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## **BAR BEACH SALT MARSH RESTORATION HEMPSTEAD HARBOR, NEW YORK**

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### **FOURTH YEAR MONITORING REPORT**

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*Submitted to:*

**National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration**  
New York, New York



*Prepared by:*

**The Louis Berger Group, Inc.**  
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## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	Page
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY .....	i
1.0 INTRODUCTION .....	1
2.0 VEGETATION MONITORING .....	4
3.0 AVIAN MONITORING .....	7
4.0 SUMMARY .....	9
5.0 REFERENCES .....	11

## **LIST OF TABLES**

Table 1	Monitoring Schedule .....	2
Table 2	Plant Species Observed in Sampled Quadrats .....	4
Table 3	Summary of Vegetative Ground Cover .....	6
Table 4	Summary of Avian Sampling Results .....	8
Table 5	Summary of Monitoring Results .....	9
Table 6	Restoration Site Comparisons, 2004-2007 .....	10

## **LIST OF FIGURES**

Figure 1	Site Location Map .....	3
Figure 2	Vegetation Transect Map .....	5

## **APPENDICES**

Appendix A	Vegetation Monitoring Quadrat Locations
Appendix B	Vegetation Field Data
Appendix C	Site Photographs
Appendix D	Avian Field Data
Appendix E	NOAA Pre-Restoration Monitoring Data

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In 2003, The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), New York Department of Environmental Conservation, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service restored the salt marsh in Bar Beach Lagoon, North Hempstead, New York, as part of a Superfund settlement (AES Shoreline Realty) addressing natural resource damages that had occurred as a result of the release of contaminants into Hempstead Harbor. Restoration activities included the removal of substantial volumes of fill consisting of sand, gravel, concrete, and solid waste debris from the site, as well as the physical removal of approximately 0.2 acres of common reed (*Phragmites australis*). Each of the fill removal areas was excavated to sub-grade, backfilled with clean soils, and planted with native wetland and coastal upland plant species. The Town of North Hempstead participated in the restoration through receipt of a NOAA Community-based Restoration Program grant and in providing site access, labor, trucks and waiving of disposal site fees for the excavated materials at the nearby landfill, as part of their in-kind match for the NOAA grant.

The Louis Berger Group, Inc. conducted the fourth year monitoring of the five year monitoring program on September 20<sup>th</sup>, 2007. This monitoring consisted of biological sampling of vegetation at the restoration site and at a nearby reference site. Avian monitoring was conducted by an experienced birder (volunteer) affiliated with the North Shore Audubon Society and arranged by NOAA staff. The monitoring program was developed in collaboration with NOAA staff, and in accordance with the Final Restoration Plan (NOAA *et al.* 2002).

After the fourth year of monitoring, the restoration site has met the 85 percent native species vegetative cover requirement. *Phragmites australis* and other undesirable invasive species have been limited to 10 percent or less of the total vegetative cover of the restored area, as set forth in the restoration plan. Quadrat sampling revealed that an average of 90.6 percent of the restoration site was covered with native vegetation, compared to 22.5 percent recorded during baseline pre-construction monitoring. The average height of *Spartina alterniflora* at the restoration site increased from 93 cm in 2004 to 115 cm in 2007. The percent of *Spartina* which were flowering was higher at the restoration site than at the reference site. Based on quadrat sampling, ground cover by *Phragmites australis* was limited to 0.6 percent of the restoration site.

Monitoring results indicate that the restoration site had higher avian abundance and higher diversity than the reference site, probably due to differences in the surrounding habitats of each site. Thirty-seven bird species were observed at the restoration site, whereas fifteen species were observed at the reference site.

The fourth year monitoring results indicate that restoration efforts to date have been successful in establishing a diverse population of salt marsh plant and avian species. The planted salt marsh grasses are well established and flowering. The coastal shoreline zone in particular, has greater cover than in previous years. Recommendations include removal of mugwort, Queen Anne's Lace and Japanese knotweed along the mowed lawn and gazebo area. While the Town has mowed the stand of *Phragmites australis* by the boat ramp, it will likely continue to expand unless more aggressive methods (i.e. herbicide) are employed.

## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

In 2003, The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), New York Department of Environmental Conservation, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and the Town of North Hempstead restored the salt marsh in Bar Beach Lagoon (also known as Hempstead Harbor Cove, see Figure 1), North Hempstead, New York, as part of a Superfund settlement addressing natural resource damages that had occurred as a result of the release of contaminants into Hempstead Harbor. Prior to restoration activities, Bar Beach Lagoon consisted of mudflats and sparsely vegetated hummocks, and dense stands of common reed (*Phragmites australis*) covered a portion of the high marsh and coastal fill uplands. Concrete debris and other fill had been dumped along much of the shoreline, possibly for erosion control. Restoration activities included the removal of substantial volumes of fill consisting of sand, gravel, concrete, and solid waste debris from the site. Removal of *Phragmites australis* was also a component of the project, and involved physical removal of approximately 0.2 acres. Each of the fill removal areas was excavated to sub-grade, backfilled with clean soils, and planted with native wetland and coastal upland plant species.

Smooth cordgrass (*Spartina alterniflora*) was planted in the intertidal zone at elevations from 2.5 to 4 feet National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD). Salt marsh cordgrass (*Spartina patens*) and spikegrass (*Distichlis spicata*) were planted in the high marsh at elevations from 4 to 5 feet NGVD. Between the high marsh and the upland, a coastal shoreline zone consisting of marsh elder (*Iva frutescens*), groundsel-bush (*Baccharis halimifolia*), perennial ryegrass (*Panicum amarum*), and seaside goldenrod (*Solidago sempervirens*) was planted. Upland areas adjacent to the restoration site were seeded with a native warm season grass mixture and various native shrubs were planted in the upland periphery. Additional plantings in 2004 augmented the 2003 plantings where mortality, erosion, and fill compaction occurred. In 2004, switch grass (*Panicum virgatum*) plugs were planted in the upland to address areas that did not respond well to seeding. Virginia creeper (*Parthenocissus virginiana*) was initially planted in the upland area, but because its survival was poor and the primary purpose for the plantings was stabilization of soils, it was not replanted. In the spring of 2005, the Performing Parties Group replanted the center portion of the peninsula area of the restoration site with *Spartina alterniflora* and also erected herbivore-exclusion fence and overhead string. Dead shrubs in the coastal shoreline zone were also replaced and *Spartina patens* was replanted at the eastern end of the site where ice damage had occurred.

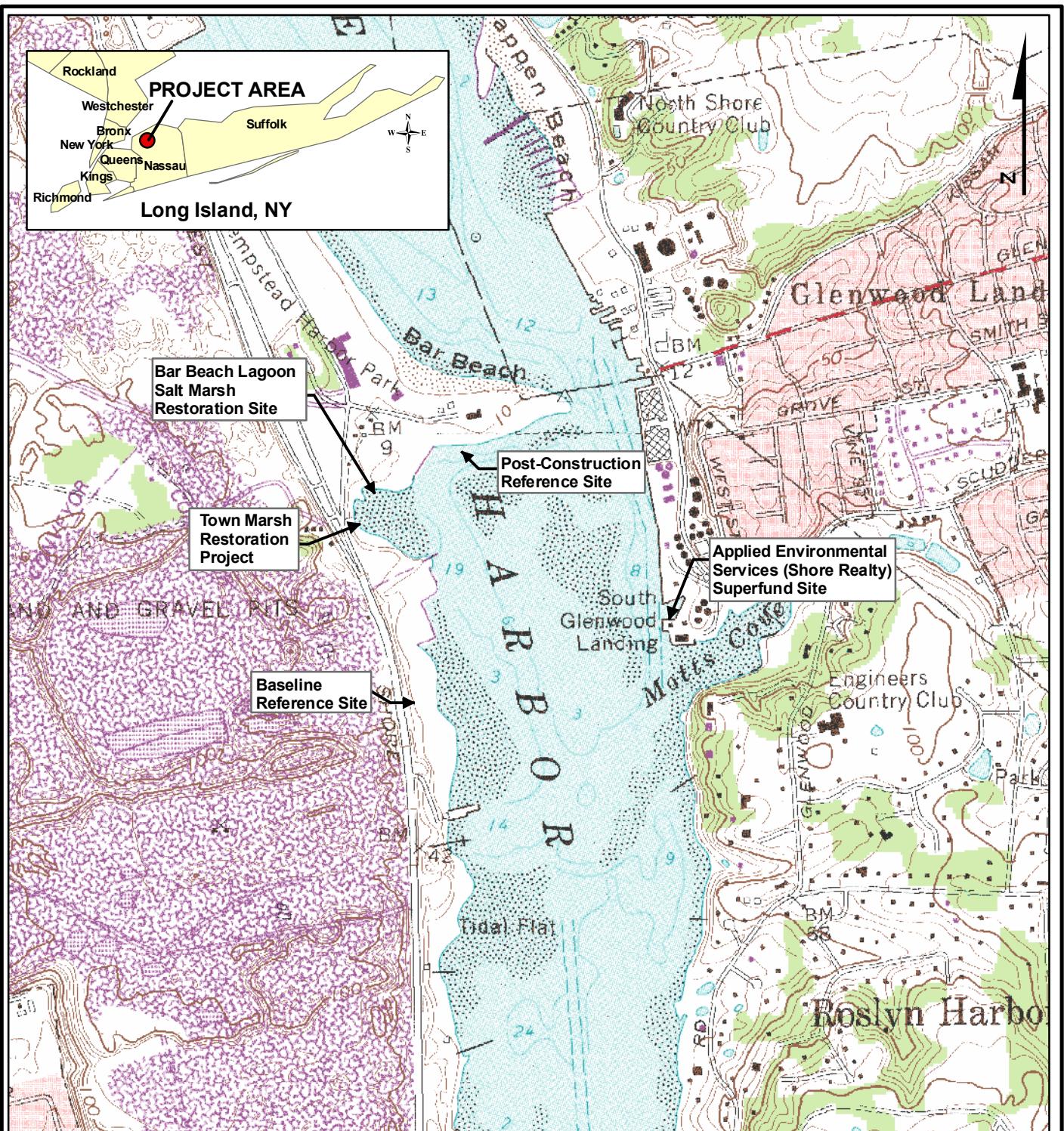
As part of the Superfund settlement, a monitoring program was implemented to assess the extent of success of the restoration project. The performance criteria for the restoration project requires 85 percent vegetative cover of the restoration area (marsh and stabilized coastal shoreline) within 5 years of initial planting and minimal re-establishment of *Phragmites australis* and other undesirable invasive vegetation to 10 percent or less of the total restored area. Performance criteria also included 90 percent survival of *Spartina alterniflora* and shoreline vegetation after two full growing seasons, which was independently evaluated by NOAA and not discussed in this report. In addition, fish, benthic macroinvertebrate, and avian species abundance, richness, and composition must demonstrate a strong positive trend toward and not significantly differ from that of a reference marsh. The reference marsh, located 600 feet to the northeast of the restoration site, is also a fringing marsh and was selected to serve as the reference site for this monitoring program. The baseline reference marsh used by NOAA during pre-restoration monitoring, located approximately half a mile south of Bar Beach Lagoon, was not selected as the reference site for post-construction monitoring because it is larger and similarly exposed as the newly selected reference site. The restoration site and the post-construction reference site are similar in size, each consisting of approximately 0.75 acres.

On behalf of NOAA, The Louis Berger Group, Inc. conducted the Year 4 monitoring on September 20<sup>th</sup>, 2007, in accordance with the schedule presented in Table 1. Vegetation monitoring occurs annually in the fall, while nekton and benthic monitoring is conducted during the spring and fall, but only every other year. Avian monitoring was conducted by an experienced birder (volunteer) arranged by NOAA staff. The monitoring program was developed in collaboration with NOAA staff, and in accordance with the Final Restoration Plan (NOAA *et al.* 2002).

**Table 1. Monitoring Schedule.**

Year	Season	Monitoring Parameter		
		Vegetation	Nekton and Benthos	Avian
2004	Spring			
	Fall	✓	✓	✓
2005	Spring			✓
	Fall	✓		✓
2006	Spring		✓	✓
	Fall	✓	✓	✓
2007	Spring			✓
	Fall	✓		✓
2008	Spring		✓	✓
	Fall	✓	✓	✓

Monitoring is expected beyond 2008, pending availability of funds.



National Oceanic  
and Atmospheric Administration

Bar Beach Salt Marsh  
Ecological Restoration Monitoring  
Site Location Map

Location: Hempstead Harbor, Long Island, NY

Date: FEB 2008 ID: JR 5110

The Louis Berger Group, Inc.  
412 Mount Kemble Ave  
Morristown, NJ 07960

Figure 1

SOURCES:

Base Mapping: USGS 7.5 Minute Topographic Map,  
Sea Cliff Quadrangle.

## 2.0 VEGETATION MONITORING

### 2.1 Methodology

Plant cover at the restoration site and reference site was measured within one-meter square quadrats placed along permanently established transects. The restoration site was sampled along seven transects composed of forty quadrats. Six of these transects were oriented from the upland to the lower edge of the marsh, while the seventh transected the peninsula area from southwest to northeast. The reference site was sampled along three transects composed of ten quadrats, also oriented from upland to the lower edge of the marsh. Quadrats were arranged so that the first quadrat was positioned in the coastal shoreline zone (above 5 feet NGVD), the second quadrat was placed in the high marsh (4 to 5 feet NGVD), and subsequent quadrats were placed in the low marsh (2.5 to 4 feet NGVD).

The ends of each transect were marked in the field with PVC pipes driven into the substrate and were surveyed with a Trimble Pro XRS Global Positioning System (GPS) with Asset Surveyor. The distance of each quadrat along the transect was measured and recorded to ensure that the same quadrats will be sampled each year. The locations of the vegetation transects appear in Figure 2, and the positions of the transect ends and quadrats are presented in Appendix A. The elevations of each quadrat were measured in 2004 and 2005, to determine if any fill compaction was occurring, but results indicated that there were no discernable elevation changes during this period.

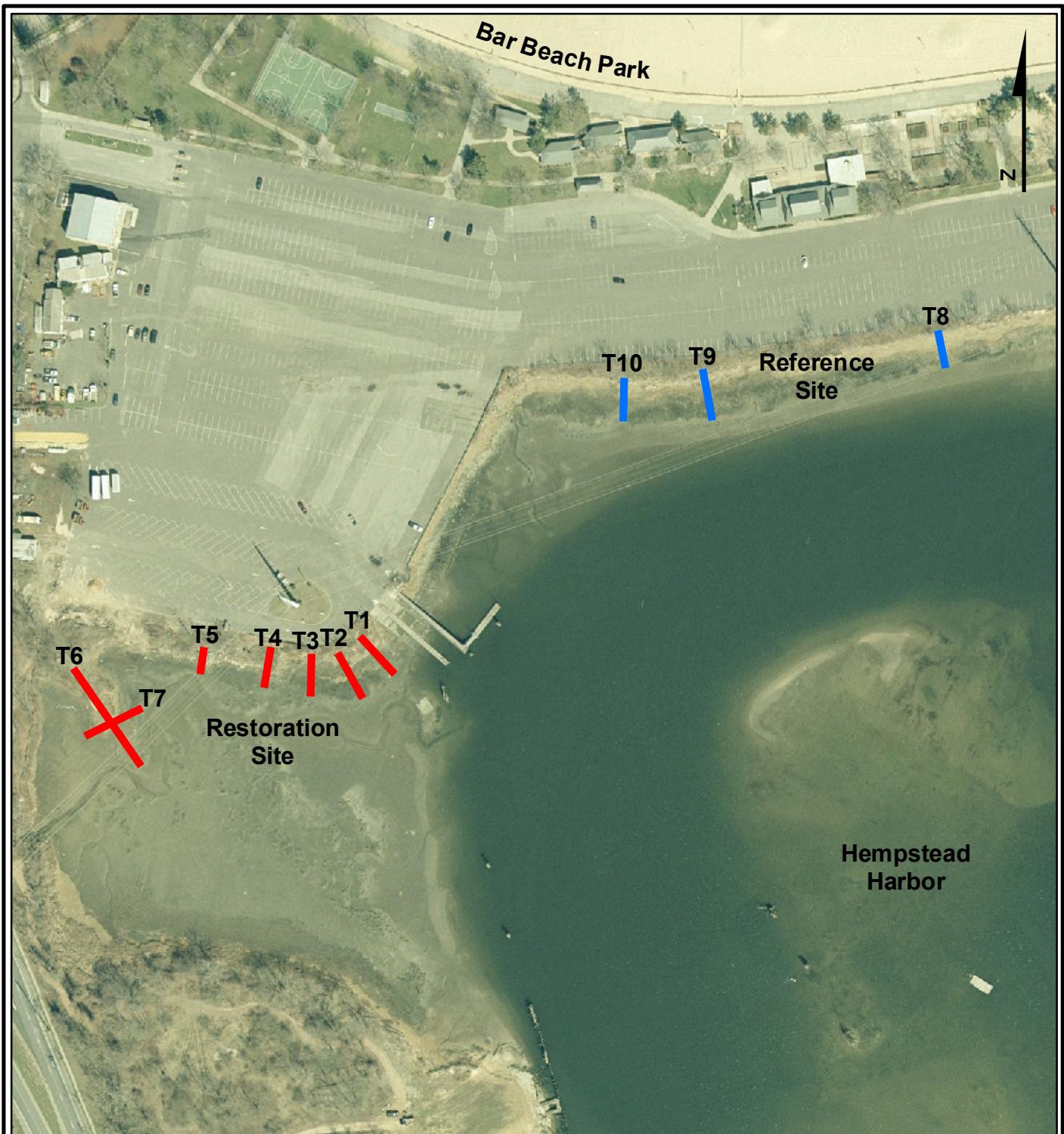
### 2.2 Results

A summary of vegetation observed within sampled quadrats at the restoration and reference sites is presented in Table 2. A total of 10 species were present within the sampled quadrats at the restoration site, six of which were planted and four which volunteered, including *Phragmites australis*. The coastal shoreline zone at the restoration site was primarily vegetated with the planted species *Iva frutescens*, *Panicum amarum*, *Solidago sempervirens*, and *Spartina patens*, while the marsh vegetation consisted almost entirely of *Spartina alterniflora*, *Spartina patens*, and *Distichlis spicata*. Sea lavender (*Limonium nashii*) and switchgrass (*Panicum virgatum*) are also present at the restoration site, but were not present within sampled quadrats. Only three species were present within the sampled quadrats at the reference site. Vegetation in the coastal shoreline zone of the reference site was dominated by *Phragmites australis*, while marsh vegetation consisted of *Spartina alterniflora* and *Phragmites australis*.

**Table 2. Plant Species Observed in Sampled Quadrats.**

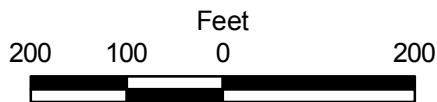
Common Name	Scientific Name	Restoration Site	Reference Site
marsh orach	<i>Atriplex patula</i>	✓	
spike grass*	<i>Distichlis spicata</i>	✓	
high tide bush*	<i>Iva frutescens</i>	✓	✓
perennial ryegrass*	<i>Panicum amarum</i>	✓	
common reed	<i>Phragmites australis</i>	✓	✓
glasswort	<i>Salicornia europaea</i>	✓	
seaside goldenrod*	<i>Solidago sempervirens</i>	✓	
smooth cordgrass*	<i>Spartina alterniflora</i>	✓	✓
salt meadow grass*	<i>Spartina patens</i>	✓	
sea blite	<i>Sueda linearis</i>	✓	

\*Species planted or seeded at the restoration site



### Legend

Vegetation Transects  
— Restoration Site  
— Reference Site



National Oceanic  
and Atmospheric Administration

Bar Beach Salt Marsh  
Ecological Restoration Monitoring  
Transect Location Map

Location: Hempstead Harbor, Long Island, NY

Date: Feb 2008      ID: JR 5110



The Louis Berger Group, Inc.  
412 Mount Kemble Ave  
Morristown, NJ 07960

Figure 2

### SOURCES:

Base Mapping: New York State DOQQs,  
Nassau County, 2000.

Table 3 presents a summary of vegetative ground cover, including cover by *Phragmites australis*, for each transect in the restoration and reference sites, as well as the mean value for these parameters across all transects at each site. Quadrat sampling indicates that native vegetative cover of the restoration site was 90.6 percent, representing a slight increase over the 2006 observation of 87.8 percent native cover. *Phragmites australis* accounted for 0.6 percent of cover, representing a slight increase from the 2006 observation of 0.3 percent cover. Total native vegetative cover of quadrats at the reference site was 67 percent, with *Phragmites australis* covering 12.5 percent of ground.

Prior to restoration activities, the upper elevations of the restoration site were dominated by *Phragmites australis*, while lower elevations were either unvegetated, or contained some *Spartina alterniflora*. Sampling conducted by NOAA in 2002 before the restoration indicated that total plant cover of the restoration site was approximately 47 percent, with *Spartina alterniflora* covering 22.5 percent of sampled quadrats and *Phragmites* covering 14.5 percent of quadrats sampled. High tide bush, spikegrass, poison ivy (*Toxicodendron radicans*), mugwort (*Artemisia vulgaris*) sea lavender, and glasswort were also present, but accounted for relatively little cover.

Mean *Spartina alterniflora* height within quadrats at the restoration site was 115 cm, a very slight increase over the 114 cm average height in 2006. In 2002, prior to the restoration, NOAA staff measured *Spartina alterniflora* height at the restoration site, finding the mean height of the remnant plants in the lower tidal elevations to be 116 cm. The mean height of plants in quadrats at the reference site was 95 cm. After five growing seasons, plants at the restoration site have reached the average height of plants there prior to the restoration and have exceeded the height of plants at the reference site. At the restoration site, 57.7 percent of *Spartina alterniflora* measured were flowering, while at the reference site, 36.9 percent of plants sampled were flowering.

**Table 3. Summary of Vegetative Ground Cover**

Transect	Number of Quadrats	Mean Percent Vegetative Ground Cover for All Species Excluding <i>Phragmites australis</i>	Mean Percent Vegetative Ground Cover of <i>Phragmites australis</i>	Mean Total Percent Cover
Restoration Site				
1	5	93	0	93
2	5	96	2	98
3	5	98	0	98
4	5	73	0	73
5	5	90	3	93
6	10	90	0	90
7	5	96	0	96
Mean (all quadrats)		90.6	0.6	91.3
Reference Site				
8	3	87	3	90
9	4	46	29	75
10	3	75	0	75
Mean (all quadrats)		67	12.5	79.5

Plant field data documenting the ground cover estimates for the restoration and reference sites, as well as *Spartina alterniflora* height measurements and flowering status, are presented in Appendix B. Photographs taken along each transect at the restoration site appear in Appendix C. Appendix E contains NOAA pre-restoration monitoring of percent plant cover at the restoration site.

## 3.0 AVIAN MONITORING

### 3.1 Methodology

Avian monitoring was conducted by an ornithologist from the North Shore Audubon Society arranged by NOAA. Monitoring was conducted on forty-three occasions between May and December, 2007. The ornithologist spent 20 minutes at the restoration site and 20 minutes at the reference site, and noted the bird species present within each site, their numbers and activity, as well as the weather and tide conditions. Birds within 100 yards of the restoration and reference sites were also noted, but not included in the analysis, as they were generally flying through the area, or were between the sites in the parking lot or on the power lines or towers.

### 3.2 Results

Table 4 presents avian species abundance, composition, and diversity for the restoration and reference sites. Avian monitoring data are provided in Appendix D. Thirty-seven avian species were observed at the restoration site, while fifteen species were observed at the reference site. Mean avian abundance per observation at the restoration site was 8.5, which was considerably greater than the mean of 3.0 birds per observation at the reference site. Avian diversity, as measured by the Shannon-Weaver Diversity Index, was 1.232 at the restoration site, which was considerably higher than the reference site diversity index of 0.869.

Both songbirds and waterbirds were well represented at the restoration site, while the bird community at the reference site primarily consisted of waterbirds. The greater number of avian species and greater diversity of the restoration site as compared to the reference site and the difference in species composition are likely due to bordering habitat differences. The waters adjacent to the restoration site are less exposed to wind and waves than the reference site and the restoration site is nearly surrounded by densely forested habitat providing a close source of food and shelter for songbirds.

Diversity at the restoration site was particularly high during the fall migration, when a variety of sparrows and other songbirds were observed foraging at the site. Several species of sparrows were frequently heard or observed while foraging in the marsh grass and several warbler species were seen foraging in bayberry and other planted shrubs at the restoration site. No sparrows or warblers were observed at the reference site. The observed differences in species composition and abundance between the restoration site and reference site were similar to observations presented in previous monitoring reports. The avian monitor commented that the removal of trees and other construction disturbance at the western end of the restoration site for the Town marsh restoration project may have affected avian use of the site in 2007.

Thirteen species observed at the restoration site in 2007 had not been observed there in previous years. These new species include three waterbirds and ten songbirds, which appear in Table 4 in bold font. Eight species were previously seen at the restoration site, but were not observed in 2007, including the Little Blue Heron, Foster's Tern, Spotted Sandpiper, Killdeer, Goldfinch, Grackle, House Sparrow, and House Finch.

**Table 4. Summary of Avian Monitoring Results.**

Species		Restoration Site		Reference Site	
Common Name	Scientific Name	Number of Individuals	Mean Abundance	Number of Individuals	Mean Abundance
Canada Goose	<i>Branta canadensis</i>	86	2.0	21	0.5
Mute Swan	<i>Cygnus olor</i>	8	0.2	3	0.1
Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	24	0.6	8	0.2
Common Merganser	<i>Mergus merganser</i>	4	0.1	0	0
Great Blue Heron	<i>Ardea herodias</i>	0	0	3	0.1
Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>	21	0.5	13	0.3
Snowy Egret	<i>Egretta thula</i>	4	0.1	2	0.05
Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	7	0.2	0	0
Belted Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle alcyon</i>	6	0.1	0	0
Greater Yellowlegs	<i>Tringa melanoleuca</i>	2	0.05	0	0
Double-crested Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax auritus</i>	1	0.0	4	0.1
Herring Gull	<i>Larus argentatus</i>	6	0.1	54	1.3
Great Black-backed Gull	<i>Larus marinus</i>	0	0	3	0.1
Ring-billed Gull	<i>Larus delawarensis</i>	10	0.2	3	0.1
Common Tern	<i>Sterna hirundo</i>	1	0.02	3	0.1
Robin	<i>Turdus migratorius</i>	3	0.1	0	0
Mourning Dove	<i>Zenaida macroura</i>	15	0.3	0	0
Rock Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>	0	0	4	0.1
Eastern Towhee	<i>Pipilo erythrorththalmus</i>	1	0.02	0	0
Red-winged Blackbird	<i>Agelaius phoeniceus</i>	3	0.1	0	0
Chipping Sparrow	<i>Spizella passerina</i>	3	0.1	0	0
Field Sparrow	<i>Spizella pusilla</i>	1	0.02	0	0
Savannah Sparrow	<i>Passerculus sandwichensis</i>	2	0.05	0	0
Song Sparrow	<i>Melospiza melodia</i>	31	0.7	0	0
Swamp Sparrow	<i>Melospiza georgiana</i>	16	0.4	0	0
Tree Sparrow	<i>Spizella arborea</i>	3	0.1	0	0
White-throated Sparrow	<i>Zonotrichia albicollis</i>	2	0.05	0	0
mixed sparrows	NA	48	1.1	0	0
Purple Finch	<i>Carpodacus purpureus</i>	3	0.1	0	0
Northern Mockingbird	<i>Mimus polyglottos</i>	18	0.4	0	0
Blue Jay	<i>Cyanocitta cristata</i>	1	0.02	0	0
flycatcher	<i>Empidonax sp.</i>	1	0.02	0	0
Eastern Phoebe	<i>Sayornis phoebe</i>	1	0.02	0	0
Starling	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>	13	0.3	3	0.1
Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	2	0.05	3	0.1
Yellow warbler	<i>Dendroica petechia</i>	3	0.1	0	0
Common Yellowthroat	<i>Geothlypis trichas</i>	2	0.05	0	0
Myrtle Warbler	<i>Dendroica coronata</i>	8	0.2	0	0
Palm Warbler	<i>Dendroica palmarum</i>	1	0.02	0	0
Crow	<i>Corvus sp.</i>	1	0.02	1	0.02
Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>	3	0.1	0	0
Abundance		365	8.5	128	3.0
Number of Species		37		15	
Diversity Index		1.232		0.869	

Species appearing in bold font have not been previously observed at the restoration site.

## 4.0 SUMMARY

After the fourth year of monitoring, the restoration site has met the 85 percent native species vegetative cover requirement and re-establishment of *Phragmites australis* and other undesirable invasive species has been limited to 10 percent or less of the total restored area, as set forth in the restoration plan. Quadrat sampling revealed that an average of 90.6 percent of the restoration site was covered with native vegetation. Ground cover by *Phragmites australis* was limited to 0.6 percent of the restoration site. Comparisons with NOAA pre-restoration monitoring indicate substantially greater coverage of the restoration site with native wetland vegetation, and limited recolonization of *Phragmites australis*. In 2002, prior to the restoration, only 47 percent of the site had vegetative cover, nearly a third of which consisted of *Phragmites australis*. Table 5 summarizes the monitoring results for all parameters investigated at the restoration and reference sites in 2006.

**Table 5. Summary of 2007 Monitoring Results**

Resource	Monitoring Result	Restoration Site	Reference Site	Restoration Site compared to Reference site
Vegetation	Percent Ground Cover (excluding <i>Phragmites</i> )	90.6	67	+
	Percent Cover by <i>Phragmites</i>	0.6	12.5	+
	Number of Species	10	3	+
Avian	Mean Abundance	8.5	3.0	+
	Number of Species	37	15	+
	Diversity Index	1.232	0.869	+

Avian abundance, number of species, and diversity at the restoration site are greater than that of the reference site. Differences in the composition of the avian communities at the restoration and reference site are probably due to differences in the surrounding habitats of each site.

Table 6 summarizes the parameters monitored at the restoration site in 2004, 2005, 2006 and 2007. The vegetative monitoring data are directly comparable across years. The nekton, benthic, and avian data are not directly comparable across years, as these parameters were monitored according to different schedules. The 2004 avian data only included the period from October to December of 2004, as opposed to the year-round data collected from 2005 through 2007. Additionally, the nekton data for 2004 were only collected in the fall, when the marsh vegetation is at its tallest, resulting in a greater amount of sheltered habitat and high catches of fish and shrimp during sampling. The 2006 nekton data includes sampling in May, when the marsh grass was still short, and few fish or shrimp were caught. Likewise, the benthic data for 2006 included spring and fall sampling, while the 2004 data only consisted of fall sampling. It should also be noted that the data include only species which were found within sampled quadrats.

The percent cover of native vegetation at the restoration site has increased every year since monitoring began in 2004. The average height of *Spartina alterniflora* has also increased every year since 2004. The coverage of *Phragmites* at the site is low, and has always been less than 1 percent since monitoring began. The nekton and benthic macroinvertebrate monitoring data indicate that restoration site supports diverse nektonic and benthic communities. Several species of snails and crabs not encountered by NOAA prior to restoration in 2002 are now common inhabitants (marsh snail, rough periwinkle, green crab, and Asian shore crab). Avian monitoring data also indicate that the restoration site supports a diverse avian community, with songbirds and waterbirds being well represented.

**Table 6. Restoration Site Comparisons, 2004-2007**

Resource	Monitoring Result	2004	2005	2006	2007
Vegetation	Percent Ground Cover (excluding <i>Phragmites</i> )	83	84	87.8	90.6
	Percent Cover by <i>Phragmites</i>	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.6
	Number of Species	12	11	11	10
	Mean <i>Spartina alterniflora</i> height	93	103	114	115
Nekton	Mean Abundance	21.6	NS	11.6*	NS
	Number of Species	3	NS	3*	NS
	Diversity Index	0.337	NS	0.367*	NS
Benthic Macroinvertebrates	Mean Abundance	76.8	NS	63.3*	NS
	Number of Species	6	NS	6*	NS
	Diversity Index	0.349	NS	0.35*	NS
Avian	Mean Abundance	4.9	3	3.7	8.5
	Number of Species	8	23	20	37
	Diversity Index	0.771	1.137	0.992	1.232

NS=not sampled

Values followed by an asterisk (\*) are results of pooled spring and fall data

### Management Recommendations

The fourth year monitoring results indicate that restoration efforts to date have been successful in establishing a diverse population of salt marsh plant and animal species. The planted salt marsh grasses and coastal shoreline zone vegetation have become well established. Based upon monitoring results, Berger does not recommend any planting at this time. *Phragmites australis* presence is minimal at the restoration site, however, there is a small stand of *Phragmites australis* along the shoreline near the boat ramp, as well as some mugwort, Queen Anne's Lace, and Japanese knotweed near the gazebo. It is recommended that the Town of North Hempstead, as owner of the property, make efforts to permanently remove these invasive plants under the supervision of a qualified botanist.

## 5.0 REFERENCES

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## **APPENDICES**

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**APPENDIX A**  
**VEGETATION MONITORING QUADRAT LOCATIONS**

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## Bar Beach Vegetation Monitoring Quadrat Locations

Restoration site					Reference Site				
End	northing	easting	Quadrat	Distance from lower pipe (m)	End	northing	easting	Quadrat	Distance from lower pipe (m)
T1up	240496.692	1079543.771	1	21.0	T8up	240917.997	1080339.707	1	14
T1low	240443.858	1079592.021	2	18.3	T8low	240865.224	1080350.428	2	6.1
T1 total length 22.07 m			3	13.8	T8 total length 16.0 m			3	0.7
			4	7.7	T9up	240863.950	1080015.822	1	18.5
			5	0.9	T9low	240794.065	1080028.913	2	14.8
T2up	240473.546	1079513.559	1	21.0	T9 total length 21.6 m			3	6.7
T2low	240411.422	1079547.602	2	18.4				4	0.5
T2 total length 21.95 m			3	15.8	T10up	240851.720	1079907.820	1	12.3
			4	7.7	T10low	240792.253	1079905.867	2	5.6
			5	0.5	T10 total length 19.0 m			3	0.6
T3up	240471.818	1079476.992	1	17.6					
T3low	240413.046	1079475.841	2	15.2					
T3 total length 17.95 m			3	9.8					
			4	4.9					
			5	0.6					
T4up	240481.267	1079420.387	1	15.1					
T4low	240425.061	1079411.027	2	12.6					
T4 total length 17.50 m			3	7.8					
			4	5.4					
			5	0.5					
T5up	240482.271	1079329.557	1	9.9					
T5low	240444.181	1079324.130	2	7.7					
T5 total length 12.1 m			3	5.3					
			4	2.9					
			5	0.7					
T6up	240451.950	1079149.276	1	47.4					
T6low	240317.391	1079242.701	2	46.8					
T6 total length 50.1 m			3	42.4					
			4	37.8					
			5	30.8					
			6	23.4					
			7	17.4					
			8	11.5					
			9	5.8					
			10	0.7					
T7west	240359.023	1079164.397	1	26.7					
T7east	240397.675	1079243.907	2	21.9					
T7 total length 27.3 m			3	11.8					
			4	6.7					
			5	0.7					

\*Transect lengths and quadrat locations as measured along a tape measure laid between the PVC end pipes.

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**APPENDIX B**  
**VEGETATIVE FIELD DATA**

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## 2007 Bar Beach Vegetative Cover Data (September 20<sup>th</sup>, 2007)

Restoration Site	Transect 1					Transect 2					Transect 3					Transect 4					Transect 5					Transect 6					Transect 7														
	Quadrat	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1	2	3	4	5									
<i>Spartina alterniflora</i>	+	10	90	100	70	0	5	100	100	100	0	45	100	100	90	0	10	70	85	10	0	50	100	80	90	0	0	85	90	100	95	80	80	95	100	100	90	95	100	95					
<i>Spartina patens</i>	30	20	0	0	0	35	0	0	0	0	40	10	0	0	0	75	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
<i>Distichlis spicata</i>	50	70	0	0	0	55	85	0	0	0	10	45	0	0	0	15	40	0	0	0	0	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
<i>Salicornia europaea</i>	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	10	0	0	0	0	+	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
<i>Atriplex patula</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Sueda linearis</i>	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	0	0	0	0	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
<i>Baccharis halimifolia</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
<i>Iva frutescens</i>	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	50	0	0	0	0	+	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	35	70	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
<i>Phragmites australis</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
<i>Panicum amarum</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	55	0	0	0	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
<i>Solidago semipervirens</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
<i>Sagina procumbens</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
% dead vegetation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
% open/mud/water	5	0	0	0	30	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	5	0	30	15	90	0	5	0	20	10	30	10	5	10	0	5	20	20	5	0	0	10	5	0	5				
% vegetative ground cover	95	100	100	100	70	90	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	90	95	100	70	85	10	100	95	100	80	90	70	90	95	90	100	95	100	90	95	100	95	100	95	100	95						

Reference Site	Transect 8			Transect 9				Transect 10			
	Quadrat	1	2	3	1	2	3	4	1	2	3
<i>Spartina alterniflora</i>	0	100	90	0	10	100	60	60	85	80	
<i>Spartina patens</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
<i>Distichlis spicata</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
<i>Salicornia europaea</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
<i>Atriplex patula</i>	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	
<i>Sueda linearis</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
<i>Baccharis halimifolia</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
<i>Iva frutescens</i>	70	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
<i>Phragmites australis</i>	10	0	0	0	50	65	0	0	0	0	
<i>Panicum amarum</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
<i>Solidago semipervirens</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
<i>Sagina procumbens</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
<i>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
% dead vegetation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
% open/mud/water	20	0	10	35	25	0	40	40	15	20	
% vegetative ground cover	80	100	90	65	75	100	60	60	85	80	

+ = present, but covers less than 1 percent of quadrat

## 2007 Bar Beach *Spartina alterniflora* height (in centimeters) (September 20<sup>th</sup>, 2007)

Restoration Site																																						
Quad	Transect 1					Transect 2					Transect 3					Transect 4					Transect 5					Transect 6							Transect 7					
	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1	2	3	4	5			
	9	109	160	92		74	94	175	24		109	160	186	27		109	69	12	111		15	174	150	43		130	97	88	156	35	186	183	178	158	169	107	114	23
	92	104	194	91		72	99	143	25		133	157	165	42		113	105	165	56		95	96	54	32		129	138	102	89	41	156	148	193	151	177	118	134	72
	95	92	145	127		75	81	129	21		110	157	185	24		114	51	151	22		110	124	102	19		81	114	17	137	29	181	144	124	154	191	139	104	197
	100	99	176	125		80	102	104	59		104	108	170	18		72	54	168	11		89	127	29	107		99	127	116	170	109	28	168	144	171	161	79	96	173
	146	87	170	142		71	100	112	32		91	126	172	36		39	46	120	32		94	121	73	211		119	156	124	89	116	129	149	120	149	153	89	97	118
	155	85	175	157		127	99	177	27		126	132	126	29		14	10	127	24		117	107	74	68		67	139	129	70	128	221	223	98	174	175	70	102	140
	143	96	180	16		62	101	173	86		74	126	116	130		100	96	141	24		92	152	57	144		83	130	89	118	77	212	52	176	177	210	97	129	90
	81	176	25			98	181	156			105	174	108	151		61	101	169	40		106	76	72	47		120	132	104	73	55	213	43	123	180	181	32	123	106
	68	162	15			113	146	113			81	176	195	144		88	59	142	13		112	103	159	20		73	105	88	72	111	180	129	127	152	145	28	154	186
	76	159	134			89	175	178			82	126	160	167		78	121	150	70		104	113	96	141		95	120	87	107	104	202	137	169	190	191	127	126	118
	89	152	143			79	131	140			150	172	183	140		17	82	167	26		119	112	99	27		103	112	98	142	128	166	109	39	192	182	92	83	151
	88	177	137			80	154	170			116	187	33	148		108	87	154	24		103	168	145	42		59	116	85	86	104	209	184	54	190	189	114	79	168
	86	159	135			93	130	210			117	172	138	137		119	98	126	13		144	86	112	89		80	98	133	28	95	155	179	130	195	214	146	151	200
	103	199	195			91	117	158			127	164	205	70		95	124	147	23		110	90	70	164		104	141	97	60	97	179	61	173	194	132	105	95	186
	99	154	162			95	183	172			124	152	230	154		120	104	169	31		95	116	130	79		106	61	91	126	79	195	59	163	14	38	83	97	71
	92	155	140			73	180	141			106	163	174	161		36	127	146			105	139	53	115		110	35	130	135	63	82	155	172	12	126	33	75	102
	72	135	152			98	147	143			92	142	178	56		111	117	149			139	92	66	118		88	58	45	161	126	10	156	158	186	200	108	103	135
	96	90	168			89	149	106			104	137	207	121		84	55	136			75	119	69	173		71	66	64	160	112	186	104	49	42	81	145	142	163
	82	132	174			89	177	52			126	15	166	161		106	102	15			47	147	82	160		71	85	140	102	118	169	148	207	32	149	119	100	176
	87	153	121			111	176	173			66	9	193	149		110	87	56			8	167	123	9		114	94	140	104	127	207	12	153	180	182	68	144	26

Reference Site									
Transect 8			Transect 9			Transect 10			
1	2	3	1	2	3	4	1	2	3
193	99		40	143	103	30	18	125	
133	34		33	130	146	9	87	73	
169	101		25	169	74	12	96	118	
181	87		50	158	138	42	90	74	
159	92		32	110	98	56	172	94	
161	89		29	131	118	16	175	87	
176	106		8	134	80	21	87	166	
20	142		9	19	80	51	76	41	
26	130		25	16	119	91	115	47	
183	122		57	8	123	131	86	33	
177	133		66	13	41	101	66	56	
170	174		61	6	90	85	94	116	
149	164		58	29	26	119	191	97	
165	165		51	151	35	70	119	43	
145	176		43	164	111	102	115	165	
172	17		45	109	82	53	131	73	
176	57		21	111	154	42	156	69	
135	39		51	80	142	27	155	67	
133	18		58	140	171	45	203	81	
167	112		40	155	139	43	194	95	

Measurements in bold font represent flowering plants

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**APPENDIX C**  
**SITE PHOTOGRAPHS**

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**Restoration site-view of Transect 1 from upland end.**



**Restoration site-view of Transect 2 from upland end.**



**Restoration site-view of Transect 3 from upland end.**



**Restoration site-view of Transect 4 from upland end.**



**Restoration site-view of Transect 5 from upland end.**



**Restoration site-view of Transect 6 from upland end.**



**Restoration site-view of Transect 7 from west end.**



**Reference site-view of Transect 8.**



**Reference site-view of Transect 9.**



**Reference site-view of Transect 10.**



**High marsh zone near Transect 5.**



**Coastal zone vegetation at the restoration site.**



**Glasswort *Salicornia europaea* along Transect 2.**



**Bare patch between the boat ramp and Transect 1.**



Bare area on the outer peninsula.



Salt-burned *Phragmites* on Transect 5.



*Mugwort* *Artemisia vulgaris* near the gazebo.



*Phragmites* stand by the boat ramp, recently mowed.



**Patch of Japanese knotweed along the edge of the mowed lawn.**



**Queen Anne's Lace and mugwort along the edge of the mowed lawn.**

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**APPENDIX D**  
**AVIAN FIELD DATA**

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## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring	May 8 2007
Time of Monitoring	Began: 8:30 am Concluded: 9 am
Tide (please circle one)	High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding
	Predicted low and high tides:
	Time of tidal measurements:
	Nearest tidal station:
Weather (temperature, wind, precipitation)	clear
Monitor(s) (name, affiliation)	A.W. Cafarelli North Shore Audubon Society
Type of Monitoring (please circle one)	Pre-Construction  As-built (4-5 weeks)
	Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 / <u>3</u> / 4 / 5
Parameters Measured (please circle all that apply)	Vegetation  Sediment  Benthic Invertebrates  <u>Birds</u>  Other (please describe):
Photo Monitoring Conducted? (please indicate station codes)	Yes / No
Video Monitoring Conducted? (please provide brief description)	Yes / No

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

Answers: central area  
1 cormorant fishing  
2 swans floating

## **MONITORING INFORMATION**

Date of Monitoring May 15, 2007

**Time of Monitoring:** Began: 9:15 am / Concluded: 9:45 am

**Tide**  **High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding**  **Low tide**  
**(please circle one)**

Predicted low and high tides:

### Time of tidal measurements:

**Nearest tidal station:**

## **Weather** (temperature, wind, precipitation)      clear

**Monitor(s)**  
(name, affiliation) *A. W. Cafarelli, North Shore Audubon Society*

**Type of Monitoring**  
(please circle one)  Pre-Construction  
 As-built (4-5 weeks)

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5

**Parameters Measured**      **Vegetation**

## Sediment

## Benthic Invertebrates

## Birds

Other (please describe):

**Photo Monitoring Conducted?** Yes / No \_\_\_\_\_  
(please indicate station codes)

**Video Monitoring Conducted?** Yes / No  
(please provide brief description)

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

卷之三

## central area

*none*

## negotiation

apple blossoms

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring May 21 2007

Time of Monitoring      Began: 8:45 am  
                            Concluded: 9:15 am

Tide  
(please circle one)      High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding High tide

Predicted low and high tides:

Time of tidal measurements:

Nearest tidal station:

Weather  
(temperature, wind, precipitation) clear

Monitor(s)  
(name, affiliation) A.W. Cafarelli North Shore Audubon Society

Type of Monitoring  
(please circle one)      Pre-Construction

As-built (4-5 weeks)

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 3 / 4 / 5

Parameters Measured  
(please circle all that apply)      Vegetation

Sediment

Benthic Invertebrates

Birds

Other (please describe):

Photo Monitoring Conducted?      Yes / No  
(please indicate station codes) /

Video Monitoring Conducted?      Yes / No  
(please provide brief description) /

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

Autres: central area 3 barn swallow fly over  
crew on fence

5 herring gull  
8 great white egret }  
1 snowy egret } SING: due to fish from  
3 great blue heron }

L.S.N.C.  
3 ma  
vegetation

N.B. plenty of fish to support birds but habitat disruption limits nesting activity

near: yellow wood, n. bldm? } N.B. belt of trees along margin West & north olive in bloom } is extremely important for shelter, pecan, and food

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring	May 22, 2007
Time of Monitoring	Began: 10 am Concluded: 10:30 am
Tide (please circle one)	High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / <b>Flooding</b>
Predicted low and high tides:	
Time of tidal measurements:	
Nearest tidal station:	
Weather (temperature, wind, precipitation)	clear
Monitor(s) (name, affiliation)	A. W. Cafarelli - North Shore Audubon Society
Type of Monitoring (please circle one)	Pre-Construction As-built (4-5 weeks) <b>Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 (3) 4 / 5</b>
Parameters Measured (please circle all that apply)	Vegetation Sediment Benthic Invertebrates Birds
Other (please describe):	
Photo Monitoring Conducted? (please indicate station codes)	Yes / No
Video Monitoring Conducted? (please provide brief description)	Yes / No

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

Area: central area

area

- 1 herring gull
- 1 barn swallow
- 1 starling

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring	May 25, 2007
Time of Monitoring	Began: 10:00 am Concluded: 10:30 am
Tide (please circle one)	High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yg tide
	Predicted low and high tides:
	Time of tidal measurements:
	Nearest tidal station:
Weather (temperature, wind, precipitation)	clear
Monitor(s) (name, affiliation)	A.W. Cafarelli North Shore Audubon Society
Type of Monitoring (please circle one)	Pre-Construction <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> As-built (4-5 weeks)
	Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 4 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5
Parameters Measured (please circle all that apply)	Vegetation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sediment <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Benthic Invertebrates <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Birds
	Other (please describe):
Photo Monitoring Conducted? (please indicate station codes)	Yes / No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Video Monitoring Conducted? (please provide brief description)	Yes / No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

Area: central area:

Common  
herring gull flies over and drops shell on pavement to break it open to eat it.

Vegetation: yellow wood in bloom  
black cherry in bloom  
clintonia in bloom

Vegetation: <sup>black cherry in bloom</sup> <sup>clover in bloom</sup> N.B. planting of more trees along northern margin will improve habitat for birds and also for butterflies. Eg: Tulip tree (*Liriodendron*) & black cherry (*Prunus serotina*) host the yellow swallowtail; sassafras hosts the spicebush swallowtail; dogwood (*Cornus florida*) hosts the spring azure.

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring	May 30, 2007
Time of Monitoring	Began: 5:20 Concluded: 5:45
Tide (please circle one)	High Tide / Ebbing / <u>Low Tide</u> / Flooding
	Predicted low and high tides:
	Time of tidal measurements:
	Nearest tidal station:
Weather (temperature, wind, precipitation)	53° clear
Monitor(s) (name, affiliation)	A. W. Cafarelli North Shore Audubon Society
Type of Monitoring (please circle one)	Pre-Construction  As-built (4-5 weeks)  Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 <u>3</u> 4 / 5
Parameters Measured (please circle all that apply)	Vegetation  Sediment  Benthic Invertebrates  <u>Birds</u>  Other (please describe):
Photo Monitoring Conducted? (please indicate station codes)	Yes / No  photos of 7 public toilets set on low grass in restored area
Video Monitoring Conducted? (please provide brief description)	Yes / No

## MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION

central area

a terny gull flying

vegetation:

silver blossoms

Vegetation  
clover blossoms  
N.B. The margin of the restored area is being adversely +  
unnecessarily used as a place to store items that can easily  
be placed elsewhere on the acres of pavement instead of disrupting  
the restored habitat with human activity (place crow-stools near the boat houses;  
public toilets do not need to be stored on the lawns under the perching trees)

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring

June 4, 2007

Time of Monitoring

Began: 8:30 am

Concluded: 7:00 am

Tide

High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding

Y3 tide

(please circle one)

Predicted low and high tides:

Time of tidal measurements:

Nearest tidal station:

Weather

(temperature, wind, precipitation)

clear

Monitor(s)

(name, affiliation)

A. W. Cafarelli Natr Shrs Austran Society

Type of Monitoring

Pre-Construction

(please circle one)

As-built (4-5 weeks)

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5

Parameters Measured

(please circle all that apply)

Vegetation

Sediment

Benthic Invertebrates

Birds

Other (please describe):

Photo Monitoring Conducted?

Yes / No

(please indicate station codes)

Video Monitoring Conducted?

Yes / No

(please provide brief description)

## MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION

Notes: Central Area  
1 mallard

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring

June 7, 2007

Time of Monitoring

Began: 5:30 pm

Concluded: 6:00 pm

Tide

High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding

(please circle one)

Predicted low and high tides:

Time of tidal measurements:

Nearest tidal station:

Weather

clear

(temperature, wind, precipitation)

Monitor(s)

(name, affiliation)

A.W. Cafarelli North Shore Audubon Society

Type of Monitoring

Pre-Construction

(please circle one)

As-built (4-5 weeks)

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5

Parameters Measured

(please circle all that apply)

Vegetation

Sediment

Benthic Invertebrates

Birds

Other (please describe):

Photo Monitoring Conducted?

Yes / No

(please indicate station codes)

Video Monitoring Conducted?

Yes / No

(please provide brief description)

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

Answers: central area:  
black back gull on pilings

## MONITORING INFORMATION

**Date of Monitoring**

June 8, 2007

**Time of Monitoring**

Began: 6:15 pm

Concluded: 6:45 pm

**Tide**

(please circle one)

High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding

Predicted low and high tides:

Time of tidal measurements:

Nearest tidal station:

**Weather**

(temperature, wind, precipitation)

74° clear

**Monitor(s)**

(name, affiliation)

A.W. Cafarella North Shore Audubon Society

**Type of Monitoring**

(please circle one)

Pre-Construction

As-built (4-5 weeks)

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2  3  4  5

**Parameters Measured**

(please circle all that apply)

Vegetation

Sediment

Benthic Invertebrates

Birds

Other (please describe):

**Photo Monitoring Conducted?**

(please indicate station codes)

Yes / No

**Video Monitoring Conducted?**

(please provide brief description)

Yes / No

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

Nurs: central crew,  
none

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring	June 12, 2007
Time of Monitoring	Began: <u>9:00 am</u> Concluded: <u>9:30 am</u>
Tide (please circle one)	High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding <u>2/3 full</u>
	Predicted low and high tides:
	Time of tidal measurements:
	Nearest tidal station:
Weather (temperature, wind, precipitation)	<u>70° clear</u>
Monitor(s) (name, affiliation)	A.W. Cafarella North Shore Audubon Society
Type of Monitoring (please circle one)	Pre-Construction As-built (4-5 weeks) Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5
Parameters Measured (please circle all that apply)	Vegetation Sediment Benthic Invertebrates <u>Birds</u> Other (please describe):
Photo Monitoring Conducted? (please indicate station codes)	Yes / No <u>/</u>
Video Monitoring Conducted? (please provide brief description)	Yes / No <u>/</u>

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

Ans: central area  
none

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring

June 12, 2007

Time of Monitoring

Began: 5:45 pm

Concluded: 6:15 pm

Tide

High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding

(please circle one)

3/4 Full

Predicted low and high tides:

Time of tidal measurements:

Nearest tidal station:

Weather

unexpected

(temperature, wind, precipitation)

drenching downpour during observation

Monitor(s)

(name, affiliation)

Type of Monitoring

Pre-Construction

(please circle one)

As-built (4-5 weeks)

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 (3) / 4 / 5

Parameters Measured

Vegetation

(please circle all that apply)

Sediment

Benthic Invertebrates

Birds

Other (please describe):

Photo Monitoring Conducted?

Yes / No

(please indicate station codes)

Video Monitoring Conducted?

Yes / No

(please provide brief description)

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

Aims: control area  
near

near  
1600-1700, older, retch

Vegetation: cliver, retch  
N.B. The restored area has become a very good place to watch birds, as they have become comfortable with the restored site. Pulling up some of the asphalt and widening the belt of trees on the north side of lagoon would enormously improve the habitat. This would be a good opportunity to add a few benches under trees. I sometimes bring elderly and disabled birdwatchers who always remark what a good place this would be to sit and watch birds. Here we have a good opportunity to serve this population group and the environment compatibly.

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring	June 15, 2007
Time of Monitoring	Began: 9:30 am Concluded: 10:00 am
Tide (please circle one)	High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / <b>Flooding</b> $\frac{1}{2}$ tide
	Predicted low and high tides:
	Time of tidal measurements:
	Nearest tidal station:
Weather (temperature, wind, precipitation)	clear although high tide debris in parking lot (new moon)
Monitor(s) (name, affiliation)	A. W. Cafarelli Nant Shop Audubon Society
Type of Monitoring (please circle one)	Pre-Construction As-built (4-5 weeks) Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 <input checked="" type="radio"/> 3 / 4 / 5
Parameters Measured (please circle all that apply)	Vegetation Sediment Benthic Invertebrates Birds
	Other (please describe):
Photo Monitoring Conducted? (please indicate station codes)	Yes / No
Video Monitoring Conducted? (please provide brief description)	Yes / No

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

Notes: central areas none

### Vegetation:

The belt is attractive to birds and can be enhanced by planting native trees: e.g. tulip tree (*Liriodendron*), Tupelo/black gum (*Nyssa sylvatica*), as well as the existing early succession trees (which are first colonizers in disturbed soil, but short-lived) e.g. red cedar (*Juniperus virginiana*) and black cherry (*Prunus serotina*). Not all trees have to be native to this exact region - the yellowwood (*Cladostrobus*) is well-used as are the apple trees (*Malus/Europeana*) <sup>western</sup> side of the forest.

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring

June 22, 2007

Time of Monitoring

Began: 12:15 p.m.

Concluded: 12:45 p.m.

Tide  
(please circle one)

High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding

Predicted low and high tides:

Time of tidal measurements:

Nearest tidal station:

Weather  
(temperature, wind, precipitation)

68° clear

Monitor(s)  
(name, affiliation)

A.W. Cufarelli      Neutr Shep Audubon Society

Type of Monitoring  
(please circle one)

Pre-Construction

As-built (4-5 weeks)

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5

Parameters Measured  
(please circle all that apply)

Vegetation

construction disturbance!  
at site

Sediment

Benthic Invertebrates

Birds

Other (please describe):

Photo Monitoring Conducted?  
(please indicate station codes)

Yes / No

Video Monitoring Conducted?  
(please provide brief description)

Yes / No

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

Answer: central area

2 sterlings

2 Starlings  
some snowy egret flew over from above site

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring

June 30, 2007

Time of Monitoring

Began: 6:30 pm

Concluded: 7:45 pm

Tide  
(please circle one)

High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding

Predicted low and high tides:

Time of tidal measurements:

Nearest tidal station:

Weather

(temperature, wind, precipitation)

78° clear full moon

Monitor(s)  
(name, affiliation)

A.W. Cafarelli North Shore Acuter Society

Type of Monitoring  
(please circle one)

Pre-Construction

As-built (4-5 weeks)

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 (3) 1 4 1 5

Parameters Measured  
(please circle all that apply)

Vegetation

construction disturbances at site have disrupted use of lagoon by birds

Sediment

Benthic Invertebrates

Birds

Other (please describe):

Photo Monitoring Conducted? Yes / No  
(please indicate station codes)

Video Monitoring Conducted? Yes / No  
(please provide brief description)

## MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION

Name: central area  
nbsp;

vegetation: reedbed  
N.B. The issue of invasive shrubbery is ambiguous; while reedbed is often viewed as invasive, it is a vector plant for butterflies, and not invasive here. Similarly, olives (*Olea europaea*) have been planted to arrest shoreline erosion and attract birds in Jamaica Bay Wildlife Refuge and elsewhere, and while not invasive here, is no longer planted. However, The Japanese Knotweed here MUST be removed immediately.

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring

July 5, 2007

Time of Monitoring

Began: 6:15 pm

Concluded: 6:45 pm

Tide  
(please circle one)

High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding

Predicted low and high tides:

Time of tidal measurements:

Nearest tidal station:

Weather  
(temperature, wind, precipitation)

Clear 80°

Monitor(s)  
(name, affiliation)

Mr. Cafarelli North Shore Audubon Society

Type of Monitoring  
(please circle one)

Pre-Construction

As-built (4-5 weeks)

during new excavation  
and site renovation

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5

Parameters Measured  
(please circle all that apply)

Vegetation

Sediment

Benthic Invertebrates

Birds

Other (please describe):

Photo Monitoring Conducted? Yes / No  
(please indicate station codes)

Video Monitoring Conducted? Yes / No  
(please provide brief description)

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

7/5/07

**Notes:** Central Area: None  
N.B. No diamondback terrapin ashore in June although anecdotal accounts report some swimming in the bay & shells on beaches several miles north of site  
- - - Protection against IS undermining will likely visitation.

N.B.: Construction project is undermining walls. No finds of excavated debris atop soil.

Heaping huge mounds of excavated dirt, it suffocates, is unnecessary with acres of asphalt available. No attention seems to have been paid to root zones of trees. No attention seems to have been paid to the issue of soil compaction caused by construction vehicles. On one stretch covered by plywood sheeting

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring

July 12, 2007

Time of Monitoring

Began: 7:30pm

Concluded: 8 pm

Tide  
(please circle one)

High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding

Predicted low and high tides:

incoming tide  
almost full

Time of tidal measurements:

Nearest tidal station:

Weather

(temperature, wind, precipitation)

Clear 81°

Monitor(s)

(name, affiliation)

A. W. Cafarelli, Nantucket Audubon Society

Type of Monitoring

(please circle one)

Pre-Construction

during new excavation  
and site renovation

As-built (4-5 weeks)

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5

Parameters Measured

(please circle all that apply)

Vegetation

Sediment

Benthic Invertebrates

Birds

Other (please describe):

Photo Monitoring Conducted?

Yes / No

(please indicate station codes)

Video Monitoring Conducted?

Yes / No

(please provide brief description)

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

7/12/07

**Notes:** control area: none

Vegetation: Queen Anne's Lace/Black Eyed Susan/Red Clover/White Clover/  
Red cedar Berries

Misc: Rabbit eating clover next to cedar (mowed tall grass area)  
Fireflies abundant

Misc: Rabbit eating clover next to cedar (mowed low grass area)  
Fireflies abundant  
Nearby: One osprey on piling rear prominent eating very large fish (? blues)  
The cedar is next to 2 chicks visible in nest.

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring

7/16/2007

Time of Monitoring

Began: 6:00pm

Concluded: 6:30 pm

Tide  
(please circle one)

High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding

tide almost  
completely  
low

Predicted low and high tides:

Time of tidal measurements:

Nearest tidal station:

Weather

(temperature, wind, precipitation)

Clear 83°

Monitor(s)

(name, affiliation)

A.W. Cafarelli North Shore Audubon Society

Type of Monitoring  
(please circle one)

Pre-Construction

during new excavation  
and site renovation,

As-built (4-5 weeks)

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5

Parameters Measured

(please circle all that apply)

Vegetation

Sediment

Benthic Invertebrates

Birds

Other (please describe):

Photo Monitoring Conducted?

Yes / No

(please indicate station codes)

Video Monitoring Conducted?

Yes / No

(please provide brief description)

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

7/16/07

**Notes:** Central Area: 3 great white egrets on shoreline  
**Vegetation:** Queen Anne's Lace / Black Eye Susan / Red Clover / White Clover /  
Phragmites / Apple blossoms forming on tree / Vetch / St. John's Wort / Fleabane  
**Misc:** Monarch Butterflies on Queen Anne's Lace

**Nearby:** east west sandbars (near prairie) very visible  
2 swan with 2 cygnets, 3 great blue heron, 2 great white egret  
osprey (at one point) west of restoration has 2 adults and 2 young

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring	July 26, 2007	
Time of Monitoring	Began: 6:15 pm	Concluded: 6:45 pm
Tide (please circle one)	High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding	
	Predicted low and high tides:	
	Time of tidal measurements:	
	Nearest tidal station:	
Weather (temperature, wind, precipitation)	clear 82°	
Monitor(s) (name, affiliation)	A.W. Cafarelli, North Shore Audubon Society	
Type of Monitoring (please circle one)	Pre-Construction As-built (4-5 weeks) <i>during new excavation and silo renovation</i> Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 / 3 <b>1</b> 4 / 5	
Parameters Measured (please circle all that apply)	Vegetation Sediment Benthic Invertebrates Birds	
	Other (please describe):	
Photo Monitoring Conducted? (please indicate station codes)	Yes / No	
Video Monitoring Conducted? (please provide brief description)	Yes / No	

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

7/26/07

**Notes:** Central Area: Juvenile herring gull drinking from puddled water on asphalt black back gull on perching near

Muchy's opposite side of lagoon.

Wenby, opposite side of bay. 2 swans and cygnets / great white egret / 1 black back gull circling  
Eastern shore of Bay; Peregrine on eye

N.B.: Since construction began at west margin of lagoon, birds have avoided the disturbed area. The highway has become extremely visible and car lights and noise adversely impact the site. Increasing numbers and more frequenting the freshwater inlet (e.g. night heron), but this trend is probably offset by increased attraction.

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring	July 30, 2007
Time of Monitoring	Began: 6:40 pm Concluded: 7:10
Tide (please circle one)	High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding
	Predicted low and high tides:  Time of tidal measurements:
	Nearest tidal station:
Weather (temperature, wind, precipitation)	Clear 83°
Monitor(s) (name, affiliation)	A.W. Cafarelli North Shore Audubon Society
Type of Monitoring (please circle one)	Pre-Construction As-built (4-5 weeks) during new excavation and site renovation Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 (3) / 4 / 5
Parameters Measured (please circle all that apply)	Vegetation Sediment Benthic Invertebrates Birds
	Other (please describe):
Photo Monitoring Conducted? (please indicate option codes)	Yes / No
Video Monitoring Conducted? (please provide brief description)	Yes / No

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

7/30/07

Notes: Control Area: 3 herring gull flyover

Misc: Rabbit feeding on (few grass) 4 display on pilings near pygmy tern nest; one eating huge fish, two return to nest.

Nearby: 4 osprey on pilings near promontory nest; one carrying fish  
2 osprey getting still in nest on pilings directly west of site.  
On east-west sandbar near promontory: 4 little heron/swan/snowy egret  
On opposite shore of lagoon/racoon with 4 young proceeding eastward  
1/16 great white egrets, 2 swans + 3 cygnets

N.B.: There are 5 display nests in the region of the site (one on promontory pilings, one on 3 osprey nests are visible from the observation site (one on promontory pilings, one on pilings directly west of site, one on blue sail boat across bay); plus two osprey nests located north of running line, platform site along roadway was abandoned after several weeks.

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring	August 5, 2007
Time of Monitoring	Began: 6:40 pm Concluded: 7:20
Tide (please circle one)	High Tide / Ebbing / <u>Low Tide</u> / Flooding  Tide very low much last quarter
Predicted low and high tides:	
Time of tidal measurements:	
Nearest tidal station:	
Weather (temperature, wind, precipitation)	Clear 82°
Monitor(s) (name, affiliation)	A. W. Cafarelli Nat'n Soc'y Audubon Society
Type of Monitoring (please circle one)	Pre-Construction  As-built (4-5 weeks) during new excavation and silo renovation
Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2	3 / 4 / 5
Parameters Measured (please circle all that apply)	Vegetation Sediment Benthic Invertebrates Birds
Other (please describe):	
Photo Monitoring Conducted? (please indicate station codes)	Yes / No
Video Monitoring Conducted? (please provide brief description)	Yes / No

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

8/5/07

Wings: Central Area: none

Vegetation: Older Annex Lot / Bluth Eggersen / Goldenrod / Grasses in Bloom

Necky:

east-west anchor near prominent 5 blue heron / 5 great white egrets

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring

August 18, 2004

Time of Monitoring

Began: 7:30 pm

Concluded: 8:00

Tide  
(please circle one)

High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding

Predicted low and high tides:

Time of tidal measurements:

Nearest tidal station:

Weather

(temperature, wind, precipitation)

Clear 83°

Monitor(s)

(name, affiliation)

A.W. Cafarelli, North Shore Audubon Society

Type of Monitoring  
(please circle one)

Pre-Construction

As-built (4-5 weeks)

during new excavation  
and site renovation

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5

Parameters Measured

(please circle all that apply)

Vegetation

Sediment

Benthic Invertebrates

Birds

Other (please describe):

Photo Monitoring Conducted?  
(please indicate station codes)

Yes / No

Video Monitoring Conducted?  
(please provide brief description)

Yes / No

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

8/13/07

**Answers:** Central Area : 2 barn swallows fly overs north → south  
2 herring gull fly overs south → north

Misc: Many minnows (? silversides) jumping out of water

Nearby: 2 osprey on pilings by pramenant's; 3 osprey on 3 pilings ~~east~~ of site  
east-west scrubbar rear pramenant's; 8 blue heron

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring	August 14, 2003	
Time of Monitoring	Began: 6:00 pm	Concluded: 6:30 pm
Tide (please circle one)	High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding	
	Predicted low and high tides:	
	Time of tidal measurements:	
	Nearest tidal station:	
Weather (temperature, wind, precipitation)	81°	
Monitor(s) (name, affiliation)	A.W. Cafarelli North Shore Audubon Society	
Type of Monitoring (please circle one)	Pre-Construction	during new excavation and site renovation
	As-built (4-5 weeks)	
	Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5	
Parameters Measured (please circle all that apply)	Vegetation	
	Sediment	
	Benthic Invertebrates	
	Birds	
	Other (please describe):	
Photo Monitoring Conducted? (please indicate station codes)	Yes / No	
Video Monitoring Conducted? (please provide brief description)	Yes / No	

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

8/14/07

**Notes:** Central area: 2 cormorants floating  
1 black backed gull flocks from piling to water

Murphy: east-west smolder rear prominent: osprey / 15 great white egrets / 5 great blue heron  
3 osprey on pilings rear prominent nest / 4 great white egrets opposite side of laguna  
2 osprey on pilings plus two young in nest on pilings directly east of site.  
Ducks pilings as they provide

N.B. It is important to leave all the old dock pilings as they provide roosting and nesting sites, as well as fishing platforms for ospreys, kingfishers, herons and egrets.

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring

August 21, 2007

Time of Monitoring

Began: 10:30 am

Concluded: 11:30 am

Tide  
(please circle one)

High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding

Predicted low and high tides:

Time of tidal measurements:

Nearest tidal station:

Weather  
(temperature, wind, precipitation)

all day rain

Monitor(s)  
(name, affiliation)

A.W. Cafarella North Shore Audubon Society

Type of Monitoring  
(please circle one)

Pre-Construction

during river excavation  
and site renovation

As-built (4-5 weeks)

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 (3) 4 / 5

Parameters Measured  
(please circle all that apply)

Vegetation

Sediment

Benthic Invertebrates

Birds

Other (please describe):

N.B.  
site visit by federal and state  
biologists; consult their reports.

Photo Monitoring Conducted? Yes / No  
(please indicate station codes)

Video Monitoring Conducted? Yes / No  
(please provide brief description)

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

8/21/07

**Notes:** Control: Observed large numbers of eastern crabs in seining nets  
Also silversides and winter flounder in seining nets

Nearby: 2 persons huddled on paverplant stacks out of frame  
below eye level.

N.B. Invasive plants (phragmites and Japanese knotweed) and invasive animals (Asian crabs devouring extirminating native crabs) (raccoons devouring bird nests and young turtles) are interfering with the habitat. It would be desirable to start a box turtle restoration program here and in the Sand Pit area. Box turtles

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring	August 25, 2007
Time of Monitoring	Began: <u>7:30 pm</u> Concluded: <u>8:00</u>
Tide (please circle one)	High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding
	Predicted low and high tides:
	Time of tidal measurements:
	Nearest tidal station:
Weather (temperature, wind, precipitation)	<u>82° clear very hot + humid</u>
Monitor(s) (name, affiliation)	<u>A.W. Coffey, Nah Shoo Audubon Society</u>
Type of Monitoring (please circle one)	Pre-Construction  As-built (4-5 weeks) <span style="float: right;">during new excavation and site renovation</span>
	Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5
Parameters Measured (please circle all that apply)	Vegetation  Sediment  Benthic Invertebrates  Birds  Other (please describe):
Photo Monitoring Conducted? (please indicate station codes)	Yes / No
Video Monitoring Conducted? (please provide brief description)	Yes / No

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

6 | 25 | 87

Control: none

Control: none  
Vegetation: Ironweed / Fleabane / Evening primrose / goldenrod / vetch / grasses blooming / apples dropping / red cedar berry / Celastrus / eleagnus (olive) berry / Queen Anne's lace / black-eyed susan

N.B. Car headlights from the road are now extremely visible shining into the site; highway house is also very noticeable. Both are adversely affecting wildlife intrusively. Buffer plants destroyed during the excavation and site restoration will no longer be available.

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring

August 26, 2007

Time of Monitoring

Began: 6:30

Concluded: 7:00

Tide  
(please circle one)

High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding

$\frac{1}{2}$  tide

Predicted low and high tides:

Time of tidal measurements:

Nearest tidal station:

Weather

(temperature, wind, precipitation)

A.W. Cafarella North Shore Audubon Society

Monitor(s)

(name, affiliation)

81° very hot and humid

Type of Monitoring  
(please circle one)

Pre-Construction

during new excavation  
and site renovation

As-built (4-5 weeks)

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2  3 / 4 / 5

Parameters Measured

(please circle all that apply)

Vegetation

Sediment

Benthic Invertebrates

Birds

Other (please describe):

Photo Monitoring Conducted?  
(please indicate station codes)

Yes / No

photo of lasurk  
and opposite side of bay where  
peregrine roost

Video Monitoring Conducted?  
(please provide brief description)

Yes / No

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

8/26/07

**Notes:** Central: damselfly  
1 great white egret fishing  
5 herring gull flyovers north → south

N-Br rabbit on low grass near yellow wood  
osprey in trees on prairie opposite side of laguch

## MONITORING INFORMATION

**Date of Monitoring**

September 7, 2007

**Time of Monitoring**

Began: 6pm

Concluded: 6:30pm

**Tide**

(please circle one)

High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding

Predicted low and high tides:

Time of tidal measurements:

Nearest tidal station:

**Weather**

(temperature, wind, precipitation)

clear 82°

**Monitor(s)**

(name, affiliation)

A.W. Cufarelli North Shore Audubon Society

**Type of Monitoring**

(please circle one)

Pre-Construction

As-built (4-5 weeks)

during row excavation  
and silo renovations

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 (3) / 4 / 5

**Parameters Measured**

(please circle all that apply)

Vegetation

Sediment

Benthic Invertebrates

Birds

Other (please describe):

**Photo Monitoring Conducted?**

(please indicate station codes)

Yes / No

**Video Monitoring Conducted?**

(please provide brief description)

Yes / No

#### **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

9/7/07

Name: Central Area Note

Name: Chris Neatby: Peregrine falcon on eyrie

Nearby: Peregrine falcon on eyrie  
Vegetation: Goldenrod in bloom / Black-eyed susan formed seedpods

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring	September 19, 2007
Time of Monitoring	Began: 4:30pm Concluded: 5:00
Tide (please circle one)	High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding
	Predicted low and high tides:
	Time of tidal measurements:
	Nearest tidal station: (only first quarter at moon)
Weather (temperature, wind, precipitation)	75° clear
Monitor(s) (name, affiliation)	A.W. Cafarelli North Shore Audubon Society
Type of Monitoring (please circle one)	Pre-Construction  As-built (4-5 weeks) during new excavation and Silo renovation  Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5
Parameters Measured (please circle all that apply)	Vegetation  Sediment  Benthic Invertebrates  Birds  Other (please describe):
Photo Monitoring Conducted? (please indicate station codes)	Yes / No
Video Monitoring Conducted? (please provide brief description)	Yes / No

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

9/19/07

Address: Central area: ncn e.

Central area: none.  
Needy: common and black-backed gull on empty pappy nest directly opposite to site  
2 peregrines on eyrie

Vegetation: Goldenrod/Fleabane/Green Anne's Lace/Astens/Taraxacum/Nettles in bloom

Fruit on olive (*Olea europaea*)

Seed pods on Black-eyed Susan/Green Anise Leaf

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring	September 24, 2007
Time of Monitoring	Began: <u>6:10 pm</u> Concluded: <u>6:40</u>
Tide (please circle one)	High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding
	Predicted low and high tides:
	Time of tidal measurements:
	Nearest tidal station:
Weather (temperature, wind, precipitation)	<u>72° clear</u>
Monitor(s) (name, affiliation)	A. W. Cafarelli North Shore Audubon Society
Type of Monitoring (please circle one)	Pre-Construction  As-built (4-5 weeks) during soil excavation and site renovation  Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 / <u>3</u> / 4 / 5
Parameters Measured (please circle all that apply)	Vegetation  Sediment  Benthic Invertebrates  Birds  Other (please describe):
Photo Monitoring Conducted? (please indicate station codes)	Yes / No
Video Monitoring Conducted? (please provide brief description)	Yes / No

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

9/24/07

Central Area: 2 commercent fly over 3 → n

Notes: Neatly! peregrine on egril

Newly: peregrine on egris.  
N.B. Japanese knotweed located behind boathouse as well as along side shore  
grasses. This invasive will overtake and shade the restoration if  
not eradicated. This invader was popularized by the landscape architect Frederick  
Law Olmsted when he designed Central Park. By now it has choked waterways  
throughout the Metropolitan region, spread by seeds and underground  
runners. The plant is most visible now when the white seed pods  
are prominent. See the attached article for the necessary persistence  
in digging up the rhizomes. It can take ten years of removal effort  
to prevent re-rooting.

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring

October 1, 2007

Time of Monitoring

Began: 8:40 a.m.

Concluded: 9:10

Tide

High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding

(please circle one)

Predicted low and high tides:

Time of tidal measurements:

Nearest tidal station:

Weather

(temperature, wind, precipitation)

65° clear

Monitor(s)

(name, affiliation)

A.W. Cafarelli North Shore Audubon Society

Type of Monitoring

Pre-Construction

(please circle one)

As-built (4-5 weeks)

during new excavation  
and site restoration

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2  3 / 4 / 5

Parameter Measured

Vegetation

(please circle all that apply)

Sediment

Benthic Invertebrates

Birds

Other (please describe):

Photo Monitoring Conducted?

Yes / No

(please indicate station codes)

Video Monitoring Conducted?

Yes / No

(please provide brief description)

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

10/1/07

Notes: Control Area = 5 herring gulls fly over  
2 herring gulls on asphalt

Nearby: Peregrine on front tower across from egrae

NB = 2 monarch butterflies e-w over tall grasses at side  
bumblebees active in goldenrod at side

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring

October 6, 2007

Time of Monitoring

Began: 4:40pm  
Concluded: 5:10

Tide

High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding

(please circle one)

Predicted low and high tides:

Time of tidal measurements:

Nearest tidal station:

Weather

(temperature, wind, precipitation) 85° clear unseasonably hot weather this week.

Monitor(s)

(name, affiliation)

A. W. Calarelli North Shore Audubon Society

Type of Monitoring

Pre-Construction

(please circle one)

As-built (4-5 weeks) during new excavation  
and site renovation

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 1 / 3 1 / 4 1 / 5

Parameters Measured

Vegetation

(please circle all that apply)

Sediment

Benthic Invertebrates

Birds

Other (please describe):

Photo Monitoring Conducted?

Yes / No

(please indicate station codes)

Video Monitoring Conducted?

Yes / No

(please provide brief description)

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

18/6/07

Pearby: peregrine flies north to cynx.

Vegetation: aster seeds open and dispersing in large quantities  
goldenrod - some in bloom, some in seed  
vetch most in seed, some in bloom

N.B.: Current fall migration season at the site is a reminder of the importance of the site's multi-tier foraging habitats. In addition to the exposed tidal mudflat, freshwater inlet, and shallow diving in the lagoon to attract water birds, there are four separate vegetative layers attracting different species: low grass (mown edge), high grass and seed flowers (including aster and goldenrod), shrubs and low trees (including bayberry, olive, and redcedar) & high trees (including crabapple and black cherry).

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring	October 9, 2002		
Time of Monitoring	Began: <u>7:40 am</u>	Concluded: <u>11:40 am</u>	
Tide (please circle one)	<u>High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding</u> Predicted low and high tides: <u>11:03 high tide</u> Time of tidal measurements: <u>extremely high tide</u> <u>upto and over asphalt</u> <u>7-8 days before new moon</u>		
	Nearest tidal station:		
Weather (temperature, wind, precipitation)	<u>73° very low cloud cover, stiff breeze as cold front approaches</u>		
Monitor(s) (name, affiliation)	<u>A.W. Cafarelli      Nantucket Audubon Society</u>		
Type of Monitoring (please circle one)	<u>Pre-Construction</u> <u>As-built (4-5 weeks)      during new excavation and site renovation</u> <u>Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 (3) / 4 / 5</u>		
Parameters Measured (please circle all that apply)	<u>Vegetation</u> <u>Sediment</u> <u>Benthic Invertebrates</u> <u>Birds</u> <u>Other (please describe):</u>  <u>See attached photos of storm surge</u>		
Photo Monitoring Conducted? (please indicate station codes)	<u>Yes / No</u> <u>See attached photos of storm surge</u>		
Video Monitoring Conducted? (please provide brief description)	<u>Yes / No</u>		

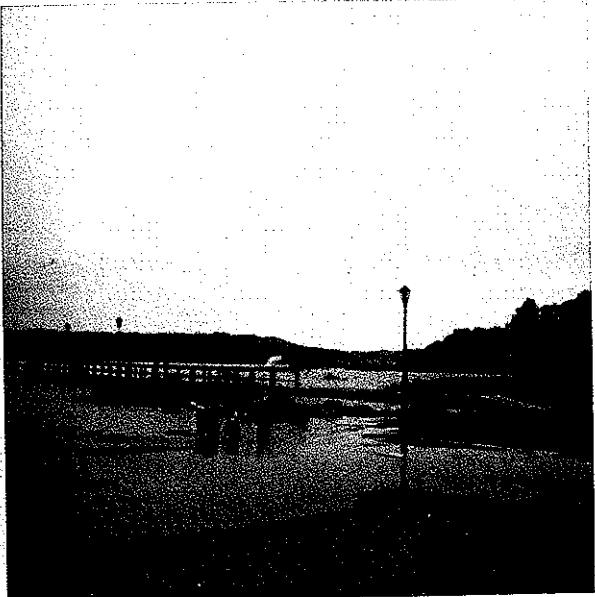
## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

10/9/07

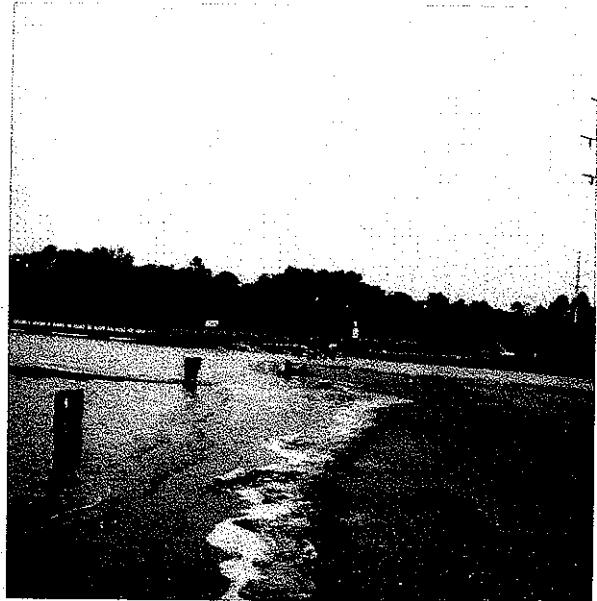
Notes: Control Area: 1. common tern flyover e→w (Ten over lagoon margin e→w).  
(following the vegetated zones is a popular  
fly-over route from across the harbor)

Nearby: 11 cormorants on pilings opposite pierhead next to vacated asphalt  
N.B. Tide was up to the asphalt at time of arrival. By 10:15 water  
was rising very rapidly over the asphalt, blocking access to the pier.  
Floating docks were above the level of the pavement. Storm surge extremely  
high even though it was not full or new moon. Since the two adjacent  
parks (Bar Beach/Hempstead Harbor) are being enjoined partly lots were redundant  
surge area should be restored to a natural shoreline. Storm surge extremely high from central area  
the natural shoreline at the Bar Beach restoration butters the flood zone. The  
storm surge was set from the wooden curb but never over to asphalt. See photos.

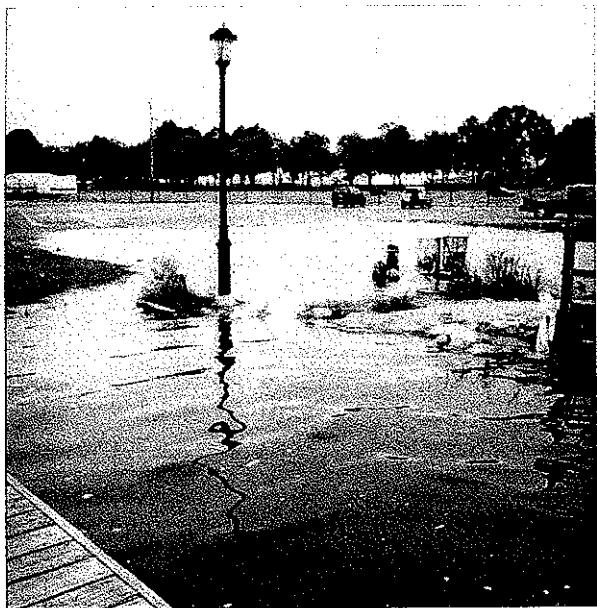
Photos of Storm Surge at Lagoon  
(Storm surge lagoon shown)



view of storm surge from pier at mouth of lagoon  
restored 5m grassy shoreline absorbing floodwaters (facing southeast)



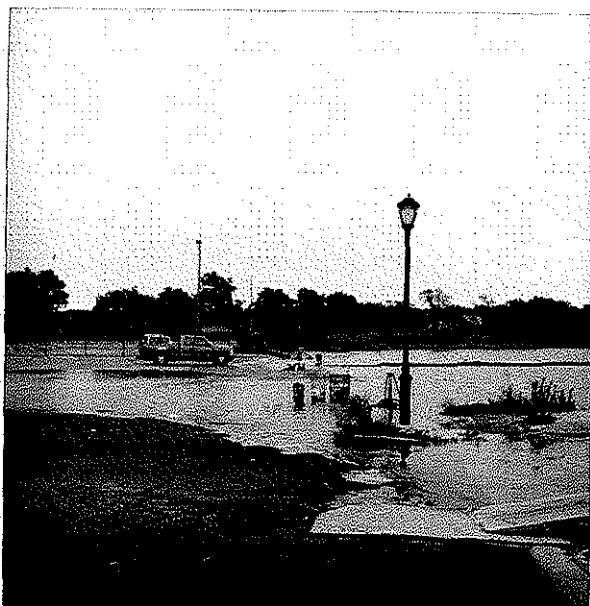
view of storm surge flooding along asphalt  
north of pier, showing restored east/west grassy  
shoreline along lagoon south of pier with  
no flooding. Wooden perchng posts (later removed)  
(facing southwest)



view of storm surge from pier at mouth of  
lagoon showing flooding (white truck for reference)  
(facing northwest)

view of storm surge from pier at mouth of  
lagoon showing restored grassy shoreline (natural  
foraging habitat) absorbing the storm surge. Even  
though stormwaters are within 6 feet of asphalt, the  
asphalt (near boat ramp) is completely dry (facing west)

Photos at Storm Surge at High Tide 10/9/07 10:00-11:30am  
(showing flooding over asphalt at base of central zone)



View of central area from mouth of lagoon  
showing storm surge flooding north and south  
of blue truck (facing north, from mouth of lagoon)

View of extent of storm surge westward into  
parking lot at base of central area at maximum  
flooding (facing south west, flood zone north of blue truck)



View of beginning of storm surge onto asphalt  
at base of central area (facing northwest  
from pier at mouth of lagoon)

View of storm surge as tide recedes at base  
of central area, showing preserve in background  
with flood waters indicating possible new perimeter  
for expanded restoration of grassy shoreline  
along surge zone to absorb floodwaters and  
provide natural foraging habitat instead of asphalt  
or concrete bulkheads (facing southeast)

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring

October 13, 2007

Time of Monitoring

Began: 5:15 pm

Concluded: 5:45 pm

Tide

High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding

(please circle one)

Predicted low and high tides:

Time of tidal measurements:

Nearest tidal station:

Weather

(temperature, wind, precipitation)

62° breezy

Monitor(s)

(name, affiliation)

A.W. Cafarella      North Shore Audubon Society

Type of Monitoring

Pre-Construction

(please circle one)

As-built (4-5 weeks)

during new excavation  
and site renovation

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 (3) / 4 / 5

Parameters Measured

Vegetation

(please circle all that apply)

Sediment

Benthic Invertebrates

Birds

Other (please describe):

Photo Monitoring Conducted?

Yes / No

(please indicate station codes)

Video Monitoring Conducted?

Yes / No

(please provide brief description)

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

10/13/07

Times: Control Area: Herring gull flyover e $\rightarrow$ w (then over lagoon margin in e $\rightarrow$ w)

I swam in water

2 herring gulls on shore

Nearby : Peregrine on eyrie

N.B.: Men with extremely large dog parks SUV on property releases dog to run free on nature trail. Signage stating "Nature Preserve prohibits dogs should be posted by gazebo facing parking lot. Signage prohibiting dogs on leashes should be posted near boat ramp area."

requiring pets on leashes. S. Sanborn, 1991, p. 11  
discouraged use of low grass foraging habitat as a dog waste area.  
Placing viewing benches facing logan would help convey the idea of a park.

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring	October 15, 2007	
Time of Monitoring	Began: <u>10:30 AM</u>	Concluded: <u>11:30</u>
Tide (please circle one)	High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding	
	Predicted low and high tides:	about <u>1/2</u> tide
	Time of tidal measurements:	
	Nearest tidal station:	
Weather (temperature, wind, precipitation)	<u>59° few cloud cover but clearing</u>	
Monitor(s) (name, affiliation)	<u>A.W. Cafarelli North Shore Audubon Society</u>	
Type of Monitoring (please circle one)	Pre-Construction	<u>during raw excavation and site renovation</u>
	As-built (4-5 weeks)	
	Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 / <u>3</u> / 4 / 5	
Parameters Measured (please circle all that apply)	<u>Vegetation</u> <u>Sediment</u> <u>Benthic Invertebrates</u> <u>Birds</u>	
	Other (please describe):	
Photo Monitoring Conducted? (please indicate station codes)	Yes / No	
Video Monitoring Conducted? (please provide brief description)	Yes / No	

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

10/15/07

N.B. grey squirrel foraging on ground under trees along tall grasses

Notes: Control Area: None

Central Area: Wet  
Nearby: on pilings opposite site { great blue heron  
near sacred osprey nest } great black-backed gull  
cormorant

Vegetation: visible seeds: asters/goldenrod/black eyed susan/Queen Anne's Lace

N.B. There are birds making use of this area during migration season. Expanding the belt of trees and removing asphalt from the storm surge area to expand the natural foraging shoreline will increase migratory and resident bird use. Anecdotal evidence from fishermen report abundant peanut bunkers (eaten by birds) but few blue fish, very small red snappers only, and striped bass almost absent; blue crabs under floating docks. Users are oddly vocal concern over removal of pilings and piers, and Kumar that they will be replaced by a concrete seawall (averse to fishermen, kayakers and nature users) so asphalt surge zone can continue to be rented to car dealers.

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring

October 24, 2007

Time of Monitoring

Began: 9:00 am

Concluded: 9:40

Tide

(please circle one)

High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding

Predicted low and high tides:

Very high tide  
(2 days before full moon)  
water up to asphalt.

Time of tidal measurements:

Nearest tidal station:

Weather

(temperature, wind, precipitation) 60° light rain / cold front caused a 10° drop in air temperature since 8 a.m., extremely windy all day yesterday as front approached

Monitor(s)

(name, affiliation)

A.W. Cafarelli Nantucket Audubon Society

Type of Monitoring

(please circle one)

Pre-Construction

As-built (4-5 weeks)

during re-in excavation  
and site renovation

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5

Parameters Measured

(please circle all that apply)

Vegetation

Sediment

Benthic Invertebrates

Birds

Other (please describe):

Photo Monitoring Conducted?

(please indicate station codes)

Yes / No

Video Monitoring Conducted?

(please provide brief description)

Yes / No

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

18/24/07

Notes: Central area: 38 herring gulls resting near storm surge area  
on asphalt

Nearby: peregrine on central tower across from eyrie

2 great blue heron ♂♂ on pilings where vacated osprey nest  
1 blackcrowned night heron } is located on promontory. Severe sc

N.B = the site restoration of the summer remains incomplete. Severe soil compaction and residual gravel remain where construction materials were piled near the boathouse atop low grasses. This could have been a good migrating sparrow foraging area. Light pollution from stoplight, "Walk/Don't Walk" sign and vehicular lights remains uncorrected. It will need to restore vegetative screen destroyed by construction vehicles during this summer's site restoration work.

## MONITORING INFORMATION

**Date of Monitoring** October 26, 2007

**Time of Monitoring** Began: 8:30 pm  
Concluded: 4:30

**Tide** High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding

(please circle one)

Predicted low and high tides:

Time of tidal measurements:

full moon

Nearest tidal station:

**Weather**

(temperature, wind, precipitation) 57° breezy from northeast; complete cloud cover and misty but intermittent rain led to runoff to bay after the previous storm this afternoon and before the next predicted storm this p.m.

**Monitor(s)**

(name, affiliation)

A.W. Cafarelli No.

**Type of Monitoring**

(please circle one)

Pre-Construction

As-built (4-5 weeks)

during low exception  
and sub periods

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 / **3** / 4 / 5

**Parameters Measured**

(please circle all that apply)

Vegetation

Sediment

Benthic Invertebrates

Birds

Other (please describe):

**Photo Monitoring Conducted?** Yes / No

(please indicate station codes)

**Video Monitoring Conducted?** Yes / No

(please provide brief description)

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

10/26/07

**Notes:** Common gleaning birds available in tall grass,  
**Needy:** Sparrows and other birds available in tall grass,  
peregrine eating prey on scaffolding between the towers (below eyrie)

peregrine eating prey on scavenging  
11 cormorants on pilings opposite site (vacated esp prey)

largest black back gull on Alking

1 great black back gull on pilings

6 great blue heron on east sandbar off promontory

N.B. Birds tend to congregate here during storm to forage during migration. This is a very favorable indication that planned and volunteer plant material are providing an attractive habitat. There is plenty of food (fish, seed, berries) to support birdlife, but the habitat disruption limits nesting. More seclusion (wider belt of trees, less asphalt and car activity) would encourage nesting.

## MONITORING INFORMATION

<b>Date of Monitoring</b>	<u>November 1, 2007</u>
<b>Time of Monitoring</b>	Began: <u>10:00 am</u> Concluded: <u>10:30</u>
<b>Tide (please circle one)</b>	High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / <u>Flooding</u>
	Predicted low and high tides:
	Time of tidal measurements:
	Nearest tidal station:
<b>Weather (temperature, wind, precipitation)</b>	<u>low cloud cover</u> <u>63° light breeze from northeast (Favorable to late migration activity)</u>
<b>Monitor(s) (name, affiliation)</b>	<u>A.W. Cafarelli North Shore Audubon Society</u>
<b>Type of Monitoring (please circle one)</b>	Pre-Construction As-built (4-5 weeks) <u>During new excavation and site restoration</u> Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 <u>3 / 4 / 5</u>
<b>Parameters Measured (please circle all that apply)</b>	Vegetation Sediment Benthic Invertebrates Birds Other (please describe):
<b>Photo Monitoring Conducted? (please indicate station codes)</b>	Yes / No <u>/</u>
<b>Video Monitoring Conducted? (please provide brief description)</b>	Yes / No <u>/</u>

## MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION

11/67

Notes: control area | common diving  
| great blue heron standing in shallow water  
| ring-bill gull standing on shore

Nearby: peregrine flies n-rs from scat-holding below egr.e to join peregrine south end of power plant  
N.B.: late migrants making impressive use of shorelines restored natural foraging habitat. Bayberries are a good attractant for warblers. Addition of other kinds of early (serviceberries, cherries) mid (dogwood, spirea bush, hawthorn, etc.) and late (bayberry, crabapple, viburnum) fruiting trees and shrubs will help attract nesting and possibly overwintering species to the area. This has been a mast year for acorns, so possibly oaks will sprout nearby (pollinating insects attract birds, and acorn-eating rodents attract hawks and owls).

## MONITORING INFORMATION

**Date of Monitoring**

November 10, 2007

**Time of Monitoring**

Began: 1:40 pm

Concluded: 2:00

**Tide**

High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding

(please circle one)

Predicted low and high tides:

Time of tidal measurements:

Nearest tidal station:

**Weather**

(temperature, wind, precipitation)

57° light wind from SE

**Monitor(s)**

(name, affiliation)

A. W. Casaretti North Shore Audubon Society

**Type of Monitoring**

(please circle one)

Pre-Construction

As-built (4-5 weeks)

during row excavation  
and site restoration

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5

**Parameters Measured**

(please circle all that apply)

Vegetation

Sediment

Benthic Invertebrates

Birds

Other (please describe):

**Photo Monitoring Conducted?**

(please indicate station codes)

Yes / No

**Video Monitoring Conducted?**

(please provide brief description)

Yes / No

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

11/10/07

**Notes:** Central Area great blue heron flies over restoration site w/ ~~the~~  
along shoreline lands in shallow water adjacent  
floating pier near central area and preen.

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring

November 16, 2007

Time of Monitoring

Began: 4:30 pm

Concluded: 4:50

Tide

High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding

(please circle one)

Predicted low and high tides:

Time of tidal measurements:

Nearest tidal station:

Weather

(temperature, wind, precipitation)

43° very gusty winds sunset

Monitor(s)

(name, affiliation)

A.W. Cafarelli North Shore Audubon Society

Type of Monitoring

Pre-Construction

(please circle one)

As-built (4-5 weeks)

during now excavation  
and site restoration

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 3 / 4 / 5

Parameters Measured

Vegetation

(please circle all that apply)

Sediment

Benthic Invertebrates

Birds

Other (please describe):

Photo Monitoring Conducted?

Yes / No

(please indicate station codes)

Video Monitoring Conducted?

Yes / No

(please provide brief description)

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

11/16/07

Notes: Control Area 2 starlings fly over to flock 1 star below

Nearly thousands of starlings on lawn at entrance to parking lot  
peregrine on scaffolding below eyrie

## MONITORING INFORMATION

**Date of Monitoring**

November 26, 2007

**Time of Monitoring**

Began: 2:15 pm  
Concluded: 2:45

**Tide**  
(please circle one)

High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding

Predicted low and high tides:

Time of tidal measurements:

Nearest tidal station:

**Weather**

(temperature, wind, precipitation)

47° foggy (rain overnight, unusually foggy for midday)

**Monitor(s)**

(name, affiliation)

A.W. Cafarelli North Shore Audubon Society

**Type of Monitoring**

(please circle one)

Pre-Construction

As-built (4-5 weeks) during row excavation  
and site restoration

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 1 3 4 5

**Parameters Measured**

(please circle all that apply)

Vegetation

Sediment

Benthic Invertebrates

Birds

Other (please describe):

**Photo Monitoring Conducted?**

(please indicate station codes)

Yes / No

see attached

**Video Monitoring Conducted?**

(please provide brief description)

Yes / No

## MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION

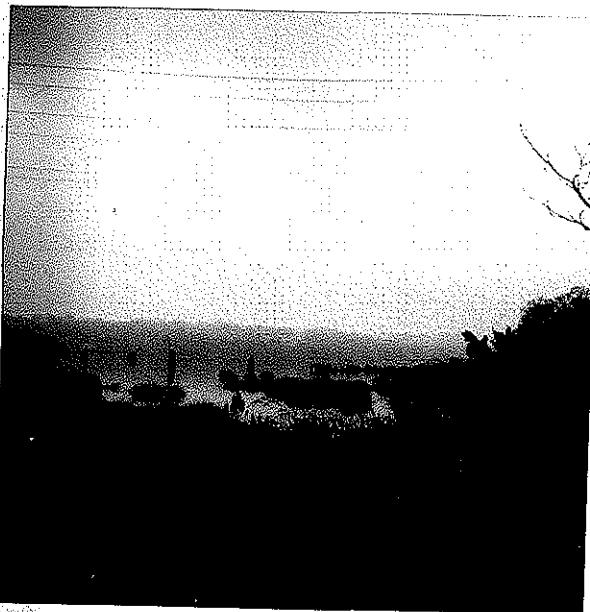
11/26/07

Notes: Central area: the 3 common terns circle area

Newby: 2 song sparrows { eating bittersweet berries at entrance to parking lot  
4 morning doves {  
small flock (approximately a half dozen) juncos take flight startled  
by car at entrance to parking lot.

Vegetation = crabapples are ripe, excellent flavor, although still unpeeled by birds.  
first hard frost two days ago resulted in most of autumn leaves  
finally falling (about two-three weeks later).

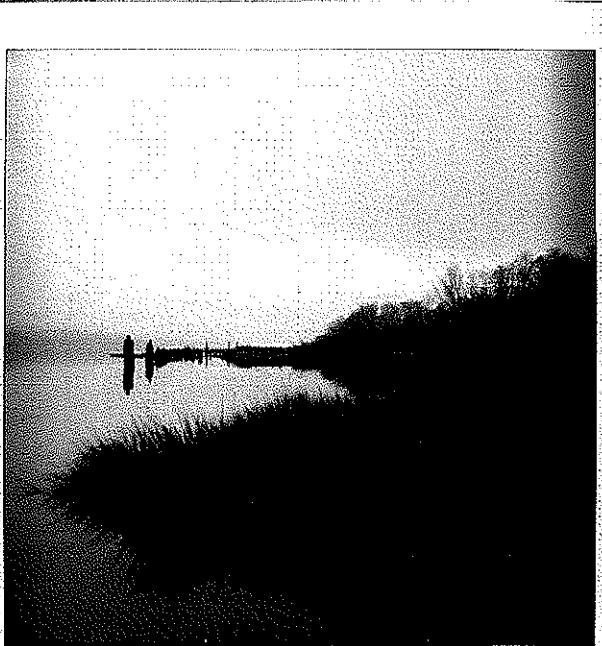
Photos of lagoon in fog following migration season 11/26/07 2:30 pm  
(showing habitat included restored shoreline grasses, resting and perching pilings,  
natural foraging areas, and narrow belt of trees inadequately screening road)



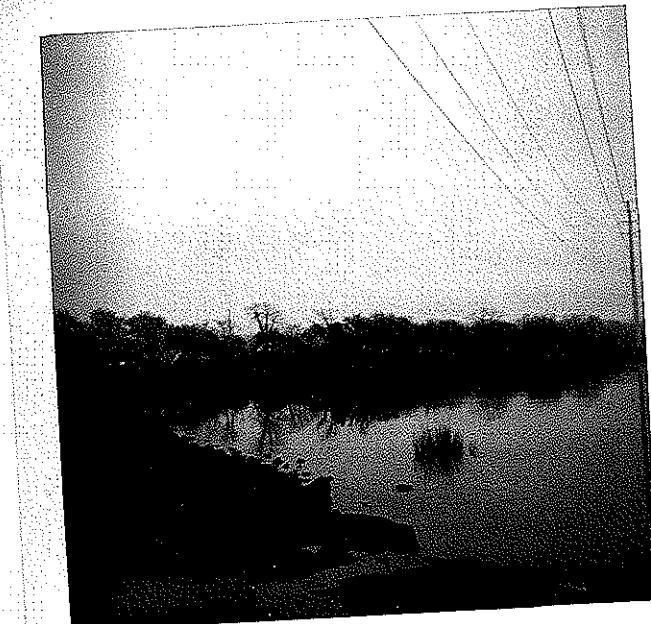
View from base of lagoon showing pilings used for resting and perching. Osprey nests located on second piling from left and at the extreme right of the closely spaced reef pilings leading to preserve promontory. Kingfisher's fishing perches located on center front piling in middle of lagoon and on piling with metal dowels just to left outside photo. Freshwater Inlet is at base of lagoon beyond photo to right (Facing east)



View from pier at mouth of lagoon showing restored gravelly shoreline at right. Roadway and stoplight visible in background behind narrow belt of trees. Planting of American holly, native pines, and red cedar along road would provide more noise and light buffer. Freshwater inlet is at base of lagoon to right of electrical pole (facing west)



View from mouth of lagoon showing line of pilings leading to promontory at preserve and restored grassy shoreline (facing south)



View of central area, unrestored shoreline and crumbling asphalt due to storm surge flooding (facing north)

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring	December 5 2007
Time of Monitoring	Began: <u>12:15</u> Concluded: <u>12:30</u>
Tide (please circle one)	High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding  Predicted low and high tides:  Time of tidal measurements:  Nearest tidal station:
Weather (temperature, wind, precipitation)	<u>35° low clouds (2 days after first snow)</u>
Monitor(s) (name, affiliation)	<u>A.W. Cafarelli - North Shore Audubon Society</u>
Type of Monitoring (please circle one)	Pre-Construction  As-built (4-5 weeks) <u>during new excavation and site restoration</u>  Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 <u>3</u> / 4 / 5
Parameters Measured (please circle all that apply)	Vegetation  Sediment  Benthic Invertebrates  <u>Birds</u>  Other (please describe):
Photo Monitoring Conducted? (please indicate station codes)	Yes / No
Video Monitoring Conducted? (please provide brief description)	Yes / No

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

12/1/07

Names: control area 21 Canada Green

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring	December 17, 2007
Time of Monitoring	Began: <u>8:45 am</u> Concluded: <u>10:15 am</u>
Tide (please circle one)	High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding
Predicted low and high tides:	very low tide (dry afternoon moon)
Time of tidal measurements:	north-south sandbar across from lagoon, perpendicular to central area very exposed
Nearest tidal station:	
Weather (temperature, wind, precipitation)	30° clear, very strong gusts from west (20 to 40 mph) Following severe ice storm overnight
Monitor(s) (name, affiliation)	A. W. Cafarelli - North Shore Audubon Society
Type of Monitoring (please circle one)	Pre-Construction As-built (4-5 weeks)      during new excavation and sole restoration *
Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 / <u>3</u> 4 / 5	
Parameters Measured (please circle all that apply)	Vegetation Sediment Benthic Invertebrates Birds Other (please describe):
Photo Monitoring Conducted? (please indicate station codes)	Yes / No
Video Monitoring Conducted? (please provide brief description)	Yes / No

\* NB: crane offshore east of pier seems to indicate additional dredging project

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

12/17/07

N.B.: One set of deer tracks in snow moving  $\rightarrow$  W (one set of deer track seen in new sand pits last summer)

Control area: 4 mallards { swimming along shore toward lagoon where  
2 ringbill gulls { other birds are sheltering

N.B. Bird activity in this area today provided insight into how this habitat is being used by birds. Despite expectation of seeing no activity, instead the presence of many birds using the site for its value as a windbreak as the high gusts blew over the high westward ridge(s and pits left from recessional moraine). Were there more visible shelter from the road (very exposed during winter) and were the floodlights surrounding the boathouse extinguished at night, the site might attract some of the more unusual ducks. Plantings of red cedar along the road would be a big help.

## MONITORING INFORMATION

**Date of Monitoring**

December 24 2007

**Time of Monitoring**

Began: 8:30

Concluded: 8:50

**Tide**

(please circle one)

High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding

Predicted low and high tides:

Time of tidal measurements:

Nearest tidal station:

**Weather**

(temperature, wind, precipitation) 40° last night gusty (40 mph winds), cold front caused temperature drop from yesterday's 58° weather

**Monitor(s)**

(name, affiliation)

A.W. Catarella, North Shore Audubon Society

**Type of Monitoring**

(please circle one)

Pre-Construction

As-built (4-5 weeks)

during new excavation  
and site restoration

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5

**Parameters Measured**

(please circle all that apply)

Vegetation

Sediment

Benthic Invertebrates

Birds

Other (please describe):

**Photo Monitoring Conducted?**

(please indicate station codes)

Yes / No

**Video Monitoring Conducted?**

(please provide brief description)

Yes / No

\*N.B. crane off-shore east of plot seems to indicate additional dredging project

## **MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION**

12/24/07

N.B. squirrel eating red crabapples.

N.B.: squirrel eating red crabapples.  
Notes: seemed surprising not to see more birds foraging in crabapple as the flavor is exceptional and there have been enough very hard frosts to render crabapples otherwise palatable to robins, woodpeckers, cedar waxwings, and other birds. Possibly attributable to insufficient shelter from roadways during winter. Near lagoon roadway curves in too close; more scattered parts of preserve are sheltered by a wider belt of trees. Situation can be ameliorated by planting evergreens (such as American holly, native pines and red cedar).

Neotropical: Peregrine on egg &  
great black-backed gull on piling at mouth of lagoon  
empty.

## MONITORING INFORMATION

Date of Monitoring

December 31, 2007

Time of Monitoring

Began: 12:00 noon

Concluded: 12:20 pm

Tide

High Tide / Ebbing / Low Tide / Flooding

(please circle one)

Predicted low and high tides:

Time of tidal measurements:

Nearest tidal station:

Weather

(temperature, wind, precipitation) 46 ° clear sky, windy from west 20 mph gusts

Monitor(s)

(name, affiliation)

A.W. Cafarelli, North Shore Audubon Society

Type of Monitoring

Pre-Construction

(please circle one)

As-built (4-5 weeks)

during construction and site preparation

Annual Post-Construction: Year 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5

Parameters Measured

Vegetation

(please circle all that apply)

Sediment

Benthic Invertebrates

Birds

Other (please describe):

Photo Monitoring Conducted?

Yes / No

(please indicate station codes)

Video Monitoring Conducted?

Yes / No

(please provide brief description)

## MONITORING PARAMETERS: BIRD OBSERVATION

12/31/07

Notes: nearby: peregrine hunting from eyrie flushes flock of pigeons; catches none and returns to roost after flying south and then north of perch.

Central area: 4 pigeons flushed by peregrine fly.  $\rightarrow$  W across central area and land on asphalt.

N.B no crabapples, bayberries, or juniper berries left.

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**APPENDIX E**  
**NOAA PRE-RESTORATION MONITORING DATA**

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NOAA 2002 Pre-Restoration Monitoring Data

Species	Restoration Site																													Average (square meter)															
	Vegetative Cover (percent)																																												
	Transect 1					Transect 2					Transect 3					Transect 4					Transect 5					Transect 6					Transect 7														
Plants	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6											
<i>Spartina alterniflora</i>	0	0	1	90	90	40	0	0	0	35	18	0	0.5	0	85	20	0	0	0	0	0	60	0	0	65	45	55	40	0	0	0	85	80	3.5	25	0	0	80	60	35	0.5	22.5%			
<i>Phragmites australis</i>	37	7	0	0	0	0	45	0	1	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	15	20	30	20	25	5	37	0	5	100	0	0	0	100	100	70	0	0	0	0	15	15	0	0	0	0	14.5%
<i>Iva frutescens</i>	0	65	0	0	0	0	0	60	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40	10	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5.1%			
<i>Ditchleya spicata</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	60	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14.1%			
<i>Arenaria vulgaris</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%		
<i>Limonium sp.</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	45	0	47	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.2%		
<i>Toxicodendron radicans</i>	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7.7%		
<i>Salicornia europaea</i>	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%		
Total Plant Cover																																					46.6%								
Invertebrates	Macroinvertebrate density (Individuals per square meter)																																						(1/4 square meter)						
<i>Geukensia demissa</i>	0	0	0	200	600	1500	0	0	0	0	180	140	10	0	0	120	15	69	0	0	0	0	1	150	0	0	54	67	40	78	0	0	0	5	67	42	92	0	0	0	39	105	1	19.9	
<i>Uca pugnax</i> (burrow)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.1		
<i>Nessumus obsoletus</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	90	240	410	0	0	240	130	312	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	87	400	100	420	0	0	0	15	120	31	60	0	0	0	218	352	128	18.6		

NOTE: These transects are not the same as those used in the 5 year post-construction monitoring program.

Species	Reference Site													Average	
	Vegetative Cover (percent)														
	Reference 1														
Plants	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10	Q11	Q12	Q13	(square meter)	
<i>Spartina alterniflora</i>	86	25	85	32	55	85	100	100	50	100	50	45	12	67.5%	
Invertebrates	Macroinvertebrate density (individuals per square meter)													(1/4 square meter)	
<i>Geukensia demissa</i>	320	19	600	38	0	0	1400	1180	1310	1620	177	0	5	128.3	
<i>Nereis acutirostris</i>	0	30	0	0	1300	0	0	1000	1850	0	172	0	0	83.9	

The reference site is not the same as the reference site used in the 5 year post-construction monitoring program.

The reference site is not the same as the reference site used in the 5 year post-construction monitoring program.

**Heights in bold font are flowering plants.**