Estimation of the sockeye salmon escapement into McLees Lake, Unalaska Island, Alaska, 2003

Abstract: From May 31 to July 28, 2003, a flexible picket weir was used to collect abundance, run timing, and biological data from sockeye salmon returning to McLees Lake on Unalaska Island. A total of 101,793 sockeye *Oncorhynchus nerka*, and 19 pink *O. gorbuscha* salmon were counted through the weir. Peak weekly passage occurred between June 21 and June 27 when 29,774 (29%) sockeye salmon entered McLees Lake. The sockeye salmon return to McLees Lake during 2003 was the largest recorded to date, approximately 4% greater than that observed in 2002 (*N*=97,780) and more than twice that observed during 2001 (*N*=45,866).

Nine age groups were identified from 752 sockeye salmon sampled from the weir escapement between May 31 and July 27. This escapement was composed primarily of age 1.3 (79%) fish. Females composed an estimated 46.3% of the sampled sockeye salmon escapement.

Citation: Gates, K. S. and D. E. Palmer. 2004. Estimation of the sockeye salmon escapement into McLees Lake, Unalaska Island, Alaska, 2003. U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Subsistence Management, Fisheries Resource Monitoring Program, Final Report (Study No. 01-059). U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Kenai Fishery Resource Office, Alaska Fisheries Data Series No. 2004-1, Kenai, Alaska.