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1	FEDERAL SUBSISTENCE BOARD MEETING
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4	WORK SESSION
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6	DIMOND CENTER HOTEL
7	CHESLOKNU CONFERENCE ROOM
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9 10	ANCHORAGE, ALASKA
11	July 26, 2022 9:00 a.m.
12	9.00 a.m.
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19	MEMBERS PRESENT:
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21	Rhonda Pitka, Acting Chair
22	Charles Brower, Public Member
23	Sara Boario/Jill Klein, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
24	Steve Cohn, Bureau of Land Management
25	Grant Hilderbrand, National Park Service
26 27	Gene Peltola/Glenn Chen, Bureau of Indian Affairs
28	David Schmid, U.S. Forest Service
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31	Ken Lord, Solicitor's Office
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0002	PROCEEDINGS
3	(Anchorage, Alaska - 7/26/2022)
5 6	(On record)
7 8 9	ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Good morning. I'd like to call this meeting to order today. I'm Rhonda Pitka, I guess I'm acting as chairperson today.
11 12	Sue, can you conduct roll call.
13 14 15 16	MS. DETWILER: Hi. This is Sue Detwiler, Assistant Regional Director for the Office of Subsistence Management. I'll start with roll call for the Board members.
18 19	National Park Service.
20 21	MR. HILDERBRAND: Yeah, this is Grant Hilderbrand with the Park Service. I'm here.
22 23 24	Thank you.
25 26 27 28 29 30	MS. DETWILER: Good reminder. When folks who are at the speakers have their are speaking they need to turn on their speakers and then when they're finished turn off the speakers because once you have your speaker on nobody else can speak.
31 32	So Park Service is here.
33 34	Steve, BLM.
35 36 37	$$\operatorname{MR.}$ COHN: Good morning. This is Steve Cohn with the BLM present.
38 39 40	MS. DETWILER: Fish and Wildlife Service, Sara Boario.
41 42 43	MS. BOARIO: Good morning, everyone. This is Sara Boario present. Can you hear me?
44 45	MS. DETWILER: Yes, Sara.
46 47 48 49 50	MS. BOARIO: I am I apologize I can't be there in person today. I am recovering unfortunately recovering from Covid and not out of my window yet. So I'm very sorry not to be with you today

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    in person.
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                    MS. DETWILER: Thank you, Sara. Moving
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    on to Forest Service, Dave Schmid.
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                    MR. SCHMID:
                                  Good morning, Sue.
                                                       This
 7
    is Dave Schmid with the Forest Service present.
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                    MS. DETWILER: Thank you, Dave.
                                                      Dave
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    is here in the room.
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                    Bureau of Indian Affairs, Gene Peltola.
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                    MR. PELTOLA: Present.
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                    MS. DETWILER: Thank you, Gene.
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                    Public member Rhonda Pitka.
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Good morning. I'm
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    here.
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                    MS. DETWILER: Public member Charlie
23
    Brower.
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                     (No comment)
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                    MS.
                           DETWILER:
                                            Chair
                                                    Anthony
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    Christianson.
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30
                     (No comment)
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                    MS. DETWILER: Okay.
                                             Madame Acting
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    Chair, we have six of eight Board member -- or yeah,
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    six of eight Board members present.
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Great. Thank you.
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    I'd like to welcome everybody here today. This is our
     first in person meeting so one of the things that we
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    have to remember is that when we speak we hit the
     right-hand button and when we're done speaking we turn
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     it off so that other people can hear.
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                    I think that Sue is going to do some
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    housekeeping right now.
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                                                 As Rhonda
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                          DETWILER:
                    MS.
                                        Yes.
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    mentioned this is the first meeting that we've had in
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    person and Anchorage just moved to a community level of
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    red on CDC's website and so Department of Interior has
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0004 certain protocols that we have to meet when we're meeting in person like this, and so I will just go through what those protocols are. And these protocols are for -- obviously for the folks who want to attend the meeting here in person in the room. 5 6 7 So when you enter the room you'll be asked to provide information about your vaccination 8 9 status. That will be at the table that's just outside 10 the door. If you do not wish to provide information 11 about your vaccination status or you're not fully 12 vaccinated then you need to provide proof of negative 13 -- a negative Covid-19 test within the last three days. 14 15 We are required to wear masks in the 16 room so even -- so when you're presenting please be 17 sure and speak loudly and clearly so that we can all 18 understand. 19 20 And then we also need to keep the 21 attendance of people in -- in this room at any one time 22 to less than 50 people. 23 24 Thank you, Madame Chair. 25 26 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you, Sue. I 27 appreciate that. 28 29 At this time are there any additions or 30 changes to the agenda? 31 32 (No comments) 33 34 Hearing none, I'd ACTING CHAIR PITKA: 35 like to call for a motion to approve the agenda today. 36 37 MR. PELTOLA: I so move. 38 39 MR. SCHMID: Forest Service. Second. 40 41 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. Do we 42 need a roll call vote or is it okay for a voice vote --43 okay, all in favor of approving the agenda say aye. 44 45 IN UNISON: Aye. 46 47 (None opposed) 48 49 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. The

0005 motion to approve and adopt the agenda has passed. 2 3 Thank you. 4 5 MR. PELTOLA: Madame Chair. 6 7 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes. 8 9 MR. PELTOLA: Madame Chair, I've been 10 on terminal leave since mid May, end of -- end of May, 11 using up my annual leave. I'm retiring on Friday. 12 with that being said I'm still on leave today and so I 13 was going to turn over BIA's representation to Glenn 14 Chen, our ISC member and then I'll stop by tomorrow 15 afternoon to say good-bye. 16 17 MR. BROWER: Good morning, Madame 18 Chair. Charlie here. 19 20 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Oh, good morning, 21 Charlie. For the record Charlie Brower has called in. 22 23 MR. BROWER: For your information I was 24 on roll call, but I was only on listen mode, I pressed 25 the wrong button so I had to redial and press the right 26 button. So I've been online just for your information. 27 28 Thank you. 29 30 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for 31 calling in this morning. 32 33 At this time Sue is going to..... 34 35 MR. BROWER: Can you speak up a little 36 louder, I can barely hear you guys, everyone. 37 38 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Oh, I'm sorry 39 about that. We'll try to speak as loudly as we possibly can. 40 41 42 this time Sue is going to ask for Αt 43 introductions for the people online. 44 45 MS. DETWILER: Yes. Thank you, Madame Not -- I'll just go -- continue to go through 46 Chair. 47 our other call for other folks who are usually on these 48

calls so we know who is present at the meeting.

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                    Starting out with legal counsel,
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    Department of Interior, Ken Lord and Mike Routhier.
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                    MR. LORD: Good morning, Chair. Good
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    morning, everyone.
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                    MS. DETWILER: Thank you. USDA Office
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    of General Counsel, Jim Ustasiewski.
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                    MR. LUCAS: Hi. This is Boykin Lucas.
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    I am on in place of Jim Ustasiewski.
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                    MS. DETWILER: I'm sorry, I didn't get
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    the name.
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                    MR. LUCAS: Boykin Lucas.
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                                   Thank you.
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                    MS. DETWILER:
                                                 Got it.
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    Liaisons to the Board starting with U.S. Fish and Game.
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    Ben Mulligan.
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                    MR. MULLIGAN: Hi, Sue. This is Ben.
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                    MS. DETWILER:
                                      Thanks, Ben.
                                                     Mark
25
    Burch.
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                    MR. MULLIGAN: Sara, Mark is.....
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                    MS. DETWILER: Thank you. And moving
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    to the Regional Advisory Council Chairs. Region 1,
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    Southeast, Don Hernandez.
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                    MS. PERRY:
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                                  This is Deanna Perry,
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    Council Coordinator for the Southeast Council.
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    Hernandez couldn't be with us today, he's out fishing,
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    but I'm standing by if you have any need for Southeast.
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                    Thank you.
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                    MS. DETWILER:
                                       Thank you, Deanna.
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    Region 2, Southcentral, Greg Encelewski.
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                    (No comment)
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                    MS. DETWILER: Region 3, Della Trumble.
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                    (No comment)
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                    MS. DETWILER: Region 4, Bristol Bay,
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    Nancy Morris Lyon.
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                     (No comment)
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                    MS.
                          DETWILER: Region 5, Yukon-
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    Kuskokwim Delta, Ray Oney.
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                     (No comment)
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                    MS. DETWILER: Region 6, Western
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     Interior, Jack Reakoff.
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                     (No comment)
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                    MS.
                          DETWILER: Region 7, Seward
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    Peninsula, Louis Green.
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                     (No comment)
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                    MS. DETWILER: Region 8, Northwest
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    Arctic, Mike Kramer.
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23
                     (No comment)
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                    MS. DETWILER:
                                   Region 9, Eastern
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    Interior, Sue Entsminger.
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                     (No comment)
29
30
                    MS. DETWILER: Region 10, North Slope,
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    Gordon Brower.
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                     (No comment)
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                    MS. DETWILER: Moving to DOI, Field
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     Specialist Assistant for Alaska, Sara Taylor, are you
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     on.
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                     (No comment)
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                    MS. DETWILER: Thank you, Madame Chair.
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    That's who we have online.
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA:
                                            Thank you all.
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     Okay. At this time I'd like to open the floor for the
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     information exchange.
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                    Go ahead, Mr. Hilderbrand.
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8000 1 MR. HILDERBRAND: Thank you very much. I just want to give a few Staffing updates for the 2 National Park Service. First, our regional director, Sarah Creachbaum, sends her regards. She's in Katmai 5 today which is why she's not attending. 6 7 We've been able to fill recently three 8 of our vacant superintendencies and we're really excited about the individuals that are going to come in 9 10 and serve. Ray McPadon is our new superintendent for 11 Western Arctic Parklands. For Gates of the Arctic and 12 Charlie Rivers, Mark Daddle Yukon is our new superintendent. And for Denali National Park, Brooke 13 14 Merrill is our new superintendent. And that's all the 15 updates I have. 16 17 Thank you. 18 19 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for 20 that, I appreciate it. 21 22 MS. BOARIO: Madame Chair, Fish and 23 Wildlife Service. 24 25 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Go ahead. 26 27 MS. BOARIO: I also have some Staffing 28 updates. I wanted to make sure all were aware that 29 currently we have an Acting Deputy Regional Director, 30 Alisa Voraddy, who will be with us through September. 31 And then very soon we're preparing to advertise for 32 three Refuge Manager positions, one at Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, one at Selawik National Wildlife 33 34 Refuge and then the Refuge Manager for the Innoko, 35 Koyukuk, Nowitna Complex out of Galena. So three 36 Refuge Manager positions that we'll soon 37 advertising. 38 39 Thank you, Madame Chair. 40 41 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. 42 appreciate the update. 43 44 Does anybody else have updates. 45 46 MR. SCHMID: Madame Chair. 47 48 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes. Go ahead,

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Mr....

MR. SCHMID: Good morning all, it's great to be here in person with most of us in this hybrid environment. But no -- several Staffing updates, but none specific to share here. The Forest Service has embarked on restoring a lot of our non-fire capacity so we're adding a hundred positions here over the next year or so. We're well on our way with most of those at the ground level working directly with communities.

And we'd just share that through the bipartisan infrastructure law and other legislation, the America Great Outdoors Act, the Forest Service has seen more funding come to the State of Alaska and the communities than we have for quite some time in my career here. So we are working through both in the Southeast Alaska through a sustainability strategy with about \$25 million of initial funding coming through to communities, over half of that is targeted tribes in those communities. And we've also had some significant changes in our ability to grant funds and partner with communities and the ability to essentially wave any cost matches, any substantial cash contributions that have been required in the past. And so it's just provided a lot of flexibility within our agency here and it's working from a -- just a whole different model, from a model of scarcity to a model of opportunity.

And appreciate the opportunity to share that with you this morning.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for that. Yeah, it's definitely different to have some money onhand to do all the thingsthat you want to do — that you wanted to do your whole career, right.

Does anybody else have updates.

MR. COHN: Madame Chair.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Mr. Cohn.

MR. COHN: Thank you, Madame Chair. Just first I'd like to introduce myself. I'm Steve Cohn and I'm new in this role. I've been in this position just two months at this point. I was -- I started with the Bureau of Land Management in 2001 and was -- came to Alaska in 2013 a the Deputy State

Director for Resources, including fish and wildlife and subsistence were two of the programs that I had a Deputy State Director. And then I left Federal Service about four -- just over four years ago in 2018, went to work for the Nature Conservancy as the State Director for the Alaska Chapter here, based also here in Anchorage and then came back to Federal service two months ago in this role. And very happy to be here this morning and really looking forward to engaging with this -- with this program and this group here for years to come.

I'll just make a couple of Staffing announcements. So we have two key vacancies that we're going to be looking to fill here fairly soon. One is our Field Manager position for the Anchorage Field Office which includes Southwest Alaska. And then we're also filling a Deputy District Manager position in Fairbanks for our Central, Yukon and Eastern Interior Field Offices. And then we're currently in the process of filling a Tribal Liaison position for the State and hope to have a selection here fairly soon for that position. So and we have a few other vacancies not quite ready to announce yet, but they'll be coming open soon.

So a lot's happening and similar to Forest Service and the other agencies we're excited about the opportunities and got a lot of interesting and important work ahead of us. So glad to be here.

Thank you.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for that. I appreciate it. Does anybody else have any updates.

Mr. Glenn Chen.

MR. CHEN: Well, I'm honored to sit here at the meeting in Gene's stead. He has very large shoes to fill. I would mention that our BIA anthropologist, Pat Petrivelli, retired at the end of May and we are in the process of refilling her position. We will put the word out when the vacancy comes up.

Thank you, Rhonda.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Go ahead, Sue.

MS. DETWILER: Yes. Thank you, Madame Chair. We do have a couple Staffing updates in OSM, but also I wanted to remind the folks here in the room who are speaking into the microphones, we're getting some feedback from people who are on the call remotely on teleconference to ask people to please speak loudly into the microphones, they're having a hard time hearing. So thank you for that.

And I -- we do have a couple of Staffing updates in the Office of Subsistence Management. First we have Bernard Shavings, he joined the OSM team in May, 2022. He's standing in the back of the room right now. He's an -- our administrative support assistant and he will be handling our front desk and main OSM phones lines. He grew up on Nunivak Island, served in the U.S. military and worked in a variety of administrative positions from VA to Beans Cafe to Dow Engineering and he also commercial fished for many years.

Next we have Michelle Andrews who has also joined our administration -- administrative support team. She came to us in June, 2022 as our executive secretary. She's a lifelong Alaskan with a wide variety of administrative experience from Mountain Village to Dutch Harbor, Unalaska to Anchorage. Michelle served six years in the Army National Guard as a communications specialist where she traveled to Haiti to assist with medical missions. And Michelle is here with us today as well.

And finally we have Kari Crow. Kari will be returning to OSM full-time on July 31st as our budget analyst. Kari was with OSM previously for many years before stretching her wings with both the Refuge Program in the Regional Business Office. She's continued to help OSM over the years and she's been instrumental in helping our office with all aspects related to our budget. So we're very happy she's coming back to OSM.

Thank you, Madame Chair.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you, Sue. I appreciate it. I think the only update that I have is as we all know the Yukon River chinook and chum salmon

have crashed this year to such an extent that we haven't had any subsistence openings at all. We've had a little bit of success fishing for whitefish with the whitefish nets, but that's definitely a limited, a limited food source. So people on the river are very frustrated and there's a lot of discussion about bycatch and, you know, regulations and the fairness of those regulations, you know, throughout the river. It's definitely been a challenge. I feel like it's been probably about three years of really bad runs. And, you know, it'll probably continue on unless something drastic changes.

So that's about all that I have right now.

Usually I wouldn't come to this meeting at least until August, I would have asked for it to be held in August so we could have that last pulse to fish on. But now I guess I have time. So that's terrible but, at this.....

(Distortion)

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you very much. So unless there are more updates I'd like to ask for the agenda item number 4, is that the Regional Advisory Council annual report replies.

MS. WESSELS: Thank you. And good morning, Madame Chair, members of the Board. For the record my name is Katya Wessels, Council Coordination Division Supervisor with OSM. Can you hear me okay?

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes.

MR. BROWER: Yes.

MS. WESSELS: I will try to speak loudly, but if I'm too loud please let me know. I'm very sorry that I'm not with you there in the room as I intended up until yesterday when my husband unexpectedly came up with Covid. I'm feeling fine, but I didn't want to expose anyone at our first in person meeting, but I wish that I was there in the room with you.

Today I've got to present to you an overview of the Subsistence Regional Advisory Council

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FY21 annual reports and the Board replies. authority for the Subsistence Regional Advisorv Councils to submit annual reports originates in Section .805 of ANILCA that states, that a Regional Advisory Council in each subsistence resource region shall have authority to prepare a annual report to the Secretaries which shall contain first, identification of current and anticipated subsistence uses of fish and wildlife populations within the region. Second, elevation -- an evaluation of current and anticipated subsistence needs of fish and wildlife populations within the region. Third, a recommended strategy for the management of fish and wildlife populations within the region to accommodate such subsistence uses and needs. And fourth, recommendations concerning policies, standards, quidelines and regulations to implement the strategy. The Secretarial regulations subsequently modified that to be a report to this Board.

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This past fiscal year, 2021, all Councils had subsistence related issues that they wanted to share with the Board in their annual reports. These reports are a great avenue of sharing Councils' concerns with the Board. The types of issues included in the annual reports mostly cannot be addressed through the regulatory process. Development of an annual report is a lengthy process as reports encompass a lot of subject matter. But before I describe the subject matter in more detail I would like to provide a quick overview particularly for the benefit of our newer Board members on how this process works.

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Councils' reports are The annual reports of the issues encountered in the previous Each year at the fall meetings the fiscal year. Councils are asked to identify issues they would like to include in their annual report. With that intent the Staff develops draft annual reports that the Councils then review, modify and approve at their winter meeting. Staff principally from OSM, but also from other offices and other agencies, draft responses on behalf of this Board to the issues outlined in the annual reports. The draft responses are then collated, reviewed by OSM Leadership Team and then by the InterAgency Staff Committee. And now these replies to the Councils' annual reports are before you for your review and approval.

In addition to that the Secretarial Review sets forth a directive to specifically ensure that the Secretaries are informed when non-departmental rulemaking entities develop regulations that may adversely affect subsistence users. So sometimes there are issues that come up through the annual report process which are elevated to the Secretaries per that directive.

Now I'm going to share my screen with you and if you can go to your supplemental material handout I will speak to that handout. So that supplemental material is titled Regional Advisory Councils' Annual Reports 2021, Duplicate Issues. Some of you are accustomed to seeing this table from previous years. These tables identifies the issues and concerns that are raised by more than one Council and that come up fairly often. Therefore this table can serve as an indicator of a potential bigger or overarching issue that can be of importance to more than one region. As you can see in this table the crossmarks mark the issues that were brought up by more than one Council and I will speak a little bit more in detail about each of these issues.

Salmon declines. This issue is important to 50 percent of the Councils. Southcentral Council raises alarms regarding limited salmon runs in the last two years and suggest that it is necessary to gather specific data on ocean acidification and the fact of climate change that may explain the drastic changes observed.

Bristol Bay Council expresses concerns about the poor chinook salmon return especially in the western portion of Bristol Bay decreases in the size of returning fish and changing composition of age structure. The Council has a special concern regarding the Chignik area fishery and the area residents where the chinook fishery was completely closed and the chum salmon fisheries were restricted to Federally-qualified subsistence users only in 2021.

 The Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta Council is increasingly concerned that chinook and chum salmon failures in 2021 on both Yukon and Kuskokwim Rivers resulted in the complete closure or severe restriction of subsistence salmon fishing for all communities along the Yukon and Kuskokwim Rivers, tributaries and coastal

areas. There was no fish to feed the family, no fish to share with elders or those in need and no resources available to replace salmon. This was the lowest ever Yukon River coho and chum salmon returns on record for the second year in a row and that's current for 2021. Kuskokwim harvest of chinook and chum salmon was half of lowest ever recorded subsistence harvest levels.

Western Interior also highlights that returns of chinook and chum to the Yukon and Kuskokwim Rivers in 2021 were catastrophically low, resulting in no salmon harvest opportunities on the Yukon River and several harvest restrictions on the Kuskokwim. The Council recommends that Federal, Tribal and State Managers implement precautionary cooperative management of the chinook and chum salmon fisheries.

Eastern Interior Council joins the other Councils and labels 2021 being the worst season for rural subsistence users. The Council encourages the Yukon River Drainage Fisheries Association, the Association of Village Council Presidents, Yukon River Intertribal Fish Commission and the Office of Subsistence Management work together to unify Yukon River people in order to make management decisions that would best serve the salmon fisheries on the Yukon River.

So now I'll move on to the second duplicate issue which is by-catch and it was brought up by two Councils and the by-catch issue goes hand in hand with the salmon decline. Two Councils brought up this issue.

Yukon-Kuskokwim Council is concerned about Bering Sea commercial trawl fisheries and high rates of chinook and chum salmon by-catch. Subsistence communities are bearing the burden of conservation while the Bering Sea trawl fisheries continue unabated. The Council with the other three Yukon Councils had requested that the North Pacific Fishery Management Council immediately reduce the by-catch hardcap for chinook salmon to 16,000 with further adoption to 10,000 in a year and establish a hardcap for chum salmon at 250,000 with further reduction to 150K. The Council request that the Board elevate these concerns to the Secretaries of Interior and Agriculture and the Secretary of Commerce and the Fishery Subsistence Management Program engages with the Alaska Department

of Fish and Game on Area M commercial fishery during strict catch of Arctic, Yukon and Kuskokwim chinook and chum salmon stocks in that commercial fishery in support of subsistence priority for salmon.

Eastern Interior Council also raises by-catch issue. To support the recovery of Yukon River salmon stock the Council strongly recommends that the hardcap of chinook by-catch in the Bering Sea, Aleutian Islands fisheries be reduced to 10,000 chinook and that a hardcap be put in place for no more than 150,000 chum salmon.

And this Board will hear more in detail about the by-catch issues when the joint letter of the four Yukon Councils is presented to you later in this meeting.

So the next overarching issue is the food security and access to other resources due to the lack of salmon which also go hand in hand with two previous issues. Four Councils brought up these issue.

Kodiak/Aleutians Council points out that Covid related supply chain challenges underscore the importance of having reliable and adequate access to subsistence resources and secure as much food locally as possible.

Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta says that more than ever whitefish are a critical subsistence food and the only fish you eat when the salmon fishing is restricted or closed due to chinook and chum salmon population crash. Yukon-Kuskokwim Council also requests the Board to support additional subsistence moose harvest opportunity on the lower Yukon River to assist communities in need due to low salmon returns.

Western Interior Council is requesting increased monitoring of populations of other fish species and terrestrial animals as subsistence users in the region begin to adjust their harvest patterns to compensate for low chinook and chum salmon salmon stocks in the Yukon and Kuskokwim River drainages.

Eastern Interior Council says that the closure of Yukon River salmon fisheries requires an increased reliance on large land mammals such as caribou and moose. The lack of available moose

contributes to larger challenges of food security in the region. Eastern Interior Council also adds that the recent Yukon River salmon fisheries collapse led to stronger reliance on moose and caribou. Moreover subsistence users shifted their fishing focus from salmon to non-salmon species as a subsistence resource.

The next overarching issue that is important to 80 percent of the Councils is the request for research. As you see eight out of 10 Councils are requesting some kind of research.

Southcentral Council requests research necessary to get information for C&T determinations. C&T analysis would be -- should be all inclusive and should address all affects.

Bristol Bay Council requests to conduct more comprehensive research on the chinook salmon decreases in the size and changing composition of age structure and to develop long term solutions at a higher management level.

Yukon-Kuskokwim Council requests additional research and monitoring on whitefish species on the Yukon and Kuskokwim Rivers due to their declines. They also are requesting specific research on how sockeye salmon increased population impacts other salmon such as chinook and chum and this increase can exceed carrying capacity in the available spawning and rearing habitat.

Seward Peninsula Council requests the ADF&G and Federal agencies initiate genetic research on what appears to be a resident herd caribou or reindeer in the northern Seward Peninsula.

Northwest Council requests ongoing monitoring and population surveys for moose in Unit 23 and regular reports at the Council meetings as well as report on the extent of beaver expansion and interaction with other subsistence resources.

Eastern Interior Council strongly recommends that genetic mixed stock analysis be undertaken for both chinook and chum salmon by-catch in the Alaska Peninsula Management Area M groundfish fisheries in order to monitor the proportion of by-catch which comes from Yukon-River salmon stocks.

Eastern Interior says that the comprehensive survey is necessary to assess the health of moose populations near Rampart and the Nowitna River and to ensure continued and increased subsistence harvest opportunity in that area.

North Slope requests monitoring of Unit 26 muskox. Information of cross boundary management of muskox within Arctic Refuge and Canada and would like to explore options for the creation of a U.S./Canada muskox joint management group similar to the Porcupine Caribou Herd Management Board.

So as you see there's a slough of different research requests.

Then there is some specific requests for the Fisheries Resource Monitoring Program that we know also as FRMP. That's another duplicate issue for several Councils.

Southcentral Council suggests that gathering information research on the impacts of ocean acidification and other effects of climate change on salmon runs could be a good FRMP project for Native Tribal organizations where local traditional knowledge could be incorporated. Also Southcentral Council is concerned about the shortage of funds in recent years for the projects that provide vital information and suggests including work that can be done by tribes and regional organizations in the FRMP project. More projects should be awarded to local Native and tribal organizations as they have TEK to offer.

Kodiak/Aleutians Council requests that FRMP project to support the efforts of eradication of invasive species.

Western Interior Council believes there needs to be more consultation and involvement with tribes and that the current FRMP process precludes tribal input. Furthermore the Council believes the Technical Review Committee should be expanded to include technical expertise from Alaska tribal organizations.

fisheries research initiative.

So now I will move on to the next duplicate issue which is incorporation of local knowledge in OSM recommendations. Three Councils brought up this issue.

Southeast Council believes that many data variables that impact the subsistence resources are missing when the Federal analyses are developed and recommendations are not consistent with local Council member observations. The Council requests to develop a mechanism that ensures local knowledge is considered in OSM recommendations.

Northwest Council calls for the Board to further engage with local, rural communities and talk with people about their on the ground experience and observations. A combination of western science and local traditional knowledge is necessary to monitor and inform management of the Western Arctic Caribou Herd throughout its range. Incorporating traditional knowledge, both current and historic observations, is essential to the sound management of this caribou herd.

North Slope requests that the Board better incorporate local and traditional knowledge in its decisionmaking as it is an important part of substantial evidence that the Board relies on.

And now I'm moving on to the last overarching issue is Council vacancies. So this one is kind of -- other duplicate issues are kind of all interrelated this issue stands alone and there are three Councils that are concerned about this issue.

Kodiak/Aleutians is concerned regarding vacancies on the Councils that cause a lack of adequate representation throughout a diversity and widely disbursed region.

 Bristol Bay expressed their concerns regarding four vacancies on their Council which is 40 percent of all the Council seats of this Council. The Council is requesting that the membership on the Council is maintained and that the representation from Togiak, southern Bristol Bay and/or Chignik area is necessary.

Northwest Council is also concerned about the vacancies on the Council and about lack of representation on the Council from the upper Kobuk River villages and Selawik and requests the support of the Federal Subsistence Management Program to conduct outreach in these communities and encourage applications.

So consistent with other years there are a variety of unique concerns important to specific Councils. They're not in that supplemental table that you see in front of you and I'm not going to go over all these in detail because there are too many, but just to mention a few they range from anywhere -anywhere from Southeast concern about information sharing policy exists between ADF&G and Federal Subsistence Management Program to confusing public comment protocols and impacts of kelp farming to Southeast Council interest in establishing jurisdiction, Federal and State, for their resources in the marine waters of Prince William Sound to provide meaningful opportunities for subsistence and personal use harvest;

To Kodiak/Aleutians concerns regarding invasive species;

To Bristol Bay wanting to know how the Board makes its regulatory decisions when agency specific regulations are in conflict with ANILCA;

To YK-Delta Council concerns regarding the impacts to subsistence resources from the development of the Donlin gold mine and barging of mining materials, fuel and chemicals on the Kuskokwim River;

To Western Interior asking the Board to take immediate action because of State violation of ANILCA Title VIII during a Federal closure on the Kuskokwim;

To Seward Peninsula requests to elevate to the Secretary of the Interior Council's concern regarding the lifting of public land orders and its affects on subsistence resources;

To Northwest Arctic request to have representation on the Ambler Road Project Subsistence

Advisory Committee and on the Western Arctic Caribou Herd Working Group;

To Eastern Interior opposition to HR 4716, Refuge Cruel Trapping Act of 2021;

And to North Slope Council highlighting the importance of traditional community harvest and sharing of subsistence food.

So that concludes my presentation of the Councils' annual reports. And now I'm going to be moving on to Councils' -- to the Board's replies to these reports portion of the presentation. So let me share the other supplemental material that was handed out to you this morning, supplemental material number 2, the second.

Okay. I'm going to provide you with a short overview of the responses that were developed on behalf of the Board to the issues brought in the Council annual reports.

First of all when we develop responses on behalf of the Board we endeavor to provide specific substantive responses rather than standard canned agency responses. We really want to give the Councils good information and even if it's in some cases that issues that are outside of this Board's jurisdiction we want to make sure that we provide the Councils with the information or tools necessary to address the issue or explore it further. As I mentioned earlier salmon decline is one of the major overarching concerns of the Councils right now and spans across several subsistence regions. The Board takes the Councils' comments on the extreme affects of limited salmon harvest opportunities on the lives of people living in the Yukon and Kuskokwim River drainages very seriously to do what is within its regulatory authority on this topic.

The Board is already taking proactive actions and in their reply they let the Councils know that with expected poor returns of Yukon salmon again they approved temporary special — temporary fishery special action request, FSA 22-01, on the Yukon River. This action closed Federal public waters on the Yukon River area to the harvest of chinook and summer and fall chum and coho salmon except by Federally-qualified

subsistence users effective June 1st, '22 through September 30th, '22, with harvest opportunities to be determined by the Federal Fisheries Manager if the fishery run strength is sufficient to allow a Federal subsistence priority. The actual help to aid conservation efforts of salmon and provide a priority for non-wasteful subsistence uses as required by Title VIII of the Alaska -- of ANILCA.

The Board also delegated authority to the Yukon Delta National Wildlife Refuge Manager to periodically open Federal public waters of the main step in the Kuskokwim River to Federally-qualified subsistence users to use gillnets to harvest salmon. The Board also highlights in their responses that the Federal management team work collaboratively with ADF&G to manage Yukon River salmon runs in 2021.

The Board understands the continued concerns regarding by-catch of chinook and chum salmon and agrees with the Council regarding the importance of communication and coordination among Yukon River stakeholders regarding by-catch issue. The issue of establishing a hardcap for both chinook and chum salmon by-catch in the Bering Sea, Aleutian Islands commercial fishery is beyond the Board's authority and that's what's indicated in the reply. However the Board is supportive of the Council request to the North Pacific Fishery Management Council.

It is visible that several overarching topics are interrelated with one another such as food security, the access to other resources is important as a result of salmon declines. The Board acknowledges in their replies the impacts that are limited -- that limits subsistence opportunity on food security and traditional ways of life for those who depend on these In their replies the Board promises to resources. continue to be flexible and responsive in its efforts to help Alaskans meet their subsistence needs through the regulatory process. Their responses highlight the special action process and delegation of authority process that can provide an avenue for responding to unexpected issues and changes. However the Board alerts that closures to non-Federally-qualified ANILCA Section subsistence users, or prioritization among Federally-qualified subsistence users may become necessary if shortages of traditional subsistence resources continue to be prevalent.

Their replies vary, the Board replies another overarching topic, request vary to research. OSM does not conduct research or collect primary data. Instead it incorporates available data from other research institutions or agencies So for some research requests the Board analysis. replies provide an overview of existing research or the sources where more information can be obtained. other instances when the requested research if for fisheries, the Board replies either provide the information on completed or ongoing FRMP research projects or suggest that the Council highlight this request, that they're developing priority information needs for the subsistence region.

The FRMP annual report topics vary in their scope and replies provided vary as well.

Kodiak/Aleutians' request an FRMP project to support efforts in eradication of invasive species. Eradication is not considered information gathering and therefore cannot be funded through FRMP.

Western Interior Council request includes tribal representatives of the FRMP Technical Review Committee, but it cannot be fulfilled at the moment because that would require TRC to be chartered under Federal Advisory Committee Act. However the Board highlights that the partners for Fisheries Monitoring Program that can still fill the need to strengthen Alaska Native and rural environmental in Federal subsistence fisheries management and research.

There is a lot of concrete factual information in the Board replies. The Board's reply to the Southcentral inquiry to fund more monitoring projects done by tribes and regional organization outlines the DOI and DA funded percentages and how many projects were awarded to the Alaska rural organizations and to other entities. Their reply informs the Council that a majority of the State and Federal projects have partnered with co-investigators from Alaska rural organizations. The Board continues to encourage OSM Staff to work closely with tribal entities and provide outreach on the funding mechanisms that allow the organizations to grow and build capacity to conduct fisheries research.

The Board acknowledges the Council's frustration regarding full incorporation of traditional ecological knowledge and strives to continue improving in these area. The challenge is that OSM, again, as I said earlier does not conduct primary research and thus must rely on published literature, the record of Council meetings and public testimony and tribal and ANCSA consultations. corporation The Board acknowledges that in many cases TEK indicates whether a conservation issue exists before such affects are reflected by western science. When the Board approved wildlife special action WSA21-01A with modification on March 30th, '22, it based the decision to create a targeted temporary closure both on TEK and photocensus evidence of herd decline.

In reply to all other overarching issue of Council vacancies, the Board relays to the Council that it cannot provide recommendations to the Secretaries without a sufficient number of applications from the region. The factual information on the number of open seats and the number of applications received is provided to the Councils that brought up this issue.

Even when the Council has a topic that is only related to the region, to their specific region, the Board replies are very factual and try to provide the best information possible. As for example the Board replied to Southcentral Council their request to establish dual jurisdiction, Federal and State, for the marine environment in Prince William Sound. Their reply indicates that there are no Federal public waters in the marine environment and managing these resources is outside of the Board's authority. However the Board informs the Council there's a process for petitioning the Secretaries to exert regulatory authority over activities on non-Federal lands under State laws to protect subsistence activities on Federal lands.

Another example is Southeast Council concern regarding kelp farming and mariculture permitting and it's affect on subsistence sensitive areas. The Board reply indicates that since this type of permitting is issued by the ADF&G the response provides information on the proper State personnel that the Council can reach out to to express their concerns and receive additional information.

So as you look at the supplemental material two, keeping track of FY21 annual report reply follow-ups you notice that when I was describing the Board replies there's certain promises that are made and there's certain follow-up that is necessary. You, the Board, is telling these Councils that we will provide it with these three source of -- make these happen or we'll contact this agency and we'll forward these to the Secretary. So this handout helps us to keep track of the promises that were made and so we can conduct the follow-up on behalf of the Board and of the Program.

So when you look at this table you just see that only one issue on Southeast annual report that might need to be elevated to the Secretaries and the Department of State. However this is contingent upon the Councils' resubmitting their concerns to this Board in a letter.

The other follow-up that there are several items here that I have broken them down by Council so you can see them. So you can keep track of the other things in these replies and the Board is --what the Board is promising to the Council what it will do. And a lot of this is directing Staff, encouraging follow-up, encountering particular issue, inviting representatives or subject matter experts to provide a presentation or information.

So this concludes my overview of the replies that this Board provided to the Councils. And at the end I would like to acknowledge the incredible amount of work that goes into these replies. Almost every division at OSM have contributed to drafting these replies. In addition to OSM drafting replies, we receive draft responses from the Forest Service, BLM, NPS and USF&W. The timing is challenging when we prepare these responses because the Staff, OSM Staff, who are working on these are also starting to get new proposals coming in during the fishery cycle. A lot of the Staff who are writing these responses also were preparing proposal analysis. I would like acknowledge the substantial involvement of the InterAgency Staff Committee members in developing and reviewing these replies. OSM really appreciates working with ISC members on developing this product and every year we do this I think we put out a much better and better product. If we have room for improvement

and of course there is room for improvement as usual, but I would still recognize there's a lot of incredible work that went into these and really high quality work. And I just would like to thank OSM Staff and ISC members for all of the work they did. And I believe that the Board appreciates it as well.

But at this juncture I would like to remind the Board that the replies that you have in front of you in your meeting materials are still considered to be draft until you approve them. If you have some specific things that you would like to ask me regarding the annual report replies, please ask. If the Board members have any specific suggestions to change particular language or insert new language in the replies, now's the time to make suggestions for proposed changes and discuss them. If you don't want to make any changes then we can have a motion to approve the annual report -- I mean, the annual report replies and then they become official.

 $$\operatorname{So}$$ this is all I have at the moment and thank you, Madame Chair.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: I hit the wrong button. I'm not even sure what that button did.

Thank you, Katya, for that presentation and the incredible amount of work that's gone into those replies. I'm really grateful for the thoughtfulness of the replies and the thoroughness and the -- all of the work that the Regional Advisory Council puts into all of these replies.

So at this time I'm going to open the floor for questions on the Regional Advisory Council reports or clarification.

(No comments)

 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Well, hearing none from everybody else I just wanted to ask, some of the Regional Advisory Councils asked about more targeted outreach to solicit more applicants for the program. I would like to ask do we have a plan in place to provide that more targeted I guess outreach for those applications?

Thank you, Katya.

1 MS. WESSELS: Thank you, Madame Chair. 2 May I reply to your question?

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes.

 MS. WESSELS: Thank you. Yes, we have a plan for targeted outreach. It will mostly reside with Council Coordinators. As you know that there were five new Council Coordinators hired by OSM this year. They each have their own regions that they're responsible for. I've been working with Council Coordinators highlighting the importance of this targeted outreach. They are going to be reaching to the tribes and tribal organizations in their region, trying to establish the connections and trying to encourage the applications that are -- that will come from the communities that currently are not represented on the Councils.

As, you know, Covid restrictions allow, Council Coordinators might be able to travel to the regions to meet with different communities and tribes to encourage the applications being submitted. will also work through their regional networks in order to submit -- to solicit more applications as well as they will encourage the nominations because anyone can nominate a Council member. It can be a tribal organization, it can be any other type of organization, it can be an individual, a Board member can nominate a Council member if they know of a good individual that potentially can serve on the Council. Of course it's always recommended to ask an individual if they want to serve on the Council if you plan to nominate them. But it's, you know, a rather easy processes of nominating a potential Council applicant. So that's in short what we are planning on doing.

I hope I answered your question, Madame

Chair.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes. So -- so specifically the Council Coordinators are going to be responsible for tribal outreach, for making sure that they make connections to the tribes in their individual regions. So it won't.....

MS. WESSELS: That's correct.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA:it won't fall

specifically to our one tribal liaison for the program?

MS. WESSELS: That's possibly correct, Madame Chair. I think it's a little bit too much of a job for one person to reach out to all the tribes across Alaska. Plus we're -- you know, we'd be more than happy working with Orville on this and we can get him engaged in the process if -- like again if there's any community visits are allowed perhaps it can be a working between Orville Lind and Council Coordinator for that region.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: I do have one suggestion and that's your Council Coordinators meet with the tribal liaisons for all of the agencies that are represented on the Federal Subsistence Board and that you form a working group to perhaps network further in the regions. All of the different agencies have tribal liaisons and they have different networks that may not be the same.

Thank you very much, Katya, for that. And does anybody else have any.....

MS. WESSELS: Thank you very much, Madame Chair. I think that is a great suggestion.

 $\,$ MS. BOARIO: Madame Chair, Fish and Wildlife Service.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes. Go ahead, please.

 MS. BOARIO: Thank you, Madame Chair. I think that's a great suggestion too. And I -- to add another component to it, I think all of our bureaus also have a broader either external affairs or public affairs Staff and -- and could draw on those resources across bureaus to help with that if there were a subcommittee or a working group set up.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. I appreciate that. Orville Lind, do you have a comment?

MR. LIND: Thank you, Madame Chair. Board members. For the record Orville Lind, Native Liaison for the Office of Subsistence Management. In the previous two months we have just been talking about the Refuge Information Technician Program, getting more

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	involved in assisting OSM Staff in the outreach efforts, especially the RAC applications, gettingthe — to spread the word out and the applications out. And it's a — it was taken very well. Some RITs, new RITs, are really especially excited about being able to get their folks informed and encourage them to apply. And as you say the other Native Liaisons, that — we've also touched base on that last month in the RIT Program and so we are on it and we are working towards that.
12	Thank you, Madame Chair.
13 14 15 16	ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. I appreciate it. Does anyone else have any clarifying questions on the on the replies.
17	(No comments)
18 19	ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Hearing none, I'd
20 21 22	like to entertain a motion to approve all of the replies.
23 24 25	MR. SCHMID: Madame Chair, Forest Service.
26 27 28 29	ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Okay. Forest Service made a motion to approve the Regional Council annual report replies.
30 31 32	MR. HILDERBRAND: Madame Chair, this is Park Service. We'll second.
33 34 35 36	ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you very much, Park Service. Does anybody have any questions or further discussion.
37	(No comments)
38 39 40 41	ACTING CHAIR PITKA: If if not I'd like a roll call vote right now.
42	Thank you.
43 44 45 46	MS. DETWILER: Thank you, Madame Chair. Starting the motion is to approve the replies.
47	Start with Dave Schmid, Forest Service.
48 49 50	MR. SCHMID: I support.

Steve Cohn, BLM. MR. COHN: I support. MS. DETWILER: Glenn Chen, BIA. MR. CHEN: The BIA supports the motion. And we'd like to express our gratitude to the OSM Staff and the Staff Committee for their very good job putting the report replies together. MS. DETWILER: Thank you. MS. DETWILER: Thank you. MS. BOARIO: I support. Also with my thanks to the RACs and OSM Staff weeding through all of those responses, especially as a newer member of the Board, was so informative in helping to me to see the large range of issues across the State. So thank you very much. MS. DETWILER: Thank you, Sara. MR. HILDERBRAND: Park Service, Grant Hilderbrand. MR. HILDERBRAND: Park Service supports. And I just echo the comments of my colleagues, just a huge thanks to the RACs and the OSM Staff for compiling the replies. MS. DETWILER: Thank you. Public member Charlie Brower. (No comments) MS. DETWILER: I'm not sure if you got disconnected, Charlie. Move on to public member Rhonda Pitka. MOVE ON TO STAND THE	0030	MS. DETWILER: Thank you.
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48 49 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes, I support.		Move on to public member Rhonda Pitka.
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5.0	49 50	ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes, I support.

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0031
    And thank you to all of the Staff for those excellent
    replies and all the work that's gone into it by the
 2
     Regional Advisory Councils.
 4
 5
                    Thank you very much.
 6
 7
                    MS. DETWILER:
                                    Public member Charlie
 8
    Brower. We're finishing up the vote on the motion to
     approve the Regional Council annual report replies.
 9
10
11
                     (No comments)
12
13
                    MS. DETWILER:
                                    We're showing that Mr.
14
    Brower is online. Perhaps he's just having a hard time
15
    getting through, but we do have a vote of six out of
16
     seven present, Madame Chair.
17
18
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Okay.
                                                  What are
19
    the instructions to unmute a line?
20
21
                    OPERATOR: To mute and unmute your line
22
    it's Star, six.
23
24
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Okay. Maybe if
25
    you press Star, six, Mr. Brower.
26
27
                     (No comments)
28
29
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: All right.
30
    like we have a motion that passed even without Mr.
31
    Brower's vote.
32
33
                    Thank you very much.
34
35
                    At this time I'd like to ask for a 15
36
    minute recess.
37
38
                     (Off record)
39
40
                     (On record)
41
42
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA:
                                          Okay.
                                                  It looks
43
    like we're all coming back to order now and I believe
44
    we're at agenda item number 5, the annual report reply
45
    review process.
46
47
                    Robbin LaVine.
48
49
                    MS. DETWILER: I think we need to do
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0032
 1 roll call.
 2
 3
                  MS. LaVINE: Thank you, Madame....
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                   ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Oh, I'm sorry, my
 6
   apologies. We need to do a roll call first.
 7
 8
                   MS. DETWILER: Thank you, Madame Chair.
 9
    I'll just make sure we have a quorum here.
10
11
                   National Park Service, Grant
12
   Hilderbrand.
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14
                   MR. HILDERBRAND: Present.
15
                   MS. DETWILER: Bureau of Land
16
17
    Management, Steve Cohn.
18
19
                   MR. COHN: Present.
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                   MS. DETWILER: Fish and Wildlife
21
22
   Service, Sara Boario.
23
24
                   MS. BOARIO: Present.
25
26
                   MS. DETWILER: Forest Service, Dave
27
    Schmid.
28
                   MR. SCHMID: Present.
29
30
31
                   MS. DETWILER: Bureau of Indian
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   Affairs, Glenn Chen.
33
34
                   MR. CHEN: Present.
35
36
                   MS. DETWILER: Rhonda Pitka, you are
37
    here. Do we have public member Charlie Brower?
38
39
                   (No comments)
40
41
                   MS. DETWILER: We have six members at
42
    the moment, Madame Chair.
43
44
                   ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you very
    much. Robbin.
45
46
47
                  MS. LaVINE: Thank you, Madame Chair
    and members of the Board. For the record my name is
48
49
    Robbin LaVine and I'm the Subsistence Policy
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Coordinator at the Office of Subsistence Management and the ISC Chair. I must say for all of you listening online it is delightful to see everyone here in person and after two and a half years I'm grateful that we were able to do this. For those of you that are not here, I look forward to seeing you in the future.

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So this is the annual report reply process review, this is agenda item 5. It is a briefing, this is not an action item.

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During the Federal Subsistence Board's August, 2021 work session the InterAgency Staff Committee briefed the Board on the annual report reply process and possible revisions to responsiveness to Regional Advisory Council concerns and improve programmatic workflow. Suggested revisions to the Board response to annual reports include writing a letter to the Board on topics of concern that request a reply and maintaining the annual reports as a way to inform the Board on local conditions, issues and needs. The Board reviewed and discussed the report reply process and agreed to forward this topic to the Councils' for their input on suggested revisions.

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The OSM leadership presented this topic to the Councils during their winter meeting, Council comments were captured in their meeting minutes and have been added to your materials as a supplemental document. You should have all just received the handout. There are more for those of you in the room at the back table, at our handout table. Also included in the supplemental document are the directions in ANILCA Title VIII for Council preparation of their annual report to the Board. ANILCA does not mention a requirement for a Board reply however it does stipulate the Board shall consider the reports and recommendations of the Regional Councils. This is something -- a process you just completed and we do this every year.

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As you review the Council comments you will note that they fall into three broad categories, Councils who are happy to retain the process as is, Councils who are critical of the process as it and some Councils who are receptive to change. I think they're all receptive to improvements. One Council had no comment. Many of the Councils provided suggestions for improvements if the process is to remain the same or

ideas to support a revamping of the process. All Councils expressed value of consistent communication with the Board. The discussion begun with the ISC, the InterAgency Staff Committee and extended to Councils has provided OSM Staff and leadership with a number of good ideas to support a more effective annual report and Board reply process. So this work, these discussions, they're ongoing. OSM and the ISC will keep you appraised of further development.

And again this is a briefing and we're ready for your questions.

Thank you, Madame Chair.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you very much. At this time we'll entertain questions or request for clarification.

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$$ BROWER: For your information I'm online again, I had a hard time trying to connect.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Oh, thank you. Thank you, Mr. Brower. Charlie Brower is back online.

Do you have any questions about the annual report reply process, Charlie?

MR. BROWER: No, I don't.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: So I notice that in some of these -- in some of these asks for clarification from the Councils they ask that the Board provide specific detailed responses. Did they have any specific I guess requests on how that should look for them or was it just more that they were unsatisfied with the length of the reply?

MS. LaVINE: Thank you, Madame Chair. I think some of the dissatisfaction comes with rather ambiguous responses, responses that are related to, you know, the Board's limited authority on where the Board has authority to act. And because of those limitations often issues will return again and again and, you know, with no great satisfaction. But the Councils are grateful for the back and -- the back and forth, an opportunity, an avenue to communicate directly to the Board. Some of them expressed interest in the idea that a letter directly to the Board with specific

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requests might get more response, others have been dissatisfied with that process. Because there are a lot of ideas floating around from the Councils and we can review the transcripts for those, there are a lot of ideas floating around OSM, we've got new Staff, we've got a lot of fertile grounds for excellent -- additional conversations. I think we need more time to review the transcripts. to review these ideas and to find a way to have a more satisfactory and responsive process, whatever it may be.

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And thank you, Madame Chair.

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ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for that. So I saw on the Western Interior's response they said that they took the letter writing suggestion under consideration and they just felt like they weren't getting responses from that, like from that direct letter writing. So I guess what is our response to them on that, do they feel like they were getting enough specifics or was it just that they didn't feel like it was timely enough, I'm not sure of that. used to sit on a Regional Advisory Council so I understand the importance of the annual report. For a lot of the Regional Advisory Councils it's a very important venue for communication to the Board specifically. Maybe not on issues that, you know, are in our authority which I understand that, but it's on issues that are important to those Regional Advisory Councils, to those specific areas.

30 31 32

Thank you.

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MS. LaVINE: Thank you, Madame Chair. When we were presenting this agenda item to the Councils I think the most important thing we stressed was the value of their reports to us, the Board, our program. It is unique to this program and it is how we keep ourselves informed in a way that does not wait for years of research. We have people who are on the ground reporting their experiences in unique locations across this really large State. And I think everyone has emphasized the tremendous value of these reports in that regard. And it doesn't have to relate just to the Board's authority. The subsistence way of life is really broad, expansive, human lifeway and so many things are relevant to the subsistence way of life and there's so many different issues that the Board I think would welcome being informed on as you make decisions

on fish and wildlife -- the fish and wildlife regulatory process. Not all of it is within your scope of authority, but it's all relevant.

And so that's real -- that's not speaking directly to your question so I'm going to roll myself back in and go back to your question on letter writing and the Western Interior. There are also challenges as we work our way through the process. Sometimes tracking letters sometimes to the Board, sometimes through the Board in this program to other agencies and within OSM we are working on processes, tools to track all of the letters and all of the correspondence as it comes and goes. We've just come out of a lean period in regard to staffing and I think as we've staffed up and we have now a full Regional Advisory Council Coordination Division and we have new people on the leadership team, both understanding the value of the annual reports, the values of Board replies, how we can be effective in this process and developing tools to support that process, this these are discussions we're having on the leadership team at OSM and these are processes that we hope to develop quickly.

Again -- so I'm really giving you a status update rather than a solid answer.

Thank you, Madame Chair.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for that response. I appreciate it. Does anybody else have any questions or clarifications on the process.

MR. SCHMID: Madame Chair, just one -- I think -- Forest Service, Dave Schmid here. Thanks so much, Robbin. You answered a lot of my questions I think by just sharing that. It was around correspondence, data base or tracking and timeliness, I think are -- we were -- all of our agencies tend to be challenged and I think OSM is no shortage of that with staffing and capacity and sounds like we've added to that and we've got something in place. And I think if anything just timeliness is usually one of the biggest factors, I saw it was brought up in a few places.

Thank you.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes, thank you for

that. I for one -- I really appreciate those annual reports personally because, you know, my experience living in the Interior of Alaska is much different than somebody who lives in Southeast Alaska or, you know, or on the Yukon Delta. So I definitely appreciate the information that I get from those and, you know, all of the I guess work that those Regional Advisory Councils put into those reports and all the discussion that they have. That's informed me in a lot of different ways that I wouldn't have been informed otherwise.

So thank you for that. If there's no further questions for Ms. LaVine, we'll move on to number 6, the AITRC community hunt framework revision.

MS. GREDIGAN: All right. Thank you, Madame Chair, members of the Board. For the record my name is Lisa Gredigan and I'm the Wildlife Division Supervisor with the Office of Subsistence Management. I am presenting an overview of the revisions to the Ahtna InterTribal Resource Commission community harvest framework which can be found on Page 117 of your meeting books.

The Board approved this framework in January, 2021, but as a result of the Board's adoption of wildlife proposal WP22-36 in April, 2022, several revisions to this framework are needed. The major changes to the framework are highlighted in yellow in your meeting books. These revisions have been reviewed and agreed upon by Federal agency staff, the Solicitor and representatives from AITRC. Specifically the framework was revised to include language as well as a map of where the community harvest system applies in unit 12 and clarified the use of designated hunters for participants and nonparticipants in the community harvest system.

Thank you, Madame Chair, that concludes my presentation and I'd be happy to answer any questions.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Does anybody have any questions or clarifications.

(No comments)

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: If not, it looks like we have a testimony request from Ms. Linda Pete.

1 MS. PETE: Good morning. My name is Linda Pete, I am from Gakona Village and I'm currently 2 the Chair of the Ahtna InterTribal Resource Commission and I'm here in support of the hunt and the map that she's talking about is part of our traditional hunting 5 I think it's been documented throughout the 6 area. 7 years where Ahtna people hunted and still do hunt. It's partly in the State system too that the unit 11, 9 12 and 13 is our hunting area. So I think the revision 10 the hunt is good. And I also wanted to say that 11 with Covid barriers through -- in the -- since the hunt 12 started, it's been slow, but things should get better 13 as people are getting around more. And that, you know, 14 when Karen comes to the meetings and speaks on behalf 15 of the villages, she does have all the support and she speaks for our people. So it's not -- you know, I just 16 want people to know that she speaks for our villages. 17 18 And I believe that the administration and Board should 19 support this hunt and, you know, when we all work 20 together things should be good for everyone. 22 So thank you. 24

21

23

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. anybody have any questions for Ms. Pete at this time.

25 26 27

(No comments)

28 29

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Is -- is there any testimony online. I forgot to ask that earlier, I'm sorry.

31 32 33

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MS. PETE: Are you done with me?

34 35

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes. Yes, if you're done. Thank you.

36 37

> MS. DETWILER: Rhonda, I don't think Robbin heard you.

39 40 41

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ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Oh, I'm sorry. Robbin, was there any requests for testimony from the phone lines from anybody who's on the phone.

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MS. LaVINE: We asked the operator to provide....

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48 OPERATOR: Thank you. We will now 49 begin the comment section of this call. If you'd like

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 1
    to make a comment please press Star, one, unmute your
    phone and record your name. Your name is required to
    introduce your comment. If you need to withdraw please
 4
    press Star, two.
 5
 6
                    Thank you.
 7
 8
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Is there anyone
 9
    online willing to comment today.
10
11
                    OPERATOR: I'm showing no comment.
12
13
                    Thank you.
14
                                            Thank you for
15
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA:
    that. At this time I'd like to ask for a Board motion
16
17
    to approve the revisions.
18
19
                    MS. DETWILER: Madame Chair....
20
21
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA:
                                            Oh, I'm sorry.
22
    You hit Star, one to make a comment at this time.
23
24
                    OPERATOR:
                                Yes.
                                       Again as a reminder
25
                   Star, one, if you would like to make a
    please press,
26
    comment and press Star, two to withdraw your comment.
27
28
                     (Pause)
29
30
                    OPERATOR:
                                 Okay.
                                          I'm showing
                                                         no
31
     comment, thank you, at this time.
32
33
                    MR. BROWER: Madame Chair.
34
35
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes.
36
37
                    MR. BROWER: So, you know, to make a
38
    motion, I would make a motion to approve the AITRC
39
     community hunt framework revision.
40
41
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA:
                                           Okay.
42
     right now we're still waiting for a couple minutes for
43
     comments. We heard that Karen Linnell was trying to
     comment. It's a little bit awkward right now.....
44
45
46
                    MR. BROWER: Okay.
47
48
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: ....because we're
49
    on the phone line and I.....
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0040 1 MR. BROWER: Okav. 2 3 ACTING CHAIR PITKA:forgot 4 mention that on the phone. So you hit Star, one to make a comment and I think Star, two to record or 5 6 something. I didn't hear that last part. 7 8 Thank you. 9 10 MR. BROWER: Thank you, Madame Chair. 11 12 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yep. So hold the 13 motion for a moment until..... 14 15 MR. BROWER: I will withdraw my motion 16 for now until the comments are done. 17 18 Thank you. 19 20 OPERATOR: AS a reminder if you would 21 like to make a comment please press Star, one, unmute 22 your phone and record your name. Your name is required 23 to introduce your comment. If you need to withdraw 24 your comment please press Star, two. Again to ask --25 I'm sorry, to make a comment please press Star, one. 26 27 (Pause) 28 29 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Operator, do you 30 see Karen Linnell's line, she's trying to unmute her 31 line to get through to make a comment and it doesn't 32 seem like she can. She says she can't get the operator 33 to see her call. 34 35 OPERATOR: I don't have any signals and 36 I have two screens up. All participants are in listen 37 To be placed into the queue press Star, one only mode. 38 and it's going to pop up in another window for me. 39 40 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Oh, okay. 41 42 (Pause) 43 44 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: So it doesn't seem 45 like it's working for several people online right now. 46 Is there another way, operator, that we can open lines? 47 48 OPERATOR: Yes, ma'am. 49

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0041
 1
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Okay. Let's try
 2
    that, let's open lines and then ask everybody to mute.
 3
 4
                    OPERATOR: Okay. So you would like for
 5
    me to open all lines?
 6
 7
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes, for the next
 8
    few moments, please.
9
10
                    OPERATOR: Thank you. One moment.
11
12
                    (Teleconference interference
13
    participants not muted).
14
15
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: I hear somebody
16
    now.
17
18
                    OPERATOR: All lines are open. To mute
19
    your phone please press Star, six.
20
21
                    MS. LINNELL: Hello.
22
23
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Hi. We can hear
24
    you. Hello. Please state your name for the record.
25
26
                    (Teleconference interference
27
    participants not muted).
28
29
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: You have a lot of
30
   background noise.
31
32
                    MS. LINNELL: Hello.
33
34
                    (Laughter)
35
36
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA:
                                          Can everybody
37
    please mute their lines while we have testimony and
38
    then I'll call on people.
39
40
                    MS. LINNELL: Hello.
41
42
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Is that you, Karen
43
    Linnell. I got a message that you.....
44
45
                    MS. LINNELL: Karen's on the phone.
46
47
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA:
                                          I got a message
48
    that you were trying to comment on the -- on the
49
    community harvest framework.
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(Teleconference interference participants not muted).

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MS. LINNELL: Yes, I was. wanted to thank the OSM Staff, the Federal Subsistence Board, Southcentral and Eastern Interior RACs working through this process. Being able to finalize and get a description of the hunt area in GMU 12 was an important piece to our hunt. As Linda said this is where our community members and tribal members have hunted for generations. I'd also like to especially thank Barbara Cellarius and Lisa Gredigan for their support in this process, define -- getting a definition that will work and can be described in words rather than in pictures was an important part to this and it was feeling very cumbersome and difficult to do and they were able to work through that with us and we found something that worked for -- for -- for all of So I appreciate that very much and I'm glad to see that this part of our process is -- is done. And again I want to thank you, the Board, for your support in this effort.

22 23 24

Thank you.

25 26

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you, Mrs. Linnell, I appreciate that.

27 28 29

I believe Jim Simon was also going to comment. Are you on the line, Jim?

30 31 32

(No comments)

33 34

OPERATOR: Please press Star one, to unmute your phone and record your name. Star, one.

35 36 37

Jim, your line is open.

38 39

Hello. Can you hear me MR. SIMON: now?

ACTING CHAIR PITKA:

Yes.

Please go

40 41

42

ahead.

43 44

45

MR. SIMON: Thank you. Thank you, 46 Madame Chair. Star, one finally worked. Yeah, I'm a --47 my name is Jim Simon, I'm a consultant with the Ahtna Intertribal Resource Commission. And I just -- to 49 follow-up with what our Executive Director, Karen

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0043
    Linnell, just said about thanking everyone for their
    hard work on this. I also wanted to thank them for
    adding the specific language to address the concerns
    previously expressed by the Department of Fish and Game
    and providing weekly harvest reports even if the
    harvest is zero. Hopefully that will satisfy everyone
 6
 7
    involved.
 8
 9
                    Thank you very much.
10
11
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for your
12
    comments. I appreciate it.
13
14
                    Were there any more comments, operator?
15
16
                    OPERATOR:
                              Ms. Gloria, your line is
17
    open.
18
19
                    MS. STICKWAN:
                                   I just want to say I
20
    support the community harvest hunt and the definition
21
    that was included for Unit 12 too of that area in Unit
22
    12. Southcentral was a part of this and I'm glad AITRC
23
    supports this proposal as well as Eastern Interior and
24
    Wrangell-St. Elias.
25
26
                    (Teleconference
                                        interference
27
    participants not muted)
28
29
                    MS. STICKWAN: Barbara Cellarius helped
30
    with that as well as there's good collaboration, I'm
31
    glad to see that something's going hopefully be
32
    finalized.
33
34
                    Thank you.
35
36
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: I'm sorry, ma'am.
37
    Did you -- can you please state your name for the
38
    record. I heard Gloria, but I didn't hear your last
39
    name.
40
41
                    MS. STICKWAN: Gloria Stickwan.
42
43
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Oh, sorry.
44
    ahead.
45
46
                    MS. STICKWAN: Gloria Stickwan.
47
48
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Oh, sorry. Gloria
49
                Hi, Gloria. It's very nice to hear your
    Stickwan.
50
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0044 voice. Thank you for your comment. 2 3 Was there anybody else online. 4 5 OPERATOR: I show no further comments 6 in queue. 7 8 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. So now 9 at this time I'd like to -- oh, sorry. 10 11 MS. GREDIGAN: Thank you, Madame Chair. 12 Lisa Gredigan with OSM for the record. And I would 13 just like to thank Karen and Jim and everyone at AITRC 14 for working for OSM through this process. As they 15 mentioned it's been a long time coming. We spent years getting to this point so again I'd also like to extend 16 17 thanks to everyone at AITRC for working with us to get 18 this system on the ground and finally crossing the 19 finishing line. 20 Thank you. 21 22 23 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yeah. Thank you 24 for that. I believe when I first got appointed to the 25 Board in 2017 this first came up so it's definitely 26 been a long process. That's sometimes how the Federal 27 government works, long and slow. I appreciate everybody's hard work on this. 28 29 30 So at this time I'd like to ask for a 31 motion to approve the revisions. 32 33 MR. HILDERBRAND: Madame Chair, this is 34 Park Service. I'd like to make a motion to approve the 35 revisions to the AITRC community harvest system 36 framework as outlined in our background materials. 37 38 Thank you. 39 40 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for that 41 motion. At this time I'd like to entertain a second. 42 43 MR. BROWER: Second. 44 45 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Was that you, 46 Charlie Brower? 47 48 MR. BROWER: Second by Public Member 49 Charlie Brower, yes.

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0045
 1
                   ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you.
 2
    clear for the record. Is there any further questions
   or discussions on the -- on the motion or the
 4
    information.
 5
 6
                    (No comments)
 7
 8
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: If not, can we
9
   have a roll call vote, please.
10
11
                   MS. DETWILER:
                                    Yes.
                                            Motion is to
12
    approve the AITRC revisions. Starting with the maker
13
    of the motion, National Park Service,
14
    Hilderbrand.
15
16
                   MR. HILDERBRAND:
                                          Park Service
17
    approves.
18
19
                   MS. DETWILER: Fish and Wildlife
20
    Service, Sara Boario.
21
                   MS. BOARIO: Fish and Wildlife Service
22
23
    approves.
24
25
                   MS. DETWILER: Thank you, Sara.
26
27
                   BIA, Glenn Chen.
28
29
                    MR. CHEN: The BIA supports the motion.
30
    And we would like to extend our appreciation to all the
31
    OSM Staff and AITRC folks that made this possible.
32
33
                    Thank you.
34
35
                    MS. DETWILER:
                                   Thank you. Bureau of
36
    Land Management, Steve Cohn.
37
38
                   MR.
                         COHN:
                                   The
                                        Bureau of Land
39
    Management approves.
40
                    MS. DETWILER: Forest Service,
41
42
    Schmid.
43
44
                   MR. SCHMID: Forest Service approves.
45
46
                   MS. DETWILER: Public Member Charlie
47
    Brower.
48
49
                   MR. BROWER: Approve. Public Member
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0046 Charlie Brower. 2 3 MS. DETWILER: Thank you. And finally 4 Public Member Rhonda Pitka. 5 6 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes, I support the 7 And thanks to everybody for the -- for the long road that this took and all the work that went 9 into it to form this cooperative agreement. 10 11 Thank you. 12 13 MS. DETWILER: Thank you. 14 passes unanimously. 15 16 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. 17 at Wildlife Temporary Special Action Request, WSA22-02. 18 19 MS. DETWILER: Madame Chair. 20 21 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes. 22 23 MS. DETWILER: Let's see, this special action request, there are some people who were 24 interested in testifying and so we told them that we 25 26 would start this item at 3:00 p.m. today so that they 27 would know when to call in to testify. 28 29 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Oh, okay. Great. 30 So if it's okay with the Board we'll move number 7 to 31 3:00 p.m. 32 33 Were there any other changes. 34 35 MS. DETWILER: Madame Chair, the next 36 item number 8 I believe we may have been still doing 37 some final edits to the presentation on the Yukon Council letter to the Board on salmon by-catch and I 38 39 would just ask if anybody in the room here knows whether we would be ready to proceed with that item. 40 41 But yes, I'm being told that we are. 42 43 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Okay. So we're on 44 agenda item number 8, joint Yukon Council's letter to 45 the Board on salmon by-catch. 46 47 MS. McDAVID: Thank you, Madame Chair, 48 members of the Board. For the record my name is Brooke 49 McDavid and I'm the Council Coordinator for the Yukon-

Kuskokwim Delta and Eastern Interior Regional Advisory Councils. Today I will be presenting some background information to the Board about a joint letter sent to the Board by four Councils with customary and traditional use determinations for salmon in the Yukon, Kuskokwim and Unalakleet River drainages. A copy of my presentation is available on the table at the back of the room if you would like a copy.

The four Councils that were signatories to the letter include the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta, the Seward Peninsula, the Western Interior and the Eastern Interior Councils. As this is an action item I will end my presentation with some potential actions that the Board may wish to consider in response to this letter.

Slide two, please.

The context of the joint Council letter centers on the topic of salmon by-catch in the Bering Sea Aleutian Island or BSAI Groundfish Management Area. This area is in Federal marine waters off the coast of western Alaska and the Aleutian Island chain. It's shown on the dark gray area on the map on slide two.

Magnuson-Stevens The Act is Conservation and Management the primary legislation governing management of fisheries in this region. The Act authorizes the North Pacific Fishery Management Council to develop the fisheries management plan for this region. That plan has been approved by the Secretary of Commerce. Members of the North Pacific Fishery Management Council include government agency representatives and members of the public appointed from the States of Alaska and Washington. In-season fishery management is carried out by the National Marine Fisheries Service housed under NOAA and the Department of Commerce.

Salmon in the BSAI Management Area are caught incidentally in offshore commercial trawl fisheries targeting groundfishes and primarily pollack — in the pollack trawl fishery. Salmon are considered a prohibited catch species and cannot be retained for sale. There are hardcap limits in place for chinook salmon at 60,000 fish and in years of low abundance that cap is 45,000 fish. There are no by-catch hardcaps in place for chum salmon at this time.

Additionally management of fisheries in this area utilizes a variety of by-catch avoidance measures and requires 100 percent observer coverage on fishing vessels.

Slide three, please.

Salmon by-catch in the BSAI trawl fisheries is not a new concern for subsistence users. Concerns for chinook and chum -- chum salmon by-catch been raised continuously by Councils for approximately two decades. And Councils began to voice their concerns around the $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$ year 2000 when Yukon River salmon returns declined and subsistence salmon fishing became restricted or closed while marine commercial Over time the Councils have fisheries continued. written numerous letters to the North Pacific Fishery Management Council expressing concerns about by-catch, requesting lower by-catch caps and subsistence user representation on the North Pacific Fishery Management Council. In the past the Federal Subsistence Board has elevated Councils' salmon by-catch and subsistence user representation concern to the Secretaries of Interior and Agriculture. The Board has also provided comments and recommendations to the North Pacific Management Council and National Marine Fishery Service regarding by-catch during the EIS and Management Plan scoping processes.

Slide four, please.

So the impetus for the current joint Council letter before the Board began in the summer of 2021 when there were record low returns of Yukon River chinook and summer and fall chum salmon. Although the low chinook salmon returns were predicted, the low — the extremely low salmon returns were not. Subsistence fishing was completely shut down on the Yukon and it was heavily restricted on the Kuskokwim. Most escapement goals were not met nor were Yukon River salmon treaty obligations. During that same summer approximately 16,000 chinook and over 500,000 chum salmon were by-caught in the BSAI trawl fisheries.

The -- only a portion of the BSAI salmon by-catch comes from Western Alaska and upper Yukon River stocks and even less would actually return to their natal streams, the sentiment of the concerned Councils is that every fish matters for the

sustainability of these stocks. Additionally Councils have expressed that they feel it is inequitable for commercial fishers in marine waters to harvest salmon bound for AYK drainages when subsistence fishing is closed or heavily restricted in river.

Slide five.

So at their fall Council meeting in 2021 the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta Council voted to write a letter to the North Pacific Fishery Management Council and they asked three other western Alaska and Yukon River Councils to be signatories for that letter and their hope was to present a stronger and more unified voice on this issue. They also voted to have the Board elevate their concerns. In January of this year the Secretary of Commerce made a disaster declaration for 2020 Yukon and Kuskokwim salmon fisheries and 2021 Yukon salmon fisheries.

At the winter Council meetings this year in February and March the other three Councils were presented the draft letter from the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta and they all voted to support and sign the letter. Some of those Councils suggested modifications and following the Council meetings the four Councils came to a consensus and submitted a final letter to the North Pacific Fishery Management Council in April of this year. In June that letter was also submitted as a public comment during the North Pacific Fishery Management Council meeting and in June is also when the four Councils forwarded that letter to the Board along with an additional letter.

Next slide.

So I'll briefly highlight the request made in each of those letters. First the joint Council addressed to the North Pacific Management Council. This letter can be found on page 176 of your meeting books. And this letter contains four requests. Those requests are one, to immediately reduce Bering Sea Aleutian Islands chinook salmon bycatch hardcap to 16,000 fish and to further reduce it to 10,000 fish within one year. Number 2, to immediately implement a chum salmon by-catch hardcap of 250,000 fish and to further reduce it to 150,000 fish Number 3, to require 24/7 video within one year. monitoring coverage on all trawl fishing vessels. And

number 4, to add two subsistence or tribal representative seats to the North Pacific Fishery Management Council and to require that these representatives have no direct ties to community development quota or CDQ fisheries.

In regard to the first two requests on this slide, to immediately reduce by-catch levels, this would require an emergency action and the emergency rule authority in the BSAI Management Area ultimately rests with the Secretary of Commerce. NOAA policy dictates specific criteria for what constitutes an emergency and outlines justifications for the use of emergency action. This policy is attached as an enclosure to the joint Council letter to the Board and can be found on page 186 of your meeting books. It should be noted that the Department of Commerce's emergency rule guidelines are very similar to our own programs special actions regulations and policy.

And regarding number 4 on this list, permanently adding subsistence or tribal seats to the North Pacific Fishery Management Council, that would require amending the Magnuson-Stevens Act which would be an act of Congress. There were two U.S. House bills introduced in 2021 including one by late Representative Don Young which sought to add language to the Act requiring tribal or subsistence representation. But so far those bills have not made it out of Committee.

Next slide, please.

supplemental letter The from the Councils to the Board can be found on page 173 of your meeting books. And it contains the following three requests. Number 1, to elevate the concerns expressed in the joint Council letter to the North Pacific Fishery Management Council to the Secretaries of Interior and Commerce. Number 2, to officially petition National Marine Fisheries Service to use emergency rule authority to reduce or set hardcaps on salmon in the BSAI trawl fisheries. And number 3, to ask the Secretary of Interior to urge the Secretary of Commerce and National Marine Fishery Service to take these actions.

 $$\operatorname{And}$$ finally on the following slide I will suggest some potential actions that the Board may wish to consider.

The first action that the Board may wish to consider is writing a letter to the Secretaries of Interior and Agriculture to notify them of the Councils' concerns and requests. The Board has sent similar correspondence to the past Secretaries. And the second action the Board may wish to consider is writing a letter to the Secretary of Commerce to notify her of the joint Councils' concerns and their request for her to use emergency action authority to immediately reduce or implement by-catch hardcaps for salmon.

 At this time OSM is not recommending that the Board officially petition National Marine Fishery Service yourselves and this is because of the propriety of that action. And I believe our Solicitor, Ken Lord, would be able to answer additional questions that the Board may have about that.

The Board may also combine options number 1 and number 2 and finally the Board may choose to defer or to take no action.

Madame Chair, members of the Board, that concludes my presentation. Thank you very much and myself and other Staff are ready to take questions if you have any.

Thank you.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. I'd like to open up the floor for Board questions at this time.

MR. BROWER: Madame Chair.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes, Mr. Brower.

MR. BROWER: On the third one where it's not recommended to make their -- a letter to or notify National Marine Fisheries, is it because they're a different agency or they override Wildlife Service or what can -- I need some direction there why we can't do that.

MS. McDAVID: Madame Chair.

48 MR. LORD: Madame Chair, this is Ken.

0052 1 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes. Go ahead, 2 please. 3 4 MR. LORD: Because -- let me explain, 5 I'm not -- there's some concerns here. No one is 6 saying that the Board cannot do this, but if you look 7 down the delegated authorities that the Secretary gave to the Board, if you look down that list, it's not 9 really clear where the Board was given the authority to 10 do this. So it -- you know, I'd leave it to the 11 Board's discretion about whether or not they think it's a good idea, but I just wanted to point that out is all 12 13 as something that caught my attention. 14 15 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: So I think what 16 Charlie's concern was..... 17 18 MR. BROWER: Thank you. 19 20 ACTING CHAIR PITKA:was -- are 21 you saying we don't have the authority to send a letter to the Secretary, that -- that's what he was concerned 22 23 about and questioning? 24 25

MR. LORD: Oh, Ι'm sorry, misunderstood the question. No, I -- there's no

problem sending a letter to the Secretaries at all. It was a petition to NMFS that I was focusing on.

MR. BROWER: Thank you.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Does anybody else have any questions or clarifications. I believe Fish and Wildlife Service is still online, do they have any questions? Sorry if I neglected to ask, you know, the online Board members.

MS. BOARIO: Madame Chair, this is Fish and Wildlife Service.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes. Go ahead, please.

MS. BOARIO: I'm having a hard time hearing just what everyone has already asked, but think I understood Ken's clarification there about petitioning the Sec -- NMFS and the Secretary of Commerce. I was wondering though about in terms of elevating it to the Secretary of Interior what the

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Board has done in the past. And if I missed that in the presentation I apologize, but just looking for clarity there. And I guess along those lines if we have elevated in the past what was the content of our — that letter and what might — how might the content look different this time?

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thanks for the question. Go ahead.

MS. McDAVID: Through the Chair. In 2014 the Board sent a letter to the Secretaries of Interior and Agriculture and the content of that letter was focused on subsistence representation on the North Pacific Fishery Management Council. Three Councils had raised that concern in their annual reports and so the Board chose to forward those concerns onto the Secretaries at that time. That was the only elevation of an issue similar to the one at hand that I'm familiar with, but perhaps other Staff may have additional input.

Thank you.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Ken Lord, do you have additional input?

MR. LORD: Madame Chair, it has not been uncommon for the Board to elevate issues to the Secretaries in the past, but I don't know the details of this particular issue.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you.

MR. CHEN: Madam Chair, BIA.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Go ahead.

 MR. CHEN: Thank you, Madame Chair. Brooke, if the Board decides to take up option one and prepare a letter for the Secretaries do you have an anticipated time frame for when this would happen?

MS. McDAVID: I would ask that some of our other Staff potentially weigh in on that, but it shouldn't take particularly long.

MR. BROWER: Madame Chair.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: It looked like Robbin LaVine was going to make a comment or a clarification.

MR. BROWER: Oh, sorry. Sorry.

MS. LaVINE: Madame Chair and all of those listening online, this is Robbin LaVine, Subsistence Policy Coordinator with OSM. And Board member, Mr. Chen, asked about the timing of a response to elevate the letter to the Secretaries of Interior And I would just note that and and Agriculture. confirm that as Brooke said this is part of our flurry of activities immediately following almost any Board meeting, we look at all the action items that are left to follow-up on upon completion of our proceedings and so it would happen as Brooke said pretty quickly.

And so I would -- and I actually would just like to note for everybody here this is Brooke McDavid, one of our brand new people and she did a spectacular job preparing for this issue. So anyway as a membership of the leadership team we would support our Staff in following up really quickly on this issue.

Thank you, Madame Chair.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. And thank you the question.

MS. BOARIO: Madame Chair, Fish and Wildlife Service.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes. Go ahead.

MS. BOARIO: Thank you. I'm wondering if there are other actions the Board can take outside of the specific request in this letter. So in addition to elevating it to the Secretary of Interior I'm wondering if we might be able to invite members of the North Pacific Fishery Management Council into some kind of joint session. I feel like that was in the RAC responses list as a potential item, something along those lines of meeting with the Council or somehow connecting with the Council more closely. And then I'm also wondering if it's worth exploring shared or more collaborative research opportunities with the Council. I think that was also in the RAC requests looking at more research opportunities around. So just wondering

0055 if there's more that we can do beyond what's in this letter based on other feedback we've gotten. 3 4 MS. LaVINE: Madame Chair. 5 6 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Go ahead. 7 8 MS. LaVINE: Through the Chair. 9 is Robbin LaVine. And I apologize for not being better 10 prepared to respond to Board member Boario's questions 11 and I would ask if there are more seasoned members of 12 the Federal Subsistence Management Program including 13 our Solicitor that may respond to that question again 14 for additional actions that Board members can take 15 relative to their own positions within their agencies 16 to be responsive to this issue. 17 18 Am Ι summarizing your request 19 correctly, Sara? 20 21 Thank you, Madame Chair. 22 23 MS. BOARIO: Oh, thanks, Robbin. 24 guess that could be one question and maybe it was more a question to the full Board about are there other 25 26 actions we can contemplate collectively and Ken might 27 have a perspective on that as well. And I thought I 28 saw in the RAC the table of kind of RAC interest 29 responses that was presented earlier something about 30 potentially a joint session or somehow a connection 31 between the Federal Subsistence Board and the North 32 Pacific Fishery Management Council. I'm wondering if 33 that's a possibility or if it's been done before? 34 35 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Ken, are you 36 online? 37 38 MR. LORD: I am on -- yes, Madame 39 Chair. Thank you. It has not been done before, but I 40 know of no reason why it couldn't be done. 41 42 MS. BOARIO: Thank you. 43 44 MS. McDAVID: Madame Chair, I'd like to 45 also respond to Member Boario, please. 46 47 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes, please.

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49 50 Thank you.

0056 1 MS. McDAVID: Through the Chair, member Boario. This is Council Coordinator, Brooke McDavid. I would also just like to let you know that at the upcoming fall meetings for these four Councils we will be reaching out to North Pacific Fishery Management Council to see if they can provide an update to the 7 Councils on these issues. 9 Thank you. 10 11 MS. BOARIO: Thank you. 12 13 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for that 14 response, I appreciate it. 15 16 Did they answer all of your questions, 17 Fish and Wildlife Service? 18 19 MS. BOARIO: Madame Chair, thank you. 20 You -- I guess I would still leave it out there and 21 maybe for consideration that we might as a Board invite 22 the North Pacific Fishery Management Council to some 23 kind of joint session. And it seems like in the 24 absence of recognizing that to change the Council and 25 add more tribal representation, for example, that would 26 be an Act of Congress, by having a joint session we 27 could ensure a broader perspective is presented in a session like that. And it might be a tool 28 that's 29 available to us in addition to having the Council go 30 and present -- Council representatives go and present 31 at the RAC. 32 33 So just I guess a suggestion or hear 34 back from other members I guess at some point. 35 36 Thank you. 37 38 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. 39 think that could be included in a motion perhaps as one 40 of our action items. 41 42 (Teleconference interference 43 participants not muted - garbled) 44 45 MR. HILDERBRAND:with that 46 Fishery Board I see a lot of utility and improved 47 communication there. So I think I'm less inclined to 48 go the formal petition route, but I'm being long-

winded. I guess what I'd like to say is rather than

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just express concern let's also express a willingness and potentially some ideas on how to communicate and collaborate better.

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ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for that suggestion, I appreciate it.

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MR. BROWER: Madame Chair.

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ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes, Mr. Brower.

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MR. BROWER: Just a question to Brooke regarding the number 2 I believe where they -- their request for a number of level to go -- I mean, dropping down to 100,000 or 150,000 then to 10,000. Then with this in mind, the direction to the -- to the fishery at this time they're at least -- I mean, there's no zero -- there's zero subsistence hunting -- subsistence fishing opportunity right now on both rivers and is that number pretty well satisfied to the need of the subsistence users, those numbers that you gave us, Brooke?

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MS. McDAVID: Through the Chair, member Brower. I will try to answer your question. So those numbers that I mentioned, those are the hardcap limits that were set by the North Pacific Fishery Management Council for chinook salmon. That's 60,000 fish, not all of those fish are necessarily bound for AYK rivers. And additionally because of mortality in the ocean environment not all of those fish that are by-caught would have returned either. The hardcaps suggested by the four joint Councils are to reduce -- further reduce that number from the 60,000 down. And currently there is not a hardcap for chum salmon by-catch and so the Councils are requesting that the North Pacific Fishery Management Council implement or to put into place a hardcap. And they're suggesting right now 250,000 fish and that would be approximately of what was by-caught At their June meeting the North Pacific in 2021. Fishery Management Council has been having discussions about potential for establishing a chum salmon or a salmon by-catch, but non-chinook they're discussing that and further researching options to possibly implement that in the future.

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Please let me know if that was helpful.

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MR. BROWER: Thank you. One final

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    question. One final question. I'm not aware that all
    salmon go -- by-catch is bound for western Arctic. Is
    that known -- known to be true or what or all salmon --
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    perhaps there's different migrations of certain salmon,
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    right?
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                    MS. McDAVID:
                                     I will answer your
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    question the best I can, Charlie. I'm certainly not an
    expert on by-catch in the marine fisheries, but in a
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    report that was put out by the North Pacific Fishery
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    Management Council they do genetic sampling of salmon
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    that are by-caught in the fisheries.
                                          And the results
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    that I'm looking at from their report show that
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    approximately 40 percent of chinook salmon are from AYK
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    drainages and approximately 15 percent of chum salmon
    by-caught are from western Alaska. But like I said I'm
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    just reading
                  that off of North Pacific Fishery
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    Management Council report, if anyone that might be an
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    expert on the subject wants to weigh in that would be
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    great.
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                    Thanks.
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                    MR. BROWER: Thank you. Just curious.
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                    MS. LaVINE: Madame Chair.
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes.
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                    MS. LaVINE:
                                  This is Robbin LaVine,
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          And I would also like to ask if any of our OSM
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    Fisheries Division Staff might be able to respond to
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    these questions. In addition I understand that the
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    Federal Fisheries Manager, Holly Carol, is also online
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    and may also be able to respond to these questions if
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    you ask her directly.
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                    Thank you, Madame Chair.
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes.
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    Scott, please respond.
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                    Thank you.
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                    MR. AYERS: Hi. This is Scott Ayers.
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    Can you all hear me?
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ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes. Go ahead.

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 MR. AYERS: I would just say that what Brooke has provided as background information is fully relevant to the question that Charlie has been asking. I believe Holly is online, but Holly is not an expert on the Bering Sea by-catch issue. She can certainly speak to what's been going on in the Yukon for the past number of years related to the chinook and all other salmon returns, if there's any information on that front that the Board would like to hear about.

I'm happy to answer any direct questions, if there are any others that are specific to me that I can help with. And otherwise I will sit back and let you all continue with your work.

 $\label{eq:ACTING_CHAIR_PITKA:} Acting Chair Pitka: Thank you. Are there any further questions?$

MR. COHN: Madame Chair, I'd like to ask a question.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Go ahead.

MR. COHN: This is Steve Cohn with the Bureau of Land Management and not being very familiar with the by-catch issue and the feasibility of -- I guess I have a question. Is it at all feasible that by-catch can be required to be retained and made available to help with the food insecurity issues?

MS. McDAVID: Through the Chair. I will tell you what I do know about that. I know that there is a program that the North Pacific Fishery Management Council currently has for some of those bycaught salmon to be redistributed to Alaskan communities. And I believe it is called the Sea Share Program. But I don't have any more details than that.

Thank you.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: I could probably speak to that a little bit. The people on the Yukon River wish to fish for salmon in the river themselves, they don't wish to get the fish that's usually given to the Seattle -- what are they called, Food Box Programs. That's where they're usually distributed to is Seattle and they're canned. So we -- yeah, we would definitely prefer to fish for our own fish in our own traditional territory.

0060 1 Are there any other questions 2 specifically on the.... 3 4 MR. SCHMID: Madame Chair. 5 6 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Go ahead. 7 8 MR. SCHMID: Just one 9 clarification. So as I understood it would take 10 Congress to actually amend the Act to provide for other 11 seats or additional seats on the Council; is that correct? 12 13 14 MS. McDAVID: Through the Chair, member 15 Yes, that's correct to add permanent -- a permanent requirement that those seats be added to the 16 17 Council. Currently the Governor of Alaska does submit 18 names, he nominates people to fill those seats and --19 when they become vacant. So that could be another 20 option, but it's not a permanent option. 21 22 Thank you. 23 24 MR. SCHMID: Yeah, thank you. would share I know we did -- hosted some national 25 26 consultation with tribes across Alaska late last winter 27 and this did come up as an issue I think before it was 28 the Assistant Secretary of Congress that did hear and 29 respond to that. But.... 30 31 Thanks. 32 33 MR. BROWER: Madame Chair. 34 35 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes. Go ahead. 36 37 Are you done, I was just MR. BROWER: 38 going to -- I had a question. In light of what he just 39 said can we also write to our Alaskan Delegation in regards to the issue. I know that they know pretty 40 41 well what's happening, but maybe we get some letters --42 our concerns to them we might get more support as they 43 are able to to Department of Commerce or National 44 Fisheries. Just a con -- just a thought. 45 46 MS. McDAVID: Madame Chair, I would ask 47 that that question be deferred to Ken Lord, please.

49 Thank you. 50

0061 1 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. 2 Lord, can you answer that one? 3 4 MR. LORD: Well, the -- we have to be a 5 little cautious about not violating the Hatch Act, but I'm sure there's a way to bring it to their attention 6 7 although I suspect they already know about it. I can work with OSM to try and put something together if 8 9 that's what the Board wants. 10 11 MS. BOARIO: Madame Chair. 12 13 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes, Sara. 14 15 MS. BOARIO: Fish and Wildlife Service. 16 17 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Go ahead. 18 19 MS. BOARIO: Ken, I'm wondering if we 20 do send a letter to the Secretaries of Interior and Agriculture alerting them to this and with additional 21 22 information could we just copy the Delegation on that? 23 24 MR. LORD: I think that's an excellent 25 plan. 26 27 MS. BOARIO: Okay. Madame Chair, may I 28 call the motion? 29 30 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Go ahead. 31 32 Madame Chair, I move to MS. BOARIO: approve a letter to the Secretaries of Interior and 33 34 Agriculture to alert them to this issue with an 35 overview as to what was described in the presentation 36 by OSM and what the Councils have asked for and ask the 37 Secretaries of Interior and Agriculture to liaise with 38 their peer at Commerce on this to explore engagement 39 and relationship building between our agencies to addresses salmon migratory life cycles and by-catch 40 41 holistically. And I also move to invite North Pacific 42 Fisheries Council management members and Staff to our 43 next meeting to discuss this issue together. 44 45 Thank you, Madame Chair. 46

MR. BROWER:

Public Member Brower.

Second, Madame Chair.

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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for the
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    motion and the second. Are there questions on the
    motion.
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                    (No comments)
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Any discussion.
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                    MR. HILDERBRAND: Yeah, this is -- just
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    a -- this is Grant with Park Service. I'm definitely
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     in support of the motion I guess and if I'm not in
    protocol please let me know. I did have a question for
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    Brooke. You mentioned that there was limitations on
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    adding permanent seats to the North Pacific Fishery
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    Management Group, is it possible to request that they
    add temporary or advisory seats to that Board? I don't
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    mean to put you on the spot, when you used the word
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    permanent I was -- I was curious if there was something
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    intermediate we could consider.
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                    Thanks.
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                    MS. McDAVID: Through the Chair, member
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    Hilderbrand. I believe the -- that the only other way
    for temporary seats would be through the Governor
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     nominating someone to fill those seats.
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                    Thank you.
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                    MR. HILDERBRAND: Thank you.
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for that
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    answer. Are there any further questions on the -- on
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    the motion or any other discussion on it.
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                    (No comments)
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: If not, I believe
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    I heard somebody say question.
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                    MR. BROWER: Question called for.
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you, Sir.
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                    MR. BROWER: .....Madame Chair.
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                    ACTING
                             CHAIR
                                     PITKA:
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     appreciate that. Can we have a roll call vote, please.
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                    MS. DETWILER: Yes. To adopt the
    motion as presented by Fish and Wildlife Service and
    I'll start with Fish and Wildlife Service.
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                    Sara Boario.
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                    MS. BOARIO: I vote to approve.
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                    MS. DETWILER: Thank you.
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                    National Park Service.
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                    MR. HILDERBRAND: Park Service votes to
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    approve.
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                    MS. DETWILER: Thank you.
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                    BIA, Glenn Chen.
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                    MR. CHEN: BIA supports the motion.
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                    MS. DETWILER: Steve Cohn, BLM.
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                    MR. COHN: BLM votes to approve.
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                    MS. DETWILER: Thank you.
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                    Dave Schmid.
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                    MR. SCHMID Forest Service supports the
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    motion.
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                    MS. DETWILER: Thank you.
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                    Public Member Charlie Brower.
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                    MR. BROWER:
                                  Public member Charlie
38
    Brower approves.
39
40
                    MS. DETWILER: Thank you.
41
42
                    Finally, Rhonda Pitka.
43
44
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes, I support.
45
    And I'd like to thank you all for your support for
46
    these letters. It's been a very rough two years with
47
    no salmon on the Yukon River. The people on the river
48
    are facing a great depression right now and it's
49
    because of the lack of salmon in our river. And we --
50
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0064
    you know, at this time normally I would be at home
    fishing the last pulse, you know, and hopefully trying
    for some fall chum, but it -- it's just not possible
                   And the amount of whitefish is not
    right now.
 5
    comparable to the amount of salmon that we normally
 6
    would get.
 7
 8
                    So thank you for all your support on
 9
    this matter.
10
11
                    The motion passes. At this time I'd
12
     like to ask for a recess for lunch. What time do we
13
    come back?
14
15
                    MR. BROWER: 1:30.
16
17
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA:
                                         Thank you, member
18
    Brower. Okay. We will come back at 1:30 then. And we
19
    will start with number -- agenda item number 9 at 1:30
20
    p.m.
21
22
                    Thank you.
23
24
                     (Off record)
25
26
                     (On record)
27
28
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA:
                                                 Well,
29
     apologies, it's 1:35 now. I'm having a little bit too
30
    much fun with that gavel.
31
32
                     (Laughter)
33
34
                                          Somebody needs to
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA:
35
    come and take it away from me after.
36
37
                    Sue, can we do a roll call. Thank you.
38
39
                    MS. DETWILER: Thank you, Madame Chair.
40
     Just make sure we have a quorum of the Board.
41
42
                    Starting with National Park Service,
43
     Grant Hilderbrand.
44
                    MR. HILDERBRAND: Present.
45
46
47
                    MS. DETWILER: Thank you.
48
49
                    BLM, Steve Cohn.
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0065
 1
                    MR. COHN: Present.
 2
 3
                    MS. DETWILER: Fish and Wildlife
 4
     Service, Sara Boario.
 5
 6
                     (No comments)
 7
 8
                    MS. DETWILER: All right. Sara might
 9
     still be trying to get on.
10
11
                    Forest Service, Dave Schmid.
12
13
                    MR. SCHMID: Present.
14
15
                    MS. DETWILER: Thank you.
16
17
                    Public Member Rhonda Pitka, you are
18
    here.
19
20
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Here.
21
22
                    MS. DETWILER: Public Member Charlie
23
    Brower.
24
25
                     (No comments)
26
27
                    MS. DETWILER:
                                    I'll go back to see if
28
     Sara Boario has joined us.
29
30
                     (No comments)
31
32
                    MS. DETWILER: I understand Sara is
    going to have to leave a little early today so I don't
33
34
    know if Joe is -- oh, okay. Sara is responding.
35
36
                    Sara Boario, I want to make sure, are
37
     you online right now, I just got a chat from you saying
     you couldn't hear very well. So it's a reminder to all
38
39
     of us to speak loudly and directly into the microphone
40
     especially if we're here in the room.
41
42
                     So, Sara, are -- can you hear us now,
43
     are you in the meeting.
44
45
                    MS. BOARIO: Yes, I can hear you.
46
47
                    MS. DETWILER:
                                    Okay. And you're kind
48
     of breaking up, but we could hear that you're there.
49
     So....
50
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0066
 1
                    Thank you.
 2
 3
                    MS. BOARIO: Okay.
 4
 5
                    MS. DETWILER: And BIA, Glenn Chen.
 6
    we have all seven members who are here today here,
 7
    Madame Chair.
 8
9
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Public Member
10
    Charlie Brower.
11
12
                    (No comments)
13
14
                    MS. DETWILER: Oh, I apologize. I
15
    missed him.
16
17
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA:
                                         Okay.
                                                   Then
18
    guess we can get right into number 9, briefing Federal
    fisheries managers and delegation of authority.
20
21
                    MR. AYERS: Can you all hear me?
22
23
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Oh, you're really
24
    breaking up.
25
26
                    MR. AYERS: All right. Can you hear me
27
    any better now?
28
29
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Not -- not all the
30
    way.
31
32
                    MR. AYERS:
                                 All right.
                                               Let me try
    something else, hold on a moment.
33
34
35
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Okay. Thank you.
36
37
                    MR. AYERS: How about now?
38
39
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: That's better. We
40
    can hear you now.
41
42
                    MR.
                          AYERS:
                                   Okay.
                                                  Great.
43
    (Indiscernible - distortion)....
44
45
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Okay.
                                                   You're
46
    still kind of breaking up.
47
48
                    MR. AYERS: All right. Well, I'll try
49
    to go (indiscernible - distortion)....
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0067	
1 2 3	ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Okay. We can't hear you. It sounds like Charlie Brown.
4 5	(Laughter)
6 7 8 9	MS. WESSELS: Madame Chair, this is Katya. I wonder if the issue's at your end because we everyone on the phones can hear him really clearly.
10	ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Is it us?
11 12 13	REPORTER: It's us.
14 15 16 17	MS. WESSELS: Maybe something on that end. I can hear him really clearly and he's not breaking up at all.
18 19 20	ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Okay. Now you're breaking up. Okay. We'll try something.
21 22	MS. WESSELS: Yes.
23 24	ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Hold on.
25 26	MS. WESSELS: Because I'm on the phone.
27 28 29	ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Okay. Hold on for a few minutes and we'll see what we can do.
30 31	MS. WESSELS: Thank you.
32 33	(Off record comments - distortion)
34 35 36 37	ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Okay. Scott, I think you should just start a little bit and we'll stop you if we need to. Okay.
38 39 40	MR. AYERS: Okay. That sounds good. Thank you very much.
41 42 43	So again this is Scott Ayers, the Supervisor for the Fisheries Division at OSM.
44 45 46	ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Now it's not working. Okay. We'll try something else. Hold on.
47 48	(Off record comments - distortion)
4 9 5 0	ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Okay. So, Scott,

we're going to take some time and figure this one out and in the meantime we're going to go onto number 10 on our agenda and then we'll come back to you....

MR. AYERS: Okay.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA:I mean, if that's okay with the Board to give a little bit of leeway in this situation.

Thank you. Thank you all.

Okay. So number 10, Sitka Kaagwaantaan petition for Secretarial extension of jurisdiction.

Go ahead, Mr. Risdahl.

MR. RISDAHL: Thank you, Madame Chair, members of the Board. For the record my name is Greg Risdahl, I am the Subsistence Program Leader for the Forest Service and an Interagency Staff Committee member for the Forest Service. I'm going to give you an update on the Sitka Kaagwaantaan clan position for Secretarial extension of jurisdiction.

 In response to Board member Peltola's request at the last Board meeting we are providing the Board with an update on the Sitka Kaagwaantaan clan petition that -- dated October 16, 2020 for Secretarial extraterritorial jurisdiction over the herring fishery in Sitka Sound. I may say ETJ in the future here, it's quite a mouthful.

So the group is staffed from OSM and the Forest Service including Lori Cooper, special the Regional Forester, assistant to myself, Sue Detwiler, and Robbin LaVine and Theo Matuskowitz, Regulations Specialist at OSM, met on June 16th, 2022 to discuss the status of the Sitka Kaaqwaantaan petition and a path forward. We reviewed and agreed that the Secretarial ETJ expeditions are strictly under the authority of the Secretaries of the Interior and Agriculture because delegated authority was never granted to the Board specifically regarding applicability and scope and remains under the purview of the Secretaries in subpart (a).

Unfortunately the petition was not processed according to regulation and policy and as

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it was not acted upon during the Administration. That brings us to today. The plan is to offer quidance to the Kaaqwaantaan clan in resubmitting a petition that will be processed in accordance with Federal regulations, petitions for rulemaking under 43 CFR 14 and Board policy. So that means that the petition would be sent directly to the Department of the Interior first with a CC to the Department of Agriculture. The Board cannot submit a petition on a clan's behalf. Concurrently the Forest Service will speak to Harvey Kitka and we have been trying to get ahold of him by the way, representative for the Sita Kaagwaantaan clan petition about resubmitting their petition with the necessary information. Once the petition is forwarded and received by both Secretaries it will set in motion the process for the Secretaries to begin to take action.

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Just so folks understand what goes into one of these, there are three elements that need to be put into a petition before it can be reviewed and considered by the Department of Interior and USDA. Number 1, the area must first be clearly defined; number 2, subpart (a), Section 3 must be cited; and number 3, the petitioner must state exactly what they want. Therefore using this petition as an example the specific boundaries of Sitka Sound would be delineated; number 2, section 3 and subpart (a) would be cited in a statement saying something to the effect of exert Federal management authority over the herring fishery in Sitka Sound, not just Federal management, along with a clear and concise justification; number 3, finally the petition would specify the details of what the clan would like to see in their request such as the Federal Subsistence Board will develop seasons, season dates and harvest limits for the herring fishery in Sitka Sound.

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In addition to providing guidance to the Sitka Kaagwaantaan clan in how to resubmit a petition as previously outlined, we will ensure that it's processed correctly. OSM will follow-up with a response letter to the Southeast Regional Advisory Council to update the Council about the status of the clan's petition. This is because the Council had written a letter in support of the clan and requested a status update on the petition as well.

47 48 49

And with that I'll take any questions.

0070 1 Thank you. 2 3 MR. SCHMID: Madame Chair. 4 5 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes. 6 7 MR. SCHMID: Yeah, just a comment. want to apologize here on behalf of -- certainly on the 8 9 Forest Service and Department of Agriculture. As Greg 10 mentioned at the beginning when this petition came in 11 it went to the Secretary -- Secretary Perdue's office and the Alaska Administration. I did get a CC copy so 12 I was aware when it did go in and it took a long time 13 14 to get a response and I think the response was just 15 that we've got it and are reviewing it. And then unfortunately with the change in Administration and no 16 17 follow-up there it fell off of some of our radar screens here. And so it did come back to us through 18 19 the Council and I -- as Greg had mentioned we certainly 20 commit to working -- we can't do that, but we can certainly -- I mean, in terms of the petition, but we 21 22 can certainly support the clan in developing a petition 23 and plan to do that as well and respond to the Council 24 as well. 25 26 But just an 27 28

apology between the Administrations and other presses of business and change and transitions, I feel bad that this did not get the proper response immediately which would have put us on a course a little bit more quicker here for folks. So we do have it now and we are working and will continue to work with the RAC and the clan.

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Thank you.

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ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Go ahead.

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MR. CHEN: Thank you, Madame Chair. On behalf of Mr. Peltola we thank Mr. Schmid and Mr. Risdahl for those updates and that additional information.

41 42 43

Gunalcheesh.

44 45

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you very much for that --for the updates onthat and thebriefing.

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Do we need some additional time or does anybody else have any additional questions for Mr.

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0071
 1
    Risdahl.
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 3
                     (No comments)
 4
 5
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: I didn't see any
 6
    action items on there.
                              Okay.
                                     There were no action
 7
    items, it was just a briefing. So we'll take maybe a
    10 minute recess or so until we get our next presenter
 8
 9
    here.
10
11
                    Is that enough time do you think?
12
13
                    MS. DETWILER: I think so.
14
15
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA:
                                           Okav. So we'll
    come back -- we'll come back at 2:00 p.m. and hopefully
16
17
    everything the rest of the day works out wonderfully.
18
19
                     (Laughter)
20
21
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: And smoothly.
22
23
                    MR. BROWER: I hope so because we're
24
    behind there, Madame Chair.
25
26
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. Okay.
27
     2:00 p.m.
28
29
                     (Off record)
30
31
                     (On record)
32
33
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Do we need another
34
    roll call, Sue, or are we okay?
35
36
                    MS. DETWILER: I think we're probably
37
    okay.
38
39
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA:
                                          Okay. Okay.
    have our next presenter, this is agenda item number --
40
41
    I lost my agenda. Okay.
42
43
                    REPORTER: Number 9.
44
                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you.
45
                                                    Agenda
46
    item number 9, briefing Federal fisheries manager and
47
    delegation of authority, Scott Ayers. And thank you
48
    very much for, you know, accommodating us and coming
49
    down here. We definitely appreciate it.
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MR. AYERS: Okay. Well, I'm glad to be here and hopefully everyone can clearly hear me now as clearly was not the evidence — the case previously. So again I will try now for the third time. This is Scott Ayers, I'm the Supervisor for the Fisheries Division at OSM and I'm here today to provide you a briefing on the delegation of authority for Federal fisheries managers, a topic that we hope to include in your January fisheries regulatory meeting. Today's briefing is intended kind of just as a bridge to that discussion.

So the Board has delegated authority to managers of both fish and wildlife resources around the State to issue special actions to contend with resource issues in a timely manner. These actions come in two different types, emergency special actions that can last up to 60 days and temporary special actions that can last up until the next regulatory cycle and require a public hearing. There's one stark difference between these letters to the fish and wildlife managers in that all 58 wildlife delegation letters allow for the issuance of both emergency and temporary special actions, while the 18 fisheries delegation letters only allow for emergency special actions. The 60 day limit on the fisheries actions can be challenging in some situations like the current Yukon salmon season where the Board has limited the fishery on Federal public lands for salmon to Federally-qualified users from June 1st to September 30th which is a period of 121 days. Due to the exceptionally poor run strength which we discussed earlier today and the lack of harvestable surplus the Federal fisheries manager has to close the fisheries through a series of emergency special actions over the course of multiple runs rather than one or two larger actions that would encompass the season.

Between now and the January meeting we plan to review program documentation to understand if there's a record of why this discrepancy exist. Based on these findings we may come to you with a request to update the delegation of authority letters to some or all of the fisheries letters to include temporary special actions.

And that is the extent of my comments today. I'm happy to answer any questions and I'm sorry that our technological issue delayed this as long as it did.

0073	
1	Thank you.
2	
3	ACTING CHAIR PITKA: You're fine.
4	Thank you very much. We could hear you clearly this
5	morning, but for some reason after we came back from
6	lunch we couldn't hear certain lines.
7	
8	Does anybody have any questions for
9	Scott right now on this briefing?
10	
11	(No comments)
12	
13	ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Charlie, do you
14	have any questions for Scott?
15	
16	(No comments)
17	
18	ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Sara, are you
19	still online and do you have any questions for Scott?
20	
21	MS. BOARIO: Not at this time, but it
22	is really I'm so sorry, it is really hard it was
23	hard to hear Scott. Before he was coming in really
24	loud for me and now he's very faint. Appreciate you
25	guys' effort with the technology.
26	
27	
28	MS. DETWILER: Sorry about that. He
29	came here in person and now you can't hear him on the
30	phone.
31	
32	ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you very
33	much. We have no further questions right now and we
34	look forward to the further presentation in January.
35	
36	At this time, I forgot to do it this
37	morning, I'd like everybody to introduce themselves now
38	that it's like 2:00 o'clock in the afternoon.
39	
40	Go ahead, Glenn.
41	
42	MR. CHEN: Good afternoon, everyone.
43	My name is Glenn Chen. I'm the Subsistence Branch
44	Chief for the Bureau of Indian Affairs. And with Gene
45	retiring soon he's asked me to be the BIA Board member
46	until we hire a new Regional Director.
47	
48	
49	Thank you.
50	

MR. COHN: Good afternoon. I'm Steve Cohn. I'm the State Director for BLM here in Alaska and have been in this role now for two months.

MS. DETWILER: And I'm Sue Detwiler, the Assistant Regional Director for the Office of Subsistence Management within Fish and Wildlife Service. And I have been in this position for about two and a half years now. And this is actually the first in person meeting I've been to since I've been here and seeing a lot of people I've never met in person before, but I've seen them on Teams a lot.

And also I want to say thank you to everybody for your patience with our technological issues. This is a whole new set of technological issues now that we're meeting in person, but still trying to have teleconference availability. So thank you for your patience as we work through this.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: I'm Rhonda Pitka. I am Acting Chair right now while Tony Christianson is on leave. His -- he just had a beautiful granddaughter. He sent some pictures so I forgive him for making me Chair the meeting today.....

(Laughter)

ACTING CHAIR PITKA:and having to prepare myself and deal with all these technological issues.

I'd like to thank everybody for, you know, being really -- really flexible for this meeting and it's really good to see everybody in person. And I think that's about it for now.

Go ahead.

 MR. SCHMID: Hi. Good afternoon. I'm Dave Schmid. I serve as the USDA Forest Service Regional Forester here in Alaska. I spent most of my career here in Alaska living and working in rural Southcentral and rural Southeast Alaska. And I came back five years ago here -- almost five years ago, I've been working with this Board. And as I've shared before this is some of the most important work that we do within the Forest Service in Alaska.

0075 1 Thank you. 2 3 MR. HILDERBRAND: Good afternoon. 4 Grant Hilderbrand. I'm the Associate Regional Director for Resources for the National Park Service. I've been 5 in Alaska since 1994, spent the first 12 years of my 6 7 career with the Alaska Department of Fish and Game as a Research Biologist and later as a Regional Supervisory. And then moved to the Department of Interior in 2010. 10 I spent time with the USGS as Associate Science Center 11 Director for the Alaska Science Center and now I've 12 been in this particular role with Parks Service for 13 about four or five months. So yeah, really happy to be 14 here and learn and work with my new peers. 15 16 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. 17 don't know how we would do the other people, we usually 18 have a microphone. 19 20 (Off record comments - microphone) 21 22 MS. DETWILER: So, Robin and Chris, you 23 guys want to kick it off. 24 25 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: We used to have 26 like a microphone we could pass around. 27 28 MR. McKEE: Good afternoon, members of 29 My name is Chris McKee and I am the Board. 30 Statewide Subsistence Coordinator for the Bureau of 31 Land Management. I've been in that position for about 32 a little over two years now. Previous to that I worked 33 at OSM for about 10 years. 34 35 So welcome. 36 37 Good afternoon, members of MS. KLEIN: 38 the Board and guests. My name is Jill Klein and I'm 39 the Regional Subsistence Coordinator for the U.S. Fish 40 and Wildlife Service serving as the InterAgency Staff 41 Committee members as well and I've been in my position 42 for just over one year. And previously I did serve in 43 the role as the liaison for the Alaska Department of 44 Fish and Game to the Federal Subsistence Board and also 45 worked for the Yukon River Drainage Fisheries 46 Association for just about 15 years and I'm happy to be

49 Thank you. 50

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48

here.

MS. JOCHUM: Hello, members of the Board. My name is Kim Jochum. I work for the National Park Service in the Regional Subsistence Program and it's been just under two years for me in this position. So this is my first Federal job, I've been in Alaska for over 12 years. I have an accent because I grew up in Germany, but I'm really happy to still be in Alaska.

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Thanks.

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MS. PATTON: Good afternoon, members of the Board. My name is Eva Patton and I'm the new Subsistence Program Manager for the National Park Service having just started two months ago there. Previously worked with OSM for the past 10 years prior to that. So familiar group of folks here. And had worked as a Fisheries Biologist in the YK-Delta region too, the Partners for Fisheries Monitoring Program and many other fisheries resource monitoring program research projects as well.

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So thank you all, it's great to see everyone in person here today.

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Thank you.

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MR. RISDAHL: Good afternoon, Madame Chair and members of the Board, the public. I just introduced myself a moment ago, but I'll give a little more detail. My name is Greg Risdahl, I am the Subsistence Program Leader for the U.S. Forest Service and InterAgency Staff Committee member. My career began in Montana in 1984 and '85 as a Bear Biologist for the Forest Service so I've kind of come full Finished graduate school and worked for circle. Montana Department of Fish and Wildlife and Parks for 15 years as a Fish and Wildlife Management Area Biologist. And then I had to get back to Alaska so I took a position with Fish and Wildlife Service and worked as a Subsistence or excuse me, as an Endangered Species Biologist for a couple of years and then I joined OSM and was a Wildlife Analyst and then the Wildlife Division Chief for quite a while. And I just felt compelled to get back out in the field so I took a Refuge Manage job up at Tetlin Wildlife Refuge. From there I went to Kofa National Wildlife Refuge in Arizona for three years and then had the opportunity to come back and became the Refuge Manage at Izembek National Wildlife Refuge. From there my wife said you

need to come home, honey, and she was in town so I moved back to Anchorage and worked as the Subsistence Division Lead for Fisheries. And then Forest Service position came open and I've been in this position for about a year and a half now.

Thank you.

MR. LIND: Good afternoon, Madame Chair, Board members. My name is Orville Lind. I was born and raised in a small village on the Alaska Peninsula called Chignik, Chignik Lake with a whopping population about 130 people. The population now is about 48 people, a commercial fishing community. There are three Chigniks down there actually and they're struggling right now, they're having a bad season as you may have heard. But I started off with the Service in 1990 and was a Refuge Information Technician and then in 1994 I was promoted to Refuge Ranger and from there I went to be a research vessel Captain for four years and then onto Native Liaison December of 2014. And like the military always says, it's not a job, it's an adventure....

(Laughter)

MR. LIND:and I certainly enjoy

28 my work.

Quyana. Thank you.

MS. LaVINE: Hello, Madame Chair and members of the Board. As you heard earlier I'm Robbin LaVine, I am the Subsistence Policy Coordinator at OSM, but I have been working with and alongside the Federal Subsistence Management Program since I started as an intern at OSM I think in 2001. So it's been a long journey. I was -- I worked for the Bristol Bay Native Association, I lived in Dillingham with my young family at the time, I worked for the Alaska Department of Fish and Game as a Subsistence Research Specialist and I've been with OSM since 2014. I love my work, I love this program and I'm delighted to be here. And again as I said I'm delighted to see you all.

Thank you.

MR. BURCH: Hello. I'm Mark Burch with the Department of Fish and Game.

0078 1 (Laughter) 2 3 UNIDENTIFIED VOICE: Short and sweet. 4 5 MR. REAKOFF: And Jack Reakoff, Western 6 Interior Regional Council's on the phone. 7 8 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you, 9 Charlie Brower, you want to introduce yourself. 10 11 (No comments) 12 13 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Sara, would you 14 like to do an introduction. 15 16 MS. BOARIO: Thank you, Madame Chair. 17 Good afternoon, everyone. This is Sara Boario. 18 the Regional Director for the Fish and Wildlife Service 19 in Alaska. I have been in this position for just over 20 four months, but have been with the Fish and Wildlife 21 Service for eight years all in Alaska and prior to that 22 with the U.S. Forest Service for close to nine years 23 all in Alaska as well. And prior to that served as 24 Chief of Staff to Alaska State Senator Georgianna 25 Lincoln. 26 27 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: I'm sorry, all 28 we're hearing is clicking. 29 30 MS. BOARIO:a big town compared 31 to Alaska, Yakutat and Sand Point and then eventually 32 ended up in Fairbanks for high school. I live in 33 Anchorage now -- can you guys hear me, I'm getting a 34 message I'm not coming through. 35 36 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: I'm sorry, you 37 said your name and then it just went to a clicking 38 noise. I'm not sure what happened there. It seems 39 like we hear some people on the line, but not -- not everyone. So maybe we'll just finish introductions 40 41 with the rest of the room until then. Sorry. 42 43 MR. MULLIGAN: Hi. My name's Ben 44 Mulligan, I serve as the Deputy Commissioner for the 45 Alaska Department of Fish and Game. I also oversee all 46 our dealings with the Federal Subsistence Board and 47 just in some other places where Federal subsistence 48 touches State management as well. Along with that I 49 also oversee our Habitat Section which means fish

0079 habitat permits. So fish passage, stuff like that, culverts, bridges, resource development activities and then just a lot of other miscellaneous things, you 4 know, duties as assigned. 5 6 Thank you. 7 8 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. Lisa. 9 10 MR. BROWER: Rhonda, I was on listening 11 mode. This is Charles Brower, Public Member. 12 13 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Go ahead, Charlie. 14 15 MR. BROWER: Yeah, they had me on 16 listening mode only. So Charlie Brower from Barrow, 17 Alaska. 18 19 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: I'm not -- was 20 that your introduction, Charlie Brower? 21 22 (No comments) 23 24 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Well, we're at 25 Lisa now. 26 27 MS. GREDIGAN: Thank you. 28 Gredigan, I'm the Wildlife Division Supervisor with 29 OSM. I've been in this position a little over a year 30 and prior to that I was a Wildlife Biologist Analyst 31 with OSM for about six years. 32 33 Thank you. 34 35 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. Next. 36 37 MR. AYERS: Scott Ayers, happy to be 38 here in the room with everyone. I am the Fisheries 39 Division Supervisor. Prior to that I spent a little bit of time, a couple of years, with the Wildlife and 40 41 Sportfish Restoration Program and was with OSM as a 42 Fisheries Biologist before that. I also spent a number of years working for the Alaska Department of Fish and 44 Game, both for the Sportfish and Commercial Fisheries Divisions and then a whole lot of years as a technician 45 46 for the Fish and Wildlife Service across the State

enjoying being able to get out and do projects across

this great State we have here. Happy to be here today

and glad to see people in person.

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0800 1 Thank you. 2 3 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. 4 5 MS. HONIG: Hi. Thank you. My name is 6 Leigh Honig and I am one of the newly hired Council 7 Coordinators. I came from Fish and Game where I spent the last 13 years in a variety of roles that all dealt with regulations and permit hunt administration. And 9 10 I'm the Council Coordinator for the North Slope and the 11 Bristol Bay Regional Advisory Councils. 12 13 Thank you. 14 15 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. 16 17 MR. UBELAKER: Good afternoon. I am 18 Brian Ubelaker, a Wildlife Biologist with OSM. Been 19 doing it for just about a year and a half now. Prior 20 to that I was with BLM out in Nome for a couple of 21 years. Really happy to be here. 22 23 Thank you. 24 25 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. 26 we miss. 27 28 MR. RICHARDS: Good afternoon, Madame 29 Chair, members of the Board and Staff. My name is Mark 30 Richards, I'm the Executive Director of Resident 31 Hunters of Alaska. For over 30 years my wife and I 32 lived a true subsistence lifestyle in the remote bush, 33 about 80 miles from the nearest village. And I'm just 34 here today to testify on WSA22-02. 35 36 Thank you for holding this meeting in 37 public. It's good to be here. 38 39 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for 40 coming, I appreciate it. 41 42 Brooke. 43 44 MS. McDAVID: Madame Chair, members of the Board. 45 Hello, again. My name is Brooke McDavid 46 and I am the Council Coordinator for the Yukon-47 Kuskokwim Delta and the Eastern Interior Regional 48 Advisory Councils. I am pretty new Staff here at OSM,

I just came on in March. And prior to this position I

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worked for the State for six years in the Division of Subsistence as a Subsistence Resource specialist in the Yukon and Interior regions. So I got to -- as part of that job I got to travel out to a lot of rural communities and gather data on community use of subsistence resources, sharing and also ethnographic customary and traditional use information. Prior to that I served in the U.S. Peace Corps in the Fiji Islands for four years working with rural indigenous community there doing integrated resource management and small scale community development programs. So.....

11 12 13

Thank you.

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ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you.

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MR. BROWER: Madame Chair. Madame

Chair.

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ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes, Charlie

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MR. BROWER: Sorry for the short introduction, but born and raised in Barrow, went to school Oregon, went to college in Kansas, joined the service '69 to '75, went home, got a job as a Subsistence Specialist for the North Slope Borough Wildlife Department. From there I became the Executive Management for the Fish and Game for the Borough, then I got promoted to the Director of Wildlife for the North Slope Borough Wildlife Management. Retired from there for 25 years. Then also in that time I was the -one of the co-founders for the Polar Bear Nanook Commission in the -- on the Chukchi on the Russian and the United States side and one of the co-founders for the Southern (indiscernible - distortion) Sea Polar Bear Management with (indiscernible - distortion) Inupiats subsistence uses. Also one of the founders of the Alaska Migratory Bird Treaty Act that was signed 1992 or somewhere around there. And now I'm working for the Native Village of Barrow as a Wildlife Director and the Transportation Manager. For now the -- I've been appointed Executive Director for Native Village of Barrow. So that's where I am right now for your short information.

45 46 47

Thank you, Madame Chair.

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ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you,

Charlie. We sort of lost you at the end so I've just been given instructions that we're going to be getting a different conference phone so we'll be able to perhaps have all the testimony at some point.

Go ahead, Ma'am.

MS. GILL: Thank you, Madame Chair, members of the Board. My name is Jessica Gill, I'm a new Subsistence Council Coordinator with OSM here. I'm working on the Southcentral Regional Advisory Council. Before that I was with the Pacific Salmon Commission in Vancouver, BC, working as a Fisheries Biologist for them and before that grad school and then a Fisheries Biologist at the State of Alaska. And previously a fisheries observer as well. So been kind of all over the fish and all over the State for fish stuff.

So happy to be back in Alaska.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. It's nice to meet you. Linda, do you want to finish this up.

MS. PETE: Good evening or afternoon. My name is Linda Pete. Born and raised in Gakona. My I'll do my traditional introduction. grandparents are the late Buster and Alice Jean of Gakona and Jim and Penny Kiane of Gakona. My parents were the late Nick and Betty Tyone. I currently reside in Copper Center. I came -- got involved with subsistence stuff maybe 20 years ago when the State of Alaska was threatening to take over trying to make our area a non-subsistence area. And been involved in State and Federal subsistence issues for our area. I currently sit -- am the Chair of the Ahtna Intertribal Resource Commission and I sit on the Ahtna Board of Directors. I am a Council member for the Native Village of Gakona. So that's me.

Thank you.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. It's really good to see you again.

MS. PETE: Yep.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: We have a couple of newer Staff in the back.

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MR. SHAVINGS: Good afternoon, Madame Chair, members of the Board. My name is Bernard Shavings. I am Alaska Native and I was born in Bethel, Alaska and raised on Nunivak Island to Mekoryuk, Alaska. And I moved here in 1976 and then my -- I guess my first real job was with the United States Navy which I did four years and then I got out and then I've had various different jobs. And then I got hired at the Department of Veterans Affairs for -- I was there for about two and a half years. And then I went and got other various jobs and now I'm here at U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service with OSM as Administrative Support.

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ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. It's nice to meet you.

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MS. ANDREWS: Hello, Madame, members of the Board. My name is Michelle Andrews and my first job was actually with the Fish and Wildlife Services when I was in high school. I've served in the military and I've had various medical jobs and medical administration as well as the Department of Justice and now with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife.

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Thank you.

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ACTING CHAIR PITKA: We finally finished everybody at 2:30. Oops, Amee.

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MS. HOWARD: Hi, everyone. I am Amee I am the Deputy Assistant Regional Director for the Office of Subsistence Management. This is --I'm a returnee, I was previously the Policy Coordinator at OSM, what seems like many moons ago, but really not that long ago. I've worked with a lot of you, I'm excited to get to know the new members of the Board, new members of the ISC, excited to see long time colleagues advance and grow and develop. We have an incredible team just coming onboard at OSM that I'm super happy we got to introduce you to everyone. Not everyone because we do have some folks on the phone and if we can clear up some of our technical difficulties hopefully we can get to some of them as well. looking forward to OSM growing and definitely stepping up in this new hybrid world that we are all entering into. That it's great to see all of you who are here in person. We miss everyone who is on the phone, but can't wait to see you in person in the future.

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                    And again Amee Howard and happy to be
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    back with OSM.
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you.
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    I feel like I'm willing to try it again. Can we see if
 6
     there are any Regional Council Coordinators or advisors
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     online.
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                    MS. WESSELS:
                                    Madame Chair, this is
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    Katya, can you hear me?
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: I can hear you.
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                    MS. WESSELS: You know, I actually got
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    off the bluetooth so I'm just speaking into the phone,
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    is that better?
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Much better.
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                    MS. WESSELS:
                                  Okay.
                                          Thank you.
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     name is Katya Wessels and I've lived in Alaska now for
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     32 years. I've been working at first for the National
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    Park Service for 26 years for their Division of Council
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    Resources as well as for the Shared (indiscernible -
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    distortion) .....
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA:
                                           I'm sorry, it's
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    breaking up again. My apologies.
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                    Okay.
                             Maybe we will take a brief
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     recess and try to get the conference call set up.
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    Okay. So we'll take a brief recess until 2:40 and then
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     we'll try to figure out the phone lines and we'll come
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    back.
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                    Thank you.
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                     (Off record)
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                     (On record)
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA:
                                        Okay. So we're
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    back online and we have some updates.
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                    Can we do a roll call, Sue, and then --
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     and then Robbin will provide us with some logistical
     updates.
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                    MS. DETWILER: Thank you, Madame Chair.
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    Starting with the roll call.
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                   National Park Service, Grant
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   Hilderbrand.
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                    MR. HILDERBRAND: Present.
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                    MS. DETWILER: Bureau of Land
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    Management, Steve Cohn.
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                    MR. COHN: Present.
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                    MS. DETWILER:
                                     Fish
                                            and Wildlife
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    Service, I understand Sara Boario had to leave and Jill
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    Klein will be sitting in for her.
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                    MS. KLEIN: Present.
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                    MS. DETWILER: Thank you. Forest
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    Service, Dave Schmid.
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                    MR. SCHMID: Present.
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                    MS. DETWILER: BIA, Glenn Chen.
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                    MR. CHEN: Present.
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                    MS. DETWILER: Public member Charlie
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    Brower.
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                    MR. BROWER: I'm right here.
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                    MS. DETWILER: Thank you, Charlie. And
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    Rhonda Pitka.
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Here.
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                    MS. DETWILER: Thank you, Madame Chair.
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    We have seven Board members.
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. So at
    this time I'd like to mention that tomorrow we will
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    have an executive session. We'll be going over the
    Board recommendations on the Regional Advisory Council
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    nominations. And we will also discuss attorney/client
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    stuff.
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                    MS. DETWILER: Privilege.
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ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Privilege. Okay. Thank you. And now Robbin LaVine is going to provide us with a logistical update.

MS. LaVINE: Thank you, Madame Chair, members of the Board and all of those who are listening online. We've had some technical difficulties here in our live conference room. We understand that you can hear each other on the teleconference and you can hear us on the teleconference, but we cannot hear you, not for very long. We have a lot of dissonance and distortion on this end. So we are attempting to create some patches in order to ensure that we hear you. That is the most important thing because shortly we are going to be transitioning to our public meeting on wildlife special action 22-02 and that agenda item will have an opportunity for the public to provide testimony to the Board. At that time there's going to be a shift, you may hear a little bit of -- there may be some feedback, we may have some technical challenges on our end to dial it in, but we are switching, pivoting to an in room speaker phone so that we will be able to hear you. We ask you to be patient, we're grateful for all of you who are online ready to participate and we are doing our very best to accommodate you and make sure that you are heard.

Thank you, Madame Chair.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you very much for that update and I'd like to thank everybody for having patience with these technical problems.

Okay. We are at agenda item number 7 which had a start time of 3:00 p.m., Wildlife Temporary Special Action Request, WSA22-02.

MR. UBELAKER: Good afternoon, Madame Chair, members of the Board. My name is Brian Ubelaker, I'm a Wildlife Biologist with OSM and I will be presenting a summary of the analysis for temporary wildlife special action, WSA22-02 which was submitted by the Western Interior Alaska Subsistence Regional Advisory Council. This analysis begins on page 125 in your meeting books.

Temporary special action, WSA22-02, requests that dall sheep hunting on Federal public lands in Units 24A and 26B, west of the Sagavanirktok

River be closed to all users for the 2022/'23 and '23/'24 wildlife regulatory years.

The Western Interior Council is concerned about the decreasing sheep abundance on the Dalton Highway. Since 2012 unusual weather conditions have caused declines in sheep abundance resulting in low lamb recruitment, poor lamb production and loss of mature rams. Increased predation by wolves is also believed to have contributed to the decline and abundance. Surveys conducted in 2021 by the BLM, the National Park Service and ADF&G showed lower numbers than from prior surveys.

The Western Interior Council expresses frustration over the lack of biological data particularly the failure to collect age composition data on rams. Currently six and seven year old rams remain in the population, but there are very few two to five year old rams. The Council notes past studies have demonstrated detrimental affects of young rams breeding ewes in the absence of more mature rams including higher post-rut ram mortality and lower lamb production.

The Western Interior Council further states that the full curl management strategy employed by ADF&G works only when there is consistent ram recruitment, not when several cohorts are missing. They argue that harvesting the remaining six and seven year old rams over the next two years which is likely to occur under the current management regime, will exacerbate the recovery of these sheep populations since there are no two to five year old rams to take their place.

Relevant regulatory actions include the Board establishing the requirement of a Federal registration permit for sheep hunting in the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area in 1992. This set a harvest limit of one ram with seven-eighths curl or larger and a season of August 10th to September 20th. In 2004 the season for sheep in a portion of Unit 24 was shifted to later in the year. This provided additional subsistence hunting opportunity after the end of the moose season. Then in 2006 the Board aligned Federal and State regulations by incorporating State subunit descriptions into regulations. In 2012 the Board adopted regulation to

allow harvest of half-curl horn or larger rams in Unit 24A for the 2012 season. In 2014 the harvest limit for sheep in Unit 24A outside of the Gates of the Arctic changed from a seven-eighths curl horn or larger to one ram. These actions were expected to have little or no impact on sheep abundance because sheep population estimates were stable and Federal harvest rates were minimal.

In 2015 in adjacent Units 23 and 26A the Board of Game closed all sheep seasons because if a drastic decline in sheep abundance in the area. seasons in Unit 23 have since remained closed under State regulations. In 2020 the Board of Game extended the State sheep season with the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area by 15 days. This was approved because of low number of sheep harvested in the area, the belief that few hunters would or could access the area in late September or early October and a stable sheep population. Although one member of the Board of Game proposal because the opposed this Koyukuk River Advisory Committee was opposed to it.

Recently occurring events include a letter sent to the BLM of Alaska in February of 2022 from the Western Interior Council requesting a cessation of all permitted hunting guides on BLM managed land within Unit 24A stating the same concerns as in their special action request as their rationale. The ADF&G Koyukuk River Advisory Committee submitted a letter of concern to the Board of Game at their March, 2022 meeting requesting them to issue an emergency order to close or drastically reduce sheep harvest in Unit 24A for two regulatory years emphasizing similar concerns for the sheep population.

OSM held a public hearing to solicit comments for this special action request on April 28th, 2022. Seventeen people testified seven of which were Wiseman/Coldfoot residents in support of the request. All stated there has been a visible decline in the sheep population in the last five years. They felt that ceasing all hunting for two years would give the sheep a reprieve and allow a successful recovery in the future. Nine testifiers were non-Federally-qualified users who are in opposition to the requested closure. The most common opinion was that ADF&G data showed that sheep population is low, but is still healthy enough to have a harvestable surplus. Most believe the full curl

management regime justifies harvest during periods of low population because none of the primary breeding population is removed, only rams past their prime. Several callers asserted the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area is the only non-draw archery harvest ticket hunt for dall sheep available in Alaska and bow hunters take a very small portion of sheep in these units.

The North Slope Regional Advisory Council acted on this requested at their winter, 2022 meeting. They felt the request was justified due to the population decline and recommended to support the closure.

In the 1980s there was an estimated 30,000 sheep in the Brooks Range. The eastern Brooks Range experienced a decline during the 1990s when an estimated 40 percent of the population was lost. The most likely cause of this decline was severe weather. Sheep surveys in the central Brooks Range suggested a low sheep population from the 1970s through about 1982. Then after a brief population increase they experienced a decline from '87 to the mid '90s. Once again recent weather events have affected the sheep population in the central and eastern Brooks Range. The extended winter weather in the spring of 2013 and rain on snow events in both October, 2018 and March, 2019 had dramatic effects on sheep populations, like a 39 percent reduction in the sheep abundance within the Itkillik area.

ADF&G surveys one area of the Brooks Range which covers 800 square miles in eastern Unit 24A and western Unit 25A. The survey obtains a minimum count of sheep as well as an index of sex and age composition and mid summer lamb recruitment. The minimum count survey results in an index to trend in abundance and composition over time in this geographic area and cannot be used estimate total population numbers for the survey area or for the Brooks Range sheep range. While the minimum count surveys conducted by ADF&G make it difficult to establish short term trends, dramatic changes of abundance are likely detectable with this methodology. But with limited survey data available the magnitude and extent of declines cannot be quantified.

The BLM and the NPS cooperatively

survey areas along the Dalton Highway Corridor. They use distance sampling in a model to produce population estimates for the larger, non-surveyed areas. This method includes a measure of precision called the credible interval which is correlated to the overall number of observations. Hence as observations increase credible intervals decrease and vice versa. Because of differing survey methodology ADF&G survey results are not directly comparable with the BLM/NPS survey results, but they still trend in concert with each other.

ADF&G minimum count data remains stable with an average 1,398 total sheep from 2002 to 2012. Then in the 2014 count coinciding with the severe winter of 2013/'14, the total count dropped to 827 sheep. The cohort of lambs from this period would be the eight year olds, it would be legal rams to harvest in 2022. Later surveys conducted in 2018 and 2021 show losses of 31.8 percent and 66.4 percent total sheep respectively. The current count is 469 total sheep based on 2021 ADF&G survey results. Since 2002 ADF&G has counted an average of 24.9 percent of the survey area as rams. Of all rams counted from 2002 to 2021 an average of 14.8 percent were full curl or larger which is 3.2 percent of total sheep counted. The number of legal rams at the last count in 2021 was 12 which is 2.5 percent of the total 2021 sheep count. The lamb to ewe-like ratio has averaged 25.2 lambs from 2002 to 2021. 2018 was a higher than average year with 36 lambs to 100 ewe-likes followed by a lower than average 22 lambs to 100 ewe-likes in the latest survey in 2021.

In the 1A, 1B survey areas the BLM estimates 293 total dall sheep for 2021 which is a 77 percent decrease from results of their survey conducted in 2015. This result is also much lower than the estimate from the previously conducted survey by the BLM of 1,103 in 2018. The number of full curl rams has substantially declined within the same time frame from estimates of 46 in 2014 and 45 in 2016 to seven, one and five full-curl in 2017, '18 and '21 respectively. The BLM full survey area estimate decreased 62.1 percent from 3,241 sheep in 2015 to 1,229 sheep in 2021.

In the Southeast Gates of the Arctic survey unit, National Park Service estimates there were 2,525 total sheep in 2015. The population from the

latest survey completed in 2021 dropped 56.4 percent to 1,100 sheep. The Itkillik survey area also declined from an estimated 1,577 sheep in 2012 to an estimated 825 sheep in 2013 because of severe winter weather and since then has remained stable at these lower levels. The average population estimate from 2013 to '19 for the Itkillik survey area is 673 total sheep. The 2021 survey resulted in an estimate of 504 total sheep which is a decline of 25.1 percent since 2019.

Ram abundance in both BLM and NPS survey areas has declined in recent years. In the BLM full survey area legal ram numbers dropped from an estimated 59 rams in 2015 to 12 rams in 2021. In 2015 full curl rams accounted for 1.8 percent of the total estimate population in the BLM full survey area. By 2021 that fraction fell almost in half to 2.98 percent. Full curl rams in Southeast Gates of the Arctic have declined by 65.7 percent from 137 rams in 2015 to 47 rams in 2021. The overall abundance of full-curl rams in the central Brooks Range has declined since 2009. All survey results from all agencies demonstrate a decline in full curl ram numbers. A drastic decline is evident when 2021 results are compared to results for 2015, but even when 2021 results are compared to the average ram abundance per survey area since 2009 a decline is evident.

The State manages harvest using a full curl strategy which is considered a conservative approach to dall sheep populations. Once sheep are eight years old their chance of surviving each additional year is much lower. Harvesting older, full curl rams allows younger rams in their prime to continue breeding. Managers can also use the full curl management strategy as an index for population trend based on the premise that a decline in sheep harvest likely reflects a decline in the overall sheep population. The average age of rams harvested in the Brooks Range from 1981 to 2013 was 9.3 years old.

It has been shown in heavily hunted sheep populations with three-quarter curl horn restrictions that ewes start being bred at an earlier age by younger rams. This led to lower reproductive frequency and possibly a compromised reproductive fitness of the ewe. When older three-quarter and full curl rams are removed from the population younger rams start breeding sooner than they typically would which

leads to poor ram survival rates over winter.

The effectiveness of the full curl management strategy relies upon a relatively undisturbed age -- ram age structure and consistent ram recruitment. The negative effects of three-quarter curl management could occur under full curl management if the ram cohorts that would normally be protected are few or absent. If all or most full curl rams are harvested in an area with missing three-quarter and seven-eighths curl cohorts, only younger rams will be present in the following year.

 In Units 24A and 26B there are three Federal subsistence registration permit hunts as well as State and general harvest ticket hunts. Federal permit hunts occur in Units 24A, 24B and 26B and have harvest limits of one ram, one ram with seven-eighths curl and up to three sheep, no more than one of which may be a ewe. State regulations allow general season hunting under a harvest ticket for all of Units 24A and 26B with seasons from August 1st to October 5th. Only full curl or larger rams may be harvested under State regulations.

Federal harvest has averaged one sheep per year from 2017 to 2021 for all three of these permit hunts. This is down from the average of 1.6 sheep harvested per year from 2001 to 2016. From 2002 to 2021 an average of 52.3 people reported hunting sheep under State regulations in Unit 24A with an average of 16.6 sheep reported harvested. Unit 26B reported an average 158.5 people hunting under State regulations with a reported average harvest of 47.5 sheep per year from 2002 to 2014. Then from 2015 to 2021 an average 65.5 people reported hunting by harvest ticket in Unit 26B with an average 18 sheep per year reported harvested. This decrease in harvest ticket reports coincides with the population decline from the severe weather events in 2012 and '13. Notably these figures also represent hunt reports and harvest for all of Unit 26B, not just the proposed closure area. Harvest tickets also do not account for the fact that people may have hunted in either Unit 24A or 26B without harvesting and then hunted and harvested and reported a ram in another unit.

Non-resident harvest in 24A and 26B has averaged 42.8 percent of the total sheep harvest reported under State regulations from 2002 to 2021.

While the total number of resident hunters and associated harvest has declined since 2013 along with sheep population estimates non-resident hunter numbers have remained constant at an average of 35 per year for that time.

According to ADF&G harvest reports an average of 1.7 sheep were reported as harvested by archery from 2000 to 2021 in Units 24A and 26B.

There were two other alternatives that were considered for this proposal. I will not go into details on those in the talking points, but they are in the analysis. You can read them for yourself if you prefer.

If this special action is approved all Federal lands in Units 24A and 26B west of the Sagavanirktok River will be closed to the harvest of sheep to all users for the 2022/'23 and 2023/'24 regulatory years. This would decrease opportunity for Federally-qualified subsistence users and for anyone hunting under State regulations on Federal public land as sheep would not be available for harvest. Individuals hunting under State regulations could still hunt and harvest sheep on private and State lands within Unit 24A and 26B. This could result in displacement and crowding of hunters onto these State managed lands.

Substantial conservation concerns, drastic population declines and including composition metrics threaten the viability of the dall sheep population along the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area. The absence of mature rams can have cascading negative population level effects which with younger ram cohorts currently missing may occur if more mature rams are harvested. Additionally current harvest rates appear unsustainable as legal ram numbers have decreased considerably while hunter effort and harvest in Unit 24A has not. Furthermore lamb production in 2013 and '14 was abysmal and these are the eight and nine year old rams which would be available for harvest this season. For these reasons no harvestable surplus seems available for these sheep populations.

Similar action has already occurred under State and Federal regulations for sheep hunting

0094 1 closures in the Brooks Range due to drastic sheep populations declines and poor lamb production. In 2015 2 and '16 the State and Federal sheep hunts in Unit 23 4 were closed due to serious conservation concerns. 5 6 Therefore it is OSM's conclusion to 7 support wildlife action -- wildlife special action WSA22-02 with modification to simplify the regulatory 8 9 language. 10 11 Thank you, Madame Chair, members of the Board. I will be happy to answer any questions anybody 12 13 may have. 14 15 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you very 16 much for that presentation. We're now open for 17 questions and clarification. 18 19 MR. BROWER: Madame Chair. 20 21 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes, Public Member 22 Brower. 23 24 MR. BROWER: Yeah, you stated that if 25 this special action is approved all Federal land in 24A 26 and 26B west of the Sagavanirktok River will be closed 27 to harvest of sheep for all users for '22/23 '23/'24 28 regulatory years. Does that include subsistence 29 hunters too or all users meaning everyone? 30 31 MR. UBELAKER: Yes, member Brower. As 32 the proposal is written the closure would be to anybody and everybody hunting sheep in 24A and 26B west of the 33 34 Sagavanirktok. 35 36 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Are there any 37 further questions for clarification. 38 39 (No comments) 40 41

ACTING CHAIR PITKA:

I was going to call for Sara, but she's not -- she's not here anymore.

Okay. Thank you very much for the I don't see any more questions. presentation. would at this time open the floor to public testimony.

MS. LaVINE: Thank you, Madame Chair. And for all those online I'm going to ask the operator

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to provide instructions to those listening who would like to provide testimony as far as how to enter the queue.

Operator.

OPERATOR: Thank you. At this time if you would like to make a comment please place Star, one on your telephone key pad. Please ensure that you have your phone unmuted and you record your name at the prompt. Again that is Star, one to make a comment and enter the queue.

MS. LaVINE: Thank, you operator, Madame Chair. This is Robbin LaVine and I'm not going to switch over this teleconference line to the speaker phone in the room so that we have a better opportunity to listen to those of you who'd like to public --provide public testimony online. As I transition you may reiterate one more time, operator, the instructions on how people are to enter the queue and I'll be transitioning folks over.

Thank you, operator.

OPERATOR: Thank you. Once again if you would like to make a comment please place Star, one on your telephone keypad, ensure your phone is unmuted, record your name at the prompt.

 $$\operatorname{MS.}$$ LaVINE: Madame Chair, and for those of you listening online, this is Robbin LaVine.

REPORTER: Robbin, use -- turn that mic off and just use your regular mic, yep, when you're talking. No, no, no, don't put it next to the speaker phone because -- just use that mic when you're speaking and use that microphone for when they're speaking. So leave it off unless they're talking.

MS. LaVINE: This one?

REPORTER: Yep. Now use your mic to speak. Turn it on.

MS. LaVINE: This is Robbin LaVine with the Office of Subsistence Management.

Operator, please -- please introduce

0096 1 the first person in the queue. 2

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OPERATOR: The first person is Rebecca Schwanke. Your line is open.

Thank you.

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MS. SCHWANKE: Yeah, thank you all for the opportunity to offer public comment today. Chairman Reakoff and the Northwest RAC make some valid points about recent impacts of weather on the sheep population in this area. Unfortunately they have made some unnecessary inflammatory statements based -- about sheep population management in an attempt to sway this Board. It is clear they feel this population is in need of a moratorium on hunting. But before you make your decision on this WSA as a Federal Subsistence Board, I ask that you consider a few additional points.

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First, this is not the first time sheep populations in Alaska have faced a series of bad winters and it won't be the last. Sheep populations regularly go through cycles of poor lamb recruitment, manifesting in years of limited mature availability. As a long time subsistence sheep hunter I can tell you that this alone keeps most sheep hunters Non-resident pressure will follow. wildlife biologist I can also tell you that this is when full curl regulations are most needed. I have personally watched sheep numbers in the Wrangell Mountains dwindle significantly in the early 2000s due largely to bad weather with a decline almost identical to what we're currently seeing in the central Brooks We responded by systematically reducing the harvest opportunity, going from one sheep to one ram, to one three-quarter curl ram, to eventually one full curl ram in 2011. This has effectively allowed the population to recover even with a Federal hunt of one sheep in place for most of the time. Full curl works in poor sheep range. There is no credible evidence to the contrary and this is not a population viability issue. Definitely as long as sheep continue to move throughout the Brooks Range we must consider this range as a single population.

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Having been involved in sheep management for 20 years I caution the Board against making sweeping changes, i.e., closures, without seriously considering the impacts to surrounding areas.

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    If you adopt this WSA today you will effectively be
    responsible for pushing additional sheep hunting
    pressure to adjacent areas, further exacerbating low
                                               stress on
    population concerns
                          and putting undue
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                     This includes both Federal and State
    adjacent sheep.
    sheep hunting especially if you leave the Federal
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    season open to seven-eighths curl
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                                            east of
    Sagavanirktok River. Sheep in the central Brooks Range
    will recover in time, this is not an emergency and this
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    is not a population viability issue.
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                    Thank you.
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA:
                                           And I'm sorry,
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    ma'am, I didn't get your name for the record?
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                    MS. SCHWANKE: Rebecca Schwanke.
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. Okay.
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    Next testimony.
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                    OPERATOR: Our next comment comes from
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    Dan Evenson (ph). Please state your name clearly.
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                    (No comments)
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                    OPERATOR: Mr. Evenson, your line's
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    open.
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                    (No comments)
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                    OPERATOR:
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    button, Sir.
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                    (No comments)
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    open, Sir.
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                    (No comments)
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                    OPERATOR:
                              One moment, I'll take the
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                     Our next comment comes from John
    next caller.
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    Hestridge. Please state your name clearly for the
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    record.
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                    MR. HESTRIDGE: John Hestridge. Madame
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    Chair, can you hear me?
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0098 1 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes. Please go 2 ahead. 3 4 MR. BROWER: Yes, can you have him 5 speak a little louder, there seems to be a distance. 6 7 MR. HESTRIDGE. Madame Chair, this is 8 John Hestridge, can you hear me. 9 10 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes, 11 Please go ahead. And please speak clearly into the 12 phone. 13 14 MR. HESTRIDGE: So my name is John 15 Hestridge. I'd just like to second Rebecca's statement. I have strong collation with her statement. 16 17 I spent on average over 11 days in the field in 2017, 18 '18 and '19, 11 days per year. And firsthand witness 19 of legal rams is much higher than what was stated in the Fish and Game objective. I just want to let you 20 21 know that I saw on average more than one mature ram per 22 day. That is not with the use of an airplane, that is 23 just strictly walk in. So I think some of these 24 numbers have been exaggerated to try to lean towards 25 the closure. 26 27 That's really all I have to say other 28 than I am opposed to the closure. I was on direct 29 messaging and Dan Evanson was supposed to talk prior to 30 me getting on and he just messaged me right now that he 31 was not -- you were not able to hear him, but he does 32 have a comment. 33 34 So that's all I have and thank you for 35 letting the public speak. 36 37 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. 38 Operator. 39 40 OPERATOR: Our next comment comes from 41 Kyle Weight (ph). Your line's open and please state 42 your name for the record. 43 44 MR. WEIGHT: Hello. My name's Kyle 45 Weight. Can everybody hear me? 46 47 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes. Please go

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49 50 ahead.

MR. WEIGHT: Okay. I'm a resident and I oppose the closure to sheep hunting as written in the proposal. I'm very happy to hear Rebecca Schwanke get online, she's extremely well versed and educated in everything sheep and we should all value her opinion on this matter. I have personally hunted or otherwise observed sheep in 24A, I cannot speak on 26, this is specifically on 24A with my personal knowledge primarily in the proposed closure area for the last 12 of the last 14 years.

The current population decline has been predictable for several years as previous weather cycles have impacted sheep of all classes. As noted in the proposal winters and predation have taken their toll. Though we acknowledge the decrease it's important to note that we non-qualified subsistence users, have had nearly no impact in the decline. Equally we will have no adverse impact in recovery. The existence of full curl requirements coupled with the overall lack of efficiency specifically from bow hunters will not impact recovery of the population. Rather than argue anecdotal information from opposing interest group, I would suggest we observe these facts.

The full curl harvest requirement has proven to work. Any argument to the contrary is not adequately proven or verified through anything other than individual hypothesis. This doesn't mean that traditional economic -- ecological knowledge or TEK is being ignored, it simply means that the basis for individual argument is not grounded in fact. To verify this the State of Alaska has secured funding to collar rams in the control area in an effort to observe any adverse affects on recovery in areas open to full curl restriction versus areas closed harvest. to Specifically observing the impacts of younger cohorts of rams that may need to participate in breeding. this information is important to sheep Gaining management going forward. This proposal would only undermine the important biological study slated to begin.

Secondly, severe weather cycles in conjunction with predation has historically impacted sheep numbers in Alaska. It's documented that recovery of these populations was not impacted by hunting under a full curl restriction. Sheep numbers outside of

National Parks increase at the same rate as those inside the Parks.

I could expand beyond these facts with discussion of bow hunter success rates, decreased participation already occurring, misleading correlations between years of great abundance versus true median data, but it would detract from the facts already mentioned. The full curl requirement works and this proposal would undermine the important work waiting to begin. If facts are used to guide management practice, then this proposal should not be adopted.

I appreciate the opportunity to speak on this matter.

Thank you.

20 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you very 21 much. Operator, next.

OPERATOR: Our next caller is Jesse Jorgeson. Your line is open. Please state your name for the record.

MR. JORGESON: Thank you very much. My name is Jesse Jorgeson from Nikiski, Alaska. I appreciate the opportunity to address the Board today.

And I'd just like to echo the comments of biologist Kelly Schwanke along with other respected members of the sheep community in Alaska when talking the biological realities of this population. I think it's important to note here that the Alaska Department of Fish and Game opposes this special action by the Board as proposed and it's been clear when we look at sheep populations as other callers have previously stated that that full curl requirement does work. We have populations of sheep in these areas that have a harvestable surplus that exceeds the average annual harvest. And that means that we don't have an emergency here and that we can still have strong ram recruitment while allowing some hunting opportunity to continue to exist. As previous callers and testifiers have already stated, when people realize that populations of sheep are low you have much lower participation in sheep hunting, but the folks

that do go out hunting, they still have opportunity to that. The economic drivers that benefit from that hunting opportunity still exist and we have people that are able to go out and enjoy our public lands so that the public lands continue to mean something to the general public and we can all advocate to defend those lands, keeping them open and accessible to the public.

You know, we talk about our State and Federal agencies working together. I think it's very important that they do continue to work together and come to an agreement that follows the law of what ANILCA intended and the Statehood Act as well when it comes to managing State game populations. And it would be my understanding along with many other folks that think the State is responsible for managing these populations and certainly when you have someone like Becky Schwanke talk to you about sheep populations and many others, those are the voices that are most respected as biologists go here in the State.

So I vehemently oppose the action as proposed and believe that the full curl restriction thoroughly enables this sheep population to recover.

Thank you.

 $\,$ ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for your comments. Next person.

OPERATOR: Our next comment comes from Raymon Hedges. Please state your name for the record, you line's open.

MR. HEDGES: Yes, my name is Raymon Hedges. That's R-A-Y-M-O-N, last name Hedges, H-E-D-G-E-S. I'm a resident of Anchorage.

I'd like to speak out in opposition of WSA22-02, the closure of the dall sheep hunting in units 24A and 26B on the Federal lands. And I -- many of the other speakers have spoke eloquently about the science, I would just like to say the agencythe most -- with the most information and responsibility for managing wildlife on behalf of the people of Alaska and by extension the citizens of the rest of the United States, the Alaska Department of Fish and Game, opposes this special action and I support their position. I feel that the management of wildlife and especially

management of game species is best left to the State which, you know, receives -- they're the closest to the people for making these decisions and have the best data. It seems like the proposal as written appears to be the opinion of one person with quite a bit of lack of scientific data supporting the proposal.

 $$\operatorname{\mathtt{And}}$$ for those reasons I oppose this proposal. Thank you.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you very much for your comment. I appreciate it. Next person.

OPERATOR: Our next caller is Paul Forward. Your line's open and please state your name for the record.

MR. FORWARD: Thank you so much. My name is Paul Forward, F-O-R-W-A-R-D. I'm calling you from Kotzebue and I have been using that as a hunting area since 1992 with my family and have a lot of experience hunting sheep and caribou in that region.

I had prepared a bunch of comments regarding some of the topics previous speakers have already addressed regarding science and the Department of Fish and Game memorandum which outlines in detail why the science does not support this closure. But I wanted to highlight a couple of things that I think are pertinent based on my personal experience and those would be one, the question of hunter redistribution. I think as viewing that sheep population as the Brooks Range population in its entirety, this will invariably increase pressure in other portions of the range and may have unintended consequences on other sheep populations.

And then -- I won't take much of your time, but the only other thing I would say is one potential compromise if such a thing were possible would be to utilize further archery hunting for sheep as a management option. I know that much of the area being considered is already in the archery only area and I'm a strong advocate as using archery as a management tool. It's been very successful in many parts of the world for managing populations in that you have no affect on hunter opportunity, anybody that can shoot a bow can obtain a hunter education card and hunt the hunt, but you have dramatically decreased the take.

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So there's essentially no downside for people who want to have a positive hunting experience and hunting for sheep with archery is certainly a very viable option and it allows for a fair chase hunt. So I would say for the areas that aren't currently under archery mandate if that would be an option that would essentially have no affect on sheep population, but would maintain hunting opportunity. I would hope that would be something that would be considered instead of a blanket closure.

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And I'll conclude with that.

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Thank you so much.

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ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. I appreciate your comments. Next person.

OPERATOR: Our next caller is Scott Snyder. Your line's open, please state your name for the record.

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MR. SNYDER: Scott Snyder. Can everybody hear me okay?

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ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes. Please go ahead.

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MR. SNYDER: Okay. I am a resident of Anchorage and spent about 22 years in the Brooks Range wearing out boots and I'll tell you I'm a sheep observer first and a sheep hunter second. We're we do blessed with the population that populations of animals as has already been discussed. But I think more to the point that I don't quite understand why a Federal body doesn't sit down with a cup of coffee with our great State and share the information that they have and come to reasonable It seems like this is a whole other decisions. direction to push things where we got a Federal government who doesn't choose to play very nice with the State where it resides. And so my point is the State of Alaska deserves the respect that's already been granted by the law which is to govern and care for the animals which we protect and we protect well. And we've got some wonderful individuals, that if the Federal government chooses to use those resources that could really benefit this whole action that's trying to take place.

0104 1 And that's all I have to say. 2 3 Appreciate you guys' time. 4 5 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you very 6 much for your comments. Next person. 7 8 OPERATOR: Our next person is Ben 9 Stevens. Your line is open. 10 11 MR. STEVENS: Thank you very much. 12 you hear me? 13 14 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes. Please go 15 ahead. 16 17 MR. STEVENS: Great. Thanks very 18 kindly for taking my call and for doing the hard work 19 for subsistence users. For those folks that don't know 20 me my name is Ben Stevens, I am Koyukon Athabaskan from 21 Stevens Village. Those folks interested in the Dalton 22 Highway will know that we are adjacent to the Dalton 23 Highway and the pipeline. 24 25 And I am here on behalf of the Tanana 26 Chiefs and the Tribal Resource Stewardship Program 27 supports the WIRAC special action request to close 28 sheep hunting in Federal lands in and around the Dalton 29 Highway Corridor in game Unit 24A and parts of 30 (Indiscernible - distortion).... 31 32 REPORTER: Tell him to go back to his 33 phone. 34 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: I'm sorry, Ben, we 35 36 can't hear you. We're having a little bit of 37 difficulty hearing you at this point. 38 I'm sorry. 39 MR. STEVENS: I'm having some challenges here, but we support this special 40 41 action request in dealing with the game Unit 24A and 42 We support this action to provide for future 43 And the conservation Federal subsistence uses. concerns raised are based upon local knowledge from 44 45 Federal subsistence users and supported by the Koyukuk 46 River Fish and Game Local Advisory Committee. We urge 47 you to support. 48

Thank

you

again

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1 subsistence use here in Alaska.
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3 Thank you.
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5 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for your
6 comments. I appreciate it. Next person.
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OPERATOR: Our next person is Joe
Herkus. Your line is open, please state your name for
the record, please.

 MR. HERKUS: Joe Herkus. I am in opposition to the closure of hunting in the unit described. For the first time -- last year first time non-residency hunter in 26B and unsuccessful. But I wouldn't like that opportunity to be taken away from non-resident hunters like myself. And I couldn't agree more with what Ms. Schwanke had to say and she said it better than anybody.

Thank you.

 $\label{eq:ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for your comment. Next person.} \\$

OPERATOR: Our next person is Zach Decker. Your line's open, Sir, please state your name for the record.

MR. DECKER: Yes, my name is Zach Decker from down here in southeast Alaska. I'd like to just comment that I -- I support what has been said thus far and that it seems like a little bit of a stretch or overreach and I do not support this proposal.

I ask this Board to listen to the This is not my first Subsistence public comments. Board meeting to testify, but it seems like the comments usually come in opposed strongly to this and they usually go the opposite direction in the room and at the end. But I ask that you take the time to listen to the public testimony today and to see that many of the people here speaking are asking you to work with ADF&G and the State in, you know, finding some of your actions or your decisions. On this Board has many agencies that could also utilize tools in the toolbox. Listening to the discussion there was noticeably that some of the non-resident hunting

activities continues at a sustainable level and, you know, there might be some opportunity there to look at these agencies and what they could do to work with those operators on the ground so that we don't affect our subsistence users.

But I think there's tools out there and I think that there's other things we can do than just the blanket closure for the area. And I encourage you to utilize those tools in your toolbox and go forward because I do oppose this thing and want to be on the record for that and I leave these things with you.

Thank you.

 $\begin{tabular}{llllll} ACTING & CHAIR PITKA: & Thank you & very \\ much, & I & appreciate your & comment. & Next & person. \\ \end{tabular}$

OPERATOR: Our next comment comes from Craig Dowersdale. Your line's open, please state your name for the record.

MR. DOWERSDALE: Yeah, Craig Dowersdale from Soldotna resident....

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: I'm sorry, there's some background noise, Sir. Could you please start over. My apologies. Somebody was revving a motorcycle right outside our meeting room.

(Laughter)

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: My apologies.

MR. DOWERSDALE: Sure. Are we clear?

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes, now we are.

MR. DOWERSDALE: Yeah, thanks for the opportunity to call in. I'm an Alaska resident and a conservationist and am very sympathetic to the fact that dall sheep populations are suffering from several hard winter and spring winter events over the past decade. With that being said I trust and expected these type of closures would come directly from the Alaska Fish and Game Department.

The Federal Subsistence Board has continually acted out of emotion with selfish

intentions for years and thus has lost all credibility in my mind. Therefore I do not recognize the Federal Subsistence Board for anything other than what they have proven to be time and time again which is an unelected group of bureaucrats acting in the self interest of a single user group without regard to science, wildlife on the landscape or public interest which their overreach restricts the rights of the public on Federal land.

Most of the outlying area in this WSA is an archery only area which Mr. Reakoff states an estimated 50 hunters participated. Archery success on full curl sheep is certainly sub 5 percent, it does not warrant a closure unless ADF&G data suggests so. The observations of one man do not provide a justification for closure. ADF&G has data to support that sheep populations have rebounded under the -- under full curl management structure without closures.

If the Federal Subsistence Board wishes to be taken seriously in the future they should stop and consider the facts, make educated decisions based on sound science, supporting data with regard to all user groups.

 $$\operatorname{\mathtt{Please}}$ record $% \operatorname{\mathtt{Mys}}$ my strong opposition to WSA22-02 as stated above.

Thank you.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you very much for your comment. Next comment.

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} OPERATOR: & Our next & comment comes from \\ Taylor & Shmedier. & Sorry & for the pronunciation. & Your line's open. \\ \end{tabular}$

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$ SHMEDIER: This is Taylor Shmedier, I will keep it quick.

 $\label{eq:acting chair pitka: I'm sorry, could} % \end{substitute} %$

MR. SHMEDIER: Taylor Shmedier. Sorry, it's a mouthful. I just wanted to call -- I'll keep it quick, but just show my opposition to this. I just think blanket closures will just lead to unintended consequences of overpressuring the neighboring units

0108 1 and I just think overall blanket closures are never a very good option unless they're a final resort and I don't think from what we heard today that that is 4 necessarily the case. 5 6 But keep it short, that was it. 7 8 Thank you. 9 10 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. 11 appreciate your comment. Next person. 12 13 OPERATOR: Ι'm showing no further 14 comments at this time. As a reminder please press 15 Star, one on your phone keypad if you would like to make a comment. 16 17 18 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Okay. If there 19 are no further comments online.... 20 21 MS. DETWILER: Unh-unh. 22 23 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Oh, sorry. 24 25 MS. DETWILER: Any more? 26 27 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Okay. We have 28 three more -- four more comments online. 29 30 Thank you. Go ahead then. 31 32 OPERATOR: Yes, our next comment comes 33 from Kevin. Your line is open, please state your name 34 for the record. 35 36 MR. HURLEY: My name is Kevin Hurley, 37 H-U-R-L-E-Y and I work for the Wild Sheep Foundation 38 National Headquarters based in Boseman, Montana. 39 40 And a couple points that I would make. 41 I thought Becky Schwanke hit a lot of the biology right 42 on the mark, but in early May in Whitehorse, Yukon, Brad Wendling who is a Research Biologist with ADF&G 43 44 presented his preliminary study plan for this ram ecology study in the Brooks Range. 45 And one of the 46 previous speakers, sorry, I didn't catch which one, 47 that talked about letting that project go forward, I 48 think is going to be critical to look at comprehensive

analysis of ram survival in the Brooks Range.

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And so like many of the other speakers we think that the primacy for fish and game management does reside with the State, State of Alaska Department of Fish and Game and with their opposition to this closure we would support them in that position and we would also go on record in opposition to this proposed closure WSA.

Thank you.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. I appreciate the comment. Next comment.

OPERATOR: Our next caller is Sam Mullen. Your line's open, please state your name for the record.

MR. MULLEN: Yeah, my name is Sam Mullen, resident hunter of Fairbanks.

I've hunted this area for sheep and caribou and grizzly bear off and on since 2006. Since more -- most recently I've noticed that a significant number of -- a significant decline in sheep numbers. It troubles me and I don't know what the answer is, but I'd just like to point out that Mr. Reakoff has some valid points, he has some good points with his proposal, but his numbers do not coincide with my personal observations. I was speaking -- messaging Mr. Reakoff today actually and I showed him a couple pictures of some rams that I had seen up there while I And his comment was was bear hunting this spring. something to the affect that they must have slipped around me. So my point is and my argument is is this proposal written by Mr. Reakoff has valid point, but his observations and what he states as factual numbers are indeed not factual numbers. I've seen sheep that he hasn't seen and I was only up there this spring for three or four days. So in those three or four days I was able to see and take pictures of legal rams that Mr. Reakoff had no idea were there.

We can all agree that weather has a significant impact on these sheep populations and we can all agree that there's not a dang thing that we can do about the weather. What we can do is better predator management. If we read Mr. Reakoff's proposal he states that wolf populations have exploded. We all know that wolves hunt 365 days a year, 24 hour a day.

As quote, unquote, sporthunters we have a limited season and our dent in the population is not near as much as wolf population. I know several people who have come in contact with wolves while on sheep hunt and they have chosen not to harvest the wolves due to the mangy character of their hides in early August. So rather than dealing with having to seal a wolf in early August they chose not to shoot the wolf.

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So if there's something we can do my vote is better predator management, do something about sealing the wolves, do something about wolves up there because that is something that we can control. Limiting quote, unquote sporthunters I don't think is the problem.

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But I'm opposed to the proposal, but I don't know what the answer is and that's all I had to say.

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Thank you.

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ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you very much for your comment. Next comment.

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 $$\operatorname{\textsc{OPERATOR}}$:$ Our next caller is Tyler Freal. Your line is open, please state your name for the record.$

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MR. FREAL: Hi. My name is Tyler Freal. I'm a Fairbanks resident and a long time sheep hunter and observer. I've been hunting periodically in the central Brooks Range since 2004 and I want to voice my strong opposition to this wildlife special action request. I believe that under current management and harvest regulations the population will recover in time and hunting is not have a significant detrimental affect on the sheep population in the area especially in the archery only corridor. I would ask that the Federal Subsistence Board consider this WSA with extreme caution and consideration. Following other WSA Federal land closures in the State the door's open for even a single individual with a personal agenda and influence over a Regional Advisory Council to put these potential closures before the Board in a self serving manner. I believe that like other closures this WSA is put forward to control people, not genuinely aid in the recovery of the sheep population.

 The proposal as it reads mentions the heavy influence of weather and predation on this population decline, but it doesn't make any suggestion to even examine predator control measures. Many of the statements made in the proposal are purely opinion based, but they're stated as fact as well as the speculation about sublegal ram takes that isn't actually observed, it's just suggested.

I ask the Federal Subsistence Board to vote in opposition to this WSA. I and many other residents of Alaska view passage of this WSA as continued subversion of the State's lawful management and blocking public lands away from the public.

Thank you.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for your comment. Next comment, please.

OPERATOR: Our next caller is Jeff Lund. Your line is open, please state your name for the record.

MR. LUND: Hi. My name is Jeff Lund. Appreciate the opportunity to testify on behalf here. I'd like to echo the sentiments of those who have voiced their opposition to this. I grew up on Prince of Wales Island down in unit 2 and I've never hunted sheep up there, but I understand the value and meaning of wildlife to the rural cultures and the need to preserve resources. I'm just very, very concerned with the Federal government going against Fish and Game recommendations and undermining science and biology. That sets a very poor precedent going forward so I would definitely like to voice my opposition for this.

Thank you.

 $\mbox{ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for your comment. Next comment, please.} \label{eq:acting_chair}$

OPERATOR: Our next caller is Mark Truax. Your line is open and please state your name for the record, Sir.

MR. TRUAX: Thank you. Thank you, Madame Chair. Mark Truax calling today on behalf of the Boone and Crockett Club. The Boone and Crockett

Club does not support this special action for closure for sheep hunting. As has been stated by many previous speakers this closure will not facilitate population recovery. The range of this, you know, needs to be looked at and addressed. And there's plenty out there based on the previous comments and there's a harvestable surplus that exceeds the average annual harvest. And these sheep populations have recovered based on the State's management strategy and there's been good work that has been done to date.

So Boone and Crockett Club and the hunters that we represent and the members of our organization are in strong opposition to this.

 $\,$ And thank you to the Board for taking public testimony.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for comment. Next comment.

 $$\operatorname{\textsc{OPERATOR}}$:$ Our next comment comes from Karen Linnell. Your line is open and please state your name for the record.

MS. LINNELL: Good afternoon. Thank you for the opportunity to speak. My name is Karen Linnell. I'm a long time advocate for sustainable resources for subsistence and also I'm not opposed to sporthunting so I -- when the resources allow for that take as well. It is our goal here to look at health populations and things. I do want to say that, you know, this proposal is written by the Western Interior RAC, they obviously -- they're the most closely affected and are there in the community, in the region and have the personal observations that inform their decision.

It's interesting how anecdotal stories can be taken by individuals with professional credentials behind their name such as former State biologist versus those that are out there every day in the -- in the public and they're taken as purely anecdotal and not as fact or science. Much of my job, my day job, is quantifying long term observations as long term observations are science and should be carried with the same weight. I also feel that, you know, this is not the Federal Subsistence Board subverting State management, it is the Federal

Subsistence Board acting on Federal management obligations. It is your duty to protect the resource. And it seems that these folks are pretty organized in their opposition and so, you know, I just want to say that, you know, looking at this and hearing the comments the reason for the closure would be for conservation concern and it's my understanding it's not only a closure for Federal users or State users or sporthunters, but it's also a closure, a moratorium for Federal users as well to make this be -- in hopes to help this become a healthy population.

 We've had subsistence users also participate and if they happen to get a large moose put it into Boone and Crockett and those kind of things so thank you for, you know, your tracking those types of hunts and whatnot, but it's not the main goal. And I just -- you know, if those resources are gone all of these folks would be out of a job as well. You can't continue to get blood from a stone and so protecting those resources so that you have -- are able to come back and hunt again with your clients is an important piece.

So I just want to advocate for the resource. I think that, you know, doing what we can to ensure that we have healthy populations is important. I'd also like to thank the gentleman who spoke about predator control or management, that's important as well. You know, some agencies don't like that term, predator control, but it is necessary whether it be done through subsistence tracking or other means, but it is something to look at. We also have to look at other types of predators. Here in the Copper River basin we're seeing and hearing signs of mountain lions moving into the area and several sightings both in the southern end there at Chitina and then on the northern end by Mentasta. You know, that's something to consider and look at, are they -- have they moved that far west or is that something that needs to be addressed or looked at, it's an invasive species.

 So those are things that I'm thinking about in this and just ask you to do what's best for the resource so that we have healthy populations. And that those rural residents and our neighbors and friends from other parts of this State and nation, our country, are able to use those resources.

Thank you, Madame Chair.

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ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for your comment. Our next comment, please.

OPERATOR: At this time I'm showing no further comments. Once again if you would like to make a comment please press Star, one on your telephone keypad.

(No comments)

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Okay. If there's no further comment I have one testimony request from in the room, Mark Richards.

MR. RICHARDS: Good afternoon, Madame Chairman, members of the Board and agency Staff. For the record my name is Mark Richards, I'm the Executive Director of Resident Hunters of Alaska. And I'm here in person today to represent our over 3,000 members from across the State, from Utgiagvik to Ketchikan, from Holy Cross to Eagle and parts in between, in opposition to wildlife special action request 22-02.

Now I'm going to give a little bit more nuance testimony than what you heard previously. Since our formation in 2016 we have been concerned with sheep declines across the State and the continued sustainability of sheep populations where unlimited opportunities exist, hunting particularly unlimited non-resident sheep hunting opportunities. We have advocated that unlimited non-resident sheep opportunity allowed by the Board of Game needs to be restricted or limited in order to better conserve sheep and so that resident sheep hunting opportunities can continue.

Now we've heard at previous meetings here it's been mentioned by some members of the Board that the Federal agencies are not really using their own authority, rather they seem to go through the Federal Subsistence Board. But I think it makes common sense to have sort of a step down approach to subsistence hunting. I was a subsistence -- Federally-qualified subsistence hunter for 35 years and then I moved to Fairbanks and somehow I'm no longer a subsistence hunter even though I am. But I think the step down process should be subsistence comes first,

second comes Alaska residents and third comes commercial hunting which is mostly primarily non-resident hunters.

Now the Park Service, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, you guys operate guide concession programs, you also have the ability to limit commercial hunters. But yet you're not doing that. Some of you might support this proposal, but you're not acting on your own, within your own agency to limit the commercial hunting industry which far and away is more successful than -- than resident hunters in the harvest of sheep.

If and when sheep populations are at the point where sheep hunting for all users needs to be closed for a period of time we could support that, but only if we have some sideboards from the Board of Game as to what State regulations would be when it opens again. We can't simply close things down and then just allow unlimited hunting again especially unlimited non-resident sheep hunting. As was mentioned by Brian a little bit over 40 percent of the sheep harvest in these areas within these closure requests are from non-resident hunters, primarily guided hunters. Over the year more and more guides have taken advantage of the walk in bow hunting only opportunities as well within the corridor.

Now you heard Brian mention what the harvest rate was for bow hunters, it's extremely low. So we want to ask you that if you were to pass this proposal we would like you to exempt the corridor management area where you cannot use rifles. There's absolutely no reason to restrict bow hunters from hunting sheep in this area. They just don't take that many sheep. So yeah, most -- we have quite a few members who participate in that walk in sheep hunt and it's very important to them.

So also should this closure request pass it's going to be really difficult for hunters to determine the boundaries of this area. We're not really going to have any enforcement and as you've heard from previous testifiers, the unintended consequences of this is going to push people into other areas, more crowding, more sheep are taken out of those areas. It's kind of crazy not to consider the overall sheep population. The Brooks Range sheep population is

one big cohort and we want to close just this little area, the proponent does, without anything in the Gates or anything elsewhere and it's -- it really won't have the desired affect.

 Again, you know, we oppose WSA22-02. We have long had conservation concerns for sheep and concerns at the full curl management strategy the State utilizes is not always sustainable under all conditions particularly with the fast rate that we have in Alaska of climate change, these ongoing weather events that we're having, yeah, sheep have declined all over. But there are other means than closing it down for everybody than to deal with this situation.

So that's basically our comments and if I can, Madame Chair, I just want to offer one general comment about the Federal Subsistence Board process. A lot of us -- you know, during Covid it's been very hard everybody, but the way these special action requests work you generally don't hold a public meeting, OSM holds a meeting, telephonic meeting, we call in, we testify. We never get to see you face to face, you never get to see us face to face. And it's a real problem with how the wildlife special action requests are working. And it's causing a lot of people as you heard to have negative feelings about this Board that really shouldn't be there. This Board's very important, the RACs are important, but the process could be done better so the public feels like you're listening to us. Right now the way things work we just don't feel like you're listening to us, we feel you just hear OSM, but it's really -- that's why my Board had me come here today, I wanted to see you all face to face, I feel it's very important, I really appreciate you holding this meeting in public. And, Rhonda, great job under difficult circumstances.

So thank you all.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you very much for your comment. I do appreciate all public testimony.

Oh, we have two more people in the queue. Go ahead.

OPERATOR: Our next comment comes from Cody Buchat. Your line is open, please state your name

for the record.

MR. BUCHAT: Madame Chair, my name's Cody Buchat (ph). I'm a first year resident at Fairbanks. It's been a dream to be in Alaska all my life. Sheep hunting was something that I wasn't too interested in until I actually got up here, started diving into the science, I realized that it's a very vulnerable population, but it's a very niche group of people that enjoy utilizing the resource.

So I've done a lot of research and I've tried getting as much information as I can to be more knowledgeable about the process and about the hunt itself. I listen to ADF&G, they have a lot of great points and I agree with their opposition to this WSA.

A few things, I haven't seen a lot of information as far as the proposals do or go, but I've looked at the FSB limits and regulations and if this is truly a population crisis then I would seriously look at the fact that the taking of ewes in the area that —that needs to be looked at, but if the sheep population don't have enough sheep you probably shouldn't be taking ewe. We've seen management failures in the lower 48 overtaking does or cows or whatever it may be, then having these population declines, but I've — Mr. Richards had a lot of great points, Ms. Schwanke had fantastic points.

I oppose and thank you for your time.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for your comment. Next comment.

OPERATOR: Our next caller is John Sturgeon. Your line's open, please state your name for the record.

MR. STURGEON: Good afternoon. This is John Sturgeon. I am the President of Safari Club Alaska. We have about 700 members in Alaska and we do conservation work across the State.

We are opposed to this proposal, we think it's not based on science. I'd also like to start by saying if there really is a shortage of wildlife and there are rural residents in need for a food source we don't have any problem with a priority

for rural residents if there's a real food shortage, maybe start with that.

I'd also like to say that the Alaska Department of Fish and Game does not approve of this, they're the main managers of Alaska's resources and this seems to me very strange that you're taking one segment of the Brooks Range and you're imposing Federal regulations on it. Sheep move all across the Brooks Range, they travel sometimes 10, 15, 20, 30 miles, long distances, especially during the rut. And to have one portion of it managed by the Feds and the other by the State, that doesn't make any sense from a wildlife management perspective. It should be the State of Alaska and it should only be in extreme situations where the Federal government takes over control of wildlife resources.

Also I think that it was mentioned earlier that the State of Alaska can do intensive management, the Federal government does not do that. I think a lot of folks in rural areas are really supportive of intensive management and reduces the predator numbers and increases the game numbers which is a win/win for everybody.

Also there's been some concerns expressed about the Federal Subsistence Board process. I would agree with those, it's not a very transparent process. We don't get to talk to the Board in person. When you go to the Fish and Game -- Alaska Board of Game you get to look a person in the eye, you get to have a discussion and I think it's a -- you get a feeling that you're being listened to. In this process we never hear the results of what our comments are and it just does not feel like a very open and fair public process.

I guess in closing again Safari Club Alaska opposes this measure. We think that it's the proper role of the Alaska Department of Fish and Game to do the management of game and only in extreme situations where the Federal government steps in which hasn't been shown.

Also I would just add one more thing, as the Federal Subsistence Board keeps on closing areas not based on science, not based on real need of rural residents for a food supply, you're going to wake a

sleeping giant. If you look at the map of what the Federal Subsistence Board has closed over the year it's getting larger and larger and larger and I think they're seeing a lot more feedback from folks outside these areas that are closed and it's going to maybe make the problem a whole lot bigger.

Anyway thank you for the opportunity to testify.

Thank you again.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for your comments. Do we have any more?

MS. DETWILER: No.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Okay. Hearing no more public comments we are on to the Regional Advisory Council recommendations.

Western Interior -- North Slope.

MS. HONIG: Thank you, Madame Chair, members of the Board. My name is Leigh Honig for the record and I'm Council Coordinator for the North Slope Regional Advisory Council and I will be reading their recommendation on their behalf.

The Council discussed the special action request at length with the Chair of the Western Interior Regional Advisory Council, Jack Reakoff and Gates of the Arctic National Park and Preserve Wildlife Biologist William Deacy and believe based on the local and traditional knowledge and biological data presented that a closure to sheep hunting in units 24A and 26B is warranted. This closure would not affect the community of Anaktuvuk Pass sheep harvest within the Gates of the Arctic National Park in units 26A and 24B. The Council is otherwise willing to forego subsistence harvest of sheep in units 24A and 26B in order to help that specific population recover. Subsistence hunters are conservationists and will not hunt the dwindling sheep population into the ground.

We support our neighboring Council and the request to close all hunting in this area. The Council fully embraces the dall sheep conservation concerns that Mr. Reakoff read into the record at our

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    meeting. We concur with observations on sheep decline
    due to climate change impacts such as rain on snow
    events in addition to the intensive hunting pressure
    Council members have witnessed along the Dalton Highway
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    Corridor.
                Traditional knowledge also informs the
    importance of balance across all age classes and
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    especially the mature males as important for productive
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    breeding and maintaining a healthy population.
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                    The Council believes there is a clear
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    need for conservation measures to be enacted at this
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    time through a closure to all hunting of dall sheep in
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    this area to allow for the population to recover.
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                    Thank you, Madame Chair.
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA:
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    Western Interior.
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                    MS. DETWILER: I believe the Chair of
    that is Jack Reakoff. Is he on?
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                    OPERATOR: (Indiscernible - away from
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    microphone) .....
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                    MS. DETWILER:
                                   You may have to press
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    Star, one.
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                    MS. WESSELS:
                                   Madame Chair, this is
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    Katya.
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes, go ahead.
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                    MS. WESSELS:
                                   It looks like Chair
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    Reakoff got disconnected.
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA:
                                          Okay.
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    ahead.
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                    MS. DETWILER: In the meantime there
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    are two....
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                    MS. LaVINE:
                                  Madame Chair, there are
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    also two more people in the public testimony queue that
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    joined up.
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Okay. Just so we
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    don't have any dead air I'll allow it. Go ahead with
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    the first comment.
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UNIDENTIFIED VOICE: My name (indiscernible - distortion). I'm opposed to WSA22-02. I have a place in Wiseman, Alaska and I've bow hunted within the proposed closed area every year since 1999. feel it's especially important to note that approximately 50 percent of the proposed area is within the Dalton Highway Control Use Area which is open to archery only hunting. The estimated annual harvest within this area is less than three rams per year. 65 percent of the rams harvested are greater than eight years old which refutes any claim of excessive mature ram harvest.

This proposed closure primarily targets hunting opportunity for a specific group of hunters, walk in archery hunters. The fact that this is archery only coupled with Alaska's full curl or eight year old restriction I do not believe that adopting this special action request will help facilitate a population recovery. I believe that the current population numbers do not meet the closure criteria found in ANILCA, Section VIII.

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Thank you for taking the time to let me

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speak.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for calling in today. Next comment, please.

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OPERATOR: Ralph Dalstrom, your line is open.

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MR. DALSTROM: Can you hear me?

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ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes, please go ahead. State your name for the record, please.

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MR. DALSTROM: This will be just a short comment. I agree with the points that have been made in opposition to this proposition. And I support ADF&G's use of actual science in this matter. The Federal government has not recently impressed me that they even understand the meaning of the word science.

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Thank you.

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ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Can you please state your name for the record.

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MR. DALSTROM: Ralph Dalstrom.

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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. And it
    looks like we have our Western Interior Regional
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    Advisory Council Chair back online.
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                    MR. REAKOFF:
                                   Madame Chair, this is
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    Jack Reakoff.
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Go ahead.
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                    MR. REAKOFF: You can hear me now? I
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    had my line muted.
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes. Yes, we can
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    hear you. Thank you.
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                    MR. REAKOFF:
                                    Okay.
                                             This is Jack
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    Reakoff, I'm the Chairman of the Western Interior
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    Regional Advisory Council. And I'd make a comment --
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    I'm discombobulated because I'm -- all my stuff is like
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    here with the phone call.
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Did we lose him?
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    No, he's still there. Okay.
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                    MR. REAKOFF:
                                    The position of the
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    Western Interior Regional Advisory Council is to
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    support their own proposal. Justification, and this is
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    as of when we wrote the proposal.....
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                    I'm
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    the....
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA:
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    typing noise too. Are you typing?
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                    MS. DETWILER: There might be someone
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    online.
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Hold on.
    may be somebody online who's typing voraciously. Okay.
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    It sounds like they stopped. Please go ahead.
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                    MR. REAKOFF: Okay. The Council's very
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    concerned about the decreasing sheep population along
    the Dalton Highway and the central Brooks Range.
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    believe traditional ecological knowledge on the subject
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    has been ignored.
                            Since 2012
                                         current weather
    conditions including rain on snow, then late springs
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    and early and deep snows have decimated these sheep
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populations resulting in extremely low recruitment, poor lamb production and loss of mature rams. The Council believes that increased predation by wolves are also contributing to the population decline.

The Council is frustrated by the lack of biological data that has been collected, particularly the failure to collect age composition data on rams. Currently there are very few six and seven year old rams that remain in the population, there are virtually very few full curl rams or older rams, if any. And the past studies have demonstrated detrimental affects of young rams breeding ewes in the absence of mature rams and larger rams, including high post-rut mortality and lower lamb production.

The Council is concerned with the current harvest management strategy and harvest levels. The full curl management strategy only works with consistent recruitment within the -- when -- not when several cohorts are missing as has happened unit 24A and 26B sheep population. Under the current management regime over the next two years the remaining six and seven year old rams will be harvested. This will exacerbate the recovery of the sheep population if there are no or very few two to five year old rams to take their place and smaller, inexperienced rams will breed ewes in their absence.

The Council considers the unit 24A and 26B sheep populations to be in a dire situation that requested closures are critical to the recovery. This is the most -- and I have additional comments from current observation this spring. I just talked to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife biologist that flew part of 26B in the proposed unit, I talked to the Park Service who flew the State survey area and the National Park just last week. I have additional information if the Board chooses to deliberate the proposal.

Thank you.

Mr. Orville Lind.

MR. LIND: Good afternoon, Madame

Chair, Board members. Orville Liaison, Native Liaison for the Office of Subsistence Management. And we did reach out to Western Interior and North Slope regions and there was no interest in Tribal or ANCSA consultations.

Thank you, Madame Chair.

MCTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you very much. Next is Alaska Department of Fish and Game comments, Ben Mulligan. Oh, looks like Mark Burch. Okay.

MR. BURCH: I'm Mark Burch from the Alaska Department of Fish and Game. This proposed closure primarily targets hunting opportunity for a specific group of hunters, walk in archery hunters. The proposed closure will not facilitate a population recovery. The range of this sheep population falls mostly outside of Federal public lands proposed to be closed and there will be a harvestable surplus that exceeds the average annual harvest.

ADF&G opposed the proposed closure.

And, Madame Chair, I might take just a second and....

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Uh-huh.

MR. BURCH:set my agency comments aside. I'm sure you can see that I deal with a tremor and on top of everything else all of you have dealt with today, I hope you'll continue to deal with that and I'll try not to pay attention to it and focus on what I'm saying if you'll please try to do the same.

Thank you.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yeah, absolutely.

 MR. BURCH: Congress enacted ANILCA, Title VIII to ensure the continued opportunity for subsistence uses by rural residents of Alaska. Congress also clarified in ANILCA Section .815(3) in Title VIII is not intended to restrict non-subsistence uses of fish and wildlife generally permitted on public lands other than National Parks and Park Monuments unless necessary for the conservation of healthy

populations of fish and wildlife and is necessary pursuant to Sections 804 and 816. We believe that the populations of dall sheep within the central and eastern Brooks Range is both healthy and viable in accordance with Title VIII provisions. In other words we do not believe this population is at risk of being extirpated or otherwise imperiled by catastrophic events as significant as those may be.

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At this point we are compelled to point out that written comments submitted to the Office of Subsistence Management as well as in the Species Management Report and plan cited in the analysis clearly indicate sheep in the central and eastern Brooks Range are managed as a single population, yet OSM refers to populations plural, of sheep occurring within the proposed closure. They disregard the State's management structure. Furthermore when asked how they define terms such as viability and wildlife population as used in this special action they would not clarify due to legal advice from counsel. cannot adequately define these terms ADF&G will not be or will be unable to evaluate and assess the risk relative to pertinent metrics. And the public will be unable to understand the justification for closing this area.

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We should also point out that while OSM analysis is of the issues put forth by the proponent, the proponent makes undue use of literature that has not been peer reviewed. It also ignores several basic wildlife management principles. The Federal Staff analysis, heavy reliance on Heimer and Watson, 1986, is not in alignment with ANILCA Section 101(c). In this case because Whitten published peer reviewed literature using the same data set as Hammer and Watson in 1986 and refuted these ideas in 2001. Furthermore Murphy, et. al, 1990 examined the population composition of hunted and unhunted dall sheep populations and found one, no relationship between harvest of old rams from the proportions of young rams in the population. Two, no clear affect of hunting on lamb and yearling Furthermore Lo, Heissen, Smith have production. concluded that 8 to 15 percent of rams die annually across their range in Alaska without regard to hunting pressure or regulations. The Staff analysis seems unaware of the widely recognized scientific principal that harvest falls along the additive compensatory continuum and therefore erroneously assumes that any

non-harvested sheep would have otherwise survived which is an erroneous assumption even under additive harvest. Moreover the premise of the full curl strategy is not to promote trophy hunting, but rather to exploit segments of the population with higher annual mortality that are at or past their maximum reproductive value.

Like other sheep populations in Alaska the current weather related decline of the sheep population in central and eastern Brooks Range was significant. ADF&G continues to assess the situation using Gates of the Arctic National Park and Preserve population estimates, trend counts and harvest data.

We also feel compelled to inform you that this proposed closure would greatly diminish a Federal/State project research dall sheep, ram ecology and potential affects of harvest on the closure area that the State started just this summer in 2022. You've heard some about that earlier and I'll talk more about it.

This entails deploying satellite collars in the central and eastern Brooks range sheep population to further understand this population and evaluate hunting affects on sheep population dynamics. This project was explicitly developed to address stakeholder concerns specifically including stakeholders residing

in the closure area regarding sheep harvest and its impacts on sheep populations. If this closure is passed then we will have to adjust the study plan in this area, it would have otherwise been the treatment area, would be left out of the project.

Although the decline is real lambs continue to be counted in annual and aerial -- excuse me, in annual aerial surveys and representative age structure of rams continue to be harvested each year even from the smaller numerical cohorts of the early 2010s.

 Additionally providing a harvestable surplus from big game populations with small herds of 500 to a thousand is not unprecedented. For instance, Wolf Mountain caribou, 21C moose, Nunivak Island muskox, et cetera.

While the central and eastern Brooks

Range sheep population is likely 10,000 to 20,000 sheep based on extrapolations of recent population estimation surveys from Gates of the Arctic, ADF&G has consistently demonstrated with sheep and other big game populations that it is not necessary to conduct an annual count of a harvested population or enumerate the abundance of each individual cohort where very conservative management surveys are employed. In fact because sheep are one of the few big game animals—big game populations where age structure and cohort data are available from harvest data, it further reduces the imperative for annual survey data.

As previously discussed approximately 28 percent of the central and eastern Brooks Range sheep population resides within the Gates of the Arctic. With relatively minimal harvest in Gates of the Arctic, the harvest that includes any ram and ewe harvest, the Gates of the Arctic represents a significant refugia to the sheep population. presence of that refugia enhances the opportunity for genetic interchange, age and sex class interchange, sync-migration and escape terrain from hunting pressure.

The central and eastern Brooks Range sheep population declined due to weather, not harvest. Sheep population fluctuations of varying magnitudes and causes are not unprecedented in Alaska and those populations have recovered under full curl strategy. This is further evidence of the compensatory nature of the full curl harvest strategy. The proposed closure will not accelerate the recovery or mitigate weather related declines. Furthermore if the Board is seriously concerned about population viability the first step should be to discontinue ewe harvest. This is another basic principle of ungulate management.

While we recognize the proponent has concerns regarding the declines in the area, sheep populations over the past decade ADF&G believes based on the information we have gathered in our role as the manager of the wildlife in Alaska that the population of the sheep in the central and eastern Brooks Range continues to be viable and healthy. As a viable and healthy population we believe existing dall sheep numbers can provide both continued opportunity for rural residents to engage in subsistence way of life as required by ANILCA Section 801(1) as well as for the

existing dall sheep hunting as approved by the Alaska Board of Game to continue.

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Current subsistence harvest numbers of sheep in the proposed closure area are estimated to be very low, less than three sheep per year and other hunting activities are already highly restricted in Gates of the Arctic, the hard Park and the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area. For those -- for more than 41 percent of the proposed closure area.

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So in summary ADF&G emphasizes the following points. One, full curl ram harvest management strategy allows harvest without impact population growth. Two, the area affected is small and is already restricted to hunting methods and means. Three, a closure would not have a meaningful population affect. And four, the closure would have a minimal affect on harvest. Finally if it comes -- if becomes clear that this decision will cause restriction of non-subsistence uses we ask that the Board ADF&G or we ask the Board to provide ADF&G with an explanation as to why they disagree with the information presented here and why the restriction is necessary to serve a purpose limited or listed in Section 815(c) that less restrictive measures will not achieve this purpose.

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I'm really annoyed when somebody says finally and then they drone on. However....

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(Laughter)

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MR. BURCH:excuse me, as Jack Reakoff mentioned we have done some surveys lately and I'd like to summarize some of what we saw.

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We have a few more talking points as a result of a sheep survey we completed this summer and some additional information from new and research -from new research project mentioned earlier. One, we observed 27 percent more sheep during this year's survey than in 2021 indicating that the population has not declined further and has likely stabilized or 2022 results reenforce our The slightly grew. assessment of the Brooks Range sheep population previously provided. In contrast to some statements made regarding this population, preliminary composition data indicated rams of varying ages in the population suggesting that cohorts of 2015 through 2022 are

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    present in this population. As predicted the pre --
    and previously noted, it is likely that the cohorts of
    2013 and '14 are not present in significant numbers.
    Three, we initiated field work in June for the Brooks
    Range ram ecology study. This study was designed in
    part to compare the survivorship of immature rams to
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    hunted and unhunted study areas. This study should
    shed light on the consequences of varying levels of
    mature ram removal with implications for productivity
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    and survival of other age classes which was a primary
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    concern of the proponent of the closure.
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    unnecessary closure greatly impacts the study design.
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                    Thank you, Madame Chair.
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA:
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            I appreciate that. Does anybody have any
    much.
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    questions right now for Mr. Burch.
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                    (No comments)
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Were your -- were
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    the recent studies included in the literature analysis
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    that you have at the back of your.....
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                    MR. BURCH: I'm sorry, Madame Chair,
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    was it included where?
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Under the cite --
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    citations in the back of your comments for the State of
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    Alaska?
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                    MR. BURCH: No, this is brand new, just
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Okay. Great.
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                    MR. BURCH: Yeah.
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Does anybody have
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    any questions. Charlie, are you still there?
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                    MR. BROWER: Yes, I'm still here.
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                    ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Do you have any
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    questions?
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                    MR. BROWER: I don't. Thank you.
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ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. Okay. We're under Board discussion. I knew I missed something, like that was very quick.

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Okay. InterAgency Staff Committee comments. Sorry.

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MS. LaVINE: Thank you, Madame Chair, members of the Board. This is Robbin LaVine again, I'm the Subsistence Policy Coordinator and the InterAgency Staff Committee Chair. And the InterAgency Staff Committee has developed comments on wildlife special action 22-02 and they are as follows.

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Scale is crucial to evaluate dall sheep population viability. When viewed across the entire Brooks Range dall sheep numbers appear to be stable. However some local populations appear to be critically low. Specifically there are serious concerns about the viability of the dall sheep population along the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area which I'll now refer to as the DHCMA. Recent populations estimates and minimal count surveys indicate substantial declines in legal rams, ewes and lambs in most survey areas along the DHCMA. Severe weather conditions, including extended winters and rain on snow events are thought to be a major factor in the population declines for sheep in units 24A and 26B. Declines in the sheep population within DHCMA are a concern for rural subsistence users that rely on local populations in close proximity to where they live. ANILCA Section 816(b) allows for closure of Federal public lands to the harvest of fish and wildlife for reasons of public administration or to assure the continued viability of particular fish or wildlife population.

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The Western Subsistence Regional Advisory Council, the proponent of WSA22-02 extremely concerned about the central Brooks Range sheep population along the DHCMA and is willing to forego subsistence harvest of the species to aid in its recovery. Based on available biological information on the traditional ecological knowledge of Federally-qualified subsistence users residing in the region, the proposed closure of dall sheep hunting by all users may be justified and approval of WSA22-02 could aid in the recovery of sheep populations within units 24A and 26B.

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The North Slope Subsistence Regional Advisory Council also recommended closing sheep hunting to all users in units 24A and 26B during their last regulatory meeting.

Historically most of the sheep harvest in the areas subject to this special action request has been by non-Federally-qualified users. Since there are very few if any legal rams available for harvest in the area closure of hunting by non-rural users could provide for conservation of healthy populations of sheep and likely to help ensure the continued viability of the dall sheep population in DHCMA. Although sheep harvest by Federally-qualified subsistence users is low, sheep numbers are low enough that any additional mortality from harvest may be unsustainable and could slow natural recovery of dall sheep in the area.

Thank you, Madame Chair.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for those comments. Now we're under Board discussion.

MR. CHEN: Madame Chair, BIA.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes. Go ahead.

MR. CHEN: Thank you, Madame Chair. Last session on this particular wildlife special action Mr. Peltola had requested a deferral so that we could explore alternatives by the affected management agencies and I believe those agencies have information to report here so we'd like to hear that.

Thank you.

 $\label{eq:ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Okay. Great. I'd like to hear that.} \\$

MS. LaVINE: Thank you, Madame Chair. Again this is Robbin LaVine, the InterAgency Staff Committee Chair. And I did want to let you know that the Federal Subsistence Board members responsible for a Federal nexus in this region and this area through their Staff are prepared to provide summaries of the tools each agency has available to them and its limitations to discuss the request specifically. So I'm going to ask the ISC members for BLM and Park Service to join me here at the table and ISC member for

Fish and Wildlife Service, Jill Klein will remain at her seat at the Board table.

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Thank you, Madame Chair.

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6 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you.

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Madame Chair, for the MR. McKEE: record $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) =\left($ Subsistence Coordinator for the Bureau of Land In terms of administrative options -administrative options available to BLM and to address the concerns identified in WSA22-02 are limited. can amend, suspend or cancel special recreational permits associated with sheep guiding in the area in However this would only prevent guided question. hunting for sheep on BLM lands in unit 24A and would not prevent non-Federally-qualified users not using quides from accessing 24A for the purposes of sheep hunting. Closures are also possible through BLM regulations specifically 43 CFR 83.64.1 under closures and restriction orders. These regulations allow for land closures to protect persons, property and public lands and resources. An authorized BLM officer may issue an order to close or restrict use of designated public lands. However the closure requested by WSA22-02 includes lands managed by other Federal agencies which would not be impacted by any BLM specific closures.

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Thank you, Madame Chair.

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ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you very

34 much.

MS. PATTON: Thank you, Madame Chair and members of the Board. For the record Eva Patton, ISC member for the National Park Service. And similar to BLM the National Park Service has limited options available to address the concerns identified in the wildlife special action 22-02. One is modification of the currently permitted sheep hunting guide concession in Gates of the Arctic National Preserve; two, is closure restriction to sport harvest as identified in 36 CFR 13.50; or three, closure to -- or restriction to subsistence harvest as identified in 36 CFR 13.490. And overall each of these options is limited in the ability to address the entirety of the temporary special action request. As noted by BLM member that

this request spans multiple Federal land management agencies, National Park Service just being one. And suspending or cancelling guide concession in the Preserve would only prevent guided hunting for dall sheep in unit 26B and would not prevent non-Federally-qualified users who do not use guides from accessing unit 26B to hunt dall sheep. There's currently only one guide concession currently permitted within National Park Service and they have for some time voluntarily stopped the take of dall sheep in this area so suspending a permit would have little affect.

Closure to sport harvest through 36 CFR 13.50 or closure to subsistence harvest through 36 CFR 13.490 would only address dall sheep conservation concerns on the National Park Service lands which is a minimum amount of land compared to the overall closure request so only 10.9 percent of Federal lands in 24A and only 2.7 percent of Federal lands in unit 26B. And again it's noted the population sheep declines and the hunt closure request spans across the jurisdiction of both BLM, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and National Park Service lands. And so to effectively provide for conservation of healthy dall sheep populations and allow for the continuation of subsistence uses of dall sheep across the area in question would require a coordinated effort between all three Federal land management agencies as well the public process would be disjointed. 36 CFR does require consultation with the State in the event of non-emergencies and also to provide an opportunity for public comment in one or more meetings next to the affected area.

So again the public process and opportunity to engage and comment on the closure would be disjointed across the Federal agencies and therefore the Federal Subsistence Board would be the appropriate entity and public process to address 22-02 through ANILCA Section .816(b).

Thank you, Madame Chair.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you for that.

MS. KLEIN: Okay. Members of the Board, Jill Klein for the record and I wanted to read the administrative options available to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to address the concerns identified

in wildlife special action 22-02. And they're also identified in regulations and I'm happy to share the specifics if requested.

So these regulations apply to the issuance of competitively and non-competitively issued permits for economic and/or other privileged uses on all National Wildlife Refuges in Alaska as well as regulations that authorize the Refuge Manager who may close an area or restrict an activity on an emergency temporary or permanent basis. Additionally air taxis and transporters could be given a permit condition that limits them from dropping off clients in certain areas, in this case west of the Sagavanirktok River. These administrative options available to the Refuge wouldn't prevent non-Federally-qualified users who do not use guides or air taxis and transporters from accessing the Refuge for sheep hunting.

And the Service acting for the Secretary and required by Section 810 of ANILCA did evaluate the affects on subsistence uses and needs of proposals that affect land use decision on National Wildlife Refuges in Alaska. And based on review and evaluation of available information at the time in 2013 it was determined that the activities proposed under the special use permit wouldn't significantly restrict subsistence uses in the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge.

Thank you.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. Is there anybody else. Did I see someone raise their hand or were you just stretching?

UNIDENTIFIED VOICE: Just stretching.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Okay. Sorry. Go ahead, Robbin.

MR. BROWER: Hello.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes, go ahead.

MR. BROWER: Hello.

48 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Hi. Can you hear

49 me.

0135 1 MR. BROWER: Can you hear me? 2 3 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: I can hear you, 4 can you hear me. 5 6 MR. BROWER: Yes, I can hear you. 7 8 (Laughter) 9 10 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Okay. Great. Did 11 you have a question. 12 13 MR. BROWER: Anyway it's a question, 14 it's a question to the Coordinator for the North Slope 15 Advisory Council. This closure is not going to affect 16 the sheep harvest by the community of Anaktuvuk Pass in 17 26A and B; is that right? 18 19 MS. HONIG: Thank you. Through the 20 Chair. This is Leigh Honig, Council Coordinator. Can 21 I ask you to repeat the question one more time? 22 23 MR. BROWER: Okay. Thank you. 24 closure, is it going to affect the sheep harvest by the 25 community of Anaktuvuk Pass in 26A and B, 24B? 26 27 MS. GREDIGAN: Yeah, this is Lisa 28 Gredigan for the record. And that's correct, Charlie, 29 this special action will not affect any harvest by 30 Anaktuvuk Pass residents in unit 20 -- 24B and 26A. 31 32 MR. BROWER: Thank you. 33 34 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Okay. We're under 35 Board discussion, right, we're still under Board discussion. Was there any further Board discussion on 36 37 this special action. 38 39 MR. HILDERBRAND: Madame Chair, this is -- this is the Park Service. I just want to take a 40 41 second to acknowledge and state our appreciation for 42 all the folks from the public that came and testified, greatly value the insights and perspectives that you 44 all share. Same thing for the -- for the RACs, OSM Staff, the ISC Staff and certainly the State as well. 45 46 And greatly appreciate being able to do this face to Relative to the impacts on his own study, I 47 face. don't take that lightly and displacement to other 48 49 areas, don't take that lightly. And so, you know,

looking forward to the discussion on this -- on this action, but just wanted to I think reiterate what a lot of folks have said today, to be succinct, it's good to see you. So.....

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you. Is there any further Board discussion.

(No comments)

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Seeing none, I'd like to entertain a motion at this time.

MR. COHN: Madame Chair, from the Bureau of Land Management.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes, go ahead.

MR. COHN: Madam Chair, I move to approve WSA22-02 as modified by OSM. And if I get a second I'll explain why I intend to vote in support of my motion to close dall sheep hunting on Federal public lands in units 24A and united 24B [sic], west of the Sagavanirktok River to all users for the 2022/2024 wildlife regulatory cycle.

MR. BROWER: Second.

 $$\operatorname{ACTING}$ CHAIR PITKA: Okay. That was seconded by Charlie Brower.

MR. COHN: Serious declines in dall sheep populations within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area or DHCMA of units 24A and 26B [sic] warrant closure of hunting for the species to all users. This is consistent with ANILCA Section 816(b) which allows for closure of Federal public lands to the harvest of fish and wildlife for reasons of public safety, administration or to assure the continued viability of a particular fish or wildlife population. Recent surveys show declines in legal rams, ewes and lambs within the DHCMA, most likely the result of severe weather events including extended winters and rain on snow events.

As stated in the analysis for WSA22-02, similar action has already taken place under both State and Federal regulations in 2015 and 2016 respectively for unit 23 and portions of unit 26A. In that case all

State sheep seasons were closed to hunting and the Federal regulation changed to a may be announced season. There have been no State or Federal sheep hunts in those areas since that time.

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Although sheep numbers across entire Brooks Range may be stable, declines in sheep populations along the DHCMA are a real concern for Federally-qualified subsistence users who depend on efficiency of harvest of localized sheep populations close to where they live. The Western Interior Subsistence Regional Advisory Council, the proponent for WSA22-02, is so concerned with the population status of sheep within in the DHCMA that they are willing for forego their own harvest of the species for the next two years in the hopes this will allow for the recovery of sheep populations in their area. though most of the dall sheep harvest in units 24A and 26B is by non-Federally-qualified users, the available and the biological data traditional ecological knowledge of rural users living in the area indicate that any additional harvest even by Federally-qualified subsistence users is unsustainable and a closure to all users is justified.

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Finally this closure is also consistent with the recommendation of the North Slope Subsistence Regional Advisory Council.

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Thank you, Madame Chair.

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ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you.

Discussion.

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 $$\operatorname{MR.}$ REAKOFF: This is Jack Reakoff, I'd like to address the Board on the proposal.

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ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Okay.

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MR. REAKOFF: So I agree fully with OSM's analysis and conclusion and the InterAgency Staff Committee and I appreciate the Regional Director for the BLM's proposed -- supporting the proposal. For those Board members who don't know who I am, I've lived in the Brooks Range for 50 years plus with Native elders, elders and my own experience and sheep. I've sat on the Koyukuk River Advisory Committee for nearly 30 years. I have a lot of experience. I'm sitting here with a whole table full of data. I'm not just --

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this isn't by guess and by golly, I'm looking at the most recent data that was presented to the Koyukuk River Advisory Committee which I'm the Chair of. I've been on the Western Interior Advisory Council since 2013 -- '93.

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This year I was there in the spring of 2002 [sic], very few sheep from Galbraith Lake and the outer portion of the -- of the proposed area to the bottom of the Brooks Range in unit 24A. With six drives with a 30 power spotting scope and 10 power binoculars, several of the ewe and yearling sheep are missing that I saw last year from predation this winter. Lamb production was surprisingly low. There was one group of ewes, adult ewes, I'm comp these --I'm doing a composition, I identify adult ewes versus yearling ewes or yearling sheep, with 12 ewes with only one neonate on June 8th after the last possible date of birthing there was only three yearling lambs from last year and seven of them are missing from that same group. Seven-eighths rams in the early fall of 2021, this last year, are missing in the ram group. They are mainly four and five year old rams that are between three-quarter and just past three-quarter curl. That's this spring before they start growing, they'll grow rapidly close to the seven-eighths. There are very few seven-eighths or full curl. I found zero full curl. The mistaken harvest of near seven-eighths curl is now chronic with mavid (ph) hunters and few are recorded if taken illegally. I've watched -- observed hunters stalking sheep with archery equipment that were seveneighths. Their intention was to kill those and they went after them two days in a row.

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Their population -- these populations are not migratory. The Department of Fish and Game's management regime is not scientific to the proposal. It's including sheep in 24B east and 26C that are healthy is not scientifically valid. I would also assert that under the recent State surveys, the State surveys include areas in unit 25A that are actually much healthier and most likely would be the increase of 27 percent over last year's survey. My personal discussion with Will Deacy this morning who flew the same area and found most of the sheep quote, aggregated in one drainage in unit 25A. Don't be misled by false statements by the Department of Fish and Game, let's stick to the -- let's stick to the proposal area.

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It is imperative to adopt wildlife action request 22-02 in the attempt to special stabilize declining sheep populations in unit 24A and 26B west. Populations are anything but healthy. talked to Bill Leakoff who's a U.S. Fish and Wildlife Biologist flew with pilot Andy Greenblok on the west side of the Atigun River, they couldn't even find a sheep in the corridor on the west side of the Atigun River. My observations are there's 13 ewes and two lambs in one group right by Galbraith Lake, there's six ewes with zero lambs by Rush Mountainee (ph) and there's three ewes and one yearling on top of Atigun That's how many sheep there are there. populations are anything but healthy.

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I'm working with Federal land managers to develop a ram composition data to scientifically manage dall sheep on the Federal land. We have talked to the -- when you fly State sur -- if you fly moose surveys you comp the population, you know, how many yearling bull moose you have in there, how many medium bulls and adult bulls. And the Department of Fish and Game is just counting full curl rams which means nothing because the harvest data that's sitting right in front of me shows that all full curl rams that were shown in the -- found in the survey area last year in 2021, the harvest data shows that they were killed. The Department of Fish and Game is mixing apples and oranges. Do not include 25A, 26C and 24 -- 26B west or east in this -- in the discussion, that's not within the purview of this proposal.

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The proposal is strictly a conservation measure, it does not quote, target any one user group, walk in, archery, Super Cub guide, horse guide or subsistence users. There's complete ignorance of the fact that there are three guides that hunt the affected unit in 24A and they have 10 assistant guides and they have three Super Cubs and the sheep move in and out of the corridors. So the bow hunters seem to think they're all their sheep, no, they're not. They go outside the corridor and they get killed. They kill them down to barely legal ram if that.

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The State comments are off task in many areas and obfuscate the issue at hand. The State comments include vast areas of the eastern Brooks Range. Sheep are not migratory, they're not a migratory animal. And the Department of Fish and Game

seems to make the public believe that these sheep migrate around. They don't migrate. The dall sheep telemetry work by Jim Lauler for the National Park Service around Anaktuvuk show that they went no further than six to 12 miles maximum range, usually within their own block of hill. They're a very social animal and specific breeding regimes for older age class ram study that Steve Arthur also had telemetry work in unit 24A that shows that these sheep are not migrating off to unit 26C or 25A, they stayed in their own little area.

The Department is ignoring the Wayne Heimer, Watson report. It's not peer reviewed, but that was sold to the public. I was a member of the public in 1986 when we were sold this full curl management using the Wayne Heimer report that showed that if you killed nothing but three -- three-quarter curl -- down to three-quarter curl the populations would decline. They also used the Guise report of mountain sheep studies of behavior, 1971. This is important scientific literature, the Wayne Heimer, Watson page 70 -- 68 recommends in number 2 that the State managers $\operatorname{\mathsf{--}}$ quoting, the State managers should not return to three-quarter curl regulations where dall sheep are subjected to heavy hunting. All full curl age class rams should be protect -- all three-quarter curl ram segments should be protected as well as some of the full curl rams, not all full curls are recommended to be killed. This should be accomplished -this should be accomplished by full curl management for hunting, but it assumes that you have consistent recruitment. We have not had consistent recruitment in the live population which is from 2012 to 2022 we're missing six cohorts and now we're looking at extremely low lamb production in unit 24A. The State comments indicate....

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Chairman Reakoff.

MR. REAKOFF:that full curl can be take -- all full curls can be taken in this heavily hunted area. This is false. The State claims that these comments in their -- in their comment that these populations are healthy and has a harvestable surplus. They say the recent weather events are similar to previous declines in the sheep population in the '90s and the early 2000s. Well, we had comments from Wrangell Mountain biologists, but they don't live here

and I've been involved in fish and wildlife management for years. I've never heard of a population of this low number in the Brooks Range. This is a false statement and the current population had multiple deep snow years, late springs and most important heavy rain on snow multiple times. This is climate change at its worst affect on the dall sheep in the described area. And to the west where the Brooks Range sheep have been heavily already (indiscernible - distortion). And in 1991 these snow years late spring was not accompanied by heavy rain. This area has not had anything like this in 120 year oral history. And I knew old timers here who told me exactly what these sheep populations did.

The State comments do not inform the Board of Game nor do they inform this Board of the survey data showing that 75 percent decline over the last 10 years. The State and National Park Service and BLM all concur with those surveys. The Feds fly separate survey and they all show that same decline. The State biologists were asked to model the poor recruitment at the Koyukuk River Advisory Committee in February in game management unit 24A population. The Area Biologist that got the letter said they could not because due to the lack of data only full curl rams are accounted for in the survey and in 2021 all rams that were found to be legal were taken last year.

ANILCA is clear in Title VIII, Section 103 and I will quote what the ANILCA law that we're working from here for the Board's edification. Section 801(3) continuation of the opportunity for subsistence uses of resources on public and other lands in Alaska are threatened by increasing populations of Alaska with resultant pressure on subsistence resources by sudden decline in the population of some wildlife species which are crucial to subsistence resources by increased accessibility of remote areas containing subsistence resources and by $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$ taking fish and wildlife in a manner inconsistent with recognized scientific principles of fish and wildlife. Section 802, consistent with sound management principles -- oh, correction. Section 802, it is hereby declared to be the policy of Congress, one, consistent with sound management principles and the conservation of healthy populations of fish and wildlife the utilization of the public lands in Alaska is to cause the least adverse impact possible to rural residents who depend upon the subsistence resources

uses of the resource of such land consistent with management of fish and wildlife in accordance with recognized scientific principles.

So currently the State's composition work is glaring lacking and cannot be managed with sustained yield because they don't -- they can't model the population. The State is having -- I want to remind the Board that the Board has to have deference to these Councils. The Councils are stating I would never come to this Board with a full closure like this unless I gave the State of Alaska the chance for an EO, emergency order, to close this area. They refuse to do it, they obfuscated the thing with the Board of Game, told them that the populations are all healthy in unit 26C and eastern 26E, they didn't talk about the detrimental decline of the populations in unit 24A and 25A also.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Mr. Reakoff.

MR. REAKOFF: I have one more to finish

here.

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you, Mr. Reakoff. And can we please make it as quick and concise as possible.

Thank you.

MR. REAKOFF: These comments have to be read into the record for the deliberation of this proposal. I'm rebutting what the State's comments to the public have been and what the State is -- what the actual situation is. The State is harvesting beyond their own science, it's not applying standard ungulate composition and with tracking adult rams remaining post hunt is affected in the described area in unit 26 --24A and 26B. The State data used -- presented for full curl encompasses 40 years of over the entire Brooks Range. The most concerning is the number of several five to seven year old rams taken in 2021. It's in the State comments and the page number is 43. There's a bar graph that shows almost half of the sheep -- five year old sheep taken in a forty year time frame and taken in 2021 when we still had three-quarter regulation. Meaning that hunters currently are taking a lot of sublegal sheep far below the age class described in regulation.

0143 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	It is therefore incumbent and defensible for the Federal Subsistence Board to adopt wildlife special action request 22-02 as amended by OSM. Let the record reflect that the State's comment only have two minor scientific citations from 1984 and 1997. Let the record reflect that the Office of Subsistence Management citation entail 51 citations and 23 are scientific papers. If full curl management was the cure all the western Brooks Range would be open under State regulations.
12	Thank you, Madame Chair.
13 14 15 16 17	ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you very much for your comments. Is there any further Board discussion or did I hear question.
18 19	$$\operatorname{MR.}$$ HILDERBRAND: Park Service calling for the question.
20 21 22 23	ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you, Sir. I really appreciate that. Okay. Can we have a roll call vote.
2425262728	$$\operatorname{MS.}$$ DETWILER: Okay. Motion on the floor is to approve the special action as modified by OSM.
29 30	Start out with Bureau of Land Management, Steve Cohen.
31 32 33	MR. COHN: Bureau of Land Management approves.
34 35 36	MS. DETWILER: BIA, Glenn Chen.
37 38 39 40	MR. CHEN: The BIA votes to approve the special action with deference to the North Slope Regional Advisory Council.
41 42	Thank you.
43 44	MS. DETWILER: Thank you. Fish and Wildlife Service, Jill Klein.
45 46 47	MS. KLEIN: The Fish and Wildlife Service votes to approve wildlife special action 22-02.

MS. DETWILER: Thank you. National

0144 Park Service, Grant Hilderbrand. 2 3 MR. HILDERBRAND: The National Park 4 Service votes in support of the motion to approve 5 wildlife special action 22-02 as modified by OSM. 6 7 MS. DETWILER: Thank you. Dave Schmid, 8 Forest Service. 9 10 MR. SCHMID: The Forest Service will 11 also support the motion to approve as modified by OSM and in deference to the Western Interior and North 12 13 Slope RAC. 14 15 MS. DETWILER: Thank you. Moving to 16 Public Member Charlie Brower. 17 18 MR. BROWER: I move to support the 19 wildlife special action 22-02 with modification by OSM 20 and also support the North Slope Advisory Council 21 recommendation. 22 23 Thank you. 24 25 MS. DETWILER: Thank you. Coming in 26 and loud and clear there. 27 28 And finally Public Member Rhonda Pitka. 29 30 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: I vote to support 31 22-02 because of the significant population viability 32 concerns detailed in the analysis provided by OSM and also in deference to the Regional Advisory Councils, 33 34 the Northwest [sic] and Western Interior. 35 36 Thank you. 37 38 MS. DETWILER: Thank you, Madame Chair. 39 The vote is seven to zero, it passes -- motion passes 40 unanimously. 41 42 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Thank you very 43 I appreciate that and I appreciate all of the 44 analysis and all the public testimony today. 45 46 We are a number 11, other business. 47 Other business. Is that you, are you other business? 48 49 MR. PELTOLA: Thank you, Madame Chair, 50

if I may. As I mentioned his morning I think that Glenn mentioned it also that I'm on terminal leave which means I'm using up my annual leave before I retire. I'll be retiring on Friday. There's a couple of outstanding issues that the Federal Subsistence Board has had before them I wanted to remind the Board of. I'm not necessarily advocating for one position or the other, just a reminder that these are all outstanding.

> One is the Federal Subsistence Program still has the extraterritorial jurisdiction request for salmon in Southeast. There's an additional extraterritorial jurisdiction request for Sitka Sound herring. At one of my first Federal Subsistence Board meetings as a member I asked the Solicitor's Office a opinion of Title II and Title III versus Title VIII in the hierarchy which we still have not received yet or I should say the Board has not received yet. There's a issue of new member training and recurrent training for existing Federal Subsistence Board meetings. I think the last training session that the Federal program hosted was at Alyeska six years ago and we've had several Board members cycle through since then. Also a new commitment is the Office of Subsistence Management correspondence review policy which the Board committee to earlier on this fiscal year. In addition too there's the OSM Fishwide (ph) Service Funding Holdback Member Annum from '91 that the Board committed to reviewing.

And I'd just like to say that of the five years I spent at the Office of Subsistence Management in addition to the almost five years as a sitting Federal Subsistence Board member has been one of the greatest privileges and honors of my career and I think everybody who's been a part of that, including the State of Alaska's participation at our meetings is greatly appreciated. Not only here, but at the Regional Council meetings as well.

And as Federal employees and at times I'm sure State employees as well, it isn't always easy to take at times the very harsh criticism that's put towards us, whether it's a State agency or a Federal agency. I just admire the courage and professional fortitude of each and very person that is immersed in what I personally call one of the most politically charged topics in the State of Alaska historically and

at times currently. Interesting fact is although subsistence accounts for less than 1 percent of the fish and wildlife harvest in our State of Alaska, it has the lion's share of the politics associated with it. For the most part I think people try to minimize that politics and take actions accordingly within policy regulation and statute and the -- and the agency or, you know, guidance provided to them.

As a reminder although the Federal each and every Federal Subsistence Board member needs to be cognizant of their individual support of NGOs and special interest groups. They do not have a priority under Title VIII of ANILCA. And although the rural subsistence user, Native and non-Native alike, they do. And at times I think this is overlooked by us as a government at times.

In closing I'd like to thank the Office of Subsistence Management, the Regional Advisory Council members and their Chairs, each of the Federal Subsistence Board members and the State of Alaska for the service that each of you provide to the Federal Subsistence Program. It could not function without each and every one of your involvement. In addition too and doing so in a very at times stressful and politically charged environments.

 $\ensuremath{\text{I}}$ thank each $% \ensuremath{\text{a}}$ and every one of $% \ensuremath{\text{y}}$ your time and contribution.

Thank you.

MR. SCHMID: Madame Chair.

(Applause)

MR. SCHMID: Madame Chair, before.....

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes.

MR. SCHMID:he gets away.....

ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Uh-huh.

(Laughter)

MR. SCHMID: We'll let you go easy. My congratulations, Gene, on your retirement. You beat me

0147 to the finish line. I don't know how they keep moving that line for me, but I do want to just share that -just compliment and admire your service here to the State of Alaska, to the Federal Subsistence Board and that I consider you not only a colleague, but a friend and someone that I've learned a great deal from over 6 7 the last several years here working alongside you. 9 So thank you so much for your service. 10 11 (Applause) 12 13 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Charlie. 14 15 (No comments) 16 17 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Well, thank you, Gene, for your service to the program and to your 18 19 service to the Fish and Wildlife Service. It -- it's 20 crazy, 35 years with the Feds. 21 22 (Laughter) 23 24 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: That's a long 25 time, I can't even imagine. I wish you well in your 26 retirement and I'm sure that you're not actually like 27 going to stop working. 28 29 MR. PELTOLA: I start a new career on 30 Monday. 31 32 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Okay. That's what I thought. I've learned so much from Gene. 33 34 first started the program I had a background with the Regional Advisory Councils, but I showed up and you 36 just like start spitting out CFRs left and right. I'm 37 like okay, I've got to try to take notes because he's actually like the fastest talking Native person that 38 39 I've ever met in my whole entire life especially from 40 Bethel. 41 42 (Laughter) 43 44 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: So I 45 appreciate all that and, you know, thank you very much. 46 47 MR. BROWER: Charlie here. 48 49 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yes, Charlie.

0148 1 MR. BROWER: Yeah, thank you, Madame Chair and also Board member Gene. Thank you for all 2 your services you've done and your quick response to all the actions that needed to be corrected. 5 appreciate that from the very beginning. And also thank you for your good job and I know you'll do more 6 7 action here on your retirement. I'm going to do that here pretty soon too. 8 9 10 Enjoy life. Thank you very much for 11 all you've done, Gene. 12 13 MR. PELTOLA: Thank you, Charlie. 14 15 MR. SCHMID: Motion to recess for the 16 evening. 17 18 MR. LIND: Before you go, (in Native). 19 Thanks, Gene. When he hired me in December of --20 actually it was November he hired me and I had really 21 -- I didn't really wholly understood the position and one of my first questions was, you know, what do you 22 23 expect of me, Gene. He says well, first of all, read 24 that PD over and over and learn that and then 25 we'll go along and we'll develop this program, this 26 Native Liaison position to where it's going to benefit 27 both you and the people. Learned a lot, Gene. 28 29 Quyana. Thank you so much for all your 30 time. 31 32 (Applause) 33 34 CHAIR PITKA: ACTING Thank everyone. At this time I'd like to entertain a motion 35 36 to adjourn the public work session. 37 38 MR. HILDERBRAND: Park Service moves to 39 adjourn. 40 41 MR. BROWER: Second. 42 43 ACTING CHAIR PITKA: I think I heard 44 Charlie's second. Was that right, Charlie Brower, did 45 you second the motion?

47 MR. BROWER: I second the motion and 48 also ask for -- are we coming back 9:00 o'clock? 49

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0149
                   ACTING CHAIR PITKA: Yep, 9:00 a.m.
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 2 tomorrow. They'll get you a number.
                   MR. BROWER: All right. See you
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 5 tomorrow.
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                   ACTING CHAIR PITKA: All in favor say
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   aye.
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                  IN UNISON: Aye.
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                  (Off record)
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                    (END OF PROCEEDINGS)
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0150	CERTIFICATE
2 3 4	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA))ss.
5	STATE OF ALASKA)
7 8 9 10	I, Salena A. Hile, Notary Public in and for the state of Alaska and reporter of Computer Matrix Court Reporters, LLC, do hereby certify:
11 12 13 14 15	THAT the foregoing, contain a full, true and correct Transcript of the FEDERAL SUBSISTENCE BOARD MEETING taken electronically by our firm on the 26th day of July 2022;
16 17 18 19 20	THAT the transcript is a true and correct transcript requested to be transcribed and thereafter transcribed by under my direction and reduced to print to the best of our knowledge and ability;
21 22 23	THAT I am not an employee, attorney, or party interested in any way in this action.
24 25 26 27 28 29	DATED at Anchorage, Alaska, this 15th day of August 2022.
30 31 32 33 34	Salena A. Hile Notary Public, State of Alaska My Commission Expires: 09/16/22
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