at such convenient times and places as the superintendent may determine, except as otherwise provided in this part.

§ 221.4 Minors. Funds of a minor may be disbursed for the minor's support, health, education, or welfare to parents, state-appointed guardians, or others in the judgment of the superintendent if approved by the superintendent, on or in advance, for the minor's support, health, education, or welfare. In the case of persons under the age of 18, funds shall be disbursed only in accordance with the agreements as the superintendent may prescribe, in such amounts as he deems necessary in the best interests of the minor.

Superintendents are authorized to require modification of an approved plan whenever discovered in the best interest of the minor.

§ 221.5 Adult under legal disability. The funds of an adult who is non-compensated or under legal disability may be disbursed for the benefit of such person to be for the best interest and welfare in the discretion of the superintendent, or the funds may be disbursed to a state-appointed guardian or custodian under such conditions as the superintendent may prescribe.

§ 221.6 Volunteer deposits. Volunteer deposits shall not be accepted, but Indians who require banking service shall be encouraged to utilize commercial banks in their community. In the judgment of the superintendent an exception to this prohibition should be made to avoid a substantial hardship, he shall submit the facts in the case to the Board of Managers who shall be authorized to allow or deny an exception.

§ 221.7 Payments by other Federal Agencies. Superintendents are authorized to accept and administer moneys that may be received from the Veterans Administration, other government agencies, or private contributions. These funds shall be subject to the supervision and control of the Superintendent and his designee. The Board of Managers may provide for an extension of the statute of limitations in the event of a dispute. Appeals must be filed within 60 days of the Board's decision.

Part 223—Judgment and Payments in Lieu of Allotment Funds

SUBPART B—SHOSHONE TRIBE OF THE WIND RIVER RESERVATION, WYOMING (REVISED)

§ 223.50 Program required; purposes for which expenditure of funds may be made.

§ 223.51 Scope of programs.

Chapter I—Bureau of Indian Affairs

§ 223.57 Issuance of purchase orders. In the discretion of the superintendent, expenditure of funds may be made for the purchase of

§ 223.58 Individual land purchases. Before approving a program which includes the purchase of land, the superintendent shall determine that such purchase will not conflict with the tribal land program of land purchase, consolidation, use, and sale authorized by the Act of July 29, 1903 (38 Stat. 735). Purchase of land by individuals using restricted funds shall be made within the needed or opened portion of the Wind River Reservation.

§ 223.59 Issuance of purchase orders. In the discretion of the superintendent, expenditure of funds may be made for the purchase of

§ 223.60 Issuance of purchase orders. In the discretion of the superintendent, expenditure of funds may be made for the purchase of

*For use, see note on page 30.
Indian shall be an adult Indian who has received a patent in fee to his allotment. Fee patent Indians shall be required to submit a program, the approval of which shall be in conformity with §§ 223.50 through 223.66. Fee patent Indians shall not be required to make purchases through purchase orders, but shall have funds disbursed to them directly by the superintendent for such purchases. Funds of minor children of fee patent Indians may be included in an approved family program, but their expenditures shall be subject to the same provisions as cover the expenditure of the funds of minor children of Indians other than fee patent Indians. Fee patent Indians shall be required to submit the provisions of §§ 223.50 only when the purchase of real property involves property situated within the dimensioned portion of the Wind River Indian Reservation. Payments by fee patent Indians shall be made inside the dimensioned portion of the Wind River Indian Reservation. Funds of minor children of fee patent Indians may be included in an approved family program, but their expenditures shall be subject to the same provisions as cover the expenditure of the funds of minor children of Indians other than fee patent Indians.

SUBCHAPTER I—PATENTS IN FEE, COMPETENCY CERTIFICATES, SALES AND REINVESTMENT OF PROCEEDS

Part 241—Issuance of Patents in Fee, Certificates of Competency, Sale of Certain Indian Lands, and Reinvestment of Proceeds

MORTGAGES AND DEEDS OF TRUST TO SECURE LOANS TO INDIANS (ADDED)

241.62 Approval of mortgages and deeds of trust. The Comptroller of Indian Affairs or his authorized representative may approve mortgages or deeds of trust on any individually owned trust or restricted land whenever such land is subject to any trust or treaty obligations or if sold with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior or his duly authorized representative. (§ 241.62)

Part 243—Determination of Competency: Indian [Revised]

243.1 Purpose of regulations. The regulations in this part govern the procedures for determining the competency of Indian Affairs under Public Law 98-311, 81st Congress, approved September 15, 1949.

243.2 Application and examination. The Commissioner of Indian Affairs or his duly authorized representative shall examine each Indian member of the Crow Tribe, shall examine him by placing his name to the competent or incompetent roll established pursuant to the act of June 4, 1940 (41 Stat. 761), and upon application shall determine whether those persons whose names thus appear on the incompetent roll shall be reclassified as competent and whose names placed on the competent roll.

243.3 Application. The application shall include, among other things: (a) The name of the applicant; (b) his age, residence, degree of Indian blood, and education as shown by his experience in farming, cattle raising, business, or other occupation (including home-making); (c) his present occupation, if any; (d) a statement concerning the applicant's financial status, including his income or earnings and any property owned or possessed by him for the last two years from rents, leases, and from other sources, and his outstanding indebtedness to the United States, to the tribe, or to others.