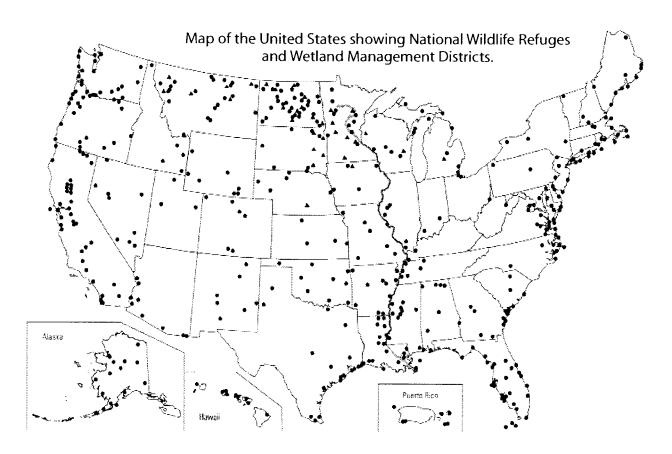
# National Wildlife Refuge Activity Guide



# Welcome to Your National Wildlife Refuge System



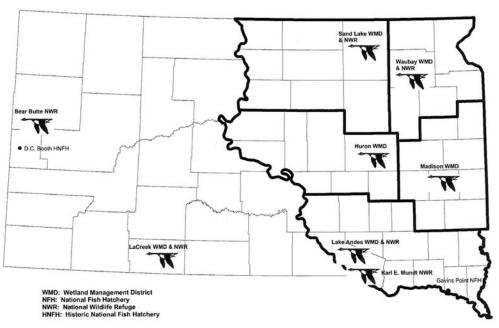
The National Wildlife Refuge System is America's only network of land that was created to protect and conserve wildlife and their habitats. Refuges also provide places for people to explore and enjoy.

With over 550 National Wildlife Refuges and one in every state, wildlife can find a safe home all across the country. The National Wildlife Refuge System protects over 93 million acres of habitat.

#### Where Am I??

- The first refuge was named Pelican Island and can be found off the coast of Florida.
- Find a refuge that has swamps and alligators.
- At which refuges would you find polar bears?
- At which refuge would ducks and geese spend the winter?
- How many refuges are there in the state you live in?
- Can you find which state has the most refuges?
- At which refuges would you find seals?
- Find a refuge that is in the desert.

## South Dakota's National Wildlife Refuges and Wetland Management Districts



## What is a Refuge and Wetland Management District?

- Wetland Management Districts have many parcels of land called Waterfowl Production Areas
- Waterfowl Production Areas have green and white signs and are open to many kinds of hunting and fishing
- Refuges have blue and white signs and are only open to some hunting and fishing
- Both offer great places to explore and see wildlife
- Both provide homes for migratory birds, mammals, reptiles and amphibians, insects and plants
- North Dakota has the most Refuges and Waterfowl Production Areas in the country
- The USFWS manages more acres of land than the National Park Service

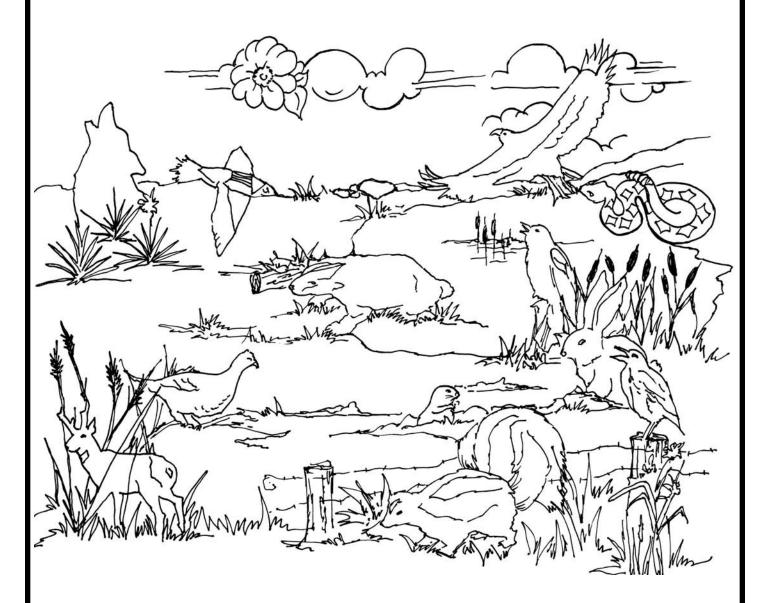


Honker, the Canada goose, is the mascot of the National Wildlife Refuge Sytem. Honker will be your guide through this activity booklet, and show you many exciting things to see and do at a National Wildlife Refuge.





### **Prairie Habitats**



#### Can You Find These Refuge Friends?...

Meadowlark Antelope

Badger Prairie rose

Prairie dog Blue grama grass

Rattlesnake Coyote

Golden eagle Sharp-tailed grouse

Jackrabbit Bobolink

Skunk

### **Wetland Habitats**

CANVASBACKJ MJKQW KWMI N S K G 7 D Α P T KA H C W E N S T W E E MAR D L 0 R C E T D R Y K 0 0 Α 0 LWSM F N R S K R T W A Α D X 0 G N R A S Н K A G F G J D 0 Υ Z P Ε Α N M 0 0 G 0 R F R D Α P O E S P N U V L 0 Т Α O R SWANN E Н Ε E L 0 0

#### **Wetland Words to Find**

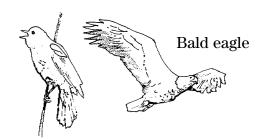
Canvasback Goose
Cattail Heron
Coot Leopard frog
Dragonfly Mallard
Egret Mink
Garter snake Muskrat

Pintail Pothole Salamander Smartweed Swan Wetland



## Sand Lake Wetland Management District and National Wildlife Refuge

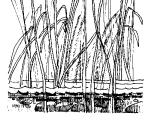
Help Match the Critters to Their Homes...



Red-winged blackbird



Sandy shores



Bottom of wetland



Shorebird



Floating nest





Grebe



Muskrat



Nest in cattails



Nest in cottonwood tree



Aquatic bugs



**Sand Lake WMD** protects more wildlife habitat than any other district in the Fish and Wildlife Service.

**Sand Lake NWR** wetlands provide habitat to hundreds of nesting and migrating birds.

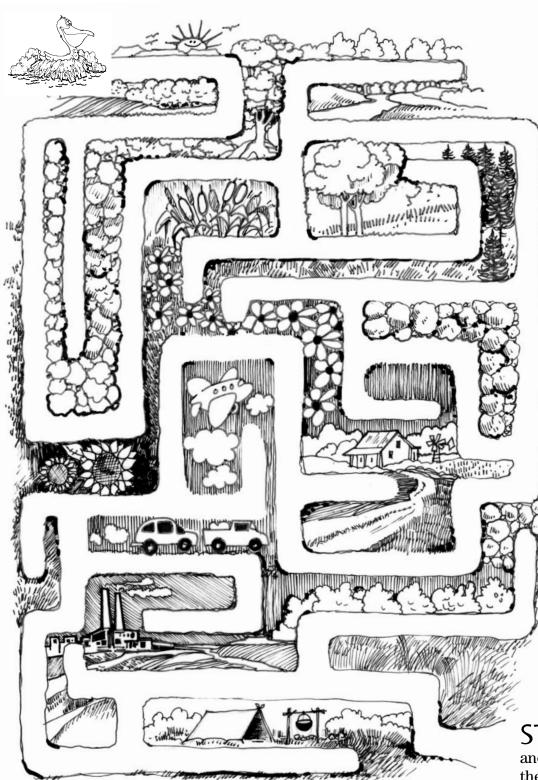


Surface of water



Grass along shore

LaCreek Wetland Management District and National Wildlife Refuge



Refuge Facts: LaCreek NWR reintroduced fifty-seven trumpeter swans to its refuge in the 1960's and today the flock numbers over 500.

LaCreek
NWR is the only South
Dakota
NWR with an active nesting
Pelican colony.

START HERE and find your way to the nesting pelican.

Waubay Wetland Management District & National Wildlife Refuge			
Match the bug to its name: Dragonfly Lady bug Monarch butterfly _ Spider Beetle Grasshopper Sphinx moth		5	7

#### **Refuge Facts:**

**Waubay WMD** is home to the Dakota Skipper. It is one of the many types of butterflies that can be found in native prairie at this WMD. "Waubay" comes from a Native American word that means "where wildfowl make their nests."

## **Huron Wetland Management District**

Native people have lived in South Dakota for hundreds of years. They lived off the plentiful wildlife and plants found here. The tools that they used long ago may be found today... we call them Artifacts. Stone axes, knives, arrowheads, pottery and bone needles may be discovered when exploring. Remember, do not remove any artifacts from a National Wildlife Refuge – they are part of history and must be left for others to discover and enjoy.

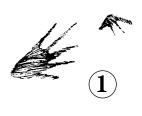


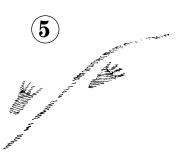
#### **Refuge Facts:**

**Huron WMD** was honored with a Native American blessing by an elder of the Yankton Sioux Tribe of our Maga Ta-Hohpi (Mah-hah-tah-hoppy) WPA. The name means "Duck's Nest" in the Lakota language.

**Huron WMD** is home to greater prairie-chickens on our Harter WPA. Each spring these grassland-dependent native grouse perform their extravagant courtship display.

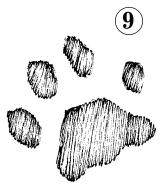
## **Madison Wetland Management District**



















## Can You Identify the "footprints"...

Muskrat \_\_\_\_\_ Shorebird \_\_\_\_ Goose \_\_\_ Grouse \_\_\_ Antelope \_\_\_ Mountain lion \_\_\_\_ Bison \_\_\_\_

Frog \_\_\_\_

Badger \_\_\_\_\_

#### **Refuge Facts:**

**Madison WMD** is located in the tall grass prairie, where grasses grow to six feet tall and red, yellow, white, and blue wildflowers color the landscape.

**Madison WMD** is home to Silver Lake WPA. This is the area that author Laura Ingalls Wilder grew up and also wrote about in her book titled "*By The Shores Of Silver Lake*."

## Lake Andes Wetland Management District and National Wildlife Refuge

## **BIRDWATCHING Bird Identification Tips**

Look at...

- 1. **Size** compare the bird to something common like smaller than cat, bigger than a deck of cards
- 2. **Shape** overall body shape or shape of beak, wings, tail
- 3. **Color** look for patches or overall coloration on the body
- 4. **Markings** look on the head, wings and tail for spots, stripes or other markings
- 5. **Habitat** is it in the water, on the shore, on the ground, in a tree





#### **Refuge Facts:**

**Lake Andes WMD** purchased the Karl Mundt Refuge exclusively for bald eagle and has had over 300 eagles during the winter months. **Lake Andes WMR** includes Brule County which has the highest Northern Pintail duck pairs/square mile in South Dakota.









## Match the names to the correct silhouette:

Pelican \_\_\_\_

Swan \_\_\_\_

Bald eagle \_\_\_\_

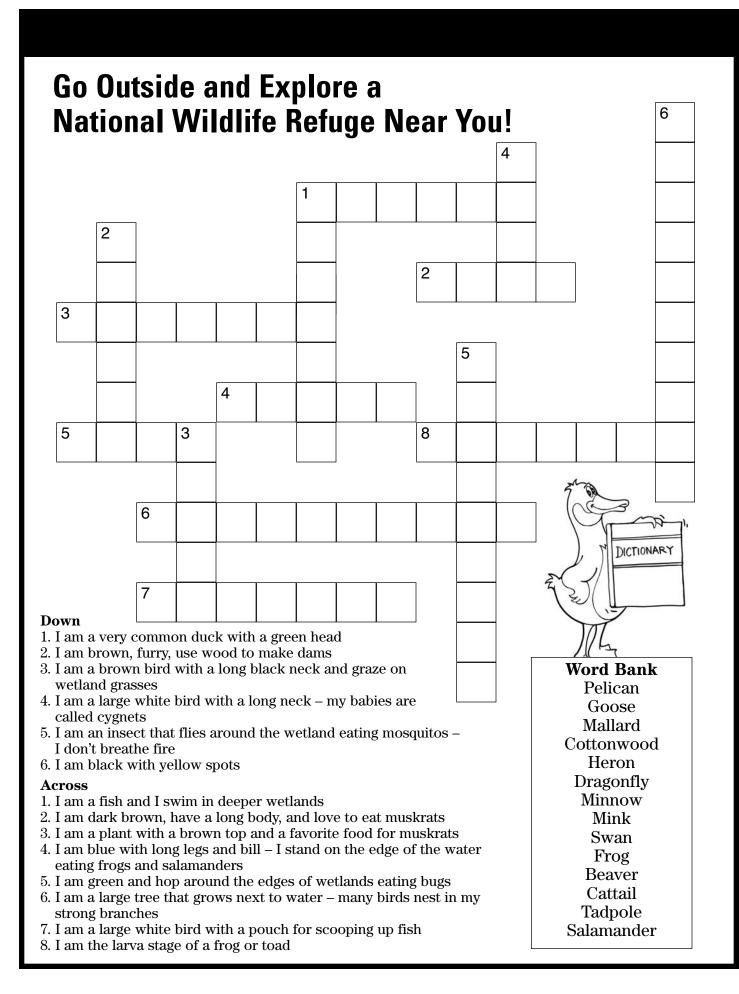
Woodpecker \_\_\_\_\_

Crane \_\_\_\_

Mallard duck \_\_\_\_\_



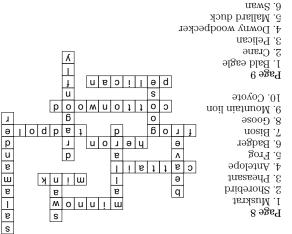












muskrak: hut frog: grass along shore aquatic bugs: surface of water Page 7 I. Grasshopper 3. Dragonfly 4. Spider 5. Monarch butterfly 6. Beetle 7. Lady bug

Page 5
Bald eagle: nest in cottonwood tree
Bald eagle: nest in cottonwood tree
Red-winged blackbird: nest in cattails
shorebird: sandy shores
grebe: floating nest
muskrat: fuut
freg: grass along shore
freg: grass along shore

Answer Key