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                   FEDERAL SUBSISTENCE BOARD
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                   PUBLIC REGULATORY MEETING
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                           VOLUME I
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                    EGAN CONVENTION CENTER
17
                       ANCHORAGE, ALASKA
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19
                       JANUARY 11, 2005
20
                       8:30 o'clock a.m.
21
22 MEMBERS PRESENT:
23 Mitch Demientieff, Chair
24 Judy Gottlieb, National Park Service
25 Paul Tony, Bureau of Indian Affairs
26 Denny Bschor, U.S. Forest Service
27 George Oviatt, Bureau of Land Management
28 Gary Edwards, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
30 Keith Goltz, Solicitor
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44 Recorded and transcribed by:
45
46 Computer Matrix Court Reporters, LLC
47 3522 West 27th Avenue
48 Anchorage, AK 99517
49 907-243-0668
50 jpk@gci.net
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PROCEEDINGS
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                (Anchorage, Alaska - 1/11/2005)
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           (On record)
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: We'll go ahead and
  call the meeting to order. My name is Mitch Demientieff,
  Chairman of the Board. We're just going to go around the
10 table and have everybody give their introductions. I
11 want to wish everybody a Happy New Year as we're
12 starting. We, like everybody being a family man, I enjoy
13 spending time with the kids and the grandkids during the
14 course of the holidays, but I look forward to going back
15 and going back to work as soon as the New Year is over,
16 much as I love them, I like to get way from them once in
17 awhile.
18
19
                   (Laughter)
2.0
21
                   But I appreciate the fact that
22 everybody's taking the time to be here. If I do seem a
23 little bit off, you know, and Tom usually helps me on
24 this but I got my book at home in the mail and so I
25 pulled it out of the box and I was studying it and I
26 lifted the thing up and it wasn't bound, so the whole
27 thing just kind of fell out and so I had a heck of a time
28 to try to put it all together. I went through everything
29 but it wasn't necessarily in the same order that it was
30 intended to be in. So funny little things happen, I
31 guess, and you might as well start your New Year's out
32 with a bang, I guess.
33
34
                  So that's my little story and welcome
35 everybody, again, and I'm happy to be here. And we'll
36 just go around and do introductions.
                  MS. GOTTLIEB: Good morning. I'm Judy
38
39 Gottlieb with the National Park Service.
40
41
                  MR. TONY: Paul Tony with the Bureau of
42 Indian Affairs.
43
44
                  MS. BSCHOR: I'm Denny Bschor with the
45 U.S. Forest Service.
46
                  MR. GOLTZ: Keith Goltz, Solicitor's
47
48 Office.
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                  MS. GREGORY: Mary Gregory, Yukon-
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1 Kuskokwim RAC member.
                  MR. REAKOFF: I'm Jack Reakoff from
4 Wiseman. I'll be representing the Western Interior
  Regional Council.
                  MR. STONEY: Raymond Stoney from
7
8 Northwest Arctic RAC. Happy New Year, Mitch.
9
                   MS. CROSS: Grace Cross from Seward Penn,
10
11 and Happy New Year from Seward Penn.
12
13
                  MR. FRIED: Steve Fried, Fish and
14 Wildlife Service, Office of Subsistence Management.
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16
                  MR. CANNON: Richard Cannon, Office of
17 Subsistence Management.
18
19
                  MR. KLEIN: Steve Klein, Office of
20 Subsistence Management.
21
22
                  MR. BERGSTROM: Dan Bergstrom, Office of
23 the Department of Fish and Game. I'm with Commercial
24 Fisheries Division.
25
26
                  MS. SEE: Marianne See with Fish and
27 Game, Subsistence Division.
28
                  MR. BOYLE: Larry Boyle with the
29
30 Department of Fish and Game, Sportfish Division.
                  MR. MECUM: Good morning. My name's Doug
32
33 Mecum. I'm the director of Commercial Fisheries for the
34 Alaska Department of Fish and Game. And as you know,
35 recently our Commissioner resigned, Kevin Duffy, took
36 another position. And normally David Bedford who's our
37 Deputy Commissioner would be sitting here but he's in the
38 middle of U.S./Canada Treaty Negotiations. But it's a
39 pleasure to be here today.
40
41
                  MR. LITTLEFIELD: Good morning. John
42 Littlefield, Southeast Regional Chair. Good morning and
43 Happy New Year.
44
45
                  MR. LOHSE: Good morning. Ralph Lohse,
46 Southcentral Regional Chair.
47
48
                  MR. NICHOLIA: Good morning. Gerald
49 Nicholia for the Eastern Interior. Happy New Year's
50 everybody.
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MR. OVIATT: George Oviatt from the
  Bureau of Land Management.
                   MR. EDWARDS: Gary Edwards, U.S. Fish and
  Wildlife Service.
6
7
                   MR. BOYD: Tom Boyd, Fish and Wildlife
 Service, Office of Subsistence Management.
9
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Corrections or
10
11 additions to the agenda.
12
13
                   (No comments)
14
15
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay, with that
16 we'll go ahead and go to -- if there are no corrections
17 or additions to the agenda we'll go ahead and go to
18 public comment period on non-agenda items.
19
20
                   (No comments)
21
22
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: I have no requests
23 at this time for public comment on non-agenda items, so
24 we'll move on to public comment period on consent agenda
25 items.
26
27
                   (No comments)
28
29
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: I have no requests
30 at this time with regard to that agenda item and the
31 prior to items, this one and the non-agenda item, we will
32 give opportunity at the beginning of each day as things
33 come up for public comment. So that opportunity, the
34 window will still be there and so we'll go ahead and deal
35 with those as the requests come in.
36
37
                   Public comment period on marine
38 jurisdiction proposed rule -- okay, with that we're going
39 to -- we will back up for a moment and go through the
40 consent agenda items.
41
42
                   We are going to go back and Tom will
43 review the consent agenda items for the regular fisheries
44 regulatory proposals, and then I will entertain a motion
45 once Tom has reviewed those consent agenda items and I
46 will entertain a motion for us to get them up for
47 consideration. We will not vote on them, as we have in
48 the past, on the motion, until the end of the meeting,
49 and that gives ample opportunity for Board members, if
50 they so choose, to request that an item be pulled off of
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1 the consent agenda, as we get comments on them, as people
  present their points of view. But we are going to go
  through them and we will get a motion on the table and it
  will be voted on at the conclusion of our regulatory
  meeting, so people will have a chance to comment on those
  issues. We don't intend to take a vote on them until the
7
  end of the meeting, the regulatory meeting.
9
                   So with that, Tom, go ahead.
10
                   MR. BOYD: Mr. Chair, I will refer the
11
12 Board to Page III just behind the agenda, the meeting
13 agenda, and on that page there is the list of consent
14 agenda items. And just very quickly these are the
15 proposals for which there is an unanimous agreement among
16 Federal Subsistence Regional Advisory Councils, Federal
17 Interagency Staff Committee, and the Alaska Department of
18 Fish and Game concerning recommendations for Board
19 action. And I'll quickly read these.
20
21
                   They are Proposals FP05-16, 05-18, 05-22,
22 05-24, 05-26, 05-11, 05-12, 05-14, 05-15, 05-10, 05-09,
23 05-07 and 05-08.
24
25
                   These are the consent agenda items, Mr.
26 Chair.
27
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. With
29 that the Chair will entertain a motion to adopt the
30 consent agenda items.
31
                   MR. TONY: I move to adopt the consent
32
33 agenda items.
34
35
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you.
36 there a second.
37
38
                   MR. EDWARDS: Second.
39
40
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay, it's been
41 moved and seconded. Again, at the beginning of each day
42 you'll have the opportunity to comment on them and Board
43 members, at any time, can request items off of the
44 consent agenda as we hear testimony. So that's where
45 we're at and we will vote on that at the end of the
46 meeting.
47
48
                   MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chair.
49
50
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes.
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MS. GOTTLIEB: I thought if I could, I'd just like to take a minute to recognize what I think is a milestone for you, which might be the beginning of about the 10th year of you serving as Chair of this Board. It was about five years ago we had a session that brought in most of the Regional Advisory Council Chairs and we were talking about fisheries. I think it was Grace Cross from 7 8 Seward Penn who said to you, you've just got 10 fish RACs added to your agenda, shall we say. 10 11 So while I was up in Grace's region this 12 summer I saw something that kind of was an example of a 13 fish rack and I thought I would present that to you in 14 gratitude for all the service you do for all of us, and, 15 thank you. 16 17 (Applause) 18 19 MS. GOTTLIEB: This is from Teller, and 20 it's a satellite dish which is also serving as a fish 21 rack. 22 23 (Laughter) 24 25 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yeah, fish racks 26 have certainly changed through the years. 27 28 (Laughter) 29 30 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: I appreciate your 31 comments, Judy, but let me say this and that is, is that, 32 I've always been a team player and while I recognize that 33 maybe I might have the most difficult job during this 34 regulatory process that we go through, I've always 35 heavily relied on the people that we have had as a team 36 because you just don't get all the ideas on the table 37 without people working. And so I do appreciate your 38 comments, but I also want to just kind of thank everybody 39 for being able to participate in the process because all 40 of together, really, is what makes this thing work. 41 thank you very much. 42 43 Okay, Fisheries Resource Monitoring Plan. 44 Who's going to lead this, Steve, who just ran away. 45 46 Steve. 47 48 MR. KLEIN: Good morning. We have the 49 Fisheries Resource Monitoring Plan up first, and in your 50 Board Books that's summarized in Pages -- the first 168

1 pages of your book. We're going to try to cover it in a 2 shorter time period.

3

First, I would like to do an overview of the 2005 Monitoring Plan and how we got to where we are at today. And within that Monitoring Plan we have two non-consent agenda items that we need Board action on, and then we'll need the Board to take action on the full consent agenda.

10

For the 2005 Monitoring Plan, actually 12 this process began 15 months ago, way back in November of 2003, and we went through the same seven step process 14 that we've used since the program was launched, and those 15 steps are described on that slide. And basically we're 16 implementing what the Board told us to do and that was to 17 use a technical body, the TRC and the FIS Staff to build 18 the best science plan possible, take it out to the 19 Councils and get their review and then bring it to the 20 Board for final review.

21

So the first step in the process in what began in November 2003 was the request for proposals. As 24 you recall we have over \$7 million available for the 25 Monitoring Program. Five million of that is already 26 committed by the Board to projects you previously 27 approved last year and back in 2003. In fact, in 2005, 28 there'll be 57 projects operating that you've previously 29 approved in the first five million, and then we have a 30 quarter million dedicated to the Partner's Program, and 31 the balance is two million, which is what we have 32 available for projects in 2005.

33

As a result of the request for proposals, 35 we received 59 proposals, and we got the Technical Review 36 Committee to review those using the four ranking criteria 37 that the Board has given us, and those are strategic 38 priority, scientific merit, past performance, and 39 partnerships and capacity building. The TRC reviewed 40 those 59 proposals, they totaled almost five million 41 which was way above our funding target. After the TRC 42 review of the proposals we recommended that 37 of those 43 be advanced to where they prepare a more detailed 44 investigation plan where we can more thoroughly look at 45 the methods, the objectives and deliverables, and we 46 moved 37 of those forward and those totaled 3.1 million, 47 and that represented about 150 percent of the funding.

48

So the next step was we received the investigation plans, the TRC convened again. Thirty-one

of the investigation plans came in in June of 2004,
again, the TRC used those same four criteria to review
those. And of those 31, the TRC recommended that 24 of
those projects be funded and those totaled almost \$2
million, and that's what formed the Draft 2005 Monitoring
Plan.

So then we went to the fifth step, which
is to review -- have the Councils review those at their
fall 2004 meetings, we did that this past fall, and then

11 the Staff Committee and Alaska Department of Fish and 12 Game met in November to look at those investigation plans

13 and we got their review as well. 14

15 Similar to regulatory proposals we form a 16 consent agenda for the Monitoring Plan, and for the 17 Monitoring Plan a consent item would be one where the 18 TRC, the Technical Review Committee, the Regional 19 Councils and the Staff Committee all recommended that the 20 project be funded. And for 2005, of the 31 studies that 21 we received, 29 of those we had unanimous agreement 22 between the TRC, the Councils and the Staff Committee, 23 and 22 of those we agreed to fund and seven of those we 24 agreed not to fund and two of those we had disagreement 25 on. But 29 out of 31, I think that's indicative of the 26 program. To me it shows some outstanding Staff work by 27 Staff and FIS Division, the Technical Review Committee, 28 they once again did a stellar job and they're 29 volunteering weeks of their time to commit to that and ${\tt I}$ 30 would like to acknowledge the TRC members because of that 31 time commitment and really that's the foundation of 32 making a sound science plan.

33

And this year on the TRC we had Dr. Glenn South from BIA. We had Dennis Tole and Taylor Brelsford from BLM. Jeff Bromegen from the Fish and Wildlife Pervice. Dave Nelson from the Park Service. Cal Casipit from the Forest Service. Then from the State we had three representatives, one from each division, we had Gene Sandone, Dave Benard and Jim Fall. And then we also had two partner positions, Ericka McCall Valentine from Rative Village of Eyak, and John Chythlook from Bristol Bay Native Association. So that was our TRC this year and they helped us deliver, I think, a very sound plan for you today.

46

And then a third reason I think we have 48 agreement is we have a lot of support from the Councils 49 for the Monitoring Program, and they were very supportive 50 of the projects that we're recommending to be funding in

their areas. So for the consent agenda we got 22 4 projects. I kind of wanted to briefly cover what we have on the consent agenda, and if you had any questions on those, of course, we can address those, with Staff available to discuss those in detail, I wanted to go over them kind of briefly before we got to the non-consent items where we definitely need Board action. 10 11 So in the northern region we have a study 12 on the Unalakleet River to estimate abundance of coho 13 salmon. 14 15 In the Yukon region there's five studies 16 we're recommending. One is a genetic stock 17 identification of coho salmon; another one on the Anvik 18 River to estimate summer chum abundance in that important 19 stream; a mark/recapture project in the Tanana River; on 20 Henshaw Creek by Tanana Chiefs Conference and the Fish 21 and Wildlife Service to estimate abundance of chum and 22 chinook in Henshaw Creek; and then in-season harvest 23 assessment throughout the Yukon by Yukon River Drainage 24 Fisheries Association. 25 26 Then on the Kuskokwim, which is where 27 we're at here, there's six projects on the consent agenda 28 that we're recommending you to fund today. One is 29 whitefish pit tags to see if we can track whitefish 30 moving up and down the Kuskokwim River; abundance of 31 chinook salmon, this is the big telemetry project to 32 estimate in-river abundance of chinook in the Kuskokwim; 33 two weirs on the George and Takotna Rivers; a genetic 34 stock identification study of chinook salmon. Then on 35 Nunivak Island, a TEK study where they're looking at 36 Pacific cod, sockeye salmon and Arctic grayling harvest; 37 and then the post-season harvest surveys on the Kuskokwim 38 that estimates harvest of chinook, chum, sockeye and 39 coho, and then in addition non-salmon species in Bethel 40 and Aniak. 41 42 In the Southwest region there's three 43 projects proposed. One is sockeye salmon escapements in 44 the Lake Clark, aerial surveys near Perryville and 45 Chignik; and then harvest assessment and traditional 46 ecological knowledge study of non-salmon in Togiak, 47 Manokotak and Twin Hills. 48

Then in the Southcentral region we have two telemetry projects proposed. One looking at sockeye

1 salmon in the Copper River and then another one on steelhead. And then finally for Southcentral a study looking at changes in subsistence harvest on the Copper River. Then for Southeast Alaska we have two 7 sockeye salmon projects, one at Kook Lake, one at Klawock Lake; and then a steelhead study on Prince of Wales that's addressing some of -- it will provide some 10 valuable information for the Board for some of the 11 regulatory proposals. 12 13 And then finally we have the inter-14 regional region and there we have one study we're 15 recommending to look at genetic species markers for 16 whitefish to help us delineate whitefish species, 17 particularly for juveniles. 18 19 So that's the 22 projects that are on the 20 consent agenda. And then what we need Board action on is 21 the two non-consent items. One is on the Kuskokwim for 22 in-season subsistence salmon harvest assessment; and the 23 second one is on Lake Clark for a whitefish assessment. 24 25 Similar to the regulatory proposals, what 26 I'd like to do is have Staff present the Staff analysis, 27 and then we'll have the Staff Committee's recommendation 28 by Carl Jack, then take comments from Alaska Department 29 of Fish and Game and then the Board would discuss it with 30 the Council Chairs and the State liaison and then we 31 would need Board action on both the two non-consent items 32 as well as the consent agenda. 33 34 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Who's going to do 35 the Staff analysis? 36 37 MR. KLEIN: The first project on the 38 Kuskokwim, Rich Cannon will do the Staff analysis, and 39 I'll turn it over to -- unless there's questions, turn it 40 over to Rich to begin addressing that item. 41 42 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Go ahead. 43 44 MR. CANNON: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 45 Board members. My name is Richard Cannon. I am the OSM 46 fisheries biologists who works with the Kuskokwim 47 Fisheries Monitoring Program. 48 49 The first item on your non-consent agenda 50 is found on Page 5, it deals with Project 05-306,

1 Kuskokwim in-season salmon harvest data collection. It's a continuation project. The Alaska Department of Fish and Game and Orutsararmiut Native Council, ONC, propose continuation of this project which combines in-season harvest monitoring and age, sex, length data collection for the Kuskokwim River salmon subsistence fisheries. This project was initiated in 2000, was funded for three years, additional three years in 2001 and then for one additional year in 2004. Department of Fish and Game 10 biologists and social scientists have worked closely with 11 tribal groups to standardize in-season reporting of 12 subsistence harvest. Department Staff have trained the 13 tribal organizational personnel who collect, compile and 14 report the harvest data from 40 to over 50 fish camps on 15 a weekly basis. The ONC Staff also worked with local 16 subsistence fishers who collect the age, sex, length 17 data. State and Federal fisheries managers and the co-18 management Kuskokwim River Cooperative Fisheries 19 Management Working Group have strongly voiced their 20 support for continuing the age, sex, length data 21 collection as well as the in-season monitoring activities 22 included in this project.

23

The in-season subsistence harvest data is used by managers to assess the reliability of test fishery catch indices which are the primary data used to manage the subsistence fishery in-season. In addition, sisheries managers have told us that the routine input provided by a large number of subsistence users helps them determine if their actions are working to provide subsistence harvest while ensuring conservation.

32

The Technical Review Committee and 34 Councils agree on funding the age, sex, length component 35 of this proposal pending revision of the investigation 36 plan which we have received. There has also been 37 agreement that the ONC has done a terrific job of 38 conducting the field work and reporting back the data. 39 However, the Technical Review Committee and the YK-Delta 40 Council disagree on the merits of the harvest monitoring 41 component of the proposal. After considerable discussion 42 of the merits of this component, all 11 members of the 43 Technical Review Committee achieved agreement on the 44 recommendation not to recommend funding for the harvest 45 monitoring component.

46

The Technical Review Committee wants the investigators to fully address three questions in a revised proposal for 2006. For two years the Technical Review Committee has requested that investigators

1	address:	
2	_	
3	1.	How or if the in-season
4		monitoring project should
5		continue indefinitely
6	2	What is the prejected and point
7 8	2.	What is the projected end point of such a project
9		or such a project
10	3.	Describe how in-season
11	٥.	subsistence harvest information
12		will be applied to the management
13		process
14		Process
15	The Tech	nnical Review Committee has asked
	that these questions be addressed before being considered	
17		
18		
19	While th	ne Western Interior Council
20	supported the Technical Review Committee recommendations,	
21	the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta Regional Council supported	
	funding the full proposal to continue both in-season	
	harvest monitoring and age, sex, length data collection	
24	in the Bethel area subsistence fishery. YK-Delta Council	
25	members were given a resolution which is provided to you	
26	on Page 6 prepared by the Kuskokwim Salmon Management	
27	Working Group requesting that the in-season harvest	
28	monitoring component of this project be funded. Several	
29	Council members spoke in favor of continuing the in-	
30	season harvest monitoring because of its importance to	
31	in-season subsistence management decision-making. The	
	Council supported the motion to full the project.	
33		
34		ncludes my analysis and I guess
	we'll take questions at this point, or I'm not sure how	
	you want to proceed.	
37		
38		N DEMIENTIEFF: Yeah, at any time
39		scussion if there are points that
	need to come out you'll be available for us.	
41		
42	Staff Co	ommittee recommendation, Carl.
43		
44	≟ '	
	the record my name is Carl Jack here to report on the	
	Staff Committee recommer	ndation.
47	1 ·	
48		f Committee recommendation. The
	Staff Committee concurs with the FIS Staff analysis and supports the Technical Review Committee recommendation	

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to:
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3
                   1.
                           Fund the age, sex, length
4
                           sampling component at the cost of
5
                           approximately 45,000 annually
6
7
                   2.
                           To not fund the in-season harvest
8
                           monitoring component pending
9
                           resolution of remaining issues.
10
                   The TRC further recommends that ONC and
11
12 ADF&G develop a revised proposal for 2006 which addresses
13 these questions.
14
15
                   Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
16
17
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you, Carl.
18 I thank all of you for your hard work as far as that
19 goes. Carl and I were talking this morning, early, about
20 this particular proposal and the fact that he had to give
21 the Staff Committee recommendation, I mean so in doing so
22 he's losing his passport back to the YK-Delta. But those
23 are the sacrifices we make.
24
25
                   Department comments.
26
27
                   MR. BERGSTROM: The Department does want
28 to say that we appreciate the support from FIS for
29 projects in this package as well as the previous years.
30 We have one specific comment towards this issue before
31 you.
32
33
                   Based on the input provided by the YK-
34 Delta Regional Advisory Council, the Kuskokwim River
35 Salmon Management Working Group and the fishery managers,
36 the Department supports that in-season subsistence salmon
37 harvest monitoring from late May to mid-July, and we did
38 say that during the TRC meeting.
39
40
                   This time period encompasses the chinook
41 salmon run which is extremely important to Kuskokwim
42 River fishers. There appears to have been some questions
43 regarding how this project is used. First, basically the
44 fishing success reported by subsistence fishers is cross-
45 checked with the Department's test fishing project. The
46 in-season subsistence catch information has been used in
47 combination with other information to support in-season
48 management decisions such as relaxing the subsistence
49 salmon fishing schedule.
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50

Secondly, the project provides an avenue for local user input into the determination of salmon run abundance and corresponding management strategies. Obviously the TRC ran into the difficulty that all funding sources do where you have lots of projects and trying to determine which ones will be 7 funded and it's a very difficulty situation for all those types of groups have to go through. But we do note that 10 strong support for this project from the YK-Delta RAC and 11 the Kuskokwim Salmon Management Working Group. The 12 Department is aware that the funding portion of the in-13 season subsistence salmon monitoring project, however, 14 this year would effect funding for another important FIS 15 project in the Kuskokwim River drainage. It is 16 unfortunate that there is not more funding availability 17 for management research projects which provide very 18 important information to all the user groups. 19 20 Thanks. 21 22 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Board 23 discussion. Council Chairs. Board members. 24 25 MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman. 26 27 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes. 28 29 MR. EDWARDS: I might ask Mr. Klein, you 30 know, it does seem that thee three questions that the FIS 31 has or the group has proposed in-season are valid 32 questions and I think we heard maybe partially a response 33 to at least one of them. But I'm trying to understand --34 it's my understanding that this request for this 35 additional information has been made over several years 36 and we haven't gotten at least a response or a response 37 that the group has felt is adequate. Can you give any 38 rationale for that? 39 40 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Steve. 41 MR. KLEIN: Well, I think part of the 43 reason is we've continued to fund it over those two 44 years. 45 46 This is a strong project. We would like 47 to see it again, but, again, we would like to see those 48 three questions answered. And for the harvest monitoring 49 component we're looking at 40K a year and the proposal 50 before you, I mean, over three years, we're looking at

1 120,000, and I would like to say, pass the red face test and say this is a good expenditure of the Board's and OSM's dollars, and I don't think we're there right now. And I think once those questions are evaluated, we can get there. 7 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Greg, is this one of the things you wanted to comment on, sir? 10 MR. ROCZICKA: That's the only thing I 11 wanted to comment on. 12 13 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okav. 14 15 MR. ROCZICKA: You rather caught me by 16 surprise there, I was following your agenda and I didn't 17 realize you guys were going into deliberations already, I 18 saw several proposals ahead and suddenly we found 19 ourselves -- before you got to deliberation I was going 20 to say what happened to Item 2 on your procedure. 21 22 For the record my name is Greg Roczicka. 23 I work with the Natural Resource Department of 24 Orutsararmiut ONC, Native Council. I also sit as a 25 member of the Regional Subsistence Council as well, 26 Advisory Committee. 27 28 I don't know how much I can add. I mean 29 I think the arguments have been laid out fairly well on 30 the table, through the Staff, with their presentation and 31 what we have here is just a direct disagreement with the 32 Technical Review Committee. The questions that are laid 33 out there, we believe, and the manager on the ground that 34 deal with the fishery over these years feel that they 35 have answered those questions and unfortunately the 36 Technical Review Committee doesn't feel that they're 37 adequate. As far as they're laid out here, whether or 38 not it should continue, I think that question is -- the 39 answer to that is, it's right in front of everybody, it 40 does think it should continue. But the question is how 41 long. And I guess the way we see it is that it should be 42 incorporated as an annual program, part of the management 43 structure and we have used it as such in the working 44 group and it has developed into that point. You have a 45 -- oh, how do you say it, it's rather a rare case where 46 many -- we all have the goal that we want to incorporate 47 the traditional knowledge of people and having this 48 contemporary real-time feedback from people into the

49 fisheries. It's been searched for for years how to do 50 that, rather than have to come forward with what's so-

1 called anecdotal information, that's a real frustration that people have who -- out in the fish camps and those are concerned with the management structure. Number 3, again, we have answered those questions over and over again and by the success that we 7 have demonstrated with this, I just -- by not fully funding the project it kind of sends a message back to people that your input is not important enough. And 10 that's, as you're all well aware, is a major sticking 11 point between the Native people and subsistence and the 12 people who operate fish camps and wonder about 13 management. 14 15 I would put one correction on your 16 review, it says Kuskokwim is one of the largest 17 subsistence fisheries in the state, I'd like for the 18 record to clarify that it is the largest subsistence 19 fishery in the state. It surpasses the Yukon. You're 20 looking at 22 percent approximately of total subsistence 21 harvest statewide if you want to look at a numbers game. 22 For chinook it's closer to 50 percent of your total 23 subsistence harvest. And I just think that incorporating 24 this -- keeping the in-season surveys and the feedback 25 that we get from the people, and we're not just dealing 26 with only Bethel, we have about a 40 mile stretch of 27 river, it includes Napaskiak, Napakiak, people that come 28 up from down river and those that come down from up 29 river. It runs from approximately Kweth to Napakiak 30 Slough. And -- I lost my train of thought. 31 32 Just -- oh, what I wanted to mention is, 33 what you also have as a result of this and what we've 34 used when questions would come up in the working group, 35 observations that people have, the flexibility that you 36 have here as well to go back and ask these direct 37 questions to people that we can bring back to the working 38 group is something that you're not going to find through 39 the ability of the Department, with all due respect to 40 them, as far as being able to call around and ask a few 41 people, you don't get the objective and as large of level 42 of feedback and input from people. 43 44 So I don't know if there's any other 45 questions that you guys might have that I can try to 46 answer. 47 48 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Are there any 49 questions.

50

MR. TONY: Yes. 2 3 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Paul. 4 MR. TONY: Yeah, you say that their 6 questions have been answered, can you go into a little 7 more detail on how they were answered or I mean a little bit more than that they were answered? MR. ROCZICKA: Well, they're asking if it 10 11 should continue, that is your number 1 question, and Mr. 12 Cannon stated in there everybody thinks it's a very 13 worthwhile project, they perceive the success of it and 14 what we have here is just a consideration of stretching 15 the dollars around, it's not whether it should continue. 16 And the area managers to see the worth of getting the 17 feedback that they do. 18 19 Number 2, projected end point. And, 20 again, we feel that it's something that should be 21 incorporated into the annual seasonal management program. 22 23 And number 3 is, again, it's how it's 24 incorporated. It gives you the broader, a much greater 25 number of people's observations rather than calling 26 around to just a few people and putting that into lifting 27 subsistence schedules. And if we should, by chance, ever 28 come back to a commercial fishery which we'd like to see, 29 we incorporate it in there as well, and into openings --30 commercial openings, which actually we have in the -- for 31 later on in the season with the coho run. 32 33 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Gary. 34 35 MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman. Mr. Klein, 36 just kind of refresh my memory. Was it the overall 37 intent of our Monitoring Program to fund programs 38 indefinitely and do we have examples of where we are 39 doing that? I guess I was more under the impression that 40 we were going to use this pot of money to address issues 41 and not to be part of the permanent management, the 42 permanent monitoring fish stocks. Am I off base there? 43 44 Because at least what I'm hearing is that 45 if the answers to these three questions are made and they 46 are accepted and sufficient, then we're looking at this 47 would be a permanent funded thing for ever more. And my 48 question is, was that really the intent of the whole 49 Monitoring Program? 50

MR. KLEIN: I think part of the intent is for projects to provide valuable information for management and those could be funded in perpetuity.

For this specific project I guess I should provide a little more background. One of the studies that we funded -- that you funded was a harvest 7 assessment work group and one of the findings out of that, and this was a study where we had subsistence 10 harvest assessment experts, we had tribal groups, we had 11 AITC working together to look at harvest assessment 12 programs and make recommendations on where we should fund 13 in-season, post-season harvest monitoring projects. And 14 one of the concerns that came out of that study is where 15 you're going to do in-season harvest monitoring, first of 16 all that should be a rare circumstance, and where you do 17 do it it should be very deliberate and have specific 18 objectives to ensure that we don't have surveyor burnout. 19 And one thing you can do is you can burn people out by 20 surveying them for fish, for moose, for different 21 species, in-season and post-season and that was one of 22 the key findings of that study that we funded.

23

24 So here we do have an in-season harvest 25 assessment program and what we're hearing from people on 26 the river is, yes, this is one of those rare instances 27 where we want to continue, at least in the lower river. 28 Actually upper river, Aniak and McGrath, I think they did 29 have some burnout from the people that were being from 30 households and fishermen that were being interviewed, 31 down river, I don't think we've had that but for this 32 type of project where you're going to monitor harvest in-33 season and be continually surveying fishermen in 34 households and fish camps, we wanted these questions 35 answered and some of the questions are should we do it 36 for like chinook salmon, or all species? Should we do 37 it in the lower river or middle river and up river? I 38 think Fish and Game and ONC probably have some -- they do 39 have some ideas on that but for the investigation plan 40 which is really what the TRC had to deal with it's not 41 fully described. We're not sure where they're going with 42 this and that's why we're not recommending that this be 43 funded.

44

Another project we're funding is the 46 post-season surveys, and if we were to jeopardize that I 47 think that would be a big mistake. So before we proceed 48 with the in-season monitoring project, and this is the 49 fifth year for the study, we want to make sure we're 50 doing sound science and getting maximum information that

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we can and here we're looking at $40,000 a year.
3
                   Mr. Chair.
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5
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you.
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                   MR. OVIATT: Mr. Klein, are there any
8 plans to work with the proponent to develop a fully
  successful proposal for next year?
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10
                   MR. KLEIN: Yes, we will be perfectly
11
12 willing to work with the proponent. And that's the
13 recommendation of the Technical Review Committee, is to
14 work with ADF&G and ONC to develop the framework for an
15 in-season harvest assessment program. And for 2006 I
16 think we can do that.
17
18
                   MR. OVIATT: So you actually have a plan
19 to develop that?
20
21
                   MR. KLEIN: We would have Polly Wheeler
22 who is the anthropologist for that region work with Fish
23 and Game, their anthropologist and ONC to craft a
24 proposal and actually we can still submit proposals for
25 2006, and they would continue to work on the
26 investigation plan.
27
                   I think when a proposal is so crafted
29 with FIS input and ADF&G, and ONC I think it would fare
30 very well in the process.
31
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you.
32
33 Further discussion. Greg, you had something else, go
34 ahead.
35
                   MR. ROCZICKA: Yeah. If I could offer
36
37 just a little bit more. Actually you're asking if we
38 answered these questions, we have asked the same question
39 back, what more do you want to see? I mean what
40 specifically are you looking for, of the Staff, and we
41 made this approach, you know, what do we need to do to
42 make it pass such an extreme level scrutiny that's being
43 asked here, and we haven't got answers back to our
44 question either in that regard.
45
46
                   I mean we'd like to hear some specifics,
47 what would you like to see us do? What do you need us to
48 do, we can work, we're flexible. This project has that
49 capability. And rather than toss it out the window, I
50 would rather see that we need to work together to put in
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1 there whatever abstract desire that seems to be lacking to incorporate it in. I've said many times that I feel that we're underutilized, that we can do a lot more with this program than we're currently doing. Looking at 5 having my guys collect the fin clips for GSI analysis, so we got that project going forward, that could be incorporated in quite easy. And that's just one I toss out right for the moment. 10 So we're looking for the answer here, 11 too, but to toss five years of establishing a very good 12 program out the window, I don't -- by cutting it back as 13 being proposed here by the recommendation, I don't see as 14 a good move. 15 16 MR. EDWARDS: Well, Mr. Chairman, you 17 know, and Steve, correct me if I'm wrong here but I kind 18 of get the sense that when the TRC looked at all the 19 priorities it had out there and the value that projects 20 added to helping us better decisions when it comes to 21 management, that this particular project doesn't seem to 22 rise to that same level, I mean is that unfair to say 23 that? 24 25 MR. KLEIN: Mr. Chair. Gary, I think the 26 main reason it was ranked low is based upon the technical 27 merit. And if these issues were resolved I think it 28 would be much -- it would not be below the line, it would 29 be much higher on the list. And Greg your comment that 30 sending the wrong signal, that causes -- this was a very 31 hard decision for us to recommend because this is --32 anybody that knows me, you know, I'm all for capacity 33 building and working with local fishermen to get their 34 input and information into management, but when we looked 35 at the investigation plan at the TRC meeting, it really 36 didn't have the sound science that I feel comfortable or 37 the other 11 members of the TRC felt comfortable in 38 recommending to the Board. Can this be worked out, yes, 39 I think in 2006 we should -- we need to sit down and work 40 this out with Fish and Game and ONC and develop something 41 that I think would rise very high in the ranking for the 42 Kuskokwim region. 43 44 Mr. Chair. 45 46 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. 47 48 MR. TONY: Mr. Chair. 49

CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes.

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MR. TONY: Yeah, Mr. Klein. I'm curious.
  So for the prior five years that were funded, the
  proposals had technical merit but this year's proposal
  lacks that merit or how does that work in terms of the
  justification for funding the three years from 2001 and
  then 2004?
                   MR. KLEIN: Mr. Chair. Mr. Tony, this
9 project, it's evolved every year. For some years and for
10 some regions, really, the information was not that
11 valuable for some years in some regions, particularly in
12 the Bethel region it's proved extremely valuable. But it
13 was three projects in three different areas and each year
14 it has gotten better. And, really, what we're asking now
15 is, all right, we've got four years behind us, where are
16 we going to take this project? How long are we going to
17 continue to fund it? Where are we going to fund it? How
18 many households? And those are the questions we would
19 like to work with ADF&G and ONC to resolve and put
20 together a scientifically sound proposal.
21
22
                   So it's evolved over the years. And I
23 think it can evolve into a scientifically sound harvest
24 monitoring project.
25
26
                   Mr. Chair.
27
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF:
                                          Thank you.
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                   MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chair.
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Judy.
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                   MS. GOTTLIEB: Greg, and.....
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay, wait a
36
37 minute, Judy, if you could just wait a minute, Paul has a
38 follow up question, let's go ahead and.....
39
40
                   MS. GOTTLIEB: Yes.
41
42
                   MR. TONY: Yeah, I'm just trying to
43 clarify. So this proposal that we're talking about is
44 the in-season portion of it is 40,000, is that what we're
45 talking about, and am I understanding the packet
46 correctly, that there's something like 1,900 million plus
47 available or I guess it's 2.1 million -- so there's
48 174,000 that's not being obligated that could be out of
49 this total amount of monies?
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MR. KLEIN: Mr. Chair. Mr. Tony,
2 actually the way the budget has evolved some of the
  projects in 2005 have increased in cost and -- well,
  actually we don't even know -- I see Mr. Boyd grimacing,
  but actually we don't even know where our budget is
  completely at.
                  But in terms of the projects that have
9 increased since July, the funding is fully allocated. So
10 if we were to move forward with an additional 40,000 for
11 this project, I would recommend that we would need to cut
12 40,000 off and then the next highest priority in the
13 Kuskokwim was that whitefish pit tagging study which was
14 the lowest priority that we are recommending in the
15 Kuskokwim region. So if you did want to fund this
16 component and I know I'm not allowed to overspend, so we
17 would need to take the next lowest priority off and I
18 would recommend the whitefish pit tagging project. If
19 you go to Page 75, all of the Kuskokwim region projects
20 are ranked there in order of priority.
21
22
                  And the next -- the project with the
23 lowest priority that we have the funding to actually fund
24 is the whitefish pit tagging project and it says 95,000
25 with 40,000 in parenthesis. What the TRC recommended was
26 a feasibility study at that $40,000 level.
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28
                  Mr. Chair.
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you.
31 Further discussion. Judy.
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33
                  MR. TONY: Mr. Chair.
34
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Follow up, again,
36 okay, go ahead.
37
                  MR. TONY: So the cost of the in-season
38
39 portion is 40,000 a year, is that what I'm hearing?
40
41
                  MR. KLEIN: Yes.
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay, Judy.
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45
                  MS. GOTTLIEB: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
46 Greg, and Steve, I mean this Board certainly does value
47 observations, local data, local knowledge. And I think
48 from the information collected and I think it sounded
49 like Dan agreed also it has been very useful, so I don't
50 think it would be lost if we do have to take a break to
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1 kind of regroup, maybe provide some relief to people who
  feel they've been asked too many times about what's going
  on and solidify a study plan to have this continue for
  next year.
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                   So just a comment.
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                   MR. ROCZICKA: If I could, Mr. Chairman.
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Further
11 discussion.
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                   MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman, would you
14 like a motion?
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: I believe we've
17 pretty well answered all the questions. Go ahead.
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19
                   MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman, I move that
20 we accept the recommendation of the TRC as well as the
21 Staff Committee and just fund the -- how do you refer to
22 it, Steve, as the -- only the one portion of this study
23 and not fund the in-season management portion of it.
24
25
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you.
26 There's a motion, is there a second?
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                  MR. TONY: Mr. Chair. I just wondered, I
29 thought we were in the habit of stating motions regarding
30 our position on the Council recommendations.
31
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: I was just going
32
33 to raise that point.
34
35
                   MR. EDWARDS: Well, the Western Interior
36 did support the TRC recommendation.
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yeah, I think we
38
39 kind of went back to that, using the Regional Council
40 recommendation as a motion as opposed to Staff. As much
41 as value the Staff Committee work and the TRC in this
42 particular case, but that's kind of what we went back to,
43 is utilizing the recommendation -- a Regional Council
44 recommendation.
45
46
                   MR. EDWARDS: With that said, Mr.
47 Chairman, I move that we support the Western Interior
48 Council's recommendation, which was to support the
49 recommendation of the TRC on the funding portions of this
50 particular project.
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CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: We have a motion,
  is there a second.
                   MS. GOTTLIEB: I'll second.
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Let me -- as far
  as my work on this particular issue, I guess I somewhat
7
  reluctantly intend to support the motion. But the fact
  of the matter that we are looking at having the
10 Department, Staff and ONC work together is the one saving
11 grace for me for next year. And I think I get a sense of
12 commitment from everybody, certainly heard it from ONC,
13 certainly heard it from our Staff. Will there be a
14 willingness on the part of the State, I guess, to go
15 ahead and participate in the work that needs to be done
16 to add that component in?
17
18
                   MR. BERGSTROM: Yes, Mr. Chairman, that's
19 -- I'm writing notes right now to do that.
20
21
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yeah, so we will
22 have all the players at the table. I do think, you know,
23 the reluctant support is in recognizing the fact, and I
24 was glad that Paul asked the questions of Staff, if we
25 are fully allocated, we do have to prioritize, and I like
26 the fact that that work has been done and will continue
27 to be done to try to get that back in there. If we don't
28 have the resources, it's pretty tough to -- pretty tough
29 to -- and I did ask Tom if he wanted to take a cut in
30 wages this year to fund that component but he was
31 reluctant to do that as well.
32
33
                   (Laughter)
34
35
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: But anyway, so
36 that's kind of where we're at as far as this goes. And I
37 think we're doing the best we can and if we have that
38 level of cooperation then I, you know, I at least intend
39 to support the motion and get that back on the table and
40 get the work done that we need to get that component
41 added in.
42
43
                   Paul.
44
45
                   MR. TONY: Mr. Chairman, I speak not in
46 favor, but against the motion just because it seems like
47 even the Staff comments indicate that this is valuable
48 information that's being collected and that all that's
49 needed is maybe some work to make sure that the future
50 direction of the program is satisfactory to both Staff
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1 and the Board and I think that that can be worked on in
  the future as the intent was stated. But I don't see any
  reason not to go ahead and support the continuation of
  this for the coming year.
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF:
                                          Thank you.
7
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                   MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman.
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Gary.
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                   MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman, as you
13 pointed out, any time you have more needs than you have
14 money, tough decisions have to be made. And I think
15 that's what we have asked the TRC to do, you know, each
16 time these projects come in and we have many, many good
17 projects, you know, they have to weigh each one of these
18 and make some very tough decisions on where to set
19 priorities. And I think we need to rely upon these folks
20 to do that. I think it's interesting to note, even
21 though this was kind of a State project also, the State
22 has three people on the Technical Review Committee that
23 also recommended not to approve this project. And I
24 think the TRC is making tough decisions and, you know, I
25 am for one, applaud the work that they have done, and
26 think that we should continue to support, you know, the
27 wise advice that they give us.
28
29
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you.
30 Further.
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                  MR. BSCHOR: Mr. Chair, I just have a
32
33 question about the intent of the motion. Supporting the
34 Council's position means full funding of all parts of the
35 project; is that correct, was that your intent?
36
37
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: No, it's the
38 recommendation of the Western Interior Council.
39
40
                   MR. BSCHOR: Okay.
41
42
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Not the....
43
44
                   MR. BSCHOR: So just the $45,000 ASL
45 portion of it.
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47
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes.
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                   MR. BSCHOR: Okay, that helps me. The
50 other comment is that realizing the concerns in this
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1 system and the need for information, I'm very much in
2 favor of making sure we have the best information that we
  can get in deliberation over these issues because they're
  very serious.
                   Also that the question about inferring
  that there'll be a long-term forever type project I'm not
7
8 in favor of, so if that's inferred here, I want to make
  it known on the record that I think we need to
10 continually really monitor all these projects and not
11 really say that anything is going to be forever. So I
12 just wanted to make that clarification.
13
14
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you.
15 Further discussion.
16
17
                   (No comments)
18
19
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Are we ready to
20 vote.
21
22
                   (No comments)
23
24
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Apparently we are.
25 All those in favor of the motion please signify by saying
26 aye.
27
28
                   IN UNISON: Aye.
29
30
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Those opposed.
31
                   MR. TONY: Aye.
32
33
34
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Motion carries.
35 Steve are you -- okay.
36
37
                   MR. KLEIN: Mr. Chair, we have one other
38 non-consent agenda item and then we'll have the consent
39 agenda.
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41
                   For the non-consent agenda item in Lake
42 Clark, Dr. Steve Fried will be doing the Staff analysis
43 for that.
44
45
                   Mr. Chair.
46
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Go
47
48 ahead.
49
50
                  MR. FRIED: Thank you. Good morning, Mr.
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1 Chair. I'm going to do the Staff analysis for the second 2 non-consent item, and this concerns Project 05-403, 3 distribution seasonal movement and life history of 4 humpback whitefish in the Lake Clark watershed. In the 5 Council books, the non-consent agenda item information is 6 on Page 7. There's also more information on this 7 particular project on Page 115, there's an executive 8 summary.

9

Essentially what this project would do 11 would -- it would collect basic life history information 12 on humpback whitefish in Lake Clark. And this would 13 include things like the age and size, age and maturity 14 fecundity and anadromy and this would be done by the 15 investigators sampling whitefish within Lake Clark and 16 also sampling subsistence harvest of whitefish in Lake 17 Clark.

18

The second objective would be to
determine the seasonal migration patterns and habitat use
if these whitefish populations and this would be done
through a radio telemetry study. The study was submitted
in response to reports by local residents that harvest of
thumpback whitefish were declining and also the size of
the fish in these harvests were declining. The project
was submitted by USGS, National Park Service and Bristol
Bay Native Association. It was supported and received
letters of support from the Nondalton Tribal Council,
Kijik Corporation and the Lake Clark National Park
Subsistence Resource Commission, and the participating
agencies would match about half of the cost of conducting
this work.

33

The Bristol Bay Regional Advisory Council 35 did not support the TRC recommendation to fund this work. 36 They were concerned that this work, in their opinion, was 37 of lower priority than the need to obtain more 38 information on Lake Clark sockeye salmon, specifically 39 smolt information for Lake Clark sockeye salmon smolt. 40 Unfortunately there was no 2005 proposal that had been 41 submitted for Lake Clark sockeye salmon smolt.

42

We do realize the importance of Lake
44 Clark sockeye salmon of Federal subsistence users. We
45 share the Councils concerns about the declining runs.
46 The Monitoring Program has been responsive to this issue.
47 It's funded several projects that collect information on
48 spine distribution and stock structure in Lake Clark,
49 we've been monitoring the spawning escapement through a
50 tower in Newhalen River, in fact, the continuation of

this project is part of the consent agenda for 2005. And we also have an ongoing study that's looking at adult run timing for the Lake Clark component. Since no 2005 proposal was submitted for smolt, FIS Staff worked with Alaska Department of Fish 7 and Game to modify an ongoing project on Lake Clark, the run timing project on Lake Clark adults to allow us to conduct a pilot study on smolt. And this study would 10 make use of genetic mixed stock analysis that would allow 11 us to examine the timing and abundance of Lake Clark 12 smolt at the Kvichak River smolt enumeration site. 13 14 Also Alaska Department of Fish and Game 15 is very interested in developing a 2006 project proposal 16 to continue smolt work probably over the next three years 17 to look at using genetic mix stock analysis at their 18 Kvichak River smolt site. And this approach to getting 19 information on Lake Clark smolt was actually recommended 20 by the Technical Review Committee when they reviewed an 21 earlier smolt proposal. 22 23 So in summary we would support the 24 Technical Review Committee recommendation to fund the 25 whitefish project in Lake Clark and also as I've 26 indicated we've modified an existing project to begin 27 collecting smolt information for Lake Clark sockeye and 28 we're looking forward to receiving a more detailed 29 proposal to do this probably for two or three years for 30 2006. So if there's any further questions I'd take them 31 now. 32 33 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. 34 Department comments -- or no Staff Committee, I'm sorry. 35 MR. JACK: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. For 36 37 the Staff Committee, the Staff Committee concurs with the 38 FIS Staff analysis and supports the Technical Review 39 Committee recommendation to fund this Lake Clark 40 whitefish project. 41 42 The Staff Committee is also pleased that 43 FIS Staff was able to work with ADF&G to modify an 44 existing Lake Clark sockeye salmon run timing project to 45 include analysis of Lake Clark sockeye salmon smolt 46 information. 47 48 Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 49 50

CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you.

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Department comments.
3
                   MS. SEE: Mr. Chairman, we have no
             Thank you.
  comments.
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Board
7
  discussion. Judy.
                   MS. GOTTLIEB: Thank you, Mr. Chair. I'm
10 sorry Dan isn't here, and I had meant to talk to him
11 about this before the meeting, but my understanding is
12 that while the Regional Advisory Council identified or
13 felt that there was a stronger need to study Lake Clark
14 sockeye salmon smolt, with no proposal in that doesn't
15 really give us an alternative. What we've been seeing
16 from the data on the Newhalen River is that there's been
17 an approximate 81 percent decline in the amount of salmon
18 getting up to Lake Clark and that's making the whitefish
19 more and more important. Figures show that whitefish can
20 contribute up to 20 percent of people's subsistence diet.
21 So we really do have a need to learn more about the
22 species that people are really dependent on.
23
24
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Paul,
25 you had a comment.
26
27
                   MR. TONY: A question. It mentions in
28 the booklet here, it references the investigators but it
29 doesn't say who they are.
30
31
                   MR. FRIED: For the whitefish study?
32
33
                   MR. TONY: Yes.
34
                   MR. FRIED: It's USGS and the
35
36 investigator would be Julie Meka and Carol Ann Woody, and
37 then they would also have some support from National Park
38 Service. And I think this is primarily financial
39 support, whether they would provide funding for the
40 radiotags and some other things, and also the Bristol Bay
41 Native Association which would provide probably some
42 seasonal assistance and probably coordination with local
43 communities and things like that.
44
45
                   MR. TONY: And the annual cost is roughly
46 68,$70,000 a year, something like that?
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48
                   MR. FRIED: Yeah, the first year is
49 $70,000, I think it then increases to $100,000 for the
50 second year and then for the third year it's down to
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about \$60,000. I think the second year is more expensive because there's going to be some more logistics involved to do the radio tracking, that's for capturing and tagging the fish and then following their movements. 6 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Other discussion. 7 8 MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chair. 9 10 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Judy. 11 12 MS. GOTTLIEB: I guess one other comment 13 would be, I mean whitefish has not been as studied 14 because it hasn't been used for recreational or 15 commercial purposes and there's way more available 16 sources of funding for salmon studies than for whitefish 17 and so I would endorse us approving this study. 18 19 MR. TONY: Mr. Chairman. 2.0 21 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Paul. 22 23 MR. TONY: I just need to comment on the 24 fact that we just voted down funding a project that was 25 less than this by saying that there's not enough money 26 and then we turn around and the very next item on the 27 agenda, and the project that we voted down was supported 28 by the Regional Advisory Council, that is in the area, 29 that the primary study is being conducted, we voted that 30 down in favor of something -- but, you know, by saying 31 there's not enough money in favor of something that is 32 not supported by an Advisory Council, that the money is 33 going to Federal agencies and I just think that 34 fundamentally there's something wrong with this. 35 36 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Other discussion. 37 I think I'm going to have to agree with you, Paul, if the 38 Regional Council recommendation is not to fund. I'm 39 wondering -- what I'm wondering is if there's room to 40 downsize this study based on the Regional Council 41 recommendation and expedite the process that we had just 42 asked for in the previous proposal, to maybe come back 43 and make that money available for that once we get the 44 Staff work done with the Department and with ONC. Given 45 the priority given to us by Bristol Bay Regional Advisory 46 Council, and that may be something that we could choose 47 to explore. I agree, and I do know that our people at 48 home and people all over, I do know are dependent on 49 these fish there's no doubt about that, but I'm just

50 raising the question, is there the opportunity to

downsize and is there some interest in doing so? MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman, again, it's unfortunate that Dan's not here, but at least the way I read this is that the Council was not saying not so much that they opposed this project, but from a priority standpoint that they felt that the sockeye study would be 7 more important. Well, when you don't have a study it's pretty hard to fund one. And my guess is if you ask them 10 if they had a choice of losing some funding for the 11 whitefish and having it go to somewhere else, my sense is 12 that they would probably support the whitefish given the 13 fact that there isn't a sockeye. I mean I can't speak 14 for Dan, but I'm assuming that if I certainly was from 15 that Council that's where I would be going. 16 17 MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chair. 18 19 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes. 2.0 21 MS. GOTTLIEB: Did I hear Steve, one of 22 you say that some of those concerns were going to try to 23 be addressed, the salmon concerns were going to try to be 24 addressed through Fish and Game or maybe I heard 25 something else there? 26 27 MR. KLEIN: For the smolt work, they will 28 be putting in a proposal for 2006 to propose smolt 29 research. 30 31 MR. EDWARDS: But I think to answer 32 Judy's question, didn't you also say that some existing 33 projects are going to be modified that would also help 34 address the issue that the Council raised? 35 MR. KLEIN: Yes. We did contact Alaska 36 37 Department of Fish and Game and actually they had some 38 archive samples so there wouldn't be any collection 39 costs and typically with your genetic studies it's the 40 collection costs that really drive the costs. So for 41 about \$10,000 the State Genetics Lab will be looking at 42 those samples and to see if they can differentiate the 43 sockeye stocks, which they felt fairly comfortable they 44 could differentiate those and then that would support 45 their more detailed research proposal for 2006. 46 47 MR. BSCHOR: I certainly can't argue with 48 the point that Mr. Tony just made. However, looking at 49 the projects it's been my past experience when we were 50 dealing with other partners, other dollars involved,

1 which in this one it says that half the costs are funded 2 by other partners, my question would be what kind of long-term arrangement is there with the partners and would that money be lost in the process if we didn't fund thig? MR. FRIED: Well, it wouldn't be 7 8 available for anything else. I mean that money is provided to support this project and this project does 10 have an end point, it's not going to go on indefinitely. 11 This is, you know, specifically done to get a three year 12 study. 13 14 MR. BSCHOR: That was going to be my next 15 question, what is the end point again, it's probably in 16 here, and I missed it? 17 18 MR. FRIED: Yeah, it's a three year 19 study. And after the three years they would summarize 20 the information and, you know, a good point is there is 21 no information on whitefish in Lake Clark, none, so I 22 mean that's some of the interest by the TRC and also by 23 our Staff is here's a declining resource, we know nothing 24 about it so we probably should get some information on 25 it. 26 27 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Other discussion. 28 29 MR. TONY: Mr. Chairman. 30 31 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Paul. 32 33 MR. TONY: Could I ask who the partners 34 are and how much money is -- what is this 234,000, that 35 is just what we're funding, so the partners are funding 36 another 234,000 is that what you're saying or maybe I 37 missed that? 38 MR. FRIED: Yeah, the match varies over 39 40 the years. USGS for example would be matching in 2005 41 about \$21,000 and 2006 \$121,000 and 2007 \$17,000. Park 42 Service it's about -- it's over \$20,000 over each of 43 those three years, so that's basically the matches, so, 44 you know, if you add up the numbers it's about over a 45 \$40,000 match the first year, it's about \$150,000 the 46 second year and about 30,000 or 40,000 for the third 47 year. It's about a 50 percent match. 48 49 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Any other.... 50

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MR. TONY: I guess just a comment, Mr.
  Chair.
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Go ahead.
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                   MR. TONY: That's what strikes me as odd
  about this whole thing, you know, the Federal agencies
7
  have a process, you know, a budget process where they
  make requests, I mean that's my understanding, I've been
10 -- I haven't been working for the Federal government very
11 long but my understanding is, you know, there's a request
12 that goes up for appropriations and it just seems odd to
13 me that an agency would be able to ace out a local
14 organization, you know, by matching money that they're
15 getting through the Federal budget process to get other
16 Federal money that we're allocating through this process.
17 I mean it just seems like a very strange thing to me.
18
19
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Further
20 discussion.
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22
                   MR. TONY: I mean I guess what I'm saying
23 without, you know, what I'm inferring is that there --
24 I'm assuming that this request could be made through the
25 agency process, to Congress, and then if Congress found
26 that there was merit in funding the agency to do this
27 study they could fund them. Am I not correct in that?
28
29
                   MR. EDWARDS: Well, Mr. Chairman, I mean
30 USGS doesn't submit their budget to Congress based on a
31 project by project basis, they have X amount of dollars
32 and then they make decisions with it just like the rest
33 of us do. But I mean I just don't think that they would
34 go forward with Congress and ask for a specific funding
35 for a whitefish project on Lake Clark, I mean that's not
36 how it works.
37
38
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Go ahead, Tom.
39
40
                  MR. BOYD: The US Geological Survey
41 Branch of, BRD, they're a service support, a science
42 support, if you will, agency, and they do receive funds
43 from other agencies to conduct research and in this case
44 monitoring in support of the other agencies mission. So
45 it's perfectly appropriate for them to do so, it's what
46 they were designed to do actually.
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                   MR. TONY: And you were saying the USGS,
49 is that what you were -- I didn't hear what you said the
50 first part?
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MR. BOYD: The USGS Biological Resources
  Division.
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Steve.
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                   MR. FRIED: I don't know if this will
  help clear things up a little bit, but some of the
7
  matching is Staff time, it's existing equipment that
  we're able to use at the other agency will use for this
10 project, it would be aircraft time. Some of the agencies
11 have aircraft and we can use the aircraft to, you know,
12 track fish or vessel or boats that they have to track
13 fish instead of having to go out and by one or charter
14 things, so I mean there's various things that come, it's
15 not just necessary dollars.
16
17
                   And I guess the other thing I could point
18 out is the Bristol Bay Native Association has some roll
19 in this project also where they would provide some
20 professional help, you know, with the sampling, with the
21 tracking, with things like that, and it does have support
22 from the residents of that drainage and also, you know,
23 various Native and local associations in that drainage.
24 And Carol Ann Woody at USGS has an excellent track record
25 with working with people in the local communities and
26 she's done quite a bit up there so if she's involved in
27 the study I feel pretty comfortable that at least that
28 part of the work is going to be pretty good.
30
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Well, I was hoping
31 that we could get done with this agenda item prior to
32 taking a break but I think I need a few minutes to digest
33 the information that we've gotten so far and so I'm just
34 going to go ahead and call a short break right now.
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36
                   (Off record)
37
38
                   (On record)
39
40
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: I'll go ahead and
41 call the meeting back to order.
42
43
                   (Pause)
44
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Is there further
45
46 discussion on the issue, Project No. 05-403.
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                   MR. TONY: Mr. Chairman.
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50
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes.
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MR. TONY: Yeah, I just want to make a comment and part of -- I probably have a bias, you know, I mean I'm a subsistence user, grew up in rural Alaska and I've just seen instances where it seems like local knowledge is discounted or ignored and not respected.

I'll give you an example, back when it used to be legal to hunt belugas in Cook Inlet, I used to hunt belugas, and when the decline began, I remember 10 seeing, I don't remember if it was Marine Mammal, but it 11 was one of the Federal agencies showing up at the docks 12 down there in a big expensive Boston Whaler with twin 200 13 horse engines, 230 horse engines and then they ran around 14 out there with biologists and researchers trying to tag a 15 beluga, and all the Native hunters kind of looked at this 16 with amusement and they spent the better part of the 17 summer trying to do that without any success, and then 18 they finally turned around and I think they hired a 19 Native guy to tag a beluga for them you know. And I 20 guess that's the kind of lack of respect that we see 21 firsthand when we're out there on the ground and on the 22 water.

23

24 And I've seen other examples as well and 25 I think there's probably a notion that science is 26 superior to traditional knowledge in all respects, 27 there's sort of a view or a bias that that's true, and I 28 think I talked about this example before where the agency 29 for international development had gone into a country 30 with engineers and told the local people that their 31 system terracing that had existed for thousands of years 32 was primitive, that it was inferior, and that it needed 33 to be replaced with modern agriculture systems so they 34 convinced the local people to let them tear out the 35 terracing, put in piping and modern irrigation systems 36 funded by probably the U.S. taxpayers and after spending 37 all this money they found out that crop production fell 38 by 30 percent and it forced them to reevaluate this idea 39 that that system that had been around for a long time was 40 inferior and what they ended up finding out was that that 41 system of agriculture was the best available technology 42 for that climate and they ended up putting the terracing 43 back in and studying that model and exporting it to other 44 regions.

45

But I think this story is meant to 47 illustrate, you know, kind of the view that discounts 48 traditional knowledge. And that just because something's 49 been around a long time doesn't mean it's not the best 50 thing around.

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CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF:
                                          Thank you.
  Further discussion.
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                  MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chair.
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6
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Judy.
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                  MS. GOTTLIEB: If I could, and I really
  appreciate your concern, Paul, this study is based on the
10 local knowledge and observations and the real concerns
11 people have that they are seeing and experiencing
12 declines in whitefish, as well as having very clearly
13 seen declines of salmon. And so as a result of what the
14 tribal council and the village corporation as well as our
15 Subsistence Resource Commission, what we've heard from
16 them prompted government managers and Bristol Bay Native
17 Association to put together this proposal on a species
18 that hasn't been studied and on one that people have to
19 increasingly rely on because of the decline in salmon.
20 So part of this study is to make use of that local
21 knowledge and get some information for all of to make
22 better decisions. And if salmon runs continue to stay
23 low, people will be even more dependent on whitefish and
24 all the more reason for us to learn more about it as
25 users and managers.
26
27
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you.
28 Further discussion.
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                  MS. GREGORY: Mr. Chair.
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32
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes.
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34
                  MS. GREGORY: I'd like to speak. I'm
35 from the YK RAC and I went around talking to people, I
36 talked to Mr. Fried about this study and I get really
37 emotional because most people, the Yup'ik people and
38 different people living in the Kuskokwim, YK-Delta, and
39 when people -- when we have this program that ONC and the
40 fish people are studying or having the in-season studies
41 going on and when you finally get the local people to
42 help you, you're going to shun them again. I'd like for
43 you to go back to the proposal from the ONC, the other
44 one, we supported that, really supported that because
45 when you finally get people to work with you you don't
46 disregard them. And you're supposed to represent me as a
47 subsistence Federal Board. And there's 22,000 people in
48 YK-Delta and there's only 700 people in this study you're
49 about to take action on. Hear us out.
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And I don't see nobody from Bristol Bay
2 area or some RAC people being here to support it in
  person. I think when you come to support in person that
  tells you a lot of support from that group. I'd like you
  to not take this one right now and research it before you
  take it up. I came here to represent my people and
  there's 22,000 of them who are thinking that I can to a
7
8 better job for them. I don't let other people represent
  me, I represent my people and myself.
10
                   And there's a lot of humpback whitefish
11
12 in the YK-Delta, they whitefish we're eating right now,
13 they're not declining. The only whitefish that were
14 declining were the other kind, that people use it for
15 their main -- main food during the wintertime.
16
17
                   Hear me out. I'm 100 percent subsistence
18 user, I only take (In Native) when I'm in town. We've
19 been eating whitefish all winter long and they're all
20 humpbacks, we got only one little whitefish, the other
21 kind every now and then but I think you need to treat
22 people with as much fairly as you can.
23
24
                   Thank you, sir.
25
26
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF:
                                          Thank you.
27 Further discussion.
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                   MS. CROSS: Mr. Chair.
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31
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Where's that
32 coming from?
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34
                   MS. CROSS: Over here.
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36
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Go ahead, Grace.
37
38
                  MS. CROSS: I was going to make a
39 recommendation. It's unclear what the RAC is saying in
40 this, they don't say they support this, they don't say
41 they don't support it. Maybe this should be tabled until
42 this is clarified further until a little bit later.
43 doesn't take but a phone call to call maybe Dan O'Hara or
44 somebody else and find out what do they mean by this
45 project is a lower priority. Do they mean that they do
46 not support this project or they do? I think we're all
47 kind of assuming that they don't support this, and some
48 people are basing their argument that they're not in
49 support of this but to me it's unclear. And some people
50 are assuming they're supporting it.
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It would make sense for me to have that
2 clarified before you choose to vote on it. I don't think
3 -- like I said it doesn't take much to make a phone call.
4 It would be a more informed -- to me it would make sense
  to be a little more informed about that before making a
  decision. I mean it kind of seems like you're opening
  yourself to criticism from the RAC.
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yeah, I can
10 respond to that. We are rigged up to have Dan O'Hara
11 participate but he must be busy doing something because
12 we -- but we were rigged up specifically to include him
13 in on the discussion. But like I said he's just busy,
14 has other irons in the fire and needed to spend time with
15 those.
16
17
                   And as far as the point of sockeye, there
18 was no study request so we can't deal with that
19 particular issue. We never had a proposal to begin with
20 for that sockeye study that the RAC was more supportive
21 of. There was no proposal.
22
23
                   Other discussion.
24
25
                   (No comments)
26
27
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: I guess we're
28 ready for a motion then.
30
                   (Pause)
31
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: We didn't have a
32
33 motion yet, did we?
34
                   MS. GOTTLIEB: No, not yet.
35
36
37
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: If there's no
38 other discussion.
39
40
                  MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chair, as we
41 discussed, we'll start with the Regional Advisory
42 Council's motion or recommendation which, in this case,
43 was not to fund this particular study.
44
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Is that a motion.
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                  MS. GOTTLIEB: Well, I'll move that we
48 discuss the Regional Advisory Council's recommendation to
49 not fund this proposal.
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CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Is there a second
  to that motion.
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                   MR. TONY: Second.
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay. I think the
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  dependence of people on that particular resource and I
  know it's subsistence users all over the state that have
  them depend on them very heavily, and I think from the
10 report it's 20 percent of their fish utilization that we
11 have no knowledge of other than it's declining.
12
13
                   I do not support the Regional Council
14 recommendation in this particular case because I know the
15 dependence of those people on that particular resource.
16 And the fact that other -- the users and Bristol Bay
17 Native Association worked to put together this particular
18 proposal gives me a strong indication that even though
19 the RAC doesn't support it there is local requests for
20 the need. I think in the case of the Bristol Bay RAC,
21 and I don't mean no disrespect to them or anything like
22 that but if there was a sockeye request in there I would
23 tend to look at that a lot more strongly, but it was too
24 late to get that particular study request in there.
25
26
                   So I can't support the Bristol Bay RAC
27 and their recommendation not to fund because we do have
28 people that are dependent on that resource, heavily
29 dependent on that resource. The old formula that we use
30 is 50 percent game, 50 percent fish, and 20 percent of
31 their dependency in that area is whitefish, that's a
32 strong, strong number. And we don't have the
33 information, all we know is we're losing the population
34 and we do need to try to find out how. So I agree with
35 that part of it.
36
37
                   With regard to your comments, Mary, I
38 don't know, I mean the difference is for the in-season
39 management in the previous proposal we discussed is not
40 40,000 it's only 28,000, and so I'd just like to raise
41 the question as we discuss this, what would 28,000 do to
42 the whitefish study proposal and I'm not sure who is best
43 equipped to answer that.
44
45
                   (Pause)
46
47
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Nobody. I know
48 it's kind of a curve but I'm just looking at what the
49 difference is, $28,000 less in this particular study
50 would be? Would it heavily impact?
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MR. KLEIN: Well, I think we could say
  the worst case scenario would be that the study would be
  delayed one year.
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Delayed?
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                   MR. KLEIN: Yes.
8
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: That's worst case
10 with $28,000 less.
11
12
                   MR. KLEIN: Well, you know, they do have
13 quite a bit of matching funds in there. I mean for that
14 study you either do it right or I think it would be best
15 to wait and start it next year. I think if you reduce
16 the budget 40 percent the likely outcome would be that
17 you would defer until next year.
18
19
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you, that
20 answers my question. Gary, you have something.
21
                   MR. EDWARDS: Yeah, Mr. Chairman. I
22
23 guess my concern would be is that if we wanted to fund
24 the other project, why would we particular necessarily
25 target this one to reduce the funding to. My guess is
26 there might be others that are even lower priority than
27 this. So I think it becomes a slippery slope when you
28 just automatically pick one project and say, okay, we're
29 going to reduce it in order to fund this without looking
30 at all the projects together.
31
32
                   MR. KLEIN: Mr. Chair.
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34
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes.
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                   MR. KLEIN: Gary's right. If you look at
36
37 the Kuskokwim region, the next lowest priority we're
38 recommending to fund is the whitefish pit tagging study
39 and if that was the pleasure of the Board that study
40 could be deferred a year if you wanted to proceed with
41 the in-season monitoring in 2005.
42
43
                   MR. REAKOFF: Mr. Chairman.
44
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes.
45
46
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                   MR. REAKOFF: Western Interior was in
48 favor of that pit tag study, we have the same problem, we
49 have declining whitefish in the Aniak Lake area and we're
50 very concerned about those whitefish because they're also
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1 a significant portion of our subsistence harvest. And so
  the Western Interior would not be in favor of elimination
  of that study because that issue has been floating to the
  surface in that middle Kuskokwim area for several years
  now. And so our Council wouldn't agree with that.
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Further
7
8 discussion.
9
                   MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chair.
10
11
12
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes.
13
14
                   MS. GOTTLIEB: I'd like to make a motion
15 to amend my previous motion which will be to support
16 approving this project.
17
18
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: There is an
19 amending motion on the table, is there a second to the
20 motion.
21
22
                   MR. OVIATT: Second.
23
24
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes, again, I
25 point out what I brought up earlier in terms of I intend
26 to support the amendment because of where the -- or the
27 importance of that resource. And there is a lot of local
28 support for that, so when I do vote to support the
29 amendment then I intend to vote for it and that's the
30 reason why, just because of the large participation in
31 the project and the local support for it.
32
33
                   (Pause)
34
35
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Any other
36 discussion on the amendment.
37
                  MR. BSCHOR: Mr. Chair, I want to comment
38
39 on the amendment. I believe also that that local support
40 is extremely important as I commented earlier about
41 having other partners on board and what bailing out a
42 project does to that whole group of folks, including the
43 communities, I think it extremely important.
44
45
                   I also would not jump to the conclusion
46 that the Council did not approve of this project, we
47 don't know since we haven't been able to contact the
48 Chair, but they said that the total cost was too much,
49 that doesn't say no. So I know we won't be able to
50 clarify that today but I'm going on the assumption that
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1 they weren't against the project, they might have been
  concerned from what it says in the write up about how
  much it was going to cost. There might be some ability
  to even go along with the project. So I'm going to go on
  that assumption relative to my vote.
7
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Any
8 further discussion on the amendment.
10
                   (No comments)
11
12
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Hearing none, all
13 those in favor of the amendment, please signify by saying
14 aye.
15
16
                   IN UNISON: Aye.
17
18
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Those opposed,
19 same sign.
20
21
                   (No opposing votes)
22
23
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Motion carries.
24 We now have the motion on Project 05-403 as amended
25 before us. Is there further discussion on the amended
26 motion.
27
28
                   (No comments)
29
30
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Hearing none, all
31 those in favor of the motion as amended, please signify
32 by saying aye.
33
34
                   IN UNISON: Aye.
35
36
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Those opposed,
37 same sign.
38
39
                   (No opposing votes)
40
41
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Motion carries as
42 amended.
43
44
                   We now have the consent agenda items
45 before us with regard to the fisheries proposals. The
46 Chair at this time would entertain a motion to adopt the
47 consent agenda items with regard to the studies for 2005.
48
49
                   (Pause)
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MR. KLEIN: Mr. Chair.
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3
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes.
4
                   MR. KLEIN: The consent is on Page 3 of
6
  your books.
7
8
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you.
9
10
                   MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman, I move that
11 we approve the 2005 Fisheries Resource Monitoring Studies
12 that are identified on the consent agenda.
13
14
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: There's a motion
15 is there a second.
16
17
                   MR. BSCHOR: Second.
18
19
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Discussion.
2.0
21
                   (No comments)
22
23
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Hearing none, all
24 those in favor signify by saying aye.
25
26
                   IN UNISON: Aye.
27
28
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Those opposed.
29
30
                   (No opposing votes)
31
32
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Motion carries.
33 And Gary, I think your point is well taken that as we
34 review these, and once Department and ONC and our Staff
35 can get together we can look to see if the possibility
36 exists for the 28,000 but you're absolutely correct in
37 jeopardizing one particular project. So if there is that
38 kind of money available then I'm entirely open to coming
39 back prior to the study in one of our work sessions to
40 see if we can't find it.
41
42
                   That is the deal with us Steve, if you
43 can, if there's any possible way that you can see as
44 you're working through this then bring it to my attention
45 and we'll go ahead and schedule a reconsideration of the
46 previous proposal and the $28,000 shortfall. But, yeah,
47 not at the jeopardy of another project.
48
49
                   So with that we'll move on.
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MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chair. 2 3 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes. 4 MS. GOTTLIEB: I was just wondering, with Steve and other Staff here, if I could ask two, I hope, just pretty quick questions because we're going to be 7 dealing with issues on the Yukon River, and that will be very important. If I could get just a little bit of an 10 update on the Yukon River on the age, sex and length 11 study that's been done on the chinook and also if we know 12 anything more on Ichthyoponus since our public session 13 last year on that. I think that will help us as we go 14 through our deliberations. 15 16 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Who's going to 17 respond to that, Steve, are you? 18 19 MR. KLEIN: No, I've got Cliff Schleusner 20 here to respond to that. I wanted to back up just for 21 one moment and follow up on your comment, though, Mitch, 22 Mary, I heard your message loud and clear and Greg, I 23 think you presented very compelling arguments and maybe 24 we overestimated what could happen by not doing the 25 project for a year so I will commit that we'll go back 26 and take a hard look at that and we'll look at potential 27 funding so that instead of having a lapse in 2005 we 28 could continue it in some shape or form. 30 And then on to Judy's question, Cliff, 31 can address both of those issues. 32 33 Cliff. 34 35 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Go ahead. 36 37 MR. SCHLEUSNER: Mr. Chairman. Ms. 38 Gottlieb. My name is Cliff Schleusner. I'm the 39 fisheries biologist assigned to the Yukon region for the 40 Fisheries Resource Monitoring Program. To answer your question first on the ASL 42 43 study, Karen Hyer and I are working on that report. We 44 finally received the data from the Alaska Department of 45 Fish and Game in July of this year and she's been doing 46 the analysis since that time. We did, however, receive a 47 new data set that included some Canadian data from the 48 '80s and we received that last week and actually we were 49 in the office this weekend trying to run that data. Our 50 intent is to have that report by the Council meetings and

have it presented at the three Council meetings on the Yukon. 4 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. 6 MR. SCHLEUSNER: And as a far as an update on Ichthyophonus, the Office of Subsistence Management, as you know, has supported Ichthyophonus 7 research on Yukon River chinook salmon from 1999 to 2002. 10 That data was presented to you by Dr. Cosan, the 11 principle investigator, during the January work session. 12 Also in 2003, the Alaska Department of Fish and Game 13 received a grant to continue research on Ichthyophonus 14 from the Pacific Salmon Recovery Fund. And since that 15 time, 2003, the research focused on the development of a 16 non-lethal test for Ichthyophonus. Oregon State 17 University was contracted and developed a non-lethal test 18 using palmaris chain reaction or PCR, and muscle punch 19 biopsies. In 2004 the research focused on continuing the 20 monitoring at Emmonak and Tanana River to get the rate of 21 disease coming into the Yukon. They also looked at the 22 Tanana River and specifically the Chena and Salcha on the 23 spawning grounds to address the question of whether 24 diseased fish were successfully spawning. 25 26 They have not compiled this data, it's 27 being analyzed and has not been written up into a report 28 yet. They have shared some preliminary data. 30 On the Chena River, for example, from the 31 carcass surveys, there were 31 infected fish sampled. Of 32 those 45 percent of the females were spawned out, 33 providing some anecdotal evidence that Ichthyophonus 34 infected fish are actually spawning. The State also, in 35 conjunction with this, conducted a pilot study looking at 36 the use of telemetry and the non-lethal test to track 37 fish to their spawning grounds to ascertain the fate of 38 these fish and the results of that, again, are currently 39 being analyzed. But 109 fish were tagged this past 40 summer at the mouth of the Tanana. 41 42 In 2005, the State has shared with me the 43 intent to continue the monitoring, the rate of disease 44 coming into the Yukon at Emmonak and also to continue the 45 work on the spawning grounds to get a better idea of how 46 this is affecting the reproduction. 47 48 Since this field season in October, YRDFA 49 actually hosted a meeting, which was an Ichthyophonus

50 scoping and planning meeting in which they invited

1 subsistence fishermen, commercial fishermen, researchers 2 and the agency staff to get together to try and coordinate research and funding, kind of a long-term vision for Ichthyophonus research, and the results of that was the group developed kind of a gap analysis and a 6 prioritized list of research needs. The top three research needs identified were prespawning mortality, 8 maintenance of monitoring program and the quantification of undocumented harvest. 10 11 YRDFA is currently soliciting proposals 12 for salmon research in the Yukon River, and the YRDFA 13 Board of Directors has identified Ichthyophonus as a 14 priority project area for the '05 and '06 cycle. And I 15 know there's Staff from Commfish and YRDFA present here 16 today if there's further questions. 17 18 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. 19 Further discussion. 20 21 (No comments) 22 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: If not we're going 23 24 to move on. We do have one bit of backing up, earlier we 25 took care of the motion on the consent agenda items for 26 Subpart C and D proposals, and I apologize, I hadn't even 27 looked at the agenda and we kind of jumped ahead of 28 ourselves on that motion but we left a little bit of 29 incompletion. It was one of the things in my packet that 30 I couldn't find, the agenda, I was so busy trying to put 31 the proposals together but we do have a little bit of 32 unfinished business. So with regard to the supplemental 33 material, so I'm going to go back to those issues and 34 have Tom clear it up. 35 36 MR. BOYD: Mr. Chair, I'll read into the 37 record the supplemental material that's contained in your 38 navy packets. These are additional materials that were 39 not available at the time we prepared the Board books.

41 very quickly I'll read those into the record. 42

No. 1 is the Alaska Department of Fish 44 and Game final comments on the 2005 and 2006 Federal 45 Subsistence Proposals, they cover all of the proposals.

40 The index for that is the first page in your folder, and

46

No. 2 is the regulatory history and 48 stock, status and trout in Southeast Alaska by the Alaska 49 Department of Fish and Game, and they refer to Proposals 50 28, 29, and 30.

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No. 3 is the supplemental materials for
  Proposal 05-25.
                   No. 4 is a comment letter we obtained
  from Rain Country Flyfishers which comment on Proposals
6
  28 and 30.
                   No. 5 is a general reference for all
9 Southeast proposals. It's the customary and traditional
10 use determinations for Southeast Alaska for the 2004/2005
11 regulatory year.
12
13
                   No. 6 is a correction item for Proposal
14 05-17, the replacement pages for Pages 191 through 196.
15
16
                   Similarly Item No. 7 is replacement pages
17 for Proposal 05-30 and they're Pages 299 to 302.
18
19
                   And similarly replacement pages for
20 Proposal 05-03 and they're Pages 425 to 426.
21
22
                   Mr. Chair.
23
24
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay, thank you
25 very much. Since this information is brand new to us, I
26 know I'm going to take the time to review it probably
27 this evening. So I don't know that we need further
28 discussion without us further understanding the
29 supplemental material. Thank you, Tom, for pointing that
30 out.
31
                   Now, we'll go back to agenda Item No. 7,
32
33 and then having already completed our work on 8 then
34 we'll be back on track as far as our agenda goes.
35
36
                   MR. BOYD: Okay.
37
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay. So Item No.
38
39 7 Partners Program and Capacity Building, who's going to
40 do that, Tom.
41
42
                   MR. BOYD: Mr. Chair, Beth Spangler is
43 coming forward, and before she comes let me just say a
44 couple words about this.
45
46
                   I think one of the important aspects of
47 the Federal Subsistence Program, and particularly the
48 monitoring part of that program is the utilization of
49 partnerships with local, rural and Native organizations.
50 It's one of the several criteria that we use in selecting
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projects, but it's also a primary reason for our Partners for Fisheries Monitoring aspect of this program. In that part of the program we set aside funds each year that enables Native and rural organizations to hire professionals, fishery biologists and anthropologists to participate in the Fisheries Monitoring Program.

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And I'm not going to say much more because I know that Beth is going to say a lot more, but it's my privilege to present Beth Spangler to you, who is our coordinator for the Partners Program and who I think has brought this program a long way and much further and faster than we've even anticipated. So with that I'll let Beth bring you up to date on what we're doing in our 15 Partners for Fisheries Monitoring Program.

16 17

CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Beth.

18 19

MR. SPANGLER: Good morning, Mr. Chair, 20 and members of the Board. This morning I was just going 21 to provide a brief overview of the program and some of 22 the accomplishments that we've had during the last few 23 years.

24

The Partners for Fisheries Monitoring
Program is administered through the Office of Subsistence
Thanagement and it has been initiated since the fall of
Rough 2001. The goal of the program is to build the capability
and expertise of Alaska Native and rural organizations to
participate in subsistence fisheries management and
research on Federal lands. We strive to accomplish our
accomplish our
hiring fisheries biologists and social scientists
that live and work in the communities that they serve.

34 35

Since its inception the Partners Program has initiated two calls for proposals, the first was in the spring of 2002 and the second was in the fall of This resulted in eight different partnerships we have with Alaska Native organizations.

40

Currently our partners include three
42 fisheries biologists that are in the Yukon region, one
43 with the Association of Village Council Presidents, the
44 Tanana Chiefs Conference and the Council of Athabaskan
45 Tribal Governments. We have two in the Kuskokwim region
46 that are both fisheries biologists, one with the
47 Association of Village Council [sic] and one with the
48 Kuskokwim Native Association. We also have one fisheries
49 biologists and one social scientist representing Bristol
50 Bay and the Alaska Peninsula and that's with the Bristol

1 Bay Native Association, and we have one social scientist representing Southcentral Alaska and she's with the Native Village of Eyak.

7

The fisheries biologists and social scientists all work on three primary objectives that are administered through cooperative agreements with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and they include participating in the Partners for Fisheries Monitoring Program 10 providing community outreach and education and mentoring 11 college interns.

12

13 The partners fisheries biologists and 14 social scientists carry out the program objectives 15 basically while incorporating key issues that face 16 subsistence users on Federal lands.

17

18 The first objective participating in the 19 Fisheries Resource Monitoring Program can address key 20 issues facing subsistence users in their local regions, 21 and obviously the studies can either be stock, status and 22 trends, harvest monitoring or traditional ecological 23 knowledge. And during the first year they participated 24 in about 28 or in 28 studies through the Fisheries 25 Resource Monitoring Program, and during the last year 26 they participated in 27.

27 28

The partners assisted with project 29 operations, technical support and coordination with 30 project activities. And a large benefit of having 31 partners out on these projects is that it provides 32 additional assistance at no additional cost to the 33 investigators. The partners have also been working to 34 establish relationships to build future proposals that 35 hopefully we'll see in the next few years.

36

37 Partners strengthen their work with the 38 Fisheries Resource Monitoring Program by incorporating 39 various organizations and groups from their communities 40 into the project. This included 78 different 41 organizations in the last two years, and they range 42 anything from Native councils and organizations to the 43 Alaska Department of Fish and Game, the five Federal 44 agencies, different academic groups, and environmental 45 groups. Partners work with the organizations on the 46 Fisheries Resource Monitoring Program through proposals 47 and projects, helping to identify issues and information 48 needs, contracting opportunities, especially in their 49 local areas and building community support.

50

With the second objective to provide community outreach and education, there are many different ways that the partners could reach out with community outreach. They have been going to public meetings, workshops and professional conferences, such as the American Fisheries Society, the Alaska Anthropological Association, the Alaska Native Health 7 8 Boards Tribal Conference, Biannual Regional Advisory Council meetings, the BIA Providers Conference and the 10 Alaska Forum on the Environment.

11

12 As far as helping to promote education in 13 their local areas they have been visiting schools 14 throughout the state developing science camps and 15 supporting work programs. In the classrooms they go in 16 and talk to the children about fisheries biologists and 17 this basically helps connects the kids to the resources. 18 Different science camps that they have conducted have 19 been done in Bethel, Goodnews Bay, Cordova, Kalskag, and 20 Tuluksak, and this upcoming year we'll be in Fort Yukon. 21 Kids can spend the day sampling fish, understanding about 22 habitats and learning from their elders. The older 23 children also have the opportunity to learn about careers 24 in biology. And these science camps have ranged anywhere 25 from one day to about one week in duration.

26

27 We also have a few examples of different 28 work programs that the partners have been involved with 29 over the last few years. At the Kuskokwim Native 30 Association students have the opportunity to spend one 31 week out at different fisheries projects such as a weir 32 and get real life experience to get the opportunity to 33 know what it would be like to really be a fisheries 34 biologist. Those that return a second year get the 35 opportunity to spend two weeks out at a work site, and 36 they do receive a stipend for their time out at the site.

37

38 At the Tanana Chiefs Conference kids have 39 had the opportunity to participate in the Youth 40 Opportunity Program. During the last two years either 41 one or two children or students from eight different 42 communities along the Yukon River have been able to be 43 paired with a subsistence fisherman where they collect 44 age, sex and length sample data, Ichthyophonus and heart 45 tissue samples. And they do receive money for each of 46 the samples that they collect. These students were in 47 Galena, Nulato, Kaltag, Holy Cross, Minto, Northway, 48 Venetie, Ruby, Allakaket and Huslia. Additionally at 49 Tanana Chiefs Conference they've also been participating 50 in the Americorp Program.

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Our last objective, mentoring college
  interns is a real special component of the program
  because we really see it as the future of fisheries
4 biology and social science in years to come. Each of our
  partners biologist and social scientists get the
  opportunity to mentor at least one student throughout the
  summer. During the past two summers, student interns
8 were hired from the communities of Aniak, Chuathbaluk,
  Cordova, Bethel, Dillingham, South Naknek and Fort Yukon.
10 Last year we also were able to implement a pilot program
11 with the Marine Advisory Program and the University of
12 Alaska to provide college credits for two of our student
13 interns. And we're working currently on developing a
14 curriculum so that all students will have that
15 opportunity starting in the summer of 2005.
16
17
                   Additionally, this past summer we also
18 partnered with the National Science Foundation to support
19 a grant through the Tribal Colleges and Universities
20 Program. This grant is titled Mending the Net, Helping
21 Alaska Natives Achieve in Science, Physics, Mathematics
22 and Engineering. We were able to hire four additional
23 students for the summer through Bristol Bay Native
24 Association through this program. And the students once
25 again got to go out to fishery sites, weirs,
26 anthropological studies in their region and get real
27 experience. We will continue this program also in the
28 summer of 2005, being able to hire an additional four
29 students. This past year these students were from
30 Ketchikan, New Stuyahok, and two were from Nondalton.
31
32
                  In closing, I'd just like to say we're
33 really excited about the Partners for Fisheries
34 Monitoring Program, and we feel it's showed really great
35 success in the last two years and we expect this to
36 continue with greater participation in the Fisheries
37 Resource Monitoring Program in the future, hopefully
38 developing stronger partnerships as well as development
39 of new ones. And also the continuation of community
40 outreach and education in which can be expanded in
41 numerous different ways, and of course the continuation
42 and the building of being able to mentor more students in
43 rural areas.
44
45
                   Thank you.
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Any
48 questions or comments.
49
50
                   (No comments)
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CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you, very much. I guess you satisfied everybody's curiosity. We're about to proceed into the proposals, I think we may just want to break a little bit early for lunch and come back a little bit early before we start in on those. I do want to mention one thing, though, 8 and that is we do have a request to have an executive session with regard to recent litigation. In my 10 discussions with Keith this morning, he's finding out 11 information right up through last night so we're not 12 going to deal with that. First of all, I'm uncomfortable 13 unless we absolutely have to go into executive session at 14 a public meeting because people are making efforts to get 15 here. So I will just say this, as soon as Keith is able 16 to work it out we will have a work session, a Board work 17 session. Since it is litigation we have to discuss that 18 privately so we'll do that on another date, and we'll be 19 working with the Board to arrange that. And also, because 20 this thing is so new and so fast moving that we need to 21 give our legal team the opportunity so that when we get a 22 briefing we'll get a thorough one. 23 24 So with that it's about 11:30 right now, 25 so maybe we'll try to get going about a quarter to 1:00 26 and this might actually help us out in terms of getting 27 to restaurants and getting food to eat, beat the noon 28 rush, so it works out very good. And then we'll come 29 back with Southeast proposals, I believe, yes, No. 17 30 will be the first item up at about a quarter to 1:00. 31 32 Thank you. 33 34 (Off record) 35 36 (On record) 37 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay, it looks 38 39 like we're all here, we'll go ahead and call the meeting 40 to order. 41 42 I just want you to know on this lunch 43 break we got our first official complaint about the 44 process here, and Chairman Littlefield from Southeast has 45 officially registered his complaint of why we always 46 start out with Southeast proposals first. Well, we know 47 the real reason is of course because they're Region No. 48 1, so why not just start out with No. 1. But if you want 49 us to renumber you to like No. 10, we could do that John, 50 just however you want to handle that.

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MR. LITTLEFIELD: I've been called No. 10
  but not since 1968.
4
                   (Laughter)
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6
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay, a different
7
  kind of 10. But anyway, we are going into the Southeast
  proposals over Chairman Littlefield's strong objection,
  and we will begin to deal with that first. Analysis,
10 who's going to do that, Cal, okay, no, Robert.
11
12
                   DR. SCHROEDER: Mr. Chairman, we'll begin
13 with Proposal FP05-17. The write up for this proposal
14 begins on Page 189 of your proposal book. I'd also alert
15 the Board that your supplemental information No. 6
16 provides replacement pages for Pages 191 to 196.
17 main changes there are simply to make the Regional
18 Council proposed language a little clearer for
19 discussion.
20
21
                   Proposal FP05-17 was submitted by Ms.
22 Wanda Culp of Hoonah and it would change regulations
23 governing ceremonial harvest of fish in fishing
24 subdistricts 14-B and 14-C. Ms. Culp would wish to
25 reduce the regulatory burden placed on persons who wish
26 to take fish for traditional ceremonial purposes. Under
27 her proposed change the appropriate fisheries manager
28 would be informed that an attempt to take fish for a
29 ceremony was going to take place, the manager would not
30 have the authority to limit or direct the take for
31 conservation purposes and no reporting would be required.
32
33
                   We did clarify this proposal with the
34 proponent. She believed that government regulations
35 should not interfere in any way with the taking of fish
36 for traditional funeral ceremonies and the taking fish
37 for this purpose was protected under the American Indian
38 Religious Freedom Act. The existing Federal regulation
39 is reprinted on Page 197. The proposed language is on
40 Page 198. It would change parts i, ii and iii, and say
41 that in Subdistricts 14-B, 14-C, the manager would only
42 be informed that there is going to be an attempt for fish
43 for ceremony, that the provision talking about fisheries
44 conservation et cetera would not apply, and that there
45 would be no harvest report.
46
47
                   This regulation, if adopted, would apply
48 to all Federal public waters in Subdistricts 14-B and 14-
49 C. And we'll note that Glacier Bay National Park is
50 within Subdistricts 14-B and that subsistence uses are
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1 not permitted there. Also that Federal jurisdiction does not extend into marine waters and is limited to waters above mean high tide.

7

Residents of Hoonah and Chichagof Island 6 Drainages on the east shore of Port Frederick have recognized customary and traditional use of salmon, Dolly Varden, trout, smelt and hooligan in Subdistricts 14-B and C. The ceremonial harvest regulation was passed in 10 the Board's 2003 fisheries regulatory cycle. Prior to 11 passage of that regulation, a special action request 12 would have been required to provide fish harvest of this 13 type. The Board passed a statewide regulation at that 14 time.

15

16 In general the Board concurred with the 17 provisions that the Southeast Regional Advisory Council 18 recommended concerning ceremonial fish harvesting, 19 although the Council at the time that proposal was 20 discussed was against having a reporting requirement, the 21 Council reasoning was that there were a limited number of 22 memorial events and ceremonies, Koo.eex, held in 23 Southeast Alaska averaging 20 to 25 a year, that 24 ceremonies were well publicized and listed on the Central 25 Council website, salmon were the species taken and that 26 harvest of salmon under this regulation were very small 27 compared to the commercial and sportharvest of these same 28 species. The Council also believed that harvest were 29 inherently self-limiting and recommended voluntary 30 reporting.

31

32 Background on ceremonial use of fish in 33 Southeast Alaska, very briefly, traditional funerary and 34 mortuary practices in Southeast Alaska typically include 35 three occasions where subsistence foods may be served to 36 guests. Bereavement, shortly after a death has taken 37 place, a 40 day Koo.eex, and a pay off Koo.eex generally 38 held in September or October a year or more after a 39 death. Fish are very important, both for feeding guests 40 as gifts to attendees, particularly attendees from the 41 opposing clans.

42

43 Almost all the salmon taken for 44 subsistence uses in Southeast Alaska are taken in marine 45 waters. Because marine waters are generally not under 46 Federal jurisdiction harvest take place under state of 47 Alaska regulations. There are no locations with 48 Subdistricts 14-B and C where large quantities of salmon 49 have traditionally been taken in waters under Federal 50 jurisdiction. No Federal permits for ceremonial harvests 1 of fish have been issued under the current regulations in these or other subdistricts in Southeast. The ceremonial needs for salmon for 5 Hoonah residents are met through subsistence net 6 fisheries for sockeye salmon at Haaktaheen (ph), Neva, 7 Excursion and other rivers, and through rod and reel 8 harvest of chinook, chum and silver salmon. Salmon are also removed from commercial net and troll harvest for 10 ceremonial uses. Halibut also figure in importantly and 11 they're clearly regulated by international treaty and are 12 not subject to Board regulation. 13 14 The effects of this proposal would limit 15 the information provided to a fisheries manager before an 16 attempt to take fish for a ceremony would take place, and 17 the new regulation would eliminate the applicability of 18 regulatory paragraphs concerning conservation and 19 reporting of ceremonial harvest in these two 20 subdistricts. In practice Staff felt the proposal would 21 have negligible effects on subsistence users and other 22 uses of fisheries resources in 14-B and C, noting that no 23 Federal permits have been issued for ceremonial harvests 24 in these districts and that given that Federal 25 jurisdiction is limited to freshwaters, we don't 26 anticipate permits being issued in the future. 27 28 Mr. Chairman, that concludes our 29 presentation. 30 31 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you, very 32 much. Written public comments. 33 DR. SCHROEDER: Mr. Chairman, we have no 35 written public comments on this proposal. 36 37 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: We have no request 38 for public testimony at this time. Regional Council 39 recommendation. 40 41 MR. LITTLEFIELD: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 42 The Regional Advisory Council supported the modified 43 language 10-0. Before we could get to that vote it took 44 four hours of discussion, so hopefully it won't take you 45 guys quite that long. But this brought up quite a few 46 things that were different like the Religious Freedom 47 Act, we had to get some input from our lawyers on that 48 but anyway, in our justification for this we do not 49 believe there is any conservation concern at all because 50 as Dr. Schroeder mentioned and as we talked about

1 previously in 2003, the number of Koo.eex is limited, quite limited, and there should be no conservation concern. If you have two million in coho's returning to Southeast and you harvest a few hundred or 500 or a thousand for a Koo.eex, that's not a conservation concern in any way. It does recognize some religious practices of the people of Hoonah. It is beneficial for the subsistence users, and it has no effect on other users. 10 And for those reasons we supported it 10-11 0, the modified language, Mr. Chair. 12 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you, very 13 14 much. Staff Committee. 15 16 MR. KESSLER: Good afternoon, Mr. Chair, 17 Members of the Board. I'm Steve Kessler with the USDA 18 Forest Service and a member of the Interagency Staff 19 Committee. I will be presenting the recommendations of 20 the Interagency Staff Committee for all the proposals for 21 Southeast Alaska. The recommendations of the Committee 22 for FP05-17 starts on Page 193. 23 24 The Interagency Staff Committee members 25 did not reach consensus on this proposal. We have two 26 different options for you to consider. Option A is to support the proposal with 29 modification, the same as the recommendation of the 30 Southeast Regional Advisory Council. Changes to the 31 regulatory language are shown on Pages 193 and 194 of 32 your book. The justification for this option is as 33 follows: 34 35 The Southeast Regional Advisory Council's 36 recommendation retains the existing requirement to inform 37 the Federal manager that there'll be an attempt to take 38 fish for a ceremony. This should significantly reduce 39 the potential for conflicts with law enforcement officers 40 when such activities are being conducted. The 41 elimination of the post-harvest reporting requirement is 42 necessary to address important cultural sensitivity 43 concerns associated with these traditional practices. 44 Even without such reporting adequate information on the 45 species, their amounts and locations of harvest would 46 still be available to the managers through the initial 47 contact by the harvester and/or the tribal organization. 48 Those holding this view do not find justification in 49 rejecting the Council's recommendation based on the 50 criteria outlined in ANILCA Title VIII, Section .805(c).

1 The Council recommendation does not present a conservation concern as the typically targeted species are abundant and the number harvested for the ceremonies are low. Additionally, the measures that currently exist in regulations to address potential concerns about overharvest of specific localized fish populations are 7 retained. The Council's recommendation is not detrimental to subsistence users but instead more adequately provides for an important subsistence related 10 activity and is supported by evidence provided to them 11 via oral testimony at the fall 2004 Council meeting. 12 13 Now, Option B, is also to support the 14 proposal for this option is different than the 15 recommendation of the Southeast Regional Advisory 16 Council. The only modification to the current regulation 17 would be to allow an oral report in place of a written 18 report. The modified proposed regulation would add one 19 phrase as shown on Page 195 of your book. 20 21 The justification for this option is as 22 follows: The existing regulation appears to be working 23 well, including providing explicit authorization to take 24 fish for traditional or religious ceremonies that are 25 part of funerary or mortuary cycles including the 26 memorial potlatches. And at the same time the regulation 27 provides information needed for conservation of fish 28 resources. There's no substantial evidence that the 29 regulation is not working as anticipated on a Southeast 30 wide basis. The proposed wording by both the proponent 31 and the Southeast Regional Advisory Council does not 32 provide sufficient information for the manager to assure 33 conservation of the resource or allow for the 34 unobstructed implementation of the take. Those holding 35 this view would find justification modifying the 36 Council's recommendation based on the criteria outlined 37 in ANILCA, Title VIII, Section .805(c). 38 39 The modification to subjection i, which 40 is the little i, proposed by the Council would require 41 only informing a Federal fisheries manager that there 42 will be an attempt to take fish for a ceremony. The 43 revised regulation would not be specific in time or 44 place. The informing could occur at the beginning of the 45 regulatory year and be no more specific than "I plan to 46 take fish in Southeast Alaska for a ceremony." The 47 manager would have no basis to evaluate whether the 48 taking violates recognized principles of fisheries 49 conservation as required in the proposed regulatory

50 subsection 2, and further required by ANILCA Title VIII,

1 Section .802 and .815. Since the take under Federal regulation must occur in inland waters there is some potential for overfishing of specific stocks. Regulatory Subsection 2 also states "only if necessary for conservation purposes the Federal fisheries manager will establish the number, species, and places of taking." Since Subsection 1 does not require specific identification of the proposed number, species and places of harvest, it would be internally inconsistent with the 10 requirements of Subsection 2. Again, this is all in the 11 language that's proposed by the Council.

12

13 If the presence of this language in 14 Subsection 2 in effect implies or requires this 15 information be providing in Subsection 1, then the 16 existing regulatory language does that and it does not 17 need modification. Regulations must not be vague or 18 inconsistent otherwise they are unenforceable.

19

20 Implementation of the Council's 21 recommendation would also not allow the manager to have a 22 reasonable level of comfort, the persons taking the fish 23 would not be harassed by others or unnecessarily 24 contacted by law enforcement officials. Particularly 25 during ceremonial times of harvest those taking fish 26 should not be burdened by administrative concerns. If 27 the manager and law enforcement are not aware of the 28 location and time of the harvest there is substantially 29 greater likelihood that those taking the fish will be 30 stopped, questioned and potentially cited. No permit is 31 required by those taking fish, therefore, there will be 32 no record of whether the harvest is legal.

33

34 In the long-run, this could be more 35 detrimental to the satisfaction of subsistence needs and 36 the affecting of religious ceremonies than what is 37 currently required.

38

This group of Interagency Staff Committee 39 40 members does suggest that the reporting requirement after 41 a harvest occurs could be modified to only require an 42 oral report of the harvest that occurred. The manager 43 would then document the harvest negating the need for the 44 user to spend time writing a report. This suggestion is 45 represented in the modification to Subsection 3 as shown 46 on Page 195. Except that I would suggest that you would 47 use the word oral rather than verbal if you select this 48 option.

49 50

And that's the conclusion of the

Interagency Staff Committee comments on this proposal, Mr. Chairman. CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you, very much. Department comments. MS. SEE: Thank you, Mr. Chair. The 7 8 Federal Staff analysis for this proposal provides current and accurate information. We note that the development 10 of the Option A and B is fairly recent and we note that 11 many of the concerns that we have regarding fisheries 12 managers needing that opportunity to coordinate with 13 requesters, many of those points are raised fairly well 14 in that Option B discussion. We want to see that the 15 harvest and the subsequent reporting will help support 16 sustainable salmon resources and that information would 17 be information of interest to the Department as well as 18 to the Federal managers. 19 20 Therefore, our recommendation at this 21 time is that we do not support the original proposal, 22 however, we feel that Option B, as noted would, in fact, 23 address most of our concerns that we feel that the verbal 24 or oral reporting would satisfy the concern that there be 25 an opportunity to find out what, in fact, was harvested. 26 27 Thank you. 28 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. With 29 30 that we'll advance to Board discussion, Regional Council 31 Chairs, anybody have anything here. 32 33 MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman. 34 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes. 35 36 37 MR. EDWARDS: And maybe this is for the 38 Staff Committee. Under the justification for Option A, 39 in the last sentence of the first paragraph it says, even 40 without such reporting adequate information on the 41 species, their amounts and locations of harvest would 42 still be available to the manager through the initial 43 contact by the harvester and/or the tribal organization. 44 45 Now, I thought all they had to do was 46 just call in and say under the proposal that they were 47 going to be harvesting and didn't have to provide any of 48 this information, and so I'm a little unclear if that 49 statement is true or not.

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MR. KESSLER: If you take a look at
2 Options A and B, you'll see that Option B does not really
  agree with that and that in the discussion for Option B
  is that all that would be required is sometime during the
  regulatory year it would need to be said, I plan to take
  fish in Southeast for a ceremony. That's all really that
  regulation would require.
                   Those supporting Option A think that more
10 than that would be provided. And that there would be
11 information provided on species, their amounts and
12 location of harvest. The way that I read the regulation,
13 I don't see that as necessarily being true. The
14 regulation doesn't require that.
15
16
                  MR. EDWARDS: So I guess you're
17 suggesting that that sentence may not be true or
18 accurate, I should say?
19
20
                  MR. KESSLER: Well, I think that
21 generally if a request for ceremonial harvest occurs or a
22 notification, which is all that it would be, I think that
23 generally it would occur associated with when this
24 ceremonial harvest would occur, and therefore some of
25 that information may be provided but it certainly does
26 not have to be provided under the language that's
27 proposed by the Regional Council.
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29
                  MR. EDWARDS: So that's a yes?
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31
                   (No response)
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33
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Anybody else.
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                  MR. BSCHOR: Mr. Chair, in line with our
36 process of supporting the Regional Advisory Council's
37 recommendation initially, I'd be prepared to move to do
38 that but I would be, assuming that we get a second, I
39 would be following that proposing an amendment.
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41
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you.
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43
                  MR. BSCHOR: So I move to adopt the
44 proposal as modified by the Southeast Regional Advisory
45 Council.
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47
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Is there a second
48 to that motion.
49
                  MS. GOTTLIEB: I'll second.
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CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay. Go ahead, I'm sorry, Denny. MR. BSCHOR: I was going to add some comments. I think the question of a conservation issue is not really the importance here. I think the question of whether there is enough information -- well, first of 7 all, I want to say I respect the need to have the ceremonial use that the least hassle possible is what we 10 ought to be shooting for. We don't want to 11 bureaucratically be in the way of that sort of exercise 12 and also that on the other hand if there isn't any 13 information it's very difficult for the manager and 14 appropriate folks who are monitoring this type of use or 15 other uses who might come across someone without the 16 information would not be able to -- would possibly unduly 17 contact folks and negate their experience of exercising 18 the koo.eex. 19 20 So I think in that respect it's important 21 that we at least have some sort of, as Steve just 22 mentioned, some way of knowing at least a verbal report 23 of what is happening, and without time or place the 24 potential of interfering unduly would be heightened, I 25 believe. So those are some concerns I have. 26 27 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. 28 Further discussion. 30 MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman, for my own 31 information, if we would approve this as recommended by 32 the Council, then this would be different from how we do 33 it throughout the rest of the state, would it not, for 34 other types of ceremonial purposes when it comes to 35 either game of fish, and, therefore it seems to me that 36 if you were supportive of this you'd almost want to be 37 supportive of it for statewide as opposed to just for one 38 reason; would that be the case? 39 40 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: I think that's a 41 fair question. But we have to keep in mind that for 42 these ceremonial events, the different cultures have ways 43 to deal with it. For example, say in the taking of moose 44 for potlatches, we are not allowed in most of the 45 Interior to say we're going to go and try to do something 46 like that. You'll hear people talk about, well, I'm 47 going out camping, going for a boat ride, going for a 48 snowmachine ride, but we don't talk about what we're 49 going to go do, and I see this is carefully worded, John,

50 as far as going to attempt, and I don't know if that's an

1 issue in your region or not. But I know I've been very strong in the past in working within the State system about not violating the way that we were taught to do things. And so that's a real interesting point with me anyway. John, I don't know -- I know this is carefully worded but I don't know what the cultures are there and 7 sometimes, Gary, the response is we do have to tailor to people's customary and traditional way of operating and I don't know if this is a case of a region specific issue 10 or not. 11 12 I think generally speaking, though, from 13 my perspective through the years we have worked with the 14 various proposals and have done, I think, a pretty good 15 job in terms of meeting with the people and meeting their

13 my perspective through the years we have worked with the
14 various proposals and have done, I think, a pretty good
15 job in terms of meeting with the people and meeting their
16 needs. But that is a question I do have and, you know,
17 some of these things need to -- one size doesn't
18 necessarily always fit all, it doesn't work for everybody
19 else. I mean I've heard different people from different
20 parts of the state say, well, we're going hunting for
21 seals today or, you know, we're -- and those are things
22 that maybe some of our younger people haven't learned
23 yet, but those are things we would never say at home,
24 those people that know, and that's just the way it is.
25 So some of these things we do have to tailor a little
26 bit. But generally speaking, statewide, I do know that
27 we have worked very hard to help with the opportunity to
28 keep this important tradition going

John, I don't know, that's kind of lengthy, but I just had the one question.

32

MR. LITTLEFIELD: Okay, thank you, Mr. 34 Chair. This original proposal as presented by Wanda Culp 35 only talked about Subdistrict 14, which is in the Hoonah 36 area. The traditions for Southeast for the Tlingit-Haida 37 basically apply everywhere in Southeast and that's why it 38 was expanded to include all of the Southeast area. And 39 Southeast doesn't mind leading the way or being the only 40 one or being different. We felt this was appropriate for 41 us because of our respect for the resources.

42

We're talking about Koo.eex here,
44 ceremonies. Those are, not a ceremony to have a -- oh,
45 what do you call it, the 5th of May celebration, Cinco de
46 Mayo, or something like that, this is a celebration
47 that's religious and spiritual in context, which means
48 those people are not going to go out there and wantonly
49 waste fish. They're going to be gathering fish for a
50 ceremony, a pay off party, to pay the other clan back for

their duties. And if they need 50 fish or 100 fish that's what they're going to take. But it's real easy -it was real easy in our estimation to extrapolate that by looking at the number of Koo.eex as you said, as Mr. Bschor said it isn't a conservation issue at all. And the reporting, as you can just make an assumption if 7 there were 25 fish taken per koo.eex then you'd be real close. 10 And the other thing is we were struck by 11 the fact that you want all these numbers from us, you're 12 all worried about these thousand fish that we take when 13 the sportfish, they take six a day and who knows how many 14 fishermen are out there every day all day and day out 15 through the whole summer and you're not worried about 16 their numbers, you're not telling them to count how many 17 fish they took, you just make an estimation. And you can 18 do this for this proposal, too. These numbers are --19 there's nothing here that's going to break the bank, so I 20 hope that answers your question, Mr. Chair. 21 22 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Judy, 23 did you have something. 24 25 MS. GOTTLIEB: Yes, thank you. 26 there as John led the four hour or so discussion last 27 fall and it was a very in-depth, shall we say, and 28 explored lots of sides of the issues. 29 30 I guess we had developed this statewide 31 regulation in an attempt to simplify and not have 32 everybody need to ask us each time that there was a 33 ceremony for which they needed fish or wildlife out of 34 regular seasons, and so I appreciate some of the 35 refinements that were made here that will hopefully make 36 it still simpler, I guess, to accomplish what needs to be 37 done. But in terms of the data, I guess it could work 38 both ways and we'll be looking at some proposals later on 39 that will talk about reporting as well, and I guess maybe 40 there's two different philosophies on it, that by keeping 41 track of the records then one can not only demonstrate a 42 use but also demonstrate that there is not a conservation 43 risk by the taking or could be looked at as we've stated 44 here, too. 45 46 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Any 47 other discussion. Denny. 48 49 MR. BSCHOR: Yes, Mr. Chair. I believe

50 that another thing we might want to look at is to look at

the current regulation and maybe look at a modification of that yet relative to the idea of having an oral versus a written report. I would like to move to make an amendment to the motion that we maintain the current regulation 7 with the allowance of an oral report rather than a written report. 9 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Is 10 11 there a second to that amendment. 12 13 MR. OVIATT: I'll second. 14 15 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: It's been moved 16 and seconded. Discussion on the amendment. 17 18 MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman, under that 19 amendment what would be the initial requirement to --20 this is reporting after the fact, but what would be 21 required prior to the take? 22 23 MR. BSCHOR: Steve, do you want to 24 respond to that. 25 26 MR. KESSLER: Mr. Edwards, the 27 requirement would be as shown on the bottom of Page 194. 28 Prior to attempting to take fish the person or designee 29 or tribal government organizing the ceremony contacts the 30 appropriate Federal fisheries manager to provide the 31 nature of the ceremony, number of fish to be taken and 32 where it will occur. So that there would still be a 33 requirement to provide some information about the nature 34 of that ceremonial harvest and what was planned. 35 36 MR. EDWARDS: And that's pretty 37 consistent with our language, let's say for a moose for a 38 potlatch, it would be required to be the same. 40 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yeah, and there's 41 a time that you have to report the harvest, it's not 42 something that needs to be done. I mean I know how these 43 things work and, you know, when the thing's over, 44 whatever ceremony you're having the people who are doing 45 such things, about the last thing they want to do when 46 it's over is report because quite frankly the effort that 47 they have put into the event and people really don't get 48 too concerned about doing that, so in my mind that has to 49 have a consideration as well. 50

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Anybody else.
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                   MR. BSCHOR: And the purpose of my
  amendment is to not require a written report afterwards,
  but an oral report.
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Any more
  discussion on the amendment.
                   MR. LITTLEFIELD: Mr. Chair.
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes, John.
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                   MR. LITTLEFIELD: Just a point of
14
15 clarification, it seems to me that you put the proposal
16 on the table and got a second for the Regional Advisory
17 Council's recommendation and then the amendment was to
18 just strike verbal; am I reading that correctly? In
19 other words, you're not going for Option B, you're going
20 for Option A with only the verbal report added.
21
22
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: If the amendment
23 passes.
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                   MR. BSCHOR: I said the current
25
26 regulation, which I believe is Option A -- B.
28
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes.
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30
                   MR. LITTLEFIELD: That was the reason for
31 my question, Mr. Chair, what you have on the floor right
32 now is you have the Regional Advisory Council
33 recommendation, not Option A or Option B, you have the
34 Regional Council's recommendation which just happens to
35 be Option A. So you'd probably have to dispose with that
36 and I would say, once again we would support that, the
37 Regional Advisory Council, and if you can disprove that,
38 you know, by our not substantial evidence or conservation
39 issue or beneficial to the subsistence users, then I
40 would suggest that you vote no and default back to the
41 existing regulations. And we run this through the
42 process. The process is to come to us first. In other
43 words, I kind of -- whenever I see things come out of the
44 Interagency Staff Committee, I don't like it because
45 that's not where the process starts, the process starts
46 with Wanda Culp who made the request to the Regional
47 Advisory Council. And when talking with Wanda Culp and
48 getting information from the Interagency Staff Committee
49 at that meeting as well as Staff, we decided that this
50 proposal that we give you is the best proposal that fit
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1 the need and we went through -- we vetted this, we went
  through the conservation concerns and the substantial
  evidence, and if you don't like it, I would suggest that
  you vote it down but I don't like substituting
  Interagency Staff Committee recommendations for anything
  that the Council has done.
                   Anyway, that's my soapbox for now. I
9 would suggest that you take action on the -- if you want
10 to call it Option A, because that's the Regional Advisory
11 Council, and I again ask your support for it.
12
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. So in
13
14 the amendment, maybe I'm missing something here, but the
15 amendment is simply to add the oral report to Option A,
16 am I incorrect in that?
17
18
                   MR. BSCHOR: Yeah, you're incorrect.
19 What we would have to do, I think, right now to get back
20 to Option A is to probably rescind the amendment,
21 wouldn't we, or something like that. Because what I said
22 was the amendment was to maintain the current regulation
23 with the allowance of an oral report instead of written,
24 so that's really Option B.
25
26
                   MR. TONY: Mr. Chairman.
27
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes.
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                  MR. TONY: Yeah, this is kind of
31 confusing. Is there any way that we can address this so
32 that we get a written copy of what it will look like in
33 front of us before we vote because this is very, very
34 confusing?
35
36
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Go ahead.
37
                  MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman, just one
38
39 thing I want to, I guess, clarify from Mr. Littlefield.
40 What I thought I heard you say is that what you would
41 prefer as opposed to us modifying this, either vote it up
42 or down?
43
44
                   MR. LITTLEFIELD: Mr. Edwards, through
45 the Chair.
               What I'm saying is there's a process in
46 ANILCA that you're the Secretary up there, we're
47 addressing you as the Secretary now, not land managers,
48 and it says what the Secretary can reject our proposals
49 for. It doesn't say you can make options and flop around
50 and do whatever you like, like that, it says, the
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1 proposal that we've given to you that went through the
  vetting process can be rejected for three specific
  reasons. And if you can find merit in those three
  reasons then you should reject it, if you can't you
  should support it, not substitute something else for it,
  that's what I'm saying. This should stand on its own
  merits, we don't need to add verbal or go to Option B,
  Option 1 should stand on its own because that was the
9 Regional Advisory Council, if it meets those criteria,
10 which we believe it does then support it. And if you can
11 refute that, then you can vote no.
12
13
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Those are the
14 rules of engagement. Go ahead.
15
16
                   MR. BSCHOR: I don't know what the proper
17 language is but I tend to agree with Mr. Littlefield and
18 I don't want to circumvent that. So if my amendment is
19 in the way at this point and time, do I rescind or what's
20 my option?
21
22
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: You can with the
23 consent of the second withdraw, and that brings us back to
24 the Regional Council recommendation.
25
                   MR. BSCHOR: I think I need to do that.
27 I'll put that in the record I withdraw.
28
29
                   MR OVIATT: My consent.
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31
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: The second concurs
32 so the amendment is off the table. We are dealing with
33 the Regional Council recommendation at this point.
34
35
                   Discussion on the original motion.
36
37
                   (No comments)
38
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: As far as my
39
40 feelings are, I think I've heard most of my questions
41 answered. I intend to support the original motion as
42 made. And particularly when we listen to one of our very
43 responsible Regional Councils, and the work that they put
44 in on this particular issue. I feel that they have done
45 diligence. Also understanding the take of fish and
46 wildlife resources for ceremonial purposes. People don't
47 use that opportunity to help themselves even in the event
48 of maybe somebody got -- went out in different directions
49 for example, and I keep referring to what I'm most
50 knowledgeable about, and that is, you know, potlatches at
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1 home. That resource, if there, is in the even that 2 hunters go in two directions and both harvest that resource doesn't go to anybody personally, it goes to stores or for processing for utilization the next time it becomes necessary. And I know this goes across the Board statewide. So I feel they have done their job and have taken the conservation issue head on and are recommending to us that there is not a conservation issue. 10 So I intend to support the motion for 11 that particular reason. 12 13 Anybody else. 14 15 MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman. 16 17 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Gary. 18 19 MR. EDWARDS: As Judy said earlier, I 20 think this Board fully recognizes the importance and 21 value of providing subsistence fish and wildlife for the 22 various ceremonies and the customs around the state and I 23 also think that the Board has tried to expedite that 24 process wherever we can and to make it as less intrusive 25 as we can and certainly respect the various customs 26 throughout the state. And with that said it seems to me 27 that if we're going to try to address this, maybe we 28 should be addressing it in the broader context and relook 29 at the whole issue as to how we -- what we require in the 30 way of reporting up front and then reporting afterwards 31 as opposed to more or less, from my perspective, kind of 32 piecemealing approach here. 33 34 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you, Gary. 35 Anybody else. Doug. 36 37 MR. MECUM: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 38 quess I have quite a bit of experience dealing with this 39 particular issue in Southeast Alaska, of course doing it 40 under the State regs. In fact, in the Hoonah area, in 41 particularly, we routinely provide what we call community 42 harvest permits to harvest large numbers of salmon. And 43 I kind of liked where Mr. Bschor was going on this 44 because as I was a little taken aback by his withdrawal, 45 that's not what he was saying was that this would, in 46 fact, be a benefit to subsistence users in that this 47 notification is made to the Federal fisheries manager. 48 They have that authority and approval in their hand when 49 they're contacted, let's say, by an enforcement officer. 50 I know I would if I was them, I would want to have that

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1 protection.
                   So I guess in a way I thought he was in
  keeping with those criteria, that this was in fact
  beneficial for subsistence users.
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                   That's just something that occurred to me
8 in the discussion.
9
10
                   Thank you.
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12
                   MR. BSCHOR: Yeah, and I wanted to
13 acknowledge that that's exactly what I was trying to say
14 and I am still concerned about that with the current
15 proposal.
16
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: John.
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18
19
                   MR. LITTLEFIELD: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
20 I agree. Mr. Bschor's amendment was, it was improperly
21 placed. That's why I asked for the clarification of it.
22 But I agree that if you voted this down and then did
23 Option B, that would be beneficial to the subsistence
24 users just to have that verbal report. That, in itself,
25 would be beneficial, but that's not what the Council did.
26 And I said, we spent four hours on this, Ms. Gottlieb was
27 there as well as Mr. Boyd and Ms. Wilkinson, they know we
28 had to -- I had to use my gavel after we got back because
29 we would have been there for two weeks with that
30 schedule, if it went four hours per proposal. So we did
31 spend a lot of time on this, it's not an easy one and to
32 Mr. Bschor, I would say thank you that would be
33 beneficial if that's what -- if that's what you guys
34 chose to do.
35
                   But like I say, I'd like you to address
36
37 the Regional Council's recommendation, up or down, and
38 then you can do -- you can made -- I would suggest the
39 process, if you wanted to go that way. The process-wise
40 would be to offer a motion to substitute Option B for
41 Option A, which would accomplish exactly what Mr. Bschor
42 was trying to do but it was just you can't make an
43 amendment on Option B that came from A, and that was what
44 I was questioning.
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46
                   Mr. Chair.
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: I was just going
49 to explain that the proper procedure would have been just
50 what Chairman Littlefield stated, to offer Option B in
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the nature of a substitute and that if we're going to go that way. 3 4 Go ahead, Paul. MR. TONY: Okay, now, I'm confused again 7 here. Because in the supplemental materials that I got beginning on Page 191 there's a proposal, it says, you know, the Southeast Regional Advisory Council supports 10 with modification then there's regulatory language there. 11 And then when I go to Page 193 I get the beginning of the 12 Interagency Staff Committee split, which was two options 13 and there's an Option A and an Option B, so I really have 14 three things we're talking about here and I don't see in 15 the one that's on the front page here, I don't see any 16 reporting requirement that would be eased by an oral 17 report. If you put an oral report in you're creating a 18 requirement which would make it, which be more onerous to 19 subsistence users in Southeast and Yakutat in my 20 understanding. 21 22 So maybe I need some clarification. 23 24 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Go ahead. 25 26 MR. KESSLER: Mr. Chairman. Mr. Tony. 27 The language on Page 191 and the language of Option A are 28 identical. So you can look at either one of them, it's 29 okay. The reporting requirement in the Regional 30 Council's position and Option A is in little iii, that's 31 iii, where it says except in Southeast Alaska and 32 Yakutat, each person who takes fish under this section 33 must as soon as practical and not more than 15 days, et 34 cetera, make this report. That's not required for 35 Southeast Alaska and Yakutat under the Council's proposal 36 or Option A. 37 38 Does that help? 39 40 MR. TONY: Okay, so what we're really 41 talking about doing is modifying this to ease the 42 statewide reporting requirement to just an oral 43 requirement instead of a written report? Is that what 44 I'm understanding then? 45 46 MR. EDWARDS: Only for the Southeast. It 47 would still be in effect for the rest of the state, and I 48 guess that was the point that I was trying to get at and 49 maybe consistency isn't needed here. It seems to me that 50 the most important thing would be the notification up

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1 front and I guess from my standpoint, whether you report
  what you did afterwards may or may not even be relevant.
  You're assuming that if you authorize it up front it's
  going to be taken and that the total number taken
  statewide is probably insignificant anyway, but the
 notification up front seems to me to provide the
  coverage, if you want to use that term, or notification
7
  that would be helpful when people would be out there and
  that's why I guess I was suggesting that maybe we need to
10 look at the whole process, how we're handling this
11 statewide, both the notification up front and the
12 reporting afterwards, and maybe based upon this we might
13 want to modify that approach.
14
15
                   MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chair.
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17
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes.
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                   MS. GOTTLIEB: I guess we'll leave it to
20 the other RACs perhaps to address that question when
21 they're looking at their fisheries proposals. But based
22 on what Southeast has recommended here, I mean I agree
23 that the notification up front is probably the most
24 important from the subsistence users viewpoint that
25 should there be any question about why someone is out
26 there off season, they have a reason and the managers
27 know about it. And I think all of this highlights, as
28 usual, the need for really close communication amongst
29 the managers, among subsistence users and the
30 continuation perhaps of some public outreach and
31 education about the ceremonies and the needs to do this,
32 which you can't plan out timewise always.
33
34
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Further discussion
35 on the motion.
36
                   MR. BSCHOR: Yeah, process-wise. So if
37
38 we vote against this motion then do we have a chance to
39 look at Option B, as I proposed the language, or do I
40 have to move for a substitute motion; what's the process?
41
42
                   I believe Mr. Littlefield and I are in
43 agreement, it's just a matter of how we get there
44 process-wise there.
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46
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yeah, you would,
47 right now, need to offer an amendment in the nature of a
48 substitute, which would then be where I think you are
49 going.
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MR. BSCHOR: I propose to make an
  amendment for a substitute; is that correct?
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: To offer Option
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  В....
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                   MR. BSCHOR: To offer the language in
 Option B with the slight modification for allowing for
  oral report instead of written report.
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10
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Is
11
12 there a second to a motion.
13
14
                   (Pause)
15
16
                   MR. EDWARDS: I second it. I'm trying to
17 figure out exactly what I'm seconding but we actually
18 haven't voted down the first amendment, we just modified
19 it?
20
21
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: We offering Option
22 B under the motion in the nature of a substitute.
23
24
                   MR. EDWARDS: I second it.
25
26
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: So if that's taken
27 up and then we'll vote on the issue. I mean we do
28 resolve the issue. I mean I don't hear any argument
29 about the necessity for this, you know, I mean that's not
30 even an issue. I don't think anybody cares about this.
31 We get this amendment in the nature of a substitute and
32 then we vote on the issue after that. So that's
33 basically procedurally how we do this.
34
35
                   John.
36
37
                   MR. LITTLEFIELD: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
38 Just for the record, I would like to make sure that my
39 Regional Advisory Council knows that I'm not agreeing
40 with Option B, okay, I'm just saying a process of how you
41 would do it. And I agree that your process is correct.
42 What you would do is move and second to substitute Option
43 B language for the Option A or for the Regional Advisory
44 Council recommendation, and then you could vote that up
45 or down. But if you vote down our proposal for the
46 reasons that you're supposed to, you can't bring this
47 back up again because you voted it down at this meeting,
48 you can't bring it up again. The substitute language is
49 the only option that you can go with.
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CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: These people from
  Southeast are real good parliamentarians. But I'm just
  trying to keep the process straight, anyway, as far as
  where, I think the Board is going, just to make sure that
  we get there.
7
                   But if the amendment in the nature of a
 substitute fails, then we still have the main motion in
9
  front of us.
10
11
                   Paul.
12
13
                   MR. TONY: Yes, Mr. Chairman. So the
14 effect then of the amendment would be to add an oral
15 reporting requirement for Southeast is basically the
16 effect of the amendment?
17
18
                   MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chair.
19
2.0
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: I think we had a
21 question here that we need to -- we need to get that
22 answered. I don't know who's going to take a stab at
23 that.
24
25
                   MR. KESSLER: Mr. Chair.
26
27
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes.
28
29
                   MR. KESSLER: If Mr. Tony would ask the
30 question again I think I can answer it.
                  MR. TONY: Well, on my reading of the
32
33 small paragraph three, it's C 21 (iii), as it reads on
34 the -- the one that the Regional Council supported, was
35 that except in Southeast Alaska and Yakutat, okay, at the
36 beginning of that, means that there's basically no
37 reporting requirement because it's excepting those areas
38 from that requirement that's spelled out in the rest of
39 that subparagraph. And the effect of the amendment then
40 would be to add that requirement to Southeast and Yakutat
41 but only in the form of a oral report.
42
43
                   MR. KESSLER: Mr. Chair. Mr. Tony.
44 think that when we discussed it that way it maybe
45 confuses us a little bit. What we have before us is the
46 substitute which is Option B. Option B is the existing
47 language as it now stands in Federal regulation which the
48 change that in Southeast Alaska an oral report could be
49 substituted for a written report. But otherwise, that
50 Option B is precisely what's in regulation now, and I \,
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1 think that's what's being debated among the Board right now. MR. TONY: And so the effect of the amendment again is to add an oral reporting requirement for Southeast and Yakutat, that's the difference between 7 what we're voting on and what the Regional Council supported? 10 MR. KESSLER: The Regional Council, what 11 they supported is shown on Page 193 or 194, or actually 12 better yet, on Page 191, it's the same thing. They had 13 numerous changes to the existing regulations. As far as 14 the reporting following the take then the Southeast 15 Council recommended that no reporting was necessary. So 16 what's before you now is that reporting would be required 17 as is in current regulation, however, with the option for 18 an oral report rather than just a written report. 19 20 MR. TONY: Yeah, that's what I was 21 saying, right, or asking? 22 23 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: I guess in terms 24 of the three criteria and the question that John had 25 raised for us going against the Regional Council 26 recommendation and looking at it, I can't find anything 27 that would put us out of compliance if we went with 28 Option B. I keep these things right in front of me and 29 these are things that we get looked at all the time and 30 it's just part of our routine process. It's part of our 31 normal process. 32 33 John. 34 35 MR. LITTLEFIELD: Mr. Chair, again, a 36 matter of process. I believe, I was having a couple 37 sidebars here, I guess they call it. You made a motion 38 to substitute and got a second and then you went straight 39 to discussion as if you had done it. In other words, the 40 process that I see is if you want to do this you need to 41 vote on this, whether to accept substitute language now 42 and then debate it because there is no substitute 43 language on the table at this time, there is no Option B. 44 All you've got is an attempt to get there, you haven't 45 got there yet. 46 47 So process-wise, I think you need to take 48 a vote on whether you want to take the substitute, and 49 then if that fails, in other words, your vote would 50 probably -- you say you would probably be against it

1 because you're going to default to Option A would be if it fails then you're back to the Regional Advisory Council, that's the process here. And if you guys want to go that way then you're now in the substitute language. 7 So, Mr. Chair. 8 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Right. It is just 10 a motion to amend in the nature of offering substitute 11 language, that's where we're at exactly. But I was 12 speaking directly to that issue when I was talking about 13 evaluating the three criteria. So I was speaking exactly 14 to that, I could see nothing in there that would put us 15 out of compliance in the amendment to get there, but 16 we're still going back to the main motion after -- if 17 this is successful or not, either way. 18 19 Are we all on the same page now? 2.0 21 (Board nods affirmatively) 22 23 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay. Are we 24 ready for the question on the amendment. 25 26 (No comments) 27 28 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Unless somebody 29 else has anything on the amendment I'm prepared to vote 30 at this time. 31 32 MR. EDWARDS: All right, Mr. Chairman. 33 34 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Go ahead. 35 MR. EDWARDS: I'm going to vote no on 36 37 this and I guess for several reasons. One, it seems to 38 me that we haven't addressed what the proponent wanted or 39 the Council wanted. All we simply have done, which both 40 of them suggested or what they were requesting is that 41 the notification up front had to be very minor and that 42 there would be no reporting after the fact. But now all 43 we've done is still require the reporting up front or 44 notification up front and then a verbal response at the 45 end which isn't really what they asked for and then in my 46 view all we're going to end up with is having something 47 that is disconnected from how we address the rest of the 48 regions and that doesn't seem to make a lot of sense to 49 me, so, I'm going to vote no on the proposal. 50

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CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Any further
  discussion on the amendment.
                   MR. BSCHOR: I just want to say if we
  vote this amendment down it would, once again, I think --
  my personal view is that not requiring at least some
  notification, that sort of thing, would potentially go
7
  against the future of this particular subsistence use and
9
   I'm still concerned about that. I'm going to vote yes.
10
11
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you.
12 Anybody else.
13
14
                   MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chair.
15
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes.
16
17
18
                   MS. GOTTLIEB: The wording from the
19 Regional Advisory Council about prior notification, I
20 mean it's true we didn't really discuss that and it seems
21 like that wording is similar to the existing rule but
22 made specific by the Council. And so I hate to risk even
23 yet another amendment but looking at that wording as to
24 how Southeast Alaska and Yakutat would, prior to any
25 taking inform the managers seems like good wording to me.
26
27
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Any further
28 discussion on the amendment.
29
30
                   Paul.
31
                   MR. TONY: Yeah, Mr. Chairman. I'm going
32
33 to also vote against the amendment because I think that
34 it does basically go directly against the intent of the
35 original proposal of the Regional Council.
36
37
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Further
38 discussion.
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40
                   MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman.
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42
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Go ahead.
43
44
                  MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman. I just want
45 to say when I'm voting no I mean I'm not opposed to the
46 reporting up front, in fact, I think we should report up
47 front. But I think what we have done here has
48 accomplished really nothing. It hasn't accomplished what
49 the Council has requested us to do and at the same time
50 it's just made us out of synch with how we address this
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1 issue across the rest of the state and that just doesn't
  seem to me to be a prudent approach.
                   I guess my preference would be, quite
  frankly, would be to vote the original motion down -- or
  proposal down from the Council and be done with it as
  opposed to trying to sit here and fix it which I don't
7
  think we're doing a very good job of personally, but,
9
  anyway.
10
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Any more
11
12 discussion on the amendment.
13
                   MS. GOTTLIEB: Are you going to restate
14
15 what we're voting on?
16
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: We're voting on
17
18 the amendment to offer Option B in the nature of a
19 substitute, that's the amendment right now. With that,
20 it appears that we have kind of a divided body and I'm
21 going to ask Tom to help us with a roll call vote so we
22 get an exact countdown.
23
24
                   MR. BSCHOR: Aye.
25
26
                   MR. BOYD:
                             Mr. Tony.
27
28
                   MR. TONY:
                              No.
29
30
                   MR. BOYD:
                              Ms. Gottlieb.
31
32
                   MS. GOTTLIEB:
                                  Aye.
33
34
                   MR. BOYD: Mr. Edwards.
35
36
                   MR. EDWARDS: No.
37
                   MR. BOYD: Mr. Oviatt.
38
39
40
                   MR. OVIATT: Aye.
41
42
                   MR. BOYD: Mr. Chair.
43
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: No.
44
45
46
                   MR. BOYD: Three, three.
47
48
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: The motion dies --
49 amending motion, we now have the original motion in front
50 of us.
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Any more discussion on the original
  motion.
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4
                   (No comments)
6
7
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Again, I intend to
  support that for the reason that what I see is that the
  Regional Council has done their job. They put the time
10 and the effort into getting this proposal up for our
11 consideration and that's the reason I intend to vote for
12 the Regional Council recommendation, which is Option A.
13
14
                   MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman, for the
15 reasons that I previously stated I'm going to vote
16 against the motion. I do think that the reporting or
17 notification up front is an important factor and it's
18 consistent with how we approach this across the state and
19 we should maintain that approach.
20
21
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Further
22 discussion. We better go to another roll call vote here
23 Tom.
24
25
                   MR. BSCHOR: No.
26
27
                   MR. BOYD: Mr. Tony.
28
29
                   MR. TONY:
                              Yes.
30
31
                   MR. BOYD: Ms. Gottlieb.
32
33
                   MS. GOTTLIEB:
                                  No.
34
35
                   MR. BOYD: Mr. Edwards.
36
37
                   MR. EDWARDS: No.
38
39
                   MR. BOYD: Mr. Oviatt.
40
41
                   MR. OVIATT: No.
42
43
                   MR. BOYD: Mr. Chair.
44
45
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes.
46
                   MR. BOYD: Four, two. Yes, four. two the
47
48 motion fails. We move on to No. 19.
49
50
                   MR. CASIPIT: Thank you. Mr. Chair. My
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1 name is Calvin Casipit. I'm the subsistence Staff
2 biologist for the USDA Forest Service in Juneau. I'll be
3 presenting Proposal FP05-19, your Staff analysis starts
4 on Page 205 of your book.

5

I just wanted to preface, basically all
my presentations today, Proposal 19 -- actually all the
proposals except for, let me get this right, 28. 29 and
30 and 25 as well, was submitted by the Southeast
Regional Advisory Council, this effort began almost two
years ago when the Council identified some concerns with
the Southeast Alaska subsistence fisheries regulations
under Chairman Littlefield's direction. A subcommittee
was put together to work with Federal Staff to come up
with these proposals to try to clean up the Southeast
Alaska subsistence fisheries regulations for the Federal
program. Anyway, that was my preface for all these
similarly grouped proposals, and so I'll start from
there.

20 21

Proposal FP05-19 was submitted by the 22 Southeast Regional Advisory Council. It simplifies the 23 statewide list of legal gear to be more reflective of 24 gear use in subsistence salmon fisheries in the 25 Southeastern Alaska area.

26

The existing Federal regulations are shown on Page 2A of your book. Basically, again, this proposed regulation would reduce the statewide list of allowable gear to those gear types that are used in the freshwaters of the Southeastern Alaska area. The use of a gaff would be added and the following text on the top of Page 209 would be inserted into the Southeast Alaska area section.

35

The effect of this proposal would be to, 37 again, list the allowable gear in Southeast Alaska, and 38 that list of gear recognizes existing fishing practices 39 in the salmon fisheries in the Southeastern Alaska area. 40 This proposal would provide Federally-qualified 41 subsistence users with a clear concise direction on 42 allowable gear for subsistence salmon fishing. This 43 proposed regulation would not result in increased harvest 44 of salmon or change harvest patterns, it only identifies 45 existing practices of harvest. There is no conservation 46 concerns with adopting this proposal.

47

And that concludes my introduction and be 49 happy to answer any questions.

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CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF:
                                          Thank you.
  Written public comments.
                   DR. SCHROEDER: Mr. Chairman, we received
  no written public comments for this proposal.
7
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you.
  have no request for additional public testimony.
  Regional Council recommendation.
9
10
                   MR. LITTLEFIELD: Okay, thank you, Mr.
11
12 Chair. I believe I heard Mr. Casipit misstate something
13 there and maybe he could correct that. On Page 208 is
14 not restricted to salmon, that's subsistence, all
15 subsistence fishing includes herring, groundfish and
16 others, so that's why the Council took the action that it
17 did, to restrict to salmon and steelhead because they
18 were all covered. In other words, somebody might ask why
19 did we add steelhead in there, but this 208 was for all
20 subsistence fisheries, so we felt that we had the ability
21 to restrict that to salmon and steelhead.
22
23
                   And in our discussions, you know, like we
24 know the types of gear that are used for salmon and
25 steelhead and fyke nets or whatever they are, I don't
26 even know what they are, they're not used for salmon and
27 steelhead that I know of and no one else could come up
28 with them either, and we don't trawl for any of our
29 salmon or steelhead down there so we felt that we were
30 identifying all the gear that is customarily and
31 traditionally used in the subsistence fisheries for
32 salmon and steelhead and that's why we supported this
33 proposal, and the vote was 9/1 in favor.
34
35
                   Mr. Chair.
36
37
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you.
38 Committee.
39
40
                   MR. KESSLER: Mr. Chairman. Steve Kessler
41 again with the USDA Forest Service.
42
                   The recommendation of the Staff Committee
43
44 is on Page 206. The recommendation is to support the
45 proposal with modification consistent with the
46 recommendation of the Southeast Regional Advisory
47 Council. And the language is there on Page 206.
48
49
                   Regulation would modify the statewide
50 regulation by reducing the gear types available for
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1 salmon and steelhead fishing in Southeastern Alaska. The gear restriction recognizes subsistence fishing practices in the Southeastern Alaska area and would provide Federally-qualified users clear concise direction on allowable gear types. The proposed regulation would not increase the harvest of subsistence fish so therefore there is no conservation concern. 9 Mr. Chairman. 10 11 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you very 12 much. Department comments. 13 MS. SEE: Thank you, Mr. Chair. The 14 15 comment -- I meant to mention this earlier. The comment 16 package for the State's comments, this particular set of 17 comments appears on Page 9 and I'll just highlight some 18 of those points. The entire comment package is, in fact, 19 on the record by its submittal to the Office of 20 Subsistence Management. 21 The current list of allowable gear types 22 23 for Federal subsistence fishing is closely similar to the 24 State's list. Local fisheries managers currently 25 maintain flexibility to specify gear types in different 26 water sheds. This proposal then essentially represents a 27 divergence from the approach that's been taken with the 28 State, and that is really kind of at the heart of our 29 concern about this proposal. By deleting gear types from 30 the State-wide list then there's a divergent list that's 31 not the same as the State's list. We think that's really 32 unnecessary at this point in time because managers 33 continue to have flexibility to specify gear type by

34 areas and species.
35

We think that creates some complexity for users having to look at two different sets of lists that are not the same, and that that in general we try to avoid between the programs, is divergence in the regulations unless there's a good reason for it. One of the implications of that is that when we try to have things like joint permits it's further complicated, the more specific differences that are developed between the two programs.

45

We recognize that the proposal does
highlight the subsistence harvest under Federal
regulations are in freshwaters where some gear types are
not practical but so saying it seems inconsistent that
the proposed language in this proposal would include

1 gillnets which are not further defined. And in most of the waters under Federal regulations, gillnets are actually impractical to use, whereas in marine waters under State regulations drift gillnets account for more than 80 percent of the subsistence harvest in terminal areas, while set gillnets generally are not allowed. It appears that because this proposal 9 includes fewer gear types than in the State list, that it 10 would limit the options for Federally-qualified users. 11 The one additional gear type on the proposed Federal 12 list, and this is a difference in programs, it does exist 13 at this point in time, is that, the Federal provisions 14 include rod and reel. 15 16 So in summary, the proposal offers 17 substantially divergent and generally more restrictive 18 provisions in Federal regulations compared with State 19 subsistence regulations. We think that increases the 20 burden on the public to assess differences between the 21 State and Federal lists for subsistence fishing gear 22 types. So our conclusion -- or our recommendation is 23 that we do not support the proposal at this time. 24 25 Thank you. 26 27 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Board 28 discussion. 29 30 MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman, I guess I'd 31 just like to ask the State maybe to elaborate how do you 32 think that it might actually limit options of the 33 subsistence user? I mean what we heard from the Chairman 34 is that the methods that they laid out are the methods 35 that are used in freshwater, but there seems to be a view 36 that in fact they will be limiting. What other methods 37 would there be that should be included in this from the 38 State's perspective? 39 40 MS. SEE: Through the Chair. We don't 41 dispute the information provided by the Council about the 42 gear types that are customarily and traditionally used, 43 we noted that it appears to -- if someone were to compare 44 the list it would appear that the Federal list, if it's 45 so modified, would be more restrictive than the State, in 46 practice that may not be the case. 47 48 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes. 49 50

MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chair.

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CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes.
2
                   MS. GOTTLIEB: It seemed to me that the
  Council was doing real diligence in being self-regulating
  in kind of removing language that they felt was not
  appropriate but I would also assume that if there were
7
  changes in the future the Council would bring up other
  type of gear type that could be added back to the
9 regulation. So I thought it was a good idea to be
10 consistent with their traditional practices.
11
12
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Further
13 discussion.
14
15
                   (No comments)
16
17
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Is somebody
18 prepared to offer a motion?
19
20
                   MR. BSCHOR: I'm prepared to offer a
21 motion to adopt the proposal as modified by the Southeast
22 Regional Advisory Council.
23
24
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Is there a second.
25
26
                   MR. TONY: Second.
27
28
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: It's been moved
29 and seconded. Discussion.
30
31
                   (No comments)
32
33
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Hearing none, all
34 those in favor of the motion signify by saying aye.
35
36
                   IN UNISON: Aye.
37
38
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF:
                                          Those opposed.
39
40
                   (No opposing votes)
41
42
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Motion carries.
43
44
                   MR. CASIPIT: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
45 We'll be moving on to FP05-28. It's taken out of
46 numerical order simply to highlight the issue of
47 steelhead before we get into some of the other proposals
48 behind it that kind of tier to it. Your Staff analysis
49 begins on Page 210 of your Board book.
50
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Proposal FP05-28 was submitted by Mr. John Littlefield of Sitka. It would establish a subsistence season and harvest limit for steelhead in the Southeastern Alaska management area except for Prince of Wales Island where there is already an existing Federal subsistence fishery for that species. This proposal was submitted out of concern that rural residents of Southeast Alaska are 10 being denied the opportunity to harvest steelhead for 11 subsistence purposes except on Prince of Wales Island and 12 can no longer use steelhead as a source of fresh fish 13 during months when other salmon are unavailable. 14 proponent is concerned that the existing Federal 15 subsistence regulation is too restricted to Federally-16 qualified subsistence users. The existing Federal 17 regulations are the same as the current State 18 sportfishing regulations which provide minimum harvest 19 potential. 20 21 Through the Staff analysis you can see 22 the regulatory history beginning on Page 215. It talks 23 about Federal regulatory history as well and I won't 24 repeat any of that unless you have some questions after 25 my introduction. 26 27 For biological background, Table 1 in 28 your book that's shown on Page 218, Table 1 displays the 29 percentage breakout by length of steelhead sampled from 30 the Karta River, this is where we found that there's the 31 most amount of samples from that watershed. You'll 32 notice that 36 inch and larger is only about six tenths 33 of a percent of the population. 34 35 For harvest histories and subsistence 36 harvest, Table 2, that appears on Page 218 as well, 37 displays the results of household use surveys for 38 steelhead for various communities in Southeast excluding 39 Prince of Wales Island. I've put Yakutat on that list 40 even though this proposal wouldn't cover Yakutat. 41 Yakutat is included on that table to give you an idea of 42 comparison. Basically there has been a subsistence 43 steelhead fishery in the Yakutat area for several years, 44 and I just thought that would be good information for you 45 to have as comparison. 46 47 For other harvest, sport and commercial 48 harvest, I'll refer you to Table 3 on Page 219. That 49 displays the existing sportharvest and catch for the

50 species as well as the commercial harvest up until nearly

1 when the requirement for keeping track of that was eliminated. I also wanted to point out that the data in the sport catch columns for 1993 to 2002 exclude the Yakutat information. For years before that the Yakutat information is included. So to be more specific to 6 Southeast outside of Yakutat, you should probably pay 7 more attention to the 1993 and beyond figures as far as 8 existing sportharvest. 10 The effect of this proposal would be to 11 legalize the harvest of steelhead for the Southeastern 12 Alaska. It would have no effect on the existing Federal 13 subsistence steelhead on Prince of Wales Island. A year-14 round season could potentially expose fall run stocks to 15 overharvest and fall run steelhead stocks are generally 16 smaller and not as widely dispersed as spring run stocks. 17 Federal in-season managers still have the ability to 18 adjust regulations and close specific streams as needed 19 for conservation and to ensure the Federal subsistence 20 priority. 21 22 With that, I'd be happy to answer any 23 questions. 24 25 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. 26 Summary of written public comments. 27 DR. SCHROEDER: Mr. Chairman, we have no 29 written public comments for this proposal. 30 31 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: We have no 32 additional request for public testimony at this time. 33 Regional Council recommendation. 34 35 MR. LITTLEFIELD: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 36 The reason my name is on this is we simply ran out of 37 time at the previous meeting to have this as a Southeast 38 Regional Advisory Council proposal so I took it upon 39 myself to write these. I had several people in Southeast 40 who wanted these changed because they were being cited 41 for overlimits and they were also saying their needs were 42 not being met because they couldn't catch a 36 inch fish, 43 and I know that from personal testimony. 44 45 So anyway, you should all be well aware 46 of all the discussions that's gone on in the past years 47 over steelhead. We've had a proposal every year on 48 steelhead particularly on Prince of Wales, and the data 49 is similar. 50

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We did agree with the language that was
  fleshed out by the Staff. And that was one of the reason
  I just submitted this as a placeholder with the intent
  that Staff and ADF&G would come in with their comments.
  And we agree with what Staff has proposed, with the
  exception that the dates that they originally suggested,
  which I believe was March 1st -- yes, March 1st. And we
7
8 had testimony at the meeting from the people in the
  southern part of Southeast that said that they like to go
10 out in January but it's really nasty weather and we
11 agreed that anybody who wanted to go at that time to get
12 two steelhead was more than welcome to it. So that was
13 one of our recommendations that we changed. And this was
14 supported unanimously 8/0. And we've heard a lot of
15 information on this before, there's no conservation
16 concerns as far as we could see in the fishery. It
17 further recognizes an existing long-term subsistence
18 practice. The substantial evidence is strongly there,
19 lots of data that supports the actions that we took.
20 This is a benefit to subsistence users, and we don't see
21 the effect to other users that you may hear about, the
22 sportfishermen, but if there is any, the subsistence
23 users are the priority and the preference users of this
24 resource.
25
26
                   So with that, that's all I have, Mr.
27 Chair.
28
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Staff
29
30 Committee recommendation.
                   DR. SCHROEDER: Mr. Chair, I was unaware
32
33 at the time I said there were no written public comments,
34 it was brought to my attention that we did receive a
35 letter on December 20th from Rain Country Flyfishers, a
36 group in Juneau. Rain Country Flyfishers offer comments
37 on Proposals 28 and 30. The Rain Country Flyfishers wish
38 the Juneau road system be exempt from Proposals FP05-28
39 and FP05-30. And they state a number of reasons why they
40 believe this is the case.
41
42
                   These mainly have to do with the case of
43 rebounding of fish stocks in systems accessible to the
44 Juneau road system as well as potential pressure on these
45 stocks.
46
47
                   Thank you.
48
49
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Staff
50 Committee.
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MR. KESSLER: Mr. Chairman and Board members. The Interagency Staff Committee recommendation is on Page 213. The Staff Committee recommends that you support the proposal with modification consistent with the recommendation of the Southeast Regional Advisory Council. 8 The justification for the recommendation 9 is as follows: 10 Documented household harvest surveys 11 12 indicate that steelhead are being harvested in many areas 13 of Southeastern Alaska despite the very restrictive State 14 sportfishing regulations. Allowing subsistence steelhead 15 harvest through Southeast Alaska provide a legal 16 subsistence fishery opportunities to all Federally-17 qualified users in the region. 18 19 The proposed regulatory language is 20 generally consistent with those for Prince of Wales 21 Island. However, the harvest limits are less liberal 22 than those on Prince of Wales, which should reduce 23 potential conservation concerns. A total of seven fish 24 annually per household may be retained by subsistence 25 users on Prince of Wales Island while only two fish could 26 be harvested, that's for each household, elsewhere in 27 Southeast Alaska. While there is concern about very 28 small populations of steelhead in some stream systems, 29 this low annual harvest limit and the likelihood that 30 subsistence users would focus their efforts in streams 31 with the higher numbers of fish would reduce potential 32 conservation issues. 33 34 If this proposal is adopted, harvesting 35 steelhead would require a Federal permit and that would 36 provide data on harvest locations. Such information 37 would enable the manager to identify which streams may 38 need to be monitored more closely to evaluate the effects 39 of this fishery. If conservation concerns arise the 40 manager has the authority to limit harvest and provide 41 special protection to those systems. 42 43 I'd also like to point out to the Board 44 that as worded, this recommendation allows the use of 45 handline for taking steelhead and use of handline will be 46 considered further for salmon and steelhead in Proposal 47 FP05-20, which follows this proposal. 48 49 Thank you, Mr. Chair.

CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Department comments. MR. BOYLE: Yeah, the Department comments 5 are on our packet on Page 17 for this proposal. The creation of a regionwide subsistence fishery for steelhead rather than continuing fisheries based on 7 specific community customarily and traditional findings represents a step backwards in the application of the 10 ANILCA subsistence priority. 11 12 ANILCA does not authorize fishing that is 13 not customary and traditional. The harvest and usage 14 data available to the Board does not support a finding 15 that subsistence uses by all rural Southeast Alaska 16 residents for all steelhead stocks in Southeast Alaska is 17 customary and traditional. While the Board's initial 18 regionwide findings for stock and populations may have 19 been understandable as a way of not precluding some 20 customary and traditional uses, now, that community 21 specific findings have been adopted, there's no legal or 22 factual justification for a regionwide subsistence 23 fishery in this case. 24 25 The Department supports providing 26 subsistence harvest opportunity for steelhead where the 27 uses are part of a traditional and customary pattern and 28 where stocks can support the harvest. Proposals focusing 29 on specific areas and drainages where there is a question 30 regarding harvest opportunity would be more properly 31 addressed with specific stock and subsistence harvest 32 assessment concerns. This would help provide a basis for 33 a project request for cooperative research and local 34 involvement in the areas of concerns. The resulting 35 information would then be directly useful in crafting 36 regulatory provisions that address customary and 37 traditional use patterns, conservation concerns and other 38 uses where harvestable surplus is sufficient. 39 40 The Department has several concerns with 41 this proposal. These include conservation concerns for 42 small spring and fall steelhead stocks. Lack of current 43 data to evaluate the impacts on the stocks if this 44 proposal is adopted. And the broad geographic scale of 45 the proposal. Most steelhead stocks in the region are 46 small with 205 of the 271 known systems to have an 47 estimated annual escapements of 100 or fewer adults. So 48 this raises conservation concerns with a stock which

49 would be suspectible declines with overharvest.

Following an extensive literature review, consultation with researchers from West Coast states and British Columbia and an extensive public review process, the Alaska Board of Fisheries substantially restricted the harvest of Southeast sportfishery to rebuild the steelhead stocks in Southeast. Prior to the 1994 regulatory restrictions, sportfishing harvest regulations were associated with the declines in the steelhead populations. The regional harvest potential that would be created for steelhead under the proposed regulations is a concern because we know from the recent past that overharvesting can occur.

13

Now, all this information about the 15 State's regulatory history on these Southeast steelhead 16 conservation regulations are in that packet that Mr. Boyd 17 had mentioned earlier, of the regulatory history and 18 stock, status of trout in Southeast Alaska.

19 20

We note the modified proposal would have a season starting date of January 1, which would expose fall stocks to harvest. Fall steelhead stocks are more susceptible to overharvest than spring stocks because the fish hold in the freshwater longer, maybe six to eight months. Also fall stocks occur in only a handful of streams in Southeast Alaska and they are known to have fewer number of spawners in spring steelhead stocks, as Mr. Casipit noted.

29

30 This proposal's effect on small steelhead 31 stocks is especially important because few stocks 32 numbering more than 200 fish are known to occur in 33 Southeast outside of Prince of Wales. The lack of data 34 for steelhead harvest and stocks outside of that area is 35 a concern. In addition to the current Prince of Wales 36 steelhead fishery there's new information from the 37 respondent survey that was conducted by the Department of 38 Fish and Game Subsistence Division, it calls into the 39 question of validity of using the Federal subsistence 40 steelhead permits to assess what the subsistence harvest 41 is on Prince of Wales. The study concluded that the 42 actual harvest of steelhead is greater than the number 43 reported on the permits and this suggests that the new 44 regulations that the Board adopted may not be providing 45 the benefit of improved harvest reporting that was 46 originally intended. This heightens our concerns for 47 both the existing Prince of Wales subsistence steelhead 48 fishery and for the expansive scope of this proposal. It 49 would be problematic to assess and manage harvest of a 50 regionwide steelhead subsistence fishery without first

addressing these harvest assessment issues that have come to light in Prince of Wales Island. Federal and State Staff both previously voiced concerns for fall stocks, small spring steelhead 6 stocks and did not support fishing regimes that substantially liberalized opportunity without having 7 8 better harvest information and stock assessment data. The analysis fails to explain what new information now 10 exists that suggests these stocks can support 11 substantially liberalized opportunity on a regionwide 12 basis. 13 14 We remain concerned that this proposal 15 does not assure that small stocks and fall stocks will be 16 protected from overharvest, and we have some additional 17 comments from the Department of Law. 18 19 Thank you, Mr. Chair. 2.0 21 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Go ahead. Who's 22 going to do that? 23 24 MR. NELSON: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. My 25 name is Lance Nelson. I'm an assistant attorney general 26 with the Attorney General's Office here in Anchorage. 27 My comments address more than -- well, 29 they don't focus on the specific provisions of this 30 proposal, rather, they address statements and some sort 31 of what would be premises about this proposal, Proposal 32 28, Proposal 29 and Proposal 30, statements that imply 33 that all non-subsistence uses must be eliminated before 34 imposing any kind of restriction on subsistence uses. 35 That's an issue that's come up a lot of times before the 36 Board of Fisheries and the Board of Game. 37 38 And the answer to that question really 39 depends on the specific factual circumstances 40 particularly when the stocks involve cover a large 41 geographic area or are spread among a number of streams. 42 43 ANILCA does not require and we basically 44 have the same kind of statutory requirement under the 45 State subsistence requirement as you do under ANILCA for 46 a preference priority for subsistence. ANILCA does not 47 require that all non-subsistence uses be eliminated 48 before subsistence uses are restricted in any way. 49 ANILCA requires that customary and traditional 50 subsistence uses be given a meaningful preference. The

1 Federal Subsistence Board certainly has the authority to
2 identify customary and traditional subsistence uses of
3 fish and wildlife by rural Alaska residents on Federal
4 public lands, and open seasons and set bag limits that
5 provide for those uses. As long as qualified subsistence
6 users have a meaningful opportunity to harvest at
7 customary levels then other uses for commercial and
8 recreational uses are clearly authorized and arguably
9 even mandated by ANILCA as explained in the Ninilchik
10 Traditional Council Decision in the Ninth Circuit.

11 12

That authority is clearly reflected in 13 the many Federal subsistence hunting and fishing 14 regulations throughout the state that set seasons and bag 15 limits on stocks and populations that are also being 16 harvested for sport, personal use, and commercial uses.

17 18

18 Closures of some particular areas to 19 steelhead subsistence harvest do not necessarily require 20 closure of non-subsistence uses.

21

The Federal Subsistence Board must
a examine the data and if it finds that even with the
closures of particular streams to subsistence fishing the
residents with customary and traditional use of stocks
still have a meaningful opportunity to harvest their
expected subsistence needs and non-subsistence uses may
still occur under ANILCA, otherwise closures of those
non-subsistence uses would be arbitrary and capricious in
that they would be imposed without furthering any of
ANILCA's pro-subsistence legislative purposes and would
arguably be inhibiting one or more of its other purposes.

33

On the other hand, if the Federal
Subsistence Board finds that stream closures will mean
that subsistence users will not have a meaningful
poportunity to harvest expected subsistence needs, then
therefore non-subsistence uses must be restricted until a
meaningful opportunity is assured.

40

In this case, the best available data 42 indicates that streams may be closed to Federal 43 subsistence fishing without any significant impact on 44 Federally-qualified subsistence user harvest and the 45 ability to meet expected subsistence needs. Closures are 46 not expected to result in any subsistence users not 47 having a meaningful opportunity to meet their subsistence 48 needs. This kind of measure would certainly be 49 consistent with conservation goals of ANILCA as explained 50 in the Ninilchik Decision. The best available

information also indicates that continued catch and release fishing in some areas will generally not have any significant impact on either expected subsistence uses or the conservation of the stocks involved. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 7 MS. SEE: Mr. Chair, we also note that we have Staff here from the Southeast Sportfisheries Offices 10 who are quite expert in these steelhead issues and 11 they're certainly available to help answer any questions 12 you may have. 13 14 Thank you. 15 16 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: I'm sure if 17 questions do up we'll let you and your team, you can 18 designate who we need to have talk. 19 20 At this time I think we're needing a 21 break, so we'll go ahead and take a break. 22 23 (Off record) 24 25 (On record) 26 27 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay, we're going 28 to go ahead and call back to order. As we begin 29 deliberations, and on the first proposal we considered, I 30 just want to point out that we did not respond to the 31 three criteria that we have to respond to in order to 32 reject a Regional Council recommendation. 33 And while I personally did diligence and 35 I didn't see a reason personally, that's not good enough, 36 we have to keep ourselves in line to build that record on 37 why we're going to go against a Regional Council 38 recommendation. So I encourage all of us to get the 39 three criteria in front of us and take a careful close 40 look at them formally on the record, we have to do that, 41 that's the law. 42 43 Then also I know that there are a lot of 44 people who traveled extensively yesterday and I could 45 tell by this morning, the nodding heads, and I know 46 personally I was up early this morning after traveling 47 in, we're going to go to 4:00 o'clock today, period, 48 that's it, and we'll pick it up in the morning on 49 schedule. So those of you who live here and got your 50 normal rest, you get a little bit of a bonus anyway, and

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those of us and I know I'm not the only one in this room
  that needs the rest, we will get off at 4:00 o'clock, and
  if anybody has a problem with that, they'll have to
  answer to the gavel and the gavel is not in a good mood.
                   Okay, so with that, let's go ahead and
7 begin the discussion on Proposal 28, we've advanced to
8 Board discussion at this point. Anybody have anything.
10
                   Gary.
11
                   MR. EDWARDS: Yeah, Mr. Chairman, I have
12
13 several questions. I'll ask a few of them and then let
14 somebody else ask some questions. But these are, first
15 of all, to Staff.
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                   On Page 220 where we talk about the
18 effects of the proposal, it's sort of at least implies
19 that a year-round season could potentially expose fall
20 run stocks to overharvest. And in reading that it could
21 imply that there could be a conservation concern with
22 these fall run stocks; could you elaborate a little more
23 on how much we think that impact might be and if, in
24 fact, it could be a conservation issue?
25
26
                   MR. CASIPIT: Through the Chair. Mr.
27 Edwards. The reason that's in there is because of that,
28 we were concerned as Staff with the year-round season,
29 especially in terms of the fall stocks.
30
31
                  MR. EDWARDS: Okay. But what's being
32 proposed is not a year-round season, right?
                  MR. CASIPIT: Correct. The Council has
35 proposed January to the end of May season.
36
37
                   MR. EDWARDS: And we think that would
38 provide sufficient protection to fall run fish?
39
40
                   MR. CASIPIT: Well, with a January 1
41 start date you would be harvesting some fall fish,
42 however, as Mr. Littlefield alluded to, quite frankly
43 there's just not a whole lot of people out there fishing
44 for steelhead in January, it is just nasty weather,
45 you're breaking ice. I don't think there's going to be a
46 whole lot of people taking advantage of a January 1 start
47 date.
48
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                  MR. EDWARDS: Then my second question is
50 that if you look at the proposed regulation, the last
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1 sentence, both which the Council is recommending is that
2 the permit conditions and systems to receive special
  protection will be determined by the local Federal
  fishery manager in consultation with ADF&G. Could you
  elaborate on how you see that process working? Have we
  already started that process to look at it, and it's my
  understanding there's some 271 steelhead streams
7
  throughout that area, have we started looking at those
  271 and starting to draw some conclusions and how will
10 this consultation process with the State take place and
11 how do you see all this thing playing out?
12
13
                  MR. CASIPIT: Thank you, Mr. Edwards,
14 through the Chair. Very similar to what we've done for
15 Prince of Wales Island. Unfortunately Jeff isn't here,
16 but, you know, before each season he gets together with
17 the State and the affected Council people and talks about
18 which streams will be restricted by permits and which
19 ones will be open under the regulation and that's done
20 kind of as a consultation process before the season
21 begins. So I expect that if the Board did approve this
22 regulation, that we would begin -- or our local managers
23 would begin the consultation process as soon as possible
24 after the regulation is approved.
25
26
                  MR. EDWARDS: On Prince of Wales, has
27 that resulted in folks coming to the conclusions that
28 some streams need to be closed?
                  MR. CASIPIT: Correct. Approximately 21
31 road accessible streams were closed by permit condition
32 last year in the spring fishery.
34
                  MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman, I have some
35 other questions but I'll wait for another turn.
36
37
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Anybody else have
38 anything. Yes, Doug.
39
40
                  MR. MECUM: Yes, thank you, Mr. Chair.
41 One of the things that was said earlier peaked my
42 interest and that was that the permitting system on the
43 Prince of Wales Island had some problems, sounded like
44 some under counting or biased to the subsistence permit
45 system. I was just wondering if someone could quantify
46 for me the nature and extent of the problem and why it
47 was occurring?
48
49
                  CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Cal.
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MR. CASIPIT: Thank you, Mr. Mecum, Through the Chair. The blanket statement of the permit system not working on Prince of Wales Island, I think --I don't think that's a fair statement. I think for the most part the permit system is working for most of the communities on Prince of Wales Island. There may be a couple communities where folks believe flat out that they 7 8 don't need to get permits, they never did, they never will and they aren't going to get permits, no matter 10 what. And no matter what we do, neither rescinding the 11 regulation or putting another regulation -- that isn't 12 going to change. The harvest is going to still continue 13 from these communities because these communities have 14 been harvesting for many, many years, they'll continue to 15 harvest, and they flat out don't agree that they should 16 have to get permits. And I don't know what we can do 17 about that, they don't get State permits, they don't get 18 Federal permits.

19 20

CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Follow up.

21 22

MR. MECUM: Yes, I do, thank you, Mr.

23 Chair. The second part of my question was, could you

24 quantify to me the nature or the extent of the problem,

25 is there any way to evaluate what the extent of that

26 under-reporting or permit non-compliance is resulting in?

27 28

CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Cal.

29

MR. CASIPIT: Well, Mike Turek is doing 31 some work through an FIS project that we funded him for. 32 I know he's still got some work to do on that and get a 33 final report out, but hopefully that will point us in the 34 right direction and give us more information. And 35 unfortunately Jeff Reeves isn't here today to answer that 36 question specifically but I think it's on the order of, 37 you know, 200, 300 fish that probably aren't being 38 reported. I don't know, that's my guess.

39

CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: I think also,
41 Doug, if I might follow up a little bit with that. It's
42 been my somewhat more than casual observation, I've said
43 it, I know many times in this forum as well as in the
44 State Board forum, if the people don't buy into the
45 regulations it's just not going to -- you know, you don't
46 get a whole lot of participation in terms of complying
47 with that. And sometimes it's our job, at least, our job
48 as I look at it right now as a regulator, that's why we
49 always try to do diligence to make sure that the local
50 people are in that process because that's where you get

the full compliance, and when the locals are in then life is good. MR. MECUM: Mr. Chair, if I could. understand that, and I agree with you completely. I guess where I was kind of heading towards this, I'm sure other people have questions, there are some practical 7 8 implementation problems, for whatever the reason, with respect to the Prince of Wales steelhead fishery, and if 10 you think about steelhead in Southeast, the rest of 11 Southeast Alaska where you're talking about orders of 12 magnitude more streams, and also all Federally-qualified 13 users being able to participate in those fisheries as 14 opposed to just Prince of Wales Island residents 15 participating in the subsistence fishery on Prince of 16 Wales Island, those implementation problems are going to 17 be magnified and I was just trying to get some idea of 18 the extent of the problem. 19 20 Thank you. 21 22 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Let me say this, 23 too, Doug, we have really done well in the last few 24 years, and I'm talking about the State as well as the 25 Feds in working with the locals, and we have solved some 26 real thorny issues. But you know, that's just one of 27 them, and I think Cal put it just straight out and it 28 just may be an area where we need to do some of that 29 work. But we've been really successful in the last few 30 years, but it's been a cooperative deal between the State 31 and our program with the locals. 32 33 Okay, anybody else. 34 Okay, go ahead, Paul. 35 36 37 MR. TONY: Mr. Chairman. Just a comment, 38 I heard the gentleman from the State use the word 39 reasonable opportunity, and I'd just like to comment that 40 right now the regulations for steelhead, that steelhead 41 must be 36 inches long in order to be retained and my 42 understanding is that that represents about less than one 43 percent of the Southeast steelhead, and I'm talking about 44 outside if Prince of Wales Island. And I was just 45 thinking, you know, less than one percent, if all the

46 yuppie lawyers that shop at Sagaya's market had less than 47 one percent chance of getting food when they went there,

48 you know, they probably wouldn't consider that a

49 reasonable opportunity.

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CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Spoken like a true
  yuppie lawyer.
4
                   (Laughter)
5
6
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Anybody else.
7
8
                   Gary.
9
10 MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman, in following 11 along to what Mr. Mecum said, it's my understanding that
12 based upon traditional use, the Prince of Wales steelhead
13 fishery, is only available for residents of Prince of
14 Wales. But what we are proposing here would be then for
15 all the other 200 and some streams, they would be open to
16 any rural resident in Southeast. And I guess it kind of
17 brings me to in reading this letter from the Rain Country
18 Fly Fishers, and first when I read it I was trying to
19 say, well, why are they concerned, you know, because
20 they're in Juneau and they're concerned about the streams
21 around those, but I guess why they would be concerned is
22 this action would allow somebody from Sitka or whatever
23 visiting relatives in Juneau, while they're there to go
24 out and subsistence fish those streams; would that be
25 correct, or would we, through the permitting process
26 actually close those streams in the Juneau area so they
27 wouldn't be suspectible to that increased pressure?
28
29
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Cal.
30
31
                   MR. CASIPIT: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
32 Edwards. I guess I would be -- either way. I mean the
33 Board could prohibit -- or not allow the increased
34 opportunity in the Juneau road system or we could do it
35 through permit stipulation, either way works.
36
37
                   The other issue that you made of all
38 rural residents being able to fish in Southeast outside
39 of Prince of Wales, that isn't -- we do have specific
40 C&Ts around communities like Sitka, Hoonah, Kake, we've
41 got specific ones around Petersburg and Wrangell now
42 after your actions you took last year, so there are areas
43 of specific C&Ts for specific communities and that's
44 displayed in your -- unfortunately Appendix A didn't make
45 it into the book but it is in your supplemental materials
46 that's in your blue folder. And I think it's called
47 Appendix A or something like that. And that displays the
48 existing C&Ts for Southeast -- oh, man, I should have
49 brought that map that Larson made. But anyway, but the
50 descriptions there are there.
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MR. EDWARDS: Okay, so my understanding 2 then there are around many of these villages, towns, and all that, there would be restrictions, but for example, an area such as Juneau, unless otherwise closed through the permitting process would be open to any rural resident throughout the Southeast including Prince of 7 Wales? DR. SCHROEDER: Through the Chair. Mr. 10 Edwards. As you know, from other proposal discussions, 11 Southeast has a patchwork of customary and traditional 12 use determinations which cover most of the map of 13 Southeast, and so in those areas, specific communities 14 have customary and traditional use of trout in the areas 15 where customary and traditional use determinations have 16 been made. 17 18 There are other parts of Southeast where 19 those haven't been made, and so the Juneau roaded area 20 and some portions of waterways along Steven's Passage, 21 for example, would be examples where there are no C&Ts on 22 the books, so those would be potentially open to all 23 rural residents. 24 25 Some of these areas are real close, as 26 the written public comment notes, the Juneau road system 27 would be areas that would be really easily accessible. 28 Other areas with no C&T determinations on the books would 29 be really remote and seldom visited at all. 30 So I think we have that range of 31 32 territory that we'd be talking about. 33 34 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. John. 35 36 MR. LITTLEFIELD: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 37 I guess I have to go into my -- I was reminded I should 38 go into my preposterous speech, but I do want to say a 39 couple things about it. If anybody thinks I'm going to 40 go to Juneau for one steelhead a day, you know, under the 41 guise of subsistence fishing or anybody else from Hoonah 42 or any place else, that is preposterous. We're not going 43 to do that. Subsistence is an economy of scale and 44 money, and you want to do it in your own backyard, that's 45 what it's all about. 46 47 So that's kind of a sky is falling 48 defense that we're all going to come over and evade 49 Juneau and take their fish, that's not going to happen. 50

UNIDENTIFIED VOICE: Better not. 2 MR. LITTLEFIELD: Better not, okay. Okay, when we're talking about -- earlier, reasonable opportunity came up, I want to address that too. Federal subsistence doesn't talk about that, it talks about meaningful priority and preference. And what this 7 proposal does is actually establishes that because the 36 inch that's on the books right now is not at all 10 meaningful, it's preposterous, again, I should say. 11 12 Another comment on the State, was that we 13 not look at this as a regionwide basis. Now, in our 14 book, if you look at our book we talk about 331 streams, 15 they're talking about 271, I believe that's the Yakutat 16 difference. But whatever. To expect us to submit 271 17 proposals on a stream basis and have you guys debate them 18 doesn't make any sense. What this is is a regionwide 19 proposal with a possession limit of one and an annual 20 limit of two on all the streams area-wide. And as Mr. 21 Edwards said, the last sentence in here is one of the key 22 parts of this, and it says the permit conditions and 23 systems to receive special protection will be determined 24 by the local Federal fisheries manager in consultation 25 with ADF&G. And I might add in there, they will also 26 consult with the Council member who is nearest to that 27 stream or system as well as consult with me, and we are 28 not going to stand in the way of any conservation 29 concerns if they're documented to us that there are 30 conservation concerns, every one of us will be right on 31 board, we will agree, close those streams, it's the right 32 thing to do. The protection is there. 33 34 But I think it's a little disingenuous to 35 say that we need to do the 331 streams stream by stream, 36 that just can't happen. If there's a problem let the 37 Federal manager know about it, they'll get a hold of us 38 and if it makes sense, nobody's going to stand in their 39 way. We had two fall fisheries this year, one at Waite 40 Creek (ph) and Dog Salmon Creek on Prince of Wales Island 41 which were proposed for closure and during our 42 discussion, Mr. Douville from Prince of Wales Island as 43 well as myself were involved with several State people 44 and several Federal people, and during the discussions we 45 talked about the catch and release mortality. The State 46 was unwilling to close their catch and release fishery 47 before we -- in other words our stand was if you're going 48 to impose a restriction on the people of Prince of Wales

49 Island in these streams on the subsistence use and

50 priority, it is impossible to leave a known mortality in

1 a catch and release fishery there on the books, because we know we're killing fish at the same time we're telling the subsistence user that they can't take a fish home to eat. So during the discussion of those two streams, we basically -- Mr. Douville and I both said that we would not recommend approval of anything, any closures to those streams and we're going to hold to this on the summer 7 stocks as well unless the State first closes the catch and release fishery which is a known mortality. 10

And perhaps that's where this Department 12 of Law came into this because that is not a meaningful 13 preference when you're allowing other people to kill fish 14 and you're restricting subsistence users.

15 16

11

So I just wanted to talk about those and, 17 again, remind you that this proposal provides true 18 meaningful preference for the residents of Southeast 19 Alaska to catch a fish and take it home to eat, we're not 20 talking 10 fish, we're talking one a day, and I'm not 21 going to Juneau to catch that one fish.

22 23

Thank you, Mr. Chair.

24 25

MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chair.

26 27

CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes.

28

29 MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Littlefield, that does 30 seem to me that this, as proposed, this proposal would 31 actually do what you just said, it would allow streams to 32 be closed to subsistence use while still remain open for 33 sportfishing under the catch and release 36 inch size 34 limit, right?

35

MR. LITTLEFIELD: If you'll look at the 36 37 last sentence, it says, the permit conditions -- I don't 38 want to read it again, but what it says is that they're 39 going to consult with the ADF&G and the land manager and 40 the Council Chair and the member -- it doesn't say that, 41 but we have this in under sections where they're going to 42 get a hold of the Council Chair, we made that very clear 43 at the meeting, that we expect to be notified, and we're 44 not going to buy off on it as long as there's a catch and 45 release fishery. So the answer is no, we're not going to 46 agree to it. We don't think that a five percent morality 47 and when you add up the tens of thousands of fish that 48 are taken and take that five percent mortality and you 49 won't let a person take one home to eat, that's not a 50 priority or preference. So in our opinion the answer is

1 no, there cannot be a catch and release fishery when you're applying subsistence restrictions on the rural residents. MR. EDWARDS: Philosophically, I guess I don't disagree with you. I don't think that that's what 7 this says, and won't necessarily accomplish that. MR. LITTLEFIELD: Mr. Edwards, through 10 the Chair. The land manager in Southeast Alaska is the 11 United States Forest Service, and I believe we have a 12 good rapport with them and we're kept well informed. So 13 far I've been able to trust them and they've worked with 14 us and they're the ones that have to apply these 15 restrictions. So unless they decide not to go along with 16 the Council Chair and the Council member in the area 17 says, that hasn't happened yet, so I'm going to say is 18 how it's going to work is we're going to close those 19 fisheries before we agree to it. 20 21 MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chair. 22 23 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes. 24 25 MS. GOTTLIEB: Well, I'm glad to hear 26 that we've clarified that the RAC or the most local 27 member of the RAC would be involved in any of these 28 decisions because it's not spelled out in writing but I 29 know that really was the intent. And I really think that 30 the Board and the land managing agencies and the RACs and 31 the State have come a really long way since our initial 32 discussions on steelhead issues in Southeast Alaska, and 33 I think we have a pretty good, proven, now, track record 34 of working together, and I believe that this short season 35 and small take would not have any conservation concerns. 36 And I do believe that working together, streams of 37 concerns would be identified and properly taken care of. 38 39 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Further 40 discussion. 41 42 Gary. 43 44 MR. EDWARDS: Well, Mr. Chairman, I guess 45 where I'm trying to wrap my mind around this, I mean I 46 think everybody concurs and certainly in my discussions 47 with the State that the current regulations do not 48 provide a meaningful preference. I don't think -- it 49 seems to me that that's not up for debate, so that's 50 something that needs to be addressed.

I think there's also a view that not all 2 of these 271 streams should probably be fished, either by subsistence users or by sportfishermen. I mean my 4 personal view is that probably a bunch of them need to be closed. There's probably a bunch of them that nobody 6 really gets to and ever fishes and so maybe they're not the issue. I'm just trying to understand, and that's why 8 I asked the Forest Service earlier how they saw this process playing out because I'm not sure, if you're 10 suggesting that the Forest Service, if they felt that 11 they needed to close a stream to subsistence users that 12 they would arbitrarily then close it to all use or would 13 there be an expectation that the State then would have to 14 follow suit through their regulatory process. I'm just 15 trying to understand how this is all actually going to 16 work on the ground. 17 18 And I guess the last thing is I guess I'm 19 not totally convinced that there aren't people in the 20 Southeast who are visiting relatives in Juneau who would 21 like to fish are going to take advantage of the 22 opportunity. I guess I would but maybe they're more 23 scrupulous than I. 24 25 MR. LITTLEFIELD: You were looking at me, 26 maybe I'd like to hand this off to Mr. Ustasiewski and 27 get his opinion, he's the lawyer on this, and maybe he 28 could counter the State's lawyer or agree with him or 29 whatever he wants to do. I'm not a lawyer. But when I 30 look at ANILCA, and it says there's a clear priority and 31 preference, I interpret that to mean that priority and 32 preference cannot exist when you have a closure to 33 subsistence users and you're allowing sportfishermen or 34 commercial fishermen to be there. I can't interpret 35 ANILCA that way, and perhaps Mr. Goltz or Mr. Ustasiewski 36 could answer this and put it in legal terms. MR. GOLTZ: The legal term is meaningful 39 preference, and I agree with Lance that that's going to 40 depend on the individual context. 42 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Any other 43 questions, comments. 44 45 Yes, Doug. 46 47 MR. MECUM: Thank you, Mr. Chair. I was 48 wondering if I could direct a question to the Forest 49 Service. I guess I'm a little bit uncomfortable with --50 let me back up, I agree on the question of meaningful

preference not being provided in some context, and that's the intent of the proposal. Where I'm having difficulty with is, again, like Gary, getting my hands around how we're actually going to implement this. And if we're going to go -- the Forest Service is going to come to us and consult with us and then their decisions can somehow be vetoed by, you know, one person, even if it is the Regional Council Chair, I'm not sure that that's really a meaningful consultation process.

10

It seems like the entire Regional Council 12 ought to be involved, in looking at the kind of steelhead 13 trout management plan that the Forest Service and the 14 Department -- or Fish and Game are coming up with.

15 16

That would just be my kind of approach to 17 it. So what is the Forest Service's plan for doing this 18 consultation, is my question?

19

MR. CASIPIT: Mr. Chair. Mr. Mecum. The 21 way I see this working out is the way it's worked out in 22 the past for Prince of Wales Island, again, before the 23 season starts, the local manager sits down with the 24 State, with the Council members, and through a 25 collaborative process decides which streams are going to 26 get additional protection and which ones are going to 27 fall under this regulation.

28 29

To say that one group is going to have a 30 veto over the other or what have you, that's just not the 31 way it's happened.

32

The way it has happened is that folks get 34 together and they agree or disagree and a decision is 35 made but, you know, the decision is accepted by all the 36 participants, I think. I mean I haven't heard where 37 there's been a great disagreement over closures or not 38 doing a closure or what have you. I haven't seen it 39 happen yet.

40

MR. BSCHOR: I think I'd like to make a 42 comment, Mr. Chair, on that point, and maybe I ought to 43 defer to my attorney here. But it seems to me that the 44 delegated authority to the in-season manager is where it 45 stops. The in-season manager needs to consult as much as 46 possible to make the best decision, but I don't think 47 that the in-season manager can defer to someone else 48 outside the Forest Service to make a decision for he or 49 she.

CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Keith. MR. GOLTZ: Yeah, I'd like to second that. This is a Federal system. The decisions are made by Federal managers. The Federal manager can consult with the State without restriction, it can consult with other experts, but that Federal decision is not vetoed by anyone else, it has to be fully Federal otherwise we run 9 into FACA concerns. 10 11 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: I'm not sure who 12 had their hand up first, John or Doug -- Doug, okay, go 13 ahead. 14 15 MR. MECUM: Thank you. I just had a 16 follow up. That's certainly more comfortable, you know, 17 having that information in front of us. 18 19 I guess just one question then, are there 20 streams on Prince of Wales Island that are closed to 21 subsistence fishing through this consultative process 22 that the Federal land manger makes the final decision on? 23 Are there streams that are closed to subsistence fishing 24 but that are open to catch and release sportfishing? 25 26 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: 27 MR. CASIPIT: Last spring 21 streams were 28 29 restricted in that only two fish greater than 36 inches 30 could be kept by subsistence users, which is exactly the 31 same as the sportfish regulation. 32 33 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. 34 35 MR. LITTLEFIELD: I want to concur with 36 everybody else. 37 38 (Laughter) 39 40 MR. LITTLEFIELD: I'm giving 41 recommendations to the Federal land manager as well as 42 the Council member because I know what my Council said in 43 September and they were adamant about it, that they want 44 to be consulted. And as a matter of fact, we demanded 45 that, that we be consulted, it doesn't mean you have to 46 take our directions, we're just going to tell that land 47 manager exactly what we think is correct in the best 48 interest of the subsistence users. And so we're not 49 directing to do anything. On Prince of Wales Island, 50 Greg Killinger calls the shots. We tell him what we

think, the State tells him what they think, he reads ANILCA and his own regs, and the Forest Service, and makes his decisions, not me, or anybody else. I want to make that clear, I second, third and fourth whatever's going on, so that's clear to everybody.

And I want to read .802 again, so that everybody understands what we're talking about here. I didn't dream up this priority and preference.

It says, quote:

The non-wasteful subsistence uses of fish and wildlife and other renewable resources shall be the priority consumptive use of all such resources on the public lands of Alaska.

When it is necessary to restrict the taking to assure the continued viability of a fish or wildlife population or the continuation of subsistence uses of such population, the taking of such population for non-wasteful subsistence uses shall be given preference on the public lands over other consumptive uses.

Now, you can call that personal use, 29 sport use, commercial, anything you want, subsistence 30 cannot be curtailed and be a priority. I mean to me it's 31 a clear reading of Title VIII, and Mr. Goltz is busy 32 having his sidebar right now but I think that's clear. 33 And I don't know if that was clear with his answer, but 34 that's the way I read Title VIII and I think it's clear 35 in its reading, that it is priority over all other 36 consumptive users.

Mr. Chair.

40 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. I was 41 talking with legal Counsel about a point to see if this 42 process would cause FACA problems, and maybe just for the 43 record that we just might have Counsel, either one or 44 both, you know, discuss that, that we did discuss it 45 because it just came to be a concern to me. If you don't 46 mind Keith or Jim.

48 MR. GOLTZ: FACA is a concern, I think we 49 probably can work through this though if it's clear that 50 the managers should work with either Jim or I on this.

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CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Ralph.
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                   MR. LOHSE: Mr. Chair. I'd just like to
  say something in agreement with what John was saying
  before, and if I'm wrong in what I say I hope John will
  correct me.
                   He's saying that he's consulting with the
9 Forest Service management, and that if the Forest
10 Management decides to leave a stream open that still has
11 another fishery on it, the Council members weren't going
12 to agree to it, they have the right not to agree to it,
13 they can't stop him from what the decision he wants to
14 make, but they have the right not to buy off on it, not
15 to agree with it.
16
17
                   That's just a statement. That's just a
18 statement of what they think. That's not making
19 regulation. And I think that's what you meant, wasn't it
20 John, that basically if they do something like that you
21 can't agree to it on principle.
22
23
                   MR. LITTLEFIELD: We won't agree to it.
24
25
                   MR. LOHSE: And won't agree to it on
26 principle.
27
28
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay. Further
29 discussion.
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31
                   MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chair.
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33
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes.
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                   MS. GOTTLIEB: Having said or heard all
36 of this, it certainly sounds like Forest Service and
37 State and other managers and the Council have worked
38 really hard to arrive at consensus for as many different
39 streams or issues as possible. And so good vigorous
40 discussion is great but it sounds like you've been very
41 successful for the most part in pleasing as many people
42 as possible.
43
44
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Further
45 discussion.
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                   MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman.
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Gary.
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MR. EDWARDS: I'm just sort of trying to
2 understand here when you explain to me that you do have
  some areas that are only available for local residents to
  fish Prince Williams -- I mean you named a few others --
5 now, this proposal then still maintains that in place; is
  that correct, does it need to specifically say that or
  does it imply that or what?
7
                   DR. SCHROEDER: Through the Chair. Mr.
10 Edwards. Where we have a sustained customary and
11 traditional use determinations for steelhead trout, only
12 those communities with that recognized use can harvest
13 steelhead trout in those areas. So those C&T
14 determinations aren't -- would not be affected in any way
15 by your Board action on this proposal.
16
17
                   MR. EDWARDS: And so for those C&T folks,
18 that would remove the restriction of the 36 inch and
19 allow them to take the one fish a day plus two for the
20 season?
21
22
                   DR. SCHROEDER: That's my understanding,
23 Mr. Edwards. Just maybe to have a concrete example about
24 this -- around this would be, earlier we talked about
25 Hoonah's recognized customary and traditional use in
26 Subdistricts 14-B and 14-C, I believe that Hoonah has
27 customary and traditional use of trout in those
28 subdistricts. If action on this proposal as written
29 would recognize Hoonah's use of steelhead trout in those
30 areas. Someone from Sitka could not subsistence fish for
31 steelhead trout in that customary and traditional use
32 area of Hoonah.
33
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Further
35 discussion.
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37
                   (No comments)
38
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Are we ready for a
39
40 motion or is somebody prepared to offer one?
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42
                  MR. BSCHOR: I'm prepared to offer a
43 motion to accept the proposal with modification
44 consistent with the recommendation of the Southeast
45 Regional Advisory Council.
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: There is a motion,
48 is there a second.
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                  MR. TONY: Second.
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CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: It's been moved
  and seconded, is there any discussion on the motion.
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                   (No comments)
5
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Hearing none, all
7
  those in favor of the motion, please signify by saying
8
  aye.
9
10
                   IN UNISON: Aye.
11
12
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Those opposed,
13 same sign.
14
15
                   (No opposing votes)
16
17
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Motion carries.
18 No. 20.
19
20
                   MR. CASIPIT: Thank you, Mr. Chair. The
21 Staff analysis for Proposal FP05-20 begins on Page 222 of
22 your Board book.
23
24
                   Proposal FP05-20 was submitted by Mr.
25 Michael See of Hoonah. He is requesting the use of a
26 handline to take salmon in the Southeastern Alaska area.
27 The proponent states that subsistence fishers have
28 traditionally used a single handheld line attached to one
29 treble hook to harvest salmon from streams. Recognizing
30 the use of a handline would allow a traditional,
31 convenient and inexpensive and target specific method for
32 harvesting salmon. The proponent was contacted to
33 clarify his proposal. He purposely did not include the
34 use of a rod and reel in his proposal. He believes
35 snagging with a rod and reel is not as selective as
36 snagging with a handline. He stated that traditionally
37 snagging fish with a treble hook and handline has been
38 done to identify and harvest individual fish such as
39 targeting female chum salmon when eggs are desired.
40
                   I just wanted to point out a couple
41
42 things in the analysis for you. There's a section in
43 there that says customary and traditional use of
44 handlines, we've summarized preliminary reports from Mr.
45 Michael Turek of the Alaska Department of Fish and Game
46 Subsistence Division regarding his research on harvest
47 methods for steelhead on Prince of Wales. This was a
48 Fisheries Information Services funded Project 01-105. He
49 found evidence of handline use for taking salmon even
50 though the specific issue he was looking at was
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steelhead. The effect of this proposal would make 4 handlines that are more suited for -- basically handlines are more suited for use in some streams than others. It could result in increased harvest of coho, however, the harvest of coho under Federal subsistence regulations 7 8 have been very low and a moderate increase in coho 9 harvest would not create a conservation concern. And 10 coho salmon stocks in Southeastern Alaska area are 11 considered healthy. 12 13 I also wanted to point out that handlines 14 are not listed as gear types on State subsistence and 15 personal use permits for Southeastern Alaska area, 16 however, handlines are currently a legal gear type under 17 the Federal subsistence regulations except for where 18 specifically excluded. 19 20 So that ends my introduction, I'd be 21 happy to answer any questions. 22 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. 2.3 24 Written public comments. 25 DR. SCHROEDER: Mr. Chairman, we had no 27 written public comments on this proposal. 28 29 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. We do 30 not have any request for additional public testimony at 31 this time. Regional Council recommendation. 32 33 MR. LITTLEFIELD: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 34 The Regional Advisory Council supported this 35 recommendation 8/2. 36 37 And at the meeting we were lucky that we 38 had a concurrent tribal meeting going on that ended on 39 the day that we started. It ended at noon on the day we 40 started. So many of those members, as a matter of fact 41 they were from Hoonah, Hydaburg, Kake, Kasaan, Ketchikan, 42 Klawock and Sitka. So those members that were there all 43 testified in favor of this and those that are old enough 44 can remember that we used to do this all the time, it was 45 a real selective method and it was very common and it's 46 effective. 47 48 That's one of the things you can do with 49 this. If you want to get one specific salmon, you can 50 get it with a snagger where you may not be able to get it

with a sockeye fly, just throwing it in the water and jerking, you can actually use these snaggers with a little bit more accuracy.

4

As far as conservation concerns, we didn't see any conservation concerns with this proposal. The Council believes this recommendation is supported by substantial information from the Staff report, knowledge of the Council members and also the extensive testimony, the recent FIS study as well as some information provided by the State, Mr. Turek. This proposal will be a benefit to the subsistence users and have no effect on subsistence users. So for those reasons we did support it and we urge your adoption.

15 16

Mr. Chair.

17

18 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you, very 19 much. Department comments.

20

MS. SEE: Mr. Chair, we note that our 22 comments are on Page 9 of the package of State comments. 23 Under State permits for subsistence fishing the handline 24 and gear type is not specified but can be added on a case 25 by case basis. This proposal requests a specific type of 26 handline with one treble hook which is known to be 27 traditionally used for selective form of fishing in fresh 28 water.

29

The Federal Staff analysis for this
31 proposal accurately states that the Federal and State
32 regulations are not identical at this time nor would this
33 proposal align them. We also concur with the analysis
34 statement that it's not necessary at this point to
35 address this gear type in the Stikine River.

36

The proposal does not appear to propose a 38 potential conservation concern for salmon as noted in the 39 Federal Staff analysis does not address the affect of 40 this proposal on steelhead, the species that was added 41 during the Southeast Regional Advisory Council meeting. 42 And we just are concerned about the fact that this came 43 in pretty late in the process so our concern really is 44 one more of process and how this all gets adequate 45 vetting in the whole development of regulatory 46 provisions. We feel that these kinds of analysis should 47 be fully considered as part of the public process prior 48 to regulatory action. So we recommend that the proposal 49 revision which added steelhead be deferred until the next 50 regulatory cycle.

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Our recommendation at this point is that
  we're neutral on the original proposal for salmon and we
  recommend deferring action at this time for the steelhead
  portion that was added.
6
                   Thank you.
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Board
10 discussion.
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                   MR. KESSLER: The Inter-Agency Staff
13 recommendation is on Page 225, and the Staff Committee
14 recommends that you support the proposal with
15 modification consistent with the recommendation of the
16 Southeast Regional Advisory Council.
17
18
                   Justification is on Page 225 also. The
19 only point I'm going to make is actually on Page 226, is
20 that, the original proposal was just to allow the
21 snagging of salmon. The Southeast Regional Advisory
22 Council added steelhead to the species allowed for
23 snagging since it has been a traditional method of taking
24 fish, the Inter-Agency Staff Committee agrees with the
25 Council, that the inclusion of steelhead in this
26 regulation is covered by the public notice for this
27 meeting, since the proposal in combination with FP05-19
28 addresses all methods and means for subsistence fishing
29 in Southeastern Alaska.
30
31
                   The Inter-Agency Staff Committee also
32 agrees with the Southeast Regional Advisory Council that
33 snagging is a traditional harvest method for steelhead.
34
35
                   That concludes my comment, Mr. Chair.
36
37
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Board
38 discussion.
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                   MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman.
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Gary.
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                   MR. EDWARDS: I guess I'd just like to
45 ask Staff, based upon what we just passed on Proposal 28,
46 what do we see in the increasing in efficiency and catch
47 that might occur by allowing this method?
48
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                   MR. CASIPIT: Based on testimony we've
50 heard and how this handline works, it would be no more
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1 efficient than the already allowed gear types like
  spears, gaffs, and rod and reel. It's not any more
  efficient than any of those methods.
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Further
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  discussion.
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                   MR. LITTLEFIELD: Mr. Chair.
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes.
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                   MR. LITTLEFIELD: Perhaps I could follow
13 up on that a little bit. The efficiency is not really
14 what we're talking about here, we're talking about need.
15 And that hasn't changed at all, if you still need -- you
16 know, if a community still needs 25 steelhead or salmon,
17 they're going to get them, and this just allows you to
18 use a long-term traditional method. So the efficiency, I
19 don't think is really the key, is the need is going to
20 remain the same, so therefore the take should be the same
21 in my estimation.
22
23
                   Mr. Chair.
24
25
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: So it just
26 provides additional opportunity basically.
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                   MR. LITTLEFIELD: (Nods affirmatively)
29
30
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you.
31 Further discussion.
32
33
                   (No comments)
34
35
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: If not, is
36 somebody prepared to offer a motion.
37
                   MR. BSCHOR: I'll move to adopt the
38
39 proposal as modified by the Southeast Regional Advisory
40 Council.
41
42
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: We have a motion,
43 is there a second.
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                   MR. TONY: Second.
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                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Discussion on the
48 motion.
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                  MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chair.
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CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes.
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                   MS. GOTTLIEB: I believe that the public
4 discussion was covered through Proposal 19 and there was
  a great deal of discussion and evidence of using this
6 means. And I think this would be in support of
  subsistence uses and subsistence users.
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you.
10 Further discussion.
11
12
                   (No comments)
13
14
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Hearing none, all
15 those in favor of the motion, please signify by saying
16 aye.
17
18
                   IN UNISON: Aye.
19
20
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Those opposed,
21 same sign.
22
23
                   (No opposing votes)
24
                   CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Motion carries.
25
26 It's 3:53 right now, and I promised we were going to
27 break by 4:00 o'clock, and you can tell that your
28 distinguished chairman is pretty tired when I'm losing
29 track of the speaking procedure so we're just going to go
30 ahead and break for the day. We'll begin at 8:30 in the
31 morning.
32
33
                   So thank you very much for your work
34 today.
35
                 (PROCEEDINGS TO BE CONTINUED)
36
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1	CERTIFICATE
2	
3	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA)
4)ss.
5	STATE OF ALASKA)
6	
7	I, Joseph P. Kolasinski, Notary Public in and for
8	the State of Alaska and reporter for Computer Matrix
9	Court Reporters, do hereby certify:
10	
11	THAT the foregoing pages numbered 2 through 113
	contain a full, true and correct Transcript of the
	FEDERAL SUBSISTENCE BOARD PUBLIC MEETING, VOLUME I taken
	electronically by Nathan Hile on the 11th day of January
	2005, beginning at the hour of 8:30 o'clock a.m. at the
	Egan Convention Center in Anchorage, Alaska;
17	
18	THAT the transcript is a true and correct
	transcript requested to be transcribed and thereafter
	transcribed by under my direction and reduced to print to
	the best of our knowledge and ability;
22	TIAT T
23	THAT I am not an employee, attorney, or party
24 25	interested in any way in this action.
25 26	DATED at Anghamaga Alagka this 20th day of
	DATED at Anchorage, Alaska, this 29th day of
28	January 2005.
29	
30	
31	
32	Joseph P. Kolasinski
33	Notary Public in and for Alaska
34	My Commission Expires: 03/12/08 _