1	NORTH SLOPE FEDERAL SUBSISTENCE REGIONAL
2 3	ADVISORY COUNCIL MEETING
4 5	PUBLIC MEETING
6 7	
8 9	Heritage Center Barrow, Alaska
10	February 16, 2012
11	9:40 a.m.
12 13	
-	COUNCIL MEMBERS PRESENT:
15	
	Rosemary Ahtaungaruak, Vice Chair
	Lee Kayotuk - (Telephonic) Lloyd Leavitt
	Roy Nageak
	Robert Shears
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22 23	
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26 27	Regional Council Coordinator, Donald Mike
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1 PROCEEDINGS 2 3 (Barrow, Alaska - 2/16/2012) 4 5 (On record) 6 7 MR. MIKE: Okay, Lee, you're with us? 8 9 MR. KAYOTUK: Yes, I am. 10 11 MR. MIKE: And you have your agenda in 12 front of you? 13 14 MR. KAYOTUK: Yes. 15 16 MR. MIKE: Okay, and since you're the 17 current secretary we'll let you call the meeting to 18 order and then if you want you can request that I do 19 the roll call. 20 MR. KAYOTUK: I wish to call the 21 22 meeting to order at 9:40 a.m. 23 2.4 (Pause) 25 MR. MIKE: And, Lee, did you want me to 26 27 do the roll call? 28 MR. KAYOTUK: Yes, I'd like to ask you 29 30 to do the roll call. 31 32 MR. MIKE: Okay, Lee, I can do the roll 33 call. Lee, the current secretary for the North Slope 34 Council called the meeting to order and the 35 coordinator, Donald Mike, will do the roll call to 36 establish a quorum. 37 38 Gordon Brower. 39 40 (No comments) 41 42 MR. MIKE: He's absent. Robert Shears. 43 44 MR. SHEARS: Present. 45 46 MR. MIKE: Ray Maloney. 47 48 (No comments) 49 50 MR. MIKE: Ray Maloney Nageak.

(No comments) MR. MIKE: Roy..... MR. R. NAGEAK: Roy Nageak. б MR. MIKE: Nageak. MR. R. NAGEAK: Here. MR. MIKE: Okay. MR. R. NAGEAK: There was a guy that 14 was named Big Red, born back in '51, that's why my dad 15 named me Roy Maloney, one of his best buddies. (Laughter) MR. MIKE: Roy.... MR. R. NAGEAK: Roy's Maloney 22 Maloney.... MR. MIKE: Roy is present. (Laughter) MR. R. NAGEAK: Oh, I'm present. MR. MIKE: Lloyd Leavitt. MR. LEAVITT: Present. MR. MIKE: Harry Brower, Jr. (No comments) MR. MIKE: Harry's on a whaling 39 captain's meeting. James Nageak. (No comments) MR. MIKE: James is on a business trip. MR. R. NAGEAK: I got his proxies. (Laughter)

1 MR. MIKE: Lee Kayotuk. 2 3 MR. KAYOTUK: Present. 4 5 MR. MIKE: Lee's attending the meeting 6 via teleconference. 7 And, Rosemary. 8 9 10 MS. AHTAUNGARUAK: Here. 11 12 MR. MIKE: I think, Lee, we have five 13 members present, we have established a quorum. And if 14 you want I can do the welcome and introductions. 15 16 MR. KAYOTUK: Yes, do the welcome and 17 introductions. 18 19 MR. MIKE: Okay, Lee, thank you. I 20 want to welcome all the Council members to Barrow and 21 making this meeting, Robert Shears, of course, and the 22 Federal and State Staff. 23 24 We can go with the introductions with 25 the public, we don't know everyone. We can start out 26 with the.... 27 28 MR. LEAVITT: Lloyd Leavitt, Barrow. 29 30 MR. SHEARS: Robert Shears. Bob. I go 31 by Bob, and I'm from Wainwright. 32 33 MS. AHTAUNGARUAK: Rosemary 34 Ahtaungaruak. 35 MR. R. NAGEAK: Roy Nageak, Barrow. 36 37 38 DR. YOKEL: Dave Yokel with the BLM, 39 Fairbanks. 40 41 MR. SHARP: Dan Sharp, BLM, Anchorage. 42 43 MR. E. NAGEAK: Earnest Nageak, Barrow, 44 Fish and Wildlife Service. 45 MR. PAPPAS: George Pappas, Fish and 46 47 Game, Subsistence Liaison Team, Anchorage. 48 49 DR. CHEN: Good morning. My name is 50 Glenn Chen. I'm with the Bureau of Indian Affairs,

1 Subsistence Program Manager. 2 3 MR. MIKE: I'm Donald Mike, the 4 Regional Advisory Council coordinator. And we have 5 Helen Armstrong also, she's from OSM. She's our 6 anthropologist. And, Tina's our court reporter. 7 That's all the welcome and 8 9 introductions, Lee. 10 11 If you want we can do a moment of 12 silence or review and adopt the agenda, and then do a 13 moment of silence. What's the wish of the Council. 14 15 MR. LEAVITT: A moment of silence..... 16 17 MR. KAYOTUK: Yes, I'd like to do a 18 moment.... 19 20 MR. LEAVITT:first. 21 MR. KAYOTUK:of silence at this 22 23 time. 2.4 25 MR. MIKE: Okay. And do you have 26 anyone particular on the Council to lead it? 27 28 MR. KAYOTUK: Yes. 29 30 MR. MIKE: Who is going to do the lead? 31 32 MR. LEAVITT: I'll nominate Roy Nageak. 33 34 (Laughter) 35 36 MR. R. NAGEAK: For what? 37 38 (Laughter) 39 40 MR. MIKE: Moment of silence. 41 42 MR. R. NAGEAK: Oh, to pray? 43 44 MS. AHTAUNGARUAK: Yeah. 45 46 MR. LEAVITT: Yes. 47 48 MR. R. NAGEAK: Oh, sure, I'll do that. 49 50 (Prayer)

1	Heavenly Father, through your son Jesus
2	Christ we thank you for this day and we
3	always thank you for your blessings.
4	
5	And as our people meet together with
6	the Alaska Eskimo Whaling Commission,
7	we also thank you for that blessing.
8	For the animals that you have created
9	for our needs in the very harsh
10	country, Heavenly Father.
11	
12	And that we, as the people, keep asking
13	for your blessings on our lands, on our
14	ocean, and especially for our nation,
15	which is in need. Heavenly Father you
16	know their needs, and you know our
17	needs.
18	necus.
19	And as we so forward to talk about the
20	And as we go forward to talk about the
20 21	issues that impact our people, impact
∠⊥ 22	our nation, and that the conflicts that
	arise between subsistence and
23	development of our country, give us
24	wisdom and understanding, Heavenly
25	Father, so that the needs of our great
26	country will be met and also the needs
27	of our local people and their
28	subsistence way of life, for you have
29	created all these animals for our needs
30	and where conflicts arise give us
31	wisdom and understanding.
32	
33	And we praise your holy name in Jesus'
34	name.
35	
36	Amen.
37	
38	MR. MIKE: Thank you, Roy. Lee, did
39	you want to go over the read and adopt the agenda, or
40	do you want me to lead that?
41	
42	MR. KAYOTUK: I'd like you to go ahead
43	and lead that.
44	
45	MR. MIKE: Okay, Lee, thank you. I'll
46	go ahead and go over and review and adopt call for
	adoption of the agenda.
48	
49	Council members, you had an opportunity
50	to review the agenda. Under No. 7, under reports,

1 there's committee reports and working group reports, those can be omitted. Those do not pertain to this 2 3 meeting. 4 5 So, Council members, do you have any 6 comments on the agenda? 7 8 MS. AHTAUNGARUAK: I need to get a copy 9 of the agenda? 10 11 MR. LEAVITT: Yeah, me, too. 12 13 MR. R. NAGEAK: I don't have a copy. 14 15 MR. LEAVITT: I make a motion to 16 adopt.... 17 18 REPORTER: Lloyd. Lloyd, I need you to 19 -- yeah, please. Thank you. 20 MR. LEAVITT: I make a motion to adopt 21 22 the agenda. 23 MR. SHEARS: Second. 2.4 25 MR. MIKE: Lee, do you want me to run 26 27 the meeting here for a second? 28 29 MR. KAYOTUK: Yes. Yes, yes, thank 30 you. 31 32 MR. MIKE: Okay, Mr. Lloyd Leavitt 33 moved to adopt the agenda and seconded by Bob. 34 35 Discussion. 36 37 MR. R. NAGEAK: Can you get me a copy? 38 39 REPORTER: Yes, I'll get one, hold on. 40 41 MS. AHTAUNGARUAK: I need one too, 42 thank you. 43 44 REPORTER: Okay, just a second. 45 46 (Pause) 47 48 REPORTER: Here you go. 49 50 MR. LEAVITT: Thank you.

1 REPORTER: You guys got it 2 3 MR. SHEARS: I've got it. 4 5 REPORTER: All right, we're good to go, 6 everyone's got a copy. Here we go. Lloyd. 7 8 MR. LEAVITT: It's been moved and 9 seconded and so you're recommending that 7D and E be 10 removed from the agenda..... 11 12 MR. MIKE: Yeah. Those were..... 13 14 MR. LEAVITT:is that what 15 you're.... 16 17 MR. MIKE:those two items weren't 18 -- doesn't apply to this meeting; is that correct, 19 Helen? 20 21 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: (Nods affirmatively) 22 23 MR. LEAVITT: I make a motion to delete 24 7D and E out of the agenda. 25 MS. AHTAUNGARUAK: Second. Second. 26 27 28 MR. MIKE: Okay, there's a motion on 29 the floor to remove Item 7D and E, and seconded by 30 Rosemary. 31 32 Discussion. 33 34 MR. LEAVITT: Question called for. 35 MR. MIKE: Question called for. All 36 37 those in favor of the motion say aye. 38 39 IN UNISON: Aye. 40 41 MR. MIKE: All opposed, same sign. 42 43 (No opposing votes) 44 MR. MIKE: Motion passes. 45 46 47 Any other discussion on the agenda. 48 49 MR. R. NAGEAK: Question on the main 50 motion.

1 MS. AHTAUNGARUAK: Before we do that. 2 Helen, at the last meeting we had talked about Anaktuvuk and their concern; is that for this meeting 3 4 or will you all be able to give any information related 5 to that? 6 7 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: We don't have anything on that for this meeting, do we Donald? 8 9 10 MR. MIKE: (Shakes head negatively) 11 12 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: No. Unh-unh. But, 13 I mean if there's something you wanted to talk about 14 Rosemary you can add it to the agenda if you want to 15 bring it up. 16 17 MS. AHTAUNGARUAK: We had request from 18 Anaktuvuk Pass to ask for information related to a 19 possible wildlife proposal to help protect the 20 migratory route of the caribou. There's a lot of 21 activity that's happening related to changes to lands 22 and waters and proposals to make additional changes to 23 the lands and waters. They had a no-fly zone area that 24 was -- they had discussed in the past, a number of 25 years ago, but that process had stopped, and they asked 26 if that's something that could be reconsidered. So I'm 27 not sure exactly how to put that down but we would like 28 to encourage the discussion with Anaktuvuk Pass. At 29 the last meeting we shared information for contacts for 30 the Mayor and the Native Village president to encourage 31 the Staff to work with them on the proposal that they 32 may be able to generate to help protect that. 33 34 So do you want to put it down, Donald, 35 or Helen, do you have..... 36 MR. MIKE: Rosemary. Yeah, if it's the 37 38 wish of the Council we can put that discussion under 39 new business if you want to go ahead and make a motion 40 to that effect we can do that. 41 42 MS. AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes, I'd like to do 43 that. 44 45 MR. MIKE: Okay. So, Rosemary, under 46 new business, your motion was to have discussion of 47 Anaktuvuk Pass to protect the caribou migration 48 patterns and seek for proposals. 49 50 MR. R. NAGEAK: Who's the Chair?

1 REPORTER: Lee, but Donald's taking 2 that on right now. 3 4 MR. R. NAGEAK: Okay. 5 6 MR. MIKE: Is that.... 7 8 MR. R. NAGEAK: Mr. Chair, along those 9 same lines with the concerns that were given during our 10 last meeting with NANA Region, we had made a request 11 for the State in regards to the harvest level and they 12 increased 150 percent of the harvest level along the 13 Haul Road or the North Slope area, when will those be 14 addressed, or the information that we requested? The 15 next yearly meeting or is that something that the --16 the request that we had made for clarification, 17 especially when the State made a presentation with 18 their 150 percent increase in their harvest level at 19 our last meeting in Anchorage. Will those be given to 20 us at a later time or I -- I don't.... 21 22 MR. MIKE: Yeah, we can request that 23 information again. Maybe George and the Fish and Game 24 office can help us, remind us, and place that on our 25 next agenda for our fall meeting. 26 MR. R. NAGEAK: Because it's along the 27 28 same lines of impact that was being felt by the 29 Anaktuvuk Pass people, was how much traffic was on the 30 Haul Road. And when the State person in regards to the 31 North Slope and why there were so many people, they 32 said that there was 150 percent increase in the 33 harvest, and she couldn't answer how much 150 percent 34 of what harvest level for caribou along the -- on the 35 North Slope, and we had asked for that clarification. 36 I don't know whether they got it together or it wasn't 37 available. 38 39 Thank you. 40 41 MR. MIKE: Okay. I can do further 42 research and I'll work with the State and try to get 43 some information. If there's a summary report we can 44 send that out to the Council members. 45 46 There's a motion on the floor currently 47 to add under new business Anaktuvuk Pass to protect the 48 caribou migration patterns; is that correct, Rosemary? 49 50 MS. AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes, it is.

1 MR. MIKE: Okay, then we can put that 2 on the agenda. 3 REPORTER: Donald, you need a second. 4 5 6 MR. MIKE: Okay, yes, a second. 7 8 MR. LEAVITT: Second. 9 10 MR. MIKE: Okay, and second by Mr. 11 Leavitt. 12 13 Discussion. 14 15 MR. R. NAGEAK: I had called for the 16 question. 17 18 MR. MIKE: Okay, question. There was a 19 question called. Do you have any..... 20 21 MS. AHTAUNGARUAK: No. Just waiting 22 for the.... 23 2.4 MR. MIKE: Okay. The question's 25 called. All in favor of adding under new business 26 Anaktuvuk caribou -- to protect the caribou migration 27 patterns say aye. 28 29 IN UNISON: Aye. 30 31 MR. MIKE: All opposed, same sign. 32 33 (No opposed votes) 34 35 MR. MIKE: Motion carries. Any other 36 discussion on the agenda. 37 38 (No comments) 39 40 MR. MIKE: If not a call for.... 41 42 MS. AHTAUNGARUAK: Call for question on 43 the main motion. 44 45 MR. MIKE: Okay, question's been called 46 on the main motion to adopt the agenda. We deleted No. 47 7, under reports, 7D and E, and we included -- we added 48 under new business 11B, Anaktuvuk caribou migration. 49 50 All those in favor of the agenda say

1 aye. 2 3 IN UNISON: Aye. 4 5 MR. LEAVITT: Revised agenda. 6 7 MR. MIKE: Revised agenda, I'm sorry. 8 Revised agenda. 9 10 All opposed, same sign. 11 12 (No opposed votes) 13 14 MR. MIKE: Motion carries. Lee, the 15 item on the agenda is election of officers. I'll leave 16 it up to the Council, what's the wish of the Council. 17 We haven't had elections for a couple years so we can't 18 -- I think we need to move on to elections of officers. 19 20 MR. R. NAGEAK: Mr. Chair. 21 22 MR. MIKE: Roy. 23 2.4 MR. R. NAGEAK: It's always more 25 comfortable for me when full members are available to 26 do that, and how many of our members are absent, just 27 to get an idea. 28 29 MR. MIKE: Yeah. We..... 30 31 MR. LEAVITT: That is the same 32 situation we were in a year ago when I opted to wait 33 for full membership before we elect any officers. 34 Another way we can do it is either wait for the next 35 meeting or between now and the next meeting we can do 36 it via teleconference or communicate through email, 37 however the Council feels. 38 39 MR. R. NAGEAK: Just out of curiosity 40 how many members are missing? 41 42 REPORTER: You have two vacancies right 43 now. 44 45 MR. LEAVITT: It's been put on the back 46 burner twice that I know of. 47 48 MR. R. NAGEAK: The current officers 49 for my second meeting with the Federal North Slope 50 Subsistence Regional Advisory Council are Harry Brower,

1 Chair, Vice Chair is who? 2 3 MS. AHTAUNGARUAK: We have no vice 4 Chair and we have Lee as the secretary. 5 6 MR. R. NAGEAK: Okay. 7 8 MS. AHTAUNGARUAK: We have Harry as the 9 Chair, we have no vice Chair, and we have Lee as the 10 Secretary. 11 12 MR. MIKE: Lee, do you have any 13 comments on the elections of officers? 14 MR. KAYOTUK: The elections of officers 15 16 can be done by email or teleconference..... 17 18 REPORTER: Donald, please turn on the 19 mic. Thank you. 20 MR. KAYOTUK: Can we do it either email 21 22 or teleconference, via email or teleconference to 23 advise these officers? 2.4 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Helen Armstrong, 25 26 OSM. I'm not 100 percent sure if this is correct but I 27 just checked with Glenn Chen. I believe you could vote 28 for a vice Chair and a secretary and wait on the Chair, 29 that way you would have somebody to run the meeting 30 today. 31 32 MR. LEAVITT: I was going to ask if we 33 can do that depending on Harry's term as Mr. Chairman 34 here, if he's in there a couple years, we should just 35 do it and select the vice Chair so that they may be 36 able to run the meeting. 37 38 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Exactly. I think 39 that's a good idea. 40 41 MR. LEAVITT: That's what I was going 42 to.... 43 44 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: I think that's a 45 good idea otherwise Donald would run it and I think --46 I think it's better if we have one of you to run the 47 meeting. 48 49 MR. LEAVITT: Yes. 50

1 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: That's my 2 suggestion. 3 4 MR. R. NAGEAK: Mr. Chair. 5 6 MR. MIKE: Go ahead, Roy. 7 8 MR. R. NAGEAK: Do we have any bylaws 9 or policies that run our organization? 10 11 MR. MIKE: Yeah, Roy, we have our 12 charter in our Council manuals that it states officers 13 will be elected every year. 14 15 MR. LEAVITT: Yes. 16 17 MR. R. NAGEAK: Okay. So that's --18 those are what drives us? 19 20 MR. MIKE: Yes. 21 MR. R. NAGEAK: At every meeting, every 22 23 year. 24 25 MR. MIKE: Every year in our winter 26 meeting, either February or March. 27 MR. R. NAGEAK: Okay. 28 29 30 MR. LEAVITT: That way at the next 31 meeting they'll have the vice Chair identified. 32 33 MS. AHTAUNGARUAK: This is Rosemary. 34 I'm in position that we need to recognize that there's 35 a lot of involvement of our participants and all of the 36 issues before us, we need to make sure that we have 37 someone amongst us at the meeting to run the meeting so 38 that we can adequately address things. 39 40 I would like to make a motion to open 41 the election for the vice Chair and to table the Chair 42 until we have a full quorum, and we can address the 43 secretary after that if the Council so wishes. 44 45 MR. LEAVITT: If that's a motion I'll 46 second it. 47 48 MR. MIKE: Okay. Lee, Rosemary made a 49 motion to go ahead and go through the election of 50 officers to nominate for a vice Chair and a secretary

1 and defer the election of a Chair to the next meeting 2 and it was seconded by Lloyd. 3 4 Do you have any comments on that 5 motion? 6 7 MR. R. NAGEAK: Mr. Chair. 8 9 MR. KAYOTUK: No, I don't on that 10 motion, we could proceed forward on that item. 11 12 MR. MIKE: Okay. 13 14 MR. R. NAGEAK: Mr. Chair. 15 16 MR. MIKE: Go ahead, Roy. 17 18 MR. R. NAGEAK: Again, being the new 19 person on the -- basically on the Board I'm just trying 20 to get an idea of who are all the people that are our 21 volunteers -- we have 10 people. 22 23 MR. MIKE: We have eight current 24 members sitting on the Council. 25 26 REPORTER: These are vacant. 27 MR. R. NAGEAK: Okay. 28 Gordon Brower, 29 Robert Shears, Maloney, Lloyd Leavitt, James Nageak, 30 Lee Kayotuk, Rosemary. 31 32 Thank you. 33 34 MR. R. NAGEAK: Mr. Chair. 35 36 (No comments) 37 38 MR. R. NAGEAK: Mr. Chair. 39 40 MR. MIKE: Roy. 41 42 MR. R. NAGEAK: I know when we always 43 do this it's always an uncomfortable position. And in 44 different groups I'm involved with we always ask for 45 volunteers or it's usually somebody that's more 46 familiar with and have more experience. And not 47 knowing who wants to be vice Chairman, that's always 48 the issue unless they volunteer or want to be. 49 50 MR. SHEARS: Mr. Chair. Council.

1 MR. MIKE: Go ahead, Bob. 2 3 MR. SHEARS: As a freshman member, my 4 first day on the Council today and not having any 5 experience of working with you in the past or the 6 experience of what the issues are, not feeling up to 7 speed, I'm going to abstain from making any nominations 8 or requesting any nominations of myself in a position 9 at this time. 10 11 MR. R. NAGEAK: Mr. Chair. Mr. Chair. 12 13 MR. MIKE: Roy. 14 15 MR. R. NAGEAK: That's what I was 16 getting to, too, that I not only abstain but when 17 they're a Chairman or vice Chairman, they don't have a 18 tendency to talk too much and..... 19 20 (Laughter) 21 22 MR. R. NAGEAK:that's always 23 against my flow. 2.4 25 (Laughter) 26 MR. LEAVITT: We'll just go through 27 28 this. With the motion made for the election of the 29 vice Chair, there's been a motion and seconded, I'll 30 ask for question called for and we'll nominate from 31 there. 32 33 MR. MIKE: Okay, there's a question 34 called on the motion to -- motion to elect a vice 35 Chairman and secretary for the Council, did you get 36 that Lee? 37 38 MR. KAYOTUK: Yes, I did. 39 MR. MIKE: Okay. In that case all in 40 41 favor of the motion say aye. 42 43 IN UNISON: Aye. 44 45 MS. AHTAUNGARUAK: Just a clarification 46 the motion is to table the election of the Chair and 47 move forward with the vice Chair and the secretary and 48 then question. 49 50 MR. LEAVITT: Yes. Mr. Chair.

1 MR. MIKE: Lloyd. 2 3 MR. LEAVITT: I'd like to make a 4 nomination and ask for a unanimous consent to install 5 Rosemary Ahtaungaruak as the new vice Chair for the 6 Subsistence Regional Advisory Council. 7 8 MR. R. NAGEAK: I'll second. 9 10 (No comments) 11 12 MR. R. NAGEAK: And if nobody says 13 anything it's unanimous. 14 15 (Laughter) 16 17 MR. MIKE: Is there a second. 18 19 MR. R. NAGEAK: I did. 20 21 MR. MIKE: Okay. Mr. Lloyd Leavitt 22 moved to nominate Rosemary as vice Chair and seconded 23 by Roy and requested a unanimous consent. 2.4 25 Roy, unanimous consent. 26 27 MR. R. NAGEAK: Yes. 28 29 MR. MIKE: Robert. Bob. 30 31 MR. SHEAR: Aye -- yes. 32 33 MR. LEAVITT: Yes. 34 35 MR. MIKE: Lee. 36 37 MR. KAYOTUK: Yes. 38 39 MR. MIKE: Lee, did you hear that 40 motion and there's a request for a unanimous request. 41 Currently there seems to be -- everybody seems to be --42 Lee. 43 44 MR. KAYOTUK: I'd like to make a motion 45 to go ahead and proceed with this item for vice Chair. 46 47 MR. MIKE: Okay, Lee, Lloyd made a 48 motion to nominate Rosemary with unanimous consent 49 among the Council members and it seems that way right 50 now, do you agree with the motion?

1 MR. KAYOTUK: Yes. 2 3 MR. MIKE: Okay. So there's a 4 unanimous consent. Rosemary, you have the gavel. 5 6 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: I want to 7 thank everyone for the support. This is a very 8 important process for us all and we have a vested 9 interest in this and I thank you for that. 10 11 I'd like to move forward with the 12 nominations for secretary. 13 14 (No comments) 15 16 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Lee, are 17 you still interested in being the secretary? 18 19 MR. KAYOTUK: Yes. 20 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. In that 21 22 event I nominate for secretary Lee Kayotuk. 23 2.4 MR. LEAVITT: Second. 25 26 MR. R. NAGEAK: And ask for unanimous 27 consent. 28 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: There's a 29 30 motion on the floor to nominate Lee Kayotuk for the 31 secretary with a second with unanimous consent. 32 33 MR. LEAVITT: Seconded. 34 35 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: We got the 36 second, we need a question. 37 38 MR. LEAVITT: Question called for. 39 40 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Ouestion's 41 been called for. All those in favor of unanimous 42 consent say aye. 43 44 IN UNISON: Aye. 45 46 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Thank you, 47 Lee, for continuing. 48 49 MR. LEAVITT: Thank you. 50

MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Next on the 1 2 agenda we have review and approval of the previous 3 meeting minutes. 4 5 MR. SHEARS: I don't recall seeing a 6 discussion in those meeting minutes in regards to the 150 percent increase in caribou, could I have a copy of 7 8 the last meeting minutes? 9 10 MR. R. NAGEAK: Where's mine? 11 12 REPORTER: I don't do that part, I do 13 the recording and transcribe the meeting. 14 15 MR. R. NAGEAK: But you're the great 16 recorder. 17 18 (Laughter) 19 20 REPORTER: But I'm not the copy person. 21 22 (Laughter) 23 2.4 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: I was 25 traveling so I know I didn't get my packet. 26 REPORTER: Nobody seems to have their 27 28 meeting minutes. 29 30 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: I know. I know. 31 32 REPORTER: Should we take a little 33 break and get those copied for them. 34 MS. AHTAUNGARUAK: Yeah. 35 36 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Yeah. 37 38 39 REPORTER: Okay. 40 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Lee, some 41 42 of us didn't get copies of our packets so we're going 43 to be working on getting that for a few moments and 44 we're going to take a break for that. 45 46 MR. MIKE: Did you hear that Lee? 47 48 MR. KAYOTUK: Yes, I did. 49 50 MR. MIKE: Okay. You can just put your 1 phone on mute for about 10 minutes or so, yeah? 2 3 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yeah. 4 5 MR. LEAVITT: And this says Northwest 6 Arctic. 7 MR. MIKE: Yeah, I thought I took the 8 9 copies, I took the wrong stack, sorry about that. 10 11 REPORTER: So we're going to go ahead 12 and take a break. 13 14 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes, go 15 ahead. 16 17 (Off record) 18 19 (On record) 20 21 REPORTER: All right, here we go. 22 23 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Thank you 24 for copying these. 25 26 REPORTER: Helen got them copied for 27 you guys. 28 29 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Okay, are 30 we ready? 31 32 REPORTER: Yep. 33 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: All right. 34 35 Lee, are you on. 36 37 (No comments) 38 39 MR. LEAVITT: He left us already? 40 41 MR. MIKE: No. 42 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Okay. 43 44 45 MR. R. NAGEAK: Mr. Chair. 46 47 REPORTER: Madame Chair. 48 49 MR. SHEARS: Madame Chair. 50

MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. 1 2 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes. 3 4 5 MR. R. NAGEAK: Vice Chair. Madame 6 Chair. Move to approve the previous meeting minutes to 7 put them on the table. 8 9 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Motion on 10 the floor for approval of previous minutes. Do we have 11 a second. 12 13 MR. LEAVITT: Second. 14 15 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Is there 16 any discussion -- we need to vote first, right? 17 18 REPORTER: If there's no discussion and 19 someone calls the question, yes, then vote. Donald. 20 (No comments) 21 22 23 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Is there 24 a.... 25 MR. MIKE: If there's no discussion you 26 27 can just call..... 28 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Is there 29 30 any discussion. 31 32 (No comments) 33 34 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: A question. 35 36 MR. LEAVITT: Question called for. 37 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Question's 38 39 been called for. All those in favor of approval of the 40 minutes do so by saying aye. 41 42 IN UNISON: Aye. 43 44 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Those 45 opposed. 46 47 (No opposing votes) 48 49 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Hearing 50 none, motion passes. Next is reports from the Council.

1 Do you want to start Roy. 2 3 MR. LEAVITT: Pardon. 4 5 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Next on the 6 agenda is reports from the Council members, would you 7 like to start Roy. 8 9 MR. R. NAGEAK: Yes. For me personally 10 it's been a good year in my subsistence way of life. 11 It's a matter of the need for the ice to stay here 12 longer and that's beyond our control. A lot of things 13 that we do during our subsistence way of life is beyond 14 our control. But for caribou and for tuks it's really 15 been a good year for me. 16 17 The walrus and the bearded seals, the 18 season for those is very short and that's just going to 19 be my comment from my point of view on subsistence 20 hunting. Walrus and the oogruks, it's getting a little 21 bit harder because of the short season and I need to be 22 out in the country, which have a healing aspect of the 23 way that I live being out into the environment, being 24 out in the -- go hand in hand with what God have 25 created for us, the animals which provide for our needs 26 and the short season we have in the summer and the 27 shorter season that is available for us with walrus and 28 bearded seals. And the concerns with the seals that 29 are being affected and some of the reports that they 30 don't really know what's happening is the issue that's 31 been on my mind is, when are they going to find out 32 what's affecting the seals and the walrus. 33 34 Thank you, Madame Chair. 35 36 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Do we have 37 any questions for Roy. 38 39 (No comments) 40 41 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: I'd like to 42 ask that we have a report at our next meeting related 43 to the seals. I know there has been a report at other 44 meetings and if we could get some of that information I 45 think that would help us. 46 I think that we also need to have 47 48 follow-up discussions within the communities. I know 49 this concern was brought to my attention about three 50 years ago, three to four years ago. I had done visits

1 to all of the villages and four villages had expressed 2 concerns for seals. We brought those discussions to 3 other meetings so I think that it's just very important 4 that we follow through with that discussion. 5 6 Don. 7 MR. MIKE: Thank you, Rosemary. You 8 9 want the seal sickness on our next meeting agenda, I'll 10 approach Marine Mammals and see if we can find someone 11 to do a presentation on what their findings are as far 12 as their research on the seals that have sores on their 13 skin. 14 15 Thank you, Madame Chair. 16 17 MR. R. NAGEAK: Just one positive 18 report in regards to the process of changing from lead 19 to steel on a personal perspective how our people have 20 really accepted, looking how positive the Federal 21 government in that process and in some cases changing 22 -- if you have any lead shells, changing to steel. I 23 don't know who started that program, whether it was the 24 Borough or the Federal government -- I believe it was 25 the Federal government. And that was one of the best 26 programs in changing from steel to lead [sic], was a 27 very positive feedback. When I saw it I was one of 28 those older guys that preferred lead but after I had 29 that information with the Federal people when they 30 first came up and the process that they utilized was 31 kind of heady the first time but after the educational 32 aspect of how it reflects on our animals, that process 33 is the one that really turned me around, was the 34 educational aspect that came from the Federal 35 government and the impact it has. And I think more of 36 that as we go along, the more educational aspect that 37 comes from Federal program and how we utilize -- how we 38 hunt was real positive. 39 40 Thank you. 41 42 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: If there's 43 no additional questions we'll move on to Bob. Did you 44 want to say something. 45 46 MR. SHEARS: Consulting with members of 47 the community of Wainwright, bringing four concerns to 48 the table today. 49 50 There was a flyer posted in Wainwright,

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1 I received a phone call on it asking if I could inquire
2
  and get any background information on, stating that
  North Slope Borough Wildlife Department was tagging and
3
4 sealing wolf and wolverine hides and the people were
5 asking me, what was the requirement for that. Could
6 you -- Earnest could you shed any light on that
7 project?
8
9
                   MR. E. NAGEAK: Well, our office mostly
10 works with tagging marine.....
11
12
                   MR. R. NAGEAK: Identify yourself.
13
14
                   MR. E. NAGEAK: .....mammals, walrus
15 and polar bear hides and we don't have the tagging
16 stuff for wolves and wolverines, if that's what you're
17 talking about.
18
19
                   MR. SHEARS: Yes.
20
21
                  MR. E. NAGEAK: The person that does
22 that here is the State Fish and Game, that's the only
23 office I know that does it here in Barrow.
2.4
25
                   MR. SHEARS: Oh, okay, it's the State
26 Fish and Game office?
27
28
                   MR. E. NAGEAK: Yeah, because the U.S.
29 Fish and Wildlife Service only tags walrus tusk and
30 polar bear skulls and hides.
31
32
                   MR. SHEARS: Okay, thank you.
33
34
                   MR. E. NAGEAK: So that's.....
35
                   MR. SHEARS: It gets me a little closer
36
37 to the subject.
38
39
                   (Cell phone interruption)
40
                   MR. SHEARS: George.
41
42
43
                   MR. R. NAGEAK: For the record, are you
44 going to get his name.
45
46
                   REPORTER: Yes, I am. Your name for
47 the record, can you say it.
48
49
                   MR. E. NAGEAK: Earnest Nageak for the
50 record.
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1 MR. PAPPAS: Madame Chair, if I may. Geoff Carroll is our local Fish and Game area manager 2 and he asked me to contact him if you had questions for 3 4 him to come over and answer, so during a break I will 5 get a hold of him. So at some point in time today we 6 can give you a briefing. You're asking for a briefing 7 on the wolf sealing data? 8 9 MR. SHEARS: Yes, uh-huh. 10 11 MR. PAPPAS: I could do that. 12 13 MR. SHEARS: The people in Wainwright 14 just want to understand what is the concern and 15 requirement for it, is it a study or if it is a 16 regulatory action. 17 18 MR. PAPPAS: I will do my best to get 19 that for you during the meeting. 20 21 MR. SHEARS: All right, thank you. 22 23 MR. PAPPAS: Thank you. 2.4 25 MR. SHEARS: Second item on my list 26 there was a question asking how, you know, with Obama 27 sponsoring a bill that will blend NOAA with the 28 Department of Interior; they were wondering if I could 29 provide status updates back to the community how that 30 bill is progressing. And if it does become a formal 31 process that takes place they'd like to have progress 32 reports on how the Department of the Interior is going 33 to take over control of NOAA as well as the impact it 34 would have on U.S. Fish and Wildlife's role in 35 protecting and monitoring marine mammals. 36 37 The third item was brought up by the 38 city council, wanting to know what authorities the city 39 may have in establishing bounties on Arctic foxes and 40 red foxes, local to the community or within city 41 limits. 42 43 And the final question that came to me 44 was an issue that is of concern that is, you know, in 45 regards to the taking of moose and muskox on an 46 opportunity basis in regions when they present 47 themselves where they normally would not be and where 48 they're regulated and they're not allowed to be 49 harvested. The question arises when about once every 50 five to 10 years a moose, a stray moose will come

1 walking right into the village of Wainwright, places where they're unheard of, it's not their habitat and 2 3 they're closed -- you're not allowed to subsistence 4 hunt them there. The elders of the community 5 traditionally have harvested, indicate that these stray 6 animals, muskox, moose are harvested, and that is a 7 traditional hunting method for those type of animals. 8 They don't deliberately go out and seek these animals, 9 but when they present themselves as an opportunity like 10 that it's a gift. And subsistence regulations do not 11 recognize that as an opportunity for hunting, simply 12 make -- it creates a feeling of anxiety in the 13 community when they take these animals because they 14 realize that they are breaking the law, and they're 15 hoping that the State and Federal fish and wildlife 16 services recognize these possibilities and will allow 17 for them when they may occur. 18 19 That's all my questions. 20 21 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Madame Chair. 22 23 MR. SHEARS: Or all my points. 2.4 25 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes, Helen. 26 27 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: I wanted to just 28 address that with Bob. What you can do is, right now, 29 and you're new to the Council so this isn't familiar to 30 you yet, but later on in the meeting we're going to be 31 taking proposals to change fish regulations, next year 32 we'll be taking proposals to change wildlife 33 regulations so at that time what you'd want to do is 34 put forward a proposal and maybe have somebody from the 35 community do it and get community support and we can 36 work with you..... 37 38 MR. SHEARS: Okay. 39 MS. H. ARMSTRONG:to help you, 40 41 you know, create that proposal and see what happens. 42 43 MR. SHEARS: Okay. 44 45 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: It's the kind of 46 thing that goes to the Board and we'll see. 47 48 MR. SHEARS: All right, thank you. 49 50 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: No promises.

DR. YOKEL: Madame Chair. 1 2 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes, Dave. 3 4 5 DR. YOKEL: This is Dave Yokel with the 6 BLM. Before you do that I would suggest you read the 7 current regulations closely. I know -- I don't know 8 what they say right now but I know in the past the 9 State has passed regulations to do just what you're 10 requesting for both muskox and moose. 11 12 MR. SHEARS: Okay. 13 14 DR. YOKEL: The muskox was by -- I 15 think you had -- if a muskox was in your area you had 16 to call up Geoff and get a permit before harvesting it. 17 I'm not sure what the regulations are right now. Often 18 if the State passes a regulation like that the North 19 Slope RAC then proposes a similar, or identical 20 regulation and it passes the Board. 21 22 MR. SHEARS: Uh-huh. 23 2.4 DR. YOKEL: But I think you ought to 25 look at the regs. 26 27 MR. SHEARS: Okay. 28 29 DR. YOKEL: It may be legal right now. 30 I don't know for sure, I don't have a copy of them with 31 me. 32 33 MR. SHEARS: We've got them here, the 34 new ones. 35 DR. YOKEL: I'll look through them for 36 37 you. 38 39 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Those are the fish 40 regs. 41 42 MR. SHEARS: Oh, no, that's fish, I'm 43 sorry. 44 45 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Unfortunately we 46 have run out of wildlife regs in -- they just didn't 47 have enough. 48 49 MR. SHEARS: Okay. 50

1 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: But I can look them 2 up on line. But I'll work with you, after the meeting we can check on that and see what the current 3 4 regulations are and then we'll make sure we'll get 5 something in place if it's not what -- yeah, I think 6 you make a good point it may be already legal. 7 8 MR. SHEARS: Okay. 9 10 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: It is true with the 11 muskox I know they were doing that, I'm not sure if it 12 was for moose too. 13 14 DR. YOKEL: I'm pretty sure there is 15 one for moose in 26A west of a certain longitude..... 16 17 MR. SHEARS: Uh-huh. 18 19 DR. YOKEL:which would include 20 Wainwright. 21 22 MR. SHEARS: Okay. 23 2.4 DR. YOKEL: I think there was a moose 25 season. 26 27 MR. SHEARS: Okay. 28 DR. YOKEL: Which obviously is going to 29 30 be an opportunistic kind of a deal. 31 MR. SHEARS: Okay. Yeah, I'll work 32 33 with you and we'll get the regs and we'll research that 34 and I can take that answer back to the community. 35 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Okay. 36 37 DR. YOKEL: We could find that out 38 39 today from Geoff. 40 41 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: I'll look it up if I 42 can get a password and I can look on line and look it 43 up. 44 45 MR. SHEARS: Okay, thank you. 46 47 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: I can help 48 you with that. 49 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Okay. 50

1 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Is there 2 any other questions for Bob. 3 4 MR. R. NAGEAK: Just while they're 5 sitting there. That was one of the concerns, these --6 how the State fit in regulating our caribou and the 7 moose and then how the Federal government does their 8 stuff on PET-4 and all the national parks and 9 regulations, how the State over -- has -- what did we 10 call that at our last meeting -- that was the issue I 11 was trying to address, always had most on PET-4 and all 12 the national Parks with Federal jurisdiction and then 13 we got to comply with State regulations on these 14 animals. Remember you were put as lower than the State 15 especially in regards to the caribou and the moose and 16 the muskox. How does that fit in, I mean..... 17 18 DR. YOKEL: This is Dave Yokel again. 19 I'm -- I think -- I'm going to try to answer your 20 question because I'm not exactly sure what your 21 question is Roy. 22 23 MR. R. NAGEAK: Well, that was the 24 question that we had there..... 25 26 DR. YOKEL: There are two sets..... 27 MR. R. NAGEAK:the State has --28 29 especially in Federal lands, the State has authority on 30 regulating us in Federal lands like in PET 4, where the 31 concerns are. 32 33 DR. YOKEL: Both the State and the 34 Federal government have hunting regulations. The State 35 regulates hunting everywhere in the state for all 36 people. The Federal government regulates hunting on 37 Federal lands for eligible rural residents. So you, as 38 an eligible rural resident when hunting on Federal 39 lands can hunt under either set of regulations, you can 40 pick and choose among them and hunt under the set of 41 regulations that you prefer. However, they're almost 42 always identical because the State and Federal 43 governments have worked together for the last 20 years 44 to try to reduce the confusion between the two, and 45 whenever the two governments can agree on the best 46 regulation they've made them identical. 47 48 I mean you, as an eligible rural 49 resident go outside of Federal lands, say east of the 50 Colville River and hunt, then you have to -- if you

1 want to hunt legally you have to do so under State 2 regulations. 3 4 MR. R. NAGEAK: And that's the part 5 that we had contention with, where the State, like I 6 stated earlier, had increased by 150 percent the take 7 on the east and where we had eventually no say in 8 regards to what the State decides and that's -- since 9 we're a Federal advisory board and how it relates 10 itself to the State rules and regulations that they 11 tend to make outside of our jurisdiction. 12 13 DR. YOKEL: Well, you, as a Council, as 14 an Advisory Council to the Federal Subsistence Board, 15 it's correct, you have no say in the State regulatory 16 mechanism, but you as a resident of the North Slope 17 region, through your Borough, your Borough has a fish 18 and game management committee which serves as -- I 19 forget what the State calls theirs, local Advisory 20 Board of something like that, you can -- they speak to 21 the State's Board of Game, which sets the regulations 22 for the State, so you do have input to both processes. 23 2.4 MR. R. NAGEAK: Right. And we're going 25 to look at the -- if we could, in the future, look at 26 that proposal or make a proposal and state that through 27 our subsistence petition where a moose or muskox that 28 we used to hunt in the past when it provides itself to 29 us then we want to make it to the Federal rules and 30 regulations, especially on Federal lands, to make sure 31 that this will be made possible. 32 33 DR. YOKEL: Well, as I said you can 34 make recommendations to the Federal Subsistence Board, 35 so you can directly influence Federal regulations. If 36 you want to try to influence State regulations, I'd 37 recommend that you talk to somebody in the Borough's 38 department of wildlife management because they are 39 active in that regulatory process. 40 41 MR. R. NAGEAK: And since the majority 42 of what we regulate or make proposals for, and we have 43 the vast majority of our lands, especially where our 44 people hunt are on Federal lands, then our proposals 45 would carry some weight in regards to what we do 46 traditionally in subsistence and then we'll make those 47 proposals. And I see the point and that would be one 48 of the proposals that we need than rather than try to 49 comply and get a ticket or a tag or go with the seasons 50 that are required by the State then what we want to do

1 is go through the Federal process that we're involved 2 within, say that we want to propose that we'd rather go and change whatever -- if they try to go hand in hand 3 4 then we prefer going through the Federal subsistence 5 than go through the State, which has more stringent 6 rules and regulations than, I hope, from the Federal, 7 if we propose it. 8 9 Thank you. 10 11 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Any further 12 questions or discussion. 13 14 MR. LEAVITT: Madame Chair. 15 16 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes, Lloyd. 17 18 MR. LEAVITT: Roy's comments there. 19 The North Slope region has been set aside by the 20 Federal government, so all the years as a hunter and a 21 subsistence user I've always just looked at the Federal 22 guidelines and not so much the State guidelines because 23 we are all under the National Petroleum Reserve and 24 there are portions of lands leased by the state of 25 Alaska, so my opinion has always been that we are all 26 under the Federal government and -- but I believe in 27 the tribal government, doing the consultation --28 consultation agreement with the Federal government, 29 that different departments do co-manage our subsistence 30 way of life and work with the government on that, and 31 that is the intent of the subsistence user to work with 32 the Federal government. So I see it as a Federal 33 government issue unless I stand to be corrected but 34 that's always how I've always interpreted it. 35 36 The other is on the -- my comments 37 would be that hunting caribou, all the land critters 38 has been very good with the exception of the sea 39 mammals. I've heard some rumors some years back due to 40 the ice receding that we're not to be harvesting the 41 walrus when they beach and the rest that are beach 42 front. A lot of our people miss having walrus. It's 43 our delicacy, it's what we eat. I have children under 44 12, I have adult children. The past three years I have 45 not catch a walrus and the second year my daughters 46 asked my wife, mom, when are you going to cook that, 47 you know, that sticky food we eat. We looked at each 48 other and said walrus. How come you don't make that on 49 Sundays anymore, like we normally have it every Sunday 50 and she goes that's because your dad hasn't gone

1 hunting and I go that's because the ice is receded, we 2 don't catch the walrus anymore. And I've also heard 3 through grapevines that any walrus that beach and rest 4 during their migration back to the south, that we're 5 not to catch them. And the last couple of years I've 6 been telling myself that if a walrus -- a walrus or a 7 small part of walrus, just four to six or under 10, 8 that I'll catch a walrus for the winter to feed my 9 family and with the herd of walruses. the second year 10 in a row beach at Point Lay, there's got to be some 11 standard made on harvesting walrus during the migration 12 back to the south. So there should be some provisions 13 made that we should be allowed to catch walrus during 14 migration if they're single and/or under about a 15 certain number could be 10, 12, a small pod of them, 16 not so much the entire herd. A lot of our people miss 17 this delicacy. We make our fermented walrus. We have 18 -- we freeze a lot of it so that we may be able to eat 19 it on weekends and at certain occasions. 20 21 That's my comments on walrus issues. 22 23 As for the seals that have been 24 surfacing this past fall, late summer, fall, we all 25 have to remember that Japan had a major earthquake and 26 all the radio-activities appear. That is something 27 that I got -- after several months, and I asked how 28 much radio-activity we were getting up here and I was 29 informed that we have some radio fallouts but the Feds 30 took the funding away from past so that the air 31 monitoring was stopped. And with the currents, that 32 all comes in during the winter months, we get a lot of 33 north current from the Atlantic side and during the 34 fall -- I mean the early spring and during the summer 35 months right into fall our currents come in from the 36 Pacific side, so a lot of the currents come from the 37 Pacific and that's when a lot of the fallout that --38 we've been getting debris in Southwestern Alaska, a lot 39 back in the East Coast -- I mean West Coast America. 40 We know that a lot of the radio-activity has reached 41 our oceans and that's something that should be 42 considered to be studied. Not only are our seals 43 getting affected, every one of our sea mammals is being 44 affected by radio-activity from the Pacific side into 45 our waters and that should be something that should be 46 looked into real soon and start looking at how much of 47 it we have here instead of doing a lot of the studies 48 they're not -- they're getting sick from something 49 else, it is a fact that Japan had the nuclear fallout 50 so we have a lot of that radio-activity up here. So

1 that's something that should really be looked into by 2 the Federal government. 3 4 I would request for that, not only 5 pertain to the seals. I understand there was some --6 the whales never leave the Alaskan waters, that is 7 something that needs to be looked into because we'll be 8 harvesting our whales this spring again, in a couple of 9 months, that there should be an outgoing study on all 10 our marine mammals. 11 12 Thank you. 13 14 DR. YOKEL: Madame Chair. 15 16 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Dave. 17 18 DR. YOKEL: Thank you. I'd like to 19 just address one small part of Mr. Leavitt's comments. 20 He -- I may misquote you, you said something about the 21 Federal government having purview over all North Slope 22 lands, and so I passed out a map and if you look across 23 the North Slope there are four, basically four colors 24 that show up on the map there. There's green which are 25 lands managed by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and 26 the National Park Service. There's the NPR-A which is 27 kind of a beige color and that's managed by the Bureau 28 of Land Management. And those two colors represent the 29 lands -- the Federal lands where the Federal government 30 can regulate hunting for eligible rural residents. The 31 blue lands are State lands and the kind of reddish 32 brown colored lands, if you will, are Native 33 corporation lands, which are privately held lands. 34 Both State lands and privately held lands, hunting on 35 those lands is regulated only by the State government. 36 So the Federal government has no regulatory powers over 37 hunting on those blue and red lands. 38 39 So since the map was available I just 40 wanted to pass it out and point that out. 41 42 MR. SHEARS: Thank you for that 43 information. Thank you, Dave. 44 45 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Earnest. 46 47 MR. E. NAGEAK: Yeah, to address your 48 fox issues. 49 50 MR. SHEARS: Yes.

1 MR. E. NAGEAK: This is Earnest for the 2 record. Can you repeat your concern I might have some 3 suggestions. 4 5 MR. SHEARS: Oh, okay, sure, this is 6 Bob. 7 8 The city council would like to 9 establish a bounty on Arctic foxes because they don't 10 have a school bus running and there's an outbreak of 11 rabies in the foxes. A lot of people are being 12 approached or even challenged by these foxes as they 13 walk the street. Kids are afraid to leave the house, 14 mother's are afraid to send their kids to walk to 15 school. And so the city council is interested in 16 managing a fox control -- managing fox control within 17 the village, and they would like to understand their --18 the legal status in establishing bounties on killing 19 foxes. 20 21 MR. E. NAGEAK: Okay. We have the same 22 issue around here with foxes near schools and rabies 23 and having kids walking to the gym or home. When 24 there's a fox near the schools here in Barrow they 25 notify the dispatch and the dispatch calls the North 26 Slope Borough Health Department and Vet Clinic and with 27 the increased number of foxes in town the vet clinic 28 works closely with our tribal government, Native 29 Village of Barrow and we have a wildlife department 30 there, they had asked us to respond to those calls and 31 patrol and since it was working with the Borough the 32 police department knew about it and basically had 33 permission to respond to these calls and shoot them in 34 a safe aware, whether it's in town, city limits. So I 35 suggest you to get in contact with the health 36 department and work with the police department and they 37 could have someone from the city of Barrow -- or city 38 of Wainwright to have someone to respond to these fox 39 calls and take care of them in a matter.... 40 41 MR. SHEARS: That is exactly..... 42 43 MR. E. NAGEAK: Yeah. 44 45 MR. SHEARS:that's exactly what 46 the city of Wainwright did. 47 48 REPORTER: Bob. Turn your mic on 49 please. 50

1 MR. SHEARS: They hired -- okay, yes. 2 They hired a person to be an on call responder person 3 who owns a snowmobile and a weapon, a shotgun, and when 4 there's a call that comes to the attention of the city 5 they dispatch him to go and take control of the 6 situation. 7 8 No, the question I have, or the city 9 has, is on what legal basis can they establish an 10 extermination program for Arctic foxes within city 11 limits; that's including the boundaries outside of 12 town. An extermination program would probably require 13 an environmental assessment at the minimum. 14 15 MR. E. NAGEAK: Barrow has a program in 16 the summer that hires local high school students and 17 they go out and they trap foxes during the summer for 18 predator control and I could probably look into more 19 details regarding that. 20 21 MR. SHEARS: Yeah, if you got something 22 already set up, I'd love to see a model of it. 23 2.4 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. 25 26 MR. E. NAGEAK: Yeah, we could talk 27 about getting a program there or wherever there's an 28 issue with fox. 29 30 MR. LEAVITT: Madame Chair. 31 32 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Okay. 33 We've got Roy first and then Lloyd. 34 35 MR. R. NAGEAK: That was one of the 36 items, Madame Chair, that I had under new business, is 37 the way that the Federal government can protect the 38 spectacled eider and the endangered species around the 39 Barrow area, is their summer program trying to trap. 40 Now is the time to do the trapping to decrease foxes 41 within our region. And with the respect, the idea of 42 bounties, and the way that fur farming has taken the 43 majority of our need to do trapping for foxes, the way 44 to take care of foxes is in the wintertime when they're 45 more out in the open and the need for trapping for 46 them. When I see them trying to do it in the summer 47 it's more localized and trying to protect endangered 48 species, but now would be the time to try to take care 49 of all the foxes that tend to decrease the endangered 50 species.

That's kind of backwards. 1 2 3 When I see -- when I go up inland and I 4 see these people walking trying to catch foxes, it's a 5 no-win situation. There's so many foxes now that what 6 they're trying to do is just going to -- it doesn't 7 even touch the population of foxes that tend to feed on 8 the endangered species population. 9 10 Thank you. 11 12 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Go ahead. 13 14 MR. LEAVITT: I remember a couple of 15 years ago when the foxes first came out, you know, the 16 tribal government and the North Slope Borough wildlife 17 department and the health department got together and 18 they got rid of a number of foxes. There was a guy 19 walking around a year or two ago over here in Barrow 20 behind the school killing foxes, perhaps that's 21 something that can be worked on between the community 22 of Wainwright, between the city and the tribal and the 23 health department because the health department can 24 really assist them under the North Slope Borough be 25 legal killing foxes right in town. And that's exactly 26 what happened here in Barrow a year or two ago. And 27 believe me they didn't sight -- we didn't sight any 28 foxes for a complete winter. Now that the -- after the 29 summer months, after rebirthing we have a lot of new 30 foxes back -- right back in the town now. 31 32 So the communities -- with the 33 committees that got together and got rid of a lot of 34 the foxes a year or two ago but over the summer months 35 rebirthing we've grown a substantial amount again. 36 37 Thank you. 38 39 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Dave. 40 DR. YOKEL: Dave Yokel, thank you, 41 42 Madame Chair. Mr. Shears, around Barrow, the area 43 around Barrow is the only place on the North Slope 44 where there's a significant number of steller's eiders 45 that breed and the steller's eider is listed under the 46 Endangered Species Act, and some of the loss of that 47 species is due to foxes. So there's a situation 48 regarding foxes in Barrow that's unique and does not 49 apply to the Wainwright area. 50

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1 MR. SHEARS: Yes. 2 3 DR. YOKEL: The Wainwright area, as I 4 stated earlier, if you look at the map, is private 5 land.... 6 7 MR. SHEARS: Uh-huh. 8 DR. YOKEL:and it's regarded as 9 10 private land, wildlife regulations there are 11 promulgated by the State of Alaska. 12 13 MR. SHEARS: Uh-huh. 14 15 DR. YOKEL: So I would recommend that 16 if you want to set up some legal means of controlling 17 foxes around Wainwright that you talk first to Geoff 18 Carroll here.... 19 20 MR. SHEARS: Okay. 21 22 DR. YOKEL:and pursue that 23 avenue. 2.4 25 Thank you. 26 27 MR. SHEARS: Okay, thank you. 28 29 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: George. 30 31 MR. PAPPAS: Madame Chair. George 32 Pappas, Fish and Game. Geoff will be here in a moment. 33 34 MR. SHEARS: Okay. 35 36 MR. PAPPAS: Thank you. 37 38 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Okay. Just 39 a moment. 40 41 I also have experienced those types of 42 concerns. We had a pretty serious event in Nuiqsut in 43 which 15 (ph) people were exposed. It is something 44 that all of our communities have concerns for over the 45 years, some years worse than others. There are 46 definitely mechanisms in place, we'll get some more 47 information from George. It is a life health safety 48 issue and we do have ways that we can identify to come 49 up with a local management plan that'll help you 50 address these issues. I know that our Staff that we

1 have with OSM and the people that we've been working 2 with at the State are very knowledgeable in ways that 3 they can facilitate these discussions. 4 5 MR. SHEARS: Uh-huh. 6 7 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: And I know that the issue is going to be looking for the funding 8 9 for it and coming up with the right combinations of 10 cooperative discussions to get the support to allow you 11 to do the management. So I think we can entertain 12 further discussion when Geoff gets here. 13 14 MR. SHEARS: Uh-huh. 15 16 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: And if you 17 have any other issues or concerns, we were working with 18 Lloyd's discussion, so if we have no further questions 19 on that, do you have any other concerns? 20 21 MR. SHEARS: No, I don't have any more. 22 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Okay. 23 24 We're going to move to Donald, do you have a comment? 25 26 MR. MIKE: Thank you, Madame Chair. As 27 far as Bob's comments in establishing a bounty, this 28 program, we don't deal with any bounty, we provide 29 subsistence opportunities through the regulatory 30 process. But through the -- I think this would be 31 under the jurisdiction of the State Board of Game to 32 establish bounties in conjunction with the State Health 33 and Human Services to address your health concerns. 34 But, you know, we can look at our regulations and see 35 if we can increase harvest limits through trapping and 36 hunting. 37 38 MR. SHEARS: Yeah, okay, thank you. 39 40 MR. MIKE: Thank you, Madame Chair. 41 42 MR. LEAVITT: The problem we have is 43 that we don't have any more trappers. 44 45 (Laughter) 46 47 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. 48 49 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes, Roy. 50

MR. R. NAGEAK: Along those lines I 1 2 would like to get an idea of what the Federal government utilizes or the resources or the monies that 3 4 they spend in regards to fox eradication during the 5 summertime, just to get an idea of how much money that 6 they spend, because it's an ongoing program I think, 7 every year, and whether the utilization of that money 8 could be better spent doing it in wintertime rather 9 than the summertime where it's spotty. 10 11 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Do we have 12 someone who could add discussion to his question? 13 14 Earnest. 15 16 MR. E. NAGEAK: Earnest Nageak. Was 17 that comment regarding our summer program? 18 19 MR. R. NAGEAK: Yes, for fox 20 eradication or -- and how much monies are spent by the 21 Federal government to do that. 22 23 MR. E. NAGEAK: Yeah, they usually just 24 have one biologist or someone from out of town and they 25 hire two high school students or interns to go along 26 with them and it's just three people running that 27 program. And when they get all these foxes they give 28 them to the North Slope Borough wildlife department 29 which does all the studies on them for rabies and 30 samples. But I don't know where the money's going 31 to.... 32 33 MR. R. NAGEAK: Or where it's coming 34 from. 35 MR. E. NAGEAK:or where it's 36 37 coming from but it's main -- the main purpose of that 38 program is to minimize predator from the steller eider 39 -- or protecting the steller eiders during the nesting 40 season. That's the main purpose of the program. 41 42 MR. R. NAGEAK: Thank you. 43 44 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Having no 45 further discussion we'll move on with Lee's concerns. 46 47 MR. MIKE: Lee, do you have any 48 concerns or comments you'd want to provide as far as 49 subsistence or other issues? 50

1 MR. KAYOTUK: Yeah, we do in the 2 village, been up in the mountains at this point in time 3 and we don't have no snow at all up here in the 4 mountains now and it's just bare ground. And other 5 than that on the coast it's okay but I went for a short 6 drive yesterday and I seen a polar bear digging its den 7 and I found that pretty interesting and I was just 8 wandering around and we do have a lot of foxes and 9 stuff like that. But other than that it's -- we do 10 have a wildlife department here that, you know, always 11 check around to make sure that these foxes do not 12 attempt to come to the village or, you know, we do have 13 the public safety that we can contact too that try to 14 scare off of these foxes and stuff like that. 15 16 Thank you. 17 18 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Do you have 19 anything else to report for Kaktovik as far as 20 subsistence? 21 22 MR. KAYOTUK: Not at -- we do have a 23 lot of -- we got about maybe about 60 caribou, I think, 24 hanging around the coast now that came down from the 25 mountains. There must be -- they're just hanging 26 around the coastline feeding, which is good, so there's 27 a few people that got some caribou anyway. But other 28 than that, no, I don't. 29 30 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Okay. Do 31 we have any questions for Lee. 32 33 (No comments) 34 35 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Hearing 36 none. I participated this last year as part of our 37 Board with the working group for tribal consultation. 38 We attended multiple meetings for that process. 39 40 Prior to our joint meeting I had done 41 all the calls to the villages and there was a lot of 42 support from the North Slope to support Anaktuvuk Pass 43 in their concern. They have a resolution that they had 44 forwarded related to the opposition to the road to 45 Umiat and they have succeeded in getting multiple 46 village resolutions in support of that concern. 47 48 There are a lot of concerns that were 49 related to the seals. Multiple villages were asking 50 questions, if we had more information and I know a few

1 recent meetings that there has been some reporting that 2 has been done and that information is starting to get out into the village, but when you only have a few 3 4 people going to these meetings it's really important to 5 get this information back to the villages. We have had 6 concerns related to whether or not it's safe to eat 7 these animals as well as concerns as to our traditional 8 uses of the skins and things like that that are being 9 affected by these illnesses and concerns of not being 10 able to utilize other parts of the animals with some of 11 the traditional activities related to the harvesting of 12 the animals and using the body parts for all the 13 different things that we use them for in our North 14 Slope lifestyle. 15 16 We also have had good reports for 17 caribou near Nuiqsut this last year. There's been 18 many, many years where the actual harvest has been 19 really changed with the land use changes that are 20 occurring near the community and it was like -- like 21 this year was better than most so that was good to 22 hear. 23 2.4 We've had some really good wolf hunting 25 occurring in Anaktuvuk Pass. Recently there was a 26 number of wolves that was caught by one of the hunters 27 over there. They've also had a lot of concerns because 28 the fall migration was impacted and they were working 29 with trying to share information about these concerns. 30 Over a number of years this has been a lot of concern 31 between the Nuiqsut and Anaktuvuk and there has been a 32 lot of effort working together to share these concerns. 33 When your animals are migrating to the north you can 34 have impacts along this migratory route that can affect 35 Nuiqsut and when you're migrating to the south you have 36 impacts that occur to Anaktuvuk. So the North Slope 37 communities all supported the concerns related to this 38 protection of the migratory route and the importance 39 for Anaktuvuk in their harvesting. 40 41 The concerns for walrus also have been 42 shared with me. There's a tremendous amount of concern 43 with not being able to harvest that. I know my mom has 44 had trouble eating and the fermented walrus is 45 something that she really is able to eat a small amount 46 and get the nutrition she needs from that item and not 47 being able to obtain it through our traditional sharing 48 means has been very difficult for her. It is very 49 important for our elders to be able to have their 50 traditional foods especially with changes to our

1 health. Our traditional foods are very important when they're having difficulties. And a lot of times our 2 fish are some of the first foods that they can eat when 3 4 they're sick so it's really important that we keep the 5 protection of our access to our traditional foods to 6 help us stay healthy. 7 8 And I'll leave it at that. 9 10 Do we have any questions. 11 12 MR. R. NAGEAK: Just a comment, Madame 13 Chair. 14 15 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes. 16 17 MR. R. NAGEAK: In regards to rumors 18 and innuendos of what the Federal government will do 19 with our walrus and the seals, in the current situation 20 there with global warming and where they have no ice to 21 go up on and usually the perception of how it will 22 impact the way that we hunt these animals and we all 23 see in the forefront of how much money the Federal 24 government has to study and do scientific studies to 25 alleviate some of these perceptions that are out there 26 to really get all the data and everything else before 27 any ocean regulations are made to control basically our 28 ability to hunt these animals before they keep going 29 forward, we need those data and reading all that data 30 and now the scientific studies, the monies that are 31 needed and we, especially in the forefront where the 32 Federal government's funding is being decreased by 33 powers that may be, on the nationwide perspective and 34 then we see the one percent -- seeing the 99 percent 35 and then the one percent that tend to control the 36 monies in this country and where it's being decreased 37 in the areas that like -- like up where the development 38 is being increased but we could see the Federal 39 government being decreased in regards to the studies 40 that are needed to protect our way of life or protect 41 and get the right data rather than try to make 42 decisions through perception and innuendos and rumors. 43 That's one area that I think when we see the Federal 44 government to move forward before they make any changes 45 in our subsistence way of life that some of these be 46 done in the proper way through data collection. 47 48 One good example that we see is through 49 the bowhead whale and how studies have been done to 50 that. If any other need for rules and regulations that

1 limits our subsistence way of life then the monies that 2 need to be -- or required by the Federal government to do the studies right rather than make decisions through 3 4 perceptions of what global warming or whatever it does 5 to our environment and the animals that we subsistence 6 on, I prefer to make that statement rather than our 7 lives -- our way of life through perception and 8 innuendos and like what Lloyd says, rumors, that 9 they're going to make it difficult for us to get, like 10 the walrus, if it's beached up on the ground. 11 12 Thank you. 13 14 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Okay. Do 15 we have any other questions or comments. 16 17 (No comments) 18 19 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Was Lee 20 trying to say something -- or no it's coming from the 21 other side. 22 23 All right. I moved into the Chair's 24 report without officially recognizing it on to the 25 agenda, or at least my report. Did Harry provide a 26 written report, Helen? 27 28 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Thank you, Madame 29 Chair. May I have a second, I'm going to pull it up. 30 We don't have copies because it was done -- just 31 recently signed. But you were at the meeting so 32 anything you want to add to what happened at the 33 meeting. 34 35 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: The joint 36 meeting was very informative. There were concerns from 37 both sides about species that occur on both sides and 38 the importance of protecting the migratory route for 39 that. It was a very good meeting with good 40 discussions. We had good participation from the 41 members that were there. We had discussion related to 42 the tribal consultation policy. We also had the --43 what is that acronym for the conservation plan 44 presentation, there is some concerns related to that 45 and requesting for more information about that and how 46 is that going to affect the decision because that's 47 something new that was being discussed at that meeting. 48 And we did have a very good discussion related to 49 concerns to the species related to changes in our 50 environment and changes in weather patterns and how

1 that's affecting us. 2 3 Do we have anything else. 4 5 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. 6 7 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Roy, do you 8 want to add anything? 9 10 MR. R. NAGEAK: Just some comments in 11 regards to the State and how the Federal people, the 12 people that we depend on for our subsistence way of 13 life, a step underneath the State. I just want to make 14 sure that gets corrected, that they are equally, the 15 State both in regulations in regards to what they need 16 to control and what the Federal government, through the 17 Subsistence Advisory Councils need to do, the process, 18 but then outside of the -- the process, the State 19 process, we need to get more educated on who -- who's 20 button to push in the State. Because when they -- like 21 I stated when the comments were being made for the 22 North Slope or within the Haul Road thing, increase of 23 150 percent harvest level and I asked a question to 24 that State lady, 150 percent of what harvest level is 25 the State talking about and no response. We need to 26 have those communities and what the right agencies are 27 to talk about how the subsistence hunters that are 28 being impacted by the traffic that is on the Haul Road 29 and how it would be better regulated or the concerns 30 coming from Anaktuvuk Pass would be better handled. 31 32 Thank you. 33 34 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Do you have 35 any questions or comments, did you want to add 36 anything? 37 38 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Do you want to talk 39 about the Board meeting, the Federal Subsistence Board 40 meeting, too, that we just -- that you just attended. 41 I have the action items that are applicable to the 42 North Slope if you want me to go through those. 43 44 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yeah, go 45 ahead and do that. 46 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Okay. So there were 47 48 three statewide proposals that this Council made 49 recommendations on. 50

1 The first one was WP12-01 and that was 2 the proposal that requested that prior to selling a 3 handicraft incorporating a brown bear claw or claws, 4 that the hide or claws not attached to a hide have to 5 be sealed by an authorized Alaska Department of Fish 6 and Game representative, and the copy of the ADF&G 7 sealing certificate would then accompany the handicraft 8 when sold. And that was submitted by the Brown Bear 9 Claw Handicraft Working Group. And for you, Bob, this 10 has been a many, many year process. And all the 11 Council members, they had a -- each Council had a 12 representative on that working group except for Western 13 Interior. This Council supported that proposal. And 14 the North -- along with the Northwest Arctic, that was 15 at your joint meeting. And there were concerns that 16 the Council expressed about sealing and who would be 17 authorized to seal a brown bear, and this Council 18 suggested providing an opportunity for local people in 19 rural areas to become authorized dealers. The Board 20 adopted the proposal with modification to add language 21 that old claws may be sealed if an affidavit is signed 22 to verify the brown bear was harvested by a Federally-23 qualified subsistence user on Federal public lands. 24 And that was a concern that had been raised by the 25 working group as well, is that, for example in this 26 region, you have to go to Barrow to get sealed and so 27 what the State -- the State has assured us that they'll 28 be able to -- and they already do this but I guess a 29 lot of people don't know that, that they'll authorize 30 people in local communities to be the authorized ADF&G 31 representative to seal the hides. 32 33 So the regulation was added that says: 34 35 Prior to selling a handicraft 36 incorporating brown bear claws, the 37 hide or claws not attached to a hide 38 must be sealed by an authorized ADF&G 39 representative; old claws may be sealed 40 if an affidavit is signed indicating 41 that the claws came from a brown bear 42 harvested on Federal public lands by a 43 Federally-qualified user. 44 45 A copy of the ADF&G sealing certificate 46 must accompany the handicraft when 47 sold. 48 49 So that was adopted by the Board and 50 this Council had supported that.

1 There was then a deferred proposal, 2 WP10-02 that addressed the same issue and that one had 3 been submitted by Fish and Game and was -- they 4 requested that that be withdrawn because the one we 5 just heard superseded that one. 6 7 Proposal WP12-02 had requested that 8 only people 60 years of age or older or disabled be 9 allowed to designate their harvest limit to another 10 person. That was submitted by Michael Cronk of Tok. Т 11 believe every Council opposed that one, yes, and the 12 Board opposed it as well. The justification being that 13 it -- there weren't -- the Board didn't find that there 14 were problems with existing regulations, and the 15 proposal would create a hardship on rural residents, 16 such as mothers and single women. 17 18 Proposal WP12-03 was required trappers 19 to move a trap incidentally to harvest moose, caribou 20 or deer at least 300 feet from the remainder of the 21 regulatory year. That proposal also was opposed by 22 nine of the 10 Councils, and was also opposed by the 23 Board, saying that there was no conservation concern 24 and that it's being addressed -- this proposal would be 25 detrimental to subsistence users. 26 27 Then there were two specific proposals 28 in the North Slope region, WP12-82 and that one 29 requested closing the Federal brown bear season in Unit 30 26A a month later, changing the season, closing from 31 May 31st to June 30th and in Unit 26B, opening the 32 season six days earlier, changing it from September 1st 33 to August 25th and extending the Federal seasons would 34 align the Federal brown bear harvest seasons with the 35 State seasons in Unit 26A and 26B. This Council 36 submitted that proposal. The Council then asked for a 37 modification at the last meeting to extend the season 38 in Unit 26B to year-round, and the Council saw no 39 conservation concerns for Unit 26 brown bear, and a 40 proposal was going before the Board of Game in November 41 2011 for a year-round season in Unit 26B. So the Board 42 supported with modification as recommended by this 43 North Slope Council to support the proposal. And their 44 justification was that it didn't appear that there were 45 conservation concerns in Unit 26A and 26B for brown 46 bears and so they supported a year-round season. The 47 position of the State on this note was that it -- that 48 they're dealing with predator control targeting brown 49 bears in Unit 26B.

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1 And then the last one for North Slope 2 was WP12-83, and that proposal requested shortening the 3 Units 26 wolf hunting season and lower the harvest 4 limit, it was submitted by Defenders of Wildlife. And 5 your Council supported -- voted to oppose it. There 6 aren't any conservation concerns and wolves are an 7 important subsistence resource in Unit 26 and are 8 valued for personal use to make clothing and handicraft 9 and the Board supported your recommendation. 10 11 And that concludes the .805(c) letter 12 report, which we will have sent out to you when we --13 in final. I don't know if there were any questions or, 14 Rosemary, you wanted to add anything else about the 15 meeting at all. 16 17 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: We also 18 addressed the Red Sheep Creek, Cane Creek, and that has 19 reference to Kaktovik. 20 21 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Right. 22 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: And we were 23 24 able to get support for that. It was -- I can't say 25 the specifics on it but there were concerns because our 26 Kaktovik hunters have travel so far, with fly-in 27 hunters, they were impacting their ability to harvest 28 when you have fly-in hunters it causes the sheep to go 29 higher into the mountain. There's also traditional and 30 cultural use by Arctic Village and their efforts to 31 restrict it added also medicinal, and cultural value 32 where they share it primarily with their elders. We 33 added testimony. I know my uncle in Kaktovik, Uncle 34 Coniky (ph), the first time I got to try sheep it was a 35 sheep from this area. It's easy to tell because the 36 fur will get a red tinge to it because of the clays 37 that the sheep will go in and eat and my uncle said 38 when it's really cold on the North Slope side, they'll 39 go down into the valley on that side and they know that 40 they can go there to harvest. So we shared that as 41 well as worked with the other village that was wanting 42 to get that protection. 43 44 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Thank you for 45 reminding me about that. 46 47 Just to help the new Council members, 48 that was addressed even though it's outside of the 49 region because Kaktovik has a customary and traditional 50 use determination for sheep in 25A so you also made a

1 recommendation on that. That was a pretty contentious proposal and they had a lot of testimony from Arctic 2 Village residents both at their Council meeting as well 3 4 as at the Board meeting. So the Board did support 5 closing -- doing a closure for two weeks to all but 6 Federally-qualified users in the Red Sheep Creek, Cane 7 Creek area. 8 9 Thank you, Rosemary. 10 11 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Do we have 12 any questions or comments from the Board. 13 14 15 (No comments) 16 17 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Do we have 18 any questions from people that are here to participate. 19 20 (No comments) 21 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: And Geoff 22 23 has made it to the meeting so Geoff would you mind 24 coming on up and allowing us to get further into our 25 discussion. We had some concerns from Bob and others 26 on this process. 27 28 MR. CARROLL: Thank you. 29 30 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Did George 31 give you insight into what the issue was? 32 33 MR. CARROLL: (Nods affirmatively) 34 35 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: All right, 36 great. 37 38 MR. SHEARS: Hi, Geoff, good morning. 39 40 MR. CARROLL: Good morning. 41 MR. SHEARS: I brought some questions 42 43 from Wainwright with me and I brought them up earlier. 44 45 MR. CARROLL: I'm sorry, I haven't --46 do I push the button to talk? 47 48 REPORTER: Yes, you're on. 49 50 MR. SHEARS: The light's on, you're on.

1 MR. CARROLL: I'm good. 2 3 MR. SHEARS: You're good. 4 5 (Laughter) 6 7 MR. CARROLL: Okay. 8 9 MR. SHEARS: Two issues -- two 10 things..... 11 12 MR. CARROLL: I guess I should 13 introduce myself. 14 15 MR. SHEARS: Yes. 16 17 MR. CARROLL: I'm Geoff Carroll. I'm 18 the area biologist for the Alaska Department of Fish 19 and Game stationed in Barrow. 20 21 MR. SHEARS: Okay, thank you. One 22 question come to me as a concerned hunter in regards to 23 that he had heard of a flyer that had been posted in 24 Wainwright in regards to a requirement for sealing wolf 25 and wolverine skins and he wanted to know as a 26 subsistence hunter, if that applied to him when he 27 sends his -- mails his hides out for tanning? 28 29 MR. CARROLL: Yes, it does, it applies 30 to everybody. Legally in the state everybody that 31 harvests a wolf, a wolverine or lynx needs to get those 32 hides sealed. 33 34 MR. SHEARS: Uh-huh. 35 MR. CARROLL: And it's difficult on the 36 37 North Slope because we don't have a sealer in every 38 village and so we kind of understand, you know, that it 39 doesn't work exactly like it does every place else. 40 But one thing that he'll run into is if he sends those 41 hides out to get them sealed, they won't -- sends them 42 out to get them..... 43 44 MR. SHEARS: Tanned, they won't tan 45 them. 46 47 MR. CARROLL:tanned, they won't 48 tan them unless they are sealed. So anybody that has 49 hides like that, you know, other places you're supposed 50 to bring the hide into the Fish and Game office and get

1 them sealed, you know, if they just notify me I'll just 2 mail the seals to them. 3 4 MR. SHEARS: Okay. 5 6 MR. CARROLL: But you are supposed to 7 have a trapping license in order to do that, it cost \$15 to get a trapping license. And if you have a 8 9 trapping license basically there's no limit on the 10 number of wolves you can harvest. And I'm sorry we 11 don't have a sealer, you know, it's one of those kind 12 of thankless tasks, you know, over the years I've 13 arranged for people to be sealers but you make -- you 14 know you don't get paid very much and a lot of your 15 neighbors look at you funny because you're working kind 16 of -- working for the State and all that, it's been 17 hard to keep sealers in all the villages. But like I 18 say anybody that kind of gets in that situation I'm 19 very happy to do whatever it takes to get a license to 20 them and get the seals to them and all that. 21 22 MR. SHEARS: Okay. 23 2.4 MR. CARROLL: And the reason we do it 25 is, you know, wolves are very important resource up 26 here and we like to keep track on how many are 27 harvested. 2.8 29 MR. SHEARS: Okay. Well, I'm much more 30 informed now on the subject than I was a few minutes 31 ago. Thank you, Geoff, for that. 32 33 MR. CARROLL: Okay. And..... 34 35 MR. R. NAGEAK: Is it the.... 36 37 MR. SHEARS: Go ahead. 38 39 MR. R. NAGEAK: Is it the same for 40 foxes? 41 MR. CARROLL: You don't need to get 42 43 foxes sealed but you can -- if you have a trapping 44 license, again, you can harvest an unlimited number of 45 foxes. So if there's ever any, you know, problem with 46 foxes, people want to get rid of foxes, people want to 47 catch foxes and sell their hides, I mean that's all 48 perfectly legal and you don't even have to get those 49 sealed. So it just requires a \$15 trapping license and 50 you can trap as many as you want. And that includes

1 shooting, too, we -- ground shooting is one legal way 2 of officially trapping, either foxes or wolves. 3 4 MR. SHEARS: That leads right into my 5 next topic which was brought to me by the city council 6 on Monday evening and requested discussion on the 7 subject, was, city of Wainwright would be interested in 8 establishing an Arctic Fox extermination program and 9 maintaining and funding it continuously on an annual 10 basis by setting a bounty on fox or fox tails with the 11 local community, allowing subsistence hunters to go out 12 and -- you know, operating under the premise that 13 they're subsistence hunters, to take unlimited -- you 14 know unlimited quantities of foxes to sell them as 15 bounty to the city. The city started to make a motion 16 to establish a bounty and the PSO immediately raised 17 his hand and said there's legal concerns with this and 18 you better consult with State Fish and Wildlife and 19 find out what are all the aspects, or the issues that 20 may arise from -- legal aspects, you know, arising from 21 establishing such a resolution. So the city stepped 22 back and they just hired an on-call fox control person 23 but they would like to know, you know, under what --24 and when it comes into this venue is, the question is 25 under what aspect is a subsistence hunter still 26 operating as a subsistence hunter or trapper when he is 27 doing predator control for money? 28 29 MR. CARROLL: Well, you know, as far as 30 -- legal designations, I mean everybody in the State 31 really is considered a subsistence hunter. Most people 32 in the state of Alaska that go out and hunt any kind of 33 animal or hunt -- are generally hunting that animal to 34 be used for meat. 35 36 MR. SHEARS: Yeah. 37 38 MR. CARROLL: So as far as being a 39 subsistence hunter or not a subsistence hunter it 40 really doesn't make any difference. 41 42 MR. SHEARS: Okay. 43 44 MR. CARROLL: Anybody that has a \$15 45 trapping license can harvest as many foxes as they want 46 to, you know, and I'm not exactly sure about the 47 legality of -- you know I know the State wouldn't pay 48 it -- you know, get in a situation where we're paying 49 for a bounty but if a municipality wants to do -- or 50 city government wants to do that or whatever, I guess

1 I'd have to check into the legality of that a little 2 bit. I imagine it could be done. 3 4 MR. SHEARS: Yeah. 5 MR. CARROLL: I'm not sure exactly if 6 7 you need a permit to do that or what. 8 9 MR. SHEARS: Yeah. 10 11 MR. CARROLL: You know, I think if they 12 hired a fox control person that's up to them and they 13 can have a trapping license and harvest as many foxes 14 as they want to. 15 16 MR. SHEARS: Okay. 17 18 MR. LEAVITT: Madame Chair. 19 20 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes, Lloyd. 21 MR. LEAVITT: I just have a comment on 22 23 the foxes here. A lot of our people trap to trade, 24 barter or for money, and it's the same application that 25 Wainwright's going to be doing is this guy's going to 26 be getting rid of the predators for, either to trade 27 the skin or barter with the skin or whatever he could 28 do to sell the skin. We don't have any trappers 29 anymore. So in my opinion it falls along the lines, 30 same thing as trapping, that usually goes to sell the 31 fox skin. It's the same application to me. 32 33 And the other item that came for 34 sealing the wolves, wolverines and the lynx, since the 35 village of Wainwright or a lot of the subsistence users 36 are unaware that the State is sending tags out to the 37 villages, perhaps the State just needs to advertise a 38 little more in the villages that we do this to help the 39 people out. If you want to send your skin out to be 40 tanned, that it has to be tagged, if you contact me 41 I'll send you a number -- perhaps you need to better 42 advertise a little more in the villages. 43 44 MR. CARROLL: That's a very good point. 45 We often don't communicate as well as we should and we 46 should make more of an attempt to, you know, let the 47 villages know, you know, they're going to have trouble 48 getting their hide tanned if they send it off and --49 yeah, I agree we need public service announcements to 50 make that more common knowledge.

1 MR. LEAVITT: Yes. 2 3 MR. CARROLL: George just brought up a 4 good point on -- you know with fox skins, if the city 5 wanted to buy fox skins from trappers, you know, I mean 6 that would -- I mean it wouldn't be an official bounty 7 but it would be a way to pay people to harvest foxes. 8 9 MR. LEAVITT: Yeah, it's the same 10 application. 11 12 MR. SHEARS: Thank you. Good point, 13 George. 14 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Go ahead, 15 16 George, were you going to add something. 17 18 MR. PAPPAS: No, I think Lloyd 19 succinctly stated what we were getting to here, is 20 anybody can buy the fox skins from a trapper and as 21 Geoff said trappers can use firearms instead of traps 22 for fox. And I just wanted to note the season there 23 for Arctic fox, both under State and Federal trapping 24 regulations is 26B and C is November 1 through April 25 15th, no limit. 26 27 MR. SHEARS: Uh-huh. 2.8 29 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. 30 31 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes, Roy. 32 33 MR. R. NAGEAK: I remember when I was 34 young the Federal government had a program where they 35 had a bounty for seals and it was a #10 bounty because 36 I remember my dad used to go out and hunt seals a lot, 37 and that was a lot of money back then in the early '60s 38 when the fisheries went down and somewhere all over 39 Alaska and then they started getting bounties on seals. 40 But that was so many years ago. And it's not 41 environmentally right to be doing that with so many 42 people that knows what they're doing right away. 43 44 MR. CARROLL: Yeah. 45 46 MR. R. NAGEAK: But we talked about how 47 the Federal government utilizes monies to do predator 48 fox control around Barrow for the steller eider ducks 49 and the spectacled eider ducks that are in danger, and 50 whether those monies could be properly utilized during

1 the winter, but that's an issue that we just need to 2 look at. 3 4 Thank you. 5 6 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Geoff. 7 8 MR. CARROLL: And, yeah, just like what 9 Roy said, I mean there actually has been a wolf -- or a 10 fox control program around Barrow that the Fish and 11 Wildlife Service kind of contracted with another agency 12 and Earnest could probably tell you more about that. 13 14 MR. E. NAGEAK: Yeah, I did. 15 16 MR. R. NAGEAK: He did. 17 18 MR. SHEARS: Yes, he did. Yeah. 19 20 MR. CARROLL: He already did, okay. 21 All right. 22 23 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Do we have 24 any further questions or comments from the Board for 25 this. 26 MR. LEAVITT: Just something that we 27 28 observed.... 29 30 REPORTER: Lloyd. Lloyd. 31 32 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Your 33 dealibob. 34 MR. LEAVITT:last summer due to 35 36 the influx of fox. My family and I and my girls, we 37 take quite a bit of walks out on the tundra, we come 38 across a lot of (In Inupiat) the brant, steller eiders, 39 we come across a lot of them. In the following weekend 40 we visit, it's not only the foxes that take a lot of 41 the eggs, it's the jaegers and the seagulls that really 42 take a lot of the eggs before they mature. A lot of 43 the jaegers were eating a lot of our -- the eggs last 44 summer, we came across like 14 and the following 45 weekend, I mean there were jaegers around, and I know 46 we spooked the (In Inupiat) and the jaegers were here 47 when we walked away and we know it ate the eggs and the 48 following weekend all 14 nests were gone so a lot of it 49 is not just white foxes, it's also the jaegers and the 50 seagulls that eat the eggs.

1 And I know several years ago when 2 Warren (Indiscernible) was the wildlife director, they got -- they worked with the Feds on eliminating a lot 3 4 of the seagulls within the North Slope area. That was 5 one boat that went around for I believe a year or two 6 killing a lot of the jaegers -- I mean seagulls here. 7 8 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, do you know, 9 Earnest, has there been a seagull program -- reduction 10 program in recent years? 11 12 MR. E. NAGEAK: No. 13 14 MR. CARROLL: I know that was something 15 Warren always brought up, he really thought we ought to 16 reduce the number of seagulls that they're just a 17 problem in the hunting camps, you know, they're getting 18 a lot of eggs around here. 19 20 MR. SHEARS: I remember (Indiscernible) 21 told me they did that in Wainwright years ago. 22 23 MR. CARROLL: Yeah. 2.4 25 MR. LEAVITT: They even get into our 26 gillnets when we're fishing either inland or right 27 here, you know, they eat the fish too. 28 29 MR. CARROLL: Yeah. 30 31 MR. LEAVITT: So they are a real 32 nuisance here on the North Slope, too, that's something 33 to be considered -- or reconsidered since they're 34 taking too much of our steller eiders, geese and the 35 brant eggs too. And that is something that he brought 36 out about a year before he passed away. I remember him 37 saying that at the meeting here. 38 39 MR. CARROLL: Yeah. And, boy, I guess 40 I need my memory refreshed on that somehow, it seemed 41 like there were some spacial, I think they called 42 depredation permits, or something that the 43 seagulls.... 44 45 MR. LEAVITT: Yes. He said they had to 46 struggle through it. 47 48 MR. CARROLL: Yeah. 49 50 MR. LEAVITT: Is what he was saying, it

1 took awhile to do it but they made it a possibility. 3 MR. CARROLL: Uh-huh. And I think 4 that's a Federal program but I'm not real familiar with 5 it. I'm not exactly sure what you have to do to get a 6 deprivation permit. 7 8 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. 9 10 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes, Roy. 11 12 MR. R. NAGEAK: I know that when our 13 landfill, many years ago, was wide open, we limit the 14 seagulls to go out into the nature to get more of the 15 catch because they were really concentrating in our 16 landfill but now that the State has required our 17 landfill to be more protected in the way that they keep 18 waste meat away from the landfill it's like the 19 seagulls are going further out. When I go out hunting 20 in the summertime there's more seagulls that are more 21 spread out into the tundra which bring out the point of 22 -- and I think the seagulls are the ones that --23 they're so big that they could easily fight off a 24 steller eider and that's why they nest around owls. 25 But when there's no population of owls like we had the 26 last few years, it's like there's no steller or 27 spectacled eiders around either. And whether that's a 28 trend -- but I've seen more seagulls out in the tundra 29 then where they used to be all over Barrow because of 30 the more control of the waste landfill. And you've 31 noticed that, too, you've been here long enough where 32 there used to be tons of seagulls right on the landfill 33 area but there's none anymore. 34 35 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, that really changed 36 when they changed the landfill policies. 37 38 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: We also saw 39 changes with the land changes, there were definitely 40 some increase in numbers of seagulls with the 41 increasing number of development sites. We also saw 42 that there were increased predation with the seagulls 43 on the bird populations. There's some areas where the 44 birds are much more successful in their habitat and 45 when we cause them to move to other areas they're 46 definitely less successful, and when we change the way 47 that the animals use the other -- the areas and allow 48 for influction of predators such as the gulls and the 49 foxes on the nesting it does change things. We had a 50 lot of testimony in Nuigsut related to that as we saw

1 increasing changes. 2 3 These discussions are very important 4 and I know Warren also shared those discussions a lot 5 and ways that we can work with our Staff to communicate 6 this issue and identify what we can do to help look at 7 a way to address it is, I think we could get some 8 further discussion and feedback with information that 9 may help us formulate something. 10 11 MR. CARROLL: Madame Chair. I 12 understood there was also a question about moose in 13 Wainwright area, and actually good news on that. We 14 actually have had a season for the last six years, we 15 have a summer season for everything west of 156 degrees 16 longitude starting July 1st. 17 18 MR. SHEARS: Oh, okay. 19 MR. CARROLL: So if a -- and 20 21 specifically for the reason, you know, that 22 occasionally -- you know most moose on the North Slope 23 stay over in the Colville River area but for some 24 reason some of them just take off on these walkabouts 25 and they'll end up at the villages and we've recognized 26 the fact that that's usually a one-way trip..... 27 28 (Laughter) 29 30 MR. CARROLL:if they show up 31 close to a village. So we do have a summer season, 32 basically a person needs to have a State hunting 33 license and we have a moose harvest permit. So..... 34 35 MR. R. NAGEAK: After the fact. 36 37 MR. CARROLL:it's another one of 38 those things we probably don't publicize well enough. 39 But anybody can.... 40 MR. SHEARS: Okay. 41 42 43 MR. CARROLL:and I'll be happy 44 to.... 45 46 MR. SHEARS: So they should call up if 47 they.... 48 49 REPORTER: Bob. Bob, your microphone 50

1 MR. CARROLL: Yeah. 2 3 MR. SHEARS:if they want to seal their, you know, legitimize their..... 4 5 6 MR. CARROLL: Yeah. You don't.... 7 8 REPORTER: Wait, Bob, your microphone. 9 10 MR. CARROLL: You don't seal a 11 moose.... 12 13 MR. SHEARS: No, I know but.... 14 15 MR. CARROLL:but we like to --16 and legally you should have the harvest permit before 17 you harvest the moose so that's the best way to do 18 things. 19 20 MR. R. NAGEAK: How much is that one? 21 22 MR. CARROLL: What's that? 23 2.4 MR. R. NAGEAK: How much. 25 26 MR. CARROLL: It's \$25 for a hunting 27 license and..... 28 29 MR. R. NAGEAK: And that's..... 30 31 MR. CARROLL:and the moose permit 32 is free. 33 34 MR. LEAVITT: So is that for any size 35 moose, male, female? 36 37 MR. CARROLL: Yeah. Yeah, we've -- and 38 we've left that, it's either a male or a female because 39 we realize that, you know, and it actually -- the North 40 Slope moose population has been on a pretty serious 41 decline the last few years. We're hoping they've 42 bottomed out and they're on their way back up so there 43 was some serious consideration, you know, I mean it 44 doesn't look good to have a cow moose season in an area 45 where you have a declining moose population, but it 46 happens so rarely, you know, I mean it's one of those 47 things that happens every -- maybe every other year or 48 something. 49 50 MR. SHEARS: Right. Even rarer than

1 that. 2 3 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, very few moose get 4 harvested through that -- we even had one show up in 5 Barrow two years ago and were able to harvest it 6 through that system. 7 8 MR. SHEARS: Okay. 9 10 MR. CARROLL: So -- okay. 11 12 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: If I can just add, 13 we also have that season on Federal lands as well in 14 the.... 15 16 MR. SHEARS: And it does match? 17 18 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Yeah. I think it's 19 identical, isn't it? 20 MR. CARROLL: July 1st to September 21 22 14th. 23 2.4 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: September 14th, 25 yeah. 26 27 MR. CARROLL: Yeah. 28 29 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Yeah. 30 31 MR. SHEARS: How about any 32 consideration for muskox, same situation. 33 34 MR. CARROLL: Well, with muskox, boy 35 the muskox population is in serious trouble on the 36 North Slope. 37 38 MR. SHEARS: Uh-huh. 39 MR. CARROLL: At one point we had about 40 41 800 of them. In that area -- well, we call it the 42 eastern North Slope muskox population, they've gone 43 from about 800 down to 200 and the major problem there 44 is grizzly bear predation. And they actually are 45 taking some steps to try to turn that around this 46 coming year. I mean through the State system we're 47 actually engaging in some -- in kind of a bear control 48 program that -- starting this spring. They've been 49 flying muskox surveys the last several years and 50 numbers just keep going down and down and the bears --

1 there seem to be some particular bears that really 2 target the muskoxen and we're going to try to target 3 those bears and try to reduce that. 4 5 But anyway the result of all that is we 6 really don't have any muskox seasons on the North 7 Slope. 8 9 There is a regulation on the books that 10 if a -- you know a group of muskoxen move into a 11 caribou hunting area and seem to be displacing the 12 caribou that we can issue permits to harvest the 13 muskoxen, but we're -- I don't know we're kind of 14 trying to stay away from that now that the numbers are 15 so low but it could be done if there really is a 16 serious issue. 17 18 MR. SHEARS: Would there be possibly 19 any consideration for harvesting the single males, the 20 older males? 21 22 MR. CARROLL: Well, I mean we don't 23 have any provision for that. 2.4 25 MR. SHEARS: Yeah. 26 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, and I mean that's 27 28 kind of an interesting question because one thing we're 29 finding is that -- in this muskox population in 26B, 30 that's the eastern part of the North Slope, and also 31 our Seward Peninsula muskox population, you know, the 32 muskox hunts always have targeted those -- the males, 33 you know, I mean that's kind of the way a lot of hunts 34 are set up, you know, they harvest bull moose or, you 35 know, this and that and we're finding that that has 36 been very detrimental to the muskoxen in a lot of cases 37 because it's those big males that hold the defensive 38 groups together and without those big males there, that 39 they tend to scatter and once they scatter they're very 40 vulnerable to bears. 41 42 MR. SHEARS: Oh. 43 44 MR. CARROLL: So anyway we're really 45 rethinking that idea about it's okay to shoot the big 46 old males because that's actually turned out not to be 47 a very good idea. 48 49 MR. SHEARS: The assumption -- the 50 question was based on, and perhaps this is a fallacy is

1 that when the older males lose their dominancy in the 2 group that they are kicked out and they go on their own never to return, never to become breeding stock again. 3 4 5 MR. CARROLL: Yeah. It's -- that's 6 also -- I don't know, you know, you see -- it's more 7 the younger males that you see, I mean they'll leave 8 the bunch and they'll do one of these long walks, you 9 know, and they seem to go around the country and kind 10 of thinking is they're scouting out new territory and 11 sometimes they'll go back and talk a couple females 12 into going off with them and, you know, set up a new 13 group there. 14 15 MR. SHEARS: Okay. 16 17 MR. CARROLL: So that's.... 18 19 MR. SHEARS: Okay, good to know. 20 21 MR. E. NAGEAK: Just a quick question, 22 do you have the current numbers of the Teshekpuk Herd? 23 2.4 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, the most -- yeah, I 25 can't tell you exactly but our most recent survey 26 indicated that after getting to a high of about 64,000 27 they seem to have peaked and they're kind of on their 28 way back -- well they've declined between the last two 29 counts, I mean it wasn't serious. I think it's 58,000 30 now compared to 62,000, you know. But, well, we've 31 been having fairly poor calf success and so it's not --32 I mean it's still a good big healthy herd. 33 34 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. 35 36 MR. E. NAGEAK: Regarding the herd, we 37 were looking at when I was working with you at..... 38 39 MR. CARROLL: Yeah. 40 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. 41 42 43 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, they've.... 44 45 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: The muskox 46 or the caribou are you talking about? 47 48 MR. E. NAGEAK: Muskox. 49 50 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yeah.

1 MR. CARROLL: Oh, okay. 2 3 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Okay. 4 5 MR. E. NAGEAK: Yeah. 6 7 MR. CARROLL: Oh, those ones over by --8 okay, the muskoxen over by Teshekpuk. 9 10 MR. E. NAGEAK: Yeah. 11 12 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, they're still 13 hanging in there, you know, I can't remember -- you 14 know they were at Fish Creek there for several years 15 and then we went out to do a survey and they weren't 16 there and then we found them way out like 35 miles out 17 on the sea ice and then they -- okay, yeah, and then 18 when you were working some of them had come back over 19 and set up housekeeping northwest of Teshekpuk, and, 20 yeah, that bunch is -- they've been hanging right in 21 there and producing calves pretty well. I mean we were 22 always afraid, you know, that -- you know there's a 23 fair number of bears, that, you know, they would get on 24 to them but they seem to have escaped the bear 25 predation but they've been doing goofy things too. 26 They -- last year the whole bunch of them packed up and 27 moved over right by Alpine and you might have read in 28 the news that there was some guys from Nuiqsut went out 29 and shot -- illegally shot four of those, so that was 30 that same group that we were looking at north -- north 31 and west of Teshekpuk. And then they moved back over 32 to Teshekpuk and so -- so I don't know, you know, 33 they're -- muskox are so funny though, they'll sit in 34 one spot for five years and then all of a sudden make a 35 big move. 36 37 MR. E. NAGEAK: Yeah, because I was 38 wondering -- because the last couple of years we've 39 been.... 40 REPORTER: Earnest, come on up. 41 42 43 MR. E. NAGEAK: I was wondering because 44 the last couple years we've been seeing muskox near our 45 cabin on the Chip River. 46 47 MR. CARROLL: Oh, yeah. 48 49 MR. E. NAGEAK: I mean one year we seen 50 six just right above the mouth of the Chip River and

1 there was one by our cabin and there is another one 2 further up from the cabin so I was just wondering if those are a different herd or different group. 3 4 5 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, I'm just not sure. 6 7 MR. E. NAGEAK: Yeah. 8 9 MR. CARROLL: I'm not sure. Because 10 the one -- yeah, northwest of Teshekpuk seem to have 11 kind of split into two groups and so some of those 12 could have gone down there but they could have come 13 from somewhere else too. 14 15 MR. E. NAGEAK: During those times when 16 we seen them there was no caribou around. 17 18 MR. CARROLL: Oh, yeah. 19 20 MR. E. NAGEAK: Probably the reason why 21 they weren't around is seeing the muskox. 22 23 MR. CARROLL: Oh, okay. 2.4 25 MR. E. NAGEAK: Just a comment. 26 MR. CARROLL: All right. 27 28 29 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Do we have 30 any further questions for Geoff. 31 32 MR. R. NAGEAK: Just one in regards to 33 our last meeting of who keeps track of the harvest of 34 caribou on the Haul Road or right on the boundary of 35 the North Slope area, of the caribou. 36 37 MR. CARROLL: On the Haul Road, they --38 I mean we have kind of a funny management split, they 39 manage -- I mean we have -- Fish and Game is divided up 40 into regions and I'm part of what's called Region 5, 41 it's kind of northern to northwestern Alaska, and we 42 cover everything over to the Colville River. 43 44 MR. R. NAGEAK: Okay. 45 MR. CARROLL: And -- well, the Killik 46 47 River, the Colville and Killik, that's the..... 48 49 MR. R. NAGEAK: Purposely done or 50

1 MR. CARROLL: What's that? 2 3 MR. R. NAGEAK: Purposely done or 4 who.... 5 6 MR. CARROLL: Well.... 7 8 MR. R. NAGEAK: Who keeps track of the 9 one along the Haul Road? 10 11 MR. CARROLL: Okay. Then everything to 12 the east of there they manage out of the Fairbanks 13 office, that's called Units 26B and C. And so 14 basically the area biologist is named Beth Lenart and 15 she's the area biologist that covers that 26B and C. 16 And so they're the ones that -- and, you know, we even 17 address issues that occur in 26A and different Board of 18 Game meetings than the 26B and C, and so -- so anyway 19 there has been -- the Central Arctic Caribou Herd is 20 like the fastest growing herd in the world right now 21 and they've gone 35,000, 50,000 and now they're past 22 70,000 and so anyway they did have proposals there to 23 increase the number of caribou that people can harvest 24 over there. And, boy, I'm sorry I didn't bring -- I 25 could bring it later this afternoon, I had a table 26 right in front of me of how many caribou have been 27 harvested in that area, but kind of the -- a bit of the 28 controversy is they increased the limit on caribou over 29 there up to five caribou per year, and I know the North 30 Slope Advisory Committee put in a proposal to reduce 31 that back to three. They didn't like to see that 32 increase in the number that people can harvest. But, 33 anyway, so what this table shows is that the -- even 34 with that increase in the limit, the harvest hasn't 35 increased very much over there and the number of people 36 that actually take four or five caribou in a year is 37 pretty small compared to how many that take one, two or 38 three. So, anyway, that's just kind of the current 39 numbers on that. 40 41 And the answer to your question is they 42 do manage that out of the Fairbanks office. 43 44 MR. R. NAGEAK: And that one was --45 Madame Chair, one of the issues that we were trying to 46 address, is who answers to who and now knowing the 47 concerns that we had, the traffic and with the increase 48 of five -- and from what we understood that was an 49 increase of 150 percent from prior years. And this 50 woman that was doing the report -- an increase of 150

1 percent from what, and you say to five, that would be 2 like out of two, maybe -- from two a year to five 3 because of.... 4 5 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, I mean.... 6 7 MR. R. NAGEAK:the growth of the 8 caribou but the increased traffic and how caribou 9 migrate other than the Central where you tend to stay 10 along the coast in that area all the way up to Canning 11 River, the increased traffic had really impacted the 12 migration route of the caribou into Anaktuvuk Pass from 13 what we understood, and there was like tons of traffic 14 from the Fairbanks area. Now we're trying to get the 15 picture and how -- within the scope of so many 16 different rules and regulations that control parks, 17 wildlife, PET-4 and how different rules and regulations 18 tend to control all those big regions and then the 19 State, you taking from the west of the Colville River 20 and then Fairbanks taking care of all the way up into 21 Prudhoe Bay and, how, we, in the North Slope area, need 22 to try to have our issues within our own boundaries, 23 and that's something that we might need to look at. Is 24 our boundaries are -- are our boundaries impacted and 25 now that -- I know that Fairbanks, in a sense control 26 what happens on the Haul Road and they set their own 27 limits or the way that they set limits are outside of 28 our jurisdiction like your -- like I know Northwest 29 limit -- bag limit is higher than what you see on the 30 Haul Road, five. 31 32 MR. CARROLL: Yeah. The -- you know, 33 we have the North Slope Advisory Council, which is 34 really the same people as the North Slope Borough Fish 35 and Game Management Committee, they act as the North 36 Slope Advisory Council, and so when there's a Board of 37 Game -- we had a Board of Game meeting in Fairbanks in 38 November for, you know, our Region 5 stuff, and then 39 the -- the Board of Game meeting for Region 3, which 40 is, you know, includes 26B and C will be in March and 41 they're going to address exactly that, there's a 42 proposal in to reduce the bag limit from five down to 43 three so they'll be discussing that and that meeting 44 will be in Fairbanks. 45 46 MR. R. NAGEAK: Just out of curiosity 47 and trying to get that mental frame of mind if we're 48 going to be North Slope, let it be North Slope because 49 when we see outside people deciding on what happens 50 within our boundaries, like the North Slope Borough

1 boundaries and the ICAS boundaries, regional --2 boundaries that are a Federally-recognized entity, who 3 decides, like along the Haul Road, this will be under 4 the Fairbanks -- or that region? 5 6 MR. CARROLL: Well, it's -- I guess the 7 Board of Game would -- well, they kind of decide which 8 area is dealt with as far as, you know, Board 9 regulations, as far as, you know the -- I guess the 10 Commissioner of the Alaska Department of Fish and Game, 11 and it might even require a statute within the -- you 12 know it might be a legislative change to -- you know, 13 it's -- it's something we've argued about ever since 14 I've been around. You know it's a crazy -- it's a very 15 logical set up to have the North Slope split into two 16 regions like it is and it's very awkward, you know, 17 from within Fish and Game, and it's awkward for the 18 Advisory Committee and we've hollered about it and it's 19 just one of those things that to try to get a change is 20 really difficult. They almost never change, you know, 21 regional boundaries and things like that, I mean it 22 does happen but I -- I know the North Slope Borough 23 wildlife department has put in proposals to change it a 24 and, you know, I've hollered about it from within that 25 it ought to be changed and it just -- I don't know, 26 it's just one of those -- bureaucratically it's just 27 really difficult to do. I mean I agree with you that 28 logically it shouldn't be that way but I don't know. 29 30 That's kind of something I've fought 31 for many years and never been very successful and I 32 know the North Slope Borough wildlife department has 33 and we've just never been able to prevail on that. 34 35 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Go ahead, 36 Ray. 37 38 MR. R. NAGEAK: I don't know -- I know 39 we just had our joint meeting with NANA Region, I don't 40 know whether there has been any past meetings with the 41 North Slope Borough and the Federal Regional Council, 42 joint meetings to address common issues or has that 43 been done in the past? 44 45 Somebody? 46 47 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Helen, are 48 you able to answer that, or Don. 49 50 MR. MIKE: Madame Chair. I'm not aware

1 of any joint meetings between the Subsistence Councils 2 and the North Slope Borough Council. 3 4 MR. R. NAGEAK: But that might be 5 something that we could get together on because we've 6 got the common issues in hand and how -- the impact 7 that we have is a concern, it's a joint impact and try 8 to address it through the Federal and whether a joint 9 effort would be better. 10 11 Madame Chair. 12 13 MR. MIKE: Madame Chair. 14 15 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Donald. 16 Yes. 17 18 MR. MIKE: I think the best route to go 19 about this is to send correspondence to the Federal 20 Subsistence Board and address your concern and outline 21 what your wishes are on the subject of a joint meeting. 22 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Ray, would 23 24 you like to have the Staff generate some correspondence 25 to initiate the discussion and see if there's interest 26 to have a joint process? 27 28 MR. R. NAGEAK: But, Madame Chair, 29 because it reflects on the same people on the North 30 Slope, subsistence wise, and trying to get answers from 31 a State person that was here during our joint NANA 32 Regional and the North Slope Regional meeting was --33 because we're not State, a State entity asking 34 questions to a State person was like trying to pull 35 teeth out of a person. 36 37 For me, Geoff, you're better looking 38 than her. 39 40 (Laughter) 41 42 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: I think it 43 would be very helpful, Don, to go ahead and initiate 44 some correspondence and see if there would be some 45 interact from the other board to interact and share 46 their concern and see if we can work together to 47 identify a way to bring our concerns and find a way to 48 address them. 49 50 MR. PAPPAS: Madame Chair.

1 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes. 2 3 MR. PAPPAS: George Pappas, Fish and 4 Game. We'll get that harvest data for you. The 5 harvest data you're requesting was for the Haul Road, 6 how many caribou were harvested and that's different 7 than the 150 percent increase, so I think there's two 8 issues here. The bag limit was raised 150 percent to 9 five animals and how much harvest did that result in, 10 Geoff here will -- we'll get that to you so we can have 11 that this afternoon to take a look at. 12 13 MR. R. NAGEAK: Thank you. And for 14 that matter, when I look at the map that was given to 15 us in regards to how control -- or how the map is 16 reflected, right where it enters into the North Slope 17 area, there is no State colors in that one, and I don't 18 know who controls, whether that control could be set by 19 Federal government, or by the State government in 20 requirements to enter into our region. 21 22 The map that you gave, one of the BLM 23 guys, where it's right along the Haul Road with access 24 or control into State lands, whether that would be 25 controlled by whatever color is in there. Is that 26 something..... 27 28 MR. SHARP: Blue is State. 29 30 MR. R. NAGEAK: Blue is State. But 31 when you look at it right next to Anaktuvuk Pass where 32 Anaktuvuk Pass impacted it's all light green, or 33 yellowish green, what is that, is that a park or all 34 the way up into the blue where the Haul Road is, 35 there's a section there that's not State land, 36 it's.... 37 38 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: BLM? 39 40 MR. R. NAGEAK:it's yellow green 41 or yellow, gold? 42 43 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yellowish 44 -- the yellowish is..... 45 46 MR. R. NAGEAK:who's lands is 47 that? 48 49 MR. CARROLL: I think according to the 50 map we have here I think that's BLM land right

1 surrounding the road there and then there's, you know, 2 Arctic Wildlife Refuge and then Gates of the Arctic on either side of that. 3 4 5 MR. R. NAGEAK: And that was the issue, 6 then who has control to access to -- if I see it right 7 then it would be Federal government that would control 8 access. I don't know whether the corridor or the Haul 9 Road is all State all the way up but access to some of 10 those would be limited through Federal proposals that 11 we could require to have access to that area. 12 13 MR. CARROLL: I don't know, Roy, if it 14 makes you feel better the Central Arctic Herd is 15 harvested at a much lower percentage than Teshekpuk 16 Herd, for instance. I mean it's..... 17 18 MR. R. NAGEAK: I -- I.... 19 20 MR. CARROLL:a.... 21 MR. R. NAGEAK: That I don't mind. 22 23 MR. CARROLL: Yeah. 2.4 25 26 MR. R. NAGEAK: I don't mind sharing 27 with the rest of the state when the size of the herd 28 won't be impacted. It's a process of allowing the 29 balance and the lady to keep in mind of caribou herd 30 that use the -- the balance that they have utilized for 31 many years that are being impacted by more traffic into 32 the North Slope area. 33 34 MR. CARROLL: Yeah. 35 36 MR. R. NAGEAK: I don't mind sharing. 37 I mean that's our nature, is, if there is lots then I 38 don't see why Fairbanks people or the rest of the 39 people can't drive up north to catch what they need. 40 But the -- in the process of doing that and how it 41 impacts some of the migration balance of the caribou 42 that tend to go into the Anaktuvuk Pass area, which was 43 highly impacted, and the reason why there was so much 44 problem with traffic of whatever was given, 45 fourwheelers, boats. 46 47 MR. CARROLL: Yeah. 48 49 MR. R. NAGEAK: There must be pretty 50 big sized lakes around there that they're hauling boats 1 up the Haul Road to go do their hunting. As long as 2 the impact on the subsistence hunters for Anaktuvuk Pass, they could up the limit to 200,000 percent more 3 4 if it doesn't -- because I always remember my -- the 5 elders saying, if you don't utilize the animals they're 6 going to start decreasing in numbers. If you keep 7 hunting and respecting the animals that you hunt, they 8 will keep increasing, but if you don't utilize them to 9 what they were there for for food, then it's just like 10 the old squaw or the tuks (In Inupiat), there's hardly 11 anymore because we stopped eating them. I don't 12 remember when the last time was I had one of those, so 13 many years ago. But it used to be a staple in our diet 14 but when we stopped eating them you could see that they 15 don't -- there's hardly anymore but that's a different 16 story. 17 18 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Okay. Do 19 we have any more comments or questions for Geoff and 20 George? 21 22 (No comments) 23 2.4 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Hearing 25 none, we are now at 12:00 o'clock, what is the wish of 26 the Board, do you want to take the break for lunch? 27 28 MR. LEAVITT: I make a motion to recess 29 for lunch.... 30 31 REPORTER: Hey, Lloyd, please --32 thanks. 33 34 MR. LEAVITT: I'll make a motion to 35 recess for lunch until 1:30. 36 37 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Do we have 38 a second. 39 40 MR. R. NAGEAK: Wait, let my stomach 41 call for that - (makes sound)..... 42 43 (Laughter) 44 45 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Okay, 46 hearing that we'll break for lunch. 47 48 (Off record) 49 50 (On record)

1 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: We'll go 2 ahead and call the meeting back to order, it's 12:32. 3 REPORTER: 1:32. 4 5 6 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Or I mean 7 1:32. 8 9 REPORTER: It's all relative. 10 11 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yep, yep. 12 13 (Laughter) 14 15 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Okay, Helen 16 is that the .805(c) report, is that what you were 17 talking about? 18 19 MR. MIKE: Did we hang up? 20 21 REPORTER: Nope, we're on. 22 23 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Did we hang up? 2.4 25 REPORTER: No, we didn't. The line's 26 open, but everybody else hung up that was on line. 27 28 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Okay. So 29 is that the tribal consultation, the .805(c) report? 30 31 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: The thing I read 32 about what we voted on at the Board meeting, that was 33 the .805(c) report. 34 35 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Okay. 36 37 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: And the tribal 38 consultation is the next item. And, you don't have 39 your North Slope books, but it's in the Northwest 40 Arctic one, so that's on Page -- it starts on Page 12 41 of that book. 42 43 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Okay. 44 45 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: And, Rosemary, you 46 just jump right in since you were on this committee and 47 I wasn't and Glenn Chen also who's here from BIA was on 48 it. 49 50 So the Board is developing a tribal

1 consultation policy, and what you see in the Northwest 2 Arctic book on Page 12 is the -- it's a summary of 3 what's been happening on this, it's a briefing, and 4 then the policy follows that. So last year the Federal 5 Subsistence Board had asked for a work group for tribal 6 consultation to be formed and it's been meeting, 7 listening, consulting and discussing this policy since 8 June of 2011. This is a really significant change, 9 adding tribal consultation to the Federal Subsistence 10 Management Program. 11 12 There's a list on Page 12 of all the 13 members of the work group and you'll see that Rosemary 14 is on that work group. We're very appreciative of all 15 the hard work you've done on that. 16 17 So the steps taken to draft this policy 18 in May of 2011, the Federal Subsistence Board assigned 19 the task of writing a protocol to the work group and 20 it's assembled with seven tribal and seven Federal 21 members. In June of 2011 the work group met in 22 Anchorage for two days, they drafted an interim 23 protocol to be used for the fall cycle of the Regional 24 Council meetings which were where it went last time and 25 then a co-Chair was named, a tribal co-Chair. The co-26 Chair is Della Trumble from King Cove, and she's the 27 tribal co-Chair. And Crystal Leonetti is the co-Chair, 28 she's the -- I'm not sure what her official title is 29 but she's the Native Liaison for the U.S. Fish and 30 Wildlife Service. In July of 2011 the Board adopted 31 the two interim protocols, one for tribes and one for 32 ANCSA Corporations to be used during the fall cycle of 33 the Regional Advisory Council meetings. And then July 34 26th of 2011 letters were sent to the tribes and to 35 ANCSA Corporations and the Chair of the Federal 36 Subsistence Board regarding consultation on the 37 2012.... 38 39 (Teleconference interruption) 40 41 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: So anyway letters 42 were sent to tribes and ANCSA Corporations and the 43 Chair of the Federal Board regarding consultation on 44 the 2012/2014 wildlife proposals, and then the 45 development of a long-term consultation protocol. 46 47 MR. R. NAGEAK: Where -- I don't have 48 that. 49 50 REPORTER: Yes, you do, hold on let me
find it. 1 2 3 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Roy, we're on Page 4 12 of this book. 5 6 REPORTER: Right here, Page 12 of this 7 book. 8 9 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Did you get 10 it for him? 11 12 REPORTER: Yes, he's got it now. 13 14 MR. R. NAGEAK: Oh, okay, thank you. 15 16 REPORTER: Yep, no problem. Okay, he's 17 got it, go ahead. 18 19 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Okay, thank you. In 20 August through October of 2011 there were 12 21 consultation teleconferences consulting on the 22 2012/2014 wildlife proposals. This was the first time 23 this was done in this process and there wasn't much 24 attendance but the group feels that there will be more 25 attendance as they increase outreach and there's more 26 awareness of the opportunity in the villages. 27 28 September 30th of 2011 a letter went to 29 all tribes inviting them to an in-person consultation 30 in December with the new draft version of the protocol 31 and in October a consultation with ANCSA Corporations 32 and tribes were held at AFN in Anchorage and that 33 actually got a lot of attendance and they gained more 34 insight to this protocol. Then December of 2011 there 35 was a consultation with tribes during the BIA Tribal 36 Service Provider's Conference in Anchorage. There were 37 at least 300 people who attended and they learned a lot 38 at that meeting as well. The work group then met 39 December 6th through 8th in 2011 and considered all the 40 verbal and written direction they had received from 41 tribes and ANCSA Corporations. 42 43 So the general concepts of this draft 44 policy are that the policy should be simple, general 45 and broad. It reflects the DOI, the Department of 46 Interior policy, it does not prescribe a process on how 47 to consult and because of that they changed the name 48 from protocol to policy. They're not attempting to 49 regurgitate the Department level policies because they 50 have to follow those anyway, what they're attempting to

1 do with this new policy is to utilize the Department of 2 Interior and the U.S. Department of Agriculture policies as the base and focus this policy on Federal 3 Subsistence Management and its unique nature. Keeping 4 5 this policy simple, general and broad allows the Board 6 and the tribes to remain flexible and adapt to what 7 makes sense for meaningful consultation based on the 8 scope and issues being consulted about. 9 10 The Department of Interior is drafting 11 a supplemental consultation policy for ANCSA 12 Corporations and the work group is mirroring this 13 format knowing that the Department of Interior has had 14 Department level solicitors, the lawyers, in agreement 15 on this approach. 16 17 So the theme of this draft policy is 18 that there will be training for the Board, for Staff 19 and the tribes and ANCSA Corporations. It will be 20 adaptable and a living document. This document will be 21 changed based on regular reviews and adapting to 22 varying situations. How to is not included here but 23 intended to be written after a final policy is adopted. 2.4 25 So the next steps in timeline, further 26 Board direction given to the work group at the January 27 Board meeting in 2012, changes are incorporated into 28 the document for the Council book, so that's already 29 been done, that's what you're seeing here. So they got 30 some Board direction in January. And then now the 31 Regional Councils will be discussing and reviewing the 32 policy and providing feedback to the working group and 33 a letter from the Board to tribes and corporations will 34 go out mid-February asking for feedback on the new 35 draft policy, so that's about now, and I don't know if 36 those have gone out. I haven't actually seen one. I'm 37 not sure, Donald, have you seen if the letter's gone 38 out yet. 39 40 (Shakes head negatively) MR. MIKE: 41 42 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: I don't think it 43 has. Work group and InterAgency Staff Committee will 44 meet in April to incorporate any changes from the 45 Council discussions or written feedback from tribes and 46 corporations. And then there will be a meeting with 47 Board members to discuss the new draft prior to the May 48 Federal Board meeting, including in-depth discussion 49 about implementation guidelines. And then they'll be 50 adopting the policy at the May Federal Subsistence

1 Board meeting, which I think is the week of May, I'm thinking 17th, but I could be wrong, and then they'll 2 finalize the quidelines. 3 4 5 So what we're looking for today is if 6 you feel this policy is going in the 7 right direction, and if not, why not. 8 These questions are on Page 14, at the 9 very end of the briefing. 10 11 Is there anything else that you -- that 12 the work group needs to consider. 13 14 And do you feel that tribes concerns 15 from the consultations have been or 16 will be meaningful to the Regional 17 Advisory Council consideration on each 18 topic. 19 So then we have the actual tribal 20 21 consultation policy on Page 15 and I'm not going to go 22 through it. There's a preamble that describes where 23 this consultation comes from in our legislation and 24 then background about ANILCA and the agencies that are 25 involved in this program and background on the Federal 26 Subsistence Management Program. 27 28 The goals on Page 16 in the policy, I 29 think are important; 30 31 To create and maintain effective 32 relationships with Federally-recognized 33 tribes; 34 35 To establish meaningful and timely 36 opportunities for government to 37 government consultation; 38 39 Be responsive to requests from 40 Federally-recognized tribes to engage 41 in consultation; 42 43 Work with Federally-recognized tribes 44 to improve communication, outreach and 45 education; 46 47 Acknowledge, respect and use 48 traditional ecological knowledge; 49 50 Recognize the importance of

1 coordination, consultation and follow 2 up between the Federal Subsistence 3 Board and tribes; 4 5 and last; 6 7 Integrate tribal input effectively into 8 the decision-making process for 9 subsistence management on public lands 10 and waters while maintaining deference 11 to the Federal Subsistence Board 12 Advisory Councils. 13 14 And that last one is an important point 15 to make. We actually had some considerable discussion 16 at the Seward Penn meeting. There were concerns about, 17 doe this take some -- does this make the Councils less 18 important, but ANILCA specifically says that there's 19 deference to the Federal Subsistence Regional Advisory 20 Councils so the tribes would be consulting with the 21 Board but that information would be part of the Board's 22 actual decisions that they make, but the deference to 23 the Councils would still be in place. 2.4 25 So then on Page 17 there's information 26 about consultation, communication, roles and 27 responsibilities and methods, and then accountability 28 and reporting and training. 29 30 I don't know if you -- let me just say 31 a couple more things -- then there are definitions on 32 Page 20 and then on Page 22 the policy is there for the 33 ANCSA Corporations. And ANCSA Corporations are 34 included in this, in the need to consult. It's 35 separate from the tribes because they're not tribes, 36 but they did develop a policy as well and that's being 37 -- as I said there is one that the Department of 38 Interior is developing right now which hasn't been 39 finished yet, I think it's supposed to be done in the 40 spring or summer of 2012. 41 42 So, Rosemary, I don't know if you had 43 some things you wanted to add about all of this. 44 45 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: I wanted to 46 make sure that we recognize if Lee is on the line; do 47 you want to check? 48 49 MR. MIKE: Lee, are you joining us 50 again? Lee.

1 MR. KAYOTUK: Yes, I'm on. 2 3 MR. MIKE: Yes, Lee's on. 4 5 MR. KAYOTUK: I'm here. 6 7 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: All right. 8 And we were working on the tribal consultation policy 9 and it's in the..... 10 11 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: I'm not sure if Lee 12 has access to internet, but it is on the -- the whole 13 North Slope is on the Fish and Wildlife Service's web 14 page. 15 16 MR. MIKE: Lee, this is Donald, do you 17 have your book, your meeting book? 18 19 MR. KAYOTUK: No, I don't. 20 MR. MIKE: Okay. All right, Helen was 21 22 giving..... 23 2.4 REPORTER: Donald. Donald. 25 26 MR. MIKE: Helen was stating that the 27 Federal Subsistence Board tribal consultation policy 28 was on our website if you have internet access. 29 30 MR. KAYOTUK: Okay. Okay. 31 32 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: This was a 33 very informative process for me. It was very 34 interesting to be able to work with the individuals 35 that were involved in the process, the depth of their 36 knowledge that they brought into the process, the 37 understanding within the agencies to help facilitate 38 with the discussions and the communications of what we 39 were trying to do was very helpful. I know I'm very 40 appreciative of what I gained out of the process and 41 how it helped me to understand issues related to tribes 42 and trying to do the consultation. I have experience 43 in our community, in Nuigsut and I have some experience 44 in Barrow but there's so much variety and the process 45 throughout the state that it's really important to 46 understand the differences and to be able to work 47 effectively with the issue that we have before us. 48 With the process that went through there was a lot of 49 openness to allow the discussions to try to help inform 50 both sides of the table with the people that were

1 involved to help understand what was going on and where 2 they could accept where we were going with the 3 discussions, where there were problems with trying to 4 put in all the things that we wanted to put through but 5 we were able to work cohesively in the process and to 6 come out with the document that you see before you. 7 8 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. 9 10 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes, Roy. 11 12 MR. R. NAGEAK: When I see the five 13 agencies and how we look at the Federal government, the 14 problems that it has trying to gain funding for a lot 15 of the things that needed to be done, especially in 16 Indian country, just to get an idea of how much monies 17 are being earmarked especially for Alaska within these 18 different agencies, and how, in some cases, it reflects 19 on the needs of all the rural areas and all the Native 20 tribes throughout the state and looking at this, 21 there's a need that needs to be identified on how much 22 money that is being earmarked for Native issues and 23 whether a lot of that money that needs to go out and be 24 split out for the needs of the Native tribes, being 25 handled by the Federal government agencies are listed, 26 and somehow on our behalf and the issues that are being 27 addressed towards the Native people, on whether those 28 monies that are identified that -- or being utilized by 29 these different agencies that are in there, somehow our 30 people that are being impacted by rules and regulations 31 or what not, that's where we need to be open in how 32 much monies are complicated especially in the urban 33 areas and all those monies that somehow need to be 34 utilized to let us be involved in what is being decided 35 for us, and I see some efforts being made for that, but 36 to bring this out in the open is the amounts of monies 37 from these agencies that need to be split out into the 38 rest of the rural areas, where in some cases the monies 39 that are being spent for our needs is not being sent 40 out there, throughout the rural area. If the -- since 41 these are public funds, finding out what programs that 42 are needed and identify the programs that are not 43 working but they employ a lot of people in the urban 44 areas and try to get these agencies to start -- like 45 what Obama was saying, is for the amount of monies that 46 are being spent for Federal programs, somehow 47 streamline them and making into one unit so they'll be 48 more effective for the Federal government, and more so 49 for us that are being controlled in a sense or being 50 impacted by the use of Federal funding so that in the

1 -- in the end it'll be us, they will look at these 2 different programs and say we need more monies for this 3 but at the same time have it spent in the rural areas where it's supposed to be spent. And somehow with all 4 5 this -- like I stated to somebody earlier, when you see 6 a Federal dollar it usually -- by the time it gets --7 when it comes to our village it's like 5 bucks, or \$3 8 because all different agencies have so many regional 9 statewide divisions within the Federal government that 10 it's, like I stated, a dollar that comes out of D.C., 11 by the time it goes to the top of the world or Barrow 12 it's like five bucks. And whether the Federal 13 government itself has utilized all the dollars, I don't 14 know how long these agencies have been in Alaska, how 15 the growth of the Federal government within the urban 16 areas, where all the monies are possibly being spent. 17 And those were the ones that are supposed to be spent 18 in doing a lot of the things that need to be done, like 19 why wasn't the impact of the development on the North 20 Slope being researched and studied like they did in 21 ANWR, and all of a sudden when it's spread out for the 22 offshore there's no money. Reasons like that. 23 And then I don't know what kind of 2.4 25 organization these agencies have within the urban 26 areas, Anchorage, Fairbanks, and then regional, 27 Seattle. These are public funds. And if we opened it 28 up and say -- start asking the questions, are they 29 utilizing the funds for the purposes that are out 30 there, and if we have a sense of how much money is 31 spent by the Federal government and it's just being 32 located at Anchorage, Fairbanks or the urban areas, 33 some of that funding that needs to go out into the 34 rural areas -- like when I see a lot of these different 35 programs, if we have a sense of being involved in 36 what's being planned and have a sense of ownership then 37 we'll start doing what Fish and Wildlife regulatory 38 agency and put our own people out there rather than 39 what we see currently, is people from outside, trying 40 to tell us -- and trying to put our people in conflict, 41 really in conflict. Because when I see the rest of the 42 state, a Federal regulator or Federal authority they're 43 not following a lot of these subsistence laws, rules, 44 regulations or State rules, laws or regulations, they 45 make criminals out of some of our subsistence hunters, 46 so we just opened it up and say, all right, what's all 47 the funding that comes to all these agencies for or on 48 behalf of the rural people, the Indian, and the Native 49 people that are out there, and be open about it and see 50 how it could be disseminated from the urban areas to

1 the regions that are being impacted. 2 3 I just want to point that out. 4 5 Because to me, and try to get an idea 6 of how much Federal funding, like they say, in Alaska 7 there's a lot of Federal funding that goes out there 8 but in the -- like in our region, where is it? Maybe 9 it's to Anchorage. And all these offices that are 10 being created to try to control what we do out there, 11 we could do our own controlling, where we buy into --12 and have a sense of ownership to these things that are 13 being in front of us or the policies and development of 14 them then, we could do a lot of that work within our 15 own region. 16 17 I just want to point that out. 18 19 And maybe make a request of all the 20 Federal monies that are being spent and it's been in 21 the forefront, especially with Ted Stevens, that used 22 to be there and then while he's gone almost -- there's 23 -- there's a problem with acquiring Federal funding for 24 our needs. 25 26 Thank you. 27 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Do we have 28 29 any discussions related to the policy, tribal 30 consultation, the draft policy. 31 32 Lloyd. 33 34 MR. LEAVITT: This is a draft, I'm 35 wondering if..... 36 37 REPORTER: Lloyd. Lloyd, your.... 38 MR. LEAVITT:the tribal 39 40 governments..... 41 42 REPORTER: Your microphone. 43 44 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Your 45 button. 46 MR. LEAVITT: This is a draft. I'm 47 48 wondering if the tribal governments have a knowledge 49 other than the December trip they took, have knowledge 50 on this and what I see is that if the tribal government

1 does the consultation, consultation policy, agreement 2 with the different departments, the EPA, the wildlife, 3 DOI, some issues, and with our global warming, the 4 funding would be much easier to grab to the tribal 5 governments and whatever the tribal government has 6 concerns on on their wildlife issues or environmental, 7 especially our subsistence way of life, that the tribal 8 government notifies the Board on what issues they want 9 to talk, but if the -- if I'm correct the tribal 10 government needs to initiate the consultation, 11 consultation agreements with the different departments 12 and they'll get the support from the Federal government 13 on funding. And we're being impacted as we speak with 14 our changing way of life each year. We're learning to 15 adapt with the changes each year. We're having to deal 16 with thinner ice, we're having to deal with wide open 17 water. Our cellars are going to waste, a lot of our 18 ice cellars are going to waste. All these need to be 19 put into factor and these studies need to be done. 20 need some impact funds to be able to co-manage and 21 adapt to the new ways of life, we really need the 22 support. And as we're going now we're learning, we're 23 adapting to changes and we've always learned to adapt 24 to the changes. So working with the tribal governments 25 would enable us to have a stronger voice if we were to 26 bring them in on the consultation, consultation 27 agreement. That's the only comment I would have. 28 29 They are really needed. 30 31 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: I know I 32 have done direct outreach with Native Village of Barrow 33 and ICAS. I made sure that in the process that I 34 shared the information and made them aware that the 35 meetings were going on. Tried to inquire for any 36 questions or issues prior to attending the meetings. 37 couldn't do as much with the other villages but those 38 two, since I'm here, I was able to go in and do that. 39 I know that the process of disseminating information 40 has gone through the tribal process and there has been 41 efforts to get the information out. 42 43 I know we did have a good number of 44 individuals that were participating on the 45 teleconference calls but the number should have been a 46 lot higher for the amount of tribal communities that we 47 do have to -- to what we had on the participation, 48 there wasn't that number. But there were a number that 49 went to the BIA Provider's Conference and that was very 50 good participation.

1 Helen. 2 3 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: I just wanted to 4 point out, Lloyd, because you were asking, there is a 5 letter going out right around now to all tribes and 6 ANCSA Corporations with this draft policy, a new -- the 7 latest version for them to comment on so they will be 8 informed. 9 10 I also realized that I jumped ahead on 11 the agenda. I saw tribal consultation and I was so 12 eager that I -- that this was actually on.... 13 14 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: 10B. 15 16 MS. H. ARMSTRONG:10B, yeah, what 17 we were supposed to be asking for, because of this new 18 tribal consultation that we're doing is to see if 19 there's anybody here who wanted to say anything from 20 the tribes, and so once we're done with this policy, 21 Madame Chair, you should probably see. And normally if 22 we were reviewing proposals for wildlife that would be 23 an opportunity for the tribes to give comments on those 24 proposals. We don't have anything like that at this 25 meeting so there may not be any issues that the tribe 26 actually wants to comment on unless it's this policy. 27 28 Thank you. 29 30 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. 31 32 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes, Roy. 33 34 MR. R. NAGEAK: The Item on 17, where 35 agreements at the bottom, agreements, cooperative 36 agreement, memorandum of understanding, funding 37 agreement is the issue that I'm talking about and 38 really without knowing what the agencies are earmarked 39 for to do what needs to be done with the tribes, and 40 the monies that are made available to address the 41 issues of subsistence management and for the tribes, 42 the existing programs, and how much money they are 43 earmarked for to address our subsistence and all the 44 issues that need to address Native issues and the 45 funding for the tribes, without really knowing the 46 existence of those or how they are being spent, then 47 where I see agreements, funding agreement, memorandum 48 of understanding, that would be better clarified, and 49 to do what needs to be done with the limited money 50 that's starting to come out of the Federal government.

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1 Thank you. 2 3 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Helen. 4 5 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Maybe I can address 6 some of what you're asking but I'm not sure I'm clear 7 on all of it. But the Federal Subsistence Management 8 Program doesn't -- through its process of management 9 isn't funding tribes. We fund management of hunting 10 and fishing on Federal public lands and trapping. We 11 fund the -- our funds go to the regulatory process so 12 it's not something where we're actually doing grants 13 for tribes, except in cases where we're doing some 14 research. And in the Fisheries Resource Monitoring 15 Program, which you haven't heard anything about today 16 because we're at a different place in the process, 17 there are some tribes that have participated in some of 18 the research programs that we have. So from that 19 perspective, yeah, there is some funding that goes to 20 the tribes. 21 22 You were talking about wanting to be 23 involved in the process of regulatory -- of this whole 24 regulatory program, and that's where the Regional 25 Councils, we come to you, we get input on what 26 regulations should be changed, how should they be 27 changed, you make recommendations to the Federal 28 Subsistence Board, it is very much a bottom up process, 29 and there's not funding in there that goes to tribes, 30 but we do have involvement from the Councils in that 31 regulatory process. 32 33 MR. R. NAGEAK: Maybe I'm not getting 34 my point across. 35 36 Like with your Federal positions, and 37 where you're working, would be some of the concerns and 38 the relationship the tribe has with the Federal 39 government. BLM, with the lands that are out there and 40 the different Park Services and how many different 41 Federal entities out there, to really look at where the 42 relationship with the tribes as a whole, when all that 43 money is being put there on the table for all these 44 agencies, that has been our lands before, and now with 45 all the monies there to try to have some form of 46 control with the land management, somewhere within all 47 those organizations which used to be prior Native lands 48 but they've cut it up in so many regions and different 49 parks, national wildlife, or whatever Federal --50 however -- the way that they divide up Alaska, and how

1 those monies are being put on the table to try to have 2 some form of management control and that involves our 3 way of life and how much money as a whole is being put 4 in Alaska to try to manage us, in a sense, a society 5 that subsists off the land and the ocean, somehow for 6 the Native tribes, or ANCSA Corporations have some 7 sense of knowledge on where all that Federal funding is 8 being spent, and say that why are you spending all this 9 money where it could be contracted and with all this 10 stuff about subsistence where we have a sense of 11 ownership. 12 13 I'm trying to relay this in a way that 14 how much money with all the Federal agencies are 15 budgeted into Alaska, I mean do you know? Maybe --16 maybe I'm going in the wrong way but as a whole, the 17 Federal government with so many different agencies 18 where it could be streamlined like how Obama is saying 19 that there's so many agencies and streamline --20 streamlining them to get the biggest bang for the 21 dollar when it's convoluted with so many different 22 agencies all over the state and nothing gets done, for 23 that matter. 2.4 25 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Earnest. 26 27 MR. E. NAGEAK: Earnest Nageak for the 28 record. Me being fairly new with the Federal 29 government, the people I work with, they -- it's like a 30 rural -- or like they have to communicate and work 31 closely with tribal governments and stuff, and the 32 Federal government has a Federal wildlife grant that 33 they give out every year to tribal -- Federally-34 recognized tribes who apply for these grants to do 35 studies or all kinds of stuff and they choose between 36 all these grant requests that -- they pick that -- from 37 all the tribal organizations, they pick the one that 38 best suits the -- or -- well, basically they give out 39 grants every year to Federally-recognized tribes to 40 conduct subsistence studies or studies on animals, if 41 that's what you're trying to ask, if there's programs 42 like that or associated with tribes and stuff. 43 44 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Т 45 understand where your concern is coming from but at 46 this discussion, we have a policy, within that policy 47 that we put forward we did not go into the details of 48 all the answers that were going to be projected with 49 the effort to do the tribal consultation. We also 50 recognized that there was concern with limitations in

1 the need to do the consultation and the number of 2 tribes that the government needs to do this consultation with. Our state has many tribes and our 3 4 state has very, very different cultures and each of our 5 tribes have their own consultation policy that they 6 need to do. Within our process of the Federal 7 Subsistence Board we have a very narrow process of 8 dealing with the financial process that's before us. 9 There are many agencies that are involved with the 10 financial process of looking at the resources in our 11 state and in our Federal lands and it's a very 12 convoluted process. 13 14 For the issue before us of trying to 15 deal with the tribal consultation policy and the tribal 16 consultation, it is a very important issue but it's not 17 something that we can fully address here. Within each 18 of our tribal governments there are communications that 19 can go through with their tribal consultation in which 20 some of the process of their 638 contracting is part of 21 that, some of it is related to Indian Health Services 22 contracting, some of it is related to all sorts of 23 funds that are utilized within our tribal governments 24 to deal with these issues. But, however, at this table 25 we have a very slim process as far as the funding 26 opportunities. 27 28 I do believe that the discussion will 29 be recognized in the notes that are being taken and 30 recognize that there are a lot of concerns related to 31 that and the lack of our ability to be effective in our 32 communications because we don't have a lot of those 33 controls, we don't have a lot of that information and 34 we have a lot of serious concerns in our resource 35 management. 36 37 And that's kind of how I could answer 38 that. 39 40 Don. 41 42 MR. MIKE: I was just wondering if Lee 43 had any questions..... 44 45 REPORTER: Donald, your mic. 46 47 MR. MIKE:on tribal consultation, 48 we might..... 49 50 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Your mic.

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MR. MIKE:ask him if..... 1 2 3 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Lee, do you 4 have any questions for tribal consultation? 5 б (No comments) 7 8 MR. MIKE: Lee, do you have any 9 questions on tribal consultation? 10 11 (No comments) 12 13 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Put your 14 mic on. 15 16 MR. MIKE: Lee, are you still with us? 17 18 (No comments) 19 20 MR. MIKE: Lee. 21 22 MR. KAYOTUK: Yes. 23 2.4 MR. MIKE: Do you have any questions on 25 tribal consultation, Madame Chair was asking. 26 MR. KAYOTUK: No, I don't, not at this 27 28 time. 29 30 MR. MIKE: Okay. 31 32 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Bob. 33 34 MR. SHEARS: Thank you, Madame Chair. 35 One question comes to mind and I'm just trying to 36 understand it. Perhaps it's written into this draft 37 policy and I just don't see it. 38 39 I'm wondering how much weight -- well, 40 first of all the question goes to how come ANCSA 41 Corporations are kind of subtitled into this as part of 42 the tribal consultation policy? I'm wondering, are 43 they given equal weight to their concerns as tribes 44 are? And does the panel recognize that there's 45 conflicting interests between ANCSA for profit 46 corporations and tribal entities? 47 48 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: I think those are 49 great questions, and, also commonly asked. Rosemary 50 may want to say something but I'm asking Glenn Chen,

1 who's the InterAgency Staff Committee representative 2 from BIA who was also on this working group if he wants 3 to address that issue. 4 5 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Go ahead. 6 7 MR. SHEARS: Okay. 8 9 DR. CHEN: Good afternoon. My name's 10 Glenn Chen and I work with the Bureau of Indian 11 Affairs. And as Ms. Armstrong has pointed out I was on 12 the InterAgency tribal consultation work group along 13 with Rosemary. And so that question about why ANCSA 14 Corporations are included in terms of consultation with 15 the Federal Subsistence Board and the Federal 16 government on subsistence issues is an interesting one. 17 And it has to do with the fact that some time ago when 18 one of the appropriation bills that went through 19 Congress included Alaska Native Corporations. And so 20 the interpretation from our Washington D.C., folks is 21 that consultation occurs between tribes and the Federal 22 government as a government to government consultation 23 and there's also a requirement to do consultation with 24 Alaska Native Corporations as well. So that's the 25 direction that we've received from our Washington, 26 D.C., office folks, is that, for consultation on 27 Federal subsistence matters we have to do government to 28 government consultation with Federally-recognized 29 tribes and also with Alaska Native Corporations. 30 31 Hopefully that answers that question. 32 33 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Clear as mud. 34 35 MR. LEAVITT: Because then the..... 36 37 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Your button 38 Lloyd. 39 40 MR. LEAVITT: Because the corporation 41 are supposed to support the tribal governments, they 42 are the profit making arm and the lands holder for the 43 tribal government under the ANCSA law, so that's how 44 I've always interpreted it. 45 46 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: There has 47 been a tremendous amount of discussion related to that 48 throughout this process and there is a lot of 49 information in this record of this process that will 50 give you some more insight into it. This was very

1 deeply discussed in multiple parts of the meeting and 2 because of that appropriations law is why we have to do 3 this process and there are recognition that there are 4 very different concerns coming from the two different 5 policies, people that -- the process to do the 6 consultation in subsistence but it is a law that we're 7 having to work with and that's why we have moved 8 forward with the law that's required with developing 9 the two different policies as required. 10 11 The process was brought out in some 12 well attended meetings, and my thoughts I wish we had 13 better attendance but I know at the Provider's 14 Conference there was really good attendance and moving 15 forward with getting the discussion into a document and 16 getting it out for further communication was where we 17 were at. We know that there's going to be further 18 communication as this process goes through but it was 19 trying to get the process in place so that we could 20 work for this last meeting having a process to get out 21 for the next regulatory process. And that's why we're 22 still continuing in this draft process. 23 2.4 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. 25 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes. 26 27 28 MR. R. NAGEAK: So the ANCSA 29 Corporations and the tribal entities will be considered 30 as the same group or.... 31 32 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: What this spells out 33 is that when we have anything in our process and we're 34 asking people's opinions, what do you think, we're 35 going -- you know, in the past we've been coming to the 36 Councils, now we'll be also going to the tribes and the 37 ANCSA Corporations, what do you think about these 38 regulatory changes, how do you feel about it. 39 40 It's just really -- in a sense we're 41 broadening our outreach to people in a great sense of 42 trying to make sure people are aware and we're 43 consulting with them. 44 45 I think it's a really -- it's really 46 important when we have regulatory changes, for example, 47 this one that Rosemary talked about this morning on 48 Arctic Village sheep, that the people in the village 49 know there's a proposal that can affect you and so 50 we'll come to you, we'll consult with you as a tribe

1 how do you feel about this and doing really good 2 outreach. I think, you know, instead of going to the Regional Councils and in areas where you've -- you 3 4 know, on the North Slope it's a small region in terms 5 of numbers of communities, you know, you have Bob who 6 goes to his community and he says, you know, what kinds 7 of issues do you have and if you have somebody from 8 every village you can make sure everybody knows about 9 what's going on but you go to the YK-Delta where there 10 are 50-something villages, you're not going to get that 11 kind of coverage, so it's really trying to make sure 12 that everybody knows who's being affected by our 13 regulations. 14 15 It's including ANCSA as well as the 16 tribes, covering all our bases, maybe look at it that 17 way. 18 19 MR. R. NAGEAK: And then currently who 20 has a voice in regards to the subsistence issues, just 21 the tribes? 22 23 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Everybody has a 24 voice. I mean any -- anybody can comment on the 25 issues. So I mean in terms of there being a voice, the 26 tribes have a voice, ANCSA Corporations have a voice, 27 the non-Natives have a voice, everyone has the ability 28 to comment. The Regional Councils, though, are the 29 ones given the deference in terms of recommendations to 30 the Board. That doesn't change. But everyone can 31 comment. And this just formally sets up that we're 32 going to consult. It says, we're not going to just sit 33 back and, you know, hope that people know that there 34 might be an issue that might be affecting them, this 35 says we have a formal process for consulting with 36 people, with the tribes and with the ANCSA 37 Corporations. 38 39 MR. R. NAGEAK: Right. With the 40 subsistence council that's right here and further up 41 you see statewide and the subsistence fish and game 42 board with that because we do -- we do have conflicts 43 and Lloyd kind of preceded -- with the -- but -- on who 44 the top dogs are within our respective regions and for 45 so many years it's been the North Slope Borough and 46 ASRC, and most of our tribes have been on the back 47 burner because of the monies that are being out there. 48 And with our subsistence way of life, in a sense to the 49 organization of the AEWC, which is the whale -- the 50 Alaska Eskimo Whaling Commission, which protects all

1 whale and our way -- way of life within our whaling 2 community. But the issue with the smaller animals, 3 that's still out in the open and how -- for those animals, the walrus and all those other animals that 4 5 still need to be protected, and the people that are 6 being contacted basically are corporations who are in 7 contract with a lot of the development corporations 8 that are out there and the tribes who really represent 9 the subsistence way of life. And like with ICAS, which 10 have been an organization way long before the state 11 became a state, before any other organization Native 12 Village of Barrow, per se, those are the ones -- and 13 within -- within our region it's always been where 14 everybody needs to be united to protect our subsistence 15 way of life, and then when these different groups are 16 being convoluted together, like in a sense ANCSA and 17 the tribal and consultation with them it behooves me to 18 ask; who's got the weighted advantage? 19 20 And I know that in the past ANCSA and 21 the way that somehow our rights were given up when 22 ANCSA was passed and that's still up in the air, our 23 way of life, our rights to hunt and have the freedom to 24 hunt as we please for our subsistence way of life, 25 who's going to have the weighted advantage, the 26 corporations that are in partnership with development 27 people or with the tribes that want to make sure that 28 the subsistence way of life and the animals that the 29 Federal government, as long as the grass is green and 30 the sun will shine will somehow have that consultation 31 with the tribes and with the people that it needs to 32 protect before anything harms what they need to live 33 off of. 34 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: When the Federal 35 36 Subsistence Board makes its decisions it weighs public 37 comment, it will now weigh tribal -- what the tribes 38 say, it'll weigh what the ANCSA Corporations say and it 39 weighs very -- but the top of all of that is what the 40 Regional Advisory Council recommendation is. And it 41 also takes into consideration what the recommendations 42 of the State of Alaska are. So it takes all those into 43 consideration in making its decision but the Regional 44 Advisory Councils, what this Council here recommends on 45 issues within North Slope will be what they have to 46 defer to. So if you make a recommendation, unless

47 there's a reason it can't be supported because of 48 conservation or safety issues or impacts to subsistence 49 users, they have to adopt what you recommend. It's 50 written in ANILCA.

1 So the top dog, as you say, is the 2 Regional Advisory Council. But they take into consideration all of those other elements. And as you 3 4 will as well, now there's a place on the agenda that 5 the tribes can come here to this meeting and they can 6 speak and let you know what their opinion is on 7 regulatory changes. 8 9 MR. R. NAGEAK: Thank you. 10 11 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: You're welcome. 12 13 MR. R. NAGEAK: I just wanted that 14 clarified. 15 16 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Okay. 17 18 MR. R. NAGEAK: Because I've always --19 within our region we know who the top dogs were and 20 where the money people are. But in a sense -- and I 21 think during the AEWC there was a unity created between 22 all those different organizations within the North 23 Slope for the protection of the bowhead whale and that 24 was a key issue. And I think along those same lines 25 they will look at our subsistence -- this will further 26 help develop unity in regards to the subsistence 27 lifestyle and for the protection of the animals that, 28 per se, are often impacted by development. 29 30 Thank you. 31 32 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Do we have 33 any other questions or comments. 34 35 MR. LEAVITT: I'll just make one. 36 37 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Lloyd. 38 MR. LEAVITT: I'll just make a comment. 39 40 The corporations wouldn't have to be notified if we did 41 have Indian lands. Since we don't have the Indian 42 lands it's critical to do the consultation, 43 consultation agreement with the Federal government, and 44 that is where we really need to be with our tribal 45 governments. 46 47 Thank you. 48 49 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Any other 50 comments or questions.

1 MR. R. NAGEAK: Just -- Madame Chair. 2 3 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Roy. 4 MR. R. NAGEAK: This is still an 5 6 ongoing policy and what's the timeframe for it to be 7 adopted or did you..... 8 9 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: The plan is it will 10 be adopted by the Federal Board in May. 11 12 MR. R. NAGEAK: And what is the 13 recommendation or are we still looking at it from a 14 regional level..... 15 16 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes. It's 17 been.... 18 19 MR. R. NAGEAK:or what do we need 20 to do? 21 22 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK:drafted 23 and now it's being presented to this board that's here 24 and this is the policy for your recommendations or 25 communications about this. 26 27 Helen. 28 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: You don't have to 29 30 necessarily vote on it up or down but if you have 31 comments or if you go home and read this tonight and 32 you have comments you can talk to Rosemary, I would 33 think, because she's on the working group and if 34 there's anything you think needs to be 35 36 MR. R. NAGEAK: And it's up to the..... 37 38 MS. H. ARMSTRONG:changed..... 39 MR. R. NAGEAK:statewide board, 40 41 the -- to adopt this? 42 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: The Federal 43 44 Subsistence Board will be the group that will be 45 adopting..... 46 47 MR. R. NAGEAK: And we're just 48 advisory. 49 50 MS. H. ARMSTRONG:it. And you're 1 advisors, yes. 2 3 MR. R. NAGEAK: Thank you. 4 5 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: But they listen to 6 the Councils, very much so, 90 -- I think something 7 like 95 percent of the time they do what the Councils 8 recommend, maybe more even. 9 10 MR. R. NAGEAK: I think we need to work 11 on the State fish and Board game [sic] with the..... 12 13 (Laughter) 14 15 MR. R. NAGEAK:same kind of..... 16 17 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: We don't have any 18 jurisdiction there. 19 20 (Laughter) 21 22 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yeah. 23 They're having a meeting next week so that's where we 24 need to bring that discussion to. 25 26 All right, if we have no further 27 discussion.... 2.8 29 (No comments) 30 31 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: What we 32 jumped past was that we need to inquire if there's 33 anyone from the tribes that would like to communicate 34 with our board at this time, with our Regional Advisory 35 Council? 36 37 (No comments) 38 MR. R. NAGEAK: What did we do with 39 40 this on our regional meeting with NANA? 41 42 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: With the 43 joint meeting it was still early in the discussion and 44 so we.... 45 46 MR. R. NAGEAK: What's their feeling? 47 48 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Well, I 49 know we worked very hard on this process and I know 50 that we tried to make it as strong as we could but we

1 left it broad to allow each of the tribes to be more 2 specific because we defer to each tribe to make the 3 decision on how it's going to be done but we tried to 4 make sure that we could get it as strong as we could. 5 6 I'm sorry, I didn't have my microphone 7 on. 8 9 REPORTER: I got it Rosemary. 10 11 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Okay, thank 12 you. 13 14 MR. R. NAGEAK: I actually love it. 15 16 (Laughter) 17 18 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: I 19 understand..... 20 21 (Laughter) 22 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yep, I 23 24 understand where I know our process was within the 25 process. I'm very open to listening to others. Some 26 of our people here have been involved within the tribal 27 process more than I have and any insight that you can 28 give into how you feel this document should be created 29 I'm very open to listening to that information. If you 30 want to take more time and look at it and give us an 31 email or call us on the phone later, I'm very open to 32 that. And we do have more time to provide this 33 discussion. 34 MR. SHEARS: I do feel that the 35 36 concerns, the consultations with the tribes and even 37 the corporations will be meaningful in answer to one of 38 the questions posed to us. 39 40 Realizing now our responsibility as 41 Regional Advisory Council members is to read between 42 the lines. 43 44 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. 45 46 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes, Roy. 47 48 MR. R. NAGEAK: Being a subsistence 49 hunter all my life and always had the freedom to do as 50 I please and to just hunt for my needs and to share

1 with our elders and people in need and how when God 2 created the earth and I see this and I understand that more as I grow older the need for my well being was 3 4 always being out in the open and being with nature and 5 having my ability to get the food that I need off the 6 land and off the ocean and in some way just being in 7 peace with it, and I always think about this when I 8 teach my sons and all the young men that are associated 9 with the freedom that I always had to do what I needed 10 to do for the food that I love to eat and somehow 11 losing that sense of the freedom I always had with 12 nature because without knowing it, I've passed that on 13 to my sons, that freedom. 14 15 And one of the best ones that I noted 16 to me personally was when we were way up inland in the 17 middle of nowhere and we have already catch what we 18 needed and I -- and I see the blue sky and the sun 19 slowly going down, then I stop on top of a mount (ph) 20 and I just kind of stop there and then two of my sons 21 who had followed me and they slowly went up behind me 22 and they didn't say nothing. I was just feeling the 23 sense of peace that I had knowing what and being tired 24 and we didn't even say anything for like 20 minutes to 25 30 minutes and I just wanted them to enjoy the sense of 26 peace that comes with being with nature and being able 27 to have the freedom to do or catch what we need for our 28 food. And I didn't say nothing, I didn't have to say 29 nothing -- I said God's so beautiful, and that sense of 30 peace, and then when I turned back my motor on and took 31 off I didn't have to say nothing to my sons. They knew 32 what I was reflecting on, just the peace and serenity 33 that you feel when you're out there with nature that 34 God has created, that sense of freedom that we always 35 had to do what we needed to do for our families. 36 37 And somehow when we talk about policies 38 like these and how in the strange sort of way that 39 development and the impact of what's coming up north, 40 well, impact, that sense of peace that we always had, 41 to me that will always be reflected. And how we as 42 this regional Board, somehow that sense of peace that 43 we always had with nature, we don't want to lose that. 44 45 And us being the, like you say, will 46 always be listened to as being the Board and those are 47 the things that I don't want our young people to lose, 48 I don't want my sons to be in conflict with any other 49 entity if it has to come to our way of life that God 50 had created from whenever, that sense of self-worth

1 that comes with living off the land. 2 3 Somehow we're losing that. We're going 4 to lose that because of what's coming up north. 5 6 And I've always got to reflect on that. 7 8 Will that be available for my 9 grandkids. That sense of peace that they will one day 10 stop, possibly on that same mount and just reflect on 11 their worth of self-being, their self-worth and being 12 part of nature. I mean that's all I ask for. 13 14 Thank you. 15 16 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Roy, those 17 are very powerful words. I know that many of us have 18 that same sentiment and we also are sharing those same 19 concerns with people that are choosing to get involved 20 in this process to look at what is being presented and 21 to share the stories of our harvest and our issues and 22 concerns, we are able to contribute in this process and 23 I'm very thankful that you have joined this table and 24 are able to share these types of concerns. 25 26 It's very difficult to articulate that 27 type of thing but you did a great job and I thank you 28 for giving us those words. 29 30 MR. LEAVITT: Madame Chair. 31 32 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Lloyd. 33 34 MR. LEAVITT: It's critical that we 35 bring in the tribal government and also work with the 36 corporations, our subsistence way of life, that we 37 bring them in, everybody has to be knowledgeable and 38 work with each other. 39 40 You all have to remember, Roy, you were 41 up here, you were here when the Federal government 42 stopped us from hunting caribou in the late '70s. I 43 went out and got a few caribous but when the planes 44 flew by I was living in fear, I will not go through 45 that again and I don't intend to go through that. We 46 did this for the summer. And the game warden came 47 around me and here I had just been carrying a caribou 48 on my back and put the caribou in the boat and told 49 William, go boating, and we were fortunate that some 50 brant came by and we were able to shoot them down and

1 they must have thought that we were catching brant only so he left us but he didn't know the caribou we had in 2 the boat. If he had walked down to the boat he would 3 4 have got us for sure red-handed, I do not want to live 5 in fear that way again, I do not want to encounter this 6 again. 7 That's the only comment I'll make that 8 9 we really need to work with the tribal governments and 10 bring them in. 11 12 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Do we have 13 any other discussion for tribal consultation. 14 15 (No comments) 16 17 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Ι 18 appreciate the communications that have gone forward in 19 this process. I know that notes are being taken and it 20 will be summarized into the next working group meeting. 21 I know that all of the regions will also be submitting 22 communications and we look forward to the discussions 23 that are brought forward and feel free to continue to 24 look at these documents, feel free to communicate with 25 known tribal leaders and ANCSA Corporation leaders and 26 encourage them of the awareness of our process and 27 their ability to participate and communicate. 28 29 Let's see, if we have no further 30 discussion then next on the agenda is the regulatory 31 proposals. 32 33 (No comments) 34 35 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Helen. 36 37 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Thank you, Madame 38 Chair. 39 40 MR. R. NAGEAK: Oh, just one quick 41 comment. 42 43 I like the dancing part in the first 44 paragraph. Because after always hunting, all this 45 other stuff they used to go out and just dance your 46 stuff off. 47 48 (Laughter) 49 50 MR. R. NAGEAK: It's going to happen

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  tonight over at -- I don't know where it's going to be,
2
  and if anybody don't leave early it's going to be a
  pow-wow tonight. Just let your steam off.
3
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5
                   (Laughter)
6
7
                   MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Okay,
8
  Helen.
9
10
                   MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Thank you, Madame
11 Chair.
12
13
                   This is the time when we take proposals
14 for changing the Fish and Wildlife Service -- I mean
15 Federal Subsistence Management Program regulations and
16 those are in your -- this green book, and the
17 regulations for the Yukon Northern area where you fall
18 in, you have a -- for all fish, no limit, year-round,
19 with the exception of those people living in Unit 26B.
20 I just saw that and I thought, so what happens to the
21 people in 26B because I think Nuigsut falls in 26B;
22 isn't it within 26B, Rosemary?
23
2.4
                   MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: That's what
25 I'm thinking.
26
27
                   MS. H. ARMSTRONG: I mean the map's on
28 Page....
29
30
                   MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. Isn't
31 that the same area where it's being controlled by the
32 Fairbanks area, like the caribou.
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34
                   MS. H. ARMSTRONG: This is for fish.
35 This is just regulations for fish, not wildlife.
36
                   MR. R. NAGEAK: No. No....
37
38
39
                   MS. H. ARMSTRONG: But Nuigsut falls in
40 26B and so I'm trying to.....
41
42
                   MR. R. NAGEAK: Isn't -- that's what
43 Geoff said, oh the Federal is fish but the State is
44 caribou.
45
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                   MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Well, what we're
47 talking about right now is just changing regulations
48 for fish, only fish, caribou's not included. We're
49 just taking proposals to change regulations for fish.
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1 MR. R. NAGEAK: But the caribou.... 2 3 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: And those proposals 4 are -- it's open until March 30th. 5 6 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: What page 7 are you on in the book here? 8 9 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: I'm sorry, Page 29 10 of this green book. 11 12 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Okay. 13 14 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: And most of the 15 regulations have to do with the Yukon River drainage, 16 this area is huge, that's how -- it's Yukon Northern 17 Area subsistence fishing and it's only Federal waters. 18 19 So there's nothing really to change 20 because this is all fish, it's year-round season for 21 all fish so you guys have really broad fishing seasons. 22 But you know what, Rosemary, when I go 23 24 back to the office I'm going to talk to our regulatory 25 specialist and find out why Unit 26B is excluded there. 26 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: The only 27 28 thing I can remember is because of the Yukon River and 29 the troubles that are happening on the Yukon. The only 30 thing I could think of is the issue related to the 31 Yukon River and the troubles with the fisheries along 32 the Yukon River, but I was trying to look more closely 33 at that and I'm not seeing the specifics or where to 34 refer to. 35 36 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: I'm going to check 37 for you. 38 39 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Thank you. 40 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: So except for 26B 41 42 it's all fish year-round, there's nothing for you to 43 change so I don't think we -- I don't think we've had a 44 fish proposal yet from the North Slope because of that. 45 46 That's all I had, Madame Chair, on that 47 agenda item. 48 49 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Do we have 50 any other questions or comments.

1 (No comments) 2 3 (Pause) 4 5 MR. R. NAGEAK: Do we need to vote on 6 this? 7 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: No. It's 8 9 information so we're aware of when they are in. 10 11 I'm just waiting to see if the Staff, 12 if there's further questions or discussions that may be 13 brought since..... 14 15 MR. LEAVITT: (No microphone on) 16 17 MR. SHEARS: If somebody in the 18 community did have a proposal to change this regulation 19 they could present it to us now and we could consider 20 it for recommendation. 21 22 MR. LEAVITT: But it doesn't pertain to 23 us. 2.4 25 MR. SHEARS: Oh, okay. 26 27 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes, and 28 there have been discussions like Anaktuvuk had concerns 29 about one of their lakes, do you recall when James was 30 talking about that in the previous meeting, and they 31 were working within their process to look at what they 32 could do to look at that. There were concerns with 33 their lake and contaminants and with a recent accident 34 out there they were able to find out there is concerns. 35 36 MR. R. NAGEAK: The activity --37 development activity and that was going to happen..... 38 39 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Your mic. 40 41 MR. R. NAGEAK: Yes, there was some 42 concern in how some of their lakes were going to be 43 impacted by ice roads or development activity within 44 their region. James had some concerns in that. And I 45 don't know, when people ask for permits to do 46 development within the foothills, do they submit 47 comment periods for -- I know for U.S. Fish and 48 Wildlife I believe they do, that 30 day period for 49 comments. 50

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1 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: I don't know, we 2 don't deal with development issues in the Federal 3 Subsistence Program. 4 5 MR. R. NAGEAK: Well, they do, there's 6 a process.... 7 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: I mean Fish and 8 9 Wildlife Service might, but not our program, so I don't 10 know what the answer is to that. 11 12 MR. R. NAGEAK: Maybe that might be 13 something when development permits are being made, that 14 there'll be a process for some Federal subsistence 15 group to make sure that the subsistence hunters are not 16 being impacted by development, wouldn't that be -- I 17 mean that -- that should be a given, or is it BLM? 18 19 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: What we deal with in 20 the Federal Subsistence Program, is we just deal with 21 hunting and fishing regulations, and so that falls into 22 other -- yes, subsistence uses are considered, but that 23 would be that specific agency would be dealing with 24 that, not the Federal Subsistence Management Program. 25 So if it's BLM then BLM..... 26 27 MR. R. NAGEAK: I don't see why 28 they.... 29 MS. H. ARMSTRONG:would be 30 31 dealing with -- and, I know, I hear -- I hear your pain 32 about how it's so..... 33 34 MR. R. NAGEAK: It's not a pain, it's a 35 given. 36 MS. H. ARMSTRONG:confusing. 37 38 It.... 39 40 MR. R. NAGEAK: It should be a given. 41 42 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: But we -- we don't 43 deal with development in the Federal Subsistence 44 Program, even though we do deal with subsistence 45 issues, it's not part of our mandate. We're just --46 our mandate is to over..... 47 48 MR. R. NAGEAK: Regulate. 49 50 (Laughter)

1 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Yeah. 2 3 MR. R. NAGEAK: You're not here to 4 protect. 5 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: 6 Exactly. 7 8 MR. LEAVITT: Madame Chair. 9 10 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: That's exactly 11 right. 12 13 MR. R. NAGEAK: Who does the protecting 14 then? 15 16 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: That's then the 17 individual agencies would, whatever -- you know, if 18 it's in the Arctic Refuge then they would be taking 19 that into consideration. If it's NPR-A, it's BLM. If 20 it's -- I know what you're saying, I understand. It's 21 a lot -- you know it's a lot of different government 22 entities. 23 2.4 I wanted to go back to the question 25 about 26B, Geoff says Nuiqsut is not in 26B. 26 27 MR. SHEARS: Okay. 28 29 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: So it's not an 30 issue. So all of the residents of -- except for those 31 people in 26B, which is Prudhoe Bay, then it's all fish 32 year-round you get to harvest. No regulations on that. 33 34 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Now I 35 recall where that comes from. 36 Lloyd, you had a question and then 37 38 since you're at the table you can be next. 39 40 MR. LEAVITT: I just had a comment on 41 Roy's concern, that if the Feds knew about or the State 42 knew about any permitting or planning up on the 43 foothills, we have to remember we have a home rural 44 government and that's the North Slope Borough, they 45 should be the ones approaching us and working with us 46 on any improvements within the North Slope region so I 47 would want to rely on the home rural government which 48 is the North Slope Borough since they address all the 49 permits and the applications so that is where the North 50 Slope Borough would come in handy if they notified the

1 Federal Subsistence Board if there are any issues or 2 concerns before actually approving the permit or an application. That would be the only fallback that I 3 4 could think of automatically since we do have that home 5 rural government here. 6 7 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Dave. 8 9 DR. YOKEL: The Federal Subsistence 10 Management Program -- and this is an attempt to answer 11 part of Mr. Nageak's question earlier. 12 13 The Federal Subsistence Management 14 Program gets its authority under the Alaska National 15 Interest Lands Conservation Act, Title VIII. There's a 16 section within that title that requires that any 17 Federal action that may have a significant impact on 18 subsistence activities has to follow three rules. 19 20 One of which is to hold a public 21 hearing in the affected communities. So if the Federal 22 government is going to undertake any development or 23 permit any development that may have significant effect 24 on subsistence then there will be hearings in local 25 communities. 26 27 Now, as far as the foothills, I'm not 28 certain but I believe you're talking about like the 29 foothills where the Umiat Road may be built. 30 31 MR. R. NAGEAK: Okay, then.... 32 33 DR. YOKEL: Which is almost entirely 34 State land. 35 MR. R. NAGEAK: And private land. 36 37 38 DR. YOKEL: Okay, that would all be 39 permitted by the State of Alaska's Department of 40 Natural Resources. They're not authorized under 41 ANILCA, Title VIII. They have their own laws for how 42 to behave and they follow those laws. I don't 43 particularly know those laws because I don't work for 44 the State. But in terms of the foothills, that will be 45 permitted by the State's Department of Natural 46 Resources, if it's constructed. 47 48 MR. R. NAGEAK: I know that we had that 49 conversation, we're not involved with the State, but 50 the language was we're -- the Federal government is

self-servant to the State, I think that was the word. 1 2 Submissive or self-servant. 3 4 DR. YOKEL: I'm not familiar with the 5 use of either of those words in terms of the Federal 6 government and the State. 7 8 MR. R. NAGEAK: Was that the term that 9 was utilized at our last meeting that the Federal 10 government is self-servant to the wishes of the State 11 -- no. 12 13 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: I can't say 14 that is..... 15 16 MR. R. NAGEAK: Submissive. 17 18 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK:the 19 discussion that they put forward, I can't say that's 20 the direct term but I know there was difficulties in 21 understanding the process because of the way that 22 meeting was being run differently at the beginning and 23 during the process. I'm not sure how to answer that. 2.4 25 (Laughter) 26 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: It's 27 28 definitely a process for the Federal process and the 29 State process and they're two different processes and 30 it depends on the coloring of the map on which 31 regulations that you follow and there is a lot of 32 opportunity for communication of the concerns. It is 33 difficult to know how to bring our concerns to the 34 table when we have concerns to subsistence and why our 35 concerns to subsistence are occurring and to get them 36 addressed at the level that they need to be addressed. 37 We have a very convoluted process and 38 39 within our process you need to stay talking about how 40 our subsistence huntings are occurring and how we need 41 to protect our efforts to continue these activities and 42 in discussions to specific regulations are related to 43 that. For the issues related to other things such as 44 permitting activity, depending on where those permits 45 are, that discussion needs to go within those processes 46 for those meetings as well within local process in our 47 municipality to help share the concerns related to 48 subsistence. 49 50 Does that help?

1 MR. R. NAGEAK: You almost sounded like 2 Jacob Adams. 3 4 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Oh, do not 5 ever.... б 7 (Laughter) 8 9 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: I think 10 we're going to call for a break from that discussion. 11 12 MR. R. NAGEAK: Just kidding. 13 14 (Laughter) 15 16 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Okay, I 17 understand, but I think we also need probably -- we 18 didn't get one this morning so we probably should do 19 consideration for that now. 20 21 MR. SHEARS: Yeah. 22 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Alrighty, 23 24 we'll take a 15 minute break. 25 26 MR. SHEARS: Thank you. 27 28 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: All right, 29 let's take a break. 30 31 (Off record) 32 33 (On record) 34 35 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: I'll call 36 the meeting back to order. Next on the agenda is old 37 business, review and finalize draft 2011 annual report. 38 39 Donald. 40 41 MR. MIKE: Thank you, Madame Chair. 42 Last fall at our joint meeting there was a couple of 43 items that the Northwest Council and North Slope 44 Council brought up. 45 46 One of them was the brown bear, and 47 they wanted to discuss with the Board of Game to see if 48 there's any way to streamline reporting of DLP on 49 bears. And I'll have to review the transcripts and 50 summarize that in more detail.

1 I think some Council member also 2 commented that to create a controlled use area for the 3 North Slope region for bear hunting I believe. 4 5 And another item is -- this was a 6 concern from the Northwest area Council, brown bear 7 harassment to the villages. And it's been stated that 8 it sort of criminalizes the subsistence users when they 9 kill a bear under DLP regulations. And they also 10 requested a further study of increase of bear/human 11 conflicts. 12 13 (Cell phone interruption) 14 MR. MIKE: So those are the two main 15 16 items I can think about right now. 17 18 And the other item that the Councils 19 brought up as an annual report item is a statewide 20 meeting with the Federal Subsistence Board. I don't 21 know if that includes all the Council members or just 22 the Chairs of all the 10 regions, a statewide meeting. 23 2.4 And those are the items for now I have 25 summarized for the 2011 annual report. 26 Madame Chair. 27 2.8 29 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: We do have 30 the records available on the website for the prior 31 meetings and I encourage our participants to review 32 them and if you have any further discussions go ahead 33 and communicate with Donald. He will be working with 34 us on this report. He'll also talk with Harry and me 35 in the process. We've had changes to our process here. 36 Barb Armstrong retired, Donald took over, and during 37 that transition we don't have the actual document today 38 for us but the effort to complete this process is 39 before us and if you have anything that you want to 40 include in the process bring it before and communicate 41 with Donald. 42 43 Do we have any questions. 44 45 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. 46 47 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Go ahead, 48 Roy. 49 50 MR. R. NAGEAK: What is this, under the

1 next.... 2 3 MR. MIKE: I think the State biologist 4 will explain that to you. 5 6 MR. R. NAGEAK: Oh, we're not there 7 yet. 8 MR. MIKE: You requested that the 9 10 harvest data on the Haul Road as far as the uses. 11 12 MR. R. NAGEAK: Okay. 13 14 MR. MIKE: Maybe we can bring that up 15 under agency reports. 16 17 MR. R. NAGEAK: Okay. 18 19 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: That adds 20 to the communication, that there is concerns related to 21 those regulatory changes on the Dalton Highway and the 22 impacts to subsistence on the North Slope as Roy had 23 stated earlier in the meetings, making sure that that 24 gets added. 25 26 We talked earlier about adding the 27 concern for Anaktuvuk Pass and supporting their efforts 28 to protect their migratory route and support within the 29 region from multiple Councils for that process. So 30 that's also to be included. 31 32 And also the issue related to the seals 33 has been communicated. 34 35 So those are three things that come to 36 my mind. 37 38 MR. R. NAGEAK: Thank you. 39 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Do we have 40 41 any further questions or comments related to that. 42 43 44 (No comments) 45 46 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: All right. 47 Moving on, we already discussed review of the draft 48 tribal consultation policy. If there's no further 49 questions on that next on the agenda is the 50 environmental assessment on collection of antlers in

1 Park lands. I know that you gave us a handout Geoff but there's also a spot for -- later on in the agenda, 2 3 do you want to do it at that point or what? 4 5 MR. CARROLL: I can go now if you want or we can go later, whatever you want to do. 6 7 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Geoff has 8 9 been able to give us a printout of information, would 10 you like to..... 11 12 MR. R. NAGEAK: Yeah. 13 14 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK:take 15 that information at this point? 16 17 MR. R. NAGEAK: Yes. 18 19 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Go ahead 20 and join us at the table, if you don't mind waiting for 21 a few moments -- thank you. 22 23 Geoff. 2.4 25 MR. CARROLL: Okay, yeah, thank you. 26 Geoff Carroll, Alaska Department of Fish and Game for 27 the record. 28 29 So this is a copy of what Beth Lenart, 30 area biologist for Units 26B and C sent me, and these 31 are kind of the results of what they've seen with the 32 -- since -- well, long-term record of how many caribou 33 -- Central Arctic Herd caribou are harvested along the 34 Dalton Highway. These are results of hunter harvest 35 reports that get turned in. 36 Again, you know most people that drive 37 38 up the road or come from other parts of the state or 39 whatever are pretty diligent about filling out hunter 40 harvest reports, you know, mostly -- and that's usually 41 a pretty accurate reading of the harvest in a lot of 42 areas. Up here, you know, most people aren't real fond 43 of turning in hunting reports so we use things like the 44 North Slope Borough village surveys and things like 45 that to determine how many are harvested in the 46 villages usually, so what this is is basically these 47 hunter harvest reports of people that went up the road. 48 49 And you can kind of see that after this 50 -- you know the season and the bag limit were
1 liberalized before the 2010 season there definitely was 2 an increase in the number of hunters coming up. It's a little hard to look at that, it's kind of -- it's a 3 little bit crude and everything but, you know, you got 4 5 to use an envelope and line it up with the side there, 6 it looked like about 1,500 hunters that went up the 7 Haul Road and as Roy said, you know, that's a lot of 8 people and a lot of activity along the Haul Road, and 9 those people harvested about 1,200 caribou. You know 10 in comparison we probably harvest four or 5,000 caribou 11 from the Teshekpuk Herd every year. So, you know, the 12 rate of harvest over there is -- I mean it's kind of 13 concentrated right along that road but it's lower than 14 -- if you're looking at the entire harvest for the herd 15 is lower than what we go with the Teshekpuk Herd. It's 16 kind of interesting with the Teshekpuk Herd, again, 17 like Roy said, a lot of times a herd that is hunted and 18 harvested, it's almost as if it increases the 19 productivity because we -- for many years we've 20 harvested the Teshekpuk Herd at probably the highest 21 rate of any herd in the state and yet it's just 22 steadily growing and it's actually been one of the few 23 herds that's been growing in the last several years. 2.4 25 So our most recent survey might -- it 26 looks like it indicates that the Teshekpuk might have 27 peaked out and stabilized at least. It was a little 28 lower than two years ago. 29 30 But anyway it's a big healthy herd. 31 32 So, you know, then this lower table 33 shows of the number -- of the hunters that were 34 successful that harvested, you know, how many of them 35 -- well, 611 of them harvested only one caribou so the 36 great majority of the hunters that went up only took 37 one animal and, you know, 163 took two. So, anyway, by 38 the time -- the -- you know, one of the issues as far 39 as State regulations is whether the bag limit should be 40 three caribou or five caribou and you can kind of see 41 from that the number of people taking four or five 42 caribou is much lower than 600 -- or, you know, the 611 43 that only took one caribou. And, you know, that 44 season, too is -- you know, that's five caribou total 45 compared to us where we have five caribou per day so 46 that's still a lot more restrictive than what, you 47 know, our regulations -- and so, anyway, that's kind of 48 a quick summary of what's on just -- and one thing with 49 that Central Arctic Herd it's a tremendously productive 50 herd at this point in history. You know we do fall

1 composition surveys and, you know, 40 -- out of 100 2 cows, 46 of them have calves in the fall, I mean that's 3 pretty remarkable really. That's way more than most 4 herds. And that was 2010, in 2011 57 out 100 had 5 calves by the fall. So that's, you know, a good 6 healthy growing herd. 7 8 And, you know, the way they look at it 9 is there's no reason not to harvest a few more caribou 10 from it. 11 12 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. 13 14 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Roy. 15 16 MR. R. NAGEAK: I thank you for the 17 information. Like I said if the herd is there and 18 people are able to get to them then that's good for 19 them, it's just the concern that within that small 20 corridor where people -- caribou for the people that 21 hunt in Anaktuvuk Pass, usually they'll keep going if 22 you allow the first bunch to go through and that's 23 always the case but not knowing how or which way 24 they're going, if you allow the first bunch to go 25 through -- and I don't know how they look at these big 26 herds that go through the foothills, and who monitors 27 the first -- the lead herd. 2.8 29 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, the.... 30 31 MR. R. NAGEAK: Because that's to the 32 advantage of the people that want to hunt, too, then, 33 if they allow the lead herd to go through then more 34 caribou will follow through. 35 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, unfortunately 36 37 there's nobody that really monitors that, you know, 38 follows along to see when the first ones go through and 39 you can bet that hunters driving up the Dalton Highway, 40 they don't have that in their mind at all, you know, 41 they come up and the first caribou they see coming 42 they're going to be -- well, you know, it's all bow 43 hunting along there but they're going to hit them hard, 44 you know, as soon as they see any caribou. They don't 45 have the good sense to let the first ones go through. 46 47 MR. R. NAGEAK: I'm just wondering --48 Madame Chair. 49 50 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Roy.

1 MR. R. NAGEAK: I'm just wondering as 2 more people start going there and they're up -- you could see the growth from 1,500, what -- are you 3 4 looking at one month or two months, July, August or 5 what's the timeframe for that -- is that within the 6 year? 7 8 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, this is hunters for 9 the entire year. 10 11 MR. R. NAGEAK: Okay. 12 13 MR. CARROLL: Yeah. 14 15 MR. R. NAGEAK: What's the season for 16 that one? 17 18 MR. CARROLL: Well, I'm going to look 19 right now because I -- because that's kind of a little 20 bit out of my area so I don't have that all..... 21 22 MR. R. NAGEAK: See that's the 23 information we wanted from that blonde woman. 2.4 25 (Laughter) 26 MR. R. NAGEAK: But she didn't have it. 27 28 MR. CARROLL: Well, actually, yeah, it 29 30 is a year-round, it's no closed season for bulls and 31 then they have the cow season is closed during calving 32 period..... 33 34 MR. R. NAGEAK: Yes. 35 36 MR. CARROLL:so it's basically a 37 year-round season. 38 39 MR. R. NAGEAK: Just like how we are. 40 41 MR. CARROLL: Yeah. That's for 42 residents. For non-residents it's more restrictive. 43 It's -- well, July 1st through April 30th, so that's 44 a.... 45 46 MR. R. NAGEAK: Non-residents to the 47 Central Herd or.... 48 49 MR. CARROLL:long season too. 50

1 MR. R. NAGEAK:non-residents to 2 the state of Alaska. 3 4 MR. CARROLL: State of Alaska. 5 6 MR. LEAVITT: Madame Chair. 7 8 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Bob was 9 first and then you, Lloyd. 10 11 MR. SHEARS: Geoff, what theories do 12 you have for explaining the increase in the number of 13 hunters in 2010; was it the increase in the bag limit 14 that attracted them? 15 16 MR. CARROLL: Yeah. Yeah. 17 18 MR. SHEARS: Uh-huh. 19 20 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, the season and the 21 bag limit, they were both increased. 22 23 MR. SHEARS: Yeah. 2.4 25 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Lloyd. 26 MR. LEAVITT: I was under the 27 28 assumption all these were during the summer and fall 29 months because we don't see or hear of any hunters 30 during the -- after freeze-up or during the winter 31 months and the only time allowable down there --32 allowed on the Dalton Highway is during the rutting 33 season, that would be my only concern? 34 35 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, now, what's that, 36 you think the season should be shorter? 37 38 MR. LEAVITT: No, I'm thinking that 39 these are -- no one goes year-round hunting on the 40 Dalton Highway due to the harsh winter months so I was 41 under the assumption that these were during the open 42 season from July to probably September? 43 44 MR. CARROLL: Yeah. 45 46 MR. LEAVITT: Is that..... 47 48 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, no, it's.... 49 50 MR. LEAVITT: And that's a substantial

1 amount in three months. 2 3 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, it's according to 4 the reg book, it's open pretty much year-round, so 5 that's the way it is. And I didn't look in the Federal 6 regulations, but I'm not -- yeah, I'm not sure what 7 they are during that period but it's mostly State lands 8 so I guess that's.... 9 10 MR. LEAVITT: It is only for trophy 11 hunters. 12 13 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: There has 14 been a lot of discussion about this concern over this 15 process and you are bringing an important point. Our 16 understanding that this is year-round brings a 17 different perception and making sure that the numbers 18 are representative of a year-round hunt, not a seasonal 19 hunt.... 20 21 MR. LEAVITT: Yes. 22 23 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK:is 24 important. It is helpful to have this information but 25 it is also very important to know whether or not we are 26 having a good assumption of this information. Do we 27 have adequacy of the number of people involved in the 28 process to give us good numbers; are we relying on a 29 volunteer process for people to provide that 30 information; is there a concern for not getting a 31 response back with others that are out there? And I 32 know it brings me to a thought, was, during the scenic 33 byways discussion there was communications in which 34 there were encouragement that the hunters go on up the 35 Dalton and our understanding was there wasn't to be 36 used for vehicles but I remember Archie (Indiscernible) 37 bringing out to the communication on his trip back 38 during that hearing process seeing 17 vehicles with 39 trailers behind them bringing vehicles above the line 40 into the North Slope. So it is something that we need 41 to look at. We need to have adequate involvement to 42 making sure that we're getting a good assessment. 43 44 I know our concern is related to on the 45 Dalton there's only one person that's involved in that 46 monitoring and when you're having that great of a 47 distance how effective are they in that process and is 48 there ways that we can improve the assessment with 49 counters of various ways. I know that we have traffic 50 counters and that kind of such but is there something

1 that we can do to help making sure that we're getting 2 adequacy in the numbers for that assessment. 3 4 Geoff. 5 6 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, actually right now 7 there's really no way of knowing how, you know, how 8 much under reporting there is. I mean there was a time 9 in the past when there was a checkstation on the Dalton 10 Highway and that, of course, forces compliance -- I 11 mean makes better compliance. I don't know, I mean the 12 feeling and I'm not quite sure what it's based upon by 13 the biologist over there is that most people do report 14 their harvest along the road. But, you know, I mean 15 there's plenty of opportunities not to harvest -- or 16 not to report. And like you said, you know, the 17 enforcement and the monitoring is very limited, you 18 know, we have one guy who works out of Coldfoot and so 19 it's -- and a lot of country over there. In fact, he's 20 -- one guy out of Coldfoot for the entire, you know, 21 western two-thirds of the -- or eastern two-thirds of 22 the North Slope, there's another guy in Kotzebue to 23 kind of share it with but, yeah, enforcement is very 24 limited. 25 26 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Do we have 27 any further discussion or comments related to this. 28 29 (No comments) 30 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: You hear 31 32 the discussion and the concerns and we know that your 33 involvement in this process has been to try to bring 34 our interest and concerns to the table and we trust 35 you're going to continue to do so. Whatever we can do 36 to help continue to deal with these assessments and to 37 be proactive and looking for the changes with the 38 increased harvesting and being able to respond 39 adequately before we have a change that's very 40 detrimental to the North Slope is very important to 41 those that are in this process. 42 43 So thank you for all that you've done. 44 Thank you for giving us this information. If we have 45 no further communications we'll move on. 46 47 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. 48 49 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Roy. 50

1 MR. R. NAGEAK: I'm kind of concerned 2 with how the map is looking out for Point Hope where 3 there's State lands and then there's private lands, 4 little bit of green land, little bit -- it's more 5 diluted than any other section of the North Slope and 6 they're -- and that was a question that was asked 7 by.... 8 9 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Ray. 10 11 MR. R. NAGEAK:Ray Koonuk, is his 12 -- and how they fall under the region's same State --13 you don't cover Point Hope, right, it's like a 14 different state. 15 16 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, no, it's -- yeah, 17 you're right, they're actually more serviced out of the 18 Kotzebue office and..... 19 20 MR. R. NAGEAK: Right. 21 22 MR. CARROLL:that's Unit 23 but 23 at least we're in the same region. It's not quite as 24 bad as 26B and C where they're in an entirely different 25 region. 26 MR. R. NAGEAK: That's where Fairbanks 27 28 kind of.... 29 30 MR. CARROLL: We all -- yeah, we go to 31 the same Board of Game meetings and things like that, 32 Unit 23, and actually they have a great guy to work 33 with, Jim Dau, out of the Kotzebue office and 34 Charolette Westing there, they're real good, so..... 35 MR. R. NAGEAK: And the concerns -- and 36 37 the problems that they had a couple years back and how 38 the State kind of slammed down on them. And how we 39 need to try to address some of -- and I wish he would 40 have been here because -- but he was sick. But how the 41 management within his region was Kotzebue, North Slope 42 and convoluted in a sense and I don't know how to 43 address that issue or address his concerns, especially 44 with State. 45 46 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, I don't -- yeah, 47 you know, that whole incident was just kind of 48 unfortunate from beginning to end, you know, 49 unfortunate that it happened at all, it was unfortunate 50 the way that enforcement people handled it. You know,

1 it was just kind of -- I don't know, you know, in the 2 end, I guess, people didn't get penalized too severely 3 but, you know, kind of got the word out that, you know, 4 don't harvest and leave caribou. So I don't know, 5 maybe in the end you can say it all ended up not too 6 badly but it was sure a tough process going through it 7 all. 8 MR. R. NAGEAK: Looking at the map that 9 10 we have and how the management of the Central Arctic 11 Herd is from way down there, and how adding more people 12 for the management of the North Slope area and like we 13 had earlier talked to you how that -- we need to make 14 that more defined and make it more North Slope because 15 of the impact on the Anaktuvuk Pass people and their 16 need to coordinate with the North Slope Borough who 17 addresses State issues, maybe that's something we need 18 to -- like I stated earlier, need more coordination or 19 try to get together to address the issues that are 20 demanding some resolve, resolutions to -- the concerns 21 by the (In Inupiat). But without really coordinating 22 the North Slope Borough and the State to address that 23 issue, really our hands are tied in a sense. 2.4 25 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, I don't, you know, 26 maybe a good route is to talk to people that are part 27 of the, you know, North Slope Advisory Council, because 28 they're part of the State system and so they can maybe 29 pass the concerns on, although, you know, we -- they 30 have, in the past, and Tagelik has, you know, and I 31 don't know it's just -- it just seems to be a hard one 32 to change even though it would seem very sensible to 33 change it. 34 35 You know while I'm here I guess I -- if 36 you got -- this is kind of some public information that 37 I'd like everybody to pass on back to their villages, 38 is at the last Board of Game meeting they passed a 39 proposal that we put in that takes basically --40 basically it takes the tag requirement away from 41 grizzly bear hunting and so -- so before in order to 42 harvest a grizzly bear you -- in the general hunt you 43 had to buy a \$25 tag and you had to have it with you 44 and you had to attach it to the bear and kind of -- but 45 we also had a subsistence permit for up here. You 46 could get a subsistence permit, it didn't cost anything 47 and it was real handy, you know, for people --48 especially people with problem bears, you know, if you 49 had the subsistence permit you could just harvest a 50 bear and it didn't -- I mean you can always -- I mean

1 if a bear is threatening you or your loved ones or your 2 property, you know, you've always been able to take a 3 bear under defense of life and property but it's a real 4 pain in the neck because you're supposed to turn 5 everything in. You're supposed to turn the hide in, 6 the skull in and all that stuff. 7 8 But, anyway, now we've gotten 9 everything so liberalized with bears you don't need a 10 tag, you don't need anything, you don't even need one 11 of these special subsistence permits. Anybody with a 12 hunting license can harvest one bear per year and once 13 you take it then you're supposed to notify me and then 14 we seal it, you know, we measure it and stuff like 15 that. So, anyway, we've tried to make that as easy as 16 possible for people that are out at their cabins or 17 whatever and have a bear that they need to harvest or 18 just want to harvest a bear anyway. 19 20 And so that's where it sits now, is 21 that, you can, just with a hunting license, you don't 22 need any special tags or permits or anything else. So, 23 anyway, that's kind of a new development. 2.4 25 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. 26 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes, Roy. 27 28 29 MR. R. NAGEAK: That's a great 30 improvement. And the concerns with grizzly bears or 31 brown bears in Anaktuvuk Pass, that will alleviate a 32 lot of problems. 33 34 MR. CARROLL: Yeah. 35 36 MR. R. NAGEAK: If they're there, they 37 don't have to worry about anything, they could just 38 drop their problem bears. 39 40 MR. CARROLL: Yeah. 41 42 MR. R. NAGEAK: It's great. 43 44 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, it's been quite a 45 transition. I don't know, you know, when I started we 46 were always very protective of bears. You could only 47 take one bear every four years and..... 48 49 MR. R. NAGEAK: Yes. 50

1 MR. CARROLL:you know, and had a 2 short season and lots of things, you know, but I don't 3 know I know that on the North Slope as we've -- years 4 have gone by we've made the bear seasons more and more 5 liberal but for some reason fewer and fewer bears seem 6 to get harvested so -- but, anyway, it's.... 7 8 MR. R. NAGEAK: And I really greatly 9 appreciate that once you become 60 years old you get a 10 free.... 11 12 MR. CARROLL: Okay, that's another.... 13 14 MR. R. NAGEAK:fishing license 15 and somewhere..... 16 17 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, us geezers get a 18 free.... 19 20 MR. R. NAGEAK:along the line the 21 Federal government should learn about that..... 22 23 (Laughter) 2.4 25 MR. R. NAGEAK:and we'll be able 26 to get a duck stamp without having to pay for it once 27 we turn 60. 28 29 (Laughter) 30 31 MR. R. NAGEAK: Hint. Hint. Hint. 32 33 (Laughter) 34 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, us geezers can all 35 36 go in and get a free license. 37 38 MR. LEAVITT: Madame Chair. 39 40 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Lloyd. 41 42 MR. LEAVITT: Yeah, I have a question 43 on brown bears..... 44 45 REPORTER; Lloyd. Lloyd. 46 47 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Lloyd, your 48 button. 49 50 MR. LEAVITT: I have a question on the

1 brown bears because I know that was worked on at the 2 request of this board due to the influx of our cabins being demolished by brown bears out at our fishing 3 4 camps. 5 6 The other concern I would have is that 7 if I shot the bear today, there's quite a few brown 8 bears in our region now, and another bear comes up, I 9 can tell my brother that I shot a bear yesterday, it's 10 your turn to shoot that one; is that how it works? 11 12 MR. CARROLL: Yeah. 13 14 MR. LEAVITT: In the same camp? 15 16 MR. CARROLL: Yeah. Yeah. 17 18 MR. LEAVITT: Great. Thank you. 19 20 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, you can always get 21 a different hunter to shoot each one. 22 23 MR. LEAVITT: Great. 2.4 25 MR. CARROLL: Or at least claim that. 26 27 MR. LEAVITT: Thank you. 2.8 29 MR. CARROLL: Yeah, okay. 30 31 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: We 32 appreciate the work that's been put forward towards 33 this issue. It definitely has given us a lot of 34 communications in this meeting and others over the last 35 few years and being receptive to these concerns and 36 trying to facilitate a response, we appreciate the work 37 that was done with that. 38 39 MR. CARROLL: All right, thanks for 40 your good work. 41 42 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Thank you. 43 Okay, next we have the environmental assessment on 44 collection of antlers in Park lands. 45 46 MS. OKADA: Madame Chair. Council 47 members. My name is Marcie Okada with the National 48 Park Service, Gates of the Arctic National Park and 49 Preserve. If you could go to Page 28 of your meeting 50 materials booklet.

1 (Pause) 2 3 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: All right. 4 5 MS. OKADA: I'll be covering the 6 environmental assessment for subsistence collections of 7 and uses of shed and discarded animal parts and plants to make handicrafts, otherwise known as the horns and 8 9 antlers EA. 10 11 So on Page 28 we have the executive 12 summary letter and the main areas I want to point out 13 on this page is that the comment period for the EA is 14 60 days long beginning February 7th and ending April 15 7th. And it also shows who you can send those written 16 comments to. And then lastly on the bottom of Page 28 17 you can also submit comments via the internet so you 18 can go on line, take a look at the EA and provide 19 comments that way at the website that's listed. 20 21 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: This 22 proposal is also something that is responsive to the 23 communications that have been occurring from various 24 tribal members in interest of trying to continue 25 traditional cultural activities in Park lands. Т 26 appreciate the effort to present the information 27 related to this proposal. I saw the booklet that's 28 been given out. I was able to read through that. I 29 know a lot of tribal people have always, as they've 30 traveled across the lands, taken advantage of discarded 31 horns and antlers to help with craftmaking, it's been 32 very important to try to utilize the -- like our elders 33 said (In Inupiat) those that were left from before upon 34 our lands, when we come across them if we're able to 35 still use them we would still collect them and use them 36 in various ways that we could. 37 38 It is so very difficult in our rural 39 settings to be able to try to do the different things 40 that we're trying to continue in our daily life within 41 the traditions and cultures that we've had. So many 42 changes to the maps and the regulatory problems 43 associated with that taking the understanding that this 44 is something that's very important and working forward 45 with it. I know it is very important. 46 47 All sorts of things are harvested from 48 the lands with plants and other substances that are so 49 very important for our traditional and cultural 50 activities and I appreciate seeing this proposals.

1 Do we have any further communications 2 and comments. 3 4 (No comments) 5 6 MS. OKADA: I'm going to also be moving 7 along through the next few pages as well. 8 9 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. 10 11 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Roy. 12 13 MR. R. NAGEAK: Just a comment in 14 regards to how I see antlers or horns with naturally 15 dead or the heads that have just cut off and left 16 behind because of transporting from long distances, I 17 see those all over the country and I leave them alone 18 and then I see the freshly dropped antlers from the big 19 bulls and those are the ones that are easier to 20 collect, the ones that just drop off. The ones that I 21 leave alone are the ones that are slowly meshing into 22 the tundra. 23 2.4 There are three different types. The 25 ones that are killed either by animals or by hunters 26 and the heads are -- those stay and -- for some reason 27 those stay up off the ground. And the ones that die 28 naturally or are dropped, they mesh into the ground 29 real quickly. And the freshly dropped ones are the 30 ones that I pick up. 31 32 But I don't know why is that, why 33 antlers that naturally fall off mesh into the ground 34 real quickly because I've seen that and I leave those 35 ones alone because they're already being covered but 36 the fresh ones, like the wintertime drop and they're 37 all over the country, I always pick those up. But the 38 ones that are starting to mesh into the ground already, 39 it's like nature's way of retrieving itself or 40 revitalizing itself. It's kind of strange how those 41 are -- and then the ones that are beheaded, those --42 you could see those out on the tundra.... 43 44 MR. LEAVITT: Forever. 45 MR. R. NAGEAK:forever. Do you 46 47 know what I mean, do you know what I'm talking about? 48 MR. LEAVITT: Even the ones that shed 49 50 off naturally.....

REPORTER: Lloyd. 1 2 3 MR. LEAVITT:or died due to 4 natural. 5 6 MR. R. NAGEAK: Yes. So we know what 7 you mean. 8 9 MS. OKADA: Thanks, Roy. 10 11 MR. SHEARS: Well, Marcie if I could 12 just -- Madame Chair. 13 14 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Go ahead, 15 Bob. 16 17 MR. SHEARS: If I could just make one 18 comment before you get started on this and just give 19 you an idea of where I'm at with the initial reaction, 20 my emotional reaction to this environmental impact 21 statement. 22 23 After witnessing national forests in 24 Northern Minnesota paper birch trees decimated the 25 bark, stripped off of them by the Natives down there 26 making artifacts for sale, completely wiping out the 27 paper birch, there was -- those forests were 28 repopulated by poplal and they've yet to ever make a 29 comeback there. Black rhinos in Africa are looking at 30 extinction because their horns sells for more than 31 cocaine or gold by the ounce. This -- I feel like and 32 I know that there is a market for horn, powder horn in 33 China, any type of horn or antler material, and I feel 34 like this is opening up Pandora's Box to creating a 35 market economy for our subsistence animals. 36 37 But I'm looking at it with an open 38 frame of mind and allow you to proceed. 39 40 MS. OKADA: Thank you. And lastly if 41 you go to Page 29, I'd like to bring to your attention 42 that if you have any questions about this EA, please 43 contact Bud Rice or Sandy Rabinowitch at the numbers 44 that are listed. And I don't know if Sandy was going 45 to call in from Anchorage, but he would be able to 46 answer probably more specifically some of your 47 questions. 48 49 Okay. 50

1 So if you move to Page 30 I'm just 2 going to pinpoint under current status, that at this 3 time the National Park Service Regional Director, Sue 4 Masica, has identified Alternative D as the preferred 5 alternative. And I'm going to guickly get back to 6 this, but I just want to point it out now, that 7 Alternative D was the preferred alternative. 8 9 And if you.... 10 11 MR. R. NAGEAK: Are you looking at the 12 shedding of the antlers or which one are you..... 13 14 MS. OKADA: We're looking at antlers 15 that have been dropped in all National Park Service 16 lands and are up for collection. So people that have 17 come across them on the landscape are able to -- would 18 be able to pick them up and use them for handicrafts 19 because right now they're not legally allowed to, 20 whether it's occurring as we speak, it's not legal to 21 do so. So this EA is looking at making it legal. 22 23 And the whole EA process is what you 24 had mentioned before, you know, we're opening it up for 25 comments and suggestions from the public, and so that's 26 why I'm presenting it to you today. 27 28 So if you go to what's listed as Page 29 31, under action needed, today what I'm going to be 30 asking of you is which alternative do you think is best 31 for your communities or the North Slope region, and 32 then also how important would it be for your 33 communities to be able to collect these shed or 34 discarded animal parts and plants from National Park 35 Service areas with the plan of making them useful for 36 handicrafts. 37 And so if you skip forward and you see 38 39 this page, the colored page, which is the cover page. 40 All of you should have received this document because 41 you're all RAC members and we all have your mailing 42 addresses so you should have all by now -- I think, 43 Lee, if he's on line, received his in Kaktovik, but all 44 of you should have received this document in the mail. 45 And if for some reason you haven't, please let me know. 46 47 So what we're talking about today is 48 basically National Park Service lands. So all of the 49 green lands on this map. We're not talking about any 50 other Federal agencies but it's strictly just National

1 Park Service lands. And just to let you know how far back this issue has gone back, in 1999 the Gates of the 2 3 Arctic Subsistence Resource Commission, which is the 4 commission that helps offer management ideas to Gates 5 of the Arctic proposed -- once they found out that it 6 wasn't legal for them to collect horns and antlers and 7 plants they proposed this via letter back in 1999 and 8 then it was sort of reiterated by the Eastern Interior 9 RAC calling for the legalization of collecting shed 10 horns and antlers and other body parts of animals 11 because it was already occurring and they found out 12 that it was illegal so they felt like at this time, or 13 back in 1999 they should allow it, they should legalize 14 it. So we're moving forward to 2012 now and it has 15 come forth as an EA. Several Regional Directors later, 16 it's now in an EA form. So what I've included in this 17 is the letters that came from the Subsistence Resource 18 Commission and the Eastern Interior RAC. 19 20 So if you flip through a few more pages 21 there's a table that's listed as Table 2.2, and it's on 22 Page 42, and I'm going to quickly go through it just to 23 point a few things out. So on Page 42 you see a table 24 and if you go to the row that says eligible persons for 25 Parks and Monuments. I just want to highlight the fact 26 that the communities that are considered resident zone 27 communities for Gates of the Arctic and so for the 28 North Slope that would be Anaktuvuk Pass and Nuiqsut, 29 these -- members of these communities that have already 30 established a customary and traditional use are going 31 to be allowed to collect shed horns and antlers. This 32 table also shows the differences between Alternative A, 33 B, C and D. 34 35 Alternative B -- well, Alternative A 36 basically means everything is going to stay the same. 37 It's going to stay -- it's going to remain illegal. 38 39 Alternative B is going to basically say 40 people who have a Federal Subsistence Board customary 41 and traditional use finding for any wildlife species in 42 the Preserve are allowed to collect parts that they see 43 on the landscape and use them for handicrafts. So this 44 is the most liberal alternative. 45 46 Alternative C is stating that people 47 who live in a resident zone are required to have a 48 permit in order to collect parts. If they have a 49 traditional and customary use findings then they're 50 allowed to collect with a permit for any wildlife

1 species that they're already allowed to hunt within 2 that GMU. So if they're already allowed to hunt caribou, then they're able to collect antlers, via 3 4 permit. 5 6 Alternative D, which Sue Masica, our 7 Regional Director has supported, is the strictest of 8 all the alternatives. It's basically saying people who 9 live in a resident zone are required to have a permit 10 and the finding for each wildlife species in each GMU 11 or subunit or in the Park or Monument. So this is 12 going to be -- this is offering the most restriction. 13 The permit is going to be the most intensive as far as 14 what sort of information you have to submit, more so 15 than Alternative C. And the reason why she chose this 16 alternative at this time was she kind of wanted to take 17 the conservative route. She wanted to start off 18 monitoring what was going on, as opposed to just giving 19 blatant allowance. 20 21 Are there any questions. 22 23 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. 2.4 25 MS. OKADA: And I'm kind of moving 26 through this very quickly. 27 28 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Question, 29 Roy. 30 31 MR. R. NAGEAK: Just a concern because 32 with these alternatives, if I was a subsistence hunter 33 and I had a helicopter I could go all over the Preserve 34 and collect all the antlers that were dropped. How do 35 you see collecting all these antlers? 36 37 MS. OKADA: I think that's where 38 comments from the public right now are really 39 important. 40 41 Our understanding right now is that 42 people aren't, you know, going all over via aircraft to 43 collect, it's just something they come across as 44 they're out on the tundra or maybe out in the mountains 45 and as they come across them they might just pick it up 46 and, you know, take it home with them because they have 47 a plan for it, you know, take it home with them because 48 they have a plan for it, you know, they want to use it 49 for handicrafts. But if people think that there is a 50 large amount of collection going on, where this EA --

1 or this action that's being proposed could get, you 2 know, could get worse down the line then maybe it's 3 important for people to mention it now. 4 5 But.... 6 7 MR. R. NAGEAK: Us, within the Barrow 8 area, more and more private helicopters are coming 9 around and basically we don't know what they're doing. 10 They say they're guiding people or being guides to 11 someplace but that's just a -- I'm not going to make 12 any assumptions but more and more seeing these 13 helicopters cropping all over the place in the Barrow 14 area and affecting our subsistence and they're starting 15 to get more and more private helicopters or what not. 16 17 MS. OKADA: I mean if people think that 18 there's going to be mass collection going on because 19 the antlers are proving to be medicinal in another 20 country or an aphrodisiac in another country then that 21 could prove to be a problem in the future and so maybe 22 if Alternative D does end up being selected then that's 23 the most restrictive and we'll have a better way of 24 monitoring it. 25 26 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. 27 2.8 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Roy. 29 30 MR. R. NAGEAK: Just to appease some of 31 the concerns by -- I used to get a lot of caribou and 32 the Asians started coming into Barrow, nothing against 33 them, it's just that -- and then they see me come home 34 with large antlers on my trailer and on my four-35 wheeler, they used to completely chase me to my parking 36 lot and they used to start fighting over them, but they 37 stopped doing that since Viagra came out. 38 39 (Laughter) 40 41 MR. R. NAGEAK: So I don't know whether 42 that's still that concern because the ones that I used 43 to bring home are rotting in the yard now but when 44 Viagra came out my -- where they used to fight for my 45 antlers they don't do that anymore. I don't know why. 46 47 (Laughter) 48 49 MR. R. NAGEAK: But I could see where 50 if I have antlers and I want my cousin's husband to

1 have that to make what they need to make I still could 2 do that right, but I'm not in the Parks, these are only for the Parks. 3 4 5 MS. OKADA: I mean.... 6 7 MR. R. NAGEAK: Is it still illegal for 8 me to collect these and ship them off to my cousin in 9 Anchorage that could make money off of them? 10 11 MR. SHEARS: Well, a guy that 12 advertises in the Fairbanks for -- there's 13 advertisements in the classifieds of horn buyers, 14 antler buyers that they purchase. There's a guy in 15 North Pole currently purchases antlers. 16 17 The reindeer farmers on Nunivut, they 18 sell all their antlers, ship them out, when they dehorn 19 their reindeer herds. 20 21 MS. OKADA: But I want to reiterate 22 that these, you know, antlers are being collected --23 they have to be used for handicrafts, basically, not 24 grounded into powder. 25 26 MR. R. NAGEAK: Thanks. 27 2.8 MS. OKADA: Yeah. And then also if you 29 go to Table 2.2, which is on Page -- well, if you go to 30 Table 2.2 but then move to Page 45, I just want to 31 point out that for Gates of the Arctic, the various 32 species that are hunted in GMU 26A, so for us, that 33 would just be for Anaktuvuk Pass because it's a 34 resident zone community for the Gates of the Arctic. 35 36 And so the very last thing on Page 51, 37 Appendix C, possible management conditions for 38 collections, these were just some of the ideas that 39 were tossed around stating what can and cannot be done 40 under this EA. So between now and April 7th it's open 41 comment period. I mean I've quickly moved through this 42 so if you want to take a closer look at it then there's 43 that copy that we mailed you. 44 45 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Thank you 46 for sharing this information and giving us the 47 discussion that you've provided. 48 49 Do we have any questions or comments 50 from the Board.

1 MR. SHEARS: A specific question in 2 regards to muskox. Subsistence take of muskox usually 3 requires a destruction of the horns and, of course, 4 it's a trophy animal, and taxidermists who often do 5 head mounts of muskox, they use a caste, a polymer type 6 fake horn, the cape to mount a muskox, would it be 7 possible under these regulations to be permitted to try 8 to harvest muskox horns off the tundra from a dead 9 animal and then sell them in handicraft -- or apply 10 them to the handicraft or use them for taxidermy for 11 head mounts, where we'd be putting real muskox horns 12 back on muskox head mounts with this -- under the terms 13 of this environmental assessment; that's my question? 14 15 MS. OKADA: Well, that's a good 16 question and I don't think I could answer that at the 17 time -- I mean I couldn't give a correct answer at this 18 point. 19 20 MR. SHEARS: Okay. 21 MS. OKADA: So if it's being -- it's 22 23 being documented then at least we could go back and --24 you know I can ask Bud or Sandy that specific question. 25 26 MR. SHEARS: Okay. 27 28 MS. OKADA: But if you need an answer 29 sooner than that..... 30 31 MR. SHEARS: No, just for 32 consideration. 33 34 MS. OKADA:I don't have to wait 35 for the meeting minutes I can go back and ask them. 36 37 MR. SHEARS: Okay. 38 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: We had an 39 40 incident that happened to us in Nuiqsut, we had gone 41 through a series of permit hunts and we were able to 42 harvest a hunt -- I think maybe five times we were able 43 to get our harvest associated with those permits but 44 the year after that we were boating and we found a head 45 in the river and we took the head out and brought it to 46 the house. Of course we were hit with the assessment 47 process but we provided the communications and we made 48 the additional discussions. I don't believe there was 49 a fine or anything associated with it but it required a 50 lot of meeting, communications and discussion with

1 others in the process. So it is something that does 2 happen. It is something that needs to be better 3 clarified and to make it well understood for us that 4 are -- it is something that we do do when we're out 5 doing our activities, if we find something that is 6 useable and we can bring it into things that we need to 7 deal with, we find ways of being creative with what we 8 need to help us with what we need to do. 9 10 MS. OKADA: Uh-huh. 11 12 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: So I 13 appreciate you also having that question. I know we 14 had a lot of questions and it took a lot of 15 participation but within all of the process we had to 16 deal with, there was a lot of recognition of this type 17 of activity and we were able to work through the 18 process. I know it caused a lot of stress over that 19 concern. We thought, oh, great, we've got something 20 nice here we'll bring it home, put it up on the roof 21 and oh boy was it a different day for us for that part. 22 23 (Laughter) 2.4 25 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: But in the 26 end we -- it's now part of a drum handle and there were 27 some other things that were made from it so it's -- it 28 can happen as long as you do the communications, you do 29 the reporting and you work through the process as best 30 you can, there are ways to work through this process. 31 But if we can clarify it it'll only facilitate us all. 32 33 Do we have any further communications 34 or discussions. 35 36 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. 37 38 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Roy. 39 MR. R. NAGEAK: So if I went out and 40 41 saw this great already white skull with great big horns 42 on it I could pick it up and take it someplace and say, 43 wow, I could sell it? 44 45 MS. OKADA: The funny thing is if 46 you're not from a resident zone community -- so I'm 47 strictly talking about Nuiqsut and Anaktuvuk, so 48 they're resident zone communities for Gates of the 49 Arctic, so, you, as a Barrow resident, if you were to 50 go down south into the Gates of the Arctic, I don't

1 think you'd qualify because you don't have customary 2 and traditional use and the same would go to you 3 because you're from Wainwright. 4 5 MR. SHEARS: Yeah. 6 7 MR. LEAVITT: But then we were brought 8 up is that we're considered nomads. My front yard 9 extends from Point Hope to Kaktovik to the Brooks 10 Range. That is my land to hunt. I do as I please. 11 Nuiqsut is part of our blood. Atqasuk is part of our 12 blood. Anaktuvukmuits are just people we traded with 13 for centuries. 14 15 MR. R. NAGEAK: Oh, that's my blood. 16 17 (Laughter) 18 19 MR. LEAVITT: That's his blood, yeah. 20 So we're interconnected. But that's just how I was 21 brought up. Out here, from Point Hope to Kaktovik to 22 the Brooks Range is my hunting grounds. I do as I 23 please. No one runs me. No one dictates me. No one 24 directs me. I get what I please. That is me. 25 26 MS. OKADA: But unfortunately along the 27 Federal government system for the Park Service, you 28 know, studies were done to establish what the customary 29 and traditional use areas were for each of the 30 communities and what came out of it is what we have 31 today. But I do understand what you're saying, Lloyd. 32 33 MR. LEAVITT: That's how different 34 government foresees it. But in our lives we're equal 35 with every village. We are more than welcome to their 36 territory and they are more than welcome to our 37 territory. No one here's of this, but it's in your 38 book. It's how we have survived over the centuries. 39 That's just how we operate. 40 41 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: I 42 understand what you're saying and I agree with that. 43 Definitely we have hunters that have traveled great 44 distances in our historical and customary traditional 45 use activities. We have stories of various hunters who 46 have very bad hunting years of traveling over 1,000 47 miles to try to allow for the harvest and the needs 48 that were necessary. With the decimation of various 49 population of herds, that was quite extensive. In 50 Nuiqsut, we commonly see hunters from Barrow that

1 travel into our area as well as into the mountains with 2 their efforts to hunt. I think that documentation 3 probably was more difficult to get into the right 4 various processes, but I know that especially with wolf 5 hunting that they go up there and it is something that 6 does happen. 7 8 I think the comments need to get into 9 this process. That type of comment is very important. 10 If we can get some historical information, like I know 11 some of the Edwardson boys often would go out there and 12 now some of the other guys -- like I remember stories 13 with Lizo (ph) Leavitt and some of his hunting efforts 14 were being way all over the place when we had those 15 really bad years. So if we can get those stories 16 incorporated into the comments, that will be very 17 important. 18 19 If we have any further issues with 20 this, add them to the discussion now. Otherwise we'll 21 continue on. We have Barb that's leaving on tonight's 22 flight, so I'm hoping we can move through our agenda 23 items. 2.4 25 MR. LEAVITT: Here's what I'll say. 26 Back in '76, March, no caribous around and we had to go 27 get some fish for whaling. We took off in March and 28 our whaling season starts in mid-April. Luther wanted 29 to get some fish and we had to travel 80 miles. We 30 were hoping there would be caribou around and there 31 wasn't any caribou. All we did was got to our fish and 32 we decided to go further up inland to Simutuk (ph), 33 which is another about 40, 50 miles inland. We got up 34 there the following day, no caribou. The third day we 35 got up another 20, 25 miles out to Alma Lake (ph) area. 36 Still no caribou. We got up into the Rolling Hills and 37 from the Rolling Hills we went up further and Luther 38 was claiming that we went up around the Kobuk area and 39 until we started heading northeast and we must have 40 traveled at least six hours before we landed at Umiat 41 and just outside Umiat we were finally catching caribou 42 in that area. That was back in '76. So we stayed out 43 there for several weeks catching caribou. 44 45 When we got into Nuiqsut, the village 46 of Nuiqsut were very awed that we were around. We 47 found out later that day that the community of Barrow 48 had searched for us for a couple of weeks. We were 49 assumed to have been lost and froze. And when my 50 parents found out I was out at Nuigsut, before I knew

1 it there was a charter plane that brought me back into 2 Barrow. 3 4 To the extent I've lived these 5 experiences, I've done them with my Uncle Luther. He 6 was a very renowned hunter and a whaling captain and 7 this is how far he would take us camping. We go out up 8 to the Endicott area, up to Kikiakrorak. It's between 9 Nuiqsut and Umiat. There's the first test well that 10 was done up there. So we do travel to those areas. 11 Barrow people are always complaining that Nuiqsut 12 people came into our area and took some of our hunting 13 equipment. So we still hunt in the same general area. 14 Atqasuk people still do the same. They go up into the 15 foothills and hunt too. So let somebody talk -- a lot 16 of our people have gone through. I, myself, have 17 experienced this growing up and living in this 18 environment. 19 20 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Do we have 21 any other questions or concerns. 22 23 MR. LEAVITT: I'm done. 2.4 25 MR. SHEARS: Marcy, were you seeking an 26 endorsement for any one of these alternatives today or 27 was this just an informational briefing for us? 28 29 MS. OKADA: An alternative selection 30 would be ideal if people feel inclined to do so at this 31 time. 32 33 MR. SHEARS: Oh, okay. 34 35 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. From 36 what I understood, it's just to make it legal for 37 subsistence users to use antlers for handicraft. 38 39 MS. OKADA: It is basically to 40 recognize that this activity has been going on for all 41 these years. 42 43 MR. R. NAGEAK: And somebody had made 44 it illegal. Somebody had passed a rule and regulation 45 that made it illegal for them to do that. 46 47 MS. OKADA: Well, it was more along the 48 lines that it wasn't written in the rule books that it 49 was legal, but it was already occurring, so now it will 50 be legalized.

1 MR. R. NAGEAK: But it was something 2 that was done customarily. 3 4 MS. OKADA: Yeah. So now it will be 5 recognized. 6 7 MR. R. NAGEAK: And now, like you say, 8 it will be legal. 9 10 MS. OKADA: Yeah. 11 12 MR. R. NAGEAK: Somebody had made it 13 illegal in the past. 14 15 MS. OKADA: It was never really 16 recognized that the activity wasn't..... 17 18 MR. R. NAGEAK: That it was illegal. 19 20 MS. OKADA:wasn't legal. 21 22 MR. R. NAGEAK: Well, you said to make 23 it legal. 24 25 (Laughter) 26 MS. OKADA: Yeah, but -- now I'm 27 28 getting confused. But, yes. So it's to make it..... 29 30 MR. R. NAGEAK: You want to make it 31 legal now for us customary people that have done it 32 before. 33 34 MS. OKADA: It's to make it legal, 35 yeah. 36 37 MR. R. NAGEAK: Right. And the way 38 that we used to hunt before is now illegal. To make it 39 legal we've got to go through these proposals and stuff 40 to make it legal. 41 42 MS. OKADA: But at least we're 43 contacting you for comments. 44 45 MR. R. NAGEAK: I'm not going to go 46 there. I need help from you guys. Everyone once in a 47 while tell me, Roy, shut up. 48 49 (Laughter) 50

1 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: For me, I 2 enjoy this discussion. We have a point that we considered, getting some training done with our new 3 4 board members and I think this maybe has provided a 5 well-rounded discussion of trainings on the various 6 proposals and discussions that we have before us. 7 8 MR. R. NAGEAK: And I'm serious about 9 telling -- you guys, when I get beyond my point, just 10 tell me -- oh, you turned it off. 11 12 REPORTER: There you go, I'll help you 13 out. 14 15 MR. R. NAGEAK: There you go. 16 17 (Laughter) 18 19 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: What is the 20 wish of the board? 21 MR. R. NAGEAK: I always do what the 22 23 women say. 2.4 25 (Laughter) 26 MR. SHEARS: I concur with their 27 28 recommendation about Alternative D. 29 30 MR. LEAVITT: I'm with Alternative D 31 too on this issue here. 32 33 MR. R. NAGEAK: I've got no problems. 34 MR. SHEARS: Ms. Chairman. I'd like to 35 36 make a motion that we, as a board, endorse Alternative 37 D to this environmental assessment. 38 39 MR. R. NAGEAK: Second. 40 41 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Discussion. 42 43 MR. LEAVITT: Question called for. 44 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Well, 45 46 before we go there I have discussion. For me, I have 47 concerns because as traditional people we have not had 48 the effort put forward to require our traditional 49 activities to have to go through additional 50 documentation. Alternative D is very intensive

1 requirements for our traditional people having to take 2 additional activities that are not part of our traditional activities, so I have concerns for that. 3 4 5 I also recognize that it's very 6 important to really assess what is occurring in these 7 activities and that getting some of this information 8 will be beneficial to help us in our assessment of 9 what's happening. But to put that responsibility on 10 our traditional hunters and gatherers I don't agree 11 with and that's the discussion I put out there and 12 let's hear what you all have to say on that. 13 14 MR. SHEARS: Good point. 15 16 MR. R. NAGEAK: That's the part, Madame 17 Chair, that I say somewhere along the lines, even with 18 us not knowing that it was illegal and now to make it 19 legal we need to comply with this only in the Park 20 areas. It might be illegal where I am. No? Oh, okay. 21 BLM guy. It's that same assumption that somewhere 22 along the line we don't know who made it legal and now 23 we've got illegal or who made it legal. 2.4 25 MS. OKADA: So Alternative D, as 26 Rosemary says, is the most restrictive because it's 27 requiring mandatory permits, whereas Alternative C is 28 discretionary. So some people may need to submit 29 permits, other people may not. 30 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. That 31 32 would be the question. In each village the traditional 33 council will know who's legal and will allow them and 34 permit them to do it. 35 36 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: So that's 37 the discussion before us. We have the various 38 alternatives..... 39 MR. R. NAGEAK: Permit them to do it or 40 41 somebody gives them permit? 42 43 MS. OKADA: The National Park Service 44 would give the permit once information is submitted. 45 MR. R. NAGEAK: Every village that is 46 47 within those Parks will have a person there giving them 48 permits for somebody to do what they've done before. 49 50 MS. OKADA: That part hasn't been

1 figured out yet. 3 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: So my 4 recommendations in the discussion would be to go with 5 Alternative C because that does not prohibit the effort 6 to approach these people that are actively partaking in 7 these activities to solicit for information to help 8 guide the decision-making process, but it wouldn't put 9 the requirement upon the traditional hunter and 10 gatherer that are actively out there to take on 11 additional responsibilities of the Federal requirement 12 to provide this information. That's what I would 13 recommend, but I'm open for discussion. 14 15 I understand both sides. I just know 16 that when, you know, some of our people don't have this 17 information and when you're out at fish camp you don't 18 have the internet to go and look up this information. 19 We don't have these booklets out at camp that we're out 20 there and I hate to put those risk factors upon our 21 traditional activities. That's my concern, but I'm 22 open for discussion on that. 23 2.4 MR. LEAVITT: Madame Chair. 25 26 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes. 27 28 MR. LEAVITT: The reason I'm behind my 29 supporting Alternative D is we have to be careful of 30 whether there are people who are from the outside 31 sector. A lot of the outside people have gotten their 32 hands into a lot of what we barter and sell other 33 handicraft stuff. Our people aren't the only ones who 34 have interest in doing Alaskan handicraft. 35 36 I know it's mandatory to the State of 37 Alaska they have the seal that it was produced in the 38 state of Alaska. That is the other arena I'm looking 39 at that we need to be specific and ensure that they are 40 the people who live off of the land and not just some 41 outside firm coming in and raiding the lands out there 42 and doing what we've been doing. They also have 43 interest in arts and crafts themself and making a quick 44 buck. 45 46 So the reason I still prefer 47 Alternative D is just to ensure that it's our Native 48 people who are entitled to this. That's the only 49 reason I'm with Alternative D, just to ensure..... 50

1 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: I can 2 understand the thoughts for that, but this regulation 3 would only regulate Federally qualified subsistence 4 users. It would not regulate others that come into the 5 Park system. We wouldn't get that additional 6 information or protections for outside people coming 7 into the Park system. This regulation will not cover 8 that. It will only cover our Federally qualified 9 subsistence users. 10 11 MR. R. NAGEAK: Is that the case, 12 Madame Chair? 13 14 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: I'm the 15 Chair. Is that your interpretation? 16 17 MS. OKADA: That is the case because 18 it's placing restrictions on people in resident zone 19 communities. 20 21 MR. R. NAGEAK: But it will still allow 22 people from outside to come in and take the antler and 23 make something out of it. 2.4 25 MS. OKADA: Well, it's kind of twisted 26 in the sense that -- so resident zone communities who 27 have customary and traditional use of using Gates of 28 the Arctic Park lands are going to be regulated. So 29 this permit would allow them to collect discarded 30 animal parts, horns and antlers. 31 32 MR. R. NAGEAK: Maybe I'm referring the 33 question the wrong way. 34 35 MS. OKADA: So recreationalists, it's 36 assumed they're not allowed to. They won't -- I mean 37 they won't be allowed to. 38 MR. R. NAGEAK: Like if I'm from 39 40 Anchorage, white guy, going to village, collect all the 41 antlers, go back to Anchorage, make something, what law 42 am I breaking that they could take me to court and put 43 me in jail? 44 45 MS. OKADA: They're not part of a 46 resident zone community, so we're strictly giving 47 allowance to residents..... 48 49 MR. R. NAGEAK: What law am I breaking? 50

1 MS. OKADA: As a non.... 2 3 MR. R. NAGEAK: As a white guy coming 4 from Fairbanks, Anchorage, collect all the horns, go 5 back, make some form of design on it, sell it as art 6 and then you take me to court with what rules and 7 regulations that are coming from the Federal 8 government, what laws am I breaking already? 9 10 MS. OKADA: He's breaking a regulation 11 of Park land, so he would not be allowed to -- right 12 now it's illegal for everyone, but we're giving 13 allowance to community members from resident zone 14 communities to collect. 15 16 MR. R. NAGEAK: There's so many places 17 around Anchorage and you go to Kenai like every other 18 two or three miles or something there's a knife shop 19 and this guys are, like you say, there's advertisement 20 wanting caribou antlers and all that stuff is being 21 allowed to happen. 22 23 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: So the 24 difference here is that villagers hunt on all sorts of 25 lands and if they have horns from their hunting 26 activities they can sell them, but for collection of 27 horns in Park lands that have been dropped, natural 28 drops, that would be restricted. You couldn't go out 29 and commercially harvest all the horns and build a 30 commercial process. It would only be for traditional 31 crafting activities and that's what there it is. The 32 difference between these alternatives is requiring our 33 traditional people to having to do additional 34 documentation in order to be legal. It wouldn't impact 35 those that are out there trying to get horns for other 36 things like those people in town that have those knife 37 shops. It wouldn't limit our traditional hunts on 38 other lands to be able to sell those types of things. 39 It would only be on the Park Service ones. 40 41 MR. R. NAGEAK: And that's my question, 42 is those people that are already selling all these 43 knives are going to close them off and say where did 44 you get this, this is what was confiscated off a dead 45 animal, did you have a permit for that. 46 47 MS. OKADA: No, that's not what we're 48 -- that's not our jurisdiction. 49 50 MR. R. NAGEAK: So that's still

1 allowable. 2 3 MS. OKADA: I mean they're not allowed 4 to do that in Park lands now. 5 6 MR. R. NAGEAK: No, the shops that sell all these knives that are..... 7 8 9 MS. OKADA: No. We can't confront the 10 shops in Anchorage and elsewhere, no. 11 12 MR. R. NAGEAK: But they get the horns 13 somehow. 14 MS. OKADA: There's no proof they're 15 16 getting them from National Park Service lands. 17 18 MR. R. NAGEAK: Right. But they're 19 still getting the horns and they're still selling them 20 along the tourist highway from Anchorage to Kenai and 21 whatever.... 22 23 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Legally 24 harvested horns would still be able to be sold. 25 26 MR. R. NAGEAK: Yeah, they still could 27 get legally horns from someplace and still sell all 28 these knives. 29 30 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yeah. 31 32 MR. LEAVITT: Regardless of how we look 33 at it, it's always going to be a two-way street. 34 35 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Right. So 36 what is the wish of our.... 37 38 MR. SHEARS: Madame Chair. 39 40 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes. 41 42 MR. SHEARS: I've heard your 43 considerations of the issue. I'd like to withdraw my 44 motion at this time to reconsider the impacts of this 45 on our local people. You're absolutely right. The 46 administrative and regulatory process, even if it's 47 fully funded at the National Park Service level and 48 employed in the villages like Kaktovik and Anaktuvuk, 49 it still puts a tremendous burden on our people to be 50 within compliance. A burden that, frankly, we can't

1 bear, our people can't bear. We're too busy just 2 trying to survive. We can't handle these issues, much less the little cost, the little taxing issue of how 3 4 this will possibly probably cost money in one way or 5 another. So I would like to withdraw. 6 7 I was looking at Appendix C, the 8 possible discretionary management conditions that could 9 be employed under Alternative C and these are really 10 good conditions that could be employed that address all 11 of my concerns. It restricts the quantity, so they're 12 not commercial. It prevents horns or antlers from 13 being used on a taxidermist head mount. The 14 collections are limited. You know, this type of stuff 15 is regulatable within the boundaries of the Park 16 Service and the Reserves and I think you guys manage 17 that well. And it doesn't put a huge burden on our 18 people. 19 20 So I'd like to withdraw my motion. Do 21 you withdraw your second? 22 MR. LEAVITT: I withdraw my second on 23 24 the motion made by Robert. 25 26 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Bob. 27 28 MR. LEAVITT: Bob. I get my senior 29 moments. 30 31 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: So, hearing 32 that, we are back to where we started. Do we have a 33 motion to consider? 34 35 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. Just a 36 question on some of these alternatives. 37 38 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes. 39 MR. R. NAGEAK: The B on one of them on 40 41 Section C in the B and the other one is B also on 42 Alternative D, violating permit condition established 43 by the superintendent. 44 45 MS. OKADA: Are you on Table 2.2, Roy? 46 47 MR. R. NAGEAK: Both C and D, permits. 48 49 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yeah, page 50 50. He's looking at Alternative D, Section 2.

1 MR. R. NAGEAK: Violating condition 2 established by the superintendent is prohibited. So, 3 in a sense, the superintendent will have the power of 4 law in establishing conditions. 5 6 MS. OKADA: Yes. So the superintendent 7 makes the final decision. 8 9 MR. R. NAGEAK: And makes the laws 10 basically. 11 12 MS. OKADA: Makes a loss? 13 14 MR. R. NAGEAK: Yes. 15 16 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: The law. 17 18 MS. OKADA: Oh, the law. Yeah. 19 20 MR. R. NAGEAK: Just one 21 superintendent. 22 23 MS. OKADA: With people advising him. 2.4 25 MR. R. NAGEAK: But the way that it's 26 written it's up to the superintendent. 27 28 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Within the 29 Division of -- the National Park Service, the 30 superintendent has the final word, but it's a process 31 within the whole assessment with all the different 32 agencies that are involved; the State involved, the 33 RACs involved, that these decisions are made. But the 34 final determination does come from the superintendent. 35 MR. R. NAGEAK: I prefer Obama for 36 37 conference law. If we're going to start having that 38 relationship with tribal entities, we prefer that no 39 lower interlocked superintendent of the Park Service 40 negotiate with the Native tribes in regards to what 41 they can't do within their own nations. Now I'm 42 starting to sound radical. Let me rephrase that. I 43 can't. I mean.... 44 45 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: I 46 understand your concern is that we want to make sure 47 that we're looking at the tribal -- our traditional and 48 cultural activities and the way that we have continued 49 our traditional and cultural activities..... 50

1 MR. R. NAGEAK: Right. 2 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK:and we 3 4 want that taken into the process. I know through this 5 process here we definitely are giving communications 6 towards this process. 7 MR. R. NAGEAK: It's a big issue, 8 9 Madame Chair, in regards to the Yellow-Billed Loon that 10 we use for traditional dancing that they're skirting 11 around too in regards to what we could -- what we've 12 done before with our traditional dancing and the 13 availability of the loon. 14 15 MS. OKADA: I'm aware of that issue, 16 but.... 17 18 MR. R. NAGEAK: That's different? 19 20 MS. OKADA:that's a different 21 agency. 22 23 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yeah. 2.4 25 MR. R. NAGEAK: Another superintendent, 26 right? 27 28 MS. OKADA: Oh, no, that's a whole 29 different agency. 30 31 MR. R. NAGEAK: Oh, is that the 32 president this time? 33 34 REPORTER: That's Migratory Birds. 35 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Migratory 36 37 Birds. Okay, different discussion. 38 39 MR. R. NAGEAK: When we're making these 40 laws that are being made for our Native people and 41 their rights to do what they're traditionally done, 42 it's got to be better worded there. Every 43 superintendent and we don't know every once in a while 44 there might be a redneck or something that's whatever. 45 We need to have better clarification in that B. 46 47 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: You would 48 like more information for action Alternative B to have 49 related to that..... 50

1 MR. R. NAGEAK: We need somebody that 2 when you start making rules and regulations and laws 3 for our Native people to comply with, it behooves me to 4 start asking that anybody that's under department 5 division and start making all these rules and laws and 6 regulations that the subsistence users must comply 7 with, it's not right. 8 9 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: I know 10 exactly how you feel. I was just like that at the 11 table a few weeks ago dealing with the Federal Board 12 process. It is very difficult as we watch the changes 13 throughout our state and the impacts to our traditional 14 cultural uses. When you're sitting at the statewide 15 process further south there are tremendous amounts of 16 conflicts related to the harvesting issues and as you 17 go further north the regulatory process are less 18 because we have less conflict with it, but the effort 19 to increase more and more management regimes are a 20 reality of what's coming about with the things that are 21 before us and I know I'm very concerned. 22 23 I bring the concern that being a 24 traditional person and the reality of my health 25 background what are we causing to our people with 26 taking away their traditional foods with increasing 27 restrictions and changing their dietary habit. What is 28 it doing to our health? It is something I'm very 29 conscious of and I'm very concerned and I brought that 30 out at the Federal meeting because it is something that 31 I see is becoming very, very difficult within our state 32 with increasing changes to our lands and waters and the 33 impacts are created with traditional and cultural uses 34 with changes coming into these areas. 35 36 MR. R. NAGEAK: And that's why, Madame 37 Chair, my earlier comments in regards to all the 38 different agencies and like you say with the Yellow-39 Billed Loon and the restriction that they're starting 40 to lay on us with that and how you just referred it's a 41 different agency and all these little rules and 42 regulations that's going to complicate our ability to 43 live our lives the way that we've done before, they're 44 convoluted and all over the place and that's what I 45 meant earlier when I stated all these agencies that are 46 Federally regulated for us to comply with, they're all 47 over the place and there's like nitpicking our ability 48 to be free and to be who we are. 49 50 Superintendent here, superintendent

1 there, what they feel like they need to be hard on the 2 Natives, they'll be hard on the Natives and we have to look at a Baptist minister as a superintendent is going 3 4 to be more liberal or somebody from a tea party that's 5 going to hammer down on us. We don't know who the 6 superintendent is going to be. That's why all these 7 rules and regulations that are coming down on the 8 tribal entities and their way of life. 9 10 You know where I'm coming from though. 11 And all the Federal monies that are coming to Alaska 12 that's supposed to help us alleviate a lot of these 13 issues, that's with living in our lands for centuries 14 and now all these little rules and regulations that 15 tend to box us in. 16 17 MS. OKADA: I understand. 18 19 MR. R. NAGEAK: No wonder all our young 20 people are getting drunk and abusing drugs. 21 22 MS. OKADA: I understand the bigger 23 picture that you're looking at, but at this very moment 24 we're just focused on an EA on the collection of horns 25 and antlers. Just to clarify, a superintendent is the 26 superintendent of Gates of the Arctic, so that would be 27 Greg Dudgeon for us. I had mentioned Sue Masica and 28 she's the regional director, so she's the head entity 29 for the whole state of Alaska for the Park Service. 30 31 MR. R. NAGEAK: All right. Who's the 32 head chief of all the Federal agencies in the state of 33 Alaska? 34 35 MS. OKADA: Oh, the Secretary of 36 Interior, so it's Ken Salazar. 37 MR. SHEARS: The State of Alaska 38 39 though. 40 41 MR. LEAVITT: Pat Pourchot is the state 42 representative for Salazar. 43 MS. OKADA: Pat Pourchot. 44 45 46 MR. R. NAGEAK: If we've got to 47 negotiate through these policies and stuff like that, 48 we want to try to make sure that we're in great shape 49 and the people at a higher level of authority or 50 whatever.
1 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: I believe 2 the discussion has been very effective to this. I know 3 that our Staff are taking notes for this process. We have.... 4 5 6 MR. R. NAGEAK: It's like we're 7 negotiating for the freedom of our people to do as they 8 please in the low level land which it needs rules and 9 regulations is beyond me to try to fully arrest my 10 people to comply with these. It's like, no, you've got 11 to go to the traditional council or the chief or 12 somebody. I'm just advisory. If you want to negotiate 13 and give them something back that they used to have all 14 the time, then it's above me -- I mean below me. No, 15 where am I? I'm just an advisory. 16 17 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: You're here 18 at the table with us. I understand. 19 20 MR. R. NAGEAK: I'm just advisory. I'm 21 not going to be setting laws or recommending laws 22 that's going to make..... 23 2.4 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Okay. I 25 see where you're coming from this. 26 27 MR. R. NAGEAK: I'm lost. I'm talking 28 too much, Roy. 29 30 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: There are 31 repercussions to the decisions that we make and that's 32 why I made sure that I communicated and encouraged the 33 reconsideration of the alternative that was being 34 discussed. We could take Alternative A, which would 35 not change it. We could take Alternative B, which 36 would allow collections unlimited and no permits. We 37 could take Alternative C, which is collections limited 38 by areas and discretionary permits and then Alternative 39 D, which is the collections limited by areas and 40 species with permits. 41 42 That was all the alternatives before 43 us. We've had some very good discussion. What was put 44 on the table was for consideration with supporting 45 Alternative C and if we have no further discussion, 46 that's what's before us right now. 47 48 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair, I'm on the 49 spot. I want to do what's right for my people, but at 50 the same time I don't have that authority. I'm just

1 advisory. 2 3 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: So we can 4 make the recommendations that you're saying. If you 5 feel that putting on additional restrictions, which by 6 selecting Alternative C is collections limited by areas 7 and discretionary permits, it would add on the 8 requirement that the traditional user has to deal with 9 this discretionary permits, but it would not be as 10 restrictive as the Alternative D, which has further 11 restrictions and requirements for reporting within 12 specificity with the species. So that would be more 13 restrictive. If you felt that you wanted to be more 14 broad, then that would be more Alternative B, which is 15 collections unlimited and no permits. 16 17 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. Being a 18 Federal United States citizen of the United States and 19 citizen of the state of Alaska, how do I fit in 20 collecting these as everybody else does? Like I stated 21 earlier, they're being sold all over the place. 22 23 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: The issue 24 before us is limited to the collection of discarded or 25 shed parts in Park lands. 26 MR. R. NAGEAK: What's the current law 27 28 for everybody else, like United States citizens in the 29 state of Alaska? 30 31 MS. OKADA: On Park lands? 32 MR. R. NAGEAK: No, on the collection 33 of horns for handicrafts for making all these. I see 34 them all over the place. 35 36 MS. OKADA: So right now, I mean, I can 37 only speak for Park lands. Nobody is allowed to 38 collect. 39 MR. R. NAGEAK: Then how come I see 40 41 them all over the place being sold? 42 43 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Because on 44 other public lands. 45 46 MS. OKADA: It's a big state, so 47 there's other lands that aren't Park lands. They could 48 be collecting on State land or.... 49 50 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Federal

1 lands. 2 3 MS. OKADA:non-Park Service 4 lands. 5 6 MR. LEAVITT: Madame Chair. 7 8 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes, Lloyd. 9 Your button. 10 11 MR. LEAVITT: Roy, we both have to 12 remember that the residents of Anaktuvuk gather all 13 their horns, stockpile them and sell them, whatever 14 horns they pick up. You've been to Anaktuvuk numerous 15 times. Over by the corporation camp they stock up all 16 the caribou antlers and they get a charter and sell 17 them all out. You're aware of that. That's been done 18 before. I've been traveling with the villages the 19 past, what, pretty close to 29 years and it's been 20 happening for several years. That's the only village 21 that collects antlers and sells them that I know of. 22 23 MR. R. NAGEAK: So it's already 24 happening. 25 26 MR. LEAVITT: It's been happening for a 27 number of years. 28 29 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes. 30 31 MR. R. NAGEAK: Let it happen then. 32 33 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: So that's 34 the question. What alternative do you want to support. 35 MR. R. NAGEAK: Well, just let them do 36 37 it. It's their freedom to do what they please, right? 38 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Right. So 39 40 Alternative A would be no change. Right now there's a 41 concern that it's illegal for our traditional cultural 42 activities. Alternative B would have collections 43 unlimited and no permits required. Alternative C has a 44 little bit more restriction in which there's 45 discretionary permits required and Alternative D has 46 the highest restrictions where it's species specific 47 for permits. 48 MR. R. NAGEAK: If they're doing it 49 now.... 50

1 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: The 2 broadest would be Alternative B. 3 4 MR. R. NAGEAK: If they're doing it 5 now, we shouldn't stop them from doing it now. 6 7 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: That's what 8 we're trying to do is to recognize that it is occurring 9 and giving them the legality to continue doing our 10 traditional cultural activities. The recommendation we 11 need is determining between A, B, C or D. 12 13 MR. R. NAGEAK: And we just took down 14 D. 15 16 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: The 17 recommendation that we have from the other side over 18 here is for recommendation of Alternative C because we 19 are concerned about the activity and what it may react 20 to in the region. They would like to be more 21 cautionary and go with Alternative C. That allows for 22 discretionary permits and collects limited by area. 23 The broadest one would be Alternative B, which would 24 have the least amount of restrictions. 25 26 MR. R. NAGEAK: So then my question 27 would be on the B section, violating conditions 28 established by the superintendent. 29 30 MS. OKADA: You said B? 31 32 MR. R. NAGEAK: Alternative C, section 33 B, how that would be differently worded. 34 35 MS. OKADA: So the superintendent.... 36 MR. R. NAGEAK: He's the one that will 37 38 be setting the laws and the rules and..... 39 40 MS. OKADA: The conditions. Yeah. 41 MR. R. NAGEAK:the regulations to 42 43 comply with. 44 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: So existing 45 46 laws that are in place would not be able to be 47 violated, so they would have to follow the existing 48 laws for the Park Service and that's all that is 49 stating. It's not giving him additional regulatory 50 effort. It's just stating that there are existing laws

1 and we wouldn't be able to violate those existing laws. 2 3 MR. R. NAGEAK: Oh, okay. I thought 4 they were going to be established. 5 6 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Violating 7 conditions established by the superintendent is 8 prohibited. So there's already existing conditions 9 that are there and we would not be able to allow the 10 violation of those conditions. 11 12 MR. R. NAGEAK: Okay. And that's what 13 Lloyd meant that they're already doing it, let them do 14 it. 15 16 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yeah. So 17 that's the question. Do you want it to be more broad 18 or do you agree with allowing us to have..... 19 20 MR. R. NAGEAK: If that existing 21 condition allows it to happen the way it's happening, 22 like what Lloyd said, then that's the condition, right? 23 2.4 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yeah. Both 25 of them would -- the difference is the requirement of 26 the permit. 27 28 MS. OKADA: So B doesn't require a 29 permit, C does, a discretionary permit. 30 31 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: So that's 32 the difference between the two. With this there's 33 collections limited by the areas and discretionary 34 permits, whereas this one is the most broad. It's 35 collections unlimited and no permits. 36 37 MR. R. NAGEAK: And that's where Lloyd 38 had stated that he would go anywhere on the North Slope 39 and get what he needs and then he'll take it home and 40 work on it. 41 42 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: So we're 43 still at the discussion. You would like to see it more 44 broad. 45 MR. R. NAGEAK: Right, like Lloyd said. 46 47 And they won't be permitted..... 48 49 MR. SHEARS: I'd like to see it more 50 controlled.

1 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: And they 2 would like to see it more controlled. So we have a 3 motion from them to support C, which does have a little 4 bit more restrictions limited by areas and 5 discretionary permits. That's what the motion is. You 6 would like to oppose that motion? 7 MR. R. NAGEAK: Oh, no. 8 9 10 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: You're 11 willing to work with Alternative C? 12 13 MR. R. NAGEAK: Right. 14 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Okay. 15 16 Good. Question. 17 18 MR. SHEARS: Call for question. 19 20 MR. R. NAGEAK: Oh, somebody made a 21 motion already? 22 23 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yeah, they 24 made the motion. We were going through the clarifying 25 discussion. So now we've had that. The question has 26 been called. The recommendation is to support 27 Alternative C and the question has been called. All 28 those in favor for support of Alternative C do so by 29 saying aye. 30 31 IN UNISON: Aye. 32 33 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Opposed 34 same way. 35 (No opposing votes) 36 37 38 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Hearing 39 none. Very good. Moving on. Thank you, Marcy. This 40 was difficult. I appreciate your insight in discussion 41 into the process. 42 43 MR. R. NAGEAK: Marcy, it's just a 44 matter of the rules and regulations that I got all 45 convoluted with, is that superintendent with its 46 established laws. The way that I read it, he could 47 make laws for all of our people. 48 49 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: It's very 50 important to clarify that, so this was a good process.

1 MS. OKADA: I'm up for the next topic. 2 3 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: The next 4 topic is Gates of the Arctic SRC proposal regarding per 5 diem. 6 7 MS. OKADA: I don't know if you guys 8 had a chance to take a look at this. It was in the 9 form of a hunting plan recommendation. Did you have a 10 chance to look at it prior to the meeting..... 11 12 MR. SHEARS: I did. 13 14 MS. OKADA:or you just did? So 15 Hunting Plan Recommendation 11-01, the whole goal of 16 this hunting plan is basically asking for the per diem 17 for SRCs and RACs, Regional Advisory Councils, to be 18 raised within the state of Alaska, acknowledging that 19 the cost of living in Alaska is a lot higher than the 20 rest of the nation. So at this time the Gates of the 21 Arctic SRC has submitted this in draft form for 22 comments from the RACs since it's also including per 23 diem for the RACs. 2.4 25 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: All right. 26 Do you need a motion for this? 27 28 MS. OKADA: Comments, questions. 29 30 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: For me, I 31 know how much volunteerism this process is causing and 32 it is taking a lot from our participants and the 33 reality is expecting them to add to the cost out of 34 their own pocket is not something that we should be 35 considering and I support this. 36 MR. R. NAGEAK: What are we looking at 37 38 cost-wise? An increase of..... 39 MS. OKADA: They didn't give a specific 40 41 amount. I'm sure there's a whole process for that. 42 43 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Within the 44 Federal process there are different rates throughout 45 the state and looking at depending on where you're at 46 there's different rates. However, within our process 47 we have had very limited funding and we are at the 48 minimal list process. So if we could take the 49 recognition that we need to think about what we can do 50 to deal with what the reality is. Helen.

1 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: The reality is these 2 are set in Washington and the per diem rates are 3 statewide for all Federal employees and all people who 4 are on FACA committees. We have no control over them. 5 I think in the interest of time I wouldn't spend too 6 much on this. You can make a comment and say, yes, we 7 support higher per diem rates. We do too. 8 9 MR. SHEARS: That's what I was just 10 going to say. 11 12 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Personally, just 13 because we're running short on time I wouldn't spend a 14 lot of time on this. 15 16 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Any other 17 comments. 18 19 MR. R. NAGEAK: To increase them, just 20 support the increase? 21 22 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yeah. 23 2.4 MR. R. NAGEAK: So moved, Madame Chair. 25 26 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: All right. 27 That's been discussed. So we can move on. The next 28 one is adding AKP to the caribou concern. I didn't 29 write my note very well, but I know the issue is for 30 protecting the caribou migration for the village of 31 Anaktuvuk Pass and that there are issues of changing 32 the lands and waters near them and there are concerns. 33 Anaktuvuk Pass would like to have Staff work with them. 34 We have numbers for Bass Gordon, who is the tribal 35 president, and Esther Hugo, who is the mayor of 36 Anaktuvuk. I would like to make the recommendation 37 that we have Staff contact them and see what they can 38 work with on developing a proposal to help them address 39 their concern. 40 41 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. 42 43 MR. MIKE: Madame Chair. 44 45 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes. 46 47 MR. MIKE: Who is the contact? 48 49 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Esther Hugo 50 is the mayor and Bass Gordon is the president of the

1 Native village. 2 3 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. 4 5 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes. 6 7 MR. R. NAGEAK: It behooves me to ask 8 the same question I had earlier, especially with a 9 corridor access. Going into the Haul Road there's the 10 -- the yellow part is BLM, Bureau of Land Management? 11 12 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Uh-huh. 13 14 MR. R. NAGEAK: How access to those 15 lands could be better managed to offset the disturbance 16 of migration routes into the Anaktuvuk Pass area. Is 17 that a good recommendation or do the people from around 18 Fairbanks or the people that use the access road, 19 Dalton Road, have the freedom to do what they want to 20 do in those areas? 21 22 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: What you're 23 saying is -- I see where you're coming from. The 24 reality is that along the Dalton Highway there are some 25 -- and especially around Anaktuvuk -- there's multiple 26 landowners and it's very difficult to come up with the 27 proper process to give the recommendations to help 28 address Anaktuvuk's needs. So that's why I say allow 29 our Staff to work with Anaktuvuk Pass and see what they 30 can develop as a proposal and come back to us at our 31 next meeting with what they would like us to do. 32 33 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. If we 34 could have a better, bigger map/area and have Anaktuvuk 35 people identify what migration routes are of concern 36 like within that corridor of different lands because 37 it's kind of hard to try to read. I think there's maps 38 available with all the little valleys and which routes 39 the caribou -- and they should know which route the 40 caribou utilize for migration and by the Dalton Highway 41 with people that are -- because of the increase of 42 five, the impact that it's had on the migration route 43 of the caribou, which need to go to Anaktuvuk Pass. 44 Maybe that will be the way to look at it. 45 46 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: There's a 47 lot of -- there's multiple land use issues related to 48 it, so we need to allow the Staff to work with AKP on 49 the issue because there's issues related to BLM, issues 50 related to activities on the Dalton Highway, there's

1 issues related to activities near the Dalton Highway 2 and there's other activities related to research and 3 monitoring. So efforts to get Staff involved with the 4 village and trying to see what we can develop would be 5 the best way to go. 6 7 Lloyd. 8 MR. LEAVITT: I would want to go with 9 10 your proposal since a lot of the lands are restricted 11 and are held by the Federal government around Anaktuvuk 12 area. They have a little more insight in this and 13 they'll be able to work with the community of Anaktuvuk 14 on the needs of migratory routes here. 15 16 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. I see 17 there's a major river that goes right alongside the 18 Haul Road and how that is being accessed because I've 19 heard that there are boats..... 20 21 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Right. 22 23 MR. R. NAGEAK:that are going on 24 the Dalton Highway and that's a state river, I believe, 25 and how it impacts. 26 MR. SHEARS: Madame Chair. 27 2.8 29 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Bob. 30 31 MR. SHEARS: This additional 32 consideration adds a lot of weight to this suggestion 33 in the respect that the Dalton Highway is treated by 34 the North Slope Borough Planning Department as a 35 development corridor and it's administrated similar to 36 Prudhoe Bay and the Kuparuk and other oil field 37 industrial areas. Therefore, it doesn't get the 38 scrutiny as a subsistence resource or how activities 39 there impact subsistence as other activities in other 40 areas and resource and preservation areas do. 41 42 This summer Great Bear Petroleum is 43 going to start doing shale oil gas drill -- shale oil 44 drilling right on the Dalton Highway 20 miles south of 45 Deadhorse. This is going to be a truck haul intensive 46 project. It's going to be a moving fence of 47 18-wheelers going up and down the Dalton Highway along 48 the Sag River that's going to greatly affect migration 49 more so than any of the hunting activities that we 50 considered earlier today.

1 The Borough is not going to be 2 observing this. They're just monitoring to make sure -- and maintain it -- it's in compliance with their 3 4 permit regulations. Their permit regulations stipulate 5 -- has no stipulations whatsoever on affecting 6 subsistence. Therefore, Anaktuvuk Pass is justified in 7 protecting their own interest in this regard and I 8 support this consideration. 9 10 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: All right. 11 Do we have any further discussion. 12 13 (No comments) 14 15 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Do we need 16 a motion or do we just take the recommendation and the 17 discussion that we have? We're good? All right. 18 Hearing no further discussion. Next on the agenda is 19 agency reports, OSM. 20 21 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: I'll be quick. 22 These are on page -- I believe it's 54 of your book. 23 There's been a lot going on, so this is actually 24 somewhat out of date. The first point was that because 25 of the Secretarial Review that AFN requested of the 26 Federal subsistence program we now have appointed --27 the Secretary has appointed two new Board members to 28 the Federal Subsistence Board who are rural subsistence 29 users. This is a big change in the Federal subsistence 30 management program. 31 32 You probably are all aware that Charlie 33 Brower has been appointed and you should be proud that 34 you have somebody from your region. And from Southeast 35 is Anthony Christianson from Hydaburg. So now the 36 Federal Board, for those of you who are new, will be 37 made up of the director of BLM, Fish and Wildlife 38 Service, National Park Service, BIA, and Forest Service 39 and Charlie Brower and Tony Christianson and the Chair 40 Tim Towarak from Unalakleet. 41 42 MR. SHEARS: Good. 43 44 MR. R. NAGEAK: Here here. 45 46 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: It will really 47 change, I think, some things on the Board. The 48 Memorandum of Understanding is being reviewed as a 49 result of the Secretarial Review and there's a work 50 group that's addressing that and they've had several

1 meetings and they're going to report back to the Board 2 in May of 2012, so you'll hear more about that at your 3 next Council meeting. 4 5 Then the rural determination process 6 has risen again and at a recent meeting the Board in 7 January, at the end of their Federal Board meeting, 8 they decided to initiate a new rural process review and 9 this will be looking at the whole process starting all 10 over again from the bottom up. So more on that. That 11 doesn't have any big effects in this region other than 12 Prudhoe Bay went from being rural to nonrural in the 13 last review process. 14 15 Then on the next page just -- I'm not 16 going to go through these, but there have been a lot of 17 changes in our Staff. I believe there are more to 18 come, so just look at these. Most of these people you 19 have never met, probably never will meet and even if 20 you came to the Board meeting you might not meet them. 21 Just a lot of changes in the Staff and more to come. 22 The Federal government is aging rapidly and hopefully 23 we'll get newcomers in. 2.4 25 I would like to maybe say that given 26 the late hour, just to make sure, we have one more 27 thing we have to do today and that's to determine the 28 dates for the fall meeting and the winter meeting and I 29 think maybe we should do those first so that those 30 don't get suddenly pushed to the side. 31 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. Just a 32 33 quick reflection on the Staff. Do you have an 34 organizational chart? 35 36 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: We don't right now. 37 We can put a request in to get one. We've had so many 38 changes and shifts that it's -- they're redoing it. 39 40 MR. R. NAGEAK: Just to get an idea of 41 all the positions that are within the organization. 42 43 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Who's doing what. 44 45 MR. R. NAGEAK: How they fit together 46 within the realm. 47 48 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: We can put a request 49 in for that. I know they're redoing it in the office. 50 I should make a note that we are hiring a Native

liaison for the Office of Subsistence Management. That 1 position was advertised. I know that Crystal Leonetti, 2 our Fish and Wildlife Service Native liaison put a lot 3 4 of effort into outreach and she's gotten a lot of 5 response, so we should know who that person is within 6 the month or so. 7 8 So your calendars, what page are those 9 on in those Northwest books? 10 11 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: 58 12 13 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: That's the winter 14 one or the fall one? 15 16 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: That's the 17 fall. 18 19 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Fall? Okay. So 58 20 and 59. Your fall meeting you already had designated 21 August 14th. I assume that would be in Barrow since 22 we're in a budget crunch and we've having to have 23 meetings be in regional centers. 2.4 25 (Council nods affirmatively) 26 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: So we want re-27 28 confirmation that August 14th works for the Council and 29 then you need to pick a date in the winter. The only 30 dates that have been selected so far is Seward 31 Peninsula chose February 12th and 13th. 32 33 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: What is the 34 wish of the Council. Lloyd. 35 MR. LEAVITT: I'll make a motion to 36 37 have our winter meeting February 26th and 27th. 38 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: First 39 40 solidify August 14th for the fall meeting. 41 42 MR. LEAVITT: Okay. The fall meeting, 43 I'd like to make a motion to have our fall meeting on 44 August 14th, 2012 and to have our winter regional 45 meeting on February 26th, 27th. 46 47 MR. SHEARS: I'm good with that. I 48 second that. 49 50 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: We have a

1 motion and second. Do we have any discussion? 2 3 MR. R. NAGEAK: Just out of curiosity, 4 that one we had with the Northwest was just once in a 5 lifetime or.... 6 7 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: That's correct. 8 9 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: I wouldn't 10 say it was once in a lifetime, but it was a request 11 that we were able to facilitate to occur and if we have 12 interest in needing to address proposals that cover 13 both regions, it's something that we could discuss in 14 the future. So I wouldn't totally isolate it out. 15 But, yeah, we don't have the funds to plan to do that 16 on a regular basis, but if we had a need, we could try 17 to identify a way to make it occur. 18 19 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Very well put. 20 21 MR. R. NAGEAK: Call for the question. 22 23 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: The 24 question has been called for. All those in favor of 25 having the fall meeting August 14th and the winter 26 meeting February 26th to the 27th in Barrow, do so by 27 saying aye. 28 29 IN UNISON: Aye. 30 31 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: All those 32 opposed same sign. 33 34 (No opposing votes) 35 36 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Hearing 37 none. Motion passes. 38 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Thank you, Madame 39 40 Chair. That concludes everything I have to do. I just 41 want to thank you all personally for having me here and 42 thank you for a great meeting. I think you have a few 43 more possibly. I don't know what the agencies have to 44 report, but thanks. 45 46 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: All right. 47 Next on the list is U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. 48 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: There's no one here 49 50 from Arctic Refuge to provide anything.

1 Thank you. 2 3 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Ernest. 4 5 MR. E. NAGEAK: I just wanted to 6 introduce myself again. I'm Ernest Nageak, the U.S. 7 Fish and Wildlife Service that recently opened up an office in Barrow within the last two years. Mostly a 8 9 little bit over a year. They had hired me as an Alaska 10 Native affair specialist to be a local guy in the Fish 11 and Wildlife office. We'll be having a new education 12 specialist moving in in March, so we'll be in the 13 office year round. We have an office up the road from 14 the vet and the gas station. Our number is 852-2058. 15 If anybody has any concerns or questions, I could try 16 my best to get the answers. So I just wanted to let 17 you guys knows we have a local office. If there's any 18 concerns in the villages, just give us a call. 19 20 MR. SHEARS: Where are you at? What's 21 your location? 22 MR. E. NAGEAK: I'll give you my card 23 24 so you could have that, but our..... 25 26 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: It's right 27 across from the vets office here in Barrow and it's 28 just down the street from the gas station. There's a 29 blue building there. 30 31 MR. SHEARS: All right. I gotcha. 32 33 MR. E. NAGEAK: We have an office and 34 we'll be here year round. I just wanted to clarify 35 that. 36 37 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Thank you 38 for sharing that. I thank you for being involved in 39 this process. Your communications are definitely an 40 addition that is helpful in our process, so thank you. 41 42 National Park Service. Do you have 43 anything additional to add. 44 45 MS. OKADA: Madame Chair. Council 46 members. Marcy Okada for Gates of the Arctic National 47 Park and Preserve. Donald had handed out or had passed 48 out a handout. I'll just speak real briefly with the 49 interest of time. Our next SRC meeting is on April 50 18th and 19th in Anaktuvuk Pass.

1 Just to get back to Roy about it, it 2 was subservient. The Federal Government Hunting Plan 3 Recommendation 10-01 did have a little verbiage on the 4 Federal government taking a subservient role to the 5 State. Hunting Plan Recommendation 10-01 has been 6 submitted to Secretary of Interior Ken Salazar and the 7 Governor of Alaska Parnell. It's undergoing a 60-day 8 review. We just received comments from Governor 9 Parnell this past week. 10 11 There's some information about the 12 Western Arctic Caribou Herd, which when it broadens its 13 range, goes over to Anaktuvuk Pass. There's more 14 handouts on the table. There's some information also 15 about the dall sheep population in Itkillik Preserve. 16 17 There's a little bit of information on 18 some public outreach we've been doing with the school 19 in Anaktuvuk Pass and then also some cultural resources 20 information as well. So it's all written on paper. If 21 you have any questions, my phone number is at the top 22 of this handout. 23 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Do we have 2.4 25 any questions or comments. 26 27 (No comments) 2.8 29 MS. OKADA: I just sped through there. 30 31 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: That's 32 fine. I appreciate the communications. Thanks for 33 clarifying the information Roy was looking for. I 34 appreciate you looking into that. 35 36 MR. R. NAGEAK: What's that say again? 37 38 MS. OKADA: It was subservient, not 39 submissive. So subservient was the word. 40 41 Thank you. 42 43 MR. R. NAGEAK: Submissive. How did I 44 come up with submissive. 45 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Okay, going 46 47 on. BLM, do we have any further communications. 48 49 MR. SHARP: Madame Chair. My name is 50 Dan Sharp. I'm with BLM in the Anchorage office. What

1 I'm presenting here today is purely informational. 2 It's not looking for any action from the Board, but 3 this is just to make the RAC aware as to what 4 initiative the BLM is starting to undergo. 5 6 I was the one who provided these maps 7 for you. What these maps are are, if you look at the 8 red lines, these are guide use areas that the State is 9 coming up with. I'll note first off the map says May 10 of 2009. It's a draft map. In 2007 the Big Game 11 Commercial Services Board started this initiative to 12 delineate the number of guides to allocate the number 13 of guides that would be allowed to operate on State 14 lands. 15 16 A little background. I believe in the 17 '70s the State established exclusive guide use areas. 18 In 1988, the Alaska Supreme Court found that 19 unconstitutional, saying that those exclusive areas 20 were not subject to competitive bidding. There's no 21 money coming to the state. The guide use areas were of 22 unlimited duration and they could be transferred or 23 sold as if the guides owned them. So the exclusive 24 guide use areas were found unconstitutional. Since 25 then it's been sort of a helter-skelter approach. 26 27 As time has gone on, the Board of Game 28 has received numerous proposals to limit the operations 29 of big game guides to reduce harvest by guided hunters 30 primarily to address in-field crowding, competition for 31 food in rural areas and such. But the State is 32 proceeding with their new program to establish guide 33 use areas. Again, on these maps, you'll notice the red 34 lines mark quide use areas. There's a small number in 35 parentheses that is a draft number for what the State 36 is recommending for guides to be allowed on State 37 lands. 38 39 BLM has never done a capacity analysis 40 for BLM-managed lands. Although there's multiple 41 jurisdictions in the guide use areas, those numbers 42 only represent what the State would be allowed to 43 operate on State lands. The State is looking to BLM to 44 provide a similar number for what would operate on BLM 45 lands. So this is purely a guide capacity. We're not 46 dealing with number of animals harvested. We're not 47 dealing with transporters. These are big game 48 concessions. As you look at the map, those are fairly 49 small numbers, 1 and 2 guides for some of these areas. 50

1 What we're starting off is a NEPA 2 analysis to come up with an environmental assessment to 3 provide a similar number for guides that would be 4 allowed concessions on BLM managed lands. I quess, 5 just as a heads up, that's why I'm making the RAC aware 6 of this. My anticipation is this will probably take a 7 couple of years to work through and as this progresses 8 I'll probably find myself in front of the RAC again in 9 the future to update folks as to where we're going. 10 11 But the process will be we'll come up 12 with a number of alternatives similar to what the Park 13 Service did for a range of alternatives for options and 14 the ultimate goal is to then have a maximum number of 15 guides that would be allowed to operate in a particular 16 area. 17 18 I'll try to leave it as briefly as 19 that. I know it's a controversial topic. We're very 20 early in the game here and you'll have plenty of 21 opportunity to comment and have your opinions heard. 22 This is just where BLM is starting this initiative. 23 2.4 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. 25 26 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Roy. 27 28 MR. R. NAGEAK: What's your 29 relationship with the State Board when you say that 30 game guides are requesting for access to the National 31 lands or BLM controlled lands? 32 33 MR. SHARP: Through the Chair. One of 34 the concerns is if, in fact, the State establishes a 35 guide concession program. All those folks who don't 36 get concessions, they're going to look to where they 37 can operate and they're going to be looking to BLM 38 lands because BLM is the only Federal agency that 39 hasn't gone through this capacity analysis. The 40 Refuges and the Parks have all established their 41 filters, so to speak, for how many guides would be 42 allowed to operate and what qualifications they need. 43 BLM is the only agency that hasn't done this. 44 45 One of the concerns is every guide that 46 loses out in the State process is going to come looking 47 for BLM lands and we don't have a filter right now. 48 There aren't too many areas in the state on BLM-managed 49 lands where we're bumping up into significant issues. 50 The Dalton Highway is one and the Squirrel River area

1 is another, but we're sort of looking to the future as 2 to have a process and I guess a filter so to speak in 3 place to where when that time comes we can address the 4 issue. 5 6 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair, again. 7 8 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Roy. 9 10 MR. R. NAGEAK: I believe there's 11 certain areas, especially done by the Borough, where 12 traditional hunting areas are noted in maps, where 13 future development or all across -- I've seen those 14 maps where caribou did migrate and I think around 15 Anaktuvuk Pass there's migration paths that's already 16 been identified, east, west. I'm wondering, to make 17 your job easier or to make it easier for how to 18 regulate or to appease some of the concerns from 19 Anaktuvuk Pass, are you aware of those from..... 20 21 MR. SHARP: Yeah, I'm aware of many 22 maps, I guess, and I want to sort of keep it on a high 23 level that this is only to provide a number of guides. 24 It's not talking about a number of clients or number of 25 animals killed. 26 MR. R. NAGEAK: Right, but.... 27 2.8 29 MR. SHARP: Once we have the number of 30 guides, then we can address those concerns as to where 31 and what stipulations should be placed on those guides 32 as to how and where they operate. Right now it's only 33 the number of concessions that would be permitted and 34 there are many issues that are sort of down deep or 35 sort of in the weeds that will come up. Right now on 36 the upper level we're just looking at the number of 37 guides. 38 39 Once we say we'll allow one guide to 40 operate there, then we can start to address how can he 41 operate, how many clients can he take, how can he 42 access the area and how will he address interference 43 with subsistence. So right now it's a capacity. We 44 don't want 30 guides. We want to come up with a 45 number. So those social issues and some of those 46 things will be addressed in the future, but this is 47 only a capacity question. 48 49 MR. R. NAGEAK: In some cases there's 50 certain locations like around Anaktuvuk Pass where some

1 of the caribou are channeled and that's where they're 2 catching and deviating their path into Anaktuvuk Pass 3 because of the channeling effect. In the NANA region 4 area, talking with other people there, some of these 5 guys are going right on top of those areas where the 6 caribou channel for them to get that high-dollar, 7 easier caribou to catch, but at the same time deviating 8 the regular path of migration. You're looking at that 9 aspect, where they need to keep away from those areas? 10 11 MR. SHARP: That will come in the 12 future and I've seen that happen. I've seen thousands 13 of caribou turned from 20 bow hunters, but that's sort 14 of a future question. Right now I'm just letting you 15 know that we're starting the process to provide a 16 number of guides that will be allowed to operate on BLM 17 lands. Those stipulations as to where and how they can 18 operate will come in the future. Our concern is we 19 don't want 30 guides. We want to have a filter and we 20 want to be able to say we're going to allow two guides 21 and then we'll set up a criteria as to how and where 22 they can operate. 23 2.4 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: I think to 25 make this easier what I would recommend is that we are 26 just now receiving this information. I think each of 27 us need to take this information into our communities, 28 get some additional information and be able to bring 29 this information back to this table for further 30 discussion. When do you need this? 31 32 MR. SHARP: My guess is I'll probably 33 provide more information to you in the future. I'm not 34 looking for any response back right now. This is just 35 sort of a heads-up that we're going down this path. 36 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: So, Don, I 37 38 would like to include this for further discussion at 39 our next meeting and to allow each of us to go back to 40 our communities and to identify additional concerns 41 related to this and bring it back to the discussion. 42 43 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. 44 45 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes. 46 47 MR. R. NAGEAK: On each section, like 48 2303, there's one number, that's the places where one 49 guide could go into? 50

1 MR. SHARP: That's a State number. If you look in the very back, the bottom of 2303, there's 2 3 a little bit of blue land. The rest of that is all National Preserve. 4 5 6 MR. R. NAGEAK: And that's one guide. 7 8 MR. SHARP: That's what the State is 9 recommending, one guide would be allowed to operate in 10 there. And this is a draft..... 11 12 MR. R. NAGEAK: But these are only 13 guides, but there's like 100 other private pilots that 14 could go anywhere they want to go. 15 16 MR. SHARP: This is only addressing 17 guides. Folks that own private airplanes operate under 18 -- this is only for professional big game guides. I 19 know there's transporters, there's private hunters, 20 there's a whole slough of categories of folks. 21 22 MR. R. NAGEAK: That are all over the 23 country. 2.4 25 MR. SHARP: We're only addressing 26 guides, folks that are selling hunts, the folks that 27 are making \$10,000 on a moose or a sheep or something. 28 That's the number we're trying to address. I know 29 there's a whole bunch of different hunters. 30 31 MR. R. NAGEAK: Transporters. 32 33 MR. SHARP: Transporters. This isn't a 34 transporters. 35 MR. R. NAGEAK: There's enough guys 36 37 here. As we see that on the Alaska airplane where they 38 just transport and they were transporting them all 39 over. 40 41 MR. SHEARS: One guide understand can 42 be operating a number of transporters and assisting 43 guides and outfitters all in one unit simultaneously, 44 so the actual impact to these units is kind of 45 unquantified by this. 46 47 MR. SHARP: It's unquantified and that 48 becomes the stipulations on that guide's permit. 49 understand we're not going to -- one guide can't take 50 400 people in. Those become stipulations. Until we

1 get a set number of guides, then we can start to attach 2 stipulations on his permit, on his special permit. 3 4 MR. SHEARS: That's what I'll be 5 looking at then. 6 7 MR. SHARP: Those are the more critical 8 questions. This is sort of the big number and all the 9 issues are below that. 10 11 MR. R. NAGEAK: But, Madame Chair, it's 12 wide open for the transporters, just the people that 13 drop off. I mean they could drop off like 100 people 14 if they wanted to. 15 16 MR. SHARP: And BLM does issue permits 17 for transporters. You're required to have a permit too 18 and we do limit those in some areas. It's a bigger 19 issue in other areas and other Federally managed lands, 20 but BLM does have a permit program for transporters. 21 MR. SHEARS: And so does the North 22 23 Slope Borough. 2.4 25 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Any other 26 discussion. 27 28 MR. R. NAGEAK: And again my earlier 29 question in regards to how the State Board of Game is 30 the one that's reflecting on this? I need that 31 clarification again. 32 33 MR. SHARP: This is managed by the 34 Department of Natural Resources, the Big Game 35 Commercial Services Board. They are the folks who 36 establish the number of permits that would be allowed 37 to operate on State lands. As far as the number of 38 animals taken and such, that's under the purview of the 39 Board of Game, whether or not it's a draw permit and 40 the license fees and tags. 41 42 MR. R. NAGEAK: On State lands. 43 44 MR. SHARP: On State lands. 45 MR. R. NAGEAK: And how are we 46 47 controlling the take of animals on Federal lands? 48 49 MR. SHARP: Well, it depends on if 50 you're a State hunter or a Federal hunter. It's two

1 sets of regulations in which you're hunting under. 2 Right now if it's a guided hunter, he has to operate 3 under State regulations unless there's a Federal 4 restriction on that. 5 6 MR. R. NAGEAK: Drop off hunter. State 7 laws control the drop-off hunter to Federal lands? 8 MR. SHARP: Yes, but BLM would have a 9 10 permit for the person dropping him off. 11 12 MR. R. NAGEAK: So they could be 13 dropped off anywhere they 14 want to be dropped off. 15 16 MR. SHARP: It depends upon the permit 17 and what has been stipulated on the permit. It's not 18 wide open, Roy. 19 20 MR. R. NAGEAK: Okay. 21 22 MR. SHARP: We're trying to address 23 concerns as problems come up. We're not willy-nilly 24 sending folks everywhere. 25 26 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: So 27 recognizing that there's additional information that is 28 going to be needed for further assessment of this 29 issue. So if we can work with Staff to get that 30 additional information and help us in this process, 31 that will benefit further discussions. 32 33 MR. R. NAGEAK: Madame Chair. Before 34 our next meeting I'd like to try to get an idea of 35 where the concentration of the request from BLM permits 36 are. Do you have some form of -- like how this is 37 colored. There's a place where there's a high density 38 area request for BLM to have permits for drop off. 39 40 MR. SHARP: Well, I could probably 41 provide that, but, as I referenced, the two areas where 42 we have the biggest issues are the Squirrel River area 43 and the Dalton Highway. Those are where we have the 44 most feedback from. We haven't -- a lot of problems 45 haven't been brought to us aside from those two areas. 46 Again, we're trying to be proactive anticipating in the 47 future there may be problem areas and we'd like to have 48 this program set up prior to that. 49 50 MR. R. NAGEAK: But do you see where

1 I'm coming from, is what is being controlled by access 2 to the land by BLM and where, if a permit is required 3 and is not willy-nilly, you know where they're going to 4 go and which ones are the ones that they tend to prefer 5 going into by drop-off transporters. Because it will 6 be real easy with their permit by you guys and stating 7 that last fall for bears that's where the concentration 8 was. This year for caribou it was high over here and 9 used to be over here. 10 11 That's my next question, is how these 12 tagged caribous are followed by everybody that's got 13 access to the computer. You know what I mean? Just by 14 a click they know where the herd is. 15 16 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Oh, that's 17 research monitoring. 18 19 MR. R. NAGEAK: That's different? 20 21 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Well, no. 22 It's relevant for your communication and, yes, there is 23 concerns from many of our rural areas that satellite 24 tracking of our animals increases others being aware of 25 where the animals are and allow them to plan to get 26 into areas that will facilitate their hunts but impact 27 other tribal hunts. There are those concerns that have 28 been out there. For this information we need to get 29 more information. We need to look at this discussion 30 more formally within our communities and we need to 31 look at more historical information. 32 33 We've had a good discussion here. We 34 know that we're going to address it further. I think 35 we need to be open to receive more information as well 36 as be active in trying to get some historical 37 information from our participations and come back and 38 look at this further. 39 40 MR. R. NAGEAK: I'm sorry. 41 42 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: That's 43 good. It's good discussion. It's important to have it 44 and you brought out some important discussions. We 45 just need to get more information and that's something 46 we can do. Donald's been listening to this discussion. 47 He's our Staff person that will help facilitate this. 48 You also listened to the discussion and information 49 that you can bring into the process. We'll have more 50 information at the next meeting. We all can participate

1 in our communities and ask more information about that 2 and be able to come in with further discussion at the 3 next meeting. 4 5 MR. LEAVITT: Madame Chair. 6 7 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yes. 8 9 MR. LEAVITT: The other item we had 10 requested about a year or so ago was that even the 11 tagged caribous, even the people who have a conception 12 of thinking that they're all at Teshekpuk area, there 13 was only one caribou, just a tagged caribou that has to 14 be taken into consideration. In other words, we had 15 asked for better monitoring of the caribou herds due to 16 the fact that there was a sole caribou and everybody 17 was thinking that all the caribou was over at the east 18 side of Teshekpuk. So we had asked for better 19 monitoring on the tagged caribous. 20 21 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: We're 22 taking notes to that. That's a good comment. Any 23 other questions or comments. 2.4 25 (No comments) 26 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Thank you 27 28 for your information. 29 30 Dave. 31 32 DR. YOKEL: Thank you, Madame Chair. 33 Council members. My name is Dave Yokel. I work for 34 the BLM's Arctic Field Office in Fairbanks, which 35 manages the National Petroleum Reserve in Alaska, also 36 known as NPR-A or previously to 1976 known as PET-4. I 37 talked to you last October about the land use plan 38 we're currently developing. I don't have anything to 39 add because I told you then the draft would probably 40 come out in April of 2012. That's still the expected 41 date, so I'll just skip over anything else about that 42 plan. 43 44 As far as our activities in NPR-A this 45 winter, it's pretty quiet for us. We have no seismic 46 operations this winter, no exploratory drilling 47 operations this winter. We do have one legacy well 48 clean-up operation that's occurring at Umiat this 49 winter. Other than that the BLM continues to do 50 studies in the NPR-A on wildlife, birds and mammals,

1 fisheries, hydrology, archeology, subsistence use. We 2 do most of these studies in cooperation with other agencies and, frankly, I'll just leave it at that 3 4 considering the time. 5 6 Thank you. 7 8 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Do we have 9 any questions or comments for Dave. 10 11 (No comments) 12 13 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Thank you, 14 Dave. I lost track. We just did BLM, so we're on 15 ADF&G. 16 17 MR. R. NAGEAK: Alaska. We had Geoff. 18 19 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Yeah, Geoff 20 was here earlier, but no further communications for 21 this section. Do we have any from Native organizations 22 that would like to participate at this time. 23 2.4 (No comments) 25 26 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Seeing and 27 hearing none. We discussed our future meetings and 28 we're at closing comments. We started on the left 29 side, we'll start on the right side. Start with Lee on 30 the phone if he's still there. 31 32 MR. MIKE: Lee, do you have any closing 33 comments. 34 35 MR. KAYOTUK: No, I don't, not at this 36 time. 37 38 MR. MIKE: Your comment was recognized, 39 Lee. 40 41 MR. KAYOTUK: Okay, thank you. 42 43 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Lloyd, 44 would you like to. 45 46 MR. LEAVITT: What we've been 47 discussing today I'll be looking forward to reviewing 48 them and take action on them at the next meeting. This 49 has been a very good meeting day. A lot of issues came 50 out that we discussed. I'm glad the problems have been

1 taken care of and some of the issues that we've had 2 concerns on and that they've been taken care of. I 3 encourage the board to continue to work together on the 4 subsistence way of life issues we have within our 5 region here. 6 7 We really need to revisit the arena 8 where -- walrus is always a concern to me. I want to 9 be able to catch a walrus that beaches on the gravel. 10 I don't want to be threatened by anyone that they're 11 going to arrest me or give a citation to me. I need to 12 feed my family and myself. So we need to make 13 considerations that a pod of under 10 or a single 14 walrus beached, seeing they come up and rest, that we 15 should be able to allow and take the walrus. The last 16 couple years I've been waiting for a beached walrus to 17 go out and kill it. 18 19 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: I 20 understand your concern and there is meetings next week 21 on the walrus haul-out. Definitely if you can and 22 provide comments at that meeting it will be very 23 helpful. We'll be receiving information as to what 24 they've learned from this process as well as receiving 25 concerns at the meeting. So if you can attend that 26 meeting, definitely participate at that. We hear the 27 issue here. I'm not sure how to -- I recognize your 28 concern and I know that we're having changes to the way 29 the animals are used in our lands and waters and we 30 just have to work within the process of what's being 31 assessed and try to come up with a way to help with the 32 management of these resources. 33 34 Bob, do you have closing comments. 35 36 MR. SHEARS: I've spoken enough today. 37 38 Thank you. 39 40 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Roy. 41 42 MR. R. NAGEAK: Me, too, but I share 43 Lloyd's same concern because we only got one walrus 44 this summer and it was from the beach and it was close 45 enough to town for people who haven't caught a walrus. 46 They just gobbled it up. We opened it up and I'm glad 47 my sons and the boys that caught it. It was the only 48 walrus we had for like the whole summer and it was from 49 the beach

50 and we had all the innards studied. But all the people

1 that got a piece of it, even though it was a small 2 piece, was so happy. That's an issue what Lloyd had 3 stated. 4 5 And the concern with out of nowhere the 6 earthquake debris is now, but I think it's heading 7 towards our region this summer maybe. I heard it's 8 around Alaska or.... 9 10 MR. LEAVITT: Yeah, a lot of it. All 11 those buoys that was in the Aleutians, right, and the 12 west coast of the Lower 48. 13 14 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Thank you. 15 We've had a great meeting today. I think that for you 16 new members you really had a jump in and learn a lot 17 today. The way that we interacted has been very 18 positive and I appreciate the whole process that went 19 about today. We definitely had an opportunity to share 20 information and we didn't get to that -- we had talked 21 about that at the airport yesterday about the -- what 22 do you call that word for new members? 23 MR. LEAVITT: Orientation. 2.4 25 26 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: 27 Orientation. There we go. So, Don. 28 29 MR. MIKE: Yes. Just due to the time 30 and lateness of the day and other activities going on, 31 I suggest we have it at our next Council meeting. Just 32 set a two-hour block prior to the meeting and then 33 we'll have the orientation. 34 35 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: I agree 36 with that. 37 38 MR. MIKE: The nominations for RAC 39 member closes on the 18th. So if you know of anyone 40 that wants to serve or has an interest in submitting an 41 application, now is the time. 42 43 Thank you. 44 45 MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Close on 46 what date? 47 48 MR. MIKE: February 18th. 49 50 MR. R. NAGEAK: For the two vacant

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 positions?
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3
                   MR. MIKE: Yes and no. Our nomination
4
  cycle opened a couple months ago and now the
5 nominations are going to be closing in a couple days.
6 We're just taking new applicants.
7
8
                  MR. R. NAGEAK: Have to be from a
9 certain village?
10
11
                   MR. MIKE: Anybody can apply within the
12 region.
13
14
                   MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: There are
15 various villages that we have encouragement to get
16 village participations on seats, but we are very broad
17 in accepting interested applicants into this process
18 and we like to be diverse and make sure that we try to
19 get a wide variety of interests into this process so
20 that we can really help facilitate the issues, so it's
21 pretty broad.
22
23
                   Do we have any final discussion
24 comments.
25
26
                   (No comments)
27
28
                   MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Hearing
29 none. I would entertain a motion to adjourn.
30
31
                   MR. SHEARS: Second.
32
33
                   MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: You have to
34 make the motion. I can only ask for it.
35
36
                   MR. SHEARS: Oh, okay.
37
38
                   MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: Lloyd. I
39 can only ask for it. He can ask.
40
41
                   MR. LEAVITT: Second.
42
43
                   MADAME CHAIR AHTAUNGARUAK: So you're
44 second. Good. All right. All those in favor do so by
45 saying aye.
46
47
                   IN UNISON: Aye.
48
49
                   (END OF PROCEEDINGS)
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1 CERTIFICATE 2 3 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA) 4)ss. 5 STATE OF ALASKA) 6 7 I, Salena A. Hile, Notary Public in and for the 8 state of Alaska and reporter for Computer Matrix Court 9 Reporters, LLC, do hereby certify: 10 11 THAT the foregoing pages numbered 02 through 12 174 contain a full, true and correct Transcript of the 13 NORTH SLOPE FEDERAL SUBSISTENCE REGIONAL ADVISORY 14 COUNCIL MEETING, taken electronically by Computer 15 Matrix Court Reporters, LLC on the 16th day of February 16 2012, beginning at the hour of 9:40 o'clock a.m. in 17 Barrow, Alaska; 18 19 THAT the transcript is a true and correct 20 transcript requested to be transcribed and thereafter 21 transcribed by under my direction and reduced to print 22 to the best of our knowledge and ability; 23 2.4 THAT I am not an employee, attorney, or party 25 interested in any way in this action. 26 DATED at Anchorage, Alaska, this 24th day of 27 28 February 2012. 29 30 31 32 Salena A. Hile 33 Notary Public, State of Alaska 34 My Commission Expires: 9/16/14 35