00124 1 FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE FEDERAL SUBSISTENCE BOARD 2 MARRIOTT HOTEL, ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 3 VOLUME II 4 5 DECEMBER 6, 2000 6 8:30 o'clock a.m. 7 PUBLIC MEETING 8 9 BOARD MEMBERS PRESENT: 10 11 Mitch Demientieff, Chairman 12 Gary Edwards, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service 13 Tony Urvina, Bureau of Indian Affairs 14 Curt Wilson, Bureau of Land Management 15 Judy Gottlieb, National Park Service 16 Dr. Winnie Kessler, U.S. Forest Service 17 18 Keith Goltz, Solicitor

00125 PROCEEDINGS 1 2 3 (On record) 4 5 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay, we'll go ahead 6 and call he Federal Subsistence Board meeting back to 7 order. We're going to go out of sequence from our schedule 8 to accommodate Eastern Interior, who had to leave town on 9 short notice. So with that, we'll move right into Region 10 9. There are four proposals turned in, Proposals 8 and 9 11 are on the consent calendar, Proposal 10 was withdrawn, 12 that leaves us with Proposal 11. So towards that end, 13 who's going to do the introductions here; is that George. 14 15 MR. SHERROD: Good morning, Mr. Chair, 16 Board members. Proposal 11 was submitted by the Yukon 17 River Drainage Association and it requests that the Federal 18 program adopt a new regulation restricting the use of king 19 salmon on the Yukon River for dog food. 20 21 Currently there is a State regulation 22 01.240(d) that states it is a policy, a State regulation 23 that king salmon should be used primarily for human 24 consumption and not targeted specifically for dog food on 25 the Yukon. Under Federal regulations, we have yet to 26 adopt, this is the first time around, a regulation 27 specifically dealing with the use of fish other than the 28 fact that other regulations in 36 CFR Part 242, 50 CFR Part 29 100, paragraph 26, we restrict or place limits on the use 30 of fish in terms of exchange, barter, trade, et cetera. 31 32 Since along the Yukon River there are a 33 number of Federal conservation units including, you know, 34 the Delta and number of refuges upriver and parks so that 35 the makeshift of the land as you can see on the map in 36 front of you is somewhat dotted with fishing or fish 37 falling in and out of Federal regulation along the Yukon 38 River drainage. 39 40 Since the colonization of Alaska initially 41 by the Russians and subsequently by other Europeans 42 primarily for fur trade, dogs, as a means of transportation 43 have played an important role up until the 1930s and at 44 times literally millions of fish were harvested 45 specifically for the use of dog food to aid in subsistence 46 transportation and so on and within the written documents 47 there's a fairly detailed history collected by members of 48 the State's Division of Subsistence. 49 50 There are several potential effects of

00126 adopting this proposal. This proposal, if adopted, would 1 2 place in effect restrictions on the use of dogs -- or fish 3 for transportation, subsistence goods for the use of 4 transportation. This is a subsistence use identified 5 within ANILCA. The proposal also suggests that by 6 restricting the targeting of king salmon or chinook salmon 7 for dog food, that many of the upriver communities would 8 basically placed in peril for use of this resource, if, in fact, for management purposes fishing was curtailed, such 9 10 as the case that has happened the last couple of years with 11 the late summer chum run and additionally, at this point in 12 time, and there is a proposal in front of the State to 13 change their regulation from the language that was 14 presented on Page 33 to a more restrictive regulation, it 15 would make the current Federal regulation more restrictive 16 than the State's regulations. 17 18 If there are any questions I would be 19 willing to answer them now. 20 21 MR. NICHOLIA: Yeah, George, this is 22 Gerald. What do you mean by imperiled for people upriver 23 that will be in trouble if they don't feed their dogs king 24 salmon? 25 26 MR. SHERROD: You there Gerald? 27 28 MR. NICHOLIA: Yeah. 29 30 MR. SHERROD: Simply that if, in fact, 31 people could not harvest king salmon and for management 32 purposes the summer chum run was closed, they would not 33 have a source of food for their dogs. Wildlife regulations 34 prohibit the feeding of wildlife to dogs. Does that answer 35 your question, Gerald? 36 37 MR. NICHOLIA: No, not really but I have 38 another question for you. If we're going to have 39 conservation concerns for chum and there looks like there 40 ain't going to be a good king run why are we supporting 41 feeding good king salmon to dogs when there's a human need 42 more than a dog need for it? 43 44 MR. SHERROD: Gerald that's a good 45 question. I mean in the past when there have been poor runs 46 associated, usually with commercial fishing enterprises, 47 traditionally people have always come first. Dogs were 48 restricted or eliminated to the point where you had enough 49 of a team to allow the rebuilding of the team, but it is 50 true that dogs never had the same level of importance as

00127 1 human life. And in this case, with the poor runs that 2 we've had the last few years, certainly there are parallels to historical cases in which dog teams have been greatly 3 4 reduced in number to provide for human consumption. 5 6 MR. NICHOLIA: I know that people upriver 7 are having a very hard time to get fish but I'm going to 8 say this, though, the Eastern Interior adopted this 9 regulation with the amendments that you see at the end of 10 the proposal. But if we're going to have this fish around 11 for awhile we have to have escapement first and then 12 subsistence and then all those other three uses and what 13 happened last year, as you all know, you went past both 14 escapement and subsistence and let commercial go and you 15 cut them off from subsistence, so there's got to be more 16 than something going on around here. We could adopt this 17 proposal with the three year sunset clause to see what 18 actually the effect is. 19 20 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you, Gerald. 21 Summary of written public comments. 22 23 MR. NICHOLIA: Okay. 24 25 MR. MIKE: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. My 26 name is Donald Mike. I'm the Council coordinator for the 27 Eastern Interior. We had a total of seven public comments 28 and three of those comments came from the same individual 29 from Eagle. 30 31 The first public comment came from the 32 Gates of the Arctic Subsistence Resource Commission in 33 regards to Proposal No. 11. The use of king salmon for dog 34 food, the Gates of the Arctic SRC unanimously voted to 35 support the proposal with amendments as submitted by the 36 Western Interior Regional Advisory Council. The SRC feels 37 that it is fair and allows for the use of king salmon unfit 38 for human consumption to be fed to dogs. 39 40 The written public comments, six were 41 opposed by individuals, one from Cynthia of Eagle, she 42 stated, I do not believe there is any family in the Eagle 43 area that targets king for dog food. I believe there is no 44 need for any legislation on restricting targeting of king 45 salmon, thank you. 46 47 Another opposition by Don Woodruff. He's 48 been fishing for kings for 22 years on the upper Yukon. On 49 varied king runs he's used his chum net to target jacks for 50 his personal use. He's dried king salmon for his dogs. He

doesn't feel that the personal take of kings for people for 1 dog food is a problem, especially when there's a continued 2 3 False Pass interception and commercial harvest on the Lower Yukon that skews the data. His personal harvest of kings 4 5 in 1998 was zero. In 1999 it was about hundred kings. 6 Fifty percent of those kings were at least Jacks and 7 another 30 were diseased. The rest were very undersized. He goes on stating that at the end of the harvest should 8 9 not be unfairly affected by 1,000 miles of net and wheels 10 down stream, especially those of commercial use. 11

12 Another comment coming from Wayne Hall and 13 Scarlet Hall of Eagle, opposed the proposal. They wrote a 14 lengthy opposition letter. I'll just read the first 15 paragraph and she brings up eight facts and two points. 16 Wayne Hall and Scarlet Hall wrote, I believe this proposal 17 to be unnecessary and unwarranted. I believe it will have 18 the unintentional affect of producing more waste instead of 19 less. For example many of the Native people I know will 20 not eat female kings. Under this proposal they would be 21 tossed back into the river and wasted if not used for dog I was one of those interviewed by Dave Andersen and 22 food. 23 I have also read his report. As far as I know he is the 24 only one interviewing all the people involved. Therefore, 25 I believe with many households fishing and putting up more 26 fish, also possibly there is a lot of double counting going 27 on and that can show false numbers.

Scarlett Hall of Eagle also wrote that she also opposed the restricting of incidental catch of salmon king during the fall chum in the Tanana River drainage. And specifically (indiscernible) targeting chums for dog food will be forced to break the State's wanton waste law y failure to use and throwing back the dead kings they failure to use and throwing that does not fit the description of allowable kings, who does this benefit and how does this save the resource? Anything caught for the next two or three weeks is not incidental, there are many kings being caught.

Point number 2 is concerning customary and traditional use of kings as dog food, there's printed documentation of it for the last 50 years along the Yukon kiver, especially near Eagle. At least one dog musher scurrently used from 1912 to 1925 fished for king salmon to feed his dog through the summer. Dried king salmon for his dogs during the winter and sold dried king salmon to other dog mushers for years. He also made reference to born on snowshoes in 1949, in the 1940s.

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Point number 3 there has been concern over 1 the upstream and the fish caught in Eagle for the past few 2 3 years. There's more to look at than total numbers. In 4 Dave Andersen's report the use of feeding of sled-dogs in 5 the Upper Yukon River in Alaska concerning 1998 were aware 6 that some runs were poor and up there the catches for kings 7 for human consumption to compensate for the loss of chums 8 documented in this area. The trend continued in 1999. In 9 1997, 35 fishing households caught 1,534 kings, in 1998 35 10 fishing households caught 2,473 kings, in 1999 50 11 households caught 2,558 kings.

13 Point number 4 restricting the use of king 14 salmon for dog food would stop the winter uses but nothing 15 could stop the use of feeding kings to dogs during the 16 summer. Wide winter use is different from summer uses 17 unless it is benefiting certain individuals who are being 18 given special considerations. Clearly, the concern over 19 feeding king salmon to dogs in Proposal 00111 are 20 unnecessary. Between 1900 and 1950 no one had a problem 21 with using king salmon for dog food. As dog teams dwindle 22 fewer fish were caught for dog feed while commercial 23 fisheries grew and began to deplete the resource. It is 24 ludicrous to believe subsistence dog mushers who have a 25 customary and traditional use of resource are being blamed 26 for possible decline of the resource when commercial 27 fishing has taken as many as 150,000 kings in one season. 28 To protect the king salmon, cut back on commercial fishing 29 or stop the intercept fisheries. The deliberate, 30 unattended nets and wheels, fish left laying around too 31 long before processing, cut fish left unattended to rot and 32 the throwing out of fish not used during the winter. A 33 small number of subsistence users feeding kings to dogs is 34 not going to deplete the resource and based on custom and 35 tradition they have the right without the fear of getting 36 crucified for doing so. 37

38 That concludes the public comments, Mr.39 Chairman.40

CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you, very much. As we proceed on, it hasn't been a problem so far but I'll just caution everybody that in order to be able to d4 pick up Gerald on the speaker phone we've had to turn down the volumes of our mikes so everybody's going to have to speak up that wants to address these issues.

48	Go	ahead,	Depa	rtment	com	nents	s, pleas	e.
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50	MS.	WHEELB	ER:	Thank	you,	Mr.	Chair.	The

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00130 State is neutral with respect to this proposal as it 1 addresses the allocation of king salmon, however, we can 2 3 support the Federal Inter-Agency Staff recommendation. 4 5 Thank you, Mr. Chair. 6 7 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you, very 8 much. We have no additional requests for public comment at 9 this time. Regional Council recommendation. Gerald. 10 11 MR. NICHOLIA: Yeah, it's right at the end 12 of the thing, we support the proposal. And I want to make 13 one more comment, Mr. Chair. 14 15 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Go ahead. 16 17 MR. NICHOLIA: Yeah, from this opposition 18 from Eagle, from McLaughlin, I think it should be 19 disregarded because he's putting a lot of words, he's 20 putting this word that many Native people do not eat female 21 kings, he's putting words in other people's mouths without 22 their consent because we do eat king salmon in the Eastern 23 Interior. He has to think about the whole region not just 24 a specific area. 25 26 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Do you have your 27 recommendation? 28 29 MR. NICHOLIA: Yeah, I'll just go with what 30 we have, what the whole Council agreed on. This was 31 heavily discussed in our meeting and the amendment from the 32 start of the proposal is what we'll be recommending. 33 34 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay, thank you very 35 much, Gerald. 36 37 MR. NICHOLIA: Uh-huh. 38 39 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: At this time we'll 40 move on to Staff Committee recommendation. 41 42 MR. SIMMONS: Thank you, Mr. Chair. The 43 Staff Committee concurs with the modification recommended 44 by the Eastern Interior Regional Advisory Council. 45 Okay, thank you. 46 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: 47 Other Regional Council comment. Ron. 48 49 MR. SAM: Thank you, Mr. Chair. I was 50 fortunate enough to attend the meeting down at Emmonak. At

00131 that time we were presented with specific language dealing 1 with this issue. And the Western Interior went verbatim 2 3 with the State recommendation, anything that's unfit for 4 human consumption, whether it's incidental or not, catch, 5 that it may be used for dog food. And everything we've 6 gotten up on the Koyukuk River has been pretty much unfit 7 for human consumption ever since the flood of '94. And 8 Western Interior still stands with our recommendation 9 verbatim to align with the State, that, anything unfit for 10 human consumption may be fed to dogs. 11 12 Thank you. 13 14 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you, very 15 much. Other Regional Council comment. Harry. 16 17 MR. WILDE: Mr. Chairman, the Yukon 18 Kuskokwim-Delta Regional Advisory Committee would support 19 the proposal as written. Lester Wilde made a motion in 20 support the original proposal as written and seconded and 21 passed by votes of 6-0. 22 23 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: I guess it's unclear 24 to me that -- I'm trying to reconcile the difference 25 between Western Interior and -- George. 26 27 MR. SHERROD: Thank you, Mr. Chair. The 28 difference between the three recommendations; Eastern 29 Interior adopted basically the language that the Staff 30 Committee adopted which states that king salmon should not 31 be targeted as dog food. Western Interior adopted the 32 State regulation, the current regulation that the State has 33 in place which is found on Page 33 in your book, which 34 states that it is a policy, rather than -- although it's a 35 regulation that, in fact, it is a policy which sort of 36 detracts from its enforceability. Yukon Kuskokwim adopted 37 the proposal as in place, and you will find that on Page 38 30, which places specific dates after which king salmon can 39 be incidentally harvested. 40 41 During the course of analyzing this request, it was 42 determined that these dates -- well, there's two things, 43 one of which if, in fact, you're not going to target 44 salmon, why do you have a date in which you can take salmon 45 anyway. The second consideration was that these dates 46 varied depending on the run of the king salmon. There are 47 times in which you have a mean run that is occurring prior 48 to these dates or you have a run that occurs after. So 49 within the recommendation of the Staff Committee and 50 Eastern Interior, the dates were stripped as were the dates

00132 stripped by the Western Interior Council but were left on 1 by the Yukon Kuskokwim Council. 2 3 4 I hope that clarifies it somewhat. 5 6 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes, it does. Any 7 Board discussion. 8 9 MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman. 10 11 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes, Gary. 12 13 In the Staff analysis over on MR. EDWARDS: 14 Page 49 where it talks about potential effects, it seems to 15 indicate that this restriction would not have any real 16 effect, those individuals could still take chinook salmon 17 for dog food. Now, it's my understanding that would only 18 apply to certain areas but if that's the case, still would 19 that really address what the issue is? 20 21 MR. SHERROD: Unless the State adopts a 22 more restrictive regulation than they have in place right 23 now, and again there is a proposal in front of them coming 24 up early next year, our regulation would be moot because 25 under State regulations subsistence harvesters still could 26 take chinook salmon for dog food. And I believe that was 27 one of the considerations that the Western Interior Council 28 had in front of them in adopting the current State 29 regulation, in that, that we would no longer be more 30 restrictive than the State. 31 32 Perhaps Dr. Wheeler could address -- or 33 guess what the State Board of Fisheries is going to do in 34 terms of confronting the proposal this spring. 35 36 MS. WHEELER: Mr. Chair, I'm smarter than 37 that. I don't know what the Board of Fish is going to do 38 but it is important to say that it is the policy of the 39 Board of Fish right now that king salmon are to be used 40 primarily for human consumption. This same proposal that 41 YRDFA put for the Federal Board is also before the Fish 42 Board but I wouldn't want to guess what they're going to 43 do, Mr. Chair. 44 45 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: You didn't bring 46 your crystal ball with you today, uh? Any other Board 47 discussion. Ron. 48 49 MR. SAM: Thank you, Mr. Chair. As George 50 stated, if anything works in our favor we tend to align

00133 with the State as more of a housecleaning effort than 1 anything else and I would like to thank you for your 2 3 consideration. 4 5 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Also just in my 6 years and years of fishing on the river, I know by -- I 7 mean there are very few incidences where I've heard of 8 anybody targeting salmon for anything other than for human 9 consumption. But still being able to utilize the late 10 runs, you know, that are caught incidental. But, yeah, I 11 haven't heard that too much but by and large if there is a 12 loop hole and if this helps to close it up, then, you know, 13 I don't think anybody on the river or very few people on 14 the river are going to be opposed to that because that is 15 the traditional use of the resource. So I strongly support 16 the proposal. 17 Any other discussion. Hearing none, does 18 19 anybody have a motion? 20 21 MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chairman. 22 23 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes. 24 25 MS. GOTTLIEB: I move to adopt the 26 recommendation put forward by the Inter-Agency Staff 27 Committee. 28 29 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: There is a motion, 30 is there a second? 31 32 MR. EDWARDS: Second. 33 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Additional 34 35 discussion. Hearing none, all those in favor signify by 36 saying aye. 37 38 IN UNISON: Aye. 39 40 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Those opposed, same 41 sign. 42 43 (No opposing votes) 44 45 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Motion carries. 46 Okay, we're going to move on, Gerald, we're going to have 47 to ring you off now and I understand you have some -- we're 48 going to try to hook you back in with a couple other 49 proposals a little later on. 50

00134 MR. NICHOLIA: Okay, give me the numbers. 1 2 3 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay. We'll try to 4 get a hold of you and give you a time frame as we don't --5 we have no idea how it's going to do so we'll try to warn 6 you. 7 8 MR. NICHOLIA: Okay, I'll just try to stay 9 here. 10 11 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay, thank you. 12 13 MR. NICHOLIA: Yeah, I'll be here. 14 15 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay. 16 17 MR. NICHOLIA: Yeah, bye. 18 19 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Bye. 20 21 (Pause) 22 23 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay, we're going to 24 move on here to Y-K, hang on. 25 26 (Pause) 27 28 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay, at this time 29 we're going to move on to Yukon-Kuskokwim we have one 30 proposal, Proposal No. 37. Who is going to do the intro 31 here, is that you Vince or who? 32 33 MR. MATHEWS: No, Mr. Chairman, Laura will. 34 35 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay. 36 37 MS. JURGENSEN: Hello, thank you, Mr. 38 Chair. My name is Laura Jurgensen and I'm the 39 anthropologist doing the analysis on this proposal. 40 Proposal 37 submitted by John Sky Starkey of Alaska Legal 41 Services Corporation on behalf of seven villages in the 42 Kuskokwim fishery area, Akiak, Akiachak, Eek, Goodnews Bay, 43 Quinhagak, Kwethluk and Platinum. They seek to lift all 44 Federal harvest restrictions for the taking of rainbow 45 trout in the Kuskokwim fishing area. 46 The limitations or the restrictions are 47 48 currently limited by methods, rod and reel, jigging through 49 the ice, and occasional use of gillnet, mostly incidental 50 take. The land and water status for the Kuskokwim fishery

00135 1 area is primarily composed of two large national wildlife 2 refuges, the Yukon-Delta and the Togiak National Wildlife 3 Refuges. All rivers affected potentially would be all 4 drainages and streams in the Kuskokwim fishery area but we 5 feel the primary rivers concerned would be the Kanektok, 6 Goodnews and the Arolik River, different forks.

8 Oral testimony, extensive historical 9 ethnographic information has documented other methods used 10 by the Central Yupik people to harvest rainbow trout. 11 These include spears, handlines, dipnets and a fykenet 12 (ph), which is a funnel net or potential Yupik, it's (In 13 Native), excuse my pronunciation. The primary methods are 14 rod and reel and jigging through the ice. Incidental 15 harvest using gillnets have traditionally been taken all 16 year while harvesting the most important species salmon, 17 dolly varden and char and people still incidentally, 18 harvest rainbow trout. Basically they're pulling in a net 19 full of mostly salmon or dollys and incidentally taking 20 rainbow trout. Now, this currently is legal and this would 21 still be legal. However, there was some misunderstanding 22 on the existing regulation on the local ground that it was 23 illegal.

The regulations currently are restricted also for possession limits to State of Alaska sportfish regulations, and this is culturally insensitive to primarily all the Central Yupik people of the region. From extensive testimony, from the legal record concerning the cases in different court trying to get customary and traditional use of rainbow trout over the past 10 to 15 years is documented that this is a very apparent practice and so this restriction, we believe, should be lifted.

35 And I'd like to thank the village of 36 Quinhagak for all their participation and assistance in the 37 writing up of this analysis and again, that was the most 38 important concern, that they really are against playing 39 with one's food. So with the new regulations suggested, 40 there would be no possession limits at all year-round for 41 rod and reel, jigging, spears. The only restriction would 42 be a spawning restriction from the months of March 15 to to 43 June 15th and that would be for directed or targeting net 44 fishing of rainbow trout. And while it is very unlikely 45 that the local people would harvest more than they need or 46 waste the resource, the possibility exists that perhaps one 47 new resident would get excited and take more rainbow trout 48 that they need and there is a conservation and biological 49 concern.

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00136 1 Thank you, Mr. Chair. 2 3 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Written 4 public comments. 5 6 MR. MATHEWS: Mr. Chairman, there was no 7 public comments submitted on this proposal. Thank you. 8 9 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. 10 Department comments. 11 12 MS. WHEELER: Thank you, Mr. Chair. The 13 State supports the Federal Inter-Agency Staff 14 recommendation, Mr. Chair. 15 16 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: We have no 17 additional request for public comment at this time. 18 Regional Council recommendation. 19 20 MR. H. WILDE: Mr. Chairman, members of 21 Federal Subsistence Board, my name is Harry Wilde, Yukon 22 Kuskokwim-Delta Regional Council Chair. The general 23 description of this Proposal 37 is lift all Federal 24 regulation regarding subsistence harvest of rainbow trouts 25 for the residents of the village of Akiak, Akiachak, Eek, 26 Goodnews Bay, Kwethluk, Platinum and Quinhagak. Mr. 27 Chairman, Yukon Kuskokwim-Delta Regional Advisory Council 28 recommends and supports as written. The Regional Council 29 supports the proposal as written because the proposal would 30 allow the residents to continue to harvest rainbow trout as 31 they have customary and traditionally done. 32 33 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you, very 34 much. Staff Committee recommendation. 35 36 MR. SIMMONS: Thank you, Mr. Chair. The 37 Staff Committee recommends modifying the proposal to 38 include traditional gear types and adding the conservation 39 measure of protecting rainbow trout during the spawning 40 period of March 15th to June 15th by not allowing the use 41 of gillnets, dipnets and fykenets during this period. 42 Thank you. 43 44 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Deliberations. 45 Other Council comments. Other discussion. So in reading 46 through the Staff analysis, it's basically that you're not 47 allowed to target rainbow trout in those times but if you 48 are fishing through the ice and incidentally catch, you can 49 still keep; is that correct? 50

00137 MR. SIMMONS: Yes, Mr. Chair, that's my 1 2 understanding of it. 3 4 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: So the primary 5 concern is a conservation concern to protect them during 6 the spawning time? 7 8 MR. SIMMONS: That's correct. That's the 9 input we received from the State and Federal biologist that 10 work with the trout out in that region, that they're very 11 susceptible to overharvest during the spawning period. 12 13 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Harry, do you know 14 if people in that area would commonly go strictly after 15 rainbow trout with a net? 16 MR. H. WILDE: Mr. Chairman, I don't really 17 18 know, but however, before we were looking at these proposal 19 we were also looking at others as Yukon River. The summer 20 the Yukon River, when salmon was really slow and upriver 21 having a hard time for subsistence, Lower Yukon River, they 22 have to get off from the Yukon River and get into the 23 sloughs with their four inch mesh net so I was one of the 24 coordinators down there. We put -- we moved all the nets, 25 only four inch mesh and bring it to the sloughs so everyone 26 will have fish to eat. So looking at maybe this summer 27 it's going to be worse in the lower Yukon, also in the 28 Kuskokwim. If these people don't have any -- any kind to 29 depend they're going to have a problem. That's the things 30 that we were looking at while we were looking at this 31 proposal. 32 33 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: You don't know about 34 what time of year was that when they had to go into 35 sloughs, was that in June? 36 37 MR. H. WILDE: I don't know. 38 39 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Jerry, do you know 40 when this happened this past summer in terms of people 41 having to go into the sloughs and targeting rainbows? 42 MR. BERG: Mr. Chairman, Jerry Berg, Staff 43 44 fishery biologist for the Office of Subsistence Management. 45 Mr. Chairman, I'm not aware of what time of year that they 46 did target the rainbow trout in the sloughs. Typically the 47 fish will overwinter in the lower areas, lower reaches of 48 the streams and then move upstream and follow the salmon 49 upstream feeding during the summertime. But I think Mr. 50 Wilde would probably have a better idea so I guess I don't

00138 have a good answer for you on that, sorry. 1 2 3 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Ida, did you have 4 additional information on that? 5 6 MS. HILDEBRAND: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 7 The discussion at the Regional Council meeting wasn't so 8 much that they targeted rainbow, specifically, but in times 9 of shortages all non-salmon species were what they relied 10 upon and that was their concern. And over the summer, I 11 believe, they targeted mostly whitefish in the fall but 12 that was after the -- they didn't know about the crashes 13 until after the fact. I mean nobody expected them. But 14 this year it would be different in the fact that they 15 already expect poor returns. But their discussion was 16 mainly that non-salmon species rise in importance when 17 salmon species crash. 18 19 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: So is they are, in 20 fact, targeting other species and catch incidental 21 rainbows, they still would be allowed to keep them as long 22 as they're not -- under this regulation, as proposed, they 23 still would be allowed to keep them, that's my 24 understanding of the regulation. As long as they're not 25 targeting the rainbow specifically. Because I'd hate to 26 see -- you know, we all know fishing's been bad and just 27 like the people in the Lower Yukon, I know in the Tanana 28 River, that's the same thing we did, we had to go and 29 target other species, I mean the other whitefish and pike 30 and those kind of things to get fish. 31 32 Yes. 33 34 MS. JURGENSEN: Thank you, MR. Chair. Yes, 35 that is correct that all incidental take, all year-round, 36 even during the spawning season would be legal with the new 37 regulation also. 38 39 MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chair. 40 41 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes. 42 43 MR. EDWARDS: Then I guess the way I read 44 this in trying to separate out the difference in the 45 Council's proposal and the Staff Committee, the most 46 significant is the targeted catch during the spawning 47 season, during the 30 day period. Everything else is 48 really not probably an issue. 49 50 MS. JURGENSEN: Yes, that is the main issue.

00139 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Well, I guess I'm 1 just trying to, you know, build an understanding that that 2 3 is a conservation concern as far as targeting rainbows in 4 that, but nothing prevents them from keeping those fish as 5 long as they're fishing others through the ice. It's very 6 common to fish under the ice, you bring up whatever you 7 catch, no way to control it. 8 9 So with that exception and the fact that 10 the rest of the proposal lines up well with the Regional 11 Council recommendation as well as the Staff Committee 12 recommendation and in light of that, and in light of the 13 fact that they would still be able to keep incidental 14 catch, I can easily support the Staff Committee 15 recommendation in this case. And the difference, of 16 course, being a conservation concern with protecting 17 rainbows during that spawning, 90 day spawning window. 18 19 Anybody else. 20 21 MR. EDWARDS: Yeah, Mr. Chair, hearing that 22 then I move that the Board adopt the proposal that was 23 submitted by the Staff Committee. 24 25 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: The Staff Committee 26 recommendation? 27 28 MR. EDWARDS: Yes. 29 30 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: There's a motion to 31 adopt the Staff Committee recommendation, is there a 32 second? 33 34 DR. KESSLER: Second. 35 36 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Discussion. Hearing 37 none, all those in favor signify by saying aye. 38 39 IN UNISON: Aye. 40 41 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Those opposed, same 42 sign. 43 44 (No opposing votes) 45 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Motion carries. 46 47 Thank you very much, Harry. 48 We're going to move on to Western Interior 49 50 as soon as the Staff have a chance to change positions.

00140 (Pause) 1 2 3 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay, this will be 4 Proposal 32. And we'll call on Tom Kron to give the Staff 5 analysis. 6 MR. KRON: Mr. Chairman, members of the 7 8 Federal Subsistence Board, Regional Council Chairs, my name 9 is Tom Kron. I'm a Staff biologist with the Office of 10 Subsistence Management. I'll be giving the introduction on 11 Proposal No. 32. 12 13 Proposal 32 was submitted by Angela 14 Demientieff of Holy Cross. It would close the Innoko River 15 and its tributaries to non-subsistence fishing for northern 16 pike and sheefish from its confluence with the Yukon River 17 to 30 miles upstream to the old Holikachuk village site. 18 19 Again, you can see from this map, the upper 20 portion of the drainage is within the Innoko National 21 Wildlife Refuge, the lower portion of the drainage is a mix 22 of land status, largely State lane. The mouth of the river 23 is near the village of Holy Cross. And you can see the old 24 village site up there within the Innoko National Wildlife 25 Refuge. 26 27 Key points, the local stocks of sheefish 28 and pike appear to be healthy. There's a low sportfish 29 harvest effort, and salmon don't spawn within the non-30 subsistence fishing area. Another point we'd like to make 31 is that there is a proposal to the FIS program currently to 32 look at this issue for sheefish and pike. 33 Thank you, Mr. Chair. 34 35 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Summary 36 37 of written public comments. 38 39 MR. MATHEWS: Yes, Mr. Chairman, there was 40 quite a few public comments submitted on this and they 41 start on Page 16 in your book. I'll just summarize the key 42 points. 43 44 There were three in opposition to the 45 proposal. They oppose the proposal because of the current 46 low use of pike and sheefish in the area and from their 47 experience and observations, population of pike and 48 sheefish is healthy. Those comments were from Rick 49 Townsend of Aniak, Leon Randerman of Columbus, Texas and 50 Dean Nelson of Aniak.

We also got one written comment from the Chair of the Ruby Advisory Committee, he submitted it as an individual. He commented that, it's not clear if he was for or against it, but basically he commented that he supports a study on the impacts of sport fishers and if restrictions are needed, then have a catch and release for sport fishers to keep -- have a catch and release but allow them to keep enough for food and camp.

10 Since the book was put together we received 11 a fax from the Holy Cross Tribal Council which was handed 12 out yesterday, dated November 21st. They support the 13 proposal because of the increase in sport fishing in the 14 last three to four years. They want to insure subsistence 15 use of pike and sheefish for future generations. They also 16 desire a 2004 sunset provision to allow studies on the 17 river to be conducted. They also expressed concern about 18 the increased boat traffic on spawning of salmon and other 19 fish species. Their final concern was with wastewater and 20 trash from the growing sport fishing use.

That's all the comments. I did talk to a representative of the Grayling, Anvik, Shageluk, Holy Cross Advisory Committee, State Advisory Committee. They had planned to meet yesterday but were weathered out. So to my knowledge they did not meet or take up this proposal. But we were anticipating something from them.

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Thank you, Mr. Chair.

CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Department comments.

33 MS. WHEELER: Thank you, Mr. Chair. The 34 State supports the Federal Inter-Agency Staff 35 recommendation. We note that much of the area is not under 36 Federal jurisdiction. The State agrees that this is 37 primarily a social issue that may best be addressed through 38 a fish and wildlife local planning effort. We also agree 39 that the proposed FIS study in this area should investigate 40 sport fishing effort and harvest and include local 41 participation, Mr. Chair. 42 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: 43 Thank you. Yes,

44 Polly, do you know if there is a State Board proposal 45 addressing this issue or does anybody know? 46

47 MS. WHEELER: Mr. Chair, yes, there is. 48

49 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. We have 50 no additional for public comments at this time. Regional

Council recommendation. 1 2 3 MR. SAM: Thank you, Mr. Chair. I had the 4 good fortune to finally connect with Angela on this 5 yesterday. I caught her at home during lunch. And at our 6 meeting at Nulato, we supported this as written with the 7 full expectation that it may be rejected. However, we 8 wanted to support our area because we haven't had that much 9 participation from that area. We do have concerns about 10 this proposal and other species other than salmon because 11 there is so little data gathered on this issue. What 12 little data is gathered was put together by locals and what 13 little data was put together by other agencies targeted the 14 local users and not the abundance of sport fishermen and 15 other people from the other regions around that area. 16 We've heard that there's been high take of both sheefish 17 and pike in this area. 18 19 And we -- as I stated before, we adopted 20 this proposal with every expectation of it to be rejected, 21 but nevertheless we adopted it and when I talked with 22 Angela yesterday, she was adamant on putting this sunset 23 clause as stated by this letter, by the Holy Cross Tribal 24 Council that all the studies be done on outside users to 25 protect the local users by 2004, fisheries. 26 27 Thank you, Mr. Chair. 28 29 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Staff 30 Committee recommendation. 31 32 MR. SIMMONS: Thank you, Mr. Chair. The 33 Staff Committee recommendation is to reject the proposal. 34 A closure at this time does not appear to be warranted from 35 a biological standpoint. Data indicate that nearly all of 36 the guided sport fishers in the Innoko River practice catch 37 and release fishing and little sport harvest occurs. 38 Additionally, most of the sport fishing activity for pike 39 and sheefish within the Innoko River is not within 40 Federally managed waters. 41 42 The Staff Committee recommends that the 43 current project proposal under consideration for the 2001 44 studies program be modified to insure that local residents 45 are consulted prior to any initiation of any studies and 46 they are directly involved in fisheries field studies 47 through local hire provisions or through other cooperative 48 arrangements. Additionally, the Staff Committee recommends 49 that the Office of Subsistence Management explore 50 sponsoring a conflict resolution forum to bring together

00143 representatives of the various users to attempt to explore 1 options and resolve conflicts outside the regulatory 2 3 process. 4 5 Thank you. 6 7 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Board 8 discussion. Other Regional Council -- I'm sorry, Gary. 9 10 MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chair, I just want to 11 say, I mean in this particular proposal, unlike some of the 12 others there does appear to be a fair amount of information 13 both from previous studies as well as anecdotal information 14 that there does not appear to be a conservation issue here. 15 I did notice in reading the Staff write up that there was a 16 note in there having to do with jet boat uses in the river 17 in certain waters. It was unclear to me whether, in fact, 18 that was a regulation that the State has, if not, is there 19 validity in considering that as part of this proposal to 20 have restrictions at least within the Federal areas as it 21 applies to jet boat use. 22 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Gary, I'm sorry, I 23 24 didn't catch the last sentence. 25 MR. EDWARDS: Well, I just notice in there 26 27 that it talked about apparently there had been some studies 28 done to look at the use of jet boats in the spawning areas 29 at certain water depths, and it indicated that the State 30 had either put out in the period -- had regulations but 31 were requesting jet boat owners not to run their impellers, 32 I guess, under certain water conditions. 33 34 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Do you have 35 additional information on that Polly? 36 37 MS. WHEELER: Mr. Chair, we currently have 38 a proposal to look at the impact of jet boats out in the 39 Bristol Bay area that's being funded by, I understand the 40 Fisheries Information Service. But I'm not aware of other 41 studies, Mr. Chair. I'm sorry, it's in Aniak. 42 MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chair, since I said that 43 44 I've also been informed that apparently jet boats are not 45 used in the area where the pike fishing and sheefish 46 fishing would occur, so maybe it's a non-issue. 47 48 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Well, I do know that 49 it's a long ways from the Innoko to the Yukon, either down 50 the Innoko or across the slough over above Grayling.

00144 That's a heck of a long ways and I know a lot of those 1 2 people don't go over there. They've got their camps right 3 there in that area, in Shageluk, is that correct, do you 4 have local knowledge of that, or the Staff? 5 6 MR. H. WILDE: Mr. Chairman. 7 8 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Go ahead. 9 MR. H. WILDE: The Yukon Kuskokwim-Delta 10 11 Advisory Council recommends and the Council supports the 12 proposal with respect to the Holy Cross area elders whom 13 have concern about the health of pike fish and sheefish 14 population. And elders concerns are similar, a warning, 15 that given years ago about salmon runs that have proven to 16 be through in Innoko River drainage. I go moose hunting in 17 that area for 15 years or over, I really respect those 18 elders because I talk with them. 19 20 Mr. Chairman, it is one of our Yupik and 21 other Alaska Natives and our elders warning, tradition law, 22 not only Yupik law was also have been told by our 23 ancestors, never to place a fish back into water once it's 24 caught because you will doom the future fishery. Not only 25 that, but also the fish will disappear from the river or 26 the slough. That's our traditional law of our people. 27 28 Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 29 30 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. 31 32 MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chairman. 33 34 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes. 35 36 MS. GOTTLIEB: I really appreciate the 37 input from the Regional Advisory Council Chairman and I 38 guess I wanted to ask, perhaps Staff Committee a little bit 39 more about the town meetings or community meetings that 40 might be held to determine a little bit more about these 41 concerns and user conflicts. Thank you. 42 MR. SIMMONS: Mr. Chair, yes, the Staff 43 44 Committee discussed that perhaps that there might be 45 parallel processes occurring in conjunction with the 46 biological studies that are being proposed to host a work 47 group or a work session with the primary people that are in 48 conflict and see if there is ways of resolving some of 49 these issues. It was suggested that Staff within OSM might 50 be able to facilitate that but it hasn't gone any further

00145 than that at this point. 1 2 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Other discussion. 3 4 5 MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman, hearing none, I 6 move that the Board adopt the Staff Committee 7 recommendation as it applies to rejecting the proposal that 8 was submitted, the additional other two portions of the 9 recommendation having to do with involving local folks in 10 any future studies as well as trying to resolving or 11 looking for forums to address this broader issue of kind of 12 much -- I guess it could be characterized as more falling 13 in the social arena. It would not be part of my motion. 14 However, I quess I do concur that both of those are 15 excellent ideas particularly the latter about either this 16 subsistence office or this Board as serving as some form of 17 a facilitator to try to address these issues. I think it's 18 a topic that is certainly worthy of further discussion 19 because my view it is a very broad issue and not just 20 localized in this one particularly incident and would 21 certainly, I think, be a valuable role for the Board to 22 play. 23 24 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: There's a motion, is 25 there a second? 26 27 MR. WILSON: I second the motion. 28 29 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Discussion. 30 31 MR. URVINA: Mr. Chair. 32 33 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes. 34 35 MR. URVINA: If I may, I'd like to add with 36 respect to the Holy Cross area elders, that although there 37 is no biological reason in current data to close a sport 38 fishery, the proponent has spoken for years that there is a 39 problem in the sport fishery and was put off because of 40 lack of Federal funds to study the problem. Now, that 41 there are funds available for such studies, it is the 42 burden of the program to gather data, do studies and to 43 resolve the concerns of the local resident users, 44 subsistence users and to provide for subsistence users. 45 46 Thank you. 47 48 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Other 49 discussion. I have mixed emotions about this. I 50 understand the need to collect more data but my father's

side is from Holy Cross, I obviously know those people, if 1 they're raising concerns that there are biological problems 2 3 then my training tells me to respect their knowledge. And 4 knowing the dependents in the Innoko on those species where 5 they're a lot more dependent on those then they are on 6 salmon leads me to be real cautious as I approach this. 7 While I respect the opinions of my fellow Board members, I 8 guess the more I talk the more I find myself going to vote 9 against this motion. But that would be why. The whole 10 theme of erring on the side of conservation, you're 11 disenfranchising nobody but you are being cautious in that 12 area where there is obviously local signals that there are 13 biological problems that are happening. 14 15 Any other discussion. Hearing none, all 16 those in favor of the motion, please signify by saying aye. 17 18 IN UNISON: Aye. 19 20 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Those opposed, same 21 sign. Aye. Motion carries. Ron, you had another comment 22 you wanted to make? 23 24 MR. SAM: Yes, thank you, Mr. Chairman for 25 your indulgence and your discretion. I had to ask the 26 Chairman of the Federal Subsistence Board for a few minutes 27 and I would like to have Vince sit where he's at because we 28 had a Koyukuk River Advisory Committee meeting recently, 29 after everything was over and done with and we dealt -- we 30 went until 11:30 at night discussing our fishing issues. 31 As I stated earlier, we do not have any fish. Everything 32 after the flood of '94, everything we get is pretty much 33 unfit for human consumption, and this is the first time in 34 history that the Koyukuk River subsistence fishery was 35 closed. We were restricted to two-24 hour periods and then 36 we were restricted down to one-24 hour period a week. And 37 the timing of these openings were so terrible that, while 38 we're expecting finally some silver salmon runs that is 39 edible, we were closed. We called Monty Millard, asked for 40 an emergency opening, but there was no way he could open 41 it. When they finally opened it, this was September 27th, 42 the day after that the ice started coming down the river. 43 And we had an emergency opening for moose on the 29th of 44 September but that ice was running which immobilizes 45 everyone there. 46 47 And that's why we -- the resolution that 48 I'm talking about, which is being introduced to the State 49 Board of Fisheries, what we want to do is remove all 50 restrictions on fisheries on the Koyukuk River. We were

00147 incidental to the counts for all these years and we still 1 2 feel that we're being treated unfairly because we're still 3 considered incidental to the contribution of the Yukon 4 River run. And with that, I would like Vince to address 5 this resolution that is being introduced to the State Board 6 of Fisheries. 7 8 MR. MATHEWS: Thank you, Ron. Mr. Chair, 9 the resolution he's talking about, I dialogued with the 10 counterpart on the State side, Jim Marcott, the Regional 11 Coordinator for there and he was drafting it the last time 12 I talked to him. So I don't have a copy of the resolution. 13 The State might. But he was going to write up the 14 resolution based on their recent local advisory committee 15 meeting, and I don't have a copy of it. So that's the 16 history of it. Jim promised that he'd fax me one so I 17 could track it but I'm not near my fax machine so I don't 18 know if it's sitting there. 19 20 Thank you. 21 22 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Ron. 23 24 MR. SAM: Thank you, Mr. Chair. We're 25 addressing it as a resolution but we passed a resolution to 26 address our coordinator who we are trying to fire because 27 he's so slow and he hasn't been around for the last two 28 years within our Koyukuk River Advisory Committee meeting. 29 But this resolution, if I remember right, was to draft a 30 proposal to present to the Board of Fisheries addressing 31 this issue to do away with all the mesh sizes, all the 32 restrictions on the subsistence fishing. 33 And the reason I asked for the Chair's 34 35 indulgence on this is because I expect an emergency 36 teleconference of some sort with the Board from the Koyukuk 37 River and I'm pretty sure that we will ask for one if the 38 fisheries are as disastereous as they were last summer. 39 40 Thank you. 41 42 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Does 43 that close your comments? 44 45 MS. SAM: (Nods affirmatively) 46 47 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you very much I will go ahead and move into -- that completes our 48 Ron. 49 work in Western Interior. We've done Eastern. We now have 50 Northwest Arctic and we'll allow Staff to change and then

00148 we'll continue on. 1 2 3 (Pause) 4 5 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Maybe we'll just go 6 ahead and take a couple minute break here. 7 8 (Off record) 9 10 (On record) 11 12 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: We'll come back to 13 order. Northwest Arctic. We have one proposal, No. 38 on 14 the consent agenda. And as soon as we get Staff changed 15 out we'll begin 39. 16 17 (Pause) 18 19 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: We will go ahead and 20 begin consideration of Proposal No. 39. And Helen, I 21 understand you're going to do the analysis. 22 23 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Thank you so much Mr. 24 Chair. Proposal 39 was submitted by the Northwest Arctic 25 Regional Subsistence Council. The original request was 26 that when taking whitefish in the Kotzebue area that an 27 exception be made to the regulations prohibiting 28 obstruction of more than one-half the width of any stream 29 with any gear. 30 31 The original proposal was for the whole 32 Kotzebue area in the proposal book. But the intent of the 33 proposal that the Northwest Council wanted was it to be for 34 the Selawik and Kobuk River drainages so it was changed in 35 the proposal analysis. 36 37 State regulations are consistent with the 38 current Federal regulation that forbids obstruction of more 39 than one-half of any stream to take fish. Under Federal 40 subsistence regulations in the Kotzebue area, residents may 41 take all fish for customary and traditional uses. No 42 subsistence fishing permits are required at this time for 43 any fish taken for subsistence purposes. 44 The Kotzebue area encompasses the Northwest 45 46 Arctic Regional Council, a portion of the North Slope 47 Regional Council; the Point Hope vicinity, and the northern 48 Portion of the Seward Peninsula Regional Council; 49 Shishmaref area. But since the proposal was narrowed down 50 to just the Selawik and Kobuk River drainages, on the map

1 you can see that area and the pink, actually on your screen 2 it's sort of a red, but that's the Selawik National 3 Wildlife Refuge and then the purple area up here is the 4 National Park Service. So there's a fair amount of Federal 5 public land. The boundary you see, I'm sort of pointing it 6 out here, that goes around, is this dark line, that is 7 encompassing the Federal waters that this proposal effects. 8

9 The Northwest Council added pike when they 10 had their Regional Council meeting to whitefish --11 whitefish to the proposal.

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13 This practice of putting nets across the 14 streams, the slow moving sloughs is a traditional practice. 15 I found evidence of it going back at least a hundred years, 16 we have picture and descriptions of it from a long time ago 17 and we do know that it is a customary and traditional In the Upper Kobuk, the streams are very narrow 18 practice. 19 and you're talking about five to 10 feet across. We're 20 really talking about sloughs that as the fish are coming 21 out of the lakes, in the Selawik, streams are a little bit 22 wider and they go up to 60 feet. So this proposal actually 23 is not talking about really long nets in most cases. What 24 people do is they set their gillnets in the sloughs and the 25 lake outlets where the fish are coming in from the main --26 going out into the main river. In the Kobuk area, the nets 27 generally have a three to four inch mesh, in the Selawik 28 area they use up to a four and a half inch mesh. The 29 larger mesh size nets are not generally used for the spring 30 fishing because the people don't target the larger white 31 fish. The larger white fish are too fat and they don't dry 32 very easily. Generally if there are larger white fish 33 caught, they are eaten at that time rather than actually 34 stored. In the fall they do take larger whitefish under 35 the ice so those are taken at that time.

What happens is that the nets are placed at the mouth of the shallow sloughs while the river level is phigh and as the water levels drop the nets are moved near to the mouth of the deep sloughs and to the deeper waters of the main river but not usually near the mouth of the shallow sloughs. They aren't placed in areas where they are block waterways where there may be lots of boats and block waterways where there may be lots of boats and stream and boats are there then they're going to lose their hets and nets cost at least \$300 and this isn't something that fishermen can afford to do.

49 The Inupiat do check the nets and watch 50 them closely because of the fear of losing their nets and

00150 if suddenly the fish start really running and the nets get 1 too heavy they can lose them, so they are watched rather 2 3 closely. Sometimes the water rises really rapidly and it can cause the nets to be lost so they do keep an eye on 4 5 them. 6 7 Sheefish and salmon are not found in these 8 sloughs. They are -- pike are just taken incidentally to 9 whitefish, they really are targeting the whitefish. 10 11 The nets may be put out just for a week or 12 two, it's not a long-term process. They get just enough 13 fish for the people to have a few bags of fish for their 14 family and their relatives. 15 16 If the whitefish are left in the water more 17 than 24 hours, the fish get really soft and they're not 18 suitable for drying so it is something that -- that is the 19 reason why they're checking them really regularly. 20 21 In the fall, sometimes it can take longer 22 to get as many fish because there aren't as many and so 23 they, sometimes, have their nets out longer, they are 24 checking them pretty regularly. 25 26 Most of the sloughs and the lake outlets 27 are fairly close to the villages for people to be able to 28 check them pretty regularly if they're not staying right 29 there at the site. We don't actually have really good 30 information about exactly where people are but that's some 31 information we have sort of anecdotal. 32 33 There are some fish that are taken 34 incidentally to whitefish, like trout, grayling, sucker, 35 pike and some sheefish. The sheefish are generally not --36 are usually taken with nets that have mesh sizes that are 37 four and a half to five and a half inches so they don't --38 sheefish aren't taken very often and they're not usually 39 found in those locations. 40 41 The Council did tell us that this practice 42 is not as prevalent as it was 30 to 40 years ago. That 40 43 years ago every household would have been out harvesting 44 whitefish in these sloughs, whereas today there maybe a 45 dozen or so households and maybe even fewer. In our 46 conversations with Barb Armstrong, who comes from the 47 region, she said that, you know, in some cases it may be 48 just a few couples in communities that are taking 49 whitefish. It's not something done as much as it was once. 50

The information we have about where people 1 are harvesting whitefish comes from an ADF&G study done in 2 3 conjunction with Maniilaq from 1988. And they didn't 4 specifically ask where people were taking whitefish but 5 they asked where people were taking non-salmon, and from 6 that we know that Buckland, Selawik, Noorvik, Kiana, 7 Shungnak and Kobuk are all fishing for species of -- for 8 non-salmon species on streams and creeks feeding into the 9 Selawik and the Kobuk River drainages and in your books 10 that's Maps 2 through 6. Only Ambler, Selawik, Noorvik and 11 Kiana had non -- had mapped areas for non-salmon that were 12 within the Refuge or Park boundaries that were affected --13 and are affected by this proposal. 14

We don't know a whole lot about how many We don't know a whole lot about how many We don't know a whole lot about how many Network about the some the We don't know a whole lot about how many We don't know a whole lot about how many Network about how many The some the Some the some that the some information on the Some the some money into some research in the Some future.

This is, obviously a proposal that has a lot of -- it has generated a lot of concern from the fish biologists. If it were an unrestricted harvest with no concerned and feel that this could have some implications for other fish species as well as for whitefish. And I worked long and hard on this proposal in making an attempt to try to get as many people together to talk about it as possible to find some solution in trying to make this traditional practice legal because it is something that an effort on many sides to try to do that.

36 The concern, really, I mean I think 37 everybody feels like, at this point, there's not anything 38 that's been done that is really damaging to the fish 39 resources but the concern is is that if we were to allow 40 unrestricted putting a net across the stream, that somebody 41 could come in who was from the outside who might not follow 42 the traditional practices and there could be some 43 consequences for some sheefish or salmon. As a result 44 we've worked hard on trying to find some resolution to this 45 and there's been a lot of discussion with the Regional 46 Council, with the biologists on the State side and on the 47 Federal side and we'll hear more about that in a minute. 48 At the moment, the whitefish and the pike populations are 49 healthy but there is a concern. 50

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00152 That concludes my Staff analysis. If you 1 2 have any questions I'm happy to answer them. All right, 3 I'll turn it over to Barb for public comments. 4 5 MS. B. ARMSTRONG: Mr. Chair, there are no 6 public comments at this time on the proposal. 7 8 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. 9 Department comments. 10 Thank you, Mr. Chair. 11 MS. WHEELER: The 12 State supports the Federal Inter-Agency Staff 13 recommendation with the modification of placing a 14 restriction on the amount of time a net can be fished, 15 i.e., a net cannot be fished for longer than 24 hours in a 16 48 hour period. We believe the modification will allow 17 some migration of fish during critical migration periods. 18 This addresses our previously voiced concern that the 19 proposed regulations would potentially allow a stream to be 20 completely blocked during the periods from May 15 to June 21 30 and August 15 to October 31, which we believe is not 22 sound biological management and could result in overharvest 23 and stock depletion, Mr. Chair. 24 25 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. We have 26 one request for additional public testimony at this time. 27 Mr. Elmer Armstrong. 28 29 MR. ELMER ARMSTRONG: Mr. Chairman, Board, 30 we as NANA Region elders, I'm representing the NANA Region 31 elders in subsistence. I'm the representative to them and 32 also a member of the NANA Region Elders Council and also 33 president of Kotzebue Elders Council. 34 35 We support this proposal except for a few 36 little items, like the 24 hour period, pulling the nets 37 because to the fact that our people in the NANA region have 38 the traditional way of allowing fish to go by when they 39 have enough catch. What they do is tie their nets, hang 40 their nets while they are in the water. Our traditional 41 people taught us that and we know that they have their own 42 set areas. They keep those areas year after year, and this 43 is part of the traditional way of keeping and getting fish 44 where there is fish on a seasonal basis. 45 46 So our elders have a little problem with 47 that. Because they have their own way of letting fish go 48 by when they have enough to cut. When I say, enough to 49 cut, the whitefish that they catch can't stay more than a 50 day or so. It comes apart when you fillet the whitefish so 00153 1 that way they get enough to cut per day, if it has to be. So that the fish wouldn't get soft. I'm pretty sure in 2 3 other areas it's the same way. 4 5 So our elders said that they would have a 6 little problem with the 24 hour period in 48 hours. 7 8 Our elders support the proposal because 9 it's been customary and a cultural way of getting fish and 10 they want -- if there is a lot of that meat to be put in 11 there, they would like to have it in their own traditional 12 way and this is one of the reasons why they have sent me 13 down here to be with Willie, our representative here and 14 I'm pretty sure will speak what I'm speaking about. And 15 also I'm a member of Kotzebue Sound Advisory Committee and 16 when we met we discussed this, the setnetting in sloughs, 17 how we need to -- how our people do it sometimes, maybe 18 they cover most of the slough across the river not all the 19 way but we said that our people know each other and they 20 don't block the next person that has a net. We took our 21 village recommendation on this to go along with the 22 recommendation, we were not against it, we went and took 23 the recommendation. 24 25 I think the most damaging thing in our 26 area, especially in Selawik area is the beavers. I think 27 there should be a law against -- get a deal with those 28 beavers that set dams across where the whitefish spawn. Ι 29 know there's partial regulations to get beaver and use them 30 for dog feed but that's about all. I doesn't resolve -- I 31 don't think it resolves our problem. I think the State or 32 Federal government should have some kind of regulation to 33 try and prevent our fish dying in the lakes because of 34 beaver dams. Sometimes our lakes are shallow and they 35 freeze to the ground and that doesn't leave much area for 36 our whitefish to winter. 37 Thank you. 38 39 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Elmer, if you could 40 41 -- so this practice of fishing in this manner has been 42 going on for years, years and years across the sloughs? 43 The way you've been fishing has been going on for a long 44 time, right, in these sloughs? 45 46 MR. ELMER ARMSTRONG: I'm 67 years old, as 47 far as I can remember this is the way the white fishing has 48 been going on. 49 50 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Are you aware of any

00154 populations -- whitefish populations that are in any danger 1 2 or real low? 3 4 MR. ELMER ARMSTRONG: No. 5 6 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay. 7 8 MR. ELMER ARMSTRONG: I haven't seen any 9 decrease in white fishing because our people have their own 10 seasonal times when they catch whitefish. 11 12 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. I'm 13 sorry, there's another question here. 14 15 DR. KESSLER: My understanding is not 16 complete, maybe you can help me. If the traditional 17 practice is to remove the fish within a day anyhow, how is 18 that -- and the provision here is to restrict the nets to 19 24 hours, how are the two incompatible, I'm sorry, I'm not 20 clear on that? 21 22 MR. GOODWIN: Mr. Chairman, can I respond 23 to that? 24 25 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Willie, yeah. 26 27 MR. GOODWIN: If we don't check the fish, 28 check the net and take the fish off, the fish deteriorate 29 like he explained, okay. Now, if we're to be restricted 30 for a 24 hour period in a 48 hour period, the problem is 31 that the time period is so short in which we can get the 32 fish, the right fish to dry, is that if we're not allowed 33 to continue the practice, like he was saying, maybe a week 34 or two, then we have a chance of having that person or 35 family lose half the catch they should have got. 36 37 And as a result, you know, it does harm for 38 the subsistence fisher. So the concern that the elders 39 explained was that to restrict us to have us there long 40 then we need to be because there are times when the weather 41 doesn't cooperate. It makes it very difficult to dry fish 42 when it's raining, for instance. When there's a west wind 43 from Kotzebue, Kotzebue Sound in the Kobuk Delta, that 44 pushes the water back into Hoffman Inlet and as a result 45 the slow moving sloughs go backwards, the flow and there's 46 no fish. We already have that we have to deal with for the 47 opportunity to get the fish. So by restricting us for 48 another 24 hour period puts an added burden to those people 49 that are trying to get their fish. 50

00155 1 DR. KESSLER: Thank you. 2 3 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: With that, go ahead, 4 Willie, we'll just go on into the Regional Council 5 recommendation. 6 7 MR. GOODWIN: Mr. Chairman, the original 8 recommendation that the Regional Council deliberated was 9 what we recommended. We spent a lot of time on this 10 proposal in our RAC meeting in Kotzebue. While we had some 11 agency staff there from this, there was only one person 12 that I know of from the Staff Committee that was there to 13 listen to the testimony given by the people, was there to 14 listen to the questions that we asked these agency people, 15 we specifically asked them if they had any concerns that we 16 be told about them, that we don't get blind-sided by the 17 Staff Committee when they make their recommendation to the 18 Board, and this is what happened in this case. 19 20 It's an added burden to us, the RAC people. 21 The RAC members to deliberate for that long and the time we 22 discussed this and to come up with a recommendation from 23 the Staff Committee that puts more limitations or whatever 24 you want to call it into the proposal. We questioned the 25 State of Alaska extensively on this issue, we asked them if 26 there was any data that they had, if there was any 27 conservation concerns that they knew about on the whitefish 28 stocks or anything in the area, there was none by any of 29 the agency staff. Our traditional knowledge, like Mr. 30 Armstrong explained, tells us that there are no 31 conservation problems with the whitefish stocks in these 32 areas that we fish. The proposal, as recommended, speaks 33 to these slow moving sloughs that are tied to lakes, those 34 are the ones that have the whitefish that we target. Tt. 35 doesn't make any sense to us to put nets in fast moving 36 streams that are going to have sticks and everything else 37 to tear up the net. So the nets are put into these slow 38 moving streams that are tied to lakes. 39 40 Now you take the Selawik Refuge, for 41 instance, there's 97,000 lakes up there, 700 people in 42 Selawik, I fail to see the rationale where there'd be a 43 conservation problem with the people getting too much 44 whitefish when there's 97,000 lakes up there. That's just 45 the Selawik Refuge alone. I'm not talking about the Kobuk-46 Delta which probably has 50,000 lakes. 47 48 If we don't check the net, I fail to see 49 where there will be an overharvest. We all know that when 50 a net gets too much fish the thing sinks. And there's only

00156 so much fish it can stop. It's not there -- it's not going 1 to block every fish. It's not going to catch every fish. 2 3 Mr. Chairman, I took the time to call my 4 5 RAC members before this meeting, before I came down because 6 of the concern on the 24 hour period, and the RAC is 7 against it. But after looking at it, you know, in a 8 different light, there's an interpretation of my own that 9 probably won't -- nobody will agree with but if you read 10 the proposal, you can't obstruct the stream continuously 11 for 48 hours, so I think that if I check the net every 24 12 hours, I'm not obstructing the stream continuously. So if 13 that interpretation can be allowed, we'll go along with it. 14 15 On the flip-side, the reason that we 16 proposed this regulation is that we know that we don't 17 always have protection officers out there that are -- well, 18 I mean we'll probably get some protection officer some day 19 that's going to read this regulation one way and then start 20 citing our people that are trying to get their fish for 21 food, and we don't want that to happen, that's why we 22 proposed the regulation to make it legal for them to do That's what we are afraid of. 23 this activity. We've seen 24 it happen and we're afraid that some family that's out 25 there for a week or two every spring and probably a week or 26 two every fall to gather the fish will get cited for 27 something that they've been doing for years on their own 28 land, on their own allotment. 29 30 We would like to see this proposal passed, 31 this regulation without any of the restrictions that are 32 being proposed to be placed on it. And I'll be glad to 33 answer any questions that anyone might have. 34 35 Thank you. 36 37 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you, Willie. 38 Staff Committee recommendation. 39 40 MR. GERHART: Yes, Mr. Chairman. My name 41 is Bob Gerhart and I'll be doing this presentation. The 42 Staff Committee recommends that the proposal be modified as 43 recommended by the Northwest Arctic Subsistence Regional 44 Advisory Council. However, in addition, it should be 45 further modified in the following three ways. 46 47 First, that the proposal be restricted to 48 -- or that the regulation be restricted to slow moving 49 sloughs and water ways connecting lakes or slow moving 50 sloughs connecting lakes to main rivers in the Selawik and

00157 Kobuk River drainages. Two, to prohibit the proposed 1 2 regulation in the mainstems of the Selawik and Kobuk 3 Rivers. And three, add a requirement that such streams may 4 not be completely obstructed for more than 24 hours during 5 any 48 hour period. In addition the Staff Committee 6 recommends that educational materials be provided to 7 affected communities regarding this regulation. 8 9 The regulatory language that would result 10 from this recommendation can be found on Page 10. That 11 concludes my presentation. 12 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay, with that 13 14 we'll go ahead and advance this on to Board and Regional 15 Council discussion. Ida, can I call on you for a second 16 here, please. 17 18 MS. HILDEBRAND: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 19 I'd like to respond to the Board Member Kessler's question, 20 what was the difference between the 24 hour and the tying 21 off, that wasn't discussed at either the Regional Council 22 level or the Staff Committee level. But the tie-off is, in 23 effect, does the same thing. A tie-off means you just pull 24 the fish net together and tie it so fish can't get caught 25 in it so it effectively does the same thing as pulling out 26 the net in a 24 hour period. 27 28 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Judy. 29 30 MS. GOTTLIEB: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Ι 31 wanted Bob to add one more thing and then I have a comment, 32 thank you. 33 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Bob. 34 35 36 MR. GERHART: Yes, Mr. Chairman, I 37 neglected to present the justification for the Staff 38 Committee recommendation. There is strong evidence 39 existing that gillnetting for whitefish has long been a 40 tradition among the Inupiat originating prior to contact 41 with Western Culture. Traditionally the Inupiat did not 42 use gillnets during the summer months, July and the first 43 half of August because the weather was too warm to process 44 the fish. The practice continues today. 45 46 There are serious biological consequences 47 that could occur to whitefish and other migratory fish in 48 the region if some limitations are not placed on this 49 regulation. Adding modifications to the original proposal 50 will mitigate these biological concerns. Limiting the

00158 practice of putting the gillnets across the stream to the 1 2 early summer and fall months is consistent with traditional 3 Inupiat practices and would minimize impacts on whitefish, 4 pike and other fish. 5 6 Limiting the length of the gillnet would 7 prohibit someone from putting a gillnet completely across 8 larger streams and rivers also minimizing impacts. 9 Limiting the size of the gillnets also would be consistent 10 with traditional Inupiat practices as they currently do not 11 use nets longer than 60 feet. Limiting the mesh size to 12 two and a half to four and a half inches is consistent with 13 current practices and would allow for targeting of 14 whitefish and pike and not sheefish or salmon. 15 16 Excluding the mainstems of the Selawik and 17 Kobuk Rivers will insure that sheefish and salmon in these 18 rivers would not be affected by this regulation. 19 20 These modifications to the proposal would 21 decrease biological concerns. Adding the time constraints 22 that nets could not be fished for more than 24 hours within 23 any 48 hour period would alleviate any conservation 24 concerns. 25 26 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Judy. 27 28 MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chairman, I don't think 29 Barb had a copy of this public comment so not to take her 30 job away but if I could just read a quick paragraph that I 31 received. This is from the Gates of the Arctic Subsistence 32 Resource Commission. 33 It does have to do with Proposal 39 and it 34 35 says allowing the use of nets across river and creeks, the 36 Gates of the Arctic SRC did not take action. SRC supports 37 the continuation of the traditional practices of fishing 38 for pike and whitefish but has concerns about how the 39 regulation could be misused to the detriment of fish 40 resources. 41 42 Thank you. 43 44 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. 45 46 MR. GOODWIN: Mr. Chair. 47 48 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Just a second, 49 Willie. 50

00159 MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chair. 1 2 3 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Staff Committee or Staff, I'm not sure but I'm looking, is there a 4 conservation concern outside of what could happen? 5 Do you 6 know, are you aware of a population of whitefish or pike 7 population that's in jeopardy? 8 9 MR. GOODWIN: Mr. Chairman. 10 11 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: (Nods negatively) 12 13 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Wait. I'm asking 14 this question to Staff, Willie. Could you get that on the 15 record, please? 16 17 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: No, we have no evidence 18 of there being a conservation issue at this time. 19 20 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay. Go ahead, 21 Willie. 22 23 MR. GOODWIN: I asked the same question at 24 our RAC meeting. In fact Fish and Game people were there 25 and they told us there's none that they know of. 26 27 One other fact that I forgot to mention is 28 that nature has its way of allowing fish to go out before 29 we start fishing. If the ice -- if we don't get any snow 30 early on in the fall, these lakes and slow moving streams 31 get very thick, and as a result in the springtime it takes 32 longer for them to thaw out. So a lot of the fish have 33 gone out anyway before we're able to get into these slow 34 moving streams. You know, the timing of this for our 35 activity is critical to our people. If we can't get there 36 in time to do it, then we miss the season, the spring 37 season. I've seen it happen. 38 39 Thank you. 40 41 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: So then the language 42 in the justification, serious biological consequences could 43 occur; I want Staff to explain to me how this could occur? 44 45 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: Mr. Chair, the concern 46 is is that if someone came into the area -- I mean if we 47 had a regulation that said you could put a net across the 48 stream with no limitations as to where -- or in the 49 original proposal it was relatively vague and so the way it 50 was written originally, you could go and put a net across
00160 the Selawik River. And one of the concerns we heard was 1 upstream on the Selawik, in places it's 60 feet across and 2 3 if you put a net across the Selawik, sheefish could have 4 serious consequences to them. So it was without having any 5 parameters on it, some kind of restrictions of lengths of 6 net, size of mesh, time limits, that there could be some 7 consequences or location of where you could do it. 8 9 So that's what we were looking for was a 10 narrowing down of the regulation so that it wasn't so broad 11 that you could put a net across portions of the mainstem 12 rivers that might be so narrow that you could actually get 13 a 60 -- well, and originally we didn't even have a length 14 restriction so that was the concern. 15 16 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: So to the best of 17 your knowledge, has this or is this occurring? 18 19 MS. H. ARMSTRONG: No. Where they're 20 putting it across mainstem rivers, no, it's not occurring 21 at the time. But the concern was that if we didn't put 22 some kind of restrictions on it, it could happen in the 23 future and that was the concern of the biologists. 24 25 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay. Willie, if 26 this could occur, did occur, if there were suddenly abuses 27 by individuals say moving into the area or biological 28 concerns, I'm just wondering who would be the first to 29 squawk about that, would it be Department of Fish and Game, 30 would it be the Feds or would it be the locals? 31 32 MR. GOODWIN: Mr. Chairman, it would be our 33 people. I mean we have traditional places that we go to 34 year after year after year, the same places by the same 35 family. Now, if somebody comes in and tries to put a net 36 or something, you know, they'd be the first one to squawk 37 and if we see this abuse, certainly our people will raise 38 that concern. There's no doubt in my mind they would. 39 40 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: So if the bogeyman 41 suddenly did show up, you guys would be the first to go and 42 combat that bogeyman? 43 44 MR. GOODWIN: We would. Especially if you 45 tried to go on our corporation lands or even Native 46 allotments where most of these camps are located. The 47 language is in there to prohibit on the mainstems, which 48 the concern was raised for other species of the Selawik and 49 the Kobuk River, the mainstems of those rivers, they're 50 fast moving. I mean sticks and logs and everything else

00161 comes down those rivers, you know that, and it don't make 1 any sense for us to put a net out where there's all this 2 stuff that's going to be tearing up the net. 3 4 5 MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chair. 6 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Go ahead, Gary. 7 8 9 MR. EDWARDS: In talking to Staff prior to 10 the meeting about this, it seemed to me that there may be 11 kind of some misunderstanding on both sides as to exactly 12 what was being expected on the ground. 13 14 When I first read this, I was under the 15 impression that it actually meant that the nets would have 16 to be pulled or maybe tied off as Ida said, but it's my 17 understanding and Willie you sort of alluded to it, if the 18 nets were checked on a periodic basis and you use 24 hours, 19 that, in fact, that was kind of what was really intended, 20 not that the nets actually be physically pulled from the 21 water for X amount of time and then replaced, in some kind 22 of a cycle. Now, if, in fact, if that's correct and 23 somebody needs to correct me if I'm wrong, then it seems to 24 me that that might be the kind of language which would 25 appear to be acceptable to the Council, that the nets would 26 be periodically ran under kind of a time certain, 27 obviously; under certain weather conditions, I quess, 28 technically people would be in violation and my quess is 29 there's not going to be a whole lot of enforcement that 30 would take place during that time. 31 I mean is that kind of a solution that 32 33 would be acceptable sort of to everybody? 34 35 MR. GOODWIN: Mr. Chairman. 36 37 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: go ahead. 38 39 MR. GOODWIN: That would be acceptable 40 because we check our net anyway. Putting the requirement 41 in there is not going to be any heartburn to our people 42 because we have to check the net in a 24 hour period, we 43 could go along with that. 44 45 MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chairman. 46 47 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes. 48 49 MS. GOTTLIEB: Well, likewise, we wouldn't 50 support the requirement that streams may not be completely

00162 obstructed for more than 24 hours during any 48 hour period 1 2 because we do understand that that requirement is not 3 consistent with the customary and traditional practices 4 that we're trying to accommodate here. This proposal was 5 trying to, I think, legalize a current and ongoing practice 6 and should have fostered a lot of cooperation and 7 coordination between the managers and the subsistence 8 users, but also keeping in mind resource concerns. IT 9 certainly has fostered a lot of dialogue, I'll say that. 10 11 But we do have other concerns about the 12 regulatory language as recommended by the Staff Committee. 13 Our concerns are not that customary and traditional 14 practices are not being accommodated, but rather that a 15 lack of clarity in the regulation may lead to inadvertent 16 or maybe intentional abuse of the regulation by new 17 residents or those unaware of the customary practices. 18 Some of the waters that are involved here 19 20 produce chum and pink salmon and those stocks are below 21 historic levels. And while I know this proposal is not 22 intended to target those species, could again be 23 unintentional but it could occur. 2.4 25 The Delta area of the Kobuk, for example, 26 has three main channels. And I'm a little worried that if 27 we don't identify these channels in regulation it could 28 lead to confusion and possible problems. 29 30 In the time between the Council meeting and 31 this meeting we tried to work with a variety of members to 32 come up with language that would clarify this regulation 33 and where it would not apply. Not to be restricted to 34 subsistence users, however, I don't think we've been able 35 to reach that language but maybe we can have some 36 discussion here yet. I still think that clarity would 37 improve the situation and we can offer some language if 38 appropriate. 39 40 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Willie, in your 41 experience, what has been the incidental take of salmon in 42 these nets? 43 44 MR. GOODWIN: During the time period we are 45 recommending, probably zero. The time period that we're 46 proposing here is before the salmon go in, it's before the 47 sheefish come out in the spring and it's after the salmon 48 have passed in the fall. Plus, the fact that the language 49 in there that says the mainstems of the Kobuk, it's 50 restricted there, we know that, we allow that -- we'll go

00163 along with that because we don't fish there anywhere, not 1 all the way across. 2 3 4 Mr. Chairman, we recognize that the 5 probability is there that someone might abuse this, but, 6 you know, if they try to put them on the mainstems, good 7 luck to them, boy. I don't know what kind of fish they're 8 going to get. 9 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: 10 The other thing I'm 11 curious about, what are you paying for fuel up there, gas? 12 13 MR. GOODWIN: It's over three bucks a 14 gallon now. 15 16 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: On the Kobuk? 17 18 MR. GOODWIN: Yeah. 19 20 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: The Kobuk? 21 22 MR. GOODWIN: Yeah, Noorvik, Kiana, 23 Selawik. 24 25 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: So what's this going 26 to do to subsistence users, the cost of going after 27 whitefish, how much is that going to drive up the average 28 users cost just for fuel, say for example? There's 29 everything else, but I mean.... 30 31 MR. GOODWIN: Okay, let me use my mother-32 in-law for an example, her family, the extended family 33 which includes relatives from up Kobuk and Ambler that come 34 down and help her to dry these fish so they can take some 35 home because these are the fish that are targeted that are 36 not fat, because it doesn't make any sense to us to dry fat 37 fish at that time period. You know how fat fish dry, you 38 know, they're oily and everything and sometimes they're not 39 fit to eat after awhile. 40 41 So she would probably use, I would guess, 42 maybe one or two drums of gas to do this activity in the 43 springtime, going back and forth to the village of Noorvik 44 to pick up supplies or people and check the nets that she 45 has. She has three nets out that I know of that she uses, 46 in spring. One of them don't go all the way across one 47 stream, two of them do, but they're back to back on the 48 same stream. And if the first net gets a lot of fish it 49 will sink, like I said and the other fish come by and they 50 get caught in the second net but they're tended so often,

1 and she gets too much to cut or whoever's there to help her 2 they tie the net so they don't catch anymore. But this 3 goes on day after day for a couple of weeks down there. So 4 I would guess about two drums of gas, maybe, that she would 5 probably use. 6

7 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: I guess I'm going to 8 allow somebody else to follow, but I -- you know, we do 9 have the three reasons that we need to consider if we're 10 going to turn down a Regional Council recommendation. 11 Conservation, which we don't have. We could have, but we 12 regulate every year, it could be taken care of without very 13 much damage to the resource. Lack of substantial evidence, 14 you know, that's all there. Detrimental to subsistence 15 users, we're adding a detriment to subsistence users if we 16 take the Staff Committee approach to this. So we haven't 17 met any one of those three criteria for turning down the 18 Regional Council recommendation that I could possibly see 19 we could make a case for.

We're adding over regulation as is the We're adding over regulation as is the We're adding over regulation as is the Would agree, and I think that managers and my fellow Board members are making a case that there are other issues out there that need to be addressed. This is our first cut at this regulation, we're just doing nothing but a disservice if we take the Staff Committee approach to the subsistence user at this point in time. We don't have a problem, we're adding problems. We're adding detriment to the subsistence user.

My strong recommendation is take the My strong recommendation is take the Regional Council approach. If managers and others have tissues that want to go back, go back to the Regional Council, raise those issues, work it through with the local people, come up with something that's mutually compatible. But to jump right out and overregulate a prosperous resource that is heavily depended upon by subsistence users, we're doing a disservice to the subsistence users in this particular case, very strongly.

So I strongly urge us to go with the A3 Regional Council recommendation. Take those issues back to 44 the next Regional Council and start working on them for 45 next year if we need other fine-tuning. We've seen over 46 and over again, with the Regional Councils, a perfect 47 willingness to sit down and tackle tough issues and they'll 48 do it. They'll take the issues up with you. Sit down at 49 the RAC level, go over the issues, hash them out, come up 50 with something that's mutually agreeable. Right now you

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00165 don't have a problem. 1 2 3 MS. CROSS: Mr. Chair. 4 5 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes. 6 7 MS. CROSS: May I comment on this, please? 8 9 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes. 10 11 MS. CROSS: This proposal was given to 12 Seward Peninsula RAC for review last fall. At the time we 13 voted in support of the proposal as recommended by 14 Northwest Arctic Council. This is a practice that's been 15 utilized for centuries. Northwest Regional Council is 16 bringing up this issue merely to make a practice legal. 17 And we also came to the conclusion this practice is not 18 restricted to that region, it's a practice that's practiced 19 throughout different regions and it never had any impact on 20 the fish population. 21 22 Thank you. 23 MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman. 24 25 26 MR. GOODWIN: Mr. Chair. 27 28 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: I am not sure who 29 was first, Gary go ahead. 30 31 MR. EDWARDS: Willie, you want to go first? 32 33 MR. GOODWIN: Yeah, I just -- Mr. Chairman, 34 I just want to point out a fact that you mention here. You 35 know we deliberated very heavily on this issue at our RAC 36 meeting, and then when it comes to the Staff Committee, we 37 weren't there to defend what we were saying. We were not 38 there to make comments on what they were recommending. SO 39 that's the system I talked about yesterday where we have a 40 flaw that should be fixed. 41 42 I think if the Staff Committee is going to 43 be changing any of the substance of any regulation proposal 44 that is coming from the RACs, the RACs should be given an 45 opportunity to be able to sit down and talk with them and 46 work it out. 47 48 Thank you. 49 50 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Let me, if I could

00166 just respond to that first, Gary and I'll get right to you. 1 2 3 We also have a process in dealing with 4 these with the Staff Committee and often times it's past 5 the RAC meeting. And I guess I'd have to defend our 6 process, I mean our internal process within OSC. We have 7 there a lot of times issues that come up and a lot of times 8 there are critical biological issues and critical issues on 9 behalf of subsistence users that maybe don't come up at the 10 RAC level, so you know I have to defend our process because 11 they've got a job to do to get things ready for us. 12 13 All I'm saying is in this particular case 14 we've over-reacted where we don't have a problem where 15 we're causing problems. And that's all I'm pointing out, 16 in this particular case. 17 18 But as far as the process overall, I have 19 to defend it because they have a job to do to get us to 20 this point to where we're deliberating. That's all I'm 21 saying. This one time we overreacted. 22 23 Gary. 24 25 MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chair, I guess I concur 26 with your observation but based upon my previous comments, 27 I guess I would suggest that we accept the proposal from 28 the Council with the addition at the end with the language 29 that would say something similar to that except that nets 30 will be checked at least in any 24 hour period. 31 32 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Let me see 33 where.... 34 35 MS. GOTTLIEB: I'll second that, Mr. Chair. 36 37 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: That's the normal 38 practice anyway, isn't it? 39 40 MR. EDWARDS: And that's my understanding. 41 42 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yeah. 43 44 MR. EDWARDS: So I mean I don't.... 45 46 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Put that into 47 regulation, that's the normal practice we're not 48 disrupting. I mean I certainly could support that. 49 50 MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chairman.

00167 1 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes. 2 3 MS. GOTTLIEB: I appreciate what the 4 Chairman is saying and I appreciate what you've said about 5 our process but I do want to let everybody know that as 6 soon as the Staff Committee finished deliberations, phone 7 calls were made and meetings were held between Staff and 8 the Regional Advisory Council so that we could clarify what 9 was going on and try to arrive at consensus as quickly as 10 possible. So we do want to keep those lines of 11 communications open at all times. 12 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes, Judy, and I 13 14 really concur with that. I mean obviously we're not done 15 with this regulation, I mean it's a work in progress. But 16 as long as we're there, you know, with the RAC working on 17 these issues as they come up, we can continue to, you know, 18 fine tune this regulation to where it's one that's 19 workable. I was really scared that we were overgoing on 20 the first go around, that we're new, we don't have a 21 problem we get something on the books. I think Gary's 22 suggestion is an excellent one, since it puts in regulation 23 what happens now anyway, that the nets be checked every 24 24 hours, and leave the rest of this stuff out of there and 25 just work on it with the RAC. We can get to where we got 26 this thing fine-tuned. 27 28 MR. GOODWIN: Mr. Chairman. 29 30 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Willie. 31 32 MR. GOODWIN: We'd be willing to work with 33 any of the agencies that have a problem with this at the 34 RAC level. You know, I realize there was some concerns 35 that were raised by different agencies on this and it was 36 after our RAC meeting, you know, there was some talk 37 between myself and some of the RAC members, but not all of 38 them, but this last go around I did talk to all of them and 39 I'll extend that, we'll work with anybody on it. 40 41 Thank you. 42 MR. WILSON: Mr. Chair, this is just a 43 44 procedural question. 45 46 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes. 47 48 MR. WILSON: But we treated Mr. Edwards, I 49 thought it was a suggestion as if it was a motion, I --50 yeah, and then Judy seconded it but I just wanted to make

00168 sure we did have a motion on the floor. 1 2 3 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: No, I didn't.... 4 5 MR. EDWARDS: I didn't make it as a motion. 6 7 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: No, I didn't think 8 so, I was just looking for a place we could add it. 9 10 MR. EDWARDS: I was just throwing it out on 11 the table. 12 13 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: I don't think 14 anybody's going to disagree with it, it's the practice. 15 16 MR. ELMER ARMSTRONG: Mr. Chairman, Elmer 17 Armstrong here. I just want to go back to Willie's comment 18 on who would -- when you said who would make the first 19 complaint. You know, our people, our elders have control 20 in the villages in some situations in the traditional way. 21 I'd like to give you an example, I'm originally from 22 Buckland. Buckland, Alaska. When we hunt beluga in the 23 springtime, a guy with this hunting crew got caught taking 24 the beluga away from those that were following a beluga, I 25 want to give you this example because this could happen. 26 When we came back to the beach, two elders, the first thing 27 that they did, nobody told them, two elders went over to 28 that boat captain and says, you cannot take that beluga 29 away from that person that follows that beluga. We can 30 take this beluga away from you and give it back to the 31 person that hunted it. And our traditional way, our 32 Natives, our elders, they're not lax in controlling these 33 kind of traditional ways. And I know that our young people 34 all over Alaska and elsewhere, they like to have their own 35 way but I'm pretty sure that our elders would have some 36 kind of control if there is other regulations that put in 37 their cultural way. But I hope that that wouldn't happen. 38 39 Now, one other thing that I wanted to speak 40 about was that I lived in Selawik for four years in the 41 past for duty and I know exactly what I'm talking about 42 when I talk -- we're speaking about Selawik, about the 43 sloughs, slow moving streams and the lakes that are dammed 44 by beavers. Once a dam is set in the lake, the mouth of 45 the stream, there's no -- the water is -- there's no 46 movement, so that's why I would think that we need to do 47 something. 48 49 And one recommendation or whatever, you can 50 talk about it probably later, to the Board here, that I

00169 think the biology, when we speak about our Native cultural 1 ways and make these kind of recommendations, Staff 2 3 recommendations, that the biology should be -- I mean we 4 need to -- I think we need to hire our own people to be 5 with the biology. Sometimes I think -- I've seen myself, 6 that biology go out there and look around and just put down 7 in his note about what he sees, that's why I would like to 8 -- our elders have been talking about this that 9 recommendations should come from our people. 10 11 Thank you. 12 13 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Gary, 14 you have something. 15 16 MR. EDWARDS: All right, since I didn't 17 make a motion last time, I quess I would move that the 18 Board accept the recommendation of the Regional Advisory 19 Council with the addition or modification of language and 20 maybe that could actually be worked up best where it could 21 be placed, but the language says, to the effect that the 22 nets will be checked at least once in any 24 hour period, 23 basically, and can be checked more than once, but it's in a 24 24 hour period, not every 24 hours. We don't expect 25 somebody to go out there at 2:00 in the morning and then 26 2:00 the next morning but as long as it's within that. The 27 best location for that, I just added it at the end because 28 this is the period that we were talking about, this time 29 frame, and then as part of the conditions of that time 30 frame, that the nets then will be checked at least once 31 within any 24 hour period. 32 33 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Do we 34 have a second? 35 36 MS. GOTTLIEB: I'll second it. 37 38 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay. I want to 39 call on the State here. I'm not sure where we are 40 regulatory wise with the State, if that raises some 41 conflicts or anything so I'm just going to call on Polly 42 before we go ahead. 43 44 MS. WHEELER: Yeah, thank you, Mr. Chair. 45 We have worked on this proposal and we hope to continue 46 working with the RAC and with the Federal side of things. 47 But I guess we do need to put on the record that we do have 48 some biological concerns over the proposal as amended. So 49 just to have on the record. 50

00170 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. 1 Any further discussion. Hearing none, all those in favor of 2 3 the motion signify by saying aye. 4 5 IN UNISON: Aye. 6 7 Those opposed, same CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: 8 sign. 9 10 (No opposing votes) 11 12 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Motion carries. 13 14 MR. GOODWIN: Mr. Chairman. 15 16 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes. 17 18 MR. GOODWIN: Thank you and the Board for 19 passing this regulation, we appreciate it at home. Thank 20 you. 21 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay, and we 22 23 encourage you again to work with the State and the Feds and 24 the RAC to go ahead and fine tune this thing. You know, 25 we're not going to have a problem between now and the next 26 Board meeting but I thank you very much, all your hard 27 work, diligence. And Staff Committee, I apologize if I 28 beat you up a little, no, I don't. 29 30 Okay, let's move on to Southcentral and 31 give the Staff a chance to change. 32 33 (Pause) 34 35 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay, we'll go ahead 36 and move on to Proposal 17. Jerry, are you going to be 37 doing the analysis? 38 MR. BERG: Yes, thank you, Mr. Chairman. 39 40 For the record my name is Jerry Berg, I'm the Staff fishery 41 biologist for the Federal Subsistence Office that's going 42 to present the Staff analysis for Proposal 17. 43 44 Mr. Chairman, members of the Board, 45 Regional Advisory Council Chairs, Proposal 17 was submitted 46 by the Native American Rights Fund on behalf of Katie John 47 and the plaintiffs who are participants in the Batzulnetas 48 fishery. The proposal requests five changes to the current 49 Batzulnetas fishery as directed by the decision of the 50 court issued February 14th of this year, and those five

1 changes are listed on Page 63 of your book. And those five 2 changes that the plaintiffs be allowed -- the five changes 3 requested by the proponent is that the participants in that 4 fishery be allowed to harvest without harvest limits, that 5 they be allowed to harvest chinook salmon, that they be 6 allowed to use rod and reel as a harvest method, that 7 permits be issued by the National Park Service and that 8 National Park Service install and maintain regulatory 9 markers for that fishery.

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11 The fishery, the Batzulnetas fishing site 12 is in the upper Copper River drainage and it is within the 13 Wrangell-St. Elias National Park, it's actually within the 14 Park and not the Preserve and so that has some effect on 15 who qualifies for C&T under Park Service regulations. Only 16 those individuals or those resident zone communities who 17 are eligible for Wrangell-St. Elias National Park would 18 qualify or those individuals with 1344 permits would be 19 eligible under Park Service regulations. But there's a 20 proposal following this one that will more specifically 21 address the C&T determination for this fishery.

But just to show you on the map of where the fishery does take place inside the Park boundary, which is the purple area on your map there.

There are over 124 sockeye salmon stocks 27 28 identified in the Copper River drainage and two of those 29 stocks enter Tanada Creek, there's one stock that spawns 30 around the perimeter of Tanada Lake and one that spawns at 31 the outlet of the lake. There's been data collected by 32 weir counts, five different years of weir counts and then 33 aerial escapement surveys have been conducted since 1962. 34 As you can see on the bottom of Page 68, you can see some 35 of that weir data and the aerial survey data summarized for 36 you there and you can see that the -- from the weir data on 37 the top of Page 70, that the escapement has been somewhat 38 variable in Tanada Creek. The 1975 data was, I think the 39 weir was actually blown out in that year from high water 40 but as you can see in '78 there was 2,000 fish -- a little 41 over 2,000 counted through the weir in '78 and then in the 42 last two years that the weir has been in operation, '97 and 43 '98, there's been over 25,000 sockeye counted through the 44 weir. And those were also very high years of sockeye for 45 the entire Copper River drainage so you have to take that 46 into account as well.

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It does appear that there is a healthy 49 sockeye population entering into Tanada Creek. However, 50 the limited data that we do have for the creek does

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indicate that the chinook population in Tanada Creek is 1 2 very low. There's just been single digit counts through 3 the weir in the years that it's been in operation and it's 4 unclear whether those chinook that are entering into Tanada 5 Creek are either strays from other populations in the 6 Copper River drainage or maybe they are, indeed, part of a 7 smaller spawning population in Tanada Creek itself. But 8 either way there's very small numbers entering into the creek. 9 10 11 With that there's harvest data from the 12 various subsistence fisheries and personal use fisheries 13 downstream of Tanada Creek on Page 73. There's also the 14 harvest information from the Batzulnetas fishery that's 15 been under court order since 1985 and you can see some 16 years there were no permits issued at all and no harvest. 17 There was a low of 16 salmon harvested in 1995 with four 18 permits and then the high in 1994 of four permits issued 19 and 997 fish harvested, and that's -- under the court order 20 there was a thousand fish limit at that time. 21 22 So with that, that's all I have for my 23 Staff analysis. I'd be happy to answer any questions at 24 this time. 25 26 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Public comments. 27 28 MS. WILKINSON: Yes, Mr. Chairman, Board 29 Members, Regional Council Chairmen, my name is Ann 30 Wilkinson and I'm the Southcentral Council coordinator. 31 There are four written comments for this proposal, there 32 were two in opposition and two in support. 33

United Fishermen of Alaska opposes this proposal because it implies an unlimited harvest.

Copper River Prince William Sound Fish and Game Advisory Committee is opposed to Proposal 17. The Opposes cutting conservation measures that would protect chinook salmon. They also stated that a more comprehensive study needs to be done prior to relaxing conservation measures.

44 The Wrangell-St. Elias National Park 45 Subsistence Resource Commission supports this proposal as 46 written by the Native American Rights Fund. 47

The Native American Rights Fund submitted a comment 49 regarding the Staff recommendations. That subsistence 50 fishing permits be issued by the State. The State is not

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00173 in compliance with ANILCA and therefore lacks power to 1 implement a rural preference. Permits cannot be issued by 2 3 the State and must be administered through the National 4 Park Service. Regarding live boxes being required on fish 5 wheels, they continue to oppose the use of live boxes 6 because they are not customary and traditional practices. 7 The Native American Rights Fund also recommends that the 8 proposal be modified to allow for an open season as long as 9 the catch does not exceed the harvest limit. 10 11 And that's all. 12 13 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. 14 Department comments. 15 16 MS. WHEELER: Thank you, Mr. Chair. The 17 State supports the Federal Inter-Agency Staff 18 recommendation to support the Southcentral Regional 19 Advisory Council recommendation amended to disallow the 20 harvesting of king salmon at Tanada Creek. We support the 21 incidental harvest of king salmon in fish wheels at the 22 confluence, Mr. Chair. 23 24 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Public 25 testimony, Gloria Stickwan. Is Gloria here? 26 27 MS. STICKWAN: Mr. Chair, I won't be here 28 this afternoon and you'll probably be doing Southcentral as 29 well this afternoon so I was wondering if I could give 30 public comments on the other proposals right now as well as 31 these. 32 33 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Which ones? 34 35 MS. STICKWAN: 19 and 20, yeah. 36 37 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay. 38 39 MS. STICKWAN: My name is Gloria Stickwan 40 and I work for the Copper River Native Association here. 41 I'm here on behalf of CRNA, Copper River Native Association 42 and the village of Tazlina. I'm here of the Raven clan and 43 I reside in Tazlina, Alaska. 44 45 We really think that Federal subsistence 46 management should conduct a new customary and traditional 47 use of the Glennallen subdistrict of the Upper Copper River 48 district in the waters of the Copper River near the mouth 49 of -- and Tanada for Dot Lake, Healy Lake, mainly Healy 50 Lake and Tok and those that live along the highway from the

00174 1 Canadian border to Dot Lake and from Tok cutoff to Mentasta 2 Pass and as well as the Copper River district, the 3 remainder. Residents of Prince William Sound, we don't 4 approve of the Federal management adopting the customary 5 use determination made by the state of Alaska. 6 7 And Proposal 17, we support it with 8 modification. We think the residents of Mentasta and Dot 9 Lake should have an open season but that was later -- we 10 were later told at our Southcentral meeting that we wanted 11 -- we agreed to have a season date of May 15th to September 12 30th. We think the Glennallen Office of the National Park 13 Service should be able to distribute permits and we are in 14 favor of rod and reel. We don't support live box that's 15 currently in the regulations for this fish -- for any 16 fishing area on the Copper River. 17 18 We believe that there's enough 19 documentation to show that Mentasta and Dot Lake have used 20 these areas and they should be given C&T as well. 21 22 Proposal 19 and 20, we don't support the 23 proposal as it is written. We think the written evidence 24 for customary and traditional use of fish in the Upper 25 Copper River district and the waters of the Copper River 26 near the mouth of Tanada Creek and the remainder of Copper 27 River is not provided. The community must provide written 28 documentation of customary and traditional use of finfish 29 in the Glennallen subdistrict and near the mouth and the 30 remainder of the Copper River district. We don't believe 31 customary and traditional use should be based on inter-32 marriages, they should show that if they use the areas that 33 they fished in, we believe that the fishing sites where 34 people had their fish wheels should be considered in the 35 customary and traditional use as well. We don't think that 36 customary and traditional use should be adopted, that was 37 done for the game animals so it shouldn't be adopted for 38 finfish, new ones should be done for finfish on the Copper 39 River. 40 41 And our position on the Slana is the same 42 as it was before, we don't -- we are opposed to that. 43 44 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Morris 45 Ewan. 46 47 MR. EWAN: My name is Morris Ewan, I'm from 48 the village of Gulkana. I am of the Caribou clan. I serve 49 on the following committees and boards. I serve on the 50 Gulkana Village Council, board member; Ahtna shareholder

00175 Committee for Gulkana; CRNA Copper River Regional 1 Authority, I'm the tribal president; CRNA Subsistence Board 2 3 member. 4 5 I am here to give public testimony on 6 Proposal 17, harvest limits, methods and means of harvest 7 and season. I support Proposal 17 with the change of 8 fishing season from May 15th to May 30th. I think the 9 village of Mentasta and Dot Lake should be able to harvest 10 salmon in this areas as written in the proposal submitted 11 and be able to use the rod and reel to harvest fish in 12 Wrangell-St. Elias Park and Preserve. 13 14 The village of Mentasta and Dot Lake have 15 customary and traditionally used the area described in the 16 proposal. There is documentation to show that they have 17 used these areas. There won't be that many people even 18 fishing in this area and they would not take too many 19 chinook, steelhead or rainbow trout. Most of this area is 20 private land and it wouldn't affect too many people from 21 putting fish wheels in this area. 22 Additionally, I am opposed to subsistence 23 24 users having the regulation of having the live box, live 25 catch box in the fish wheel. That is not the way we have 26 fished and it's not customary and traditional. This is a 27 regulation -- regulatory imposition on the subsistence 28 users. 29 30 I think the people in the village of 31 Mentasta and Dot Lake want to have Wrangell-St.Elias Park 32 and Preserve distribute and collect fishing permits, that 33 is fine. 34 35 Thank you for listening to me. Sorry, I'm 36 kind of nervous because, I don't know, I can't speak too 37 well in front of public but I hope you understand what I'm 38 talking about because to me it is really important, the 39 subsistence is really important to me because the way 40 things are going with me, I think nowadays that life is 41 getting so rough that we're going to have to be going back 42 to our old ways of living away. 43 44 Thank you. 45 46 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Regional 47 Council recommendation. 48 MR. LOHSE: We're on No. 17? 49 50

00176 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: 1 Right. 2 3 MR. LOHSE: Thank you, Mr. Chair. The 4 Regional Council found overwhelming evidence to support 5 Proposal 17. We recognize that this is a traditional 6 fishery and it will be taking place by traditional 7 participants. We did go through the C&T later and we modified it to limit the people who are allowed to fish in 8 9 this fishery, if I remember right, the residents of 10 Mentasta and Dot Lake and we'll find that when we get to 11 Proposal 19 and 20. 12 13 We also recognize that the live boxes are a 14 non-traditional addition to a fish wheel. And we also 15 discussed the king salmon thing quite extensively, the fact 16 that there are some king salmon that get into Tanada Creek. 17 It's a clear creek, they can be seen and they can be 18 avoided, they're not there very often. We didn't see any 19 reason to put a restriction on the king salmon in Tanada 20 Creek because everybody that's going to be involved in the 21 fishery recognizes that they are in short supply. So 22 that's where we left it at that. 23 24 The Council went along very strongly with 25 the idea that the permit system could be run through the 26 National Park Service also. 27 28 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Staff 29 Committee recommendation. 30 31 MS. HILDEBRAND: Mr. Chairman, Staff 32 Committee recommended adopting the proposal to establish a 33 sockeye subsistence fishery by Federal permit that's 34 recommended by the Southcentral Regional Advisory Council 35 but to modify the Council's recommendation by prohibiting 36 the take of chinook on Tanada Creek. 37 38 The justification was that while the 39 sockeye population was healthy there is concern over the --40 conservation concern, biological concerns over the 41 population of chinook and the Batzulnetas fishery occurs on 42 private lands belonging to the residents of Mentasta Lake 43 and Dot Lake. 44 45 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. 46 Discussion. 47 48 MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chairman. 49 50 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Judv.

MS. GOTTLIEB: I think this is an excellent 1 2 example of how the Regional Advisory, the SRC, the public 3 and Park Service and OSM Staff worked really well together. 4 There's been a lot of discussion since the original 5 proposal and I think we're going to end up with a really 6 good solution here. I would be prepared to make a motion 7 that includes some of the testimony we heard today as well as from the Staff Committee. 8 9 10 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Further 11 discussion. Go ahead, Judy. 12 13 MS. GOTTLIEB: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 14 would move to adopt the proposal as modified by the Staff 15 Committee, however, have a couple other modifications to go 16 there. Modification would retain all the elements of the 17 original proposal except for a couple of items that I'll 18 mention in a minute. 19 20 Consistent with the original proposal, the 21 recommendation of the Southcentral Regional Advisory 22 Council, adoption of this motion would permit fishing at 23 Batzulnetas seven days a week between the dates of and I 24 think we should consider Mr. Ewan's statement of May 15th 25 and September 30th. Adoption of this motion would also 26 remove the court ordered harvest limits of a thousand 27 sockeye salmon per season and 250 per week. Remove the 28 court order requirement for weekly catch reporting to the 29 Cordova office of the Alaska Department of Fish and Game. 30 Establish that the National Park Service will place and 31 maintain regulatory markers identifying open waters covered 32 by this regulation. Would establish the National Park 33 Service to issue the subsistence permits for this fishery 34 and that completed permits would be returned by September 35 30th of each year to the Slana office which would be most 36 convenient. Permit the use of fish wheels and dipnets on 37 the Copper River and permit the use of dipnets, rod and 38 reel and spears in Tanada Creek and remove the court order 39 requirement that fish wheels must be equipped with a live 40 box or monitored at all times. And that chinook salmon 41 must be released into the water unharmed. 42 Now, consistent with the Staff Committee 43 44 recommendation, but contrary to the original proposal and 45 the RAC recommendation, adoption of this recommendation 46 would add rod and reel as an allowable method in the Copper 47 River. While this was not requested by the proposer it

48 seems to make sense to add this to the regulations that the 49 Board has generally added this rod and reel to allow 50 subsistence methods in the past.

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00178 Add a restriction that chinook salmon may 1 2 not be taken within Tanada Creek but may be retained if 3 taken in the fish wheel in the Copper River. This 4 requirement is less restrictive than the court ordered 5 requirement for a live box that has governed the fishery 6 for many years but still provides some protection to 7 chinook salmon stocks in Tanada Creek. Although the 8 information is very limited, it appears that very few 9 chinook salmon return to Tanada Creek. Weir counts there 10 in 1979, 1997 and 1998 documented less than 10 per year. 11 It's unclear whether those fish are stray salmon from 12 another spawning population or remanents of a once larger 13 spawning population in Tanada Creek. At this time we 14 believe it would violate recognized principles of fishery 15 conservation to permit harvest of those fish in Tanada 16 Creek. 17 18 We do currently have a weir project 19 underway and although high water has prevented any data 20 collection from this last summer but we will continue that 21 project using new technology for the next two years and 22 hope to learn more about the chinook in that system. 23 24 And lastly, on the Staff Committee 25 recommendation, parentheses C at the top of Page 59, we 26 would want to make one slight modification at the end of 27 that sentence so that this wouldn't have to come in front 28 of the Board every year, we would like the second sentence 29 to read, the completed subsistence permits for this fishery 30 must be returned to the Slana NPS office no later than 31 September 30th of the year in which they were issued, 32 instead of saying 2001. 33 34 Thank you. 35 36 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Is there 37 a second to that motion? 38 39 MR. WILSON: Second. 40 41 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Discussion. 42 MR. EDWARDS: Judy, I'm a little unclear 43 44 exactly how -- what you added and what was already there. 45 I don't know if you could summarize it and then I guess I'd 46 like to hear the Council's response to that. 47 48 MS. GOTTLIEB: Sure, I can go over that. 49 If you look at the Staff Committee recommendation on Page 50 58 or 59. For one thing we may want to look at the dates

00179 again under C for the action fishing, we have June 1st to 1 2 September 1 but what was recommended today in public 3 testimony we look at May 15th to September 30th. And then 4 I guess one amendment to what I just said about when we 5 would expect permits to come back, we wouldn't expect 6 permits to come back if we extend the season to September 7 30th, so October 15th might be a better date to insert 8 there. 9 10 We are permitting the use of fish wheels 11 and dipnets and we are eliminating the need for a live box. 12 13 MR. EDWARDS: Do we need to specifically 14 spell out that the live box is being eliminated? 15 16 MS. GOTTLIEB: Yes. 17 MR. EDWARDS: 18 Okay. 19 20 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Go ahead, Judy. 21 22 MS. GOTTLIEB: I guess the only significant 23 change between what the Regional Advisory Council had said 24 and Staff Committee and we're recommending is the Tanada 25 Creek aspect of it and chinook salmon. 26 27 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Bill, you had a 28 comment? 29 30 MR. THOMAS: I really like everything I've 31 heard Ms. Gottlieb say in this. Just for my own 32 clarification, I was wondering how the motion would read. 33 I have no objection to anything I heard, it's just not 34 clear to me when it comes to that part of the management 35 and how does the motion read to the effect of subsequent 36 following action. 37 38 Thank you, Mr. Chair. 39 40 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: I think as Judy 41 explained, the only significant difference between her 42 language and the language of the Regional Council is that 43 there will be no chinook fishing in Tanada Creek; is that 44 correct? And the reason is is that even though there's a 45 weir project under way, due to high waters they weren't 46 able to get any information on chinooks in that creek but 47 it's funded for the next two years. 48 49 MR. THOMAS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. So 50 the motion will be almost verbatim of what's in our packet?

00180 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: With that 1 correction; is that correct? 2 3 4 MR. THOMAS: The rest of it is justification and explanation, but the motion itself -- the 5 6 language in the motion, I'm trying to separate the two. 7 8 MS. GOTTLIEB: If I may clarify. I move to 9 adopt the Staff Committee recommendation with the exception 10 under Item C of the season, to change that to May 15th to 11 September 30th, and to change the language also under C, 12 the permits must be returned to the Slana NPS office no 13 later than October 15th of the year in which they were 14 issued. 15 MR. THOMAS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. That 16 is a very strong motion. Thank you very much, thank you 17 for the clarification. 18 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Further discussion 19 20 on the motion. 21 22 MR. EWAN: Mr. Chair. 23 24 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes. 25 26 MR. EWAN: Right here, it's me again Mitch. 27 I want to speak again on that live catch box. I'd like to 28 ask you how do you put a live box -- or a catch box in a 29 fish wheel and then second, it would create a hardship on 30 my people to put a live catch box in a fish wheel. Because 31 the way they, Mitch, you know how we put fish away in the 32 river, and putting a live catch box in there would create a 33 hardship on my people. They'd have to use a crane to put 34 the fish wheel in there. 35 36 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Morris, the time for 37 public testimony has already passed. But in answer to that 38 question, it's been deleted anyway, so..... 39 40 MR. EWAN: Okay, thank you. 41 42 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Further discussion. 43 Ralph, you had something. 44 45 MR. LOHSE: Mr. Chair, then if I understand 46 right, what we're taking is we're taking -- salmon may be 47 taken in the vicinity of the former Native village of 48 Batzulnetas seven days per week from June 1 -- from May 49 15th to September 30th, salmon may only be taken in the 50 waters of the Copper River between Tanada Creek and

00181 approximately one-half mile downstream from the mouth and 1 in Tanada Creek, National Park Service regulatory markers 2 identifying the open waters of the creek. Fish wheels and 3 4 dipnets, rods and reels may be used on the Copper River and 5 only dipnets, rods and reels and spears in Tanada Creek. 6 The completed subsistence permits for this fishery will be 7 returned to the Glennallen office of the National Park Service no later than October 15th. 8 9 10 That would go along with what the Regional 11 Council asked for. I'm sure they will not complain about 12 extending, you know, the length of the season or making a 13 later date for turning in the permits, and I don't see 14 where the addition of rods and reels in the Copper River 15 will add any hardship either. 16 17 The question I have, if that's the -- if 18 that is the motion, then where did your section on not 19 allowing chinook salmon to be kept in Tanada Creek come 20 into the motion? 21 22 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: You used the vehicle 23 of the Staff Committee report, the Staff Committee 24 recommendation. 25 26 MR. LOHSE: Oh, the Staff Committee report. 27 28 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Staff Committee 29 recommendation. 30 31 MR. LOHSE: Okay. 32 33 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Is that correct, 34 Judy? 35 36 MS. GOTTLIEB: That's correct. 37 38 MR. LOHSE: That would probably be the only 39 thing that the Regional Council would object to. I quess 40 they figured that the people involved, since it is 41 basically only two or three families and on private land 42 would probably not be taking any king salmon out of Tanada 43 Creek anyhow. And that would probably the only part of 44 that motion to which the Council would object. 45 46 Thank you. 47 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yeah, and I think, 48 49 Ralph, just make sure that when you do carry that message 50 back that they understand that we tried to get a weir on it

00182 this year, had too high water, we've got it funded for two 1 years and maybe we can learn a little bit more about it and 2 3 revisit the issue. 4 5 MR. LOHSE: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 6 7 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Further discussion. 8 Hearing none, all those in favor signify by saying aye. 9 10 IN UNISON: Aye. 11 12 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Those opposed, same 13 sign. 14 15 (No opposing votes) 16 17 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Proposal 18 19 and 20. Gerald, are you on line? 19 20 MR. NICHOLIA: Yeah. 21 22 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay, good. We just 23 wanted to note for the record that you were on line. Go 24 ahead and do the analysis. 25 26 Thank you, Mr. Chair. MR. SHERROD: 27 Proposal 19 and 20 were lumped together for analytical 28 purposes. There are a couple of distinctions between the 29 two and those should be highlighted. 30 31 Proposal 19 basically dealt with the Upper 32 Tanana River communities but also added those households 33 that reside between established communities requesting to 34 have a C&T determination. As some of you know, I would say 35 from Tanacross to Tok it's hard to know when Tanacross 36 stops and Tok commences and what are the households in 37 between. Proposal 19 also dealt with the entire Copper 38 River north of the Chitina district, including Tanada Creek 39 which we commonly refer to as the Batzulnetas fishery. 40 41 Proposal 20 dealt with the Upper Tanana 42 River communities and also included the Upper Tanana 43 Athabascan community of Healy Lake which is farther down 44 river than Proposal 19 dealt with. Proposal 20 did not 45 deal with the Batzulnetas fishery. 46 47 All of the waters of the Copper River area 48 are within Federal jurisdiction, either included in the 49 Park Service administered properties or those of the U.S. 50 Forest Service. Currently, the C&T that was adopted by the 1 Federal program in its regulations lumped the Glennallen 2 subdistrict as Prince William Sound broke it down into the 3 Glennallen subdistrict including the Tanada Creek and the 4 remainder and the residents of Prince William Sound area 5 were included in that determination.

7 Within this analysis I also looked at the 8 portion of the Nabesna Road that lies outside of the Copper 9 River drainage and falls into the Tanana River drainage 10 because it's unclear whether they are within or without of 11 the existing Copper River area. It's important to note 12 that all of the communities addressed in this proposal have 13 been recognized as having a subsistence use of some 14 resource some place which covers many of the eight factors. 15 Additionally, all communities addressed in this proposal 16 have a C&T -- have a customary and traditional use for some 17 resource within the Copper River drainage area. 18 Additionally, prior to 1984 based on a Board of Fisheries 19 determination the communities in question and the 20 individual households outside of the existing communities 21 had a positive C&T for salmon in the Glennallen 22 subdistrict. But because of legal suits filed that year 23 they were dropped and the C&T basically disappeared and 24 they were never incorporated again. 25

There is substantial harvest data that There is substantial harvest data that documents the fact that these communities had historically and traditionally harvested salmon in this area. When Lieutenant Allen, the first western explorer reached the Batzulnetas area there were Upper Tanana Athabascans, people from the area in question fishing with the Ahtna at this site.

Okay, so I guess we have documentation of harvest over a long-standing period in this area. And I will say, there are some differences in the different Council recommendations, but if there are questions trying to figure out the difference I'd be glad to offer them at y that time.

41 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you, very 42 much. Written comments. 43

44 MS. WILKINSON: There was one written 45 comment from the Wrangell-St. Elias National Park 46 Subsistence Resource Commission.

48 They support this proposal with the 49 modification made by the Southcentral Regional Council to 50 provide a positive customary and traditional use

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00184 determination for the Batzulnetas fishery. They do not 1 support giving customary and traditional determination to 2 3 those living along the Alaska Highway. For the Batzulnetas fishery, they agree that only residents of Mentasta Lake 4 5 and Dot Lake should have customary and traditional use 6 because the people who own the land along the creek are 7 from those two villages. 8 9 They noted that Tanada Creek is not in the 10 Glennallen subdistrict so the water's description needs to 11 be changed to reflect that. They also request the Office 12 of Subsistence Management to conduct a systematic, 13 customary and traditional use study by community of the use 14 of finfish species in the Copper River by local rural 15 residents and support adding Healy Lake because of a very 16 strong connection between Healy Lake and several resident 17 zone communities in the Park. 18 19 Thank you. 20 21 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you very much. 22 Department comments. 23 24 MS. WHEELER: Thank you, Mr. Chair. The 25 State supports the Federal Inter-Agency Staff 26 recommendation, Mr. Chair. 27 28 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Request 29 for public testimony. Donald Johns. 30 31 MR. JOHNS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 32 Council and Staff. My name is Donald Johns. I am from the 33 village of UTI-KAAH and it's also known as Copper Center. 34 I am of the Caribou clan. I serve on different committees 35 like the Ahtna Board of Directors and I'm also right now 36 the president of Uti-Kaah Tribal Council, Native Village of 37 Uti-Kaah. 38 39 I'm here to give public testimony on 40 Proposal 19 and 20, customary and traditional use 41 determination. Proposal 19 and 20 customary and 42 traditional use of the Glennallen subdistrict of the Upper 43 Copper River district and the waters of the Copper River 44 near the mouth of -- and in the Tanada Creek or Dot Lake, 45 Healy Lake, Northway, Tanacross, Tetlin, Tok and those 46 along the Alaska Highway, from Canada border to Dot Lake 47 along the Tok cutoff of Tok to Mentasta Pass. Copper River 48 district remainder, residents of Prince William Sound area. 49 50 I do not support Proposal 19 and 20 as they

are written. There isn't enough written evidence for 1 2 customary and traditional use of finfish in the Upper 3 Copper district, and the waters of the Copper River near 4 the mouth of and in Tanada Creek and in the remainder of 5 Copper River district. The communities must provide 6 written documentation of customary and traditional use of 7 finfish in Glennallen district, in the Upper Copper River 8 district and in the waters of the Copper River and in 9 Tanada Creek and in the remainder of the Copper River 10 district. Customary and traditional use should not include 11 any relations due to marriage of people. The adoption of 12 customary and traditional use of land-based animals that 13 are adopted by the Federal Subsistence Board should not be 14 adopted for C&T for finfish in the Copper River. I think 15 that customary and traditional use fishing sites used by 16 the subsistence users should be considered in the analysis 17 of C&T determination. 18

Again, I would like to say that finfish 20 species should be determined separately when making 21 customary and traditional use determinations. Thank you. 22

And now, you know, what we're trying to get 23 24 at, we're talking about a small area and putting this many 25 people in that one area where chinooks can't be fished. 26 And Healy is quite a ways from there. And I don't feel 27 that Healy Lake should be included. Also residents of 28 Prince William Sound. I'm not really sure if they ever use 29 this fish, I haven't known or heard of them using the fish 30 up in that area. I really stress the fact that we need 31 more studies, C&T studies for our area for fish, mainly 32 because of the usage of that area. We have a lot of 33 problems in that area from people coming in from all over, 34 all over from Anchorage, Fairbanks using, not just this 35 area I'm speaking but the whole Copper River from Chitina 36 bridge on up to Tanada Creek. And I stress the fact that 37 we do need studies and I hope you consider this. 38

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Thank you, very much.

41 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you, very 42 much. Regional Council recommendation.

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44 MR. LOHSE: Mr. Chair. The Regional 45 Council also recognized that the Batzulnetas did not fit 46 into the Glennallen subdistrict of the Upper Copper River 47 district and so we modified the C&T for the Glennallen 48 district of the Upper Copper River -- for the Glennallen 49 subdistrict of the Upper Copper River district, we said, 50 salmon residents of Prince William Sound area, residents of

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00186 Dot Lake, Northway, Tanacross, Tetlin, Tok and along the 1 Tok cutoff of Tok to Mentasta Pass. We did not include the 2 3 residents along the Alaskan Highway, and we did not include 4 Healy Lake as we didn't feel that we had sufficient 5 evidence for them. Then we added another subset to that 6 and we said, and the waters of the Copper River between the 7 ADF&G regulatory marker that's located near the mouth of 8 Tanada Creek, that would be the Batzulnetas fishery. At 9 approximately one-half mile downstream from that mouth and 10 in Tanada Creek between the ADF&G regulatory markers 11 identifying the open waters of the creek. Salmon, 12 residents of Mentasta Lake and Dot Lake only. 13 14 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you, Ralph. 15 Staff Committee recommendation. 16 17 MS. HILDEBRAND: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 18 Staff Committee recommended adopting the proposal as 19 recommended and modified by the Eastern Interior Regional 20 Advisory Council to include residents requested in the 21 proposal and adding residents of Healy Lake contrary to the 22 recommendations of the Southcentral Regional Advisory 23 Council to reject those residents and residents along the 24 highway. 25 26 The justification is that history, public 27 testimony, data and past regulatory efforts support the 28 inclusion of individuals from Healy Lake and those along 29 the highway system for subsistence uses of fish. Residents 30 of the Nabesna Road are geographically and economically and 31 socially linked to Slana and the Copper River area. 32 Residents of the Upper Tanana River districts have positive 33 C&T determinations for other wildlife species in the area. 34 Access and use of the Batzulnetas fishery is traditionally 35 limited to land owned by residents of Mentasta Lake and Dot 36 Lake who are the sole users of this fishery. 37 38 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Gerald 39 did you have comment on this proposal? 40 41 MR. NICHOLIA: No. Vince, I'm still going 42 to stick with what we did in Tanana here. 43 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay, thank you. 44 45 Any other discussion. No further discussion. We're ready 46 for a motion then. 47 48 MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chairman. 49 50 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes.

00187 MS. GOTTLIEB: I guess I do have a couple 1 2 comments and then I will make a motion. There are some 3 differences between Southcentral and what Eastern Interior 4 have said. I do appreciate CRNA's comments and asking us 5 to do more detailed analysis as we've all said many times 6 we want to be careful, fair and cautious about C&T 7 determinations. I think George said, with good humor but I 8 think it has a ring of truth to it, well, there's C&T for 9 some resources for somewhere for everybody. But I don't 10 quite think that's good enough. 11 12 However, with regard to Proposals 19 and 13 20, it's, therefore with some reluctance that I make the 14 motion we adopt this proposal as modified by the Eastern 15 Interior Regional Advisory Council and supported by Staff 16 Committee. There does seem to be reasonable grounds to add 17 other Tanana villages to the existing C&T determination for 18 the Upper Copper River district. It's difficult to know 19 just how to proceed since the Southcentral and Eastern 20 Interior Councils do not agree exactly on the specific 21 areas to be added. 22 23 In addition, while this proposal only 24 recommends additions to the existing C&T, I question 25 whether that determination which includes all the residents 26 of Prince William Sound area is backed by substantial 27 evidence. 28 29 I do also want to point out one change that 30 the Staff Committee has made and that is that the markers 31 will be NPS, National Park Service regulatory markers which 32 we accept that responsibility. 33 34 I am heartened that both the Councils and 35 the Staff Committee agree on the need for specific C&T 36 finding for the Batzulnetas fishery for residents of 37 Mentasta Lake and Dot Lake, and that recommendation is also 38 included in this motion. 39 40 Thank you. 41 42 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: There's a motion, is 43 there a second. 44 45 DR. KESSLER: Second. 46 47 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Discussion. Yes, 48 Ralph. 49 50 MR. LOHSE: Mr. Chair, could I ask for

00188 clarification on that? When I read the Eastern Interior 1 2 Regional Council's recommendation it says the Glennallen 3 subdistrict of the Upper Copper River district and the 4 waters of the Copper River between the ADF&G regulatory 5 markers located near the mouth of Tanada Creek and 6 approximately one-half mile downstream from that mouth in 7 Tanada Creek between ADF&G regulatory markers identifying 8 the open waters of the creek. 9 10 In other words, it lumps the Batzulnetas 11 fishery with the Glennallen subdistrict and then it says, 12 salmon, residents of Prince William Sound, residents of Dot 13 Lake, Healy Lake, Northway, Tanacross, Tetlin, Tok and 14 those individuals that live along the Alaska Highway from 15 the Alaska Canadian border to Dot Lake. So it lumps all of 16 those together with the Batzulnetas fishery. There is no 17 separation like there was in the Staff Committee 18 recommendation or in Southcentral recommendation. And I 19 was just wondering if it was the intention of the -- the 20 inadvertent intention of the maker of that motion to lump 21 those two together and give everybody access to that. Do 22 you have a -- we have a different page here in my book then 23 you have in your book, I'm sorry. 24 25 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yeah, I'm sorry, we 26 got a corrected page of that. George, do you have anything 27 else that you needed to add to that? 28 29 MR. SHERROD: No, what was originally in 30 the book was in error and we passed out a corrected page 31 and I'm sorry you didn't get one Ralph. 32 33 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Well, hold on a 34 minute and let's see. Does that clarify your question 35 there, Ralph? 36 37 MR. LOHSE: Okay, so this is the motion 38 that's currently being presented? 39 40 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Right. 41 42 MR. LOHSE: Can I take just a minute to 43 look at it? 44 45 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Sure. 46 47 (Pause) 48 49 MR. LOHSE: Thank you. I quess that 50 answers my question.

00189 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay. Is there any 1 further discussion on the motion. Any further discussion. 2 3 Hearing none, all those in favor of the motion signify by 4 saying aye. 5 6 IN UNISON: Aye. 7 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: 8 Those opposed, same 9 sign. 10 11 (No opposing votes) 12 13 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Motion carries. My 14 intent here is to go ahead and complete our work with 15 Southcentral. We have one more request for 16 reconsideration. It looks like most of the world is lined 17 up on this one so we're going to go ahead and take care of 18 it. Who's going to do the analysis? Pat. 19 20 MS. PETRIVELLI: Okay, sorry for the delay. 21 Again, Mr. Chair, the Federal Subsistence Board, the 22 Regional Advisory Council Chairmen, my name is Pat 23 Petrivelli and I'm the Staff anthropologist. The RFR 001 24 was submitted by George Midvag and it was a request for a 25 reconsideration of wildlife proposal 0012 that was 26 considered last May. The original request asked to revise 27 the customary and traditional to add Slana and the other 28 residents of Unit 13(C) for black bear, brown bear and goat 29 and the decision at the May meeting was to reject the 30 proposal. 31 32 Mr. Midvag submitted the RFR based -- this 33 is just a map of the area but he said that a letter -- he 34 had received a letter saying that residents of communities 35 that are divided by boundaries and are usually treated as 36 one community and it's the Federal Subsistence Board policy 37 to treat those communities that way so it was the Office of 38 Subsistence Management's determination that Slana did have 39 the determination. Mr. Midvag said the letter wasn't shown 40 to the Board during its deliberations last May but it was 41 footnoted in the analysis and the analysis discussed the 42 long histories of determinations of the separate portions 43 of Slana and the analysis included the various different 44 determinations between Old Slana and New Slana. Old Slana 45 was labeled as the residents in 13(C) and New Slana were 46 residents of Unit 11. They have separate determinations in 47 Unit 11, 12 and 13 for a number of different species. 48 49 In looking at the threshold for undertaking 50 this request for determination, in meeting the criteria, no

00190 information was presented by Mr. Midvag but because of the 1 issue of determining the policy of treating communities 2 3 that are divided by unit boundaries, it was decided to 4 undertake this request and so we looked at the various 5 areas where the customary and traditional determinations 6 were different for the different species and so that's what 7 the analysis looked at on how to implement the policies of 8 having the consistent C&T positive customary and 9 traditional determinations across -- well, for this area. 10 11 We looked, and there was the consensus that 12 Slana is one community even though it's labeled Old Slana 13 and New Slana it really is one community and is considered 14 one community by the residents of the community, by the 15 National Park Service. And so if we're going to follow the 16 policy, then to treat the community the same regardless of 17 what unit it is located in. 18 19 So I think that was the essence of the 20 analysis -- or that was the essence of the analysis. And 21 if there are any questions. 22 23 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Well, just stay 24 there, if they come up we'll get with you. 25 26 MS. PETRIVELLI: Okay. 27 28 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Written public 29 comments. 30 31 MS. WILKINSON: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 32 There are two written comments submitted. 33 34 The Wrangell-St. Elias National Park 35 Subsistence Resource Commission supports the 36 recommendations of the Southcentral Regional Council not to 37 split the communities of Slana. 38 39 Mr. Midvag submitted a comment by mail in 40 which he requested the Board consider the Staff and 41 Southcentral Council recommendations and other arguments 42 made in favor of his request at the Southcentral Council 43 fall meeting. He noted that all other communities in GMU 44 13(C) were included by name. Slana was divided by GMU 45 boundary and that 90 percent of Slana is already included 46 because it's located in GMU's 11 and 12. 47 48 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. 49 Department comments. 50

00191 Thank you, Mr. Chair. 1 MS. WHEELER: The 2 Department supports this request for reconsideration for 3 reasons presented in the Staff analysis. By considering 4 Old Slana and New Slana as a single community for C&T 5 purposes, the Federal Board will be treating Slana in a 6 manner consistent with its handling of other communities 7 that straddle unit or subunit boundaries. This action 8 would also eliminate potential eligibility problems of some 9 Slana residents concerning subsistence uses of Wrangell-St. 10 Elias' National Park, Mr. Chair. 11 12 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: We have Thank you. 13 no additional request for public testimony at this time. 14 Regional Council recommendation. 15 16 MR. LOHSE: Mr. Chair. 17 18 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes. 19 20 MR. LOHSE: The Southcentral Regional 21 Council supports the Staff recommendation based on the 22 policy not to divide communities when making customary and 23 traditional use determinations. 24 25 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Staff 26 Committee recommendation. 27 MS. FOX: Thank you, Mr. Chair. Based --28 29 first of all I did want to mention that for the benefit of 30 the Board, the Council Chairs and the public, all parties 31 reviewing this proposal are in agreement. Based upon past 32 actions by the Board in the three areas of the state where 33 communities straddle unit boundary and the recommendation 34 from the Solicitor's office, it is recommended that the Old 35 and New portions of Slana located in Units 11 and 13 be 36 treated as one community. It's recommended that the 37 principle of consistent treatment for all portions of a 38 single community divided by unit boundaries should be 39 followed. 40 41 In reconsideration of Proposal 12, 42 application of this principle to address customary and 43 traditional use determinations for the community of Slana 44 as a whole would result in changes in regulations affecting 45 the use of black bear, brown bear and goats in Units 11, 46 12, and 13. 47 48 With regard to another aspect of the 49 original proposal included -- which included a request for 50 a positive customary and traditional use determination in

00192 1 Unit 11 for goat, black bear and brown bear for other 2 residents of Unit 13(C), it is recommended that action on 3 this aspect of Proposal 12 be denied as no new information 4 was presented by the requester and no further information 5 was gathered from public testimony at the fall meetings of 6 the Southcentral Regional Advisory Council at Mentasta 7 Lake, and of the Eastern Regional Advisory Council at 8 Tanana. 9 10 Thank you, Mr. Chair. 11 12 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Gerald, 13 are you still on line? 14 15 MR. NICHOLIA: Yeah. 16 17 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Do you have any 18 comment on this? 19 20 MR. NICHOLIA: Yeah, I still go to support 21 but I know there's some people there that's going to oppose 22 what I say, but it's in the ANILCA that rural residents 23 that request that are rural gets it, and I believe that we 24 -- even though I know there's going to be opposition, I 25 still believe that we still should not split communities. 26 If we do that we're going to start a racial thing again so 27 I still go with what we did here in Tanana. 28 29 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. 30 Additional discussion. 31 32 MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chairman. 33 34 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Go ahead. 35 36 MS. GOTTLIEB: Certainly the National Park 37 Service does support treating communities as a whole and 38 with that I would like to make a motion that adopts the 39 recommendation of the Southcentral and Eastern Interior 40 Subsistence Regional Advisory Councils, and the effect of 41 those changes are shown in the charts on Pages 99 and 100. 42 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. We have 43 44 a motion, is there a second? 45 46 MR. EDWARDS: Second. 47 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Discussion. Hearing 48 49 none, all those in favor of the motion, please signify by 50 saying aye.

00193 1 IN UNISON: Aye. 2 3 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Those opposed, same 4 sign. 5 6 (No opposing votes) 7 8 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Motion carries. Okay, we will now recess until 1:30. At 1:30 we will take 9 10 up Proposal No. 27, which we have new information on. Did 11 you make copies of that -- okay, maybe we can get those to 12 the Board members to look at and that's why I'm going to 13 have a long lunch for the Board members to look those over, 14 and then after that we'll do our consent agenda, adopt our 15 consent agenda proposals and then this part of the meeting 16 will be done. Immediately after that the Board will meet 17 in work session and then in executive session, but the 18 public part of this meeting will be done after we complete 19 our work on Proposal 27 and adopt the consent agenda items. 20 So 1:30 we'll reconvene. 21 (Off record) 22 23 24 (On record) 25 26 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: We will reconvene 27 the meeting of the Federal Subsistence Board. Pursuant to 28 our tabling motion, at this time we have our legal reviews 29 done, I guess of the Treaty, at least, in front of us, so 30 thus pursuant with our motion we shall return to Proposal 31 No. 27. And with that we'll just go right into Jim and 32 Cal, I quess you quys are going to lead us in this 33 discussion here, go ahead Jim. 34 35 MR. USTAISEWSKI: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 36 I'm Jim Ustaisewski. I'm an attorney with the Office of 37 the General Counsel, Department of Agriculture. And I'd 38 like to start by saying that I've kind of done this on 39 short notice and was kind of lucky, I think in getting a 40 copy of the Treaty off the Internet that I believe has been 41 circulated around. There weren't a lot of copies of it. 42 But hopefully everybody that needs it has it. And I've 43 also had a brief conversation with Bill Hines with the 44 National Fisheries Management Service who's involved with 45 the Pacific Salmon Treaty. So I'm not an expert on this 46 Treaty. I've had this document a little bit longer than 47 you have and I've read it and I'm happy to share with you 48 what I've understood from it, but I have to say I don't 49 know that there's not something else out there that might 50 have some bearing on this I just haven't had time to learn

00194 about. That's it. 1 2 3 I think the basic issue in front of the 4 Board under this proposal, Proposal No. 27, is whether 5 they're going to affect Canada's allocation under this 6 Treaty by the Board's proposal. If there is an effect on 7 the fish that Canada is allocated under the Treaty then it 8 seems to me this Treaty controls and the Board has to 9 follow the Treaty process to get, perhaps, an amendment or 10 some change to the Treaty to allow the Board to have a 11 change. If, instead, however, we're talking about a 12 reallocation of the United States' share, that does not 13 affect Canada's share, it seems to me this Treaty doesn't 14 speak to that. 15 16 It's really kind of a question about which 17 of those categories we fall in, whether this is a new 18 fishery that's going to affect Canada's allotment or 19 allocation or instead whether it would be a reallocation of 20 the U.S.'s share. 21 22 The part of the Treaty, what you have is an 23 excerpt of that, it's a long document, which I had asked 24 that they copy off the first 14 pages of. It's the last 25 two or three pages of this copy, this excerpt that I think 26 are relevant here. As you see on Page 13, the Treaty turns 27 its attention to the Stikene River and the following page 28 and a half or so deals with the three runs of sockeye, coho 29 and chinook salmon in the Stikene River. 30 31 The Treaty's language with respect to the 32 chinook salmon, I think is kind of important maybe an 33 important place to start. There's a provision there on the 34 very last page, Page 14, that states, and this is under 35 small Roman Numeral ii, that the parties agree that new 36 fisheries on the Stikene River, chinook salmon, will not be 37 developed without consent of both parties. So again, if 38 this is a new fishery of chinook, then both parties of the 39 Treaty have to consent to that in order to have it be 40 recognized. 41 42 And as I understand currently there is no 43 chinook fishery on the Stikene, the portion of the Stikene 44 that is subject to Federal Subsistence jurisdiction. So 45 since the U.S. take from these waters is zero, it seems to 46 me any new subsistence fishing in the Stikene for chinook 47 would be a new fishery and therefore require the consent of 48 both Canada and the United States. 49 50 The other two species, sockeye and coho,

00195 the Treaty doesn't contain that provision. And as I 1 understand it, there are current sockeye and coho fisheries 2 on the Stikene. They're allocated pursuant to this Treaty. 3 4 So as I said, if what the Board was doing was changing that 5 allocation on the U.S. side, then it seems to me this 6 Treaty doesn't prohibit that. It seems to me this Treaty 7 allows the U.S. to divide up its share of sockeye and coho, 8 however, it deems appropriate. Just how you go about doing 9 that, you know, there are established fisheries that are at 10 play here and it seems that anything the Board were to do 11 should be coordinated with respect to these other 12 fisheries, to be sure that there wasn't some adverse 13 consequence, some result that, you know, was perhaps not 14 intended. But as far as the Treaty is concerned, that's 15 left to the United States to divide up. 16 17 Let me say, too, I'm kind of giving you 18 this fresh off the press, so to speak. If you have any 19 questions I'd be happy to try to answer them. I really 20 didn't have prepared comments on this, you know, kind of 21 giving a legal opinion the way I might on other issues. 22 This is really just my attempt to explain what I read this 23 Treaty to say. So maybe I'll stop there and see if there 24 any questions or how the Board or Chair would like to 25 proceed. 26 27 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: I don't know, I 28 guess I'll just ask to see if there's any questions from 29 any of the Board members. 30 31 So as near as we can tell, who does the --32 it's clearly a State regulation as far as coho and sockeye 33 at this point; is that correct, the permit fishery? 34 35 MR. USTAISEWSKI: Well, the.... 36 37 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Oh, that's for 38 sockeye. 39 40 MR. VINCENT-LANG: We have a sockeye 41 personal use fishery but as we said on the record yesterday 42 there's very few people participating in that fishery. So 43 if you were to create a fishery on those stocks, one would 44 have to consider that a lot of those stocks are headed to 45 Canadian waters. Now, it wouldn't be necessarily a 46 reallocation because you'd be creating basically a new 47 fishery for coho and sockeye within the Stikene River of 48 which portions of each of those stocks would be Canadian-49 bound. To accommodate that you would have to go out into

50 marine water somehow to deal with getting more fish in to
00196 accommodate the size of that harvest and again, once you're 1 in marine waters there's a mixture of those stocks that's 2 3 finely-tuned between Canada and the U.S., that would have 4 to be considered when you were trying to make room for that 5 harvest in the Stikene. 6 7 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Do you know what the 8 harvest patterns have been for sockeye in the Stikene, any 9 kind of volumes? 10 11 MR. VINCENT-LANG: In personal use there 12 really hasn't been any. We haven't had very high levels of 13 participation in that personal use fishery within the 14 Stikene itself. 15 16 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: So it's clear that 17 probably we could regulate as far as sockeye and coho go 18 without having to indulge in the Treaty process, except for 19 the chinook; is that what basically what you're thinking at 20 this time? 21 22 MR. USTAISEWSKI: To the extent you are 23 reallocating among the existing fisheries, that's correct. 24 And I have to say I don't know what the facts are with 25 respect to the Stikene River, how big the existing 26 fisheries are in the Stikene River, but my reading of this 27 Treaty only pertains to new fisheries that would take away 28 from Canada, it's share under the Treaty. 29 30 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Any other questions 31 or comments. 32 33 MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chairman. 34 35 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes 36 MS. GOTTLIEB: I know this is a difficult 37 38 situation for all of who aren't familiar with this, it's a 39 large document and I'm sure lots of different parts of it 40 can be subject to lots of different interpretations. We 41 were just looking on Page 6, and points five, six and seven 42 seem to have some application here, too. It almost sounds 43 like after the Commission takes action, then regulations 44 can be established and enforced and implemented. So I 45 think we may need to be pretty cautious about taking some 46 action. I'd certainly endorse us taking whatever action it 47 might take to approach the proper representatives of the 48 Commission and start to get familiar with them and make our 49 interests and our users interests known here. 50

00197 (Pause) 1 2 3 4 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Ida. 5 6 MS. HILDEBRAND: Mr. Chairman, I call the 7 Board's attention to Page 9, Article 11, domestic allocation and those first four lines. 8 9 10 (Pause) 11 12 MR. USTAISEWSKI: Mr. Chair. 13 14 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes. 15 16 MR. USTAISEWSKI: Those four lines, that 17 article in the Treaty, basically species that the Treaty 18 does not, per se, preempt other existing law. There was a 19 question yesterday about whether the Treaty would trump or 20 preempt other State or Federal law, like ANILCA, Title VIII 21 for example, good example, this section basically says, 22 we're not interfering with rights under Federal law, which 23 Title VIII provides. Title VIII provides a right under 24 Federal law. So basically this Treaty's saying don't 25 interpret this Treaty in a way that will interfere with the 26 Title VIII subsistence priority and uses. 27 28 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes. 29 30 DR. KESSLER: There's one other section of 31 the Treaty that we didn't have access to during our 32 discussion, Mr. Knauer pointed it out to me, that may also 33 have some bearing here. And we just handed it to Mr. 34 Ustaisewski to have a look at and maybe if he can possibly 35 read that to us and offer some advice on that. 36 37 MR. USTAISEWSKI: Sure. 38 39 DR. KESSLER: Thank you. 40 41 MR. USTAISEWSKI: It's in Chapter 7, it's 42 labeled Chapter 7 and I think it's to -- I'm not actually 43 sure which part of the Treaty it's in, but it's labeled 44 Chapter 7, general obligations and it states; with respect 45 to intercepting fisheries not dealt with elsewhere in this 46 annex, unless otherwise agreed, neither party shall 47 initiate new intercepting fisheries nor conduct or redirect 48 fisheries in a manner that intentionally increases 49 intersections. I think this is in Annex 4, which is the 50 last two pages or part of it that I was referring you to.

00198 So let me check that but it may be just 1 basically saying, unless it's set out somewhere else, any 2 3 new fisheries would have to be approved. And this would be somewhere else where it has been set out. 4 5 6 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Maybe we should go 7 back, Bill, do you have our motion in front of you to read 8 into the record and put it on the table again here? No. 9 Does anybody? 10 11 DR. KESSLER: I do. 12 13 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay, go ahead. 14 15 DR. KESSLER: Thank you, Mr. Chair. The 16 original motion that I had put forward was to approve the 17 motion put forward by the Council conditional on being 18 recognized or affirmed through the Treaty process. And the 19 concerns that, you know, I had that led to that version of 20 the motion was this uncertainty or really lack of 21 understanding of whether we could offer up such a motion if 22 it was, in fact, in violation of the Treaty. So we've been 23 able to fine-tune, understand a little bit now, because we 24 know it would be in violation with respect to chinook. So 25 clearly, I could not put forth a motion that would 26 establish a new fishery for chinook, that's forbidden by 27 the Treaty. But we're still struggling now with the other 28 two species. And again, it's always been the intent to 29 support the Council, I'm just trying to figure out a motion 30 in my own mind that would accomplish that. 31 32 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Well, it's clear 33 we're just scratching the surface in this area, and it's 34 probably not going to be something we're going to be able 35 to proceed with at this particular point. 36 37 But what I'm wondering is, Bill, if you 38 would have time to work with Forest Service, you know, upon 39 your return home and start to carve through this stuff, you 40 know, try to figure out what's applied and what's not so 41 that we're not basically hurting your chances -- or the 42 Council's chances of making this happen. I think probably 43 a motion, as far as I can read, still is a valid motion, 44 subject to the approval, but how to proceed is something I 45 would want a little bit more advice in. And I'm wondering 46 both of Forest Service and of Bill, if you'd be able to 47 work together over the next few weeks to try to sort our 48 way through to what's the best way to proceed forward, you 49 know, with the intent of the motion. And basically -- go 50 ahead, anyway, Bill.

00199 MR. THOMAS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 1 Ι 2 want to thank whoever was responsible for getting this 3 information before us. Also I am thankful for the tone and 4 the mood in which everyone is trying to grasp an 5 understanding of this document. It's like any other 6 document, but to answer your question first, yes, I would be happy to work with the Forest Service and I will. 7 8 9 But going back to the document under Title 10 I, as definitions, Title I, number 2 defines fisheries as a 11 means of activity of harvesting or seeking to harvest That's easily interpreted. And then it talks 12 salmon. 13 about interception, means of harvesting salmon originating 14 in the waters of one party by fisheries of the other party. 15 The one thing it doesn't have in its definition is new 16 fishery, and that's what we're dealing with. And so while 17 it mentions new fisheries in the document, it doesn't have 18 a provision of defining that particular term. 19 20 And I find in going through this document 21 that philosophically it really supports the intent of 22 ANILCA. Probably inadvertently but it does. And I don't 23 think a violation is an unpardonable sin. I would like to 24 encourage the Board to go ahead and move forward some 25 action with this. In the meantime we could still be 26 working with the Forest Service just to see how close we 27 are with what we're doing that will give us a better 28 understanding of what the Commission, dealing with the 29 Treaty's all about. 30 31 But to answer your short question, I'd be 32 delighted to work with the Forest Service but I would like 33 for you to explore and consider the idea of moving forward 34 with something -- to do something here and see what the 35 reaction is from the people involved in the Treatment. 36 37 Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 38 39 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Well, you heard 40 Forest Service's motion then? 41 42 MR. THOMAS: Yes. 43 44 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Would you consider 45 that to be moving forward? 46 47 MR. THOMAS: No. 48 49 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Go ahead. 50

00200 DR. KESSLER: Thank you, Mr. Chair. I 1 2 related the motion that I had made yesterday. In light of 3 information that we've had since then I feel I have to 4 withdraw that motion because it contains an element that 5 pertains to the chinooks that would be illegal. It'd be 6 violation of the Treaty for me to make a motion that would 7 establish a new fishery which the Treaty forbids. 8 9 So to start with I feel I have to withdraw 10 the motion. Maybe we should act on that before I make a 11 new motion. 12 13 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Who seconded that 14 motion, do we have that on record here somewhere? Was that 15 you Judy? 16 17 MS. GOTTLIEB: I may have, yes. 18 19 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Pardon. 20 21 MS. GOTTLIEB: I may have. 22 23 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Do you concur with 24 the withdraw? 25 26 MS. GOTTLIEB: I concur. 27 28 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay, we have no 29 motion in front of us at this time then. 30 31 DR. KESSLER: Mr. Chairman. 32 33 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes. 34 35 DR. KESSLER: I would offer up a new 36 motion, begrudgingly, I'm afraid but my -- let me explain 37 that motion. It will be to defer the proposal. The reason 38 I feel that I have to put forward that motion is there is 39 just so much lack of clarity here. We do have clearly that 40 the issue of the Treaty is an important one. We have some 41 information about the Treaty but we're trying to interpret 42 pieces of it. I'm certainly not qualified to do that. Т 43 think we have legal staff who can help with that but we 44 certainly aren't giving them a time frame that's 45 reasonable, we're asking them to make spot interpretations. 46 There's just too much lack of understanding here, I 47 believe. I really think we have to defer this proposal. 48 49 Again, I say that regretfully. I was 50 hoping to be able to go with it, but in light of all of

00201 this uncertainty and need for clarification and 1 understanding, I must put forward that proposal. 2 3 4 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: There's a motion to 5 defer, is there a second? 6 7 MR. WILSON: Second. 8 MS. GOTTLIEB: I'll second it. 9 10 11 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Moved and seconded. 12 Okay, towards that end, is it the intent of your motion to 13 proceed on once we get on firm ground? 14 15 DR. KESSLER: Yes. I move that the Board 16 defer Proposal 27. But certainly, I'm no less committed to 17 resolving this. I think that several ideas have been put 18 forward about trying to be proactive, trying to work with 19 the Commission, trying to clarify all the information and 20 to get on with it. So even though I feel we have to defer 21 a decision on this proposal, I do hope that we all share a 22 commitment to move forward toward resolution. 23 24 MR. THOMAS: Mr. Chairman. 25 26 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes. 27 28 MR. THOMAS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I'm 29 getting more nervous as we go along here. Okay, let's 30 consider something. What is at risk here? Right now, 31 status quo is not proving injurious to anybody. And we're 32 only mandated by Title VIII. .801 says to provide 33 continued access. The Treaty says it does not want to 34 interrupt any existing or practices by tribal users of that 35 resource. And you're falling into a mode that is going to 36 give the Department of Interior cause to look at this 37 process because of the percentage of deferments, the 38 rationale for the deferments is not demonstrating -- it's 39 not demonstrating the good knowledge that is presented to 40 you to move forward. Our job is to satisfy Title VIII, not 41 the Commission's, not the Department's, not anybody else. 42 If they're unhappy with it they'll let us know why and 43 they'll be willing to work with us. 44 45 What would be so wrong in us doing that? 46 Pro-activity, I like that, that's a good word, but why 47 don't we try that? Just because we don't know something 48 doesn't mean to say that nobody knows and if nobody knows 49 we are in deep yogurt. So I'm just uncomfortable with 50 anything that suggests deferring.

00202 1 Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 2 3 MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman. 4 5 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes. 6 7 MR. EDWARDS: I guess I could certainly vote for the proposal as is, but I guess I also would 8 9 agree, my guess is that -- or I could vote for the motion 10 but my guess if we voted to approve the proposal none of us 11 will go to jail for treason because we violated a Treaty. 12 As somebody said yesterday, my guess is that if we take an 13 action that we don't have authority to do, somebody else 14 will quickly tell us. So maybe Bill is right and it really 15 doesn't -- maybe we're making more out of this than we 16 really need to. Since none of us, no offense, really fully 17 understand whether we can or can't under the Treaty. 18 19 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Well, you know, the 20 thing about it is, if we're on uncertain terms here, okay, 21 and we go into the Commission process and we thoroughly 22 upset the process and it derails the process and prevents 23 us from ever getting the fishery, you know, then we're 24 being a detriment to subsistence utilization, and that's 25 the concern that I have after sleeping on it, you know. 26 need to know where we are in terms of solid footing. 27 can't just run out and adopt this proposal, it's getting 28 clearer and clearer to me. 29 30 But on the other hand, it doesn't mean that 31 it's something that I want to defer forever. This is time 32 specific. And what I intend to do, if the Board does adopt 33 the motion to defer then we're going to defer and we're 34 going to set up a process, including the Regional Council, 35 probably led by Agriculture since they're the Federal 36 manager and with some DOI involvement, either through Tom 37 or Carl to get this thing moving to find out where we need 38 to -- what we need to do to get where we need to go, or 39 what is clearly obvious in terms of our ANILCA mandate. 40 41 Now, we jump out there, interrupt the whole 42 Treaty process, alienate the Canadians, we stand to

We

We

43 alienate them and not ever get this fishery established if, 44 in fact, Treaty law does provide here. So this is not 45 something that's going to be put off, I mean it's going to 46 be led purely by Bill's energy, you know, and I'm sure the 47 Southeast Regional Council has the energy to put some time 48 into this to get these questions answered so we know 49 clearly where we're standing. And I agree with you, Gary, 50 I'm willing to go with it, I said that yesterday, but then

00203 all of a sudden you realize all these conflicting 1 International Treaties and stuff that may preempt the 2 3 fishery forever and that's not -- where are we providing a 4 service to our subsistence users in that scenario. 5 6 Ralph. 7 8 MR. LOHSE: Mr. Chair, actually I may be 9 wrong but I see the issue as something different. The 10 issue isn't whether or not the Treaty will allow it, the 11 issue is whether or not these fisheries are justifiable 12 subsistence fisheries and that's a decision you can make 13 even if you don't make a decision to pursue it any farther 14 or set a season or anything like that, but you can decide 15 whether these fisheries are justifiable subsistence 16 fisheries. If they're justifiable subsistence fisheries 17 then you've got impetus for going ahead and approaching the 18 Treaty. If these fisheries are not justifiable subsistence 19 fisheries, then there's no reason to go ahead with the 20 Treaty. But the decision that you're capable of making is 21 whether they're justifiable subsistence fisheries. 22 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: 23 I think based on our 24 discussion yesterday we pretty much concurred, you know, 25 that is the case, there's no doubt about that. But 26 procedurally again, we go through it and we jinx the whole 27 process then we haven't provided any service to our 28 subsistence users that are affected by that. I don't think 29 there's not one argument that I heard yesterday that says 30 this isn't a justifiable subsistence fishery. It's a 31 revitalization of an old subsistence fishery that was 32 derailed primarily because of concerns beyond the users 33 control. 34 35 MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chairman. 36 37 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes. 38 39 MS. GOTTLIEB: I certainly agree with your 40 thoughts on asking Staff, as well as Regional Advisory 41 Council to find out more information for us and perhaps you 42 could add to your direction to them, develop a time table 43 pretty soon for us of when we could expect future 44 information and just to find out the Commission's time 45 table, too, so that we might know when the Board could 46 interact better with the Commission or if that's possible. 47 48 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: As far as that goes, 49 Bill, you know, I'm more than willing to schedule a special 50 meeting to do this, you know, once you get the preliminary

00204 work done that needs doing at this point. It's not 1 something that I want to delay until next year, it's not 2 3 something I want to delay until next spring. When we get 4 clear footing under us so we know how we can proceed 5 without jeopardizing the fishery, then I'm more than 6 willing to schedule a special meeting just to deal with 7 this issue. It's important. 8 9 Mr. Chairman. MR. THOMAS: 10 11 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Bill. 12 13 I appreciate your guidance, MR. THOMAS: 14 your wisdom, commitment, conscious, everything regarding 15 this particular issue and we'll be happy to do that. What 16 I would like to have in order to proceed is a hard copy of 17 your wishes so that we have a focus in what we're doing to 18 come to some understanding of what the ambitions of the 19 Treaty people are. 20 21 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: You know, clearly we 22 just want you to review the legal standing, what's at play 23 here? Is the Treaty at play? And I think that, you know, 24 once we get that, once we get an inkling of that, once the 25 Committee work gets done, if it expedites the process at 26 all I'm willing to write a letter to whoever you folks 27 determine that I need to write a letter to to get this 28 thing moving while the Board process is moving simultaneous 29 with that. Because it's clear that this is a justifiable 30 subsistence fishery, I don't think we have -- like I said, 31 we haven't heard one argument, but how do we get there from 32 here? 33 34 MR. THOMAS: Mr. Chairman, I agree with all 35 that. It's just that what I'm asking, I guess, is a 36 directive from you. Tom can help you craft this up, Tom is 37 kind of a crafty person anyway, so he can help you put this 38 together. But what I need is an initial directive is all 39 and then we'll go from there. And then that will probably 40 lead to further need for more dialogue between us and 41 yourself in this to continue our process. 42 43 Thank you. 44 45 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Well, towards that 46 end then I'll ask Tom to convene both Jim and Keith to help 47 to craft that. Keith. 48 MR. GOLTZ: As I understand the dynamics of 49 50 the fishery down there, it's a mixed stock fishery that is

00205 almost exclusively marine. Since our jurisdiction ends at 1 the mouth of the Stikene River I would suggest we include 2 3 the State of Alaska in our thoughts on this. 4 5 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: This refers to the 6 Stikene River, it doesn't refer to marine water. 7 8 MR. GOLTZ: I think our interest is in the 9 fish and those fish are being taken in marine waters. 10 11 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Stikene River. 12 13 MR. THOMAS: They're taken in freshwater. 14 15 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: It's purely a 16 Federal interest. 17 18 MR. GOLTZ: We got to get fish into those 19 waters. 20 21 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: There are fish taken 22 in marine water but not under our jurisdiction. 23 24 MR. GOLTZ: But my understanding from 25 yesterday is that the trigger of the Stikene River is in 26 the marine waters in a mixed stock fishery but if I'm wrong 27 on that somebody can tell me. 28 29 MS. WHEELER: Mr. Chair. 30 31 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Go ahead. 32 33 MS. WHEELER: The fish will be coming from 34 marine waters that are fished there, obviously, but the 35 State's prepared to work with -- the State would be 36 interested in and is prepared to work with whomever on this 37 issue. 38 MR. THOMAS: I don't know if I can work 39 40 with the State, Mr. Chair. 41 42 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Well, it's here nor 43 there, okay. Obviously at some point in time we're going 44 to have to when it gets down to, once we get a fishery up 45 and going, but to get there, this is purely a Federal 46 interest at this point in time and that's what we need to 47 do. We need to find out, because this is within the 48 Stikene River. Obviously once we find out what we have to 49 do to get this proposal, you know, up and moving, it's a 50 process internal within our process. Now, ultimately it's

00206 going to be expanded, but we have a job to do and we're 1 trying to find out what our job is to do and at this point 2 3 it doesn't include a State interest at this point. 4 5 That's all I'm saying because it's all 6 within river. Go ahead. 7 8 DR. KESSLER: With respect to our job we'd 9 like to propose the following kind of time line to move 10 ahead with some of this. We feel that prior to the Board's 11 meeting of February 15th, that we could obtain the 12 clarification of the Treaty provisions and requirements 13 pertinent to this issue so try to have that information for 14 you by that meeting. And as far as by the May meeting, 15 we'd like to proceed with getting customary and traditional 16 use determinations. And also develop some recommendations 17 with respect to seasons and harvest limits on the species. 18 19 So with that time line in mind we would 20 move ahead here and not delay. 21 22 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yeah, that's the 23 whole thing I'm concerned about at this particular point. 24 I want to see us moving forward. So if I could ask Tom, 25 you and Jim and Keith, to work together and then Tom will 26 work with me to coordinate to get our mandate to the 27 Committee and Agriculture will head the Committee. We'll 28 have Bill Thomas from the Regional Council or the Council's 29 designee if they want somebody else and DOI and Tom will 30 work that out with the Staff at our level. 31 32 So we're going to get you a mandate and 33 then we will also get that Committee up and operating as 34 quickly as possible. 35 36 MR. THOMAS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Т 37 appreciate the opportunity you afforded us for 38 clarification on what we need to have to work with. Thank 39 you very much. 40 41 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Is there any further 42 discussion on the motion? Tom. 43 44 MR. BOYD: For clarity, Mr. Chair, I 45 understand we have generally designated a committee, we've 46 got a time line and I'm a little lost on the letter to who 47 and what because there was several approaches stated. 48 49 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: The charge is to the 50 Committee from myself and I'm asking you and Keith and Jim

00207 to work together on identifying the various and laws and 1 treaties and what not that we need to have included in the 2 3 committee's work, and that's what Bill was asking for, 4 okay. So this letter needs to be -- we need to get that to 5 the committee as quickly as possible so they can schedule 6 and begin their work. 7 8 MR. THOMAS: Mr. Chairman, we forgot to 9 identify the Chair and that would be Winnie Kessler. 10 11 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: It's Forest Service, 12 I'm not sure, they're going to have to -- that's going to 13 be something internally. 14 15 MR. THOMAS: She's Forest Service so she's 16 the Chair. 17 18 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Well, they're going 19 to have to work that out internally within the Service. 20 Anything else. 21 So the motion was simply to defer but the 22 23 understanding is we'll take this matter up as quickly as 24 the committee gets its work done. Okay, does everybody 25 have that understanding. Discussion. Hearing none, all 26 those in favor signify by saying aye. 27 28 IN UNISON: Aye. 29 30 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Those opposed, same 31 sign. 32 (No opposing votes) 33 34 35 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Motion carries. At 36 this time the Chair will entertain a motion to adopt the 37 unanimous consent agenda being Proposals 21, 24, 26, 28, 38 29, 40, 14, 15, 16, 41, 42, 44, 12, 6, 38, 8, and 9. 39 Again, noting originally 34 was on but of course we all 40 know we took it off. Is there a motion to that effect? 41 42 MS. GOTTLIEB: So moved. 43 44 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Is there a second? 45 46 MR. WILSON: Second. 47 48 MR. EDWARDS: Second. 49 50 DR. KESSLER: Second.

00208 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Discussion. Hearing 1 2 none, all those in favor of the motion, please signify by 3 saying aye. 4 5 IN UNISON: Aye. 6 7 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Those opposed, same 8 sign. 9 10 (No opposing votes) 11 12 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Motion carries. 13 Anybody got any parting shots here? 14 15 MR. THOMAS: Mr. Chairman. 16 17 MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman. 18 19 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Yes, Bill and then 20 Gary. 21 22 MR. THOMAS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I've 23 had the opportunity to speak with Grace regarding the 24 Seward Peninsula. I asked her, I said, how come you guys 25 don't have any proposals and she said we don't have any 26 fish. And then she gave me some background on the 27 abundance of fish historically, and that is non-existent at 28 this time. I would hope that we would find the mechanics 29 in this process to explore the reasons that led to the 30 demise of the fish populations in that area and see what we 31 can do to avoid that from occurring in other systems. I 32 say that because other systems have been identified to be 33 in distress at this time. And I am also wanting to make 34 sure that these sensitive areas in distress are addressed 35 in a supporting productive manner before they reach the 36 point of the fisheries in the Seward Peninsula area. If 37 there's some way we could do that, Mr. Chairman, I'd 38 certainly like to encourage that to happen. 39 40 Thank you very much. 41 42 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. 43 44 (Pause) 45 46 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you, Bill. 47 Gary. 48 49 MR. EDWARDS: Mr. Chairman, while our RAC 50 Chairs are here, I would like to just spend a few minutes

addressing an issue that was discussed on Monday with the agenda that we covered and that had to do with the discussion around customary trade and us about to embark on, what I view as an overly lengthy process to try to address maybe a more basic issue. I was concerned that there was some misconception or confusion as to about what the issue is.

9 From our perspective the issue has really 10 nothing to do with whether a subsistence fish can be either 11 bartered, traded or even sold, the issue has centered 12 around the language being a significant commercial 13 enterprise which is part of our regulations. And what we 14 found last fishing season was that in talking with the U.S. 15 Attorney's Office, the feeling was that because that term 16 is not specifically defined, therefore, if we even observe 17 something taking place, which was viewed as a significant 18 commercial enterprise we would not be able to take any kind 19 of action and prosecute on that. We then thought we might 20 be able to pursue it using the State's authority, State law 21 which prohibits people from buying subsistence caught fish 22 but in an opinion from our Solicitor's office, they did not 23 feel that, in fact, we would be able to use the State's 24 authority in order to do that. So our concern is that the 25 true issue we're trying to deal with is to try to get some 26 definition to what a significant commercial enterprise 27 truly is.

29 And I guess from our perspective, we have a 30 desire to move forward more quickly with that than later. 31 My concern is by us looking at the broader issue, maybe the 32 year 2003, before we get regulations. I happened to be 33 going through my latest issue of the Cabela magazine for 34 the Christmas edition and I notice they have Yukon chum 35 salmon, you can send in and get your Yukon chum salmon. 36 Now, whether these are truly Yukon fish or not, I guess I 37 find it a little disturbing that, you know, we had people 38 going without but yet we can turn right around now and 39 somehow, you know, order these fish from Cabela's. So I 40 guess what I would encourage is us to look at a more 41 expeditious process to just simply focus on the one more 42 specific issue and try to come to grips with that through 43 whatever process that we think is appropriate. 44

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MS. GOTTLIEB: Mr. Chairman.

Yes.

CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF:

49 MS. GOTTLIEB: Once again, I want to thank 50 everybody who contributed to the consent agenda. I thank

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00210 the Regional Advisory Councils, the State, the Staff. 1 Certainly for the first fish meeting that was a major 2 3 accomplishment to have so many on the consent agenda. Т think it's a really good sign and I want to thank you for 4 5 leading the meeting. 6 7 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Thank you. Any 8 other parting comments? 9 10 MR. THOMAS: Are we limited, Mr. Chairman? 11 12 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Pardon? 13 14 MR. THOMAS: Are we limited? The reason I 15 ask is I want to respond to Gary's concern. Okay, the 16 points you made are very good. But as Councils to come up 17 with something that you want to see we need to know what 18 you want to see, you know. We can't be sending 19 recommendation after recommendation to have them rejected 20 without knowing why. So we need to know what's going to 21 make you happy in order for us to bring to you language 22 that you'd be happy with with regard to customary trade. 23 24 And with regards to the legalities of 25 selling subsistence caught resources is inconsistent with 26 global practice. We're the only area in the world that 27 prohibits that. 28 29 Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 30 31 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: I understand Gary's 32 point of view. It's just whether or not -- I'm not totally 33 convinced it is. I mean we have ways of investigating 34 where the fish came from and I would suggest that that's 35 where we start to see if that is an issue that would affect 36 our time frame or whether we can reasonably go about this 37 thing. If we need to expedite it and we find out that our 38 subsistence caught salmon is entering the commercial 39 market, you know, that makes it a major issue. 40 41 But anyway, point well taken. 42 Any other parting shots here. 43 44 45 MR. O'HARA: Yes, sir. 46 47 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Dan. 48 49 MR. O'HARA: Gary, I think when we come 50 down, I'm pretty sure that Robin will be our representative

00211 at the customary trade task force when you deal with this. 1 And I think we need to, if we're talking about parting 2 3 here, I need to ask you a question in what we're dealing 4 with and I have three areas here that I need to ask you on. 5 6 The definition of this, when you talk about 7 a substantial amount of commercial use, did you use that 8 term? 9 10 MR. EDWARDS: Well, I believe what our 11 regulation says is that you are allowed to sell subsistence 12 caught fish as long as it doesn't -- it's not a significant 13 commercial enterprise. 14 15 MR. O'HARA: Okay. 16 17 MR. EDWARDS: And the problem is is we have 18 no definition as to what a significant commercial 19 enterprise is. And because of the lack of definition, the 20 U.S. Attorney's Office is unwilling to prosecute any cases 21 that might come under, basically the sale of any 22 commercially [sic] caught fish and we looked at exploring 23 using the State's authority but we're basically told that 24 we could probably not do that. 25 26 So essentially from our perspective and our 27 law enforcement's perspective is we cannot enforce that 28 regulation. 29 30 MR. O'HARA: Okay. I'd like to list three 31 things here, Gary, that I think are something that we need 32 to be looking at when we come to this issue and finally 33 determine what's going to be customary -- amount of 34 customary trade. One is, I guess it's in a form of a 35 question, selling to each other. In other words, someone 36 up at Pedro Bay would like to send me 20 fish and I send 37 them a certain dollar amount for that, you know, say up to 38 the -- we're thinking in terms of maybe three or \$400 is 39 all we would be able to use in the amount of customary 40 trade, period, that's the upper limit. We just kind of 41 have been kicking that little figure around because of the 42 halibut issue. 43 44 The second one is, if someone has some fish 45 in their smokehouse and they decide to sell it to the 46 tourist passing by in your community. 47 And the third one, I think, where we're 48 49 really getting into trouble and where your law enforcement 50 people need to deal with is the issue of you take a load of

00212 fish that has 1,700 pounds in it and you take it out to 1 Alec Brindle and you sell it to him and he processes it and 2 3 puts it in the can, now, to me that's a commercial 4 enterprise where you're going to go out and take a big 5 amount of fish out, sell it to a processor for a dollar 6 amount versus this trade thing that we do with one another 7 on a very small-scaled basis. 8 9 If I were to make a decision on that issue 10 today, I would have no problem making that issue up to \$400 11 among ourselves or selling to the tourists or at the 12 airport, period, that's the end of it. But not taking a 13 load of fish out in your skiff at Bristol Bay and say, here 14 you go, Chuck Bundrin, Trident, I've got 1,700 pounds of 15 reds here, give me 60 cents a pound. You know, that's 16 customary trade versus salmon permits. 17 18 That's the issue that we're going to deal 19 with in our area and I don't think you're going to find 20 Bristol Bay backing away from that at all. That's just --21 if you need a parting shot, Mr. Chairman, that would be our 22 thoughts. And then you can throw your tomatoes at me if 23 you want to someplace else. 24 25 Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 26 27 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Anybody else. 28 Ralph. 29 30 MR. LOHSE: Mr. Chairman, Ron and I were 31 talking about some things here, your Cabela advertisement, 32 the only problem with this is it didn't have to come out of 33 the subsistence fishery. I think that they had one or two 34 commercial openers at the mouth of the river this last 35 year, didn't they, before they closed everything down. 36 They didn't have anything at all on chum? 37 Okay, then under current law, doesn't it 38 39 say a significant commercial enterprise and you can sell to 40 the final user but you can't sell to a processor? 41 42 MR. EDWARDS: No, the problem is, I mean 43 under our regs, my understanding is since there's no 44 definition, we've not taken the position that you couldn't 45 necessarily sell to a processor under a small amount. The 46 issue is, what is -- there's no definition of a significant 47 commercial enterprise, whether it's \$400, \$4,000, \$40,000, 48 four million. And since there is no definition by our 49 regulations, U.S. Attorney's Office has told us not to 50 bring them any cases because they will not prosecute.

MR. LOHSE: Well, I was sure I read 1 2 something that they couldn't be sold to a -- yeah, it says 3 right in there it can't be sold to a processor and it can't 4 be sold to a middle man, direct from the catcher to the 5 user, but you can't -- if this is chum caught salmon and a 6 DNA test would prove that this is salmon is illegal, 7 Cabela's is in violation of the Lacy Act, they're in 8 violation of using fish that's illegal and they can be 9 prosecuted. 10 11 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay. We've got a 12 task force that's going to tackle that. But I agree with 13 your point, well taken, Ralph, is that if, just based on 14 that advertisement, it should be looked into. Because if 15 there is things that are going on that should be 16 investigated but we got to be careful not to get in front 17 of the task force. 18 19 Della first, I think and then Polly. 20 21 MS. TRUMBLE: I think in discussing the C&T 22 issue, I know we had talked about all the representatives 23 or at least one representative from each RAC to be a part 24 of this and then through the course of the day, I think two 25 days ago in talking about all the RACs getting together in 26 the early part of February to go through the proposals, at 27 that time each of the RACs will be working on their own 28 regions proposals and we understand also, if I am correct, 29 that we aren't going to be working the whole two days on 30 our own region, and my suggestion would be to consider 31 looking at this as a workshop item with each of the 32 Regional RACs. 33 34 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Polly, you had something? 35 36 MR. WILDE: Mr. Chairman. 37 38 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Hang on one second first, 39 okay, go ahead, and then you're next Harry. Go ahead, 40 Polly. 41 42 MS. WHEELER: Mr. Chair, just for clarification, 43 there actually were some chums taken for commercial 44 purposes this year. 45 46 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: There were? 47 48 MS. WHEELER: Yeah, there were. Yeah, not a lot, 49 but there were. 50

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00214 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay, thank you. Harry. 1 2 3 MR. WILDE: Mr. Chairman, last month at the AVCP 4 Convention here in Anchorage, there was a newspaper, 5 somebody was selling strips, I don't know where he got all 6 that. There was people talking in the Lower Yukon, if this 7 man get away with selling if it's subsistence fish strips, 8 king salmon strips, we should be able to do it. If this 9 man could get away with it without no problem. And I think 10 some of these things need to be looked on, it's really kind 11 of the things we've been telling some of our younger 12 people, not to do that, selling subsistence catch fish. 13 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: I think there's some 14 15 investigators who might be interested in that little clip. 16 Any other parting comments, here? 17 18 If not then -- Willie. 19 20 MR. GOODWIN: Yeah, Mr. Chairman, I just want to 21 thank the Board for taking our issues and having a result 22 that's favorable to us. Thank you very much. 23 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Okay. Is that it? Okay, 24 25 good, then I -- Bill. 26 27 MR. THOMAS: Begging your indulgence, Mr. Chairman. 28 I was thinking, you know, since the intent of ANILCA and 29 the decision on the Katie John case parallel so close, that 30 it would be a gesture that would be appreciated by the 31 family of Katie John if they were to receive some type of 32 acknowledgement from Fish and Wildlife and everybody in the 33 process with regards to the loss of their chief. Thank 34 you, Mr. Chairman. 35 36 CHAIRMAN DEMIENTIEFF: Good point. That's it? 37 Okay, thank you one and all for all your hard work and 38 preparation and the doing and getting us through our first 39 regulatory meeting on the fish side. And we look forward 40 to working with you, hopefully for not very long, and with 41 that we stand adjourned. 42 43 (END OF PROCEEDINGS) \* \* \* \* \* \* 44

00215 CERTIFICATE 1 2 3 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA 4 )ss. 5 STATE OF ALASKA ) 6 7 I, Joseph P. Kolasinski, Notary Public in and for the 8 State of Alaska and Owner of Computer Matrix, do hereby 9 certify: 10 11 THAT the foregoing pages numbered 125 through 214 contain 12 a full, true and correct Transcript of the FEDERAL SUBSISTENCE 13 BOARD PUBLIC MEETING, VOLUME II taken electronically by myself 14 on the 6th day of December 2000, beginning at the hour of 8:30 15 o'clock a.m. at the Marriott Hotel, Fairbanks Room, Anchorage, 16 Alaska; 17 18 THAT the transcript is a true and correct transcript 19 requested to be transcribed and thereafter transcribed by under 20 my direction and reduced to print to the best of our knowledge 21 and ability; 22 THAT I am not an employee, attorney, or party interested 23 24 in any way in this action. 25 26 DATED at Anchorage, Alaska, this 14th day of December 27 2000. 28 29 30 31 32 Joseph P. Kolasinski 33 Notary Public in and for Alaska 34 My Commission Expires: 4/17/04