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                             JOINT MEETING
                                  OF
5
          NORTH SLOPE SUBSISTENCE REGIONAL ADVISORY COUNCIL
                                  AND
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           NORTH SLOPE FISH and GAME MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE
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                               VOLUME I
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                         ASRC Conference Room
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13
                            Barrow, Alaska
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15
                       March 3, 1998 - 9:00 a.m.
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17 REGIONAL COUNCIL MEMBERS PRESENT:
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19 Fenton O. Rexford, Chairman
20 Ray F. Koonuk, Sr., Vice Chairman
21 Harry K. Brower, Jr., Secretary
22 Terry L. Tagarook
23 Gordon C. Upicksoun
24
25 Barbara Armstrong, Coordinator
26
27 FISH and GAME COMMITTEE MEMBERS PRESENT:
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29 Fenton O. Rexford, Chairman
30 Gordon Upicksoun
31 John Miller
32 Elijah Attugana
33 Mark Ahmakak
34 Edward Hopson, Sr.
35 James Kignak, Sr.
36 Sam Rulland
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37 Rossman Peetook

(On record)

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Good morning, everyone. Welcome to our quarterly meeting. We usually have a joint meeting also in the fall, but due to pressing issues that are going to be coming up we decided to have a joint meeting this spring. like to open the joint meeting of the North Slope Subsistence 10 Regional Advisory Council and the North Slope Fish and Game 11 Management Committee meeting to order. The time is 9:14 a.m.

12 13

We'll be meeting from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. today and 14 tomorrow, evening session at the call of the Chair if we need 15 to take a little bit longer, but we'll find that out the end of 16 today and possibly tomorrow morning. And we'll try and hurry 17 up with our agenda. There's a long agenda. We'll take care of 18 matters today and tomorrow.

19 20

At this time I also want to inform you that we'll be 21 opening up teleconference, the villages are being notified. 22 this time they are getting ahold of the village coordinators, 23 we'll open up the telephone lines at 9:30. Hopefully -- there 24 was some village request to see whether we'll be available for 25 teleconferencing, so they can listen in or make comments as we 26 proceed.

27 28

Again, thank you for coming here and participating at 29 this public meeting of the North Slope and Fish and Game 30 Regional Advisory Council meeting. If there are going to be 31 any public testimony, I know there was a sign up sheet, but the 32 meeting is open, the floor is open to public comments.

33 34

MR. AHMAKAK: Mr. Chairman, I think there needs to be a 35 roll call who's the representatives there is.....

36 37

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yeah, I'm almost done, I was just 38 doing a little bit of housekeeping. Thank you, Mark.

39 40

Open floor to public comments on this, but it'll be 41 open throughout the meeting. So at this time I'll ask Harry 42 Brower to call the roll for the North Slope Borough Fish and 43 Game Management Committee.

44 45

Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Just to let MR. H. BROWER: 46 you know right off before we do the roll call, we have a swear 47 in for our new Fish and Game Management Committee members this 48 morning. Our borough clerk will be here shortly, she's been 49 busy trying to get ready with this North Slope Assembly meeting 50 agenda items that she needs to get done also and she'll be here

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   shortly, so we'll swear in the new members. But I'll do the
   roll call for our North Slope Borough Fish and Game Management
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  Committee.
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           Rossman Peetook?
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           MR. PEETOOK: Here.
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           MR. H. BROWER: Gordon Upicksoun?
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           MR. UPICKSOUN: Here.
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           MR. H. BROWER: Elijah Attugana?
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15
           MR. ATTUGANA: Here.
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           MR. H. BROWER: Mark Ahmakak?
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19
           MR. AHMAKAK: Here.
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           MR. H. BROWER: Fenton Rexford?
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23
           CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Here.
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           MR. H. BROWER: Edward Hopson, Sr.?
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           MR. E. HOPSON:
                           Here.
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           MR. H. BROWER: John Miller?
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           MR. MILLER: Here.
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                           James Kignak, Sr.?
           MR. H. BROWER:
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35
           MR. KIGNAK: Here.
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           MR. H. BROWER: Thomas Rulland?
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           MR. RULLAND: Here.
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           MR. H. BROWER: We have a quorum present for your Fish
42 and Game Management Committee.
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           CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Now for the North Slope Regional
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45 Advisory.
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           MR. H. BROWER: Okay, for the North Slope Regional
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48 Advisory Council is myself, I'm here. Fenton Rexford?
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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Here.

00004 1 MR. H. BROWER: Terry Tagarook? 2 3 MR. TAGAROOK: Here. 5 MR. H. BROWER: Gordon Upicksoun? 7 MR. UPICKSOUN: Here. 8 9 MR. H. BROWER: Benjamin Hopson? 10 11 (No response) 12 13 MR. H. BROWER: Ray Koonuk, Sr. 14 15 MR. KOONUK: Here. 16 17 MR. H. BROWER: Leonard Tukle? 18 19 (No response) 20 21 MR. AHMAKAK: According to you constitution, I'm also 22 the alternate for the Federal Advisory Committee if Leonard is 23 not be able to be here. Thank you. 24 25 MR. H. BROWER: So, Mark, you're -- Mark Ahmakak for 26 Nuiqsut. You have a quorum with the North Slope Regional 27 Council, Mr. Chairman. 28 29 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, thank you. Before we proceed 30 any further I want to ask Elijah Attugana to lead us in an 31 invocation. Elijah. 32 33 MR. ATTUGANA: (Invocation in Inupiag) 34 35 Thank you very much, Elijah. CHAIRMAN REXFORD: 36 37 MR. UPICKSOUN: Mr. Chairman. 38 39 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Gordon. 40 41 MR. UPICKSOUN: On the North Slope Regional Advisory 42 Council we brought up the issue of alternates before. There's 43 no provision in our charter for an alternate for members of the 44 Regional Advisory Council. 45 46 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay. 47 48 MR. AHMAKAK: Mr. Chairman, for your question, 49 Mr. Upicksoun, for the last how many years your Advisory Board 50 where the Federal has always come up. In one of our meetings

00005 in the last several years, even my name is designated as an alternate for Leonard Lambe (sic) as a Federal Advisory Board member, if he's not able to attend according to your charter. 5 MR. UPICKSOUN: Okay. I just made reference to our 6 charter, Mr. Chairman. 7 8 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, thank you. 9 10 MR. PEETOOK: Mr. Chairman. 11 12 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Peetook. 13 14 MR. PEETOOK: Is Ben Hopson coming? 15 16 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: I know he was on vacation starting 17 toward the end of February, so he may still be out, he had 18 quite a long vacation stint there, so he may be on vacation. 19 20 Barbara, have you heard from Ben? 21 22 MS. B. ARMSTRONG: No, I haven't. 23 24 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Rulland, have you any 25 information on Mr. Hopson? 26 27 MR. RULLAND: No. 28 29 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you. Okay. Again, I want to 30 welcome everyone. Perhaps for the benefit of those Committee 31 members and Regional Advisory Council we can introduce 32 ourselves, starting with Mr. Peetook and work our way around 33 and then we'll start from Mr. Olemaun all the way back to Ms. 34 Armstrong. Tell us where you're from and who you are. 35 Introduce ourselves. 36 37 MR. PEETOOK: Oh, okay. I'm Rossman Peetook from 38 Wainwright. 39 40 MR. RULLAND: Tom Rulland from Anaktuvuk Pass. 41 42 MR. KIGNAK: James Kignak from Atgasuk. 43 I'm Edward Hopson, Barrow. 44 MR. E. HOPSON: 45 46 MR. AHMAKAK: Mark Ahmakak from Nuigsut. For your 47 notice Rossman Peetook and Mr. Hopson are the regional members 48 of the Committee of Fish and Game Management since inception. 49 50 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Mark.

00006 1 MR. ATTUGANA: Elijah Attugana, Point Hope. 2 3 MR. MILLER: John Miller from Barrow. 4 5 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yeah, I'm Fenton Rexford from 6 Kaktovik. 7 8 MR. H. BROWER: Harry Brower from Barrow. 9 10 MR. UPICKSOUN: I'm Gordon Upicksoun from Point Lay. 11 12 MR. TAGAROOK: Terry Tagarook from Wainwright. 13 14 MR. KOONUK: Ray Koonuk from Point Hope. 15 16 MR. OLEMAUN: Nate Olemaun, Barrow. 17 18 (Indiscernible - no microphone) 19 20 MR. PATKATOK: Mike Patkatok, Barrow. 21 22 MR. CEGELSKE: Jerry Cegelske, U.S. Fish and Wildlife 23 Service, Division of Law Enforcement out of Fairbanks. 24 25 MR. YOKEL: Good morning, I'm Dave Yokel with the 26 Bureau of Land Management, Northern District office in 27 Fairbanks. 28 29 MR. TRENT: I'm John Trent from Anchorage, Alaska 30 Department of Fish and Game. 31 32 Taqulik Hepa, North Slope Borough, MS. HEPA: 33 Department of Wildlife Management. 34 35 Charlie Brower, North Slope Borough MR. C. BROWER: 36 Wildlife Management. 37 38 MS. B. ARMSTRONG: Barbara Armstrong, Coordinator for 39 North Slope Federal Subsistence Advisory Council. 40 41 MS. GOTLIEB: I'm Judy Gotlieb with the National Park 42 Service in Anchorage. 43 44 MR. RABINOWITCH: Sandy Rabinowitch, Staff Committee 45 with the Federal Subsistence Board and work with the National 46 Park Service in Anchorage. 47 48 MS. DEWHURST: Donna Dewhurst with Fish and Wildlife 49 Service in Anchorage. The biologist on the team for the 50 Regional Council.

MR. ULVI: Good morning, Steve Ulvi with Gates of the Arctic National Park. Glad to be here.

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MS. MEEHAN: Rosa Meehan, Fish and Wildlife Service. 5 I'm in the Office of Subsistence Management.

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MR. WILSON: I'm Curt Wilson, I'm with the Bureau of 8 Land Management State office. I'm also on the staff to the 9 Advisory Board -- I'm sorry, the Board, the Federal Board.

10 11

MR. J. UPICKSOUN: I'm Joe Upicksoun, enrolled at Point 12 Lay, (indiscernible) and Barrow.

13 14

MS. H. ARMSTRONG: I'm Helen Armstrong with the Office 15 of Subsistence Management for Fish and Wildlife in Anchorage. 16 And I'm the anthropologist to this Board.

17 18

MR. KOLASINSKI: And I'm Joe Kolasinski your court 19 reporter for today.

20 21

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Joe. 22 everyone. Again for homework we need to install a couple of 23 new members, that'll be Rossman Peetook and James Kignak, this 24 morning and tomorrow we'll take on a couple of more new members 25 after the Assembly meeting tonight for the North Slope Borough 26 Fish and Game Committee.

27 28

Bertha, we'll turn the floor over to you to take care 29 of business.

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BERTHA: Rossman and James, would you stand up, please. 32 Raise your right hand.

33

(Oath administered)

34 35

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37

(Applause)

38 39 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Ahmakak, you have something?

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MR. AHMAKAK: Yeah, I did send in my resignation as a 41 Committee member, it has never reached your office yet. Maybe 42 I give you notice now, I did write a letter of resignation.

43 44

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay. We're supposed to have 45 Mr. Fred Armstrong under 3B, under our agenda. He had to take 46 a trip back east, so we're going to strike that 3B off of the 47 agenda.

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49 MR. CEGELSKE: I could say a few things for Fish and 50 Wildlife if that would be possible.

00008 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: We have other areas in here. you. Yeah, we have agency reports under 10, under new business. Okay, that brings us down to Item Number 4, review and adopt the agenda. 5 6 MR. KOONUK: Mr. Chairman, so move to adopt the agenda. 7 8 MR. E. HOPSON: Second that. 9 10 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: It's been moved by Ray and seconded 11 by Mr. Hopson. Discretion, I know that we may have to make 12 some corrections or deletions, so we may need to make some 13 amendments. Harry. 14 15 MR. H. BROWER: Mr. Chairman, is there any poss -- or 16 just to throw this out for discussion purposes. Is there a 17 possibility of doing agency reports before we get into the 18 proposals? Is there a reason why we have the proposals in 19 before we hear the agency reports? 20 21 MS. B. ARMSTRONG: That's totally up to you. 22 23 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Harry's suggestion, we move number 24 10B to 9 up before..... 25 26 MR. H. BROWER: Can I state my reason for..... 27 28 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yeah, go ahead, Mr. Brower. 29 30 MR. H. BROWER: The reason I was bringing this out is 31 that it's kind of redundant to making proposals and then 32 hearing agency reports after making proposals, Mr. Chairman. 33 It might be something that we could -- some information that we 34 probably could use from hearing from the agencies and then 35 doing the proposal, unless there's an objection to that, I'll 36 withdraw my comments. 37 38 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Anything on the minutes? 39 40 UNIDENTIFIED: Is that in a motion to..... 41 42 MR. H. BROWER: No, that's just a thing for discussion. 43 44 MR. AHMAKAK: (Inupiag) so move to the motion. 45 46 MR. E. HOPSON: I'll second. 47 48 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, moved to move Item 10B to 7 or 49 8.

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00009 1 MR. E. HOPSON: Where do you move that? 2 3 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: From 10B to 8. Did you want to do 4 the proposal right after? 5 6 MR. H. BROWER: Um-hum. 7 8 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: We'll make 8 number 9 and on down 9 the line. Old business will be 10, new business will be 11 and 10 so on. Any other discussion? Mr. Yokel. 11 MR. YOKEL: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, two weeks ago that 13 the Musk-Ox Working Group meeting I was asked to summarize part 12 14 of that meeting at this meeting, did you want me to do that 15 under agency reports? 16 17 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yeah, under number 9, 10B, 9. You 18 got the minutes for our Committee members? 19 20 MR. H. BROWER: No. 21 22 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Then we'll have to defer that to 23 tomorrow's meeting. 24 25 MR. H. BROWER: No, till our next meeting. 26 27 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, for you information, too, I'd 28 like to defer the minutes of the Fish and Game Committee 29 members, Item 5A. In place of that we have the minutes of the 30 Regional Advisory Council before you. So under 5, we'll have 31 the adoption of the Regional Advisory Council minutes, dated 32 September 16th and 17th. 33 34 MR. TAGAROOK: Mr. Chairman. 35 36 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Tagarook. 37 38 MR. TAGAROOK: Did we adopt the changes in the agenda? 39 40 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yeah, I was just making a note there 41 that we'll need to defer -- okay, I see your point. Thank you, 42 Mr. Tagarook. I just wanted to insert the minutes of September 43 16 and 17. 44 45 MR. UPICKSOUN: That would be under 5A? 46 47 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yeah. Okay, we have an amendment to 48 the adoption of the minutes (sic), moving 10B to number 8 and

49 making number 8, 9 and so on down the line. Ray, is that a

50 question?

00010 1 MR. KOONUK: Yes. 2 3 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Question is called on the amendment. 4 All those in favor say aye. 5 6 IN UNISON: Aye. 7 8 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Those opposed same sign. 9 10 (No opposing responses) 11 12 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, we're on the main motion to 13 adopt the agenda. 14 15 MR. E. HOPSON: Call for question on the main motion. 16 17 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Question on the main motion by 18 Mr. Hopson. All in favor of the motion adopting the agenda say 19 aye. 20 21 IN UNISON: Aye. 22 23 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Those opposed same sign. 24 25 (No opposing responses) 26 27 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you. Okay, we'll move on to 28 number 5. As stated earlier, we are deferring the December 29 minutes, 1997 minutes of the North Slope Borough Fish and Game 30 Management Committee. In place of that we'll be adopting the 31 September 16 and 17. Regional Advisory Council members need to 32 act on that. These have been mailed out. The floor will 33 entertain a motion from the North Slope Regional Advisory 34 Council to adopt the minutes of September 16 and 17. 35 MR. UPICKSOUN: Mr. Chairman, I move we adopt the 37 minutes of the September 16 and 17 minutes. 38 39 MR. H. BROWER: Second that motion, Mr. Chairman. 40 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Any discussion or question on the 41 42 minutes as presented from the Regional Advisory Council or the 43 Committee members? 44 45 MR. KOONUK: Question. 46 47 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, question is called by 48 Mr. Koonuk. All in favor of the adoption of September 16 and 49 17, 1997 of the North Slope Subsistence Regional Advisory 50 Council do so by saying aye.

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49 50 IN UNISON: Aye.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Those opposed same sign.

MR. AHMAKAK: Aye.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Mark. Okay, that moves 8 us on to Item Number 6. At this time we'll be hearing from 9 village concerns from all of the members here. And the floor 10 is open to public comment on the Federal Subsistence Management 11 Program. Again, this opportunity continues throughout the 12 meeting and if you want to testify there's some forms on the 13 front desk over there.

MR. AHMAKAK: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Ahmakak.

MR. AHMAKAK: Yeah, I do not need to state why I oppose 20 the adoption of the minutes. As an alternate member of the 21 Federal Subsistence Board (sic) which you know Leonard Lambe 22 (sic) could not be able to attend and I repeat (indiscernible) 23 the very last minute. Without further discussion I would not 24 question the meetings of your Federal Advisory Board as stated 25 in the documents.

MR. H. BROWER: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Harry.

MR. H. BROWER: For the clarification, Mark, our 32 Regional Advisory Council members have been appointed and the 33 alternates also need to be appointed in order to be a voting 34 member to the Regional Advisory Council. Just a point of 35 clarification, Mr. Chairman.

MR. AHMAKAK: According to your charter, Mr. Chairman, 38 and with the Federal Advisory Board, if the main alternate 39 member would not be able to attend the meeting -- I was the 40 alternate, so I am here without question.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Mr. Ahmakak. Okay, at 43 this time any other members? We'll be going around the table, 44 going from village, if there are any concerns or anything that 45 the village members would like bring up from their village. 46 We've done this in the past. Any reports of any type or 47 concerns from each of the village representatives. So I'll 48 start with Mr. Koonuk and go clockwise.

MR. KOONUK: Thank you, Mr. Chair. In our last meeting

back in September, I brought an issue as far as the boundary line between the North Slope and Northwest Arctic Borough.

Point Hope is within Unit 23 and Point Hope is part of the North Slope Borough and we should be considered within Unit 26. So I brought this issue up and I wanted to have, I guess, the staff look into it and also Harry to look into some documents in regards to this issue that was brought up back a few years back. And I had one letter that came in, but that was from you, Mr. Chairman, as far as this issue, you know, dying off, but I would like to see this being discussed now because we later that because, you know,

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: We've discussed this, it was going 15 to come up as a proposal, I think to the State Board of Game. 16 I stand to be corrected if not. We did work on a proposal at 17 your request and the matter -- we went back to the village and 18 they wanted to postpone that, presenting it to the State Board 19 of Game, so we'll need some documentation or resolutions or 20 something from the village, either from the Native Village of 21 Point Hope or the city government and/or some residents to that 22 effect. So we stepped ahead of ourselves and we needed to get 23 support from the community before we work on the regulations, 24 rules and regulations on the boundary.

We did discuss this at the North Slope Borough Fish and 27 Game Management Committee meeting in December. If anyone of 28 the other members or staff would like to touch upon that 29 matter. But there was a proposal going before the State Board 30 of Game and that issue was withdrawn pending word from the 31 Village of Point Hope.

Anyone else from the wildlife staff want to touch upon 34 that or talk about that?

MR. H. BROWER: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Brower.

MR. H. BROWER: Like you stated earlier in your 41 comments, I just want to fall back on the request that was 42 presented to the Federal Regional Advisory Council, then, for 43 Anaktuvuk Pass. We had community support during that time when 44 approaching that request for a boundary change. The community 45 had representatives from the tribal organization and the city 46 government to make that request. And the mayor at the time had 47 -- Paul Eagle had approached our Committee and discussed their 48 request that they had placed on the boundary change that 49 Anaktuvuk being right in the middle of the boundary and not 50 being represented on both sides of the boundary. And that was

the main discussion to get representation from side for the Regional Advisory Council.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay. Does that answer your 5 question, Mr. Koonuk? We need to work with the residents or 6 the organizations at Point Hope and then request for 7 reconsideration or make a new proposal with support from the 8 folks from Point Hope.

10

MR. KOONUK: Okay. One other question is would this 11 have any effect as far service being provided? Because, like, 12 we have services from Kotzebue. Would that be any -- would it 13 have any effect as far as we changed the boundary line with the 14 borough or would Kotzebue have a hard time coming in as far as, 15 you know, Point Hope having problems, you know, maybe sick 16 animals or stuff like that, you know. Would there be any 17 problem?

18 19

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Brower.

20 21

MR. C. BROWER: Mr. Chairman, thank you. We've been 22 through this issue -- for your information, Charlie Brower, 23 Director of Wildlife. The issue that Raymond is bringing up is 24 a concern that has been brought to us in a long period of time, 25 but to answer your question, Raymond, I don't think there would 26 be any difficulty for people from Point Hope to cross the 27 boundary to hunt and Kotzebue and NANA region to come up to 28 hunt on the borderline. But there is some restrictions on the 29 (indiscernible) of the boundary issues with, you know, Unit 23 30 and 26.

31 32

There's different standards, I guess, there, but when 33 the Regional Advisories or the Federal Advisory Councils were 34 formed the boundaries were put there without any input from our 35 local people, to my understanding. And we looked at that and 36 we have not got any response or -- Harry gave a good answer, 37 the community themselves have to act on that to change that 38 boundary to the IRA. And hopefully in the future that, you 39 know, we will combine Point Hope with 26(A) or 26(B), 26(C) all 40 within the whole North Slope.

41 42

But it's going to take some time, but we want to have 43 things move right along. We need to have some response from 44 the community to change that boundary back to where it was.

45 46

MR. KOONUK: Thanks, Chuck.

47 48

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, does that suffice?

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MR. KOONUK: Yeah.

MR. AHMAKAK: Mr. Chairman, take in the case of Nuiqsut, there ain't a boundary change, still in Kaktovik and Nuigsut. In the case of musk-ox, how do you change that? You got to go through a regulatory procedures with the Federal 5 government and the State government.

6 7

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, we'll have to have community 8 meeting and support, like Harry was stating, at Anaktuvuk Pass. We had a similar situation when this program first started out, 10 I think they were in Game Management 22.

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MR. H. BROWER: I think it was 6 and 26.

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: 26. Anyway they're in the Interior, 16 they were pretty close to th boundary, so we need to 17 accommodate the representation in their -- the boundary was 18 that they were in the Interior, so we had to make a request for 19 boundary change on that matter, so the community supported 20 discussion, they initiated a proposal from the village of 21 Anaktuvuk Pass and then that's how proceeded for a boundary 22 change.

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MR. PEETOOK: Mr. Chairman.

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Peetook.

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MR. PEETOOK: Yeah, does each village have a boundary 29 now for hunting?

30 31

VARIOUS VOICES: No.

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33 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: They're game units. The State game 34 units are 26(A) to the west bank of Coville River. The east 35 bank of Coville River is 26(B) to Canning River. And then 36 26(C). These are game unites that they adopted from the State.

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MR. E. HOPSON: Mr. Chairman.

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Hopson.

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42 MR. E. HOPSON: What's it take to change the boundaries 43 on these areas? Is that....

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Community discussion.

46 47

MR. E. HOPSON: That have to go to local boundary 48 commission?

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: No, no, this is just hunting game

units, it's not a local boundary, it's a regulation, a unit boundary, it's not anything to do with community or regional affairs.

3 4 5

MR. E. HOPSON: I mean what -- who all have to get involved in changing a boundary like that?

6 7 8

8 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: The State Board of Game need to be 9 involved because they're the ones that make the unit 10 boundaries. The Federal Subsistence Board needs to be involved 11 in that.

12 13

13 MR. E. HOPSON: Now in the Point Hope case they're in 14 the NANA area.....

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Unit 23.

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MR. E. HOPSON: They're in that area?

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yeah, Unit 23.

21 22

MR. E. HOPSON: Have you got an agreement, some sort of 23 an agreement so Point Hope works with the North Slope Borough? 24 Has that been legalized or whatever? I don't know, I really 25 don't understand it, that's why I'm asking questions.

26 27

27 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yeah. No, there's no agreement, 28 it's -- when the Federal Subsistence Regional Program started 29 they used the North Slope Borough's boundary. The North Slope 30 Borough Region 10 as the North Slope Borough boundary and Point 31 Hope was included, but their hunting game unit is in Unit 23 32 where the rest of us are in Unit 26. Unit 23.....

33 34

MR. E. HOPSON: I know that. I'm asking about what all 35 you have to go through to change that boundary? Is that simple 36 or is that a lengthy debate on that?

37 38

38 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: No, I don't think it's lengthy, no.
39 Community support, community resolution, city resolution,
40 Native Village of Point Hope City Council, possibly the village
41 corporation and residents need to present it to the Board of
42 Game, submit a proposal and then we can support it from here or
43 both Committees here, or they can go direction to the Board of
44 Game to request for a boundary change. But it needs to be
45 talked about in the community.

46

Are you done, Mr. Koonuk, on you concerns?

47 48

49 MR. KOONUK: One more item. At the last meeting I 50 requested for any information on the caribou die offs and I

00016 1 haven't received anything yet. Is there any kind of results? 3 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yeah, there is a response, we could 4 possibly get that in for you tomorrow. Mr. Jim Dau from that 5 unit has a letter dated January 9. We were going to put it in 6 our packet here, but that was left out. It's under 10B(6) 7 regarding the sick caribou around that area. So tomorrow, I 8 think, we'll be able to get that..... 9 10 MS. B. ARMSTRONG: I'll get a copy. 11 12 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Get a copy of that letter. 13 14 MR. KOONUK: Thank you. 15 16 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, sure. Mr. Upicksoun, I'm 17 sorry, I..... 18 MR. UPICKSOUN: Mr. Chairman, regarding the issue that 19 20 Mr. Koonuk brought up regarding the boundary between Game Unit 21 23 and 26. We're hearing different concerns regarding that 22 from the Native Village of Point Hope and from our Regional 23 Advisory Council and from the Game Management Unit. Some 24 people in Point Hope prefer being within Game Unit 23 because 25 they communicate better with Jim Dau. And we hear other people 26 wanting to be within Game Unit 26 so they'll be within the 27 North Slope. 28 29 So if Point Hope was to get together on this issue then 30 we can support whatever they decide, whatever the Village of 31 Point Hope decides on unified way, then we can support them and 32 strengthen that boundary issue. 33 34 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Mr. Upicksoun. 35 36 MR. AHMAKAK: Mr. Chairman, my question would be at the 37 moment, how can you begin to delineate 26(A) and 26(B). As you 38 know Nuigsut is right in the middle of it. We can go hunt on

39 either side. 40 41 MR.

42 43

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MR. E. HOPSON: You should have mentioned that.

MR. C. BROWER: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Brower.

45 46

MR. C. BROWER: I don't think there's any problem for 48 any of the North Slope residents to hunt within 26(A), (B) and 49 (C). This is our region. It's just a unit that was brought 50 out by probably Board of Game or whoever, but I don't think

there's any restrictions on where we can hunt. We can go anywhere we want to. I mean, that's common sense.

Thank you.

6 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you. Anything else, 7 Mr. Koonuk?

MR. KOONUK: No.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, thank you. Terry.

MR. TAGAROOK: I'm Terry Tagarook from Wainwright and 14 listening to people talking, I think most of the concerns that 15 I had are already brought up. If I think of anything else I'll 16 come back.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay. Mr. Upicksoun.

MR. UPICKSOUN: I'm Gordon Upicksoun from Point Lay. 21 Point Lay have not given me any concerns. Hunting has been 22 good this year. We've gotten some wolves, wolverines, polar 23 bears, fishing was good. But there's no village concerns 24 brought out by my village for this meeting.

That's all I have from Point Lay, Mr. Chairman.

28 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Mr. Upicksoun. 29 Mr. Brower.

MR. H. BROWER: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I don't think I have any concerns from Barrow. It's been pretty good hunting opportunity throughout the fall and winter season and I don't think we've had too many complaints besides local hunters here observing other people hunting and that stuff, but it's something that's going to be dealt in-house. I don't have any other complaints or comments, Mr. Chairman.

39 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay. In Kaktovik area -- my name 40 is Fenton Rexford, just a brief report that they were catching 41 caribou. This is the winter that finally they're catching a 42 few caribou on the foothills, possibly the Central Arctic Herd 43 sticking around. At times there's been a few wolverine caught 44 as well in the mountains. Lots of polar bears this fall and 45 winter. And nothing much else other than that, but there's 46 been quite a few polar bears sighted, but they're all out now. 47 No other concerns from Kaktovik.

MR. TAGAROOK: Mr. Chairman, I just remembered one 50 thing. After reading the material that we got from Barb about

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the global warming. If that should -- I know it will affect the migration and whatever. And the regulations that we have we might have -- we will have to change the dates and, you know, the migration -- the dates on the regulations to conform with the migration of our animals. I think global warming happening and blame it on El Nino.

MR. AHMAKAK: Mr. Chairman, in order to clarify (indiscernible) Mr. Tagarook's comment. I remember stating a 10 comment like that years ago as a committee member for North 11 Slope Borough Committee member when Loren Tingit (ph) was 12 alive. The climate change, it can affect our animals, our fish 13 and wildlife. I want to say in that very clearly. I know 14 Edward Hopson can remember when I stated that because he was 15 one of the original members of that North Slope Borough Game 16 Management Committee.

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18 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, thank you, Mr. Ahmakak. 19 Mr. Miller.

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MR. MILLER: John Miller, I'm a member at large North 22 Slope Borough Fish and Game Management Committee. I live here 23 in Barrow. I've nothing new to add to Harry's report about 24 Barrow, Mr. Brower's report. The hunting has been good. 25 There's been some comments made by local hunters about other 26 local hunters but overall the hunting's been pretty reasonable.

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Thank you.

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Thank you, John. Mr. Attugana. CHAIRMAN REXFORD:

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MR. ATTUGANA: (Inupiaq)

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MR. PEETOOK: (Inupiag)

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MR. ATTUGANA: (Inupiaq)

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: I'll just briefly translate what 39 Mr. Attugana mentioned in Inupiag. At Point Hope there's been 40 a few folks that (Inupiaq) maybe four or five. There's been 41 some wolverine taken as well, not that many. Maybe because the 42 weather plays a factor on that. There's not too good of 43 weather or the snow is hard and there's also people that are 44 employed, that may be a factor in catching game at Point Hope. 45 There's been caribou this winter, he named a couple of places, 46 I didn't catch them, but the caribou has been numerous around 47 south of Point Hope this winter. They're hanging around there.

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49 But what was to their amazement or wonderment this 50 winter the seal hunters sighted whales in the latter part of

January, it was starting in January and they start seeing -since then they sighted whales, bowhead whales. Now it's 3 getting into -- February is gone and they've been still seeing 4 whales but at one time there was a small open water and they 5 approached a whale which wasn't scared or didn't go away, so 6 they got close to it and observed the skin or the muktuk of 7 that whale, they got up close to it and looked at the condition 8 of the whale there, because they can tell the difference from a 9 spring whale that's coming up from the south. And this whale 10 that they saw was marked or it has rash or scratched --11 lacerations on this particular whale that they observed. that 12 didn't get away or get scared. It maybe because of ice that 13 it's been traversing around this winter.

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But there's no open water now so they decided to call 16 St. Lawrence Island, the whalers down there to see or talk to 17 them to see if they've seen whales coming up towards the north. 18 And they, according to Elijah, the folks from St. Lawrence 19 Island haven't see or sighted any whales yet.

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And again, they've noticed a weather pattern or some 22 change this winter. There's been some crews that after seeing 23 the whales they maybe getting ready or they did get ready but 24 maybe due to weather and stuff they kind of hanging on to hunt 25 later this spring. He thinks that the whales that they've 26 sighted may be those that are hanging around near the point, 27 hanging around this winter eating, I don't know what do we call 28 those cod?

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MR. H. BROWER: Tom cods.

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Tom cods. Because there's a lot of 33 Tom cods around the point there, so he's figuring that the 34 whales that are hanging -- or staying around there may be 35 eating fish this winter around the point.

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Rossman asked what type of whale was sighted. There 38 are various sizes that they've seen over there because again 39 Elijah stated that during spring migration the small ones come 40 in first; is that my understanding, the smaller one come in 41 first?

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MR. ATTUGANA: (Nods in the affirmative)

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: But the ones sighted were mixed or 46 various sizes that were seen around Point Hope.

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48 If I missed anything else, maybe somebody. Anything 49 else, Elijah?

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MR. ATTUGANA: No.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, thank you. Mr. Ahmakak.

MR. AHMAKAK: With respect to our elders, Nuigsut is the hot place in the North Slope with all the activity going on there. Subsistence hunters have been able to go and get their 8 usual wolverine, but they haven't get their amogoik (ph). Caribou is coming around finally, with all the activity going 10 on with our village.

I won't comment right away as to what's going to happen 13 in the future but with what's going on over there with all the 14 traffic that's going on between the lakes and the river, the 15 Coville River, I think subsistence way of life is going do 16 diminish.

(Inupiaq)

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, thank you, Mark. Mr. Hopson.

MR. E. HOPSON: Actually I don't have anything to add 23 what Harry Brower and John Miller had reported, except that I 24 guess everybody noted that caribou had been right in town here 25 in Barrow all winter. Sometime they come right down in the 26 lagoon, between the end of Browerville, you know, just down --27 they slide down from Senior's building, right in the lagoons, 28 they been taken caribou. You don't have to travel 50 miles to 29 get them all winter, you know, like that here. It's kind of 30 unusual. And, I don't know, we kind of appreciate the 31 information I got from Elijah on that whale. Unusual.

(Inupiag) They reported that there had been whales 34 sighted in St. Lawrence Island, except that the wind had been 35 pretty windy. About just before Point Hope before sighting 36 those whales. So it's unusual for all of us. Just last week, 37 I guess, Rossman was one of the few people that went looking 38 for one and the ice was all closed in. Whales sighted from the 39 aircraft. Last week, Rossman (Inupiag).

MR. PEETOOK: Yeah.

MR. E. HOPSON: My son was one of them out of 44 Wainwright. And normally here for whales, if you have open 45 water everybody expecting to see the first whale here arriving 46 on about 6, 7, 8 and 9th of April.

So I don't have anything to add to what Harry and John 49 reported.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, thank you, Mr. Hopson. Mr. Kignak, any concerns to report?

MR. KIGNAK: (Inupiaq)

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, Mr. Kignak stated that he hadn't heard any concerns or comments from the local residents and hunters from Atqasuk, but he stated that there are a lot of caribou around there, he can see them or look out his window, like Elijah look out his window sighting whales, he can look out his window and sight caribou right in town. But the hunters prefer -- or once they get the caribou of town that's where they catch caribou, but not right in town they don't try and hunt them.

But that was his statement from Atqasuk. Thank you, 17 Mr. Kignak.

Mr. Rulland from Anaktuvuk, any concerns to report?

MR. RULLAND: Tom Rulland from Anaktuvuk Pass and we 22 had caribou about 35 miles south of Anaktuvuk, right over 23 Siavlat area, but we had to go around, a long way around, down 24 south about 35 miles down south and then turn over west -- east 25 another 10 miles probably and if there's deep snow around down 26 there in that area there's lots of caribou there. And we've 27 been hunting out there whole year almost, but it's a little bit 28 far for carrying a lot of meat from there with a snowmachine.

Two years now, I think, those caribou have been there 31 now in that area. They don't go nowhere except crossing the 32 Siavlat Valley back and forth. When they come this way they go 33 down and cross it and go north and come cross it again and just 34 go like that. We've been hunting there whole year round. We 35 didn't have much problem with the meat at this time because 36 everybody mostly hunted there. Most of them don't work and 37 sometimes work, but we had (indiscernible) not in a hole, not 38 (indiscernible) either, we tried to trap with lair, but there 39 very few wolves around there and not enough wolverine either. 40 I get one and one, that's about it.

And we don't have -- going fishing, we have a channel 43 that we usually -- buy we never go fishing yet. What I like to 44 do is put some chars in our Eleanor Lake from somewhere, then 45 we don't have to go far for chars, going fishing. That's all I 46 got, thank you.

48 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, thank you, Thomas. Move on to 49 Mr. Peetook.

MR. AHMAKAK: Mr. Chairman, I got a question for Thomas Rulland. (Inupiag)

MR. RULLAND: At this time we don't really hunt sheep 5 because they poor. Falltime we usually get them. In winter 6 there's not much of a meat there. They're really poor at winter, so falltime is the best time to get them. That's the only time we hunt sheep, August month.

> MR. AHMAKAK: (Inupiaq)

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Rulland answered that very well. 13 Mr. Peetook, and then we'll take a break after Mr. Peetook.

MR. PEETOOK: (Inupiaq)

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, Mr. Peetook stated that there 18 are lots of caribou around town, that they get right into a 19 cemetery area which has a fence enclosement so they go in there 20 and rest in peace. But they're located -- they chased them 21 away from the airport because they were resting around there so 22 residents have to chase them from around the airport.

In his mind he thinks that maybe in the future maybe 25 they'll be hard to get because they're strange that they're 26 hanging around near town and maybe in the future they'll be 27 harder to get. That's what he was just stating.

Two or three weeks ago they went over to Point Lay for 30 funeral and I think through a plane they sighted a whale in an 31 open lead or an open area, they call a lake, but it's a small 32 open water. There were a couple of relatives that went out and 33 he didn't want to go alone, so he went after them and followed 34 them along and when they go to that area where they seen the 35 whale at, that lead was already closed.

Being desperate, since they like to get whale when they 38 sight whales over there, though the other two kept looking for 39 the whale, trying to find it, although Rossman was, I don't how 40 to say it, scared or disturbed or bothered to start seeing seal 41 holes here and there where he was traveling, the ice was fairly 42 thin in places, but those other two kept going further south 43 and he was just kind of hanging back. See, he's old and the 44 other two are younger than him and he values his life and going 45 on there on the ice, but he was -- he knows that the other two 46 were brave, but he kept going further north and he set some 47 distances, but they were beyond the horizon from a point there 48 at Wainwright.

So again, he wanted to state that any whales that are

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sighted the folks at Wainwright really want to try and get them when the opportunity is there.

As far as polar bear or nanook, he would like to maybe 5 bring it up as a subject at a later date on whether to talk 6 more about maybe selling the skins in the future. I would like 7 to see that they start selling polar bear skins for -- as an 8 alternative resource, because there may be some other folks 9 that are not working and would like to see an alternative 10 resource for income to that effect, so he'd like to bring it up 11 as a subject later maybe in the future, he just got on, trying 12 to catch up with the matters that we're deliberating with and 13 he's happy to see Edward Hopson, Sr. and Mark Ahmakak as one of 14 the original members that he was with and he's happy that he's 15 able to catch both of them while they're still working with the 16 Fish and Game Committee.

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So did you want to answer anything on the polar bear 19 skin, Charlie or the matter for Rossman's sake?

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MR. C. BROWER: (Inupiaq)

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Now say it for Joe.

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MR. C. BROWER: I just answered some of -- Rossman's 26 concern was on the sale of polar bear hides. It has been 27 brought to our attention in the past, but it's pretty hard to 28 put it out for sale for sports hunt or sale to non-Natives, but 29 it's -- you can sell polar bear hides to Natives as a whole or 30 as handicraft. And the Canadians, under their land claims, 31 have that right to sell through their government and the 32 Greenlandics have in their own home rule charter, maintain 33 their own. So us here in the United States we have difficulty 34 and we're either controlled by the State Department or the 35 legislative issues that we cannot sell polar bear hides after 36 1972.

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38 MR. KOONUK: Question for Charlie, how about if you're 39 married to a non-local, could you sell that polar bear to a 40 non-local? If you're married to a local girl, you know, a 41 local.

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MR. C. BROWER: Uh-huh.

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MR. KOONUK: And could you sell that polar bear to

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46 them?

48 MR. C. BROWER: That's a difficult question. 49 because she's married to a White man doesn't mean you can sell 50 it to him. You probably can sell it to the Native lady, but in

00024 return, as a family, they can haul that..... 3 MR. KOONUK: Yeah. 4 5 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Upicksoun. 7 MR. UPICKSOUN: Mr. Chairman, I appreciate our representative from Wainwright's concern regarding the ability to sell polar bear hides. And I think we can all agree that 10 the sport hunting brought this about. I remember on trips I 11 used to make to Kotzebue back in 1964. When I came into 12 Kotzebue about this part of the year it used to be like 13 Iditarod was in town, there was so many polar bear hunters. 14 think that's what brought it about and when they try to crush 15 that, they took our right to sell polar bears away and I 16 appreciate this concern. Maybe somewhere down the line we can 17 restore that ability to sell polar bear hides again. 18 19 I remember very clearly the number of planes that used 20 to be at Kotzebue about this time of the year. All sports 21 hunters. That's what brought it about and maybe somewhere down 22 the line, like I said, we'll be able to sell polar bears again. 23 24 Thanks for bringing that up, Rossman. 25 26 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Mr. Upicksoun. 27 28 MR. E. HOPSON: Mr. Chairman. 29 30 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Hopson. 31 32 MR. E. HOPSON: Now that he mentioned it, at the same 33 time here in Barrow you can see about 50 little Piper Cubs, 34 just about where the airport is right now, sports hunters. 35 They come in and they flying overhead, they see polar bear, 36 they shoot it down, they land on it, oh, that's too small, 37 let's go find another one. That's the way the sport hunter 38 operate. And I suspect that when the Federal, whoever is going 39 to take over the management of game, I suppose their first 40 priority would be to give it to the sports hunters. So we got 41 to watch that. Now that he mentioned, I remember real well 42 about 20 or 30 aircrafts, sports hunters come in. And I tell 43 -- I'm going to repeat. They shoot a polar bear from the air, 44 they land, it's too small, they just leave it lay there, go 45 find another one. No one, you know, how many that one sport 46 hunter kill that day looking for a big one. 47 48 Thank you.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, thank you, Mr. Hopson.

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00025 this time we've gone around the table here, so the Chair will entertain a motion for a 10 minute break. 3 4 MR. PEETOOK: I so move. 5 6 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Peetook moved for a break, 10 7 minutes. 8 9 UNIDENTIFIED: Second it. 10 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Seconded it. All in favor, stand 11 12 up. 13 14 (Off record) 15 16 (On record) 17 18 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Call the meeting back to order after 19 a brief recess. I want to thank the members around the table 20 here for bringing out their concerns and reports from their 21 villages. It's important to hear what is happening out there. 22 23 Okay, we're going to get hooked up to a teleconference 24 since there was concern from a couple of the villages that 25 wanted to hear our discussion on the fisheries, which is our 26 next part of the agenda and we'll be going into agency reports 27 after the fisheries Proposed Rule subject. 28 29 MS. HEPA: Hi, we're on line. 30 31 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Good morning, Marita. 32 33 MARITA: Good morning. 34 35 This is Fenton. CHAIRMAN REXFORD: 36 37 MARITA: Good morning, Fenton. 38 39 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, we'll get a list of who is all 40 attending there, Marita, for your record. We do have both the 41 Subsistence Regional Advisory Council and also the North Slope 42 Borough Fish and Game Management Committee meeting this 43 morning. Are there any village on line? 44 45 No one has dialed in so far. MARITA: 46 47 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, we'll stand-by and..... 48 49 MARITA: Okay. Well, I'll let you guys know when 50 someone comes up.

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49 50 any time while we're meeting.

MARITA: All right. Okay.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you.

MARITA: You're welcome.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, at this time we'll move on to 11 Item Number 7 and the proposed.....

MR. PATKATOK: Mr. Chairman, comment from the floor.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Patkatok, okay.

MR. PATKATOK: My name is Mike Patkatok for the record.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yes, please do, just break in there

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: You need to get near a mike. 20 you need to come near a mike.

MR. PATKATOK: Mike Patkatok, concerned citizen from --23 I'm a Kuukpik shareholder and living here in Barrow. During 24 this Saturday's meeting, which was a hearing on HB-406, 25 conspicuously absent without due respect to North Slope Borough 26 Management Committee and to the Region 10 Federal Subsistence 27 Board, both, any members from either were conspicuously absent. 28 The only people present were Point Hope and Nuigsut, and the 29 Native Village of Barrow, Wildlife Director, Morgan Solomon and 30 myself.

As a concerned subsistence user I'd like to know what 33 position the Borough is taking on this position, whether in 34 support or in opposition to HB-406 and also at this particular 35 time with Mr. John Trent here, historically and for the record, 36 we've note since statehood that we've never been afforded 37 protection under Article VIII, Sections III and IV. Any form 38 of support from the State has always been in the form of either 39 their commercial hunters or their big game guides or their 40 sport hunters, always in opposition to subsistence hunters. 41 And that's just as a concerned citizen.

43 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, thank you, Mr. Patkatok. 44 Mr. Upicksoun. 45

46 MR. UPICKSOUN: I have a question, Mr. Chairman, for 47 Mike. Mike, House Bill-406, is that before the Natural 48 Resources Committee?

MR. PATKATOK: Yes. Yes, I'm sorry, I forgot to

1 mention that. That's that bill the Mr. Scott Ogan and the 2 House (indiscernible) Committee is considering for the state.

MR. UPICKSOUN: Okay, thank you.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Mr. Patkatok.

MR. AHMAKAK: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Ahmakak.

MR. AHMAKAK: With due representation and the question 13 of Mr. Mike Patkatok, I think he's very correct, we need 14 representation from the Inupiat community of the Arctic Slope 15 as was discussed yesterday in the public hearing. As of now I 16 do not see any representative that has stated so arriving or 17 stating that the person is from ICAS, even though a 18 consideration in and the invitation was put out over the air.

20 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Mr. Ahmakak. Thank you, 21 Mr. Patkatok. We have item under new business that we may be 22 able to deliberate on the matter of House Bill-406 for this 23 body to consider. Thank you for bringing that up.

Any other comments from the floor?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: If not, we have Ms. Rosa Meehan who will give us the overview as well as a brief summary on the public comments that were held yesterday. There will also be an opportunity for public comment and we'll deliberate as a Regional Council and Fish and Game Committee on the Proposed Rule on the Federal subsistence fisheries management.

Rosa, the floor is yours.

MS. MEEHAN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. As you may recall for the Federal Council, during the winter meeting, the 40 fall meeting last year, we talked about the proposed regulations for the expansion of the Federal program into 42 subsistence fisheries management. And many of you were also at the public hearing last night where we talked more about the 44 Proposed Rule.

46 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Just let me interrupt real quickly. 47 It under Tab P, the matter that she'll be discussing in our 48 booklet, under Tab P.

MS. MEEHAN: Oh, I'm sorry.

MR. AHMAKAK: Mr. Chairman, the matter you're talking about it's been published, it's been put on record and is it publicized in each community or is this the first time that you bring it up in this body?

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MS. MEEHAN: Just briefly, for the record, we've had —
this is a matter that's been in front of the public for nearly
two years now and it stated with what we call an Advanced
Notice of Proposed Rulemaking. And along with that Advanced
Notice there were public notices put out in local newspapers,
we had public service announcements on the radio and there were
also public hearing held around the state. And the public
hearings were a year and a half ago, there was one in Barrow.
I don't know where else on the North Slope there were public
hearings, but there were notices in local papers.

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Similarly, this passed month there have been public notices, again in local papers, public service announcements and we've had a round of public hearings held around the state. We've had a planned 30 meetings around the state, one of those was in Barrow last night. And we attempted to make that public hearing available to the village on the North Slope through the use of a teleconference, in the same fashion that we're trying to do right now. So we've made a tremendous effort to try and share the process and seek public input as we've gone through the process.

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, proceed, Ms. Meehan.

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MS. MEEHAN: So what I would like to cover with you, it 31 is summarized on this page in your book, I would like to share 32 with you, essentially where process is, and again to seek input 33 on the regulation. Basically these regulations, which are not 34 in your book, but there's copies back behind me if anybody 35 needs a copy of the Proposed Rule. These regulations are 36 currently under public review, there's public notice out on 37 them until April 20th and we're seeking oral comments from 38 forums like this and also written comments up until April 20th.

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These regulations have been prepared in response to 41 what commonly called the Katie John case in which the Ninth 42 Circuit Court found that the Federal government is responsible 43 for management of natural resources in navigable waters in 44 which the Federal government has an interest.

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And so we've defined those waters, we've got state maps 47 that are back on the table behind me that show the drainage 48 where there the program -- where we proposed the program to 49 apply. We also have it marked on the map for this North Slope 50 Region, which is on the wall behind me.

The proposed regulations, we have the public process set upon this so that in the event that, first of all, the State does not act to adopt a constitutional amendment to support a rural preference and if the congressional delegation does not put a moratorium on implementing a fisheries program that come December 1st the Federal program will be prepared to initiate a program to expand into fisheries management.

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MR. AHMAKAK: Mr. Chairman.

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yes.

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MR. AHMAKAK: Was this mandated to your department?

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MS. MEEHAN: Yes, it.....

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17 MR. AHMAKAK: Is the piece of paper that you have to 18 follow through that you cannot change?

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MS. MEEHAN: We were directed by the court to implement the expanded fisheries management. It's been a fairly complex issue because while we were directed by the court to go ahead an implement the expanded management, and that happened three years ago, at that time our congressional delegation, the Federal congressional delegation, put what we call a moratorium in the budget. Basically what they said was we will not give you any money to do this.

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So we had two different entities, if you will, two different bodies saying -- one saying you will do this and then on the other hand we have the Congress saying you will not do this. So what we've been able to kind of work between those two directives is we've done all the -- we're in the middle of getting all the paperwork done to implement a program. And we're working between all the politics.

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MR. AHMAKAK: Mr. Chairman. In other words you 38 department would be able to live or co-manage with the Inupiat 39 society according to your presentation and Inupiat people are 40 going follow through?

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MS. MEEHAN: The approach that we're taking is to look 43 at this as an expansion of the current program. And so we 44 would be working with the Federal Council in very much the same 45 fashion as we work with the terrestrial program, so that we 46 look at this very much as a cooperative venture, very much rely 47 on the Regional Council to provide us the avenue into local 48 input into the process.

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MR. AHMAKAK: Mr. Chairman. The other question that

lingers in my mind on yesterday's public hearing that your department would only be willing to listen and take suggestions from the Federal Advisory Board and no other entities. That's the only avenue you stated that you would be willing to work with.

MS. MEEHAN: We look to the Council as our primary group that we work with, however, the process is set up just really basically to -- we would have a set of regulations on paper and every year we have an annual process to review the regulations and accept proposals to change those regulations from anybody in the public. And so that's a very specific opportunity where anybody whose got a question about the regulations or they've identified a problem that needs to be address has the opportunity to make that type of a proposal. And those proposals then go into a process where we prepare proposal analysis, we bring it back to the Regional Council....

20 MR. AHMAKAK: I know what avenue are, my main question 21 you never answered.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Ahmakak, I would like for 24 Ms. Meehan to make the presentation and then if we have any 25 concern or question we can bring them up at that time to sort 26 of go through this agenda item, so I would, with respect to 27 your concerns and comments and questions, I would like to have 28 Ms. Meehan finish the presentation or the summary and then 29 maybe we can come up with questions and answers and concerns. 30 Thank you.

Ms. Meehan.

MS. MEEHAN: So getting back to where we are in the 35 process, we are in the public comment period and we're looking 36 for specific public comments. The way we have structured the 37 fisheries expansion is in the regulations that we have for the 38 exiting terrestrial program we've basically added some pieces 39 to the exiting regulations to address fisheries.

And what I'd like to do is just call your attention to 42 where those changes are in the regulations. And these are on 43 that paper in front of you, they're listed as key provisions. 44 And the way to match those is in the text of this, this gives 45 you the page number, but also where there's new text within the 46 regulations, for instance, on that first point which identify 47 waters affected by new regulations, that's page 66222 and if 48 you look on that page in the regulations there's a line along 49 the side of the text that says new or modified text. And this 50 is just to help you in looking at the regulations. The rest of

what's here are the existing regulations for our current program. And so that's just a way to help you work through all of the words involved in this.

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Some key points in here that I want to really draw your attention to is one of the issues is that selected but not yet conveyed lands under this proposal would be included under the definition of public lands. In other words, they would be included within our program. And this is a side issue. It's a response to a petition that was received and we rolled it into 11 this public rulemaking.

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Another issue that has been of tremendous concern is
the ability of the Federal government or the authority of the
Federal government to essentially exercise their authority off
of Federal lands. This is called extraterritoriality. And the
point that I'd like to make here is that the Federal government
has always had this authority. It comes up very much in
fisheries and the example that gets used a lot is an issue
along the Yukon River/Seward Peninsula area that there's a very
tremendous concern that the Area M fishery, which is out in the
Aleutians by Unimak Island. There's a very grave concern that
that fishery, which is a State managed fishery, are blocking
the chum salmon return back to the Yukon River. And so the
question come forth, can a Federal program close down that
State fishery? And that would be exercising extraterritorial
jurisdiction.

28 29

Okay. That authority is in the Federal government, but 30 it stays with the Secretary, it would not be passed down to the 31 Federal Subsistence Board. So I wanted to be clear about that. 32 And that's a change from the Advanced Notice of Proposed 33 Rulemaking that we went through a couple of years ago.

34 35

Another important one, and this was one that came up as questions last night at the public hearing, it had to do with customary trade. And that's on page 66238 in the regulations, which I have to find. There's a provision put within our regulations to allow for current practices; the cutting of salmon strips and then either selling them to someone who is unable to get their strips or bartering them for other resources. We're trying to recognize that type of practice, as currently goes on. And I would draw your attention to the language on that. Again, it's on page 66238 and it's identified as new or modified text. This is different from the State program, from the State regulations.

47

And then the final part is that the back part of the 49 regulations does contain seasons, harvest limits and the 50 methods and means for fisheries. It's very similar to what we

do with the terrestrial program, we just have the fisheries part added on. And these are basically the State regulations that we've gone ahead and adopted into our Proposed Rule. It's the same approach that we took when we started the terrestrial program. You start with the State regulations, so there is a minimum of confusion between the two programs.

It gives us a starting point and the idea is that if on December 1st the State has not acted and if we don't have a congressional block to doing things, then we will initiate the program. We will put this rule out on the street for review and that we would start our regular process of opening up a period for people to comment and put proposal to change the regulations. We would do analyses and then go through a process to review those analyses and proposed changes.

That process would not start until -- that process of 18 receiving proposals and then reviewing them and then 19 potentially evaluating changes to the program would not start 20 until next year, about a year from now. So that puts us where 21 we're at with this.

And the final thing that I would like to note for you 24 is that, and this is on page 66239, and it's on the left-hand 25 column under H. And there's fishery management area 26 restrictions for Kotzebue northern area. And basically -- it's 27 up on the top part of that column. Basically what it says is 28 that for this northern area, all the drainages that drain into 29 the Arctic Ocean and into the Chukchi Sea there are no 30 subsistence regulations. That it's -- a fish may be taken for 31 subsistence purposes without a permit.

33 So that's the specific part that when you get right 34 down to what do the regulations say about practices on the 35 ground, it says, you can do it without a permit. So there's 36 minimal regulations involved.

And at this point, we lost our Chair, but I'd be glad 39 to take questions and again, I just -- before I do that, I just 40 want to reiterate that we're in the position of getting all of 41 our paperwork done and being ready to implement the program if 42 the State doesn't act and if we do not get another 43 congressional moratorium, so we're doing what we can, but we're 44 all waiting to see what happens on December 1st.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Ms. Meehan.

MR. AHMAKAK: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Ahmakak.

MR. AHMAKAK: On the subject of customary use. 2 was a gentleman, yesterday he brought out a question, what is 3 customary use? In other words, from the indication -- from 4 your response yesterday evening, you wanted to hear the type of 5 hunting we do on a different season, on different fish and 6 game, the animals we use, we go after and the meat we eat. 7 That's wanted to hear yesterday, the customary use.

But the other question is according to the State 10 regulations the Inupiat, in their mind, okay, we have to follow 11 this. We really don't have to, but honor it anyway. So we do 12 our own subsistence hunting, is that what you wanted to hear?

13 14

MS. MEEHAN: The question that I was addressing last 15 night was -- I was working with Warren Matumeak to make sure 16 that we were both saying the same thing about customary trade. 17 And in that provision the real question was customary trade, 18 and this is nothing to do with -- I'm not sure what you mean by 19 customary use. We're concerned about customary trade. 20 Providing existing practices of trade, barter and the concern 21 that we have and the concern that the State has always had, as 22 well, is to make sure that what's happening is customary trade 23 and does not become a commercial enterprise. And so what we've 24 identified -- the language that we have in our regulation, so 25 that we acknowledge existing practices.....

26 27

MR. AHMAKAK: I'm not questioning customary trade. 28 on the subject of customary use of our mammals, of our land 29 mammals and our sea animals.

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MS. MEEHAN: Our intent is not to interfere with 32 customary use.

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you. Mr. Koonuk.

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MR. KOONUK: You state on your key provisions "identify 37 the waters affected by new regulations". Which waters are you 38 talking about?

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40 MS. MEEHAN: On the North Slope, actually the waters on 41 the National Petroleum Reserve, which is in gold on that map 42 back there, and the waters on the Arctic National Wildlife 43 Refuge, which is pink. And then there's a little piece of 44 Gates of the Arctic that's in purple in the middle up there. 45 Those waters actually are currently included in our program. 46 And so the only extension for this region in this program would 47 be the addition of the Coville River. Because the Coville 48 River is -- it's just outside -- it provides the boundary for 49 the National Petroleum Reserve and with the regulations the way 50 we've written them, it's any rivers that are adjacent to

1 Federal lands would be included in the program. So that's the 2 addition for this region.

3 4

MR. AHMAKAK: Mr. Chairman.

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yes, Mr. Ahmakak.

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8 MR. AHMAKAK: You're talking about our Coville River 9 which is the main stream of the village of Nuiqsut.

10 11

MS. MEEHAN: Yes.

12 13

13 MR. AHMAKAK: We do our fishing, we do our fish netting 14 and jigging and we do our caribou hunting and moose hunting. 15 According to the pamphlet, you state that the only suggestion 16 that our village would not want to see is another designation. 17 Classified as a designation, as another preserve. That is 18 where we live, that is where we hunt.

19

MS. MEEHAN: Um-hum. All these regulations are the 21 take of harvest of fish for subsistence and the specific 22 regulation is it's basically wide open, if you will. These 23 regulations do not speak to designations done by other agencies 24 for that, we're neutral on it, it's not part of this program. 25 And so I hear your concern and I understand it, what I'm saying 26 is we just don't have anything to do with it. And we will not 27 do it through this program. Perhaps that's a better way to 28 address your concern.

29 30

MR. E. HOPSON: Mr. Chairman.

31 32

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yes, Mr. Hopson.

33 34

MR. E. HOPSON: I have -- maybe you've already answered 35 some that I have. I think I have maybe three questions. Did 36 you say that navigable water would be included if it's on the 37 Federal reserve in your regulations?

38 39

MS. MEEHAN: Yes.

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MR. E. HOPSON: State agree to that? State of Alaska 42 agree to that?

43 44

MS. MEEHAN: Well, they had to, that was the court directive. I mean, that was the issue that was before the court and the court decided in the -- that Federal jurisdiction does extend to that for the management of fish.

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MR. E. HOPSON: All right, thank you. The other 50 concern or question I have is you know these regulations,

whoever drafted or is going to get the regulations in place should be aware of location. I think when you talk about the North Slope there is no commercial, hardly any commercial, if any.

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MS. MEEHAN: Right.

7

8 MR. E. HOPSON: And then do not -- they will not -- and 9 when where there's commercial hunting, fishing, for the Yukon 10 River, Kuskokwim River, these regulations have to be absolutely 11 separate.

12 13

MS. MEEHAN: Yes, I agree, and they are written that 14 way. That if you look on the -- it's on that same page, 239, 15 there's a fishery management area. And these management areas 16 follow the State management areas, and so we have the Northern 17 area -- in the middle column it has the Yukon area and it's 18 absolutely separate and, frankly, the Yukon River -- management 19 along the Yukon River is going to be one of the more difficult 20 aspects.

21 22

MR. E. HOPSON: I didn't really catch the answer. It 23 was mentioned. How about any chance of -- North Slope Borough 24 is going to be around for a while, we all know that.

25 26

MS. MEEHAN: Um-hum.

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MR. E. HOPSON: Any development on oil and gas are locked up now, but they're going to be opened up. We all know that. It's going to be around for a while. Set up with a Fish and Game Board Management, they're here. And I believe that it is possible for North Slope Borough -- you've seen the present existing Boards to have a cooperative agreement with the State, with Federal to manage their own game for subsistence. It is possible to create a commission, just like the Eskimo Whaling Commission. You have a cooperative agreement that can manage and I think that's what we'd like to be looking forward to is we manage our own subsistence way of life.

39

Those are the things that I was concerned about and 41 make sure that -- where there is commercial fishing and nothing 42 but subsistence, no commercial fishing, don't ever put those 43 two -- combine those two places together. Treat the 44 subsistence area for subsistence. The open and closed season, 45 if it's applied, should be broad for taking subsistence fishing 46 and fall fishing, say that happens about the 1st of September 47 to maybe 1st of October, during that month. It can vary from 48 maybe up to 30 days, earlier fishing or late fishing. So you 49 got to consider those for subsistence.

50

We're not trying to beat somebody out of anything. If
we ask for time limit, if that's applied, we just like to see
that every subsistence -- our subsistence way of life is not
disturbed. I don't -- I believe in management. Somebody take
of, I appreciate that. I've always said that at the meetings,
because we need to know somebody taking a census, the
population count of every different specie, but I think fish is
probably something that can be -- there's more fish on the
North Slope than there is of subsistence will take. And
there's all kinds of fish.

On the way, about 700 miles, my heading south, I know 13 every other lake that have different kind of fish in it. If 14 I'm going to go to that lake over there I have a set of nets 15 that'll fit over there. Where in this other lake that I use, 16 don't work over there. So time is important and I would 17 emphasize that regulations will be made for subsistence and 18 nothing but subsistence, so that nobody suffers. I don't want 19 to have to hear anybody say, I like to get over there now, but 20 I'm afraid it going to be late because of open and close 21 season.

As far as I'm concerned I'm going to go take the kind 24 of fish I want at the right time. I know when to go. Thank 25 you.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Mr. Hopson.

MR. H. BROWER: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Brower.

MR. H. BROWER: Rosa, I was just looking over these 34 restrictions. If and when this Proposed Rule takes into 35 effect, what type of restrictions are we going to be faced with 36 and what are the differences from the State regulations that we 37 already know that exist? When this comes into effect.

MS. MEEHAN: What we tried to do to start the program 40 is basically adopt the State regulations, so this should be the 41 same as what you're familiar with with the State. There's a 42 couple of important differences. One is the customary trade, 43 which we've already talked about. And the second one is that 44 within the Federal program the use of rod and reel is an 45 accepted subsistence means, and that's a difference from the 46 State, but those are the only ones.

MR. H. BROWER: Okay, thank you.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Miller.

1 MR. MILLER: Thank you. My question is once you've 2 identified or the identification of customary and traditional 3 use and the customary trade, the window or there's a process to 4 go back and argue for further modifications of that, if 5 everything isn't gathered up the first time and identified.

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MS. MEEHAN: Um-hum.

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MR. MILLER: There's a process to go back and amend

11 12

10 that?

MS. MEEHAN: Yes, and the process will be the same as 13 what we do for the terrestrial program, but the timing on it 14 will be different. What we will look to do is take proposals 15 for change in the late winter/spring time frame, so about this 16 time, so about this time of the year. And then we would look 17 at reviewing the analyses of those changes in the fall. And 18 the intent on setting up the regulatory timing that way is to 19 avoid the fishing season and the big subsistence season.

20 21

So for you members of the Federal Board the timing 22 would be just about opposite of what we do right now with the 23 terrestrial program with the mammals. And as far as 24 implementing this program, again, if the State Legislature 25 doesn't act and if Congress doesn't put a moratorium on it, we 26 would look to be starting this process about this time next 27 year. That we would have this published and people could 28 submit proposals.

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MR. MILLER: Thank you.

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Ahmakak.

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MR. AHMAKAK: Mr. Chairman. Ma'am, in the language, as 35 I read a couple of days ago, I was going through the whole 36 booklet, but I didn't have a chance to finish it. The only 37 question I have is, your department, the Federal government, is 38 going on with this program without consideration to the 39 selection of each village corporation's land selection 40 entitlement rights they have.

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MS. MEEHAN: What we're proposing with this, is that 43 for lands that have been selected but not yet conveyed, in 44 other words, not yet certificated, okay? That those lands 45 would be included in this program. But if -- particularly 46 Native allotments have been certificated then those would not 47 be part of the program.

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MR. AHMAKAK: In other words, what you're saying to me, 50 if my village corporation had made their land selection, their

entitlement and they proceeded with the paperwork and everything, but you just absolutely say, no, we'll take over this, you leave it alone. Is that what you're saying to me?

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MS. MEEHAN: Again, that's not the intent to do that. What we're really trying to do with this program is look for a way to work with local interest and cooperatively address issues. As regards to specific tribal authorities on tribal lands, if they're in state as such that they're similar to 10 private lands, then they would be treated as private lands. 11 And in that regard, even on private lands, State Fish and Game 12 regulations apply as would the Federal regulations if those 13 lands are located within sort of the outer perimeter of a 14 conservation unit. And the intent is to take the really --15 back up and take a big picture look at the wildlife populations 16 and to manage them with the local input and involvement in a 17 way that's best for everyone.

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MR. AHMAKAK: Mr. Chairman, I'll bring it up again 20 tomorrow. I'm going to find the designated page. 21 trying hard to answer my question, I know that.

22 23

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Mr. Ahmakak. Mr. Hopson.

24 25

MR. E. HOPSON: I think she's right. I don't like to 26 fight you, man, you're talking about game, caribou or fish, you 27 can just because you have boundaries within your corporation 28 that doesn't mean you do anything you please with the game 29 under this management. That's the way I'm understanding it.

30 31

I said in my remarks that I have nothing against 32 management, that's good for us. But that's what I meant. All 33 right, we're still friends.

34 35

MR. AHMAKAK: Mr. Hopson, the only other language, I 36 didn't really like was the regional corporations or the village 37 corporations they're entitled to more land selections. See, 38 they haven't been approved yet, they're unconveyed. They can 39 still make their selections, but according to your language I 40 can -- maybe I -- I'll bring it up again tomorrow.

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MS. MEEHAN: I'll look forward to it.

42 43 44

MR. YOKEL: Mr. Chairman.

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Yokel.

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MR. YOKEL: Thank you. Mark, I'm interpreting 49 your....

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00039 1 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Dave Yokel. 2 3 MS. MEEHAN: Get a mike. 5 MR. YOKEL: Dave Yokel. 7 REPORTER: I know who you are. 8 MR. YOKEL: How do you know me, Joe? I interpret your 10 question a little bit differently, Mark, so let me see if I it 11 correct. These regulations will have nothing to do with the 12 village corporation's ability to continue the land selection 13 and conveyance process. Was that your concern? 14 15 MR. AHMAKAK: Yes. 16 17 MR. YOKEL: These regulations will have no effect 18 whatsoever on that process, that will continue. 19 20 MR. AHMAKAK: How many hats do you have? The last time 21 I seen you, you were in a public hearing, now you're wearing a 22 different hat. 23 24 MR. YOKEL: I'm trying to get some sun on my bald head, 25 so I left all the hats at home. 26 27 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Mr. Yokel. Any other 28 questions from.... 29 30 MR. PEETOOK: I got a question for you. 31 32 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Helen and then Rossman. 33 34 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: I just thought maybe especially..... 35 36 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: State your name for the record. 37 38 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Helen Armstrong, Fish and Wildlife 39 Service. For the Fish and Game Committee, if they understood, 40 too, how our process works, because this -- managing fish won't 41 be any different -- it'll be more work, but it won't be any 42 different than managing the game in that what happens is the 43 Council here gets proposals, either they make proposals or 44 members of the public make proposals, and the recommendation 45 goes from the Council to the Federal Subsistence Board and it 46 is -- it really has become where the Federal Subsistence Board 47 in probably 95 percent of the cases supports what the Regional 48 Council recommends, so that there's a lot of local input from 49 the people up in the North Slope as to what happens with 50 management.

And the only time when the Board doesn't support what 2 the Councils have recommended is when there is evidence that 3 it's going to be harmful to the population -- the resource 4 population. And in may not even be 95 percent, but it's not 5 very common that there's a disagreement between the Council and 6 the Board. And I think as the years have gone by and this 7 program has become more established we seen that more and more 8 that the Board really listens to what this Council says. And 9 if the Council wants something then generally it happens. 10 that it really isn't that the Federal government is coming in 11 here and going to say how things should be managed, there is a 12 lot of input that comes in from the local people. And we've 13 tried real hard to make sure that that happens and we work very 14 closely with this Council and Fenton attends all of our Board 15 meetings.

16 17

Would you agree with that statement?

18 19

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yes, I agree with you.

20 21

MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Yeah.

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23 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Helen. There was a hand. 24 Mr. Peetook and then Gordon and then Mr. Solomon.

2526

MR. PEETOOK: Yeah, I got a question, too.

27 28

MS. MEEHAN: Who do you want back on the hot seat?

29 30

30 MR. PEETOOK: I got a question about -- have you 31 considered the comments from the Regional Council or from the 32 public when you make a Proposed Rule?

33 34

MS. MEEHAN: We have and one of the -- a couple of the 35 things that have shown up as a result of the public comments, 36 one was the customary trade, for sure. And the other was the 37 use of rod and reel as a legitimate subsistence gear. So those 38 are to examples, but yes, we did consider -- but I do want to 39 be clear that basically for the seasons and harvest 40 restrictions we did adopt the State regulations. I mean that's 41 what's here.

42 43

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Upicksoun and then Mr. Solomon.

44

MR. UPICKSOUN: Yes, Mr. Chairman. Rosa, proposed 46 activities in the NPR-A have been concentrated on the 47 northeastern end of NPR-A, however, any activity in NPR-A, 48 Point Lay, although they are off NPR-A, the head waters of 49 Utukok River and Kokolik River, those two rivers where we do 50 subsistence fishing, the head waters go through the

southwestern end of NPR-A and any activity within NPR-A would affect our subsistence fishing rivers. Any regulations in that regard we'd like our subsistence fishing be protected, especially on the Kokolik River and the Utukok River, the head waters of which are in the southwestern portion of the NPR-A.

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MS. MEEHAN: Okay.

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MR. UPICKSOUN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

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11 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Mr. Upicksoun. 12 Mr. Solomon.

13 14

MR. SOLOMON: Good morning. For the record my name is 15 Morgan Solomon, I'm the Wildlife Director for the Native 16 Village of Barrow. And I'm talking on behalf of our tribal 17 villages and our tribal governments. We have been working 18 earnestly with both the State and Federal government since the 19 NPR-A got into our picture here. And as I was listening to 20 Edward Hopson, who is an elder and has lived in this country 21 for many years. And I think his -- it's time that we start to 22 consider the co-management agreement between the State or the 23 Federal government to manage our own wildlife resources here on

24 the North Slope.
25
26 The real

The real reason why I have so much concern over this, 27 as you know, since the state became statehood, all of the 28 wildlife resources down in the Central part of Alaska, 29 Southeastern part of Alaska and in the Interior has been 30 managed by State and Federal government. And they put those 31 people whether they were Natives or non-Natives on seasonal 32 hunting basis, that means you can hunt caribou from the 20th of 33 August until the latter part of September and that's it. You 34 can take fish from this village accordingly as long as you 35 follow the sportsmen regulations for Alaska. You can do 36 certain things, you can take certain ducks and you can take 37 migratory birds, but you have to live with allocated amount.

38 39

This North Slope up here and also in NANA Region is a 40 different type of a country altogether. Our Native people rely 41 on subsistence way of life and there's no way that you can 42 separate an Inupiat from subsistence, that's his life. That's 43 his livelihood. And what I'm afraid here on a later time if 44 the State doesn't comply with our wish for a sound mutual 45 agreement on our subsistence, the laymer (sic) that we have 46 with the State and the Federal is going to take over our land 47 anyway, we have to live under those Federal regulation.

48

I would like very much for you people, the State and the Federal government, both, to listen to our people for they

1 have understood the very unique way of life that we live with 2 our sea mammals and our land animals and our birds. Because 3 you have put in so much regulations into -- unnecessary, I 4 would say, unnecessary regulations to umbrella yourself as the 5 State and Federal government whereby you don't give the Native 6 people a chance to breathe. And try to prosper from what they 7 have known in the past.

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So, you know, I'm just afraid about a couple years down 10 the line that piece of property up there, Teshekpuk area, is 11 going to be just like Prudhoe Bay, there going to have a lots 12 of rules and regulations where you can't even go across unless 13 you have a paper -- a pass to cross over to another area. And 14 I'm very concerned over that as an individual that has lived in 15 dilemma for the last 25 years since North Slope Borough merged 16 and also since the Prudhoe Bay had came in place.

17 18

So as a Native person we have to begin undertake -- you 19 have to begin to take responsibility to listen to our people 20 because yesterday as I was looking at some of those regulations 21 they're boilerplated, they've already been said, time and time, 22 you know, there's certain regulations you have to live with.

23 24

Co-management is a way that we should deal with our 25 subsistence way of life up here because we already have in 26 place International Whaling Commission dialogue. And our 27 Native leaders wants it to work, we want to work with you. 28 want to be able to undertake some responsibilities the best way 29 that we know because we know and we live with the animals that 30 have been in existence up here since time when we got here.

31 32

And it -- I don't know how -- what other way to explain 33 it. It's -- these people are here, we have the management 34 mangers here from different various villages, we have tribal 35 government that can work with you in each village and you don't 36 have to spend a lot of money on Fish and Game Boards to 37 regulate our subsistence way up here. It's unnecessary, it's 38 uncalled for, we don't need them, we got our own people that 39 are experts in these fields.

40 41

Thank you very much.

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MS. MEEHAN: Thank you.

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Mr. Solomon. Any other 46 comments from the table?

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(No audible response)

48 49 50

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: There's an opportunity for public

00043 comment at this time. The summary of the public comments that were made yesterday will be mailed to us, they weren't typed up 3 in time for this morning. So if there's no other.... 4 5 MR. PATKATOK: Mr. Chairman. 7 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yes. 8 9 MR. PATKATOK: I have as question Rosa. 10 11 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yes, Mr. Patkatok, if you can get up 12 to the mike. 13 14 MR. PATKATOK: Did I hear you say that amongst the --15 where subsistence activities can take place these allotments 16 were excluded? 17 18 MS. MEEHAN: That is what I meant to say, if it is. 19 Subsistence is absolutely permitted across all lands. And what 20 I was trying to be clear about is that these regulations will 21 apply on Federal lands and it's going to include allotments 22 that are within the outer boundaries of those Federal lands. 23 24 MR. PATKATOK: Okay. Well, I'm sorry, then I 25 misunderstood you. 26 27 MS. MEEHAN: No, that's all right, it's always better 28 to be clear. 29 30 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay. Before we proceed any 31 further, were you done with your presentation or the next steps 32 where we picked up some key provisions or..... 33 34 MS. MEEHAN: I could close with just reminding 35 everybody with what the next steps are, so you know what to 36 expect. 37 38 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay. Do you want to wait until 39 after number C or the opportunity for public comment? 40 MS. MEEHAN: Your choice. 41 42 43 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Ms. Hepa. 44 MS. HEPA: Hi, I'm Taqulik Hepa with the North Slope 45

46 Borough Department of Wildlife Management. I'd just like to 47 make a comment. If the Federal Subsistence Board is going to 48 be the Board in acting on the regulations, I would recommend

50 proposal pertaining to the North Slope that they come to the

49 that if they were to have Board meetings and talk about

North Slope to have the meetings because the way that the meetings been held is meetings for people to give testimony are held in Anchorage, Fairbanks and other places of Alaska, which is unfortunate because the people of the North Slope -- it makes it difficult for them to go there to give their testimony.

8 MS. MEEHAN: One clarification, maybe, is that if we 9 expanded the fisheries we will work the North Slope Council the 10 same way we do with the game management, so we will continue to 11 work with this group.

MS. HEPA: Yeah, but I would really urge them to hold 14 the meetings on the North Slope because, for example, like the 15 next State Board of Game meeting is going to be held in 16 Fairbanks, yeah. And there's a couple of proposals that are 17 real important to the people of the North Slope and it's 18 difficult for us to get good representation from the North 19 Slope to go to Fairbanks to give testimony. And it would make 20 a big difference if they did have a meeting on the North Slope.

Thank you.

MR. UPICKSOUN: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yes, Mr. Upicksoun.

MR. UPICKSOUN: Taqulik's comments, Rose, were in 29 regard to the Board of Game. They're starting the concept of 30 regional meetings. They had one this fall in Nome, that's the 31 first time that they got away from the urban centers and 32 started having regional meetings. Like I said, they had their 33 first one in Nome. I think her idea of the Subsistence Board 34 doing the same thing that the Board of Game, the State Board of 35 Game is doing, that is a good concept. We finally got the 36 Board of Game to decide having meetings away from the urban 37 centers, they started off with Nome, why not the Federal 38 Subsistence Board on fisheries issues or whatever?

MS. MEEHAN: I really appreciate the comments and it's 41 a concept that we have discussed some and appreciate the input 42 on it. One thing that may happen, and this is just -- we don't 43 know, but depending on how much work the fisheries adds to our 44 program, there's only so many of us that, you know, can work on 45 it at any one time, and so one concept that we're considering 46 would be to do -- essentially do game regulations one year and 47 then do fish the next year. Or somehow do just part of the 48 state one year, the same way the State does, they'll do regions 49 different years. And so those are types of approaches we're 50 considering.

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If we regionalize it by year, then doing a Board meeting out in a regional center is something that would fit very well. So appreciate the comment.

MR. UPICKSOUN: Mr. Chairman, when they started that concept in Nome to see the people from that region, those that 7 attended, how they appreciated the regional concept of the 8 State Board of Game meeting, so I think if that concept could 9 be initiated within the Subsistence Board meetings, Federal 10 Subsistence Board meeting, I think that same appreciation would 11 be there too, like the people showed for Nome area when they 12 had the regional concept type of Board of Game meeting.

Thank you.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, thank you, Mr. Upicksoun. 17 Again, the summary of the public comments that were made 18 yesterday will be mailed to us. At this time I'll open the 19 floor for public comments. Any public comments.

> MR. PEETOOK: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yeah, Mr. Peetook.

MR. PEETOOK: (Inupiaq)

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Peetook. What 28 he was just saying that we have our rules, the Inupiat, and 29 golden rules are that things we've passed down from generation 30 to generation is no wanton waste. And if you can't eat it, 31 don't get it. If you're not going to use it or if you just 32 catch what are going to be able to use. Those kinds of rules. 33 Maybe we can make our own rules, use our rules that we've been 34 using from millennium. And if that you're going to throw away 35 fish, that you shouldn't throw away game after catching it, you 36 shouldn't be out there hunting and fishing, so when we get to 37 that point we'll need to take up and use our rules that we've 38 been using for a long time.

MR. PEETOOK: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Peetook.

44 MR. PEETOOK: I still want to talk yet. Okay, I want 45 to give you an example. Like when the polar bear came to the 46 village, they don't shoot it right there, they warn him first. 47 Okay, if you don't want to go, that's the end of the line. You 48 can't go beyond that line, see? We don't just shoot the animal 49 unless we warn them. Before we warn them, she's coming in, 50 still coming in. Okay, that's the end of the line. Somebody

1 has to warn the polar bear.

2 CHAIRMAN REXFORD

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Mr. Peetook.

4 Mr. Attugana. 5

MR. ATTUGANA: (Inupiaq)

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Attugana.

MR. AHMAKAK: Mr. Chairman, I move for a lunch break.

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12 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Let me just translate this and we'll 13 go on a lunch break. Thank you, Mr. Ahmakak.

14 15

Examples that were passed on or rules that were passed on from our forefathers around Point Hope is -- by listening and hearing what our forefathers have said about hunting and fishing, whether they're terrestrial or marine animals, the outsiders, the Western civilization need to hear us and believe that we've been abiding by these rules for a millennium and that we keep passing on after hearing them from our forefathers.

23

We continue to use these rules after listening and 25 hearing them. Even though there's opportunities out there 26 right now, for an example, on whales that we probably could 27 have surpassed our quota if we didn't listen to what our 28 forefathers say about waiting for the other crew members that 29 need to get ready. If we did not listen to what our 30 forefathers said on past rules, we could have surpassed our 31 quota of whale hunting right now.

32 33

Again, they do not go out until all of the crews are 34 ready. They wait for their fellow hunters and whalers, waiting 35 for them that still need to get ready. He wanted to make sure 36 that if the Western civilization can't understand we do have 37 rules that we passed on from generation to generation and we 38 need to pass that on, make them understand that we abide by our 39 land and terrestrial rules and it's been passed on about wanton 40 waste and catching what we'd be able to use.

41 42

So that was a summary of what Elijah has just 43 mentioned.

44 45

Okay, it's lunchtime. Maybe we can proceed again with this fisheries matter, we're not quite done with that yet. Our Regional Council and Fish and Game Committee members need to deliberate and make recommendations on the fisheries management after lunch. Again, there'll be a window for public comments on this matter before we move on to another subject on the

00047 agenda. 3 MR. AHMAKAK: Mr. Chairman, don't forget the 4 teleconference is open for any village to call in. 5 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Oh, yes, the teleconference is open. 7 We haven't heard Marita break in. Are you still there Marita? 8 9 (No audible response) 10 11 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Oh, well, anyway we'll continue. 12 We'll summarize, we'll hear what our next steps will be, we'll 13 open the floor for public comments and then our Council and 14 Fish and Game Committee will deliberate and make some 15 recommendations on the fisheries management after hearing from 16 the public and Council members. 17 18 MR. UPICKSOUN: Reconvene at 1:30. 19 20 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: At 1:30. Reconvene at 1:30 21 promptly. Okay, thank you. 22 23 (Off record) 24 25 (On record) 26 27 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Good afternoon, ladies and 28 gentlemen, find our way back to the seats. Just want to remind 29 everybody my birthday was in February 7th, so -- this thing 30 don't make too much noise, but it does the trick. 31 32 MS. B. ARMSTRONG: How old? 33 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Forty something. Okay, I want to 34 35 thank everybody for coming back here around 1:30, appreciate 36 that. We need to finish off on agenda Item Number 7, Proposed 37 Rule on the Federal subsistence fisheries management. 38 39 We're going to hook somebody back up here. Are they on 40 line? Just a second, we're going to get the folks back on line 41 here, the teleconference. 42 43 Before we do that I just want to take care of a couple 44 of housekeeping items that we need to take care of while we're 45 together. Again, just as a reminder, we do have one or two 46 more seats from the Fish and Game. Two more? 47 48 MR. H. BROWER: Two more tomorrow. 49 50 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yeah, we have two more North Slope

Fish and Game Committee members to install. They're going to be confirmed by the North Slope Borough Assembly meeting tonight. The Assembly is going to be confirming the membership into the Fish and Game Committee.

5 6

We also have a matter we need to take up, probably tomorrow, toward the end of new business, under 11C, either one, two or three, is the matter of the vacant Vice Chair for the North Slope Subsistence Regional Advisory Council. So I'm going to ask the Council to get together and appoint or nominate from the Regional Council members a replacement for Vice Chair on our Council.

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MR. UPICKSOUN: As 11 what?

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: 11C.

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MR. UPICKSOUN: 11C.

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20 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yeah. Just a minor change in 10B
21 under agency reports. For your information, Number 6, the
22 Alaska Department of Fish and Game, Geoff Carroll will be
23 making presentation or a report on the State Board action,
24 Board of Game action. And immediately after him will be John
25 Trent, also from the Alaska State Department of Fish and Game.
26 So maybe you can mark those down. Agency reports, Number 6, we
27 have Geoff Carroll and John Trent that will be making reports
28 under new business or agency reports.

29 30

So, Mr. Upicksoun.

31 32

MR. UPICKSOUN: Susan Bucknell is not here, right?

33 34

34 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Susan Bucknell is not here, that's 35 right. Let me see if there's any other changes. If there's no 36 objection to that, that's just a minor change on the names of 37 those that will be reporting. Again, if there's no objection 38 we'll have Geoff Carroll and John Trent under agency reports, 39 6A and B.

40 41

MR. H. BROWER: Okay.

42 43

MR. UPICKSOUN: No objection.

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: No objection, okay.

46 47

MR. UPICKSOUN: We got a flexible agenda.

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay. What's the word on the

50 conference?

MR. H. BROWER: He's going to dial in.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay. As soon as Tommy help us with the conference, Rosa, you can commence.

(Hooking up teleconference)

TOMMY: Anyone calling yet from the villages, no?

MARITA: No, no one's called in yet.

TOMMY: Okay. Well, standby up there.

14 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, thank you, Tommy. All right, 15 we'll turn the floor back over to Rosa Meehan. She was just 16 about to finish the Proposed Rule for fisheries management. 17 She did go over the key provisions or the major changes that 18 were bulleted in the middle of the page.

Rosa.

MS. MEEHAN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I'd like to 23 close my part of the presentation with just reviewing the next 24 steps. And this is what you can expect to see within the next 25 several months.

As we've been saying, the Proposed Rule is out for 28 public review and comment now. That period closes April 20th, 29 so we will be looking for additional comments at this meeting, 30 if anybody has them. And then we do have forms, if any of you 31 would like to take them back to your villages to share with 32 people. We've got a form that people can write their comments 33 on it, it already has the postage on it, so people can, you 34 know, fill in their comments, fold it, staple it and put it in 35 the mail. We do need these back by April 20th.

After we receive the comments, in other words, over the summer, we will work to polish up the rule, make changes that people have requested, if we can accommodate them and then be ready on December 1st to implement the program. And then this is where it get sort of tricky. If the State Legislature has not acted and if we do not have a moratorium. And so in that case, then on December 1st we'll be ready to publish a Final Rule and that will start the expanded jurisdiction into fisheries.

If we do that, what you can expect to see is that we 48 will be having a Council meeting about this time next year to 49 talk about the rule and review any -- take any proposed changes 50 at that time. Those would be reviewed over the summer, that

would be summer of 1998, and then any changes would then be reviewed and adopted for the fishing season of the year 2000. So that's sort of the next -- that's the time frame that we're looking at. Again, it depends on what the State does and what Congress does. But, you know, with those uncertainties, that's how we're prepared to proceed.

8 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Any questions for Ms. Meehan? 9 Harry.

MR. H. BROWER: Rosa, in reading the agenda it says, summary of public comments, opportunity for public comments, Regional Council deliberations and recommendations. Do we have to make an action item of this today or are we going to have another chance during our fall meeting to probably go out to our communities and discuss this issue with the community members to get their feelings on what actions or alternatives should we select.

You know, I don't think I'm in the right position right 21 now just to go and make a selection without really getting any 22 input from other community members. And I don't know how the 23 rest of the Committee and Regional Council members feel on 24 taking any action today. That's what this agenda item is.

MS. MEEHAN: What we would like is if there are any 27 actions that you do feel comfortable taking now, we certainly 28 would like to hear those. For us to keep the process going, 29 any comments on what's in this Proposed Rule that we need to 30 change before a Final Rule, we really need that input before 31 April 20th. And so, if you have the opportunity to go back to 32 your communities and ask people to send us written comments, 33 that's what we're looking for.

By the time of your fall meeting we're going to have to 36 have this -- all this paperwork in Washington, D.C. to try and 37 meet a publication, you know, Federal Register publication. So 38 what we could be talking about in the fall, and this depends on 39 what the State does. I mean it's -- you know, we just don't 40 know. But what we could be talking about is what kind of 41 proposals people are thinking about, and start looking at it 42 that way. But any changes to this Proposed Rule to go into the 43 Final Rule we do need by April 20th.

MR. UPICKSOUN: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Upicksoun then Mr. Brower.

MR. UPICKSOUN: Rose, Point Lay is in a State owned 50 area, as you can see on the map.

MS. MEEHAN: Yes.

MR. UPICKSOUN: Now Barrow would be affected,
Wainwright, Atqasuk they're within NPR-A and you look at ANWR
and how maybe Anaktuvuk may be affected, How will those where
you have control over a lot of the subsistence issues within
those three, how will three be more affected, like say, than
Port Lay who surrounded all by State lands? How might those
communities be more affected? My question is more in line with
what the concern that Mr. Brower has because he can't make an
arbitrary decision without discussing this further.

MS. MEEHAN: I appreciate the need to go back and meet 14 with your village or communities. Frankly, the villages on the 15 North Slope and the ones that you just read off have been -- 16 the fisheries on NPR-A and on ANWR have actually been 17 incorporated in our existing program. And because most of them 18 are in non-navigable waters, and so I really don't see any 19 major changes on the North Slope. And I don't see that there's 20 going to be any major differences that will develop between the 21 communities, such as Atqasuk and Wainwright, that are within 22 Federal lands, as compared to Point Hope which is on State 23 lands. I do not see any difference that are going to develop. 24 Another way to say that is I expect that our program will stay 25 very similar to the State program.

MR. E. HOPSON: Mr. Chairman.

29 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yeah, just a minute, Mr. Hopson. 30 Mr. Brower.

32 MR. H. BROWER: Rose, or maybe Fenton, I just -- I 33 don't know if I'm jumping the gun from reading the.....

MR. E. HOPSON: Mr. Chairman, and the rest of you 36 people, do we really need subsistence regulations? We have 37 been living subsistence ever since my grandparents' parents, 38 thousands of years ago. I just continued their livelihood when 39 I grew up. I start getting active with -- helping out with the 40 subsistence way of live, I learned to go back to 1927. We just 41 continue what was going on for subsistence. Is there something 42 very wrong that we did hunting the game that we were presented 43 by our Creator? Do we need to change our way of subsistence 44 taking game that is available? We have to take it differently 45 now that the regulations are going to be imposing us?

There is going to be -- you know when you have 48 regulations there's always another side. Anybody breaking 49 regulations, breaking laws, the other side is there's always a 50 penalty and fine. Have we done -- how we do our subsistence

way of life very bad so that we going to need regulations to tell us how to handle them? I don't believe so.

I can see regulations when you have a combination of commercial hunting and subsistence in one area. I can see regulations imposed in that area, particularly to the commercial hunters, sport hunters. You know what banned the polar bear hunting? Even for people, for sports hunters and all of that? Who's responsible for banning polar bear? We just heard it just this morning, polar bear hunters, sports hunters. They come in and slaughter polar bear. I know, it happened here in Barrow. I think Upicksoun over here saw it in Kotzebue about that same time.

I would hate to see some of my people see in your for proposed regulations as they come to in the present form. There's a proposed regulation about sheep, there's no record or any reports of sheep taken by subsistence communities from form Point Hope to Barrow, so they're going to close that off in the proposed regulations.

The only problem was that they take Point Hope, all the 23 way from Point Hope to Barrow, they have taken sheep. Except, 24 you know, it was never anything to say — nothing to tell them 25 say, oh, you have to report when you take that sheep. Now, if 26 that regulation passes and it's going to be imposed on us, I go 27 get a sheep, season is closed, there's no open season, I have 28 to suffer maybe fine, I don't know how much and maybe some jail 29 time.

So I'm not against regulation where you have commercial hunting and subsistence combination in the same area. The reason, only time that I would favor regulations and whatever you have to do on game in that area is to protect subsistence from sports hunters. As soon as it's open for sports hunters for any animal, any game, you can expect to see that's going to be the end of that resource. They're going to lock it up, selose it up. That's what happened, that goes on and on. I saw it. You're going to see it.

And it happens all the time in a lot of the United 42 States when they first come in, there were lot of game. Lots 43 of turkey were available, lots of musk-ox and whatever in the 44 United States. I don't believe -- I wish I knew somebody would 45 tell me that you got all the turkey for subsistence down in the 46 Lower 48 where you have turkey.

So I really -- I thought maybe what is happening, but 49 I'm not going to be around for another 78 more years, you all 50 know that and I'd like for you to consider to take care of

subsistence. There are a lot of people on the North Slope that live by subsistence, there's no commercial fishing, there a lot of fish, all kinds of fish -- you don't have to go far. I can go this afternoon and come back with dinner grayling by snowmachine. Just dig a hole in five foot of ice, get my hook down in there and come, I'll show you. I guarantee you that I can come back with grayling for dinner, fresh.

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So wherever there's -- I'm not against, most of you 10 have heard this before, the first responsibility that man gave 11 from our Creator is you manage the game, the resource. And you 12 going to find that in the first chapter in the Bible. Don't 13 have to turn no pages. Take a look when you get home, Genesis 14 1, Chapter. I think it's on the 28th verse. For a man human 15 is given the first responsibility by our Creator, you subdue 16 the resource. I've been told that the word subdue means you 17 manage.

18 19

So management is all right, I'm not against that.

That's fine people counting the resource, how many caribou

there are and then they say they need to cut the -- what you

have to harvest because people are watching, you got to slow

mention caribou. Fish and everything. So regulations are fine

but I would hope that all of you, State and Federal and local,

people are responsible for these regulations, I would you'd

pear in mind that -- and protect subsistence way of life.

Because you're not going to get away. I think we have to put

up with it.

30 31

But let's try to get along, we can have good regulations to satisfy me and you people if we work together instead of fighting over one item, saying, hey, you can't do that, we'll do that, we'll do this and this and soon the people responsible for making these regulation say, no more. And then what do we do, we just have to put up with it. And we're going to be violators, we start breaking laws because we need to take this game for livelihood.

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So you got to think about all of this. Whenever there's commercial operations going on as far as game, there should be regulations and those regulations should be to preserve and protect subsistence for those people that have lived there all their life. What we're doing now it look like we people on the North Slope had just arrived a few years ago. We're in negotiation Federal and State trying to get a piece of land and trying to get some game. I think if we turn 180 degrees and say, let the State and Federal come in an negotiate for game, so they can provide sports hunters. Let them come here and negotiate with the subsistence people that depend on

subsistence, caribou, moose, lake trout, polar bear, you name it, it's all here and it always have been here.

So I don't want to be mean, I don't want to offend 5 anybody, but this is my concern for my people. So I'm still 6 your friend, I welcome all you people, biologists and all of 7 that, keep us informed of how we are doing on the resource, 8 it's their job. And I respect them for it. They tell us when 9 to slow down, hey, you got to cut down on this until it's 10 stable again, that's their job. And we should appreciate that, 11 so one more time, make regulations, satisfy yourself, and 12 protect subsistence livelihood.

13 14

Thank you.

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Mr. Hopson. Anyone want 17 to follow up on that.

18 19

MS. MEEHAN: Mr. Chairman, I'd like to point out a few 20 thing, and I very much appreciate your comments, Mr. Hopson, 21 and I just want to reiterate that the intent of the Federal 22 program is to provide, first and foremost, for the subsistence 23 way of life. And it's something we take very seriously, we 24 work very hard with the Council to work with the local 25 interests. And I would hope that the regulations, as we have 26 them written, are appropriate for the concerns that you bring 27 to the table. And for the northern area, all the drainages 28 that drain into the Arctic and into the Chukchi Sea, so that 29 all of the drainages up here, the way these regulations read, 30 is subsistence is permitted without permits. It is -- there 31 are no regulations that prohibit anything, so it is open and I 32 hope it always stays that way.

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MR. UPICKSOUN: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Upicksoun.

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MR. UPICKSOUN: Mr. Chairman, you know, I don't think 39 there'll be another moratorium. I think this is the State's 40 last chance to solve the subsistence issue. And they way 41 they're going about it now in the Legislature, I don't think 42 they'll come up with a solution to the subsistence issue. 43 they do come up with a solution it'll be contrary to what the 44 Native community wants, even if they do pass legislation so 45 that Federal doesn't take over. It'll be contrary to what the 46 Native community wants. I think we'll be filing an injunction 47 against that legislation and I'm pretty sure that the Federal 48 government will take over fisheries management for subsistence.

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MR. E. HOPSON: Mr. Chairman, I'd like to mention that

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47 48 happened two or three years ago.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, Mr. Hopson.

MR. E. HOPSON: A friend of mine had lived here and then moved to Anchorage. They are permitted to fish king salmon, I think it was, in a certain river, but limited. He 8 put a net out in a stream and got one over the limit in the 9 net. He wasn't cussing but he wasn't very happy because Fish 10 and Game got ahold of him, found him, maybe when they take the 11 net, found one extra over the limit. You know that he was a 12 Native from not here but down around Shishmaref area. You know 13 he was fined \$1,200 cash for one over the limit fish. So this 14 is the type of thing. I've seen (indiscernible) other places, 15 so I just like to mention that. It's not -- I would not be 16 happen, but you know, it was either pay \$1,200 or got to jail. 17 That's the circumstances for one fish.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Very good. Thank you, Mr. Hopson. 20 Any other comments or questions?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Could you just briefly, Ms. Meehan, 25 explain Alternative 1, 2 and 3, in a sentence or two, if you 26 can for the Committee and Regional Council's benefit.

MS. MEEHAN: Very briefly, as part of doing any type of 29 rulemaking, we had to follow the National Environmental Policy 30 Act and look at the -- do an environmental review of the effect 31 of the decision. And to do that we had to set up different 32 alternatives for ways to implement the court directive. 33 court said you will expand subsistence management into 34 fisheries on navigable waters, and so -- okay, that's the 35 decision is to expand.

We had to do an environmental review of how we would 38 expand, and then compare those -- we did it by doing 39 alternatives and then we compared them in an Environmental 40 Assessment. There is a summary of the Environmental Assessment 41 on the table behind me. But for the purposes of evaluating how 42 we could implement this rule we took three alternatives. 43 Alternative 1 would be if we took no action. In other words, 44 did not do any expansion. And we did that for comparison, it 45 was not a true alternative in the sense that it was something 46 we'd really try and do.

The second alternative was what we call a limited -- if 49 we took a very narrow view of expanding into fisheries and on 50 the North Slope it's not a good example, but -- because of the

land ownership patterns. But what Alternative 2 meant down on the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta, most of the Delta is within the outer boundary of the Yukon-Kuskokwim National Wildlife Refuge. Within that outer boundary there are large tracts that are of Native corporation lands that are land allotments. And so for Alternative 2 what we said was that the land that is actually managed in this case by the Fish and Wildlife Service would be part of the Federal program, but the land that was on Native allotments or Native corporation lands would not be part of the program, the waters that cross those. So that was Alternative 12.

And then Alternative 3, which is what's describe here 14 in this Proposed Rule is that all the waters that cross Federal 15 land or within that outside boundary would be considered within 16 the program.

18 And that, really briefly, is the difference between the 19 three alternatives.

21 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Rosa. Mr. Upicksoun and 22 then Mr. Hopson.

MR. UPICKSOUN: Mr. Chairman, on those three 25 alternatives, could you explain the percentages? I can't find 26 the literature in front of me. I remember the percentage of 98 27 percent on Alternative 1, 42 percent on 1 (sic). Alternative 3 28 was 50 some percent. Can you explain those percentages on --29 in your -- you say there's hardly any difference, but you look 30 those percentages, maybe if you explain, we'll understand 31 better.

MS. MEEHAN: I'm looking for my cheat sheet here just - 34 so I keep the numbers correct. All right. If you take -- this 35 is simply a numbers game, if you will. It's to give somebody 36 an idea of the extent of potential expansion jurisdiction. And 37 what we did is -- we have a computer program that has all the 38 rivers, all the drainages in it and the computer program can 39 tell you how long all the rivers are. And what we did is 40 simply treat it -- if we took no action and did not expand the 41 program, all the waters that are currently considered Federal 42 waters would be in the program and that's about two percent of 43 the waters in the State, because they're wild and scenic rivers 44 or something like that, or currently in the program.

Under Alternative 2, which is this limited jurisdiction 47 that just as the land that's actually managed by a Federal 48 agency would be within the program. So if you take all the rivers that go across that land and add up all their lengths 50 and then compared it to the total length of rivers in the

00057 state, that gives you that 41 percent of all the waters. 3 MR. UPICKSOUN: That's Alternative 2? 4 5 MS. MEEHAN: That's Alternative 2. 6 7 MR. UPICKSOUN: I wish I had the literature here, I 8 can't locate my literature with regards to those percentages. 10 MS. MEEHAN: Yeah, that's Alternative 2. And then in 11 Alternative 3 -- okay, so it's 41 percent under Alternative 2, 12 under Alternative 3 it's approximately 52 percent of the waters 13 in the state would be in the program. And again, it's the 14 waters that cross, you know, if you got your refuge boundary 15 like this, it's the length of the waters that go across the 16 land. 17 18 MR. UPICKSOUN: Okay. So you're saying you're going 19 from two percent, that's in Alternative 1? 20 21 MS. MEEHAN: Two percent is what we have today. 22 23 MR. UPICKSOUN: Forty-one percent and 52 percent, 24 that's about -- anybody looking at those percentages would, 25 whoa, there's a big difference there between 1, 2 and 3. 26 27 MS. MEEHAN: Yes. 28 29 MR. UPICKSOUN: Okay. 30 31 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Hopson and then Mr. Brower. 32 33 MR. E. HOPSON: I'd just like to clarify myself first. 34 My understanding of an allotment on a stream or river, all 35 right, here's a river over here and then I have an allotment 36 here in this part, I built a house. My understanding of that 37 allotment is you own the property but there has been some 38 problem with these allotment owners. I hope somebody would 39 further on -- even most to people here on the North Slope and 40 maybe other places, too (sic). People that have an allotment 41 right here for fishing, because there a good river, good deep 42 water, that's what we're looking for (indiscernible). 43 44 People tell some of their neighbors, you cannot fish 45 here because this is my allotment. But my understanding of 46 that is they don't own the water in the river. That's what I 47 want to clear myself on, that was my understanding of 48 allotment. If I have an allotment here, I don't own the water, 49 that means he can come and put his fish nets out on my --

50 that's what I'm trying to claim here. There has been some

problems with that because the allotment -- the holder of this allotment would keep all these other people away from putting their nets in the river.

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MS. MEEHAN: What the -- in this case what the allotment owner can do is say, you can't come on my land and put you net -- you know, stand on the river bank and work from 8 there. But you're correct, they do not have the water, so if somebody wanted to fish from the other side of the river.....

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MR. E. HOPSON: That's right. That's a problem. 12 wish you people would kind of educate those people that do 13 that. They do the in the Rue (sic) and other places. On 14 (Inupiag) you know the drainage from Teshekpuk, people try to 15 keep their neighbors from fishing in that spot where they've 16 always fished before.

17 18

(Inupiaq)

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Mr. Hopson. Mr. Brower.

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MR. H. BROWER: Yeah, I was going to ask Rosa if she's 23 heard any comments from any of the Regional Councils from other 24 areas regarding these three alternatives or from the State, 25 whether which -- if they made an indicator of what they like to 26 see or the action they've taken on any of the alternatives.

27 28

MS. MEEHAN: For the alternatives, you don't need to 29 take action them and nobody else has either. That was 30 something we used to analyze how we would do this and to set up 31 -- I mean, just set up a couple of different ways to do it and 32 kind of go which one looks the closest to what people want. 33 And so that was just a technique we used and we're giving you 34 the information so you can understand what was thought about 35 and incorporated.

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But Alternative 3 is the way the program has gone and 38 that's what's written down in this Proposed Rule. So the whole 39 discussion about those alternatives is just for your 40 information.

41 42

With regards to what other Councils have done. 43 been to both the Eastern Interior Council and the Western 44 Interior Council meeting and at those two Council meetings 45 people on the Council discussed some very specific fishing 46 issues within their areas and had some very specific 47 recommendations that had to do, in Western Interior, with some 48 use of weirs in a couple of rivers. So very site specific 49 issues.

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The other issue that both those Councils had was how they would work with the Yukon River Drainage Fishermen's Association, so they were looking at some broader issues of how you manage along the Yukon. That's the type of issues that have been brought forward.

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MR. H. BROWER: Okay. Another, Mr. Chairman.

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Brower.

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11 MR. H. BROWER: In regards to these alternatives, 12 Alternative 3 is the preferred alternative by the agencies. 13 Why is it that -- you know, there's the differences from no 14 action to the preferred alternative, why is it that you've 15 selected Alternative 3 even though it's been a court decision 16 to have the Federal government to go ahead and take over the 17 management?

18 19

MS. MEEHAN: What the court said was that -- the court agreed with the plaintiff, Katie John, that the Federal government should get into fisheries. And so the court said, you will do fish and you will identify which waters you'll be doing fish in. So they didn't say -- they didn't draw the lines on the map as to where we would do it, so what we had to do was take that directive back and figure that out and that's what the court told us to do. And so using those alternatives was a way of helping us decide that.

28 29

And one of the underlying things between looking at the different alternatives is which of those alternatives would be most effective at addressing the issue that Katie John brought before the court, you know, which had to do with her establishing her fishing site at Batzulnetas. And so that's why we chose the more expansive of the three alternatives.

35 36

MR. H. BROWER: Mr. Chairman, if I could, I'd like to 37 follow up with another question.

38 39

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, you may, Mr. Brower.

40 41

MR. H. BROWER: If we took no action on this issue, and 42 I'd just probably like to get clarification, what would be the 43 ending results in the future if we took no action on this or 44 selected no alternative and took no action on it?

45 46

MS. MEEHAN: It will not matter. Any action you take 47 will give us information that we can use as we keep going 48 forward in this process but there's nothing that you have to 49 take action on.

50

MR. H. BROWER:

CHAIRMAN REXFORD:

MS. B. ARMSTRONG:

CHAIRMAN REXFORD:

Thank you.

waters here, our Regional Advisory Council. All the other

Regional Advisory Councils are addressing the same problem.

Um-hum.

MR. UPICKSOUN: Mr. Chairman, we're treading on new

Okay. Did you hear that, Barbara?

Good point. I think this is a

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Upicksoun.

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8 Maybe we could request from our coordinator that we get minutes 9 of this particular meeting from all the other Regional Councils 10 so we have a better concept of what's happening statewide 11 regarding this issue. 12

13 14

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16 17 18 statewide issue and it's more concentrated or the regulations

19 are really -- what Edward pointed out that he would rather not 20 see any new restriction on our way of life. And I hate to be 21 in the Federal Subsistence Board or the Regional Council making 22 regulation on our way of life or restricting, cutting off and 23 imposing fines on our way of living. I'd hate to be in the

24 Chair of the Federal Subsistence Board for sheep. 25 26

28 life from Point Hope all the way to Kaktovik we've caught 29 sheep. And to satisfy the State regulations on the eight 30 factors, something's missing that they want to impose or stop 31 our way of living that we've done for years and years and 32 years. And if the State Board of Game or the ADF&G staff 33 people are going to stop our way of life, boy, that's bad 34 business. You're restricting our way of life. You're stopping 35 it. Even though it's not written in black and white, I'd had

37 cease our way of life. So I just wanted to bring that out. 38 39

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41 42 43

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Mr. Peetook. What he was 44 saying, that if there are alternatives that presented for 45 action, that he would like to see an alternative, like 46 Mr. Attugana was state earlier, that we need to make sure, and 47 also Mr. Hopson, make sure that we do not cease or stop our way 48 of life or our way of living that we've been having. We have 49 our -- we abide by our rules that have been passed on from 50 generation to generation. And Rossman was suggesting that

Any other comments from the Council? Mr. Peetook.

Like Mr. Hopson was saying, that although it's not

27 recorded in the books, oral history, our subsistence way of

36 to be in your seat to restrict or make comments that you should

MR. PEETOOK: (Inupiaq)

maybe we should look at an alternative where there would be no rules or regulations for subsistence way of life because we've been doing that and managed to have that through today and we still have our resources.

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Any other comments from the Council members? the floor is open for public comments or from teleconference. This is an opportunity for public comments from the audience or from the teleconference participation.

9 10 11

(Pause)

12 13

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, we did have some public 14 comment period, too, from a couple of the villages yesterday. 15 There were some very good comments, maybe I'll just summarize 16 what I remember. As far as including -- just a second here. 17 On page 66225, Roman Number XV, suggestion to add federally 18 recognized tribes. And we've also heard from Mr. Morgan 19 Solomon from the Native Village of Barrow to enter into 20 co-management or cooperative agreements with existing, and also 21 reiterated by Mr. Hopson, that there are existing local 22 government agencies that deal with polar bear, beluga, 23 International Porcupine Caribou Herd, are examples that this 24 program should look into working with the local folks.

25 26

So I just wanted to summarize that real quickly. 27 Again, this is an opportunity for public comment on the Federal 28 subsistence fisheries management. If there are none, I'd like 29 to proceed on with our agenda for Regional Council and Fish and 30 Game Management deliberations and recommendations at this time.

31 32

Thank you, Rosa.

33 34

MS. MEEHAN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

35

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: For the sake of summarizing what 37 I've heard this morning, fellow Committee members and Council 38 members, do we really need subsistence regulations at this 39 time? Is there a real need to have management regulations for 40 fishing? We can understand that there may be a need for sports 41 and/or commercial fishing in our areas but at this time do we 42 really need subsistence regulations to manage our way of life?

43

44 We also heard from Mr. Elijah Attugana that we need to 45 make understand the Outside or the Western society that we've 46 been living up here forever practically. That handed down from 47 our forefathers and that if we did not obey their rules that 48 they passed on to us that we wouldn't have the resources. So 49 we need to remind the Western society that we abide by rules 50 that were passed on from our generation and we need to have you

understand that we abide by the common sense rule in the Arctic. It would be good that you understand that we've been doing this for -- since we were created.

5

The other one that we just heard from, Mr. Peetook -just a second, I'm trying to find it here. As an alternative 7 maybe we should suggest that there be no rules on our subsistence way of life.

8 9 10

So the floor is open now, we need to make any other 11 deliberations or recommendations on this matter from the table 12 here. Any comments or suggestions or recommendations from the 13 table?

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MR. E. HOPSON: Mr. Chairman, are you asking for 16 recommendations on the....

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yeah, we're just taking deliberation 19 or comments.

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MR. E. HOPSON: On the proposed regulations?

22 23

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yeah, on the Proposed Rule for 24 subsistence fisheries.

25 26

MR. E. HOPSON: Mr. Chairman, I like to either treat 27 (sic) for sheep from Point Hope to Barrow, just like all the 28 people from Nuigsut to Kaktovik or just leave it alone the way 29 it is without closing it from Barrow to Point Hope.

30 31

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: We'll be taking up the matter, 32 Mr. Hopson, on the sheep particularly, right now we're trying 33 to close out the agenda on fisheries, Federal subsistence 34 fisheries.

35 36

MR. E. HOPSON: Oh, all right.

37 38

MR. UPICKSOUN: Mr. Chairman.

39 40

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Upicksoun.

41 42

MR. UPICKSOUN: Can we have the time table clarified 43 where she mentioned that we're -- these proposed regulations 44 will be in effect in the year 2000, what's the time frame in 45 regards to this Regional Advisory Council making a decision on 46 it regarding these regulations? She mentioned we have a year. 47 What -- how do we stand on this?

48

49 MS. MEEHAN: What you have in front of you is a 50 proposed regulation, and I want to emphasize that for the North

Slope, the specific language that talks about subsistence fisheries on the North Slope says you don't need a permit, there are no restrictions. You can comment on that right now, and that's something we'd consider to go into the Final Rule. If we have to implement then we will start the regular process, just like we do with game animals, we'll start it about this time next year. So we would take proposals but there would be no change to the regulations until the year 2000. Does that make sense?

MR. UPICKSOUN: Yes, it does.

MR. KOONUK: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, Mr. Koonuk.

MR. KOONUK: Yes, just make comment here. You just mentioned something about there would be no permits for subsistence use, then why do we need regulations, you know? You're not going to give us any permits, you know, for subsistence and, you know, we don't need regulations out here. And I respect what Mr. Hopson and Elijah talked about and they're right, you know, that was brought on to -- you know, their fathers and brought on to use, you know, it's from generation to generation. We never did have regulations, we're always out there. You know, I think of learning of respecting the animals and you catch what you can catch. You know, we're not abusing, you know. They're making it sound like we're abusing animals out there and just throwing them out left and right.

32 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, thank you, Mr. Koonuk. Any 33 other comment? Barbara.

MS. B. ARMSTRONG: (Inupiaq)

37 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, thank you, Barbara. Just to 38 summarize real quickly for the benefit of the others, that we 39 like to hear from the Committee members and Council members 40 that the present way of fishing or subsistence way of fishing 41 if there's any restrictions that are injuring us now, we need 42 to make that known. The State system that they're adopting or 43 blueprinting or copying, if there's any hinderance to us and 44 our subsistence way of life we need to make that known at this 45 time. So if we do not like the present system we should like 46 the program know.

48 MR. E. HOPSON: Are those proposals on fishing in our 49 packet? If you would maybe -- if in here, let us know if you 50 have a copy of those. I have a Proposed Rule for Federal

subsistence fishery management, purpose, key provision and the next step, that's it. But do you have proposed regulations written out?

3 5

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yeah, there's a Federal Register on the Proposed Rulemaking that maybe -- we were short of copies this morning, I don't know if you have a.....

8 9

MR. UPICKSOUN: I got an extra copy here.

10 11

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(Multiple voices - getting Mr. Hopson the Federal Register and to the correct section)

12 13 14

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, at this time I just want to 15 summarize for the benefit of moving here. I know this is a 16 very important issue, but is there any Committee or Council 17 members at this time that want to let us know that in the 18 present way that we are fishing whether there's restriction on 19 our subsistence way of life? Is there any hinderance that you 20 see on the customary trade, gillnetting, dipping netting, 21 jigging, rod and reel? Any restriction that you see that is a 22 hinderance to us as of today we need to let the management 23 know.

24 25

MS. MEEHAN: Mr. Chairman, if it will help you, the 26 specific pages in this that have the regulations that speak to 27 this area is on the customary and traditional use 28 determinations is on page 66235, that's 235, the page looks 29 like this with columns on it.

30 31

So the area, which is the Kotzebue northern area, which 32 is the Northern District, so it's equivalent to Fish and Game's 33 Northern District, the customary and traditional use 34 determination is all fish. Okay? So that's the first part of 35 it. You know, no restrictions whatsoever. The second part --36 huh?

37 38

MR. E. HOPSON: Is that 66235?

39 40

MS. MEEHAN: Yes, 235. If somebody could help people 41 find that. It's up on the very top left corner.

42 43

(Multiple voices - helping Committee find page)

44

45 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, thank you, Rosa. They are --46 at least in Kaktovik area we go into the western side of 47 Canning River into Unit 26(B) that we would like to identify as 48 areas that we fish in. Flaxman Island, along the coast there 49 are some lakes that we may reach for ice fishing. I think it's 50 worthwhile to get back to the community to identify the use

inventory because I know on the west side of Canning River is 2 where 26(B) starts. And I would make reservations that there -when the determination says except for those domicile in the 4 state of Alaska, Unit 26(B), is that where they reside or the 5 residents living in Kaktovik go over there, how would that be 6 explained on 66235? And I'm sure that the residents of 7 Nuiqsut, although they live on the western bank in 26(A) go 8 over to 26(B) and fish on the creeks or fish on the lakes in 9 Unit 26(B).

10 11

MS. MEEHAN: Mr. Chairman, I believe that restriction 12 is aimed at Prudhoe Bay, so that subsistence is available to 13 all residents of the North Slope except for people who live in 14 Prudhoe Bay. I think that's the intent of the regulation. But 15 if there is a better way to say that or if you don't think 16 that's an appropriate restriction, that's the kind of comment 17 that would be very helpful.

18 19

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: What is the corridor regulation say, 20 Geoff, on the hunting? Is Geoff here?

21 22

MR. UPICKSOUN: Wake up, Geoff.

23 24

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yeah, there's some restrictions on 25 hunting along the pipeline corridor, would similar wording 26 suffice or place too much of a restriction on keeping it open 27 for residents of Nuiqsut and Kaktovik in 26(B) for fisheries? 28 Because it's a very vaque definition in 66235 for those --29 except for those domicile in 26(B) it's open, otherwise it's 30 closed, is that how I would interpret that?

31 32

MS. H. ARMSTRONG: I'm assuming our map is correct, but 33 Nuigsut is in 26(A), actually it's on the boarder, so there are 34 no communities in 26(B), that's why -- I mean they could just 35 make it more clear and say, you know, except for people living 36 in Prudhoe Bay.

37 38

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, would it be sufficient then in 39 '99 to work on a regulation specifically keeping it open for 40 those residents of Kaktovik and Nuigsut that go into 26(B)?

41 42

MS. H. ARMSTRONG: You can still go into 26(B), it's 43 just saying that people who live in 26(B).

44 45

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, thank you. Okay, any other 46 comments?

47

(No audible responses)

48 49 50

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Again, just as a summary, is the

present system any hinderance to subsistence way of life that we're living in now? Ms. Hepa.

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MS. HEPA: I'd like to make a comment. This is Taqulik 5 Hepa for the record. There's just a couple of points that I'd like to point out. I see that, you know, there's some 7 confusion or a little bit of misunderstanding on what the 8 purpose here is and I'd like to point out a couple of things to 9 address some of those concerns or why, you know, there is a 10 problem.

11 12

The first one is that people of the North Slope who 13 subsistence hunt are not aware of any hunting regulations on 14 fisheries, so when they harvest they're usually going out to 15 harvest what they need and catching what they need seasonally 16 to last throughout the year. So, you know, they're not aware 17 of any hunting regulations for fisheries.

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MS. H. ARMSTRONG: There aren't any.

20 21

MS. HEPA: Yeah.

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MS. H. ARMSTRONG: That probably why they aren't aware 24 of them because there aren't any.

25 26

MS. HEPA: Yeah. And, you know, like I also remember 27 what Edward Hopson said, if there's -- you know, if there's no 28 problem then it shouldn't be brought up, so maybe, you know, 29 that may be one way to solve this problem is not even to bring 30 up the issue of having subsistence regulations on fishing on 31 the North Slope.

32 33

And I know that the people of the North Slope have been 34 real fortunate that we haven't really felt the impacts like the 35 other regions around the state of Alaska where they have 36 commercial fishing and sport hunting, so we've been real 37 fortunate in that matter too.

38 39

And going back to co-management, co-management is, I 40 think, something that we can work with in the Native 41 organization across the Arctic Slope -- need to get together 42 and, you know, try to see how we can do that and make a 43 proposal to either the State or Federal agencies, you know, to 44 let them know that we are capable of doing co-management and we 45 need to do that as a Native organization on the North Slope to 46 make a proposal to them.

47

Thank you.

48 49 50

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, thank you, Tagulik, very good.

In fact, that was going to my summary. I think you said it in four sentences.

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Mr. Hopson.

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MR. E. HOPSON: You'll probably call it out of order, 7 but when the regulations take effect, what role with the North 8 Slope Borough and this Committee play a role in that, at that 9 time, when the regulations become effective? What part do we 10 play?

11 12

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: We'll play a big part, Mr. Hopson. 13 I think in the spring of '99 that they'll open this up to start 14 making rules and regulations for fishing. The Federal 15 Subsistence Advisory Council will play a big role, like we do 16 for musk-ox or making recommendations to the Federal 17 Subsistence Board.

18 19

MR. E. HOPSON: Oh, all right.

20 21

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: And you heard that this morning, 95 22 percent of the time they follow up on our recommendations on 23 proposed rules and regulations for terrestrial, so it'll work 24 the same way for fisheries.

25 26

MR. E. HOPSON: All right, thank you.

27 28

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Any other comments? I'd like to 29 sort of move along here, I think. I would like to reiterate 30 what were -- almost make a form of a motion on what Tagulik was 31 just saying was summarized. I think that's the general feeling 32 I get from around the table here.

33 34

So the Chair will back up what Ms. Hepa said about --35 she just summarized exactly what we were talking about 36 yesterday and this afternoon. Would there be any objection to 37 that support?

38 39

MR. UPICKSOUN: No objection.

40 41

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, the Chair, again, would back 42 up what Taqulik Hepa just said for the record and that'll be 43 the joint Committees recommendation or comments.

44

45 Okay, we may be a little bit a head of schedule, I was 46 trying to time the next agenda item, which is the agency 47 reports. I'd like to give an hour and a half to the agency 48 reports, there's nine agency reports. I don't know how to 49 divide nine by an hour an a half.

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2 3 MR. UPICKSOUN: Ten minutes a piece.

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Ten minutes a piece, okay. I think in order to get done by 5:00 o'clock, I'd like to let the agencies that will be making reports limit their reports to 10 minutes or less. And at this time the Chair will entertain a motion for a 10 minute recess.

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MR. PEETOOK: (Inupiag)

10 11

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Ten minutes, all right. 3:00 12 o'clock.

13 14

(Off record)

15 16

(On record)

17 18

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Find our back to our seats so we get 19 started. While Rosa still has her seat warmed up there, I see 20 that we can go ahead and start on that. But before we start on 21 our agency reports under new business, I note that there's some 22 new faces that walked in this morning, I just want to have them 23 introduce themselves and who they're from. But first of all I 24 want to introduce my sister, Mary Ann Warden, Reverend Mary Ann 25 Warden, just moved up from Juneau, she's going to be the 26 Associate Paster here at Presbyterian Church, so I just wanted 27 -- I saw her in the building here, so -- I'm very proud that 28 she's....

29 30

(Applause)

31 32

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Mary Ann. 33 some other -- the ones that didn't introduce themselves this 34 morning, if you can do that real -- I know Jim wasn't here this 35 morning to introduce himself.

36 37

MR. KURTH: Jim Kurth, I'm the Manager of the Arctic 38 National Wildlife Refuge.

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40 I'm Pat Reynolds, anthropologist at the MS. REYNOLDS: 41 Arctic National Wildlife Refuge.

42 43

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Any other on that side of the wall?

44 45

MR. McCLELLAN: I'm Greg McClellan, I'm also with the 46 National Wildlife Refuge.

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48 MR. BERLINGTON: Dan Berlington, North Slope Borough 49 Funding.

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Dan Berlington.

MR. BERLINGTON: With the Planning Department.

MR. GEORGE: Craig George from the Wildlife Department.

MR. H. BROWER: Who?

(Laughter)

Just kidding you, Craig. MR. H. BROWER:

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you. I think there's a sign-14 in sheet if you haven't signed in, the pad should be around 15 here somewhere around the front there. If you haven't signed 16 in, please do so.

Okay, thank you for a quick break here. We'll move on 19 to agency reports. We have nine agency's reports that we need 20 to get done before the end of the day, so we'll limit the 21 presenters or the reporters to 10 minute each. We'll start off 22 with a report from Rosa.

MS. MEEHAN: I have just a brief report from the Office 25 of Subsistence Management. And the first thing I'd like to --26 I just want to share condolences for Bill Bahr's family, he was 27 a former Council member from Shishmaref, he passed away 28 recently.

And then just a few comments about -- just information 31 about people new to the program, new to our office. As you'd 32 had mentioned earlier, Fred Armstrong has taken a position with 33 the Fish and Wildlife Service and he will be your Native 34 liaison, and his office is just down the hall from Dave 35 Allen's, the Regional Director, so he's right up there with the 36 folks up on the third floor.

Within the Subsistence office, some of you may have --39 I'm sure Fenton has met Rod Kuhn who works for the Forest 40 Service. Rod Kuhn has taken another job, he will be moving to 41 Washington, D.C., so he will be leaving. Ken Thompson is the 42 Staff Committee representative from the Forest Service and he 43 will move from Juneau up to Anchorage. So a new face, not new 44 to the program, but he'll be new in our office there.

And Terry Edwards who had been doing a lot of our 47 publications and helping us put together our books has moved on 48 to another job as well. And Michelle Shivers has pretty much 49 taken over that particular function.

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And finally the team that has worked so hard to put the 2 information together for you and help you out with all your 3 many issues, Barb and Helen and Donna are still with the 4 program and I imagine they'll still be here for the next 5 meetings for you.

That's it.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Rosa. That leaves seven 10 minutes for the next speaker here. 11

(Whispered conversation)

14 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: All right, we were just asking each 15 other here whether there was any proposals from the Fish and 16 Wildlife Service. I just discussed with him that under 17 proposals if there's any under the Federal government 18 proposals, we'll take them up at that time. 19

So with that I have Mr. Jim Kurth of Fish and Wildlife 21 Service for the Arctic Refuge, Manager.

MR. KURTH: Hello, Fenton, good to see you. 24 Rosa's back on after me, I wonder is she's going to use her 25 other seven minutes here, I don't know.

I'm going to be very brief, I think. One issue, of 28 course, that we spent a lot of time talking about is musk-ox 29 and I think we're going to spend time during the proposal phase 30 talking about the progress and you'll report on the progress of 31 the working group. I know Geoff will speak to that, so I think 32 maybe we'll talk about that at the appropriate time.

I would mention that we did, since your last meeting. 35 have a good meeting. Fenton invited us to Kaktovik and we met 36 with several of the people in Kaktovik and I appreciated that 37 invite and opportunity to visit with people there and hear 38 their thoughts about musk-ox.

Just a couple of other things that we've done since 41 we've met last. I think Patricia reported we had just finished 42 the snow goose survey on the Coastal Plain and we counted 43 102,000 snow geese staging in September on the Coastal Plain of 44 the Refuge.

46 We did a moose survey in a unit that we looked at for 47 many years, from Canning River over to about Atigun Pass in the 48 northwest corner of the refuge. You know, the moose numbers 49 have been down in the North Slope, basically, we saw very 50 similar numbers to the year before. Moose still are way down

in that part of the North Slope. And I don't know if Geoff has other information when he reports about other places on the North Slope.

5

Also it was reported that last time that we didn't do 6 the caribou census, this is the one that we do every three year 7 where we try with Fish and Game to take photographs of the 8 entire herd to get a count. You know, the caribou didn't 9 cooperate and airplanes broke, so this summer, again, we will 10 try and work to get a new population update on Porcupine 11 caribou. It was 152,000 in 1994 and we'll try and update that 12 number to you this summer.

13 14

The only other thing I'll mention, and it's not 15 projects that we're doing, it's projects where we're just 16 helpers, and I mention it because I heard a couple of comments 17 from village concerns about climate changes and stuff. And 18 we're going to continue to work with the University of Alaska 19 on studies that they're doing on glaciers in the Arctic Refuge 20 where they've been monitoring them for a number of years 21 looking at how those glaciers have retreated and melted and 22 we're going to work as sort of helpers with them.

23 24

And another study that we're going to help out on is 25 another University of Alaska project where they looked at 26 temperatures of the permafrost on the Coastal Plain back in the 27 early 1980s and they're going to go out with us, we're going to 28 give them a ride with some helicopters this summer to go back 29 an check those temperatures again and see whether or not 30 they're seeing any warming of the permafrost there.

31 32

So those are projects that researchers at the 33 university are doing that, but we can help make it easier for 34 them to do it and share costs because of other work that we can 35 do at the same time.

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So that's kind of a brief report on what's new and 38 what's coming up at the Arctic Refuge if anybody has any 39 questions. Harry.

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MR. H. BROWER: What time of the year was this 42 permafrost measurement happening?

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MR. KURTH: It'll probably happen in late July or early 45 August. They tell me they try and do that at the height of 46 melting in the summer, that's the best time, I guess, to, you 47 know, do that kind of work.

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MR. H. BROWER: Thank you.

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MR. GEORGE: Mr. Chairman.

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: George, could you get up to near a 4 microphone so the recorder's -- state your name.

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MR. GEORGE: Craig George with North Slope Borough. was just curious about recreational use, what the annual trend is, whether it's increasing, decreasing, who's is using it? River use? MR. KURTH: Last year our use was actually down a

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12 noticeable amount from the last few years. I think the most 13 common figure we use is the use days by people that come out 14 with river guides or backpacking guides and it was between 15 25-2,600 use days. Now that doesn't mean how many people. 16 one person went on a 10-day trip that's 10 use days. 17 1990-91, sort of our peak years, that was up mort towards 18 4,000, so we don't know whether this is a trend or if it was 19 just one year was a little bit less than another, but in the 20 early 1990s we were concerned that use was going up pretty 21 dramatically and were concerned it would continue to go up at 22 that rate and that just has not happened and the numbers seem 23 to be, you know, not increasing.

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MR. GEORGE: Thanks.

26 27

MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Jim, what is (indiscernible - away 28 from microphone)

29 30

MR. KURTH: Between 25 and 2,600 use days, 31 commercial/recreation.

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Thank you, Mr. George. Any CHAIRMAN REXFORD: 34 questions for Mr. Kurth?

35 36

MR. KURTH: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

37 38

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Kurth, I have a question on the 39 departmental, not regulations, but conservation plans or 40 administrative orders that the refuges uses. Does that come up 41 for comment or changes on the conservation plan for the animal 42 use or the recreation use?

43

44 MR. KURTH: Each National Wildlife Refuge in Alaska has 45 what we call a Comprehensive Conservation Plan. ANILCA 46 required everyone of those to be done. And those things were 47 meant to last for 10 to 15 years. Right now the Fish and 48 Wildlife Service has just begun the second round of 49 comprehensive conservation planning, updating, you know, those 50 plans. The first ones that are going to be done over are going

1 to be the ones that were done first, because they're the most 2 out of date, and those are the ones in Bristol Bay.

Now the Arctic Refuge Plan actually was the last one completed and so it would not be reschedule to be redone probably for another two or three years. I recommended, you know, that we think about updating it quicker, but like everybody else, you know, when plans get old people want to update them. So right now we're not scheduled to revisit that Comprehensive Plan for at least, you know, probably two to 11 three years.

13 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Is there a public process on that or 14 is that an agency....

MR. KURTH: No, that process is basically like an 17 environmental impact statement, where it start with a series of 18 scoping meetings and, you know, finding out what people's 19 concerns are and then a draft plan would go out. Another round 20 of meetings and hearings would be had and then a final plan 21 would be released, so very much a public process. They figured 22 -- you know, generally that takes two to two and a half years 23 to redo one of those plans.

25 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: The other question I have, is the 26 River Management Plan, is that coming up?

MR. KURTH: Basically what we decided was the Draft River Plan that we had was not -- we did not think it was an adequate document to finalize the way it was. One big reason was that that visitor used projections that a lot of things were premised on, simply weren't coming out to be true. And the need to put on restriction just simply wasn't there. We're doing some of the things that were in the plan, some of the monitoring. We began a series of studies of camp site impacts, where we go down the river and monitor whether there's been any damage to vegetation at camp sites. We continue to monitor the numbers, so we're doing a lot of things that were in the plan but, you know, the projections of what was going to happen simply haven't worked out, so I don't think that we will finalize that plan and likely won't write another plan until we do the Comprehensive Plan over again.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: So that'll be coinciding with 45 Conference Plan then?

MR. KURTH: Right.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: So that'll come up in two years

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MR. KURTH: A couple of years, you know, depending --2 other than that the Bristol Bay plans that they've actually 3 already started, the schedule of when we do other ones could 4 change. Right now though we're not scheduled to start until 5 the last group of them and I think it's about three years away yet.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: One last item. Could you get this 9 Committee and also provide copies of the Comprehensive 10 Conservation Plan, the River Plans, Cabin Use Plans, any other 11 rules and regulations provide to us, so that we know what we're 12 coming -- what we're against. I mean as far as abiding by the 13 rules in the wilderness and Coastal Plain and the others 14 pertaining to subsistence or other uses.

MR. KURTH: Sure. You basically want to have any 17 document that would have policies or any rules.

> CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yes.

MR. KURTH: Sure.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: I think that would be helpful for 24 our Wildlife office and for the Village of Kaktovik to keep in 25 hand in case there's any future change we can review those or 26 this, any new plans that'll take place, we want to be involved 27 in making recommendations to the changes. 28

MR. KURTH: I'll certainly do that.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Harry.

MR. H. BROWER: Jim, you mentioned about for the plant 34 life in the refuge, is that research work pertaining to use by 35 the animals is what's available to them or is that -- I wasn't 36 really clear as to what you mentioned there regarding plants i 37 the refuge.

MR. KURTH: Well, we're not -- I don't think I 40 mentioned any particular plant study. We do have some studies 41 where we look at the vegetation plots where we look, you know, 42 at change over time. We have a study that we've done on the 43 impact and seismic trails on our refuge where we look every 44 three or four years at the recovery from the seismic 45 exploration. We'll be looking this summer as well. Other than 46 that there are just some permanent vegetation plots, when we're 47 looking at changes to, you know, tundra or, you know, forest 48 communities on the south side.

MR. H. BROWER: Well, does that include the forage for

00075 animal use in that plot of just..... 3 MR. KURTH: We have not done anything, you know, 4 recently. I think -- Patricia, there's been some studies of 5 forage on the refuge in the past but we don't have any 6 permanent continuing along those lines. 7 8 MR. H. BROWER: (Indiscernible - fans blowing) 9 mentioned about the (indiscernible) so I thought it might have 10 something to do with that. 11 12 MR. KURTH: We have not looked at the willow forage of 13 moose as part of the study of the population decline there. 14 15 MR. H. BROWER: Thank you. 16 17 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Any other questions for Mr. Kurth? 18 Just one last request, Jim. The meeting that we had in 19 Kaktovik, could you provide us a copy of the summarized notes 20 or something? 21 22 MR. KURTH: Yeah. Did we not do that? 23 24 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Maybe for the benefit -- if you have 25 copies with you today or something, maybe we can pass those 26 around. 27 28 MR. KURTH: Didn't I give you..... 29 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yeah, you did, but we haven't 30 31 disbursed it to the other members here. If they're available, 32 maybe tomorrow we can.... 33 MR. KURTH: Okay. I don't know whether we have them 34 35 with us or not. 36 37 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, thank you. Mr. Patkatok. 38 39 MR. PATKATOK: Out of curiosity, I wonder what an 40 earthquake -- what's it got to do with Prudhoe? What kind of 41 seismic activity can you..... 42 43 REPORTER: I can't hear you, Michael, I'm sorry. 44 45 MR. PATKATOK: I know there was an earthquake reported 46 in the news at Prudhoe, out of curiosity, what appreciable 47 seismic activity is there on the Arctic Slope? 48 49 MR. KURTH: I think maybe you're talking about

50 different seismic than what I was. The seismic I was talking

about was the fact that in the mid-1980s there was seismic 2 exploration of the Coastal Plain for oil where it was capturing 3 in seismic. The seismic in terms of earthquakes and stuff, you 4 probably know as much or more about it than me. I don't know too much about earthquakes at Prudhoe. I don't if anybody else 6 here might.

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Thank you, Mike. Any other CHAIRMAN REXFORD: 9 questions for Mr. Kurth.

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MR. UPICKSOUN: One last comment.

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Upicksoun.

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MR. UPICKSOUN: I hope you remember that recreational 16 use days are a trend, you know, anything that will -- the less 17 impact on our subsistence the better. I hope it is a trend and 18 it goes further down.

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Thank you.

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Mr. Upicksoun. 23 no other questions for Mr. Kurth. Thank you, Jim.

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MR. KURTH: Thank you, Fenton.

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Migratory birds, implementation of 28 amendment status report. Rosa.

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MS. MEEHAN: Thank you, Fenton. I'm coming as a 31 messenger on this, just to share information with you from our 32 Migratory Bird Program and it's just to catch you up on what's 33 going on. And Charlie Brower is truly the expert on this topic 34 within this area. He's been involved in the issue for a long 35 time.

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The issue has to do with spring hunting of migratory 38 birds and, as you know, this has been a controversial issue for 39 years and years. And there's been an ongoing effort to settle 40 some outstanding treaty issues which recently were settled in 41 negotiations, both with Canada and with Mexico, there were 42 treaty amendments put together and have been adopted by the 43 U.S. Senate to allow for legalization of spring harvest of 44 waterfowl. And the people that were -- Charlie Brower was very 45 much involved in those treaty negotiations.

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47 The protocol that implemented the amendments was signed 48 in December of '95 and in the last year the protocols have been 49 adopted by the Senate. And so now that we have these Senate 50 ratified protocols the Fish and Wildlife Service is in a

position to be able to develop and implement regulations for spring waterfowl harvest.

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It is going to be a process and it's just starting and 5 it's very much a process that's open and looking for input from The specific times that they will be looking for input is there's going to be a mailing put out to all Bush addresses, 8 and so that's something that you can expect to see within the 9 next couple of months. And it's going to be something that 10 will explain what happened with the treaties, what the process 11 is and ask for specific input on how the program should be 12 designed.

13 14

Part of what needs to be designed will be a management 15 body or a management group of some sort to work within that 16 whole process. And the one thing that I wanted to be real 17 clear with our Federal Council is that the management group put 18 together for migratory birds will not be the same as our 19 Federal Subsistence Council. And the reason is that the 20 management group put together for migratory birds has to have a 21 Fish and Game representative on it and it has to have a 22 representative from the Fly Way Council on it. And that's as 23 per the treaty protocols. So I just want to make it clear that 24 this group will not be doing migratory birds.

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Defining what those management groups will be is 27 essentially the first step of setting up that process. 28 be followed by trying to outline what regulations there should 29 be and that's something that will be happening in the future. 30 The -- let's see. The thing about migratory birds is that they 31 are different somewhat to manage than game in that migratory 32 waterfowl travel thousands of miles and there's people all 33 along their travel routes that are very interested in the 34 birds, care very much about them and have a stake in what 35 happens with those birds. And so there's just a broader 36 audience that needs to be worked with in the management. 37 differs in that regard and that's a lot of what will drive how 38 this is put together.

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The important thing is that to finally have the treaty 41 amendments in place so that this process can move forward. 42 I will try to answer questions on this, but again, I would 43 state, Charlie Brower is the person that's been involved in 44 this absolutely directly for years. And he's the -- will have 45 the best information to give you.

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47 I just wanted to share this with you so that you're 48 aware that you'll be receiving this mailing and that the reason 49 for it is to ask for your input and to let you know that this 50 Council will not be the management group for migratory birds.

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And that Charlie Brower is the person that is the best source of information on it.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Hopson.

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MR. E. HOPSON: I have a couple of questions. the problem of opening up -- of taking waterfowl here for us on the North Slope and maybe all along from St. Lawrence Island to here? Is it because that they come here and nest, is that the 10 biggest problem or is there something else?

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MS. MEEHAN: The concern -- a lot of this process has 13 been driven by -- when the waterfowl regulations were set up, 14 and I think you've alluded to this before, people just did not 15 think about what was going on in Alaska and did not take into 16 account the importance of waterfowl, spring waterfowl harvest. 17 It just wasn't even part of the picture. And so the whole 18 process to try and pursue the treaty amendments to try and get 19 other people, and these are people that live in California, 20 people that live in Mexico, people that live in Canada to 21 recognize we need to provide for this, that it's important. 22 That's what all of that treaty effort was about.

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So the first thing was to recognize the importance and 25 then the second thing was to incorporate what was happening up 26 here in terms of the overall management along the whole fly 27 way. And so it's not because there's a problem, it's driven 28 more to recognize what is going on and to incorporate it into 29 the big picture.

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MR. E. HOPSON: Are we permitted to take waterfowl in 32 the spring? Legally?

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MS. MEEHAN: It's -- the way it is right now, but this 35 is something that I do want you to talk to Charlie Brower 36 about, because he's closer to it than I am. My understanding 37 is that until there's actually the regulations written or 38 whatever, that it's status quo. That the way things are now 39 stays that way until it's changed on paper. But please talk to 40 Charlie Brower about that because that's something that is 41 still being discussed.

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43 MR. E. HOPSON: All right. What kind of important 44 information does Mexico and Canada need? We've been talking 45 about this since maybe in the '50s or '60s. I was one of the 46 138 people that turned ourselves in at to taking an eider duck 47 out of season, in April. I was one of a 138. Now, we told 48 them and told them that it's a necessity and I think it was a 49 couple of years ago at one of our meetings I asked how much of 50 waterfowl does a subsistence user take versus the sports

1 hunters out in the Mexico wetland where the sports hunters 2 target practice on ducks. We watch them on TV.

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And one of the questions I raised several years ago at one of these meetings, maybe some of you will remember, how much does a subsistence user take to the waterfowl? The report was from the people that -- responsive people, I think that actually was correct, if not, it was close enough, subsistence users take two percent of what is knocked down by sports hunters. Two percent.

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And we taught them over and over that duck season is closed now, since March 3, and then it's going to open.

14 There's going to be -- all kinds of ducks come here in the summertime and all this time it's closed and it's going to open about the time the last flock eider duck flew by here. And then all of the wintertime, you know, is open and close about the time when -- it's open now, but March 3 -- no, wait a minute, it closed today, right? About March 3 there's no more duck hunting, man. But from now on, you've enjoyed it this winter taking all the water -- eider ducks this winter in a 22 snow storm.

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So what kind of important information do they need?

What we tell them, is that important enough? We need those and we were taking them. So I don't know. But, you know, if you mant to put me in prison now in advance for my taking eider duck, I'll be taking them. You want to punish me in advance, so I'll be free to take a eider duck when they arrive here in about -- oh, sometime after April, first week in April. Soon as the wind permits them to come.

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33 So I don't know, I don't think we have any other -34 anything to tell them that is more important than what we've
35 been telling them all these years since we got organized. The
36 three-way treaty between United States, Canada and Mexico.
37 That's a hard one.

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MS. MEEHAN: It's been very difficult and.....

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MR. E. HOPSON: Now, they claim that these ducks come 42 here and nest. Those are the same ducks that the sport 43 hunters, 98 percent of what we take, knock down, down there in 44 the wetlands of Mexico, sport hunters knock them down. The 45 knock down 98 percent of what we take. We only -- subsistence 46 users estimate, at it's full range when we take what we need, 47 it only adds to about two percent of what sports hunters take.

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I don't think I have anything more important to report to unless I report the same thing. Those are the same ducks that

are going to come up and next, are they? Or 98 percent of them they knock down, down there. Same ducks. And by the time they get here they going to be laying eggs in -- say in about three months, three and a half months after they arrive here, they'll be nesting. Same ducks that they were shooting sports and they knock down there. Unless somebody have any more important than the message that they get from here, where do we find that important enough that people will -- that hunters will pay attention somehow. And I don't know how to do it.

Thank you.

13 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Mr. Hopson. Any other 14 questions or comments? Mr. Koonuk then Mr. Brower.

MR. KOONUK: Last summer we had some murres die off 17 around the coast of Point Hope, Kivalina. How far back -- or 18 what kind of birds that die off along the east coast, down 19 South? You know, besides Point Hope, Kivalina? I don't know 20 anything about further north here.

MS. MEEHAN: I had sent you a report from migratory 23 birds last fall after our meeting, and as I recall, the die off 24 that occurred last summer was something that was fairly 25 widespread along the west coast of Alaska down into the Gulf of 26 Alaska -- no, I'm sorry, it did not go in the Gulf of Alaska, 27 it was up in -- north of the Alaska Peninsula, up in Bristol 28 Bay, and there were murres and other seabirds that fed on 29 somewhat near the surface.

And what we think was going on was that because of the 32 -- there was a different weather pattern last year, it was the 33 same weather pattern that affected the fish in Bristol Bay. 34 And what it was, was there was a warm water layer that was 35 sitting on top in the ocean. And so the usual forage fish that 36 the birds, the murres and the kittiwakes and some of the 37 puffins were going for were actually deeper in the water 38 because they were below the warm water layer and so the birds 39 were simply starving. And that same effect had worked itself 40 pretty far north. We think that's what's going on.

MR. KOONUK: So is there different temperatures along 43 the coast? As you go further north are you -- do you have 44 different temperatures within the ocean itself?

MS. MEEHAN: Yes, there are different temperatures, but 47 I'm rapidly getting our of my depth, if you'll pardon the pun, 48 because I'm not an oceanographer, but the northern seas are 49 colder. But the important phenomenon that happened last year 50 is that there was this unusual layer of warm water that was

sitting -- just moved in and was sitting there. And that kept the salmon from moving upstream, it kept all the smelt and things down low. And that did result in some birds dying off.

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44 45 My name is Steve Ulvi, I'm ANILCA Subsistence Coordinator for 46 Gates of the Arctic National Park and I have a few brief

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47 comments that may be of interest to you. 48

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MR. H. BROWER: Rosa, I just need a point of 8 clarification. Wondering if you're able to discuss this 9 enforcement issue on the waterfowl, migratory bird? In this 10 handout here, using non-toxic shells? MS. MEEHAN: Jerry Cegelske is here that could address 13 the steel shot issue. And just to close out the migratory 12 14 bird, I want to emphasize that Charlie Brower has been involved 15 in this for a long time and he's been a very able 16 representative. And he will continue to be involved in the 17 Committee as it works on it, so I really encourage you to talk 18 with him about that the specifics and specific concerns. CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Ms. Meehan. 22 Steve Ulvi, or are you following up on that issue. 23 24 MR. CEGELSKE: I thought there was a question on steel 25 shot or enforcement. 26 27 MR. H. BROWER: I was just getting some clarification 28 whether she was able to discuss the issue, but we're going to 29 talk about this at another -- under another topic. 30 31 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yeah, we have room for you, sir, 32 under 9.... 33 MR. CEGELSKE: Okay, all right. 35 CHAIRMAN REXFORD:we'll discuss that or bring 37 that question up. 38 39 MR. CEGELSKE: Great, thank you. CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you. That bring us to the

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Brower.

One, about our Subsistence Resource Commission, some of 50 you are aware and some maybe not, but ANILCA set up Subsistence

MR. ULVI: Good afternoon, Mr. Chairman and Councils.

42 National Park Service, Mr. Steve Ulvi.

Resource Commissions, primarily made up of local people to advise the Park Service about subsistence management. We have a very active Commission. From here Charlie Brower on that Commission, Delbert Rexford and he's now the Chair and Ben Hopson is your appointment to our Subsistence Resource Commission. And unfortunately Ben's not here today, because I'm sure he could expand on a couple of things I'm going to mention. And Ben is your appointment, as I say, and I think his term comes up in late 1999, so you have a while to think about that.

I wanted to just quickly tell you that last year one of the proposal in front of you was for a community Dall sheep that harvest quota and system for Anaktuvuk Pass. And we set that up using a village coordinator for a reporting system and although the coordinator and myself aren't entirely happy with the harvest reporting there was a — the new season went well and people that wanted to go out and harvest Dall sheep did so. 19 As far as we can tell about seven animals were taken out of the 20 60 quota that's set up for Anaktuvuk and we just feel that we'll just continue with that into the future, we think it's a 22 good system and work out a couple of minor quirks and think 23 it's working well.

I wanted to let you know about a couple of planning issues, and I won't get into any of the details because planning tends to be pretty boring and bureaucratic, but the first is that we have a Subsistence Management Plan, and again our Subsistence Resource Commission, and Ben is your direct connection with that group. We're working closely with them to develop a Subsistence Management Plan and we expect to have something on your fall agenda for you to take a quick look at. Have kind of an early draft plan.

We had planned to have our next SRC meeting in Nuiqsut in early April, and I just found out a couple of days ago that with all the construction activities over there, there's no hotel rooms to be had at all, so I think we're not going to be able to meet in Nuiqsut and probably end up in Bettles this 40 April.

Another longstanding issue that's requiring kind of a planning approach is what's called traditional use areas within the national park. Basically what it boils down to is when Congress allowed for customary and traditional subsistence activities to continue within the national parks for a place like Gates of the Arctic, Congress said, where those activities are traditional. And that's been a controversial issue for the last 18 years. Our Subsistence Resource Commission has taken a very clear stand on that and said that subsistence activities

had basically occurred throughout the environment, that it's now in Gates of the Arctic National Park for a very long time. And that is, more or less, what they've continued to say for the last 12 or 13 years.

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There's a variety of reasons why that determination hasn't been made but we're in the process of analyzing the information that's available from elders, from testimony, from previous SRC meetings and going ahead and trying to work closely with the SRC and come up with some criteria and go haead and work together and try to make that determination. That's another thing that probably will be on your fall agenda here to take a look at. And, again, I'm sorry that Ben's not here because he could certainly speak to this and answer some of your questions, if you have any. But it's an important issue for Gates of the Arctic, it's important for the local people and it's important for the National Park Service and we hope to resolve that.

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A couple of quick mention of some of the Fish and 21 Wildlife research and work that we have going on up there in 22 Gates of the Arctic. We're making slow, but steady, progress, 23 I think, in organizing a co-management group that's the result 24 of the Anaktuvuk Pass Land Exchange Legislation that some of 25 you are aware of that occurred in November of '96 when the 26 President signed it. But there are three Nunamiut elders and 27 three Park Service people that were slowly organizing and 28 working together to try to co-manage subsistence use of ATVs on 29 about 126,000 acres of park land there. And I have -- I'm 30 optimistic that we'll be able to do some good work together 31 there.

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And essentially what we're tying to do is watch that use and together try to decide when there might be a time to take a look at hardening a particular creek crossing or something. It's generally in the Kalitaliak (ph) drainage and in those areas. And what we want to do is avoid court challenges or court injunctions brought by other folks because they feel we're not adequately managing that use. And we feel that co-managing that use and attempting to anticipate issues will make for a situation that will cause the least adverse impact to park management and to those local uses of those park lands.

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We continue to work with the Department of Fish and 46 Game on cooperative caribou tracking in the Anaktuvuk Pass 47 area, it's a longstanding research program and, of course, Sver 48 Pederson is working on the harvest end of things and we try to 49 cooperate whenever we can with him on that. There was a 50 cooperative study of late trout in the Itillik Lake last summer

with Department of Fish and Game, primarily driven by the Department of Fish and Game. We involved some local people from Anaktuvuk Pass. And I can't report to you about the details of what that study found, but certainly anybody that would like a copy of that or I can send a copy of it when it is finalized by the Department of Fish and Game. I can send a copy of that to the Council, whatever you would like.

And the Dall sheep study around Anaktuvuk Pass, which lo has been put off for a year or so, we hope to conduct this rpring or this fall, depending on how the weather goes and what local folks there in Anaktuvuk think we can accomplish with that. Again, I can't speak to all the details of that Dall sheep study that's proposed.

And the last planning issue is that Gates of the 17 Arctic, as you may or may not know, is primarily a 7.1 million 18 acres of the park is designated wilderness. And since ANILCA 19 there has not been management planning for that wilderness 20 area. That is required by law and we're beginning a 24 month 21 to 30 month process, full public review, there will have to be 22 an Environmental Impact Statement to go along with it, which 23 requires full public meetings, public review.

We're entering into that now, as I say, it'll probably 26 be at least the next two to two and a half, three years that 27 we'll be working on that. And at each occasion for this 28 Regional Council, for Northwest Arctic and for Western Interior 29 which have jurisdiction there in Gates of the Arctic, we'll be 30 making a report and putting that in front of you as those 31 stages progress. And our Subsistence Resource Commission will 32 be directly involved with that as we go. And, again, Ben 33 Hopson would be your contact.

And, Mr. Chairman, that's all I have.

37 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, thank you, Steve. Does anyone 38 have any questions from the table for Mr. Ulvi? Mr. Hopson.

40 MR. E. HOPSON: You stated that -- you mentioned a 41 co-management. A couple of questions, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yes.

45 MR. E. HOPSON: Whom with the Park Service and be 46 written a co-management?

48 MR. ULVI: It would be with the Nunamiut Corporation or 49 the -- well, basically the Nunamiut people in Anaktuvuk Pass, 50 but the three members are from the Nunamiut Corporation Board.

MR. E. HOPSON: My other question, Mr. Chairman, is 2 there a management plans by individual departments in the Federal -- in the Gates of the Arctic? Is every department making a subsistence management plan separately?

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MR. ULVI: Mr. Chairman. Mr. Hopson, I think I understand your question, but, yes, for Gates of the Arctic 8 National Park each park unit in the state where subsistence is allowed, and certainly in Gates of the Arctic it is, there is a 10 subsistence management plan that's slowly evolving.

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MR. E. HOPSON: Is it so different from this Management 13 Plan that we talked about here for the North Slope? That it is 14 so far apart that it doesn't apply to Anaktuvuk Pass for Gates 15 of the Arctic?

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: There's something in the works, 18 Mr. Hopson, I recall the Harvest Plan for Musk-Ox, and they 19 were in....

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MR. E. HOPSON: I mean, I'm not worrying about musk-ox. 22 You haven't given me any musk-ox from Kaktovik yet, but....

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: We're working on it, Mr. Hopson.

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MR. E. HOPSON: My concern is here we've been talking 27 about a management plan for subsistence. I guess this is the 28 North Slope we're talking about and there has to be another 29 different management at the Gates of the Arctic, and my 30 question was, is every department on the Gates of the Arctic, 31 the Federal department, making up their own subsistence plan?

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MR. ULVI: Mr. Hopson, I'll take a stab at that. 34 appreciate what you're saying, but this Federal program that 35 this Regional Council response to and works so hard within, 36 only deals with three sections in Title VIII of ANILCA, 803, 37 804 and 805, and it's absolutely important and we rely on that. 38 But nevertheless, it's still a national park and we have a lot 39 of other mandates having to do with subsistence as well as 40 recreation and protecting the environment, doing research and 41 all those kinds of things that go well beyond this program. 42 we do have separate management planning activities for each 43 park and in this instance for Gates of the Arctic that really 44 are not dealt with directly by this Federal subsistence 45 management process.

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And we hope that they compliment each other. We hope 48 that the kind of work we're doing and the attempts we're making 49 there will help the work of this Council.

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MR. E. HOPSON: Have you had any meetings with those communities that are affected by your plan?

MR. ULVI: Yes.

6 MR. E. HOPSON: Anaktuvuk Pass and others, if any, in 7 that....

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9 MR. ULVI: Yes, we have. As I say, the Subsistence 10 Resource Commission, which is primarily made up of local 11 residents from a variety of communities, nine members, we meet 12 two to three to four times a year sometimes, similar to the way 13 you do to advise the superintendent about subsistence 14 management activities. And so there's kind of a direct 15 relationship, fairly regular meetings, and they're involved 16 with all of these things that I mentioned.

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MR. E. HOPSON: All right, thank you.

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20 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Anyone else have a question or a 21 comment for Mr. Ulvi? Mr. Brower.

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MR. H. BROWER: Steve, I wasn't clear as to what you 24 were talking about determinations. What determinations were 25 you making? And how can you come to a subsistence management 26 plan?

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Traditional use area.

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MR. ULVI: No, it's not, Harry, it's separate from that. There are five park units that were created in ANILCA that have specific language in the enabling legislation that stated why these park units were being established in ANILCA. And if you look at those five units they have exactly the same language when it comes to subsistence uses, and that is that subsistence uses will be allowed to continue where such uses are traditional. And that where such uses are traditional has been a very controversial sentence for a long, long time, as yo might imagine, between the various interest groups in seeing how subsistence is managed in national parks for the long term.

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So it's a determination that's required of the Park 43 Service and the Subsistence Resource Commission that we very 44 slowly made progress on and now we collectively have decided is 45 a good time to try to do that background analysis and conduct 46 that determination. So we will be -- with the Subsistence 47 Resource Commission we will be recommending a determination as 48 to what extent, and it'll be a very large extent, if not 49 totally, of Gates of the Arctic that has been traditionally 50 used for subsistence. It's a requirement that's kind of

embedded in ANILCA by Congress.

3 4 Park Service to decide whether the people from AKP have been 5 using the area for a certain amount of time or is it for 6 another -- I'm not sure if I'm getting this right. 7 determination the Resource Commission and National Park Service is making, is that to determine the folks have been in the area

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20 other interest groups and the Park Service, we're trying to 21 develop those criteria so that we can kind of finally make that 22 determination. 23

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for a certain amount of time? MR. ULVI: Yeah, Harry, I appreciate -- it's a very 12 complicated issue. Essentially what it is, the sentence that I 13 just recited to you, there's very little -- there is more that 14 Congress said in the legislative history, but very little, 15 about what did you mean by customary and traditional uses; what 16 did you mean by time depth? Are you talking about the last few 17 generations; are you talking about the last few hundred years? 18 Those are things that were never explicitly stated by Congress 19 and those are things that between the SRC, local residents,

MR. H. BROWER: So it's the determinations for National

Is this

So we are inventing part of it as we go because there 25 was not clear direction by Congress. So those are -- you know, 26 your questions are right on point. I've been, more or less, 27 put in charge from the park to work with the SRC and try to 28 develop those criteria. We're in the process of doing it and 29 we will involve this Council to the degree you want to be 30 involved and, again, Ben is your direct connection. So 31 anything we can do to help you, I can get you a copy of some of 32 the draft work when we get to it, if you'd like.

MR. H. BROWER:

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Upicksoun.

MR. UPICKSOUN: Yes, thank you, Mr. Chairman. Can you 39 touch on a little more on where the Land Exchange Agreement 40 comes into play with this discussion?

MR. ULVI: Mr. Upicksoun, basically, as you remember, 43 the President signed that in November of '96, after many years. 44 We think it's a win/win situation for the local Anaktuvuk Pass, 45 as well as the Park Service. Some lands were exchanged. Those 46 conveyances are occurring now. As you can imagine a conveyance 47 for hundreds of thousands of acres and a number of tracts, I 48 think 30 some tracts of land, takes a while for the realty 49 people from ASRC and Nunamiut Corporation and the Park Service 50 to get together and finalize those legal conveyances. That's

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occurring right now. And so those lands that were trade out of the park and out of wilderness to Nunamiut Corporation ownership will become completely private lands. And those that 4 were traded into the Park Service here in the wilderness have become wilderness or park.

But one of the key issues of it was, is there's some 8 critical lands near Anaktuvuk Pass, particularly for fall 9 caribou hunting, and Mr. Rulland can certainly speak to this 10 far better than I can, but those lands were overlooked 11 originally when the boundaries were drawn for the park and that 12 created part of this problem. So on those lands, which is 13 about 126,000 acres, Congress said, ATV use by residents of 14 Anaktuvuk Pass, for subsistence purposes, can continue on these 15 park lands. And they put an amendment in that agreement that 16 there was to be a working group formed and this is the 17 co-management group that I mentioned to Mr. Hopson. A work 18 group formed that would try to assess that continued use over 19 time on that 126,000 acres of park land.

MR. UPICKSOUN: That last aspect of it was the one I 22 questioned regarding the land exchange, and you answered in the 23 last part of your statement. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Ulvi, I have a question for you. 26 This is in regards to a recent harvest plan for musk-oxen. 27 Although this is an implanted or really new introduced species 28 that are encroaching into the Gates of the Arctic or the 29 residents of Anaktuvuk Pass are -- have testified and said that 30 they do not want to see this animal grow or repopulate and 31 interfere with migration of caribou. Without the input of the 32 community I understand that maybe there's a Comprehensive 33 Conservation Plan that will allow such a grow or to enjoy this 34 pest, as I would call it, that's been reintroduced in ANWR area 35 and migrating into Anaktuvuk Pass now and interfering with 36 caribou migration. What is the stance of the Park Service on 37 the reintroduction without the consultation of the Anaktuvuk 38 Pass residents of this animal repopulating and so on and so 39 forth? Because that'll play a major part in our future 40 proposals for the residents of Anaktuvuk Pass to get musk-oxen 41 that are around the migration path or other areas, that'll 42 interfere with their livelihood of caribou.

MR. ULVI: Well, that's a heck of a question. I'll try 45 to respond and I'm certainly prepared to respond during the 46 proposal discussions, as well as continue to take part in the 47 work group, because we take musk-ox population seriously. 48 we also take the views of local residents, a community such as 49 Anaktuvuk Pass, seriously.

And, I guess, to just not get into the whole discussion right now, but to try to answer your question, I think that I can summarize the Park Service's position that we certainly weren't around when the State and Federal government decided to reestablish those musk-ox up near your village and out in northwest Alaska, but we do, by policy, treat those animals as native components of the ecosystem that were restored through this process. And so we would like to see musk-ox, to whatever degree they belong in the mountain environment, we all know, and you certainly better than I do, that it's probable that breeding populations do not occur to any great extent in the mountains.

But we would like to see those musk-ox return to their 15 natural role in that ecosystem and we would, in the short term, 16 we very much want to work with the working group and with the 17 local communities to try to provide for an increased harvest, 18 and as the Work Plan calls for, some sense of stabilization of 19 that population for the short term and allow communities to try 20 to get used to them and where are musk-ox in critical areas, as 21 you well know as one of the authors of that Draft Harvest Plan, 22 where you have a situation, like Anaktuvuk, where the caribou 23 movements are critical and there's a sense that there is some 24 displacement or some competition between musk-ox and caribou, 25 that we allow for an increased harvest on those lands in the 26 vicinity of those communities in the near term, and at the same 27 time try to provide for some research and monitoring to 28 continue to understand those kinds of things.

30 So we want to see musk-ox restored to the ecosystems in 31 Gates of the Arctic, but we also are very much aware of the 32 sensitivity of the issue and with communities, like Anaktuvuk 33 Pass, their critical location there.

35 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you. Any other questions for 36 Mr. Ulvi?

(No audible response)

40 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Steve. Okay, we'll move 41 on to Dave Yokel, BLM agency report.

MR. YOKEL: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, Committee and 44 Council members. I'm Dave Yokel with the Bureau of Land 45 Management, Northern District Office in Fairbanks. And a 46 couple of different things I'd like to touch on today. First, 47 in response to Harry's question of Jim Kurth earlier about 48 forage and moose population declines, I can say that we did a 49 small study along the Coville River last spring where we 50 sampled some willows along about a 25 mile stretch of the

1 Colville around Umiak and have a draft report on that. And the 2 suggestion from that report is that winter forage did not play 3 a role in the recent decline of moose.

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Other than that, I'd like to talk to you briefly today about the Bureau of Land Management's planning process for the northeastern part of NPR-A. I've presented this to the Regional Advisory Council at you meeting last September and if you got to Tab O, loose in there should be a copy of the minutes of that meeting. And on the second page of those 11 minute is the summary of that report that I gave to the Council last September.

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I also gave a similar briefing to the Fish and Game
15 Management Committee at your last meeting last December. At
16 that time I told you that ANILCA in Section 810 requires us to
17 do an analysis of the impacts of this planning effort on
18 subsistence uses. And I asked that you might want to comment
19 on that analysis at your next meeting, which is occurring
20 today. Our comment period on the Draft EIS has been extended
21 to March 12th, so that if your joint Councils do choose to make
22 a comment you are still within the time limit to do so.

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This morning I handed out this handout here that has the BLM logo in the upper right corner and silhouette of a couple of wolves on it. This handout, very briefly, goes over what the ANILCA 810 process is and what the finding was for this -- for BLM's planning effort. And what this says is that Alternatives D and E in that plan were found to have a significant -- found that there could be a significant 31 restriction on subsistence uses under these two alternatives.

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That's the BLM's determination. If these Councils would choose to comment on that, then we would welcome that comment. For instance, one thing I heard at our fisheries hearing last night, and again today, was a concern about designations under the Wild and Scenic River Act. I heard that enough times in the last time two days for me to suspect that there is real concern about that.

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Now, correct me if I'm wrong, Curt, but I think the 42 designation of wide river in our plan would come under 43 Alternative B?

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MR. WILSON: Right.

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MR. YOKEL: And designation of a scenic river would 48 come under Alternative C. So if this Council thinks that 49 either of those two designations would place a significant 50 restriction on subsistence use then that would differ with the

Bureau's determination that I just presented here that suggested Alternatives D and E would cause a restriction. So we would appreciate that kind of comment if that's a concern of yours. Or any other comment that you have about this 810 evaluation.

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And so I think it would be best to stop at that and see what your questions are on this issue.

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MR. H. BROWER: Do you have questions for Mr. Yokel 11 from the Committee or Council members on the 810 evaluation?

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(No audible responses)

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MR. YOKEL: I would say that, of course, the North 16 Slope Borough is preparing a comprehensive response to BLM on 17 this plan and they will have very comprehensive comments on it, 18 but I just wanted to make sure that this Council had the 19 opportunity to comment on this as well, if you choose to do so.

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MR. H. BROWER: Dave, I think I'll just question — the 22 one we don't want to get confused with what's happening in the 23 EIS and what we discussed under this fisheries management plan 24 is that we just want to make sure that we don't get confused on 25 what was stated there, that we didn't want to see any specific 26 designation of those scenic rivers and stuff like that under 27 this fisheries discussion. I know it's mentioned in the EIS 28 for the northeast plan area, but I think we should keep those 29 different fisheries separated.

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31 MR. YOKEL: Well, as I mentioned last night, the 32 subsistence fisheries process is not the place to comment about 33 wild and scenic river designations. The BLM's planning effort 34 for NPR-A is the proper place to provide those comments.

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MR. H. BROWER: Um-hum. Gordon.

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MR. UPICKSOUN: Harry, thank you. Dave, every opportunity I get I mention anytime they talk about NPR-A I 40 come up and mention the fact that Point Lay, although is off where NPR-A is, it's just to the west. However, two rivers, 42 the Kokolik and Utukok, the head waters are in NPR-A, so one of 43 the underlying reasons I keep mentioned this is that we're not 44 -- that our village being outside is not an impacted words as 45 far as NPR-A people are concerned. But we will be impacted if 46 there's any oil activities on the western end of -- 47 southwestern end of NPR-A where the head waters are. I mention 48 it every time we have a meeting because we will be impacted if 49 you were to do oil exploration in that area, that may affect

50 our subsistence lifestyle. I mention that every opportunity I

have because we're not -- there's, I believe, five communities
that are slated to get impact funds and impact my village too,
we got funds.

Thank you.

7 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Mr. Upicksoun. Any 8 questions or comments for Mr. Yokel? Taqulik.

MS. HEPA: Taqulik Hepa, for the record, when the North 11 Slope Borough gives their agency report we'll be talking about 12 what the Borough has been doing in regards to NPR-A and what -- 13 a brief summary is of what the position is with the North Slope 14 Borough. And we'll be doing that later.

16 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, thank you, Taqulik. I have a 17 question for you, Mr. Yokel. On the subsistence, is there 18 going to be sort of a similar Subsistence Resource Commission 19 or a panel within NPR-A and how will that be made or how will 20 that process be used?

MR. YOKEL: Well, the term Subsistence Resource
Commission is a term out of ANILCA that applies strictly to the
National Park Service, National Parks. What -- for the NPR-A
cone of the proposals that we have is to develop an Advisory
Council for subsistence uses to help us minimize the impact on
subsistence users if oil development does come to NPR-A. That
sis one of the proposals in the plan. Like any other proposal
could be chosen to carry through into the Final Plan or it
could not be chosen.

This was a recommendation of the working group at a 33 workshop we had last August in Nuiqsut. I'm an advocate of 34 that type of a council but it would certainly not hurt for you 35 to provide your comments on whether or not you thought that 36 type of council should be set up as a result of this planning 37 process.

39 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Where within the works of all of 40 this is going on, so is that going to be done or made after 41 final....

MR. YOKEL: Well, that Subsistence Advisory Council is 44 one of the components of this plan, so when the Final Plan 45 comes out with a proposed action it will say whether or not the 46 BLM proposes to create this Subsistence Advisory Council.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay.

MR. UPICKSOUN: Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Upicksoun.

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MR. UPICKSOUN: In line with our Chairman's question, 4 ARCO and the people of Nuiqsut were able to come up with a 5 Subsistence Oversight Panel. Now in the event that you do 6 start exploring further in NPR-A, why can't you come up with 7 something like that. I think that's more or less the question. 8 Are you saying that you'll decide -- see from the word, go, 9 they have developed this Subsistence Oversight Panel for what's 10 happening in Alpine, before they start. It would be nice if 11 the Federal end can do that before the start of activities in 12 the NPR-A, the same way that ARCO has come up with an agreement 13 with Kuukpik Corporation and the Village of Nuigsut in regards 14 to the Subsistence Oversight Panel. Can't the Federal 15 government be just as accommodating?

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MR. YOKEL: I agree with you that it would be nice to 18 have an Advisory Council and that's why I said I'm an advocate 19 of that in the plan. The Federal government can create an 20 Advisory Council in as much as the Federal Advisory Committee 21 Act provides. It may not have the exact same type of charter 22 as something that private industry can do, we have laws that 23 regulate how we can behave in the Federal government. And so 24 if we create an Advisory Council it will have to comply with 25 the Federal Advisory Committee Act. So it may look somewhat 26 different in structure and behavior than the Alpine Oversight 27 Panel. I don't know very much about that panel so I can't make 28 a direct comparison between that panel and the concept on BLM 29 side.

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Any other questions for Dave? 32 Mr. Patkatok.

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MR. PATKATOK: Being a Kuukpik shareholder I'd like to 35 get more information, if possible, from you. I'll be glad to 36 give you my address and phone number and you provide me 37 information on what criteria on this Federal Committee Advisory 38 Act contains versus the BLM. And how it would affect 39 development in my village corporation land.

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MR. YOKEL: I would -- the BLM is not going to affect 42 development in your corporation lands, those are private lands 43 and the plan that I'm talking about are.....

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MR. PATKATOK: I think you missed the point. I think 46 what was in line with Mr. Upicksoun's and Mr. Rexford's 47 question.

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49 MR. YOKEL: I'll certainly get the information you want 50 if I can understand what information that is. If you want a

copy of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, then I can find a copy.

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4 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you. Any other questions for 5 Mr. Yokel? The audience, any questions?

(No audible responses)

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Dave.

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MR. YOKEL: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

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13 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: We'll move on with the Department of 14 Fish and Game. Geoff and John Trent will follow up on the 15 Board of Game issue and old timer John will.....

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MR. CARROLL: I'm Geoff Carroll with the Alaska
18 Department of Fish and Game. I think our discussion primarily
19 today will be John Trent talking about the Western Arctic
20 Caribou Herd co-management planning process, something that's
21 been in the works for a couple of years and he's going to give
22 an update on that. And I think he'll probably use most of our
23 10 minutes, so most of my discussion will be tomorrow during
24 proposals and that business.

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay.

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MR. TRENT: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. My name is John 29 Trent, I'm with Alaska Department of Fish and Game presently in 30 Anchorage and it's a great pleasure to be back in Barrow 31 visiting with you. And thank you, Geoff, for being so gracious 32 to give me nine minutes to talk about this and then musk-oxen 33 will be on the main menu for tomorrow when you discuss 34 regulations.

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The reason I am here is to tell you about a project that the Alaska Department of Fish and Game began in 1995. We have loosely been referring to this as Caribou Co-management. And we have recently begun to pick up speed on this project and I wanted to tell you what we are doing and invite you to participate if you care to do so, we'll certainly be very glad to keep you informed.

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The caribou herd that I am going to talk about is the 45 Western Arctic Caribou Herd. We have a new map here that looks 46 like a gigantic fried egg and the yellow spot here is the 47 calving grounds up around Carbon Creek and Utukok River. This 48 caribou herd is very large now, last counted at 463,000 animals 49 that are presently, most of them, wintering in the south down 50 towards the Unalakleet River drainage or Old Woman Creek and in

1 this area. There are about 40-50,000 animals around Bettles and these are the caribou that you're hunting, I think, south from Anaktuvuk Pass.

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It's a very large caribou herd and the main point I 6 want to make with this map is that there are 50 communities 7 that depend on this herd. A large number of people depend on 8 this herd for subsistence. And for a long time those of us who 9 are biologists in the State of Alaska Department of Fish and 10 Game have not been satisfied with the way we have been managing 11 this herd. We have especially not been satisfied with the 12 amount of public participation and support in managing this 13 herd, we know we can do better.

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15 Last year in July or actually in April we formed a 16 working group called the Caribou Herd Working Group and you 17 should have a piece of paper that briefly explains what 18 happened at our most recent meeting, which was last Friday and 19 Saturday in Nome. We've worked hard to get together a group of 20 people, it's an informal group, but we've worked hard to get 21 together different kinds of people who have interest in this 22 caribou herd. And there's a lot of interest coming from 23 Kotzebue and Nome, especially from tribal interests actually. 24 But there are many other people who are interested as well. 25 And at our last meeting we had representatives from the 26 Fairbanks Advisory Committee and the Anchorage Advisory 27 Committee.

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The purpose of the working group, you'll see it's 30 written on the bottom of page two. It says is to develop an 31 integrated grass roots process for sharing representation, 32 responsibility and decision-making among stakeholders of the 33 Western Arctic Caribou Herd. We've been calling it 34 co-management, I'm not sure if we can actually use that term. 35 That term means different things to different people. 36 basic idea that, at least, I have in my head is a group of 37 people who meet together on a regular basis, once or twice a 38 year, and they think about only caribou and people who hunt 39 caribou and depend on them. And this group of people, if there 40 needed to be regulations, would make regulation recommendations 41 to the Regional Advisory Council and the Federal Subsistence 42 Board on the one hand and the Board of Game on the other.

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The model for this kind of work comes from Canada, and 45 there will be an excellent chance to see one of these 46 co-management boards in action next month at the North American 47 Caribou Workshop in Whitehorse where the Porcupine Caribou 48 Management Board will be meeting. The Canadians have done this 49 with the Porcupine Herd and with a herd west of Hudson Bay 50 called the Beverly Common Area Herd. Those Caribou

1 Co-management Boards have been working a little more than 10 2 years and they seem to be working. And some of us think it 3 might work here. But it's going to take a lot of talking and a 4 lot of work and a lot of trust building to try something like 5 this.

We actually got started on some language at this last meeting that we could all agree on, and that language starts at the beginning of the first page. The purpose of an agreement, if we can sign one, the purpose is written here and I think it's just a pretty good statement. I'll read it quickly. This agreement is meant to ensure conservation of the Western Arctic Caribou Herd, safeguard the spiritual and cultural well-being of Alaska Natives and the interests of all users of the herd. And integrate indigenous knowledge and Western science. And then we've actually come up, on page two, with a series of goals and objective. I'll leave you to read those yourselves and perhaps you have questions.

At this time where we are is we have a draft agreement with this new language in it. We are sending it to all of the possible participants who might sign this agreement, especially the resource agencies. We are asking for comment by June 30th and we are going to have our next meeting in Anchorage on August 12th and 13th. We will take these comments from the various agencies and from the other possible co-signers, like Maniilaq and Kawerek, and then keep writing a draft agreement until we have one we can all agree on. Once we have a draft agreement that we think makes sense to our working group we will submit it for extensive public review around the state, so there'll be lots of chance for public comment. We know that this will not work unless the public supports it, at least most of the public.

35 So that's what we're doing. I thought you'd like to 36 know. I'm sure that when the time comes people on the North 37 Slope will want to participate in some way with this, but in 38 the meantime we are going to keep plugging away and I'll be 39 glad to answer questions at this time.

41 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, John. Any questions for 42 Mr. Trent? Mr. Hopson.

MR. E. HOPSON: What is the difference between the 45 management that you have and the Canadian management?

MR. TRENT: Well, the Canadians have these -- a number 48 of co-management agreements that are often associated with 49 their lands claim negotiations. We do have some things that we 50 call co-management here in Alaska, but they're mostly informal.

Canadians have a different structure of law and tradition in that country, of course, but even the Canadian Caribou Co-management Boards are Boards where there is shared decision 4 making but the ultimate authority for making decisions rests -continues to rest with the Crown. So, in other words, the government retains the right to make a decision to override the Co-management Board, but to my knowledge in Canada this has never happened.

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So there are some differences in Canada, to answer your 11 question, Mr. Hopson, but the basic process, the basic idea of 12 getting together to talk to together and share ideas would work 13 in both places. We have some small examples of its working 14 here, there's the Nushagak Peninsula Caribou Herd down by 15 Togiak that was introduced and is now working under 16 co-management principles. And there is the Kilbuk Caribou Herd 17 near Kwethluk and Bethel that is basically a co-management plan 18 that seems to be working. But those are small caribou herds in 19 small areas. This is, as you can see, is huge. And this is 20 much larger than either of the Canadian situations where the 21 Porcupine Caribou Management Board has, I think, eight 22 communities.

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Where's this now? I can't see. MR. E. HOPSON:

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MR. TRENT: Oh, Porcupine -- this is our area here, 27 here's Barrow, this goes south down to Norton Sound.

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MR. E. HOPSON: Oh, okay. Now, I think during all this 30 discussion -- I heard some of that discussion last night on the 31 radio, but several times co-management had been mentioned. And 32 that's what I think we are looking for, to get a co-management 33 program going. See, as far as I'm concerned as an individual 34 listening to most of the people here, they don't seem to be 35 interested in a co-management, they want to manage my 36 subsistence resource. I may be wrong, but I reading from the 37 people that are presenting here that are working to get the 38 management going, they seem to -- I have a feeling that they 39 feel that they want to manage my subsistence resource. They're 40 not responding too much to the co-management that we've been 41 suggesting several times. I think that's what is needed to 42 satisfy our people that are affected by these regulations. We 43 want to participate in the management.

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MR. TRENT: This is an attempt to increase the 46 participation of people from the land.

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MR. H. BROWER: Mr. Chairman.

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Brower.

MR. H. BROWER: John, you know, it encompasses a very large area today, you know in the past there's been population decline and in the late '70s, around 1977, and if the happens again and the caribou don't traverse as far down south like they do today, and the caribou hangs around up further north 6 right along the Brooks Range, what's going to happen to the 7 management plan when the caribou don't reach those areas and 8 decisions are to made, is it still going to include these communities which have been affected where their resources are 10 not being reached any more due to the population declining? 11 You know, I don't know if you folks addressed those concerns 12 and how do you see that to be a problem in the future?

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MR. TRENT: I'm glad you raised that point, that's 15 really one of the main reasons biologists like me are 16 interested in doing this now because we have a lot of caribou 17 now. And we know from past experience they'll be a time when 18 they're aren't many. And that last time that happened there 19 was a lot of suffering for people who were counting on caribou 20 and they were there. So what we're trying to do is get a 21 mechanism in place now so we can discuss those issues and get 22 ready for them.

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The question you're specifically asking is what about 25 someone that lives down here at, say, Grayling and who now can 26 run up river into the Anvik drainage and get caribou. 27 going to happen when the caribou herd gets smaller and doesn't 28 come down this way anymore? That whole issue of allocation is 29 really critical and that's one reason why I've supported your 30 efforts in the North Slope Borough to develop a harvest 31 assessment program so you know how many caribou are needed at 32 Anaktuvuk Pass every year.

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But this Co-management Council, which is what I'm 35 calling it informally, would be a good thing to have because 36 people could talk to each other and figure out a policy for 37 dealing with this. Other Co-management Councils have education 38 programs, they review and work with biologists on research, 39 they will -- if they make recommendations on allocation to the 40 Board of Game and the Federal Subsistence Board then normally 41 will, I think, carry great weight. So what you have is a 42 communication platform here from people from all over who can 43 discuss this and work together before there's a crisis. Once 44 you get into a crisis situation, usually there's some 45 fingerpointing and people get upset and that's often not a good 46 time to be thinking carefully.

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48 So the short answer is that's one of the reasons for 49 such a Council to work out solutions like that. And these 50 Councils are especially good at working out complex --

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solutions to complex problems where you have to meet many times. Regulatory boards have to make decisions on a whole bunch of different things and they have to move pretty fast.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yes, Mr. Hopson.

6 7 MR. E. HOPSON: I'd like some clarification here. John, I don't want to offend you or hurt you, you're doing fine. My question is you're a State biologist and we've been 10 talking about the Federal take over management and all of that. 11 Are you trying to gain management to the State or are you in 12 some sort of a partnership with the Federal people? You're a 13 State representative. Are you working together to get this 14 management State and the Federal departments? I'd like to get 15 that straight, so..... 16

MR. TRENT: I appreciate the frankness of your 18 question. There's, to the best of my knowledge, no plot to 19 work against you and the subsistence hunters on the North Slope 20 between the agencies. In fact, the State and Federal agencies 21 aren't famous right now for working closely together, but....

MR. E. HOPSON: I know, that's why I asked the 24 question. And the State -- and even our delegation talking 25 that they'd like take over your management from the Federal. 26 And I think we can discuss things better knowing that you 27 represent the State and the other agency represent the Federal.

MR. TRENT: It is my firm conviction, Mr. Hopson, and 30 members of the Committees here that -- on the Council, that the 31 only way we can solve these really complicated problems, like 32 subsistence, is to increase trust. And trust has to happen 33 when you work together and learn to know each other. 34 that's the reason for this Council idea is to bring people 35 together on a regular basis. Everyone will bring something. 36 The Federal agencies have land management authority, the State 37 of Alaska Wildlife Conservation Division has a lot of 38 experience with what caribou do and most important the people 39 who live on the land know the land and will also bring their 40 traditions. We bring things together, we have to do it 41 together, there has to be more trust. And that's my primary 42 interest in trying to make this work.

MR. E. HOPSON: Yeah. One last statement on the 45 subject, Mr. Chairman. I think actually I haven't talked to 46 any of my fellow Committee members here, whom do we favor for 47 the managing of our resources, the State or Federal, who is 48 going to do a better job? State of Alaska? Federal? 49 of these areas I personally -- I'm not trying to talk you 50 people into coming along, in some areas I favor the Federal

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management over the State.

And I'll tell you the reason why. I know for a fact 4 that the State will promote sports hunters into our subsistence 5 resource, even caribou, they're coming down now. Moose. So I just want to mention that, so I'm glad you're answering my question here, John. Thank you.

Thank you, Mr. Hopson. CHAIRMAN REXFORD: 10 Mr. Upicksoun.

> MR. UPICKSOUN: Yes, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: And then Ms. Hepa.

MR. UPICKSOUN: It was during the meeting a year or a 17 year and a half ago that the subject of the Western Arctic Herd 18 Co-management Plan come up whether we wanted to participate in 19 that effort. Now a year or a year and a half ago at a joint 20 meeting, I can't recall exactly, but could you update us on why 21 we chose not to be part of this working group? At that time we 22 chose not to become part of it.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Yeah, thank you, Mr. Upicksoun, I 25 may be corrected but my recollection was that the numbers of 26 the Western Arctic Caribou Herd were quite numerous, it was a 27 half a million strong and why are we rushing into managing such 28 a large herd. I could see it for a reason for small numbers 29 but I think at that time we were talking about it, it's such a 30 large herd.

MR. UPICKSOUN: And we had just up the take from five 33 to 15 and the management of our herd was the last thing in our 34 minds at that time. Has anything changed in your mind in that 35 regards?

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: We haven't brought that up since 38 then, Mr. Upicksoun. We could probably dig up where we 39 discussed that and bring that matter up again.

Ms. Hepa.

MS. HEPA: I have a concern. You know, the use of that 44 -- there's 50 some villages use the Western Arctic Caribou 45 Herd, right?

MR. TRENT: There are about 50 communities within the 48 range of the herd, yes.

MS. HEPA: Um-hum. And, you know, that's a lot of

communities and I was wondering where was the funding or has 2 the working group looked at where the funding was going to come 3 from to support this large co-management -- it's a great idea, 4 but, you know, there's some things that I think we need to know about, you know, have you guys applied for any kind of funding, like how AWC, does to organize this co-management?

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MR. TRENT: The answer is no.

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MS. HEPA: Yeah.

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MR. TRENT: We have not started shaking the money tree 13 yet. Those of us in the State of Alaska are assuming that 14 first of all the State of Alaska will bear, at least, some of 15 the cost for this. That we have been the lead agency in 16 management of caribou and we have a responsibility to come up 17 with some of the money. We're also assuming that other 18 agencies, at least, will have an interest and an ability, to 19 some degree, to provide some money. The real question is is 20 how much money will it take? The Canadian boards operate on 21 very little money, perhaps \$100,000 a year, which is very 22 little money by our standards here in Alaska.

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I think -- we think in the working group that the most 25 important thing right now is to come up with a good draft 26 agreement for people to look at. The lawyers say, get 27 together, come up with something that you can support and then 28 we will review it and then that would be the time we would 29 start to look for funding. So it depends on how the thing is 30 organized. If there's a Caribou Council of, say, 12 people, 31 that's a lot different than a Caribou Council of 25 people int 32 terms of costs.

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MS. HEPA: Okay. And then my recommendation to you 35 would be to look closely at the AWC and the other co-management 36 organizations throughout Alaska, you know, to see where they 37 get their funding from and their support to keep those 38 co-management agreements working and effective.

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Thank you, I will. MR. TRENT:

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CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Ms. Hepa. You reminded 43 me, there was also another point that was of concern to the 44 group was that there were quite a few communities, how were we 45 going to fit in with 50 involved in lots of other organizations 46 were quite involved in there also.

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Any other questions for Mr. Trent?

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MR. E. HOPSON: Mr. Chairman. What is the known

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population of the Western Herd?

MR. TRENT: When we did a photo census in 1996, we took 4 picture, we counted -- I think it was 463,000, almost half a million. The growth of the caribou herd has slowed down, it 6 was growing very fast in the 1980s, now it's not getting bigger very fast. But 463,000 was the count.

Mr. Chairman, you remember here several MR. E. HOPSON: 10 years ago that they stopped us from taking caribou because it 11 went down to 50,000 from about 200,000? That year we couldn't 12 take caribou. And in one of our meetings like this we had the 13 Federal and State people together, those people that take 14 census, and reported -- after they say no more caribou, the 15 Eskimo kill them off. That was their reason. In one of our 16 meetings we get these people together that took photo of the 17 population of caribou, all the way from the Wildlife Refuge all 18 they way down to Selewick. They reported with grin here at our 19 meeting. They say yeah, they took photo from way up there, you 20 know, they -- all they do is snapping pictures, all the way 21 from the Wildlife Refuge to Selewick, they was snapping 22 pictures all the way.

And then when they get over Selewick area on the Kobuk 25 there happened to be a clearing, opening from upstairs above 26 the clouds around the Selewick area, all this time they came 27 across the North Slope snapping pictures above the clouds and 28 with a grin on their faces, in that little opening above 29 Selewick when they were up there, there was 50,000 caribou in 30 that little hole over Selewick. What happened to the other 31 200,000? They didn't show in the photos because they was 32 snapping pictures above the clouds. And they stopped the 33 caribou hunting for those people. And I don't remember what I 34 said to that guy that reported over Selewick there was a 35 clearing, that's where the 50,000 caribou were, just around 36 Selewick. If I even remember what I said to that man, I don't 37 think I'd repeat now anyway, but I had something to say to that 38 man that give us a report.

So some of those I sure like to anytime, I don't care 41 who, take photos of especially caribou would sure like to have 42 an observer from some of our residents from the North Slope and 43 some of the Board members. So since after that, you know, I 44 never trust the report from the people that takes them. 45 can't trust them unless we have a representative.

47 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you, Mr. Hopson. We need to 48 move along here. If there's any other questions or comments 49 for Mr. Trent? I'd like to thank you. If you do have a 50 question for John, maybe you can get together with him,

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hopefully he'll be here tomorrow as well.

MR. TRENT: I'm afraid that I'll be leaving tonight, 4 but I'd be very glad to visit with anyone for the rest of the time I'm here. And I'll come back if you want me to come back, too.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay, thank you, John. 9 interest of time, we have 10 minutes left. We do have the 10 North Slope Borough Wildlife Department. We did have a handout 11 for your information only on the sick caribou. Mr. Koonuk 12 raised this morning, the sick caribou around Unit 23 and Point 13 Hope. Geoff Carroll, again, will be talking about the musk-ox 14 plan and proposals, we'll be discussing during that and I would 15 urge that the other Federal and State agencies help us through 16 the proceedings tomorrow, I'd appreciate helping us out and 17 staying overnight. I know that you guys are very busy and we 18 do need your information and resource available on important 19 projects and issues that are before us. We don't meet quite 20 often and we miss seeing you on the next day, and I would just 21 urge that all the Federal and State agencies stick with us, we 22 need to take care problems and situations with the Committee at 23 this joint meeting. 24

So with that, Taqulik, can you help us with the 26 Wildlife Management Report? And I believe we do not have the 27 Inupiat Committee of the Arctic Slope, Dave Yokel will also 28 make a report on the musk-ox, a working group report, when we 29 reach that point for musk-ox proposals. So Taqulik and group 30 will be giving us a report on the activities of the Wildlife 31 Department and that'll be the end of the agency reports for 32 today.

Mr. Upicksoun.

MR. UPICKSOUN: Mr. Chairman, we amended our agenda 37 this morning, putting 10B-8 ahead, so that may be why there's 38 no representative from ICAS here at this time.

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Okay. Yeah, we'll -- if they do 41 come in tomorrow, we'll take them up under 9C or any other 42 reports at the end of the day.

> Okay, thank you. MR. UPICKSOUN:

CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Taqulik.

48 MS. HEPA: Today we have here Dr. Todd O'Hara, who is 49 our research biologist for the North Slope Borough Department 50 of Wildlife Management and Craig George who is our wildlife

biologist, myself and Harry Brower is our Subsistence Research Coordinator. And we're going to give you guys a brief overview on some of the projects we've been working on and projects that are coming up that we will be working on.

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And then -- well, I'll start with the subsistence, some of the projects that we've been working on. Since December 8 we've been busy working with the North Slope Musk-Ox Harvest Management Plan, that we put in some proposals with the North 10 Slope Borough Fish and Game Management Committee. There was 11 two different proposals, the first one was to increase the 12 harvest of musk-ox near Unit 26(B), which is for Nuiqsut and 13 then another was an area around Anaktuvuk Pass which will allow 14 for people near Anaktuvuk Pass to be able to harvest, 15 disbursing musk-ox that come into the pass. And we'll be 16 talking more about those proposals tomorrow during the musk-ox 17 section.

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Just to let you know that we did travel to Nuigsut and 20 we had a community meeting to talk about how they wanted to 21 manage musk-ox in their area, because we didn't want to make 22 decisions without their input, so we did travel to Nuiqsut in 23 February and had a community meeting to get their input and 24 we'll be talking about that more tomorrow.

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MR. GEORGE: Craig George with the Department of 27 Wildlife Management. I'm going to mention three items. 28 preparing for the next International Whaling Commission meeting 29 which will include a bowhead whale assessment. Each year they 30 single out a couple of species and they do a very thorough job 31 of reviewing everything that's know about them. And this 32 coming year in April/May they're going to be discussing 33 bowheads, so we're going to update what we know about 34 population reproduction, there'll be some new work on genetics, 35 which could be very interesting. Toxicology from Todd. Aging 36 methods, ways to estimate how old they are. We're going to 37 talk about rate of interest in the population, we'll be giving 38 a paper on male maturity in the male bowhead.

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Next year we're planning a whale census again. 41 was the last census we conducted when we had that very 42 successful count here at Barrow. The '99 census will again be 43 conducted off the ice at Barrow and will be a full census with 44 the visual and acoustic counting methods combined.

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46 And another item that our department's been working at 47 considerable length on commenting on the NPR-A EIS, this is the 48 Petroleum Reserve Draft Environmental Impact Statement that's 49 been written and among -- we're doing two things. We're 50 technically reviewing the document to try to find omissions and

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errors and we're also trying to put together our own alternative, kind of the North Slope Borough Alternative, so we've talked the people in various villages to get their ideas and hopefully come up with a plan that they'll accept that will be sort of tailored made to the people on the North Slope and meet our needs

DR. O'HARA: My name is Todd O'Hara, I work for the Department of Wildlife Management and give you a quick update on a few things. With regards to moose along the Coville River, we did a large project with the Department of Fish and Game on assessing that population by doing an examination of found dead and hunted killed animals as well as a collaring 4 effort where we could sample moose and also follow them throughout the year as far as calving success. We got two draft reports and all the participants in that projects are reviewing it now and we hope to get that out in the next month or two.

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Dave Yokel told you about the vegetation of that that they did. We did a more intensive look at the moose themselves. And we hope to get that out real soon and we'll share that with you when it's available, after everyone's had a 24 chance to comment on it.

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With regards to caribou, we did a nearly Slope-wide 27 caribou assessment as well in response to the Cape Thompson 28 mortality event in 1995. Two separate reports have been 29 prepared for that, too, they're out for review by the 30 participants in the study. And I'm pushing them to get their 31 comments back to me as quickly as possible. I know people, 32 especially in Kivalina and Point Hope are anxious to hear the 33 results. And we'll probably go to those communities to share 34 the results once we have everyone's comments.

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It was a large effort for both of those projects, 37 multiple participants so it took a while to get everybody's 38 ideas together and get it on paper.

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Two new projects I wanted to comment on that we were 41 very fortunate to funding, about two weeks ago on two projects, 42 from an organization called CIFAR, it stands for the Center -- 43 wait a second, now I've forgotten. I forgot who gave us all 44 the money. Here it is, Cooperative Institute for Arctic 45 Research and it's an organization at the University of Alaska-46 Fairbanks that's funded by NOAA, the National Oceanic and 47 Atmospheric Association.

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And the first project is a very interesting one that we 50 put together with people from UAF and NOAA, and the title is

the Bowhead Whale as a Potential Indicator Species for
Monitoring the Health of the Western Arctic Bering Sea Using
Blubber, Histology, Metal and Mineral Indices. We've got
funding for two years to use the bowhead whale as an indicator
of how well the Bering and Western Arctic are doing. And with
recent events, like the El Nino, and people worried about
global warming and pollutants it's a good timing to have that
funding available. They're going to give us \$80,000 a year to
our department to do that and we're going to do that in
cooperation with the university.

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And we're pretty excited about that, that brings a lot 13 of really good scientist in and we've mentioned this to the 14 Bering whaling captains, where we get most of our samples from 15 and they indicated they'd be very cooperative and we appreciate 16 that. So we're looking forward to that project.

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The second project is called, and it's the same group that's funding it, we were very lucky to get two proposals 20 funded. It's called the Human and Chemical Ecology of Arctic 21 Pathways by Marine Pollutants. This will be for \$200,000 and 22 we'll be working with some Canadian colleagues to better 23 understand how pollutants are moving through the Alaska Arctic.

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Some of you have seen the report on the bowhead whale, it was very encouraging, it was about the bowhead whale, very low in pollutant levels. We're very glad about that. The story, unfortunately, is not the same for other marine mammals, there are pollutants of concern in some of them and so Dr. Dave Norton was the principal investigator on that and with his assistance and these Canadian investigators were going to take a closer look at how pollutants enter the Arctic and how they're moving through the food chain.

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And the human ecology component of that will involve a 36 Russian village, a Canadian village and one or two Slope 37 villages. So now that we've got this funding we'll be getting 38 in touch with people as to what we plan on doing and getting 39 advice from people, like this body, to see what's the best 40 approach to getting this information about how contaminants 41 effect people in their decisions as to the kind of wildlife 42 they eat.

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We're very excited about these projects and we were 45 lucky to get the money. So I just wanted to give you a heads 46 up on that because you'll be hearing about those real soon. 47 The funding will be here in about four weeks.

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Thank you.

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00107 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Thank you. Any questions from the table? 3 4 MR. KOONUK: Mr. Chair. 5 6 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Mr. Koonuk. 7 8 MR. KOONUK: Can we get a copy of this? 9 10 DR. O'HARA: A copy of which one? 11 12 MR. CARROLL: His notes? 13 14 DR. O'HARA: My notes: 15 16 MR. KOONUK: Yeah and the proposal. 17 18 DR. O'HARA: Oh, I can give you a copy of the 19 acceptance letter and if you're interested in the proposal, do 20 you e-mail? 21 22 MR. KOONUK: No. 23 24 DR. O'HARA: No. I can run off a couple of copies of 25 the five page proposal. Would you like a copy of the 26 proposals? 27 28 Yeah, I mean that's -- and some for the MR. KOONUK: 29 rest of the Board. 30 31 DR. O'HARA: The only problem is the budget hasn't been 32 finalized yet by the UAF folks so I'd hate to put out a 33 proposal that ultimately they might scratch something from, but 34 I could put it out pending the final acceptance or something 35 like that. Would that be okay, Fenton, if I said something 36 like that or should I wait for the final. 37 38 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Check with Charlie on that one. 39 Yeah, that would be good. 40 41 DR. O'HARA: To say it's pending final approval by the 42 UAF, that's the only thing. 43 44 MR. C. BROWER: Yeah. 45 46 DR. O'HARA: Okay. I can do that. 47 48 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: Any other questions for the three? 49 50 (No audible responses)

00108 1 CHAIRMAN REXFORD: All right. Thank you, ladies and 2 gentlemen. This concludes our first day of the joint meeting of the North Slope Regional Advisory and the North Slope Fish and Game Management Committee. We'll stand on recess till 9:00 5 a.m. tomorrow and continue on with the proposals which will be 6 Number 9. We'll be taking up several proposals tomorrow, so we'll see you in the morning. The Committee stands on recess. (Off record - 5:11 p.m.) 10 11 (MEETING RECESSED)

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00109	
1 2	CERTIFICATE
3	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA)
4 5 6	STATE OF ALASKA)
7 8 9 10	I, Joseph P. Kolasinski, Notary Public in and for the State of Alaska and Reporter and Owner of Computer Matrix, do hereby certify:
11 12 13 14 15	THAT the foregoing pages numbered 02 through 108 contain a full, true and correct Transcript of the North Slope Federal Subsistence Regional Advisory Council, Volume I, meeting taken electronically by myself on the 3rd day of March, 1998, beginning at the hour of 9:00 o'clock a.m. at the ASRC Building, Third Floor, Barrow, Alaska;
18 19	THAT the transcript is a true and correct transcript requested to be transcribed and thereafter transcribed by me to the best of my knowledge and ability;
22	THAT I am not an employee, attorney, or party interested in any way in this action.
25	DATED at Anchorage, Alaska, this 13th day of March, 1998.
31	JOSEPH P. KOLASINSKI
32 33	Notary Public in and for Alaska My Commission Expires: 04/17/00