, and 17	No limit	Nov. 10–Feb. 28
Units 12, 19, 20, 21, 24, and 25	No limit	Nov. 1–Feb. 28
Units 14A and 14B		No Federal open season
Units 22, 23, and 26	No limit	Nov. 1–Jan. 31
MUSKRAT—All rural residents		
Units 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5	No limit	Dec. 1–Feb. 15
Units 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 16, and 18	No limit	Nov. 10–June 10
Units 7, 14C, and 15	No limit	Nov. 10–May 15
Units 12 and 20E	No limit	Sept. 20–June 10
Unit 13	No limit	Sept. 25–June 10
Units 14A and 14B		No Federal open season
Unit 17	2 muskrat	Nov. 10–Feb. 28
Units 19, 20A, 20B, 20C, 20D, and 20F, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, and 26	No limit	Nov. 1–June 10
RIVER OTTER—All rural residents		
Units 1, 2, 3, and 4	No limit	Dec. 1–Feb. 15
Unit 5	No limit	Nov. 10–Feb. 15
Units 6, 9, 10, 11, 16, 17, and 18	No limit	Nov. 10–Mar. 31

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Trapping

CUSTOMARY & TRADITIONAL USE DETERMINATION	HARVEST LIMITS	OPEN SEASONS
RIVER OTTER—All rural residents (Continued)		
Units 7, 14C, and 15	No limit	Nov. 10–Feb. 28
Unit 8	No limit	Nov. 10–Jan. 31
Units 12, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, and 26	No limit	Nov. 1–Apr. 15
Unit 13	No limit	Nov. 10–Mar. 31
Units 14A and 14B		No Federal open season
WOLF		
All rural residents		
Units 1, 3, and 4	No limit	Nov. 10–Apr. 30
Unit 2	No limit <i>Any wolf taken in Unit 2 must be sealed within 14 days of harvest</i>	Nov. 15–Mar. 31
Units 7 and 15	No limit	Nov. 10–Mar. 31
Units 14A and 14B		No Federal open season
Unit 14C	No limit	Nov. 10–Feb. 28
Rural residents of Unit 5A		
Unit 5	No limit	Nov. 10–Nov. 30
Units 5A, 6, 9, 10 (Unimak Island only), 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, and Chickaloon.		
Unit 6A	No limit	Nov. 10–Mar. 31
Units 6, 9, 10 (Unimak Island only), 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, and Chickaloon.		
Units 6B, 6C, 6D, 9, 10, 11, 16, 17, and 18	No limit	Nov. 10–Mar. 31
Units 12, 20E and 25	No limit	Oct. 1–Apr. 30
Unit 13	No limit	Oct. 15–Apr. 30
Units 19, 20A, 20B, 20C, 21, 23, 24, and 26	No limit	Nov. 1–Apr. 30
Unit 20F, Stevens Village, and Manley		
Unit 20F	No limit	Nov. 1–Apr. 30
Units 23, 22, 21D north and west of the Yukon River, and Kotlik		
Unit 22	No limit	Nov. 1–Apr. 30
WOLVERINE—All rural residents		
Units 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5	No limit	Nov. 10– Mar. 1
Units 6, 7, 9, 10, 14C, 15B, 15C, 16, and 17	No limit	Nov. 10–Feb. 28
Unit 11	No limit	Nov. 10–Feb. 28
Unit 13	No limit	Nov. 10–Jan. 31
Units 12, 20, and 25C	No limit	Nov. 1–Feb. 28
Units 14A, 14B, and 15A		No Federal open season
Unit 18	No limit	Nov. 10–Mar. 31
Units 19, 21, 24, 25A, 25B, and 25D	No limit	Nov. 1–Mar. 31
Units 22, 23, and 26	No limit	Nov. 1–Apr. 15

Definitions

These definitions apply to the regulations in this book.

ADF&G—means the Alaska Department of Fish and Game.

Agency—means a subunit of a cabinet-level Department of the Federal Government having land management authority over the public lands including, but not limited to, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Bureau of Land Management, National Park Service, and U.S. Forest Service.

Airborne—means transported by aircraft.

Aircraft—means any kind of airplane, glider, or other device used to transport people or equipment through the air, excluding helicopters.

Airport—means an airport listed in the Federal Aviation Administration Alaska Airman's Guide and chart supplement.

ANILCA—means the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act, Public Law 96-487, 94 Stat. 2371 (December 2, 1980) (codified, as amended, in scattered sections of 16 U.S.C. and 43 U.S.C.)

Animal—means those species with a vertebral column (backbone).

Antler—means one or more solid, horn-like appendages protruding from the head of a caribou, deer, elk, or moose.

Antlered—means any caribou, deer, elk, or moose having at least one visible antler.

Antlerless—means any caribou, deer, elk, or moose not having visible antlers attached to the skull.

Bait—means any material excluding a scent lure that is placed to attract an animal by its sense of smell

or taste; however, those parts of legally taken animals that are not required to be salvaged and which are left at the kill site are not considered bait.

Barter—means the exchange of fish or wildlife or their parts taken for subsistence uses; for other fish, wildlife or their parts; or, for other food or for nonedible items other than money, if the exchange is of a limited and non-commercial nature.

Bear—means black, brown, or grizzly bear.

Big Game—means black bear, brown bear, bison, caribou, Sitka black-tailed deer, elk, mountain goat, moose, muskox, Dall sheep, wolf, and wolverine.

Bow—means a longbow, recurve bow, or compound bow, excluding a crossbow, or any bow equipped with a mechanical device that holds arrows at full draw.

Broadhead—means an arrowhead that is not barbed and has two or more steel cutting edges having a minimum cutting diameter of not less than $\frac{7}{8}$ of an inch.

Brow tine—means a tine on the front portion of a moose antler, typically projecting forward from the base of the antler toward the nose.

Buck—means any male deer.

Bull—means any male moose, caribou, elk, or muskox.

Calf—means a moose, caribou, elk, muskox, or bison less than 12 months old.

Closed season—means the time when wildlife may not be taken.

Conservation of healthy populations of wildlife—means the maintenance of wildlife resources and their habitats in a condition that assures stable and continuing natural populations and species mix of plants and animals in relation to their ecosystem, including the recognition that local rural residents engaged in subsistence uses may be a natural part of that ecosystem; minimizes the likelihood of irreversible or long-term adverse effects upon such populations and species; ensures the maximum practicable diversity of options for the future; and recognizes that the policies and legal authorities of the managing agencies will determine the nature and degree of management programs affecting ecological relationships, population dynamics, and the manipulation of the components of the ecosystem.

Cub bear—means a brown or grizzly bear in its first or second year of life; or a black bear (including cinnamon and blue phases) in its first year of life.

Customary and traditional use—means a long-established, consistent pattern of use, incorporating beliefs and customs which have been transmitted from generation to generation. This use plays an important role in the economy of the community.

Customary trade—means the exchange of cash for fish and wildlife resources regulated herein, not otherwise prohibited by Federal law or regulation, to support personal and family needs; and does not include trade

which constitutes a significant commercial enterprise.

Designated hunter—means a Federally qualified subsistence hunter who may take all or a portion of another Federally qualified hunter's harvest limit(s) only under situations approved by the Board.

Drainage—means all of the lands and waters comprising a watershed, including tributary rivers, streams, sloughs, ponds, and lakes, which contribute to the water supply of the watershed.

Drawing permit—means a permit issued to a limited number of Federally qualified subsistence users selected by means of a random drawing.

Edible meat—means the breast meat of ptarmigan and grouse, and those parts of caribou, deer, elk, mountain goat, moose, muskox, and Dall sheep that are typically used for human consumption. This includes the meat of the ribs, neck, brisket, front quarters as far as the distal joint (bottom) of the radius-ulna (knee), hind-quarters as far as the distal joint (bottom) of the tibia-fibula (hock), and that portion of the animal between the front and hindquarters; for black, brown, and grizzly bear, it is the meat of front and hindquarter and meat along the backbone (backstrap); however, edible meat of species listed above does not include meat of the head; meat that has been damaged and made inedible by the method of taking; bones; sinew; viscera; and incidental meat reasonably lost as a result of boning or close trimming of the bones, or viscera.

Family—means all persons related by blood, marriage or adoption,

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or any person living within the household on a permanent basis.

Federally qualified subsistence user—means a rural Alaska resident qualified to harvest wildlife on Federal public lands in accordance with the regulations in this booklet.

Field—means an area outside of established year-round dwellings, businesses, or other developments usually associated with a city, town, or village; "field" does not include permanent hotels or roadhouses on the State road system or at State or Federally maintained airports.

Fifty-inch (50-inch) moose—means a bull moose with an antler spread of 50 inches or more.

Full curl horn—means the horn of a Dall sheep ram; the tip of which has grown through 360 degrees of a circle described by the outer surface of the horn, as viewed from the side, or that both horns are broken, or that the sheep is at least 8 years of age as determined by horn growth annuli.

Furbearer—means a beaver, coyote, arctic fox, red fox, lynx, marten, mink, weasel, muskrat, river (land) otter, red squirrel, flying squirrel, ground squirrel, marmot, wolf or wolverine.

Grouse—collectively refers to all species found in Alaska, including spruce grouse, ruffed grouse, sooty grouse (formerly blue grouse), and sharp-tailed grouse.

Handicraft—means a finished product made by a rural Alaska resident from nonedible byproducts of fish or wildlife, which is composed wholly or in some significant respect of natural materials. The shape and appearance of natural material must be substantially changed by the skillful use

of hands by sewing, weaving, drilling, lacing, beading, carving, etching, scrimshawing, painting, or other means, and incorporated into a work of art, regalia, clothing, or other creative expression, and can be either traditional or contemporary in design. The handicraft must have a substantially greater monetary and aesthetic value than the unaltered natural material alone.

Harass—means to disturb, worry, molest, rally, concentrate, harry, chase, drive, herd or torment.

Hare or hares—collectively refers to all species of hare (commonly called rabbits) in Alaska and includes snowshoe hare and tundra hare.

Harvest (see Take or Taking)

Harvest limit—means the number of any one species permitted to be taken by any one person in a unit or portion of a unit in which the taking occurs even if part or all of the harvest is preserved.

Highway—means the drivable surface of any constructed road.

Household—means that group of people residing in the same residence.

Hunting—means the taking of wildlife within established hunting seasons with archery equipment or firearms, as authorized by a required hunting license.

Marmot collectively refers to all species of marmot that occur in Alaska including the hoary marmot, the Alaska marmot, and the woodchuck.

Motorized vehicle—means a motor-driven land, air or water conveyance.

Open season—means the time when wildlife may be taken by hunting or trapping; an open season

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includes the first and last days of the prescribed season period.

Otter—means river or land otter only, excluding sea otter.

Permit hunt—means a hunt for which State or Federal permits are issued by registration or other means.

Person—means an individual and does not include a corporation, company, partnership, firm, association, organization, business, trust or society.

Poison—means any substance which is toxic, or poisonous upon contact or ingestion.

Possession—means having direct physical control of wildlife at a given time or having both the power and intention to exercise dominion or control of wildlife either directly or through another person or persons.

Possession limit—means the maximum number of fish, grouse or ptarmigan a person or designated group may have in possession if they have not been canned, salted, frozen, smoked, dried, or otherwise preserved so as to be fit for human consumption after a 15-day period.

Ptarmigan—collectively refers to all species found in Alaska, including rock ptarmigan, willow ptarmigan, and white-tailed ptarmigan.

Public lands or public land, or Federal public lands or Federal public land—means lands situated in the State of Alaska which are Federal public lands, except:

- 1) Land selections of the State of Alaska which have been tentatively approved or validly selected under the *Alaska Statehood Act* and lands which have been confirmed to, validly selected

by, or granted to the Territory of Alaska or the State under any other provision of Federal law;

- 2) Land selections of a Native Corporation made under the *Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act* which have not been conveyed to a Native Corporation, unless any such selection is determined to be invalid or is relinquished; and,
- 3) Lands referred to in Section 19B of the *Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act*.
- 4) However, until conveyed, all Federal public lands within the boundaries of any unit of the National Park System, National Wildlife Refuge System, National Wild & Scenic Rivers system, National Forest Monument, National Recreation Area, National Conservation Area, new National forest or forest addition shall be treated as public lands for the purposes of these regulations.

Ram—means a male Dall sheep.

Registration permit—means a permit which authorizes hunting and is issued to a person who agrees to the specified hunting conditions. Hunting permitted by a registration permit begins on an announced date and continues throughout the open season, or until the season is closed by Board action. Registration permits are issued in the order applications are received and/or are based on priorities as determined by 50 CFR 100.17 and 36 CFR 242.17.

Regulatory year—means July 1 through June 30.

Resident—means any person who has their primary, permanent home for the previous 12 months within Alaska and whenever absent from this primary, permanent home, has the intention of returning to it. Factors demonstrating the location of a person's primary, permanent home may include, but are not limited to: the address listed on an Alaska license to drive, hunt, fish, or engage in an activity regulated by a government entity; affidavit of person or persons who know the individual; voter registration; location of residences owned, rented or leased; location of stored household goods; residence of spouse, minor children or dependents; tax documents; or whether the person claims residence in another location for any purpose.

Rural—means any community or area of Alaska determined by the Federal Subsistence Board to qualify as such. Only residents of communities or areas that the Board has determined to be rural are eligible for the subsistence priority.

Salvage—means to transport the edible meat, skull, or hide, as required by regulation, of a regulated wildlife to the location where the edible meat will be consumed by humans or processed for human consumption in a manner which saves or prevents the edible meat from waste, and preserves the skull or hide for human use.

Sealing—means placing a mark or tag on a portion of a harvested animal by an authorized representative of the ADF&G; sealing includes collecting and recording information about the conditions under which the animal was har-

vested, and measurements of the specimen submitted for sealing, or surrendering a specific portion of the animal for biological information.

Secretary—means the Secretary of the Interior, except when used in reference to matters related to any unit of the National Forest System, where it means the Secretary of Agriculture.

Seven-eighths curl horn—means the horn of a male Dall sheep, the tip of which has grown through seven-eighths (315 degrees) of a circle, described by the outer surface of the horn, as viewed from the side, or with both horns broken.

Skin, hide, pelt, or fur—means any tanned or untanned external covering of an animal's body. However, for bear, the skin, hide, pelt, or fur means the external covering with claws attached.

Spike-fork moose—means a bull moose with only one or two tines on either antler; male calves are not spike-fork bulls.

State—means the State of Alaska.

Subsistence uses—means the customary and traditional uses by rural Alaska residents of wild, renewable resources for direct personal or family consumption as food, shelter, fuel, clothing, tools or transportation; for the making and selling of handicraft articles out of nonedible by-products of fish and wildlife resources taken for personal or family consumption; for barter, or sharing for personal or family consumption; and for customary trade.

Take or taking—means to pursue, hunt, shoot, trap, net, capture, collect, kill, harm, or attempt to engage in any such conduct.

Definitions

Tine or antler point—refers to any point on an antler, the length of which is greater than its width and is at least one inch long.

Transportation—means to ship, convey, carry or transport by any means whatever, and deliver or receive for such shipment, conveyance, carriage, or transportation.

Trapping—means the taking of furbearers within established trapping seasons and with a required trapping license.

Trophy—means a mount of a big game animal, including the skin of the head (cape) or the entire skin, in a lifelike representation of the animal; including a lifelike representation made from any part of a big game animal. "Trophy" also includes a "European mount," in which the horns or antlers and the skull (or a portion of the skull) are mounted for display.

Unclassified wildlife or unclassified species—means all species of animals not otherwise classified by the definitions herein, or regulated under other Federal law as listed in these regulations.

Ungulate—means any species of hoofed mammal, including deer, elk, caribou, moose, mountain goat, Dall sheep, and muskox.

Unit or Subunit—means one of the geographical areas in the State of Alaska known as Game Management Units, or GMUs, and collectively listed in this section as Units or subunits.

Wildlife—means any hare, ptarmigan, grouse, ungulate, bear, furbearer, or unclassified species and includes any part, product, egg, or offspring thereof, or carcass or part thereof.

Year—means calendar year unless another year is specified.

Federal Land Management Offices in Alaska

For more detailed information on subsistence regulations for Federal public lands in Alaska, information on Federal permits, or maps, please contact the office nearest where you wish to take wildlife or fish for subsistence purposes.



BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

Alaska Regional Office
P.O. Box 25520
Juneau, AK 99802-5520
(907) 586-7177

Anchorage Office
3601 C Street, Suite 1258
Anchorage, AK 99503-5947
(907) 271-4172



BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Anchorage Field Office
4700 BLM Road
Anchorage, AK 99507
(907) 267-1246

Arctic Interagency Visitor Center
P.O. Box 9079
Coldfoot, AK 99701
(907) 678-5209

Glennallen Field Office
P.O. Box 147
Glennallen, AK 99588
(907) 822-3217

Kotzebue Field Station
P.O. Box 262
Kotzebue, AK 99752
(907) 442-3430

Nome Field Station
P.O. Box 952
Nome, AK 99762
(907) 443-2177

**Central/Eastern Interior/
Fairbanks District Offices**
1150 University Avenue
Fairbanks, AK 99709
(907) 474-2200



NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

Regional Office
240 West 5th Avenue
Anchorage, AK 99501
(907) 644-3509

Aniakchak National Monument & Preserve
P.O. Box 7
King Salmon, AK 99613
(907) 246-3305

Bering Land Bridge National Preserve
P.O. Box 220
Nome, AK 99762
(907) 443-2522

Denali National Park and Preserve
P.O. Box 9
Denali Park, AK 99755
(907) 683-2294

Talkeetna Ranger Station
P.O. Box 588
Talkeetna, AK 99676
(907) 733-2231

Gates of the Arctic National Park and Preserve
4175 Geist Road
Fairbanks, AK 99709-3420
(907) 457-5752

Anaktuvuk Pass Ranger Station
P.O. Box 21102
Anaktuvuk Pass, AK 99721
(907) 661-3520

Bettles Ranger Station
P.O. Box 26030
Bettles, AK 99726
(907) 692-5494

Coldfoot Ranger Station
P.O. Box 9034
Coldfoot, AK 99701
(907) 678-4227

Glacier Bay National Park and Preserve
Box 140
Gustavus, AK 99826
(907) 697-2230

Yakutat Ranger Station
P.O. Box 137
Yakutat, AK 99689
(907) 784-3295

Katmai National Park and Preserve
P.O. Box 7
King Salmon, AK 99613
(907) 246-3305

Kenai Fjords National Park
P.O. Box 1727
Seward, AK 99664
(907) 422-0500

Klondike Gold Rush National Historical Park
P.O. Box 517
Skagway, AK 99840
(907) 983-2921

Lake Clark National Park and Preserve
240 W. 5th Ave., Suite 236
Anchorage, AK 99501
(907) 644-3626

1 Park Place
Port Alsworth, AK 99653
(907) 781-2218

Cape Krusenstern National Monument
P.O. Box 1029
Kotzebue, AK 99752
(907) 442-3890

Kobuk Valley National Park
P.O. Box 1029
Kotzebue, AK 99752
(907) 442-3890

Noatak National Preserve
P.O. Box 1029
Kotzebue, AK 99752
(907) 442-3890

Sitka National Historical Park
103 Monastery Street
Sitka, AK 99835
(907) 747-6281

Western Arctic National Parklands
P.O. Box 1029
Kotzebue, AK 99752
(907) 442-3890

Wrangell-St. Elias National Park and Preserve
P.O. Box 439
Copper Center, AK 99573
(907) 822-5234

Slana Ranger Station
P.O. Box 885
Slana, AK 99586
(907) 822-7401

Yakutat Ranger Station
P.O. Box 137
Yakutat, AK 99689
(907) 784-3295

Yukon-Charley Rivers National Preserve
4175 Geist Road
Fairbanks, AK 99709-3420
(907) 457-5752

Eagle Ranger Station
P.O. Box 167
Eagle, AK 99738-0167
(907) 547-2233



U.S. FISH & WILDLIFE SERVICE

Regional Office
1011 East Tudor Road
Anchorage, AK 99503
(907) 786-3309

Office of Subsistence Management
1011 East Tudor Road, MS-121
Anchorage, AK 99503
(907) 786-3888

Alaska Maritime National Wildlife Refuge Aleutian Islands Unit
P.O. Box 5251
Adak, AK 99546
(907) 592-2406

Alaska Maritime National Wildlife Refuge
95 Sterling Highway
Homer, AK 99603
(907) 235-6546

Alaska Peninsula/Becharof National Wildlife Refuge
P.O. Box 277
King Salmon, AK 99613
(907) 246-3442

Arctic National Wildlife Refuge
101 12th Avenue
Room 236
Fairbanks, AK 99701
(907) 456-0250

Innoko National Wildlife Refuge
P.O. Box 69
McGrath, AK 99627
(907) 524-3251

Izembek National Wildlife Refuge
P.O. Box 127
Cold Bay, AK 99571
(907) 532-2445

Kanuti National Wildlife Refuge
101 12th Avenue
Room 262
Fairbanks, AK 99701
(907) 456-0329

Kenai National Wildlife Refuge
P.O. Box 2139
Soldotna, AK 99669-2139
(907) 262-7021

Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge
1390 Buskin River Road
Kodiak, AK 99615
(907) 487-2600

Koyukuk/Nowitna National Wildlife Refuge
P.O. Box 287
Galena, AK 99741
(907) 656-1231

Selawik National Wildlife Refuge
P.O. Box 270
Kotzebue, AK 99752
(907) 442-3799

Tetlin National Wildlife Refuge
P.O. Box 779
Tok, AK 99780
(907) 883-5312

Togiak National Wildlife Refuge
P.O. Box 270
Dillingham, AK 99576
(907) 842-1063

Yukon Delta National Wildlife Refuge
P.O. Box 346
Bethel, AK 99559
(907) 543-3151

Yukon Flats National Wildlife Refuge
101 12th Avenue
Room 264
Fairbanks, AK 99701
(907) 456-0440



U.S. FOREST SERVICE

Regional Office
P.O. Box 21628
Juneau, AK 99802
(907) 586-8863

Admiralty Island National Monument
8510 Mendenhall Loop Rd.
Juneau, AK 99801
(907) 586-8800

Chugach National Forest Supervisor's Office
161 East 1st Avenue, Door 8
Anchorage, AK 99501
(907) 743-9500

Cordova Ranger District
P.O. Box 280
Cordova, AK 99574
(907) 424-7661

Craig Ranger District
P.O. Box 500
900 Ninth Street
Craig, AK 99921
(907) 826-3271

Glacier Ranger District
P.O. Box 129
Girdwood, AK 99587
(907) 783-3242

Hoonah Ranger District
P.O. Box 135
Hoonah, AK 99829
(907) 945-3631

Juneau Ranger District
8510 Mendenhall Loop Rd.
Juneau, AK 99801
(907) 586-8800

Ketchikan Ranger District
3031 Tongass
Ketchikan, AK 99901
(907) 225-2148

Misty Fiords National Monument
3031 Tongass
Ketchikan, AK 99901
(907) 225-2148

Petersburg Ranger District
P.O. Box 1328
Petersburg, AK 99833
(907) 772-3871

Seward Ranger District
P.O. Box 390
Seward, AK 99664
(907) 224-3374

Sitka Ranger District
204 Siginaka Way
Sitka, AK 99835
(907) 747-6671

Thorne Bay Ranger District
P.O. Box 19001
Thorne Bay, AK 99919
(907) 828-3304

Tongass National Forest Supervisor's Offices
204 Siginaka Way
Sitka, AK 99835
(907) 747-6671

Federal Building
648 Mission St.
Ketchikan, AK 99901
(907) 225-3101

P.O. Box 309
Petersburg, AK 99833
(907) 772-3841

Wrangell Ranger District
P.O. Box 51
Wrangell, AK 99929
(907) 874-2323

Yakutat Ranger District
P.O. Box 327
Yakutat, AK 99869
(907) 784-3359

Wildlife In-Season Delegations of Authority

DELEGATIONS NOT SPECIFICALLY ADDRESSED IN UNIT SPECIFIC REGULATIONS		
UNIT	SPECIES	AUTHORITY DELEGATED
PETERSBURG DISTRICT RANGER		
Unit 1B	Deer	Close season based on conservation concerns.
Unit 1B	Moose	Close season based on conservation concerns.
Unit 3	Deer	Close season on Mitkof, Woewodski and Butterworth Islands based on conservation concerns. Open December season or close any portion of the entire season for remainder of Unit 3 based on conservation concerns.
Unit 3	Moose	Close season based on conservation concerns.
FOREST SUPERVISOR		
Unit 2	Deer	Reduce harvest to 4 deer (from 5) based on conservation concerns.
Unit 2	Wolf	Close hunting and trapping seasons when combined Federal-State quota is reached.
ADMIRALTY, HOONAH, JUNEAU AND SITKA DISTRICT RANGERS		
Unit 4	Deer	Close, re-open, or adjust season and to set harvest and possession limits within the limits set by regulation and to close Federal lands to all users.
SITKA AND HOONAH DISTRICT RANGERS		
Unit 4	Bear	Issue up to five permits for educational purposes associated with teaching customary and traditional practices.
SITKA DISTRICT RANGER		
Unit 4	Goat	Issue up to three permits to Sitka Tribe of Alaska or Southeast Alaska Indian Cultural Center for Cultural and Educational purposes.
YAKUTAT DISTRICT RANGER (USFS)		
Unit 5A Remainder	Goat	Close season when quota has been reached.
Unit 5A	Moose	Establish quota and close season when the quota has been taken.
WRANGELL-ST. ELIAS NATIONAL PARK AND PRESERVE SUPERINTENDENT		
Unit 5B	Moose	Close season when harvest quota has been reached.
IZEMBEK NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE MANAGER		
Unit 9D	Moose	Close season when 10 bulls are harvested.
WRANGELL-ST. ELIAS NATIONAL PARK AND PRESERVE SUPERINTENDENT		
Units 11 and 12	Moose	Issue moose harvest permit to Batzulnetas Culture Camp.
BLM GLENNALLEN FIELD OFFICE MANAGER		
Unit 11 & portions of Unit 13	Moose	Annually issue a permit to harvest 1 bull by the Tazlina/Chickaloon Culture Camp.
Unit 13	Caribou and Moose	Issue permits to harvest 2 caribou and 1 bull moose by Hudson Lake Residential Treatment Camp.
Unit 13	Caribou <i>or</i> Moose	Issue permits to harvest either 2 caribou or 1 bull moose by Ahtna Heritage Foundation Group.

Wildlife In-Season Delegations of Authority

DELEGATIONS NOT SPECIFICALLY ADDRESSED IN UNIT SPECIFIC REGULATIONS		
UNIT	SPECIES	AUTHORITY DELEGATED
KOYUKUK/NOWITNA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE MANAGER		
Units 20 and 21	Moose	Issue three permits for the Nuchalawoyya Potlatch.
Unit 21	Moose	Issue three permits for the Kaltag/Nulato Stickdance.
BERING LAND BRIDGE NATIONAL PRESERVE SUPERINTENDENT		
Unit 22	Moose and Muskox	Issue permits to take one moose and one muskox for the Kingikmiut Dance Festival.

For Information about the subsistence harvest of. . .

Halibut: Contact the National Marine Fisheries Service at (800) 304-4846 (press option 2) or (907) 586-7202, or by E-mail, RAM.Alaska@noaa.gov. Information is also available on the Web at <http://www.fakr.noaa.gov/ram/subsistence/halibut.htm>.

Migratory birds: Contact the office of the Alaska Migratory Bird Co-management Council at (877) 229-2344 or (907) 786-3499 or by E-mail, ambcc@fws.gov. Information is also available on the Web at <http://alaska.fws.gov/ambcc/Index.htm>.

Sea otters, polar bears and walruses: Contact the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Marine Mammal Management Office at (800) 362-5148 or (907) 786-3800 or by E-mail, ak_fisheries@fws.gov. Information is also available on the Web at <http://alaska.fws.gov/fisheries/mmm/index.htm>.

Seals, sea lions and whales: Contact the Protected Resources Division of the National Marine Fisheries Service at (907) 586-7221. Information is also available on the Web at <http://www.fakr.noaa.gov/protectedresources/default.htm>.

Discrimination Notice

The U.S. Department of the Interior and U.S. Department of Agriculture prohibit discrimination in programs on the basis of race, color, national origin, religion, sex, age, or disability. If you believe that you have been discriminated against in any program, activity, or facility operated by either Department, or if you desire further information, please contact:



U.S. Department of the Interior
Director, Office of Civil Rights
1849 C Street, N.W., MS-5214
Washington, DC 20240-0036
(202) 208-5693 / fax: 208-6112
E-mail: Sharon_Eller@ios.doi.gov
Agency: <http://www.doi.gov/>



U.S. Department of Agriculture
Director, Office of Civil Rights
300 7th St., S.W., Suite 400
Stop Code 9430
Washington, DC 20250
(202) 720-5964 or (866) 632-9992 (toll-free)
E-mail: cr@usda.gov
Agency: <http://www.usda.gov/>

**Federal Subsistence Board
Office of Subsistence Management
1011 E. Tudor Rd., MS 121
Anchorage, Alaska 99503**

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