THE
STATUTES AT LARGE
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
FROM
APRIL, 1921, TO MARCH, 1923
CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS OF THE TWO HOUSES OF CONGRESS
AND
RECENT TREATIES, CONVENTIONS, AND EXECUTIVE
PROCLAMATIONS
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PART 1—Public Acts and Resolutions
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Treaties, and Proclamations
PART 1
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Construction.

Vol. 34, p. 84.


Sec. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, January 24, 1923.

January 24, 1923
~[Public, No 384]~

CHAP. 41.—An Act To authorize the building of a bridge across the Great Pee Dee River in South Carolina.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the counties of Marlboro and Darlington be, and they are hereby, authorized to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge and approaches thereto across the Great Pee Dee River at a point suitable to the interests of navigation and at or near Society Hill, in Darlington County, South Carolina, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906.

Sec. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, January 24, 1923.

January 24, 1923
[Public, No 395]

CHAP. 42.—An Act Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1924, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1924, namely:

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

SALARIES.

Secretary, Assistant, chief clerk, etc

Secretary of the Interior, $12,000; First Assistant Secretary, $6,000; Assistant Secretary, $4,500; chief clerk, who shall be chief executive officer of the department and who may be designated by the Secretary to sign official papers and documents during the temporary absence of the Secretary and Assistant Secretaries, $4,000; assistant to the Secretary, $2,750; private secretary to the Secretary, $2,500; assistant attorney, $2,500; two special inspectors (whose employment shall be limited to the inspection of offices and the work in the several offices under the control of the department), at $2,500 each; six inspectors, at $2,500 each; chief disbursing clerk, $2,500; chiefs of divisions—one of supplies, $2,250, one of appointments, mails, and files, $2,250, and one of publications, $2,250; expert accountant, $2,000; clerks—four at $2,000 each, twelve of class four, two at $1,750 each, fourteen of class three, twenty of class two, one $1,350, twenty of class one, one $1,150, three at $1,000 each; returns office clerk, $1,600; female clerk, to be designated by the President, to sign land patents, $1,200; eight copyists, at $900 each; multigraph operator, $900; assistant multigraph operator, $720; two telephone switchboard operators, at $720 each; automobile mechanic, $1,400; chauffeurs—one $1,080, eight at $720 each; twelve messengers, at $540 each; six assistant messengers, at $720 each; laborers—three at $560 each, one $600; messenger boys—one $540,
and for reproducing by photolithography original plats of surveys prepared in the offices of surveyors general, $6,000.

Restoration of lands in forest reserves: To enable the Secretary of the Interior to advertise the restoration to the public domain of lands in forest reserves or of lands temporarily withdrawn for forest reserve purposes, $3,000.

Opening Indian reservations (reimbursable): For expenses pertaining to the opening to entry and settlement of such Indian reservation lands as may be opened during the fiscal year 1924: Provided, That the expenses pertaining to the opening of each of said reservations and paid for out of this appropriation shall be reimbursed to the United States from the money received from the sale of the lands embraced in said reservations, respectively, $5,000.

Surveying public lands: For surveys and resurveys of public lands, examination of surveys heretofore made and reported to be defective or fraudulent, inspecting mineral deposits, coal fields, and timber districts, making fragmentary surveys, and such other surveys or examinations as may be required for identification of lands for purposes of evidence in any suit or proceeding in behalf of the United States, under the supervision of the Commissioner of the General Land Office and direction of the Secretary of the Interior, $639,690: Provided, That the sum of not exceeding 10 per centum of the amount hereby appropriated may be expended by the Commissioner of the General Land Office, with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, for the purchase of metal or other equally durable monuments to be used for public land survey corners wherever practicable: Provided further, That not to exceed $10,000 of this appropriation may be expended for salaries of employees of the field surveying service temporarily detailed to the General Land Office: Provided further, That not to exceed $20,000 of this appropriation may be used for the survey, classification, and sale of the lands and timber of the so-called Oregon and California Railroad lands and the Coos Bay Wagon Road lands: Provided further, That not to exceed $50,000 of this appropriation may be used for surveys and resurveys, under the rectangular system provided by law, of public lands deemed to be valuable for oil and oil shale.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS.

SALARIES.

Commissioner, $5,000; Assistant Commissioner, $3,500; chief clerk, $2,750; financial clerk, $2,250; chiefs of divisions—$2,250, one $2,000; law clerk, $2,000; assistant chief of division, $2,100; private secretary, $1,800; examiner of irrigation accounts, $1,500; draftsmen—one $1,400, one $1,200; clerks—twenty of class four, thirty-one of class three, two at $1,500 each, thirty-six of class two, sixty-four of class one (including one stenographer), thirty at $1,000 each (including one stenographer), thirty at $900 each, one $720; messenger, $840; three assistant messengers, at $720 each; four messenger boys, at $420 each; in all, $806,150.

Indian Service.

Surveying and allotting Indian reservations.

For the survey, resurvey, classification, and allotment of lands in severalty under the provisions of the Act of February 8, 1887 (Twenty-fourth Statutes at Large, page 388), entitled "An Act to provide for the allotment of lands in severalty to Indians," and
under any other Act or Acts providing for the survey or allotment of Indian lands, $58,000, reimbursable, to be immediately available: Provided, That no part of said sum shall be used for the survey, reurvey, classification, or allotment of any land in severalty on the public domain to any Indian, whether of the Navajo or other tribes, within the State of New Mexico and the State of Arizona, who was not residing upon the public domain prior to June 30, 1914.

IRRIGATION ON INDIAN RESERVATIONS.

For the construction, repair, and maintenance of irrigation systems, and for purchase or rental of irrigation tools and appliances, water rights, ditches, and lands necessary for irrigation purposes for Indian reservations and allotments; for operation of irrigation systems or appurtenances thereto when no other funds are applicable or available for the purpose; for drainage and protection of irrigable lands from damage by floods or loss of water rights, upon the Indian irrigation projects named below:

Irrigation district one: Round Valley Reservation, California, $1,000; Hoopa Valley, California, $1,500; Colville Reservation, Washington, $8,000; total, $8,500.

Irrigation district two: Walker River Reservation, Nevada, $5,000; Western Shoshone Reservation, Idaho and Nevada, $2,000; Shoshone, Utah, $500; total, $7,500.

Irrigation district three: Tongue River, Montana, $1,500.

Irrigation district four: Ak Chin Reservation, Arizona, $3,400; Chiu Chiu pumping plants, Arizona, $12,600; Coachella Valley pumping plants, California, $4,000; Morongo Reservation, California, $7,000; Pala Reservation and Rincon Reservation, California, $4,500; Owens Valley, California, $2,000; Tuolumne Reservation, California, $2,700; miscellaneous projects, $10,000; total, $46,500.

Irrigation district five: New Mexico Pueblos, $15,000; Zuni Reservation, New Mexico, $7,500; Navajo and Hopi, miscellaneous projects, Arizona, including Tes-nos-pos, Moenupi Wash, Kin-le-chee, Wide Runs, Red Lake, Corn Creek, Wepo Wash, Oraibi Wash, and Polacca Wash, $20,000; Southern Ute Reservation, Colorado, $20,000; total, $82,500.

For necessary miscellaneous expenses incident to the general administration of Indian irrigation projects, including salaries of not to exceed five supervising engineers:

In Indian irrigation district one: Oregon, Washington, northern California, and northern Idaho, $10,000;

In Indian irrigation district two: Southern Idaho, Nevada, and Utah, $10,000;

In Indian irrigation district three: Montana, Wyoming, and South Dakota, $12,000;

In Indian irrigation district four: Central and southern California and southern Arizona, $11,000;

In Indian irrigation district five: Northern Arizona, New Mexico, and Colorado, $10,000;

For cooperative stream gauging with the United States Geological Survey, $1,000;

For necessary surveys and investigations to determine the feasibility and estimated cost of new projects and power and reservoir sites on Indian reservations in accordance with the provisions of section 13 of the Act of June 25, 1910, $1,000;

For pay of one chief irrigation engineer, $4,000; one assistant chief irrigation engineer, $3,000; one field cost accountant, $2,250;
and for traveling incidental expenses of officials and employees of the Indian irrigation service, including sleeping-car fare, and a per diem not exceeding $3.50 in lieu of subsistence when actually employed in the field and away from designated headquarters, $6,500; total, $15,750.

In all, for irrigation on Indian reservations, $197,450, reimbursable as provided in the Act of August 1, 1914 (Thirty-eighth Statutes at Large, page 562) : Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended on any irrigation system or reclamation project for which public funds are or may be otherwise available: Provided further, That the foregoing amounts appropriated for such purposes shall be available interchangeably in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior for the necessary expenditures for damages by floods and other unforeseen exigencies: Provided, however, That the amount so interchanged shall not exceed in the aggregate 10 per centum of all the amounts so appropriated.

SUPPRESSING LIQUOR TRAFFIC.

For the suppression of the traffic in intoxicating liquors and deleterious drugs, including peyote, among Indians, $25,000.

RELIEVING DISTRESS, AND SO FORTH.

For the relief and care of destitute Indians not otherwise provided for, and for the prevention and treatment of tuberculosis, trachoma, smallpox, and other contagious and infectious diseases, including transportation of patients to and from hospitals and sanatoria, $570,000: Provided, That this appropriation may be used also for general medical and surgical treatment of Indians, including the maintenance and operation of general hospitals, where no other funds are applicable or available for that purpose: Provided further, That out of the appropriation herein authorized there shall be available for the maintenance of the sanatoria and hospitals hereinafter named, and for incidental and all other expenses for their proper conduct and management, including pay of employees, repairs, equipment, and improvements, not to exceed the following amounts: Blackfeet Hospital, Montana, $12,500; Carson Hospital, Nevada, $10,000; Cheyenne and Arapahoe Hospital, Oklahoma, $10,000; Choctaw and Chickasaw Hospital, Oklahoma, $30,000; Fort Lamy Sanatorium, Idaho, $40,000; Laguna Sanatorium, New Mexico, $17,000; Mesilla Valley Hospital, New Mexico, $10,000; Navajo Sanatorium, Arizona, $10,000; Pima Hospital, Arizona, $13,000; Phoenix Sanatorium, Arizona, $40,000; Spokane Hospital, Washington, $10,000; Sac and Fox Sanatorium, Iowa, $40,000; Turtle Mountain Hospital, North Dakota, $10,000; Winnemucca Hospital, Nevada, $18,000; Crow Creek Hospital, South Dakota, $6,000; Hoopa Valley Hospital, California, $10,000; Jicarilla Hospital, New Mexico, $10,000; Truxton Canyon camp hospital, Arizona, $5,000; Indian Oasis Hospital, Arizona, $10,000.

SUPPORT OF INDIAN SCHOOLS.

For support of Indian day and industrial schools not otherwise provided for, and other educational and industrial purposes in connection therewith, $1,799,500: Provided, That not to exceed $40,000 of this amount may be used for the support and education of deaf and dumb or blind or mentally deficient Indian children: Provided, That all reservation and nonreservation boarding schools, with an average attendance of less than forty-five and eighty pupils, respec-
tively, shall be discontinued on or before the beginning of the fiscal year 1924: *Provided*, That this limitation as to attendance shall not apply to the Hope Indian School for Girls at Springfield, South Dakota, which school is hereby continued. The pupils in schools so discontinued shall be transferred first, if possible, to Indian day schools or State public schools; second, to adjacent reservation or nonreservation boarding schools, to the limit of the capacity of said schools: *Provided further*, That all day schools with an average attendance of less than eight shall be discontinued on or before the beginning of the fiscal year 1924: *And provided further*, That all moneys appropriated for any school discontinued pursuant to this Act or for other cause shall be returned immediately to the Treasury of the United States: *Provided further*, That not more than $250,000 of the amount herein appropriated may be expended for the tuition of Indian children enrolled in the public schools: *And provided further*, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the support of Indian day and industrial schools where specific appropriation is made: *Provided, however*, That the deficiency appropriation of $200,000 made by the Act approved March 1, 1921, for the support of Indian day, boarding, and industrial schools is hereby declared to be available for expenditure for the benefit of all such Indian schools whether supported by specific appropriations or otherwise.

**INDIAN SCHOOL AND AGENCY BUILDINGS.**

For construction, lease, purchase, repair, and improvement of school and agency buildings, including the purchase of necessary lands and the installation, repair, and improvement of heating, lighting, power, and sewerage and water systems in connection therewith, $350,000: *Provided*, That this appropriation shall be available for the payment of salaries and expenses of persons employed in the supervision of construction or repair work of roads and bridges on Indian reservations and other lands devoted to the Indian Service and on school and agency buildings in the Indian Service: *Provided further*, That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to allow employees in the Indian Service, who are furnished quarters, necessary heat and light for such quarters without charge, such heat and light to be paid for out of the fund chargeable with the cost of heating and lighting other buildings at the same place.

**INDIAN SCHOOL TRANSPORTATION.**

For collection and transportation of pupils to and from Indian and public schools, and for placing school pupils, with the consent of their parents, under the care and control of white families qualified to give them moral, industrial, and educational training, $90,000: *Provided*, That not exceeding $5,000 of this sum may be used for obtaining remunerative employment for Indian youths and, when necessary, for payment of transportation and other expenses to their places of employment: *Provided further*, That where practicable the transportation and expenses of pupils shall be refunded and shall be returned to the appropriation from which paid. The provisions of this section shall also apply to native Indian pupils of school age under twenty-one years of age brought from Alaska.

**INDUSTRIAL WORK AND CARE OF TIMBER.**

For the purposes of preserving living and growing timber on Indian reservations and allotments, and to educate Indians in the
proper care of forests; for the employment of suitable persons as matrons to teach Indian women and girls housekeeping and other household duties, for necessary traveling expenses of such matrons, and for furnishing necessary equipments and supplies and renting quarters for them where necessary; for the conducting of experiments on Indian school or agency farms designed to test the possibilities of soil and climate in the cultivation of trees, grains, vegetables, cotton, and fruits, and for the employment of practical farmers and stockmen, in addition to the agency and school farmers now employed; for necessary traveling expenses of such farmers and stockmen and for furnishing necessary equipment and supplies for them; and for superintending and directing farming and stock raising among Indians, $375,000, of which sum not less than $50,000 shall be used for the employment of field matrons and nurses: Provided, That the foregoing shall not, as to timber, apply to the Menominee Indian Reservation in Wisconsin: Provided further, That not to exceed $20,000 of the amount herein appropriated may be used to conduct experiments on Indian school or agency farms to test the possibilities of soil and climate in the cultivation of trees, cotton, grain, vegetables, and fruits: And provided further, That the amounts paid to matrons, foresters, farmers, physicians, nurses, and other hospital employees, and stockmen provided for in this Act shall not be included within the limitations on salaries and compensation of employees contained in the Act of August 24, 1912.

EXPENSES INCIDENT TO PURCHASE AND TRANSPORTATION OF INDIAN SUPPLIES.

For expenses necessary to the purchase of goods and supplies for the Indian Service, including inspection, pay of necessary employees, and all other expenses connected therewith, including advertising, storage, and transportation of Indian goods and supplies, $450,000: Provided, That no part of the sum hereby appropriated shall be used for the maintenance of to exceed three warehouses in the Indian Service.

TELEGRAPHING AND TELEPHONING.

For telegraph and telephone toll messages on business pertaining to the Indian Service sent and received by the Bureau of Indian Affairs at Washington, $8,800.

EXPENSES OF INDIAN COMMISSIONERS.

For expenses of the Board of Indian Commissioners, $9,460.

PAY OF INDIAN POLICE.

For pay of Indian police, including chiefs of police at not to exceed $50 per month each and privates at not to exceed $30 per month each, to be employed in maintaining order, for purchase of equipments and supplies, and for rations for policemen at nonreservation agencies, $130,000.

PAY OF JUDGES OF INDIAN COURTS.

For pay of judges of Indian courts where tribal relations now exist, $6,850.

GENERAL EXPENSES OF INDIAN SERVICE.

For pay of special agents, at $2,000 per annum: for traveling and incidental expenses of such special agents, including sleeping-car
fare, and a per diem of not to exceed $3.50 in lieu of subsistence, in
the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, when actually em-
ployed on duty in the field or ordered to the seat of government;
for transportation and incidental expenses of officers and clerks of
the Office of Indian Affairs when traveling on official duty; for pay
of employees otherwise provided for: and for other necessary ex-
penses of the Indian Service for which no other appropriation is
available, $109,500: Provided, That not to exceed $5,000 of this ap-
propriation may be used for continuing the work of the Competency
Commission to the Five Civilized Tribes of Oklahoma: Provided,
That not to exceed $15,000 of the amount herein appropriated may
be expended out of applicable funds in the work of determining the
competency of Indians on Indian reservations outside of the Five
Civilized Tribes in Oklahoma.

INDIAN SERVICE INSPECTORS.

For pay of five Indian Service inspectors, at salaries not to exceed
$2,500 per annum and actual traveling and incidental expenses, and
not to exceed $3.50 per diem in lieu of subsistence when actually em-
ployed on duty in the field away from home or designated head-
quarters, $30,000.

DETERMINING HEIRS.

For the purpose of determining the heirs of deceased Indian al-
lotees having right, title, or interest in any trust or restricted pro-
erty, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior,
$90,000, reimbursable as provided by existing law: Provided, That
the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to use not to exceed
$30,000 for the employment of additional clerks in the Indian Office
in connection with the work of determining the heirs of deceased
Indians, and examining their wills, out of the $90,000 appropriated
herein: Provided further, That hereafter upon a determination of
the heirs to any trust or restricted Indian property of the value of
$250 or more, or to any allotment, or, after approval by the Secretary
of the Interior, of any will covering such trust or restricted property,
there shall be paid by such heirs, or by the beneficiaries under such
will, or from the estate of the decedent, or from the proceeds of sale
of the allotment, or from any trust funds belonging to the estate of
the decedent, the sum of $20 where the appraised value of the estate
of the decedent is $250 or more and does not exceed $1,000. Where
the appraised value of the estate of the decedent is more than $1,000
and less than $2,000, $25; where the appraised value of the estate
of the decedent is $2,000 or more and does not exceed $3,000, $30; where
the appraised value of the estate of the decedent is more than $3,000
but does not exceed $5,000, $50; where the appraised value of the estate
of the decedent is more than $5,000 but does not exceed $7,500,
$75; and where the appraised value of the estate of the decedent is
more than $7,500, $75; which amount shall be accounted for and paid
into the Treasury of the United States, and a report shall be made
annually to Congress by the Secretary of the Interior on or before
the first Monday in December of all moneys collected and deposited
as herein provided: Provided further, That the provisions of this
paragraph shall not apply to the Osage Indians nor to the Five
Civilized Tribes of Oklahoma.

INDUSTRY AMONG INDIANS.

For the purpose of encouraging industry and self-support among
the Indians and to aid them in the culture of fruits, grains, and other
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crops, $80,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, which sum may be used for the purchase of seeds, animals, machinery, tools, implements, and other equipment necessary, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, to enable Indians to become self-supporting: Provided, That said sum shall be expended under conditions to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior for its repayment to the United States on or before June 30, 1890: Provided further, That not to exceed $15,000 of the amount herein appropriated shall be expended on any one reservation or for the benefit of any one tribe of Indians, and that no part of this appropriation shall be used for the purchase of tribal herds.

VEHICLES FOR INDIAN SERVICE.

That not to exceed $150,000 of applicable appropriations made herein for the Bureau of Indian Affairs shall be available for the maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of superintendents, farmers, physicians, field matrons, allotting, irrigation, and other employees in the Indian field service: Provided, That not to exceed $14,000 may be used in the purchase of horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles, and not to exceed $35,000 for the purchase of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, and that such vehicles shall be used only for official service: Provided further, That such motor-propelled vehicles shall be purchased from the War Department, if practicable.

SUPPRESSING CONTAGIOUS DISEASES AMONG LIVE STOCK OF INDIANS.

For reimbursing Indians for live stock which may be hereafter destroyed on account of being infected with dourine or other contagious diseases, and for expenses in connection with the work of eradicating and preventing such diseases, to be expended under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe, $12,000.

DEVELOPING WATER FOR INDIAN STOCK.

For improving springs, drilling wells, and otherwise developing and conserving water for the use of Indian stock, including the purchase, construction, and installation of pumping machinery, tanks, troughs, and other necessary equipment, and for necessary investigations and surveys, for the purpose of increasing the available grazing range on unallotted lands on Indian reservations, $10,000, to be reimbursed under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe: Provided, That the necessity exists on any Indian reservation so far as the Indians themselves are concerned.

ADVERTISING FOR SALE OF INDIAN LANDS.

For the payment of newspaper advertisements of sales of Indian lands, $2,000, reimbursable from payments by purchasers of costs of sale, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

ARIZONA.

For support and civilization of Indians in Arizona, including pay of employees, $185,000.
For support and civilization of Indians under the jurisdiction of the following agencies, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the respective tribes, not to exceed the sums specified in each case, to wit: Colorado River, $4,000; Fort Apache, $70,000; Fort Mojave, $1,500; Kaibab, $400; Pima, $1,000; San Carlos, $75,000; Truxton Canyon, $14,000.

For support and education of two hundred and fifty Indian pupils at the Indian school at Fort Mojave, Arizona, and for pay of superintendent, $50,000; for general repairs and improvements, and enlarging dining hall, $12,000; for equipment for irrigation plant, $8,000; in all, $70,000.

For support and education of eight hundred Indian pupils at the Indian school at Phoenix, Arizona, and for pay of superintendent, including not to exceed $1,500 for printing and issuing school paper, $160,000; for general repairs and improvements, including construction of additional sleeping porches, $20,000; in all, $180,000.

For support and education of two hundred pupils at the Indian school at Truxton Canyon, Arizona, and for pay of superintendent, $40,000; for general repairs and improvements, and construction and equipment of new buildings, $25,000, to be immediately available; in all, $65,000.

The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to establish and maintain the former Fort Apache military post as an Indian boarding school, for the purpose of carrying out treaty obligations, to be known as the Theodore Roosevelt Indian School. For support and education of three hundred and fifty pupils, including pay of superintendent, $70,000; for repairs, remodeling, and improvement, $17,500; for purchase of equipment, $17,500; in all, $105,500, to be immediately available: Provided, That the Fort Apache military post, and land appurtenant thereto, shall remain in the possession and custody of the Secretary of the Interior so long as they shall be required for Indian school purposes.

To enable the Secretary of the Interior to carry into effect the provisions of the sixth article of the treaty of June 1, 1868, between the United States and the Navajo Nation or Tribe of Indians, proclaimed August 12, 1868, whereby the United States agrees to provide school facilities for the children of the Navajo Tribe of Indians, $200,000: Provided, That the said Secretary may expend funds, in his discretion, in establishing or enlarging day or industrial schools.

For continuing the work of constructing the irrigation system for the irrigation of the lands of the Pima Indians in the vicinity of Sacaton, on the Gila River Indian Reservation, within the limit of cost fixed by the Act of March 3, 1905 (Thirty-third Statutes at Large, page 1051), $8,000; and for maintenance and operation of the pumping plants and canal systems, $10,000; in all, $18,000, reimbursable as provided in section 2 of the Act of August 24, 1912 (Thirty-seventh Statutes at Large, page 592).

For continuing the construction of the necessary canals and laterals for the utilization of water from the pumping plant on the Colorado River Indian Reservation, as provided in the Act of April 4, 1910 (Thirty-sixth Statutes at Large, page 278), $30,000; and for maintaining and operating the pumping plant, canals, and structures, $30,000; in all, $60,000, reimbursable as provided in the aforesaid Act.

For operation and maintenance of the Ganado irrigation project, reimbursable under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe, $3,500.

For operation and maintenance of the pumping plants on the San Xavier Indian Reservation, Arizona, $85,000, reimbursable out of Support, etc., as specified agencies, from tribal funds.

Fort Mojave School.

Phoenix School.

Truxton Canyon School.

Theodore Roosevelt School. Established at Fort Apache.

Expenses.

Navajo. School facilities for Vol. 11, p. 609.

Prosec. Discretionary use


Repayment Vol. 37, p. 322


Repayment

San Xavier Reservation. Pumping plants on
any funds of the Indians of this reservation now or hereafter available.

For the operation and maintenance of pumping plants and for the drilling of wells and installation of additional pumping plants for the irrigation of lands on the San Carlos Reservation in Arizona, $50,000, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the Indians of such reservation: Provided, That the sums so used shall be reimbursed to the tribe by the Indians benefited, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

For continuing the construction of the necessary canals and structures to carry the natural flow of the Gila River to the Indian lands of the Gila River Indian Reservation and to public and private lands in Pinal County, reimbursable as provided in the Indian Appropriation Act approved May 18, 1916, $150,000.

For operation and maintenance of pumping plants for distribution of a water supply for Papago Indian villages in southern Arizona, $25,000.

For continuing the development of a water supply for the Navajo and Hopi Indians on the Moqui Reservation, and the Navajo, Pueblo Bonito, San Juan, and Western Navajo subdivisions of the Navajo Reservation in Arizona and New Mexico, $45,000, reimbursable out of any funds of said Indians now or hereafter available.

For all purposes necessary for survey, construction, and improvement, by concrete lining and installation of structures in the main canals and laterals on the Salt River irrigation project, Arizona, $40,000, to enable the Secretary of the Interior to carry out provisions of the Act of May 18, 1916 (Thirty-ninth Statutes at Large, page 130).

CALIFORNIA.

For support and civilization of Indians in California, including pay of employees, $50,000.

For support and civilization of Indians under the jurisdiction of the following agencies, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the respective tribes, not to exceed the sums specified in each case, to wit: Round Valley, $7,000; Tule River, $1,000.

For the purchase of lands for the homeless Indians in California, including improvements thereon, for the use and occupancy of said Indians, $85,000, said funds to be expended under such regulations and conditions as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

For the support and education of eight hundred Indian pupils at the Sherman Institute, Riverside, California, and for pay of superintendent, including not to exceed $1,000 for printing and issuing school paper, $160,000; for general repairs and improvements, including construction of additional sleeping porches, $15,000; in all, $175,000.

For support and education of one hundred Indian pupils at the Fort Bidwell Indian School, California, including pay of superintendent, $22,500; for general repairs and improvements, $8,500; in all, $30,500.

For reclamation and maintenance charges on Indian lands within the Yuma Reservation, California, and on ten acres within each of the eleven Yuma homestead entries in Arizona, under the Yuma reclamation project, $60,000, reimbursable as provided by the Act of March 3, 1911 (Thirty-sixth Statutes at Large, page 1063).

For continuing the construction of a road from Hoopa to Weitchpec, on the Hoopa Valley Reservation, in Humboldt County, California, in conformity with plans approved by the Secretary of the Interior, $8,000, to be reimbursed out of any funds of the Indians.
of said reservation now or hereafter placed to their credit in the Treasury of the United States, in accordance with the Indian Appropriation Act of May 25, 1918 (Fortieth Statutes at Large, pages 570 and 571).

For the construction of a school building for the public school district at Coveloo, California, $18,000, payable from tribal funds of the Round Valley Indians.

COLORADO.

For support and civilization of Indians under the jurisdiction of the following agencies, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the respective tribes, not to exceed the sums specified in each case, to wit; Southern Ute, $3,000; Ute Mountain, $10,000.

FLORIDA.

For relief of distress among the Seminole Indians in Florida and for purposes of their civilization and education, $7,000.

IDAHO.

For support and civilization of Indians on the Fort Hall Reservation in Idaho, including pay of employees, $25,000.

For support and civilization of Indians under the jurisdiction of the following agencies, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the respective tribes, not to exceed the sums specified in each case, to wit: Coeur d'Alene, $14,000; Fort Hall, $20,000; Fort Lapwai, $14,000.

For fulfilling treaty stipulations with the Bannocks in Idaho: For pay of physician, teacher, carpenter, miller, engineer, farmer, and blacksmith (article 10, treaty of July 3, 1868), $4,500.

For the Coeur d'Alenes, in Idaho: For pay of blacksmith, carpenter, and physician, and purchase of medicines (article 11. agreement ratified March 3, 1891), $3,000.

For improvement, maintenance, and operation of the Fort Hall irrigation system, $50,000.

For continuing the enlarging and repairing of canals, structures, and dam, and replacing of structures of the irrigation system for the irrigation of lands on the Fort Hall Reservation, Idaho, anl lands ceded by the Indians of said reservation, as provided for in the Act of May 24, 1922 (Forty-second Statutes at Large, page 569), the same to be reimbursed in accordance with the provisions of said Act of May 24, 1922, $230,000.

IOWA.

For support and civilization of Indians under the jurisdiction of the Sac and Fox agency, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for such Indians, not to exceed $1,600.

KANSAS.

For support and civilization of Indians under the jurisdiction of the following agencies, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the respective tribes, not to exceed the sums specified in each case, to wit: Kickapoo, $500; Potawatome, $2,800.

For support and education of eight hundred Indian pupils at the Indian school, Haskell Institute, Lawrence, Kansas, and for pay of superintendents, including not to exceed $1,500 for printing and
issuing school paper, $160,000; for general repairs and improvements, including construction of additional sleeping porches, $20,000; for addition to heating and power plant and construction of refrigeration and ice plant, $16,000; for drainage work, $4,000; in all, $200,000.

MICHIGAN.

For support and civilization of Indians under the jurisdiction of the Mackinac Agency, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for such Indians, not to exceed $600.

For support and education of three hundred and fifty Indian pupils at the Indian school, Mount Pleasant, Michigan, and for pay of superintendent, $79,000; for general repairs and improvements, $12,000; in all, $91,000.

MINNESOTA.

For support and civilization of Indians under the jurisdiction of the following agencies, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the respective tribes, not to exceed the sums specified in each case, to wit: Leech Lake, $900; Net Lake, $150; Red Lake, $225,000; White Earth, $1,400.

For promoting civilization and self-support among the Chippewa Indians in the State of Minnesota, $110,000, to be paid from the principal sum on deposit to the credit of said Indians, arising under section 7 of the Act entitled "An Act for the relief and civilization of the Chippewa Indians in the State of Minnesota," approved January 14, 1889, to be used exclusively for the purposes following: Not exceeding $35,000 of this amount may be expended for general agency purposes; not exceeding $15,000 may be expended, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, in aid of the construction, equipment, and maintenance of additional public schools in connection with, and under the control of the public-school system of the State of Minnesota, said additional school buildings to be located at places contiguous to Indian children who are now without proper public-school facilities, said amount to be immediately available; not exceeding $15,000 may be expended in aiding indigent Chippewa Indians upon the condition that any funds used in support of a member of the tribe shall be reimbursed out of and become a lien against any individual property of which such member may now or hereafter become seized or possessed, and the Secretary of the Interior shall annually transmit to Congress at the commencement of each regular session a complete and detailed statement of such expenditures, the two preceding requirements not to apply to any old, infirm, or indigent Indian, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior; not exceeding $45,000 may be expended for the support of the Indian hospitals.

The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to withdraw from the Treasury of the United States, in his discretion, the sum of $35,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, of the principal sum on deposit to the credit of the Chippewa Indians in the State of Minnesota arising under section 7 of the Act of January 14, 1889, and to expend the same for payment of tuition for Chippewa Indian children enrolled in the public schools of the State of Minnesota.

For support and education of two hundred Indian pupils at the Indian school, Pipestone, Minnesota, including pay of superintendent, $45,000; for general repairs and improvements, $7,000; in all, $52,000.

For support of a school or schools for the Chippewas of the Mississippi in Minnesota (article 3, treaty of March 19, 1867), $4,000:
Provided, That no part of the sum hereby appropriated shall be used except for school or schools of the Mississippi Chippewas now in the State of Minnesota.

For the construction of roads and bridges on the Red Lake Indian Reservation, including the purchase of material, equipment, and supplies, and the employment of labor, $9,000, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the Red Lake Band of Chippewas Indians in the State of Minnesota: Provided, That Indian labor shall be employed as far as practicable.

For the necessary surveys and enrolling and allotting the homeless, non-removal Mille Lacs Indians in Minnesota, to whom allotments have not heretofore been made, on lands purchased for that purpose in accordance with authority granted in paragraph 4, section 8, of the Indian appropriation Act of August 1, 1914 (Thirty-eighth Statutes, pages 589-591), $10,000.

MISSISSIPPI.

For the relief of distress among the full-blood Choctaw Indians of Mississippi, including the pay of one special agent, who shall be a physician, one farmer, and one field matron, and other necessary administration expenses, $10,000; for their education by establishing, equipping, and maintaining day schools, including the purchase of land and the construction of necessary buildings and their equipment, or for the tuition of full-blood Mississippi Choctaw Indian children enrolled in the public schools, $21,500; for the purchase of lands, including improvements thereon, not exceeding eighty acres for any one family, for the use and occupancy of said Indians, to be expended under conditions to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior, for its repayment to the United States under such rules and regulations as he may direct, $4,000; for the purpose of encouraging industry and self-support among said Indians and to aid them in building homes, in the culture of fruits, grains, cotton, and other crops, $8,000; which sum may be used for the purchase of seeds, animals, machinery, tools, implements, and other equipment necessary, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, to enable said Indians to become self-supporting, to be expended under conditions to be prescribed by the Secretary for its repayment to the United States on or before June 30, 1930: in all, $43,500.

MONTANA.

For support and civilization of the Indians at Fort Belknap Agency, Montana, including pay of employees, $19,000.
For support and civilization of Indians at Flathead Agency, Montana, including pay of employees, $19,000.
For support and civilization of Indians at Fort Peck Agency, Montana, including pay of employees, $28,000.
For support and civilization of Indians at Blackfeet Agency, Montana, including pay of employees, $60,000.
For the support and civilization of the Rocky Boy Band of Chippewas and other indigent and homeless Indians in the State of Montana, including pay of employees, $6,600.
For support and civilization of Indians under the jurisdiction of the following agencies, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the respective tribes, not to exceed the sums specified in each case, to wit: Blackfeet, $29,000; Crow, $123,000; Flathead, $18,000; Fort Belknap, $30,000; Fort Peck, $2,500; Rocky Boy, $6,000; Tongue River, $20,000.
For fulfilling treaties with Crows, Montana: For pay of physician, $1,200; and for pay of carpenter, miller, engineer, farmer, and blacksmith (article 10, treaty of May 7, 1865), $2,580; for pay of second blacksmith (article 8, same treaty), $720; in all, $4,500.

For support and civilization of the Northern Cheyennes and Arapahoes (agreement with the Sioux Indians, approved February 28, 1877), including Northern Cheyennes removed from Pine Ridge Agency to Tongue River, Montana, and for pay of physician, two teachers, two carpenters, one miller, two farmers, a blacksmith, and engineer (article 7, treaty of May 10, 1868), $76,000.

For maintenance and operation, including repairs of the irrigation systems on the Fort Belknap Reservation, in Montana, $30,000, reimbursable in accordance with the provisions of the Act of April 4, 1910.

For continuing construction, maintenance, and operation of the irrigation systems on the Flathead Indian Reservation, in Montana, including the purchase of any necessary rights of property, $555,000 (reimbursable), to be immediately available.

For maintenance and operation of the irrigation systems on the Fort Peck Indian Reservation, in Montana, including the purchase of any necessary rights or property, $80,000 (reimbursable), to be immediately available.

For continuing construction, maintenance, and operation of the irrigation systems on the Blackfeet Indian Reservation, in Montana, including the purchase of any necessary rights or property, $60,000 (reimbursable), to be immediately available.

For improvement, maintenance, and operation of the irrigation systems on the Crow Reservation, Montana, including maintenance assessments payable to the Two Leggings Water Users' Association and Bozeman Trail Ditch Company, Montana, properly assessable against lands allotted to the Indians irrigable thereunder, $175,000, to be immediately available, and to be reimbursed under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior.

For support and civilization of Indians under the jurisdiction of the following agencies, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the respective tribes, not to exceed the sums specified in each case, to wit: Omaha, $1,000; Winnebago, $2,000.

For support and education of four hundred Indian pupils at the Indian school at Genoa, Nebraska, including pay of superintendent, $80,000; for general repairs and improvements, including extension and improvement of heating and lighting systems, $10,000; in all, $90,000.

For support and civilization of Indians in Nevada, including pay of employees, $17,500.

For support and civilization of Indians under the jurisdiction of the following agencies, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the respective tribes, not to exceed the sums specified in each case, to wit: Fort McDermitt, $500; Reno, $5,000; Western Shoshone, $80,000.

For support and education of four hundred Indian pupils at the Indian school at Carson City, Nevada, including pay for superintendent, $80,000; for general repairs and improvements, and for
addition to school building, $15,000; central heating plant, $20,000; in all, $115,000.

For improvements, operation, and maintenance of the irrigation system on the Pyramid Lake Reservation, Nevada, $4,200, reimbursable from any funds of the Indians of this reservation now or hereafter available.

For reclamation and maintenance charges on lands allotted to Paiute Indians within the Truckee-Carson project, Nevada, $7,000, reimbursable from any funds of the Indians now or hereafter available.

**NEW MEXICO.**

For support and civilization of Indians in New Mexico, including pay of employees, $138,000.

For support and civilization of Indians under the jurisdiction of the following agencies, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the respective tribes, not to exceed the sums specified in each case, to wit: Jicarilla, $75,000; Mescalero, $30,000; Navajo, $900; Southern Pueblo, $5,000; Pueblo Bonito, $1,200.

For support and education of six hundred Indian pupils at the Indian school at Albuquerque, New Mexico, and for pay of superintendent, $120,000; for general repairs and improvements, including construction of additional sleeping porches and enlarging academic buildings, $35,000; in all, $155,000.

For support and education of four hundred and fifty Indian pupils at the Indian school at Santa Fe, New Mexico, and for pay of superintendent, $80,000; for general repairs and improvements, including construction of additional sleeping porches, $15,000; for water supply, $3,000; in all, $108,000.

For continuing the reconstruction and for operation and maintenance of the irrigation system for the Laguna Indians in New Mexico, $8,000, reimbursable by the Indians benefited, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

For all purposes necessary for the proper drainage of the lands of the Pueblo Indians in New Mexico in the Rio Grande Valley, including the Pueblos of Cochiti, Santo Domingo, Santa Ana, Ranchitos purchase, Sandia, and Isleta, including cooperation with drainage districts formed or to be formed by others or draining the land by the Government direct, $20,000, reimbursable in accordance with such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

For improvement, operation, and maintenance of the Hogback irrigation project on that part of the Navajo Reservation in New Mexico under the jurisdiction of the San Juan Indian School, $7,500, reimbursable under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

For continuing the sinking of wells on Pueblo Indian land, New Mexico, to provide water for domestic and stock purposes, and for building tanks, troughs, pipe lines, and other necessary structures for the utilization of such water, $5,000.

For all purposes necessary for the construction, operation, and maintenance of the San Juan Pueblo project, New Mexico, $15,000.

For continuing road and bridge construction on the Mescalero Indian Reservation, in New Mexico, including the purchase of material, equipment, and supplies; the employment of labor; and the cost of surveys, plans, and estimates, if necessary, $15,000, to be reimbursed from any funds of the Indians of said reservation now or hereafter on deposit in the Treasury of the United States: Provided, That Indian labor shall be employed as far as practicable.
For the pay of one special attorney for the Pueblo Indians of New Mexico, to be designated by the Secretary of the Interior, and for necessary traveling expenses of said attorney, $3,000, or so much thereof as the Secretary of the Interior may deem necessary.

Not exceeding $3,000 of the appropriation made by the Act of March 3, 1909 (Thirty-fifth Statutes at Large, page 797), is made available for the lease of lands for the Navajo Indians in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior.

NEW YORK.

For fulfilling treaties with Senecas of New York: For permanent annuity in lieu of interest on stock (Act of February 19, 1831), $6,000.

For fulfilling treaties with Six Nations of New York: For permanent annuity, in clothing and other useful articles (article 6, treaty of November 11, 1794), $4,500.

NORTH CAROLINA.

For support and civilization of Indians under the jurisdiction of the Eastern Cherokee Agency, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for such Indians, not to exceed $4,000.

For support and education of two hundred and fifty Indian pupils at the Indian school at Cherokee, North Carolina, including pay of superintendent, $45,000; for general repairs and improvements, $10,000; in all, $55,000.

NORTH DAKOTA.

For support and civilization of the Sioux of Devils Lake, North Dakota, including pay of employees, $4,800.

For support and civilization of Indians at Fort Berthold Agency, in North Dakota, including pay of employees, $13,000.

For support and civilization of Turtle Mountain Chippewas, North Dakota, including pay of employees, $15,000.

For support and civilization of Indians under the jurisdiction of the following agencies, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the respective tribes, not to exceed the sums specified in each case, to wit: Fort Berthold, $22,000; Standing Rock, $76,000; Turtle Mountain, $450.

For support and education of one hundred Indian pupils at the Indian school, Bismarck, North Dakota, including pay of superintendent, $25,000; for general repairs and improvements, $5,000; in all, $30,000.

For support and education of three hundred and twenty-five Indian pupils at Fort Totten Indian School, Fort Totten, North Dakota, and for pay of superintendent, $73,125; for general repairs and improvements, $9,000; in all, $82,125.

For support and education of two hundred and twenty Indian pupils at the Indian school, Wahpeton, North Dakota, and pay of superintendent, $49,500; for general repairs and improvements, including well and water system, $9,000; in all, $58,500.

OKLAHOMA.

For support and civilization of the Wichitas and affiliated bands who have been collected on the reservations set apart for their use and occupation in Oklahoma, including pay of employees, $4,500.

For support and civilization of the Kansas Indians, Oklahoma, including pay of employees, $1,400.
For support and civilization of the Kickapoo Indians in Oklahoma, including pay of employees, $1,700.

For support and civilization of the Ponca Indians in Oklahoma and Nebraska, including pay of employees, $7,500.

For the support of the agency for the Kiowa, Comanche, and Apache Tribes of Indians in Oklahoma and pay of employees maintained for their benefit, $29,000, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for said Indians.

For maintenance and support and improvement of the homesteads of the Kiowa, Comanche, and Apache Tribes of Indians in Oklahoma, $250,000, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for said Indians and to be expended under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe: Provided, That the Secretary of the Interior shall report to Congress on the first Monday in December, 1924, a detailed statement as to all moneys expended as provided for herein.

For the support of the Cheyennes and Arapahoes, who have been collected on the reservations set apart for their use and occupation in Oklahoma, and pay of employees maintained for their benefit, $80,000, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for said Indians.

For support and civilization of Indians under the jurisdiction of the following agencies, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the respective tribes, not to exceed the sums specified in each case, to wit: Kiowa, $18,000; Pawnee, $3,200; Ponca, $2,500; Sac and Fox, $2,000.

For the support of the Osage Agency and pay of tribal officers, the tribal attorney and his stenographer, and employees of said agency, $100,000, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the Osage Tribe of Indians in Oklahoma.

For necessary expenses in connection with oil and gas production on the Osage Reservation, including salaries of employees, rent of quarters for employees, traveling expenses, printing, telegraphing and telephoning, and purchase, repair, and operation of automobiles, $55,000, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the Osage Tribe of Indians in Oklahoma.

For fulfilling treaties with Pawnees, Oklahoma: For perpetual annuity, to be paid in cash to the Pawnees (article 3, agreement of November 23, 1892), $30,000; for support of two manual-labor schools (article 2, treaty of September 24, 1857), $10,000; for pay of one farmer, two blacksmiths, one miller, one engineer and apprentices, and two teachers (article 4, same treaty), $5,400; for purchase of iron and steel and other necessaries for the shops (article 4, same treaty), $500; for pay of physician and purchase of medicines, $1,200; in all, $47,100.

For support of Quapaws, Oklahoma: For education (article 3, treaty of May 13, 1883), $1,000; for blacksmith and assistants, and tools, iron, and steel for blacksmith shop (same article and treaty), $500; in all, $1,500: Provided, That the President of the United States shall certify the same to be for the best interests of the Indians.

For support and education of seven hundred Indian pupils at the Indian school at Chilocco, Oklahoma, and for pay of superintendent, including not to exceed $2,000 for printing and issuing school paper, $119,000; for general repairs and improvements, including construction of employees' cottage, $21,000; in all, $140,000.

For the support, education, and systematic vocational instruction of Osage children, $45,000, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the Osage Tribe of Indians in Oklahoma: Provided, That the expenditure of said money shall include the
renewal of the present contract with the Saint Louis Mission Boarding School, except that there shall not be expended more than $300 for annual support and education of any one pupil.

For expenses incurred in connection with visits to Washington, District of Columbia, by the Osage Tribal Council and other members of said tribe, when duly authorized or approved by the Secretary of the Interior, $10,000, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the Osage Tribe, and to be immediately available.

For paving portions of streets and alleys adjoining Osage tribal property within the incorporated town of Pawhuska, Oklahoma, $85,000, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the Osage Tribe of Indians in Oklahoma and to be expended under authority and direction of the Secretary of the Interior.

FIVE CIVILIZED TRIBES.

For expenses of administration of the affairs of the Five Civilized Tribes, Oklahoma, and the compensation of employees, $180,000: Provided, That a report shall be made to Congress on the first Monday of December, 1924, by the Superintendent for the Five Civilized Tribes through the Secretary of the Interior, showing in detail the expenditure of all monies appropriated by this provision.

For the expenses of per capita payments to the enrolled members of the Choctaw and Chickasaw Tribes of Indians, $7,000, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for said Indians.

For salaries and expenses of such attorneys and other employees as the Secretary of the Interior may, in his discretion, deem necessary in probate matters affecting restricted allottees or their heirs in the Five Civilized Tribes and in the several tribes of the Quapaw Agency, and for the costs and other necessary expenses incident to suits instituted or conducted by such attorneys, $45,000.

For payment of salaries of employees and other expenses of advertising and sale in connection with the further sales of unallotted lands and other tribal property belonging to any of the Five Civilized Tribes, including the advertising and sale of the land within the segregated coal and asphalt area of the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations, or of the surface thereof, as provided for in the Act approved February 22, 1921, entitled “An Act authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to offer for sale remainder of the coal and asphalt deposits in segregated mineral land in the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations, State of Oklahoma” (Forty-first Statutes at Large, page 1197), and of the improvements thereon, which is hereby expressly authorized, and for other work necessary to a final settlement of the affairs of the Five Civilized Tribes, $6,000, to be paid from the proceeds of sales of such tribal lands and property: Provided, That not to exceed $2,000 of such amount may be used in connection with the collection of rents of unallotted lands and tribal buildings: Provided further, That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to continue during the ensuing fiscal year the tribal and other schools among the Choctaw, Chickasaw, Creek, and Seminole Tribes from the tribal funds of those nations, within his discretion and under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe: Provided further, That for the current fiscal year money may be so expended from such tribal funds for equalization of allotments, per capita and other payments authorized by law to individual members of the respective tribes, tribal and other Indian schools under existing law, salaries and contingent expenses of governors, chiefs, assistant chiefs, secretaries, interpreters, and mining trustees of the tribes at salaries at the rate heretofore paid, and one attorney
each for the Choctaw, Chickasaw, and Creek Tribes employed under contract approved by the President under existing law: And provided further, That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby empowered, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1924, to expend funds of the Choctaw, Chickasaw, Creek, and Seminole Nations available for school purposes under existing law for such repairs, improvements, or new buildings as may be deemed essential for the proper conduct of the several schools of said tribes.

For fulfilling treaties with Choctaw, Oklahoma: For permanent annuity (article 2, treaty of November 16, 1835, and article 13, treaty of June 23, 1855), $3,000; for permanent annuity for support of light horsemen (article 13, treaty of October 18, 1859, and article 13, treaty of June 22, 1855), $600; for permanent annuity for support of blacksmith (article 6, treaty of October 18, 1859, and article 9, treaty of January 20, 1825, and article 13, treaty of June 22, 1855), $600; for permanent annuity for education (article 2, treaty of January 20, 1825, and article 13, treaty of June 22, 1855), $6,000; for permanent annuity for iron and steel (article 9, treaty of January 20, 1825, and article 13, treaty of June 22, 1855), $920; in all, $10,520.

For the support, continuance, and maintenance of the Cherokee Orphan Training School, near Tahlequah, Oklahoma, for the orphan Indian children of the State of Oklahoma belonging to the restricted class, to be conducted as an industrial school under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, $56,250; for repairs and improvements, $8,000: Provided, That not to exceed $1,000 of this amount may be used for repairing and improving the road connecting the school grounds with the county road; in all, $64,250.

For aid to the common schools in the Cherokees, Creek, Choctaw, Chickasaw, and Seminole Nations and the Quapaw Agency in Oklahoma, $150,000, to be expended in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, and under rules and regulations to be prescribed by him: Provided, That this appropriation shall not be subject to the limitation in section 1 of the Act of May 25, 1918 (Fortieth Statutes, page 564), limiting the expenditure of money to educate children of less than one-fourth Indian blood.

OREGON.

For support and civilization of Indians at Grande Ronde and Siletz Agencies, Oregon, including pay of employees, $2,400.

For support and civilization of Indians of the Klamath Agency, Oregon, including pay of employees, $5,000, payable from tribal funds of said Indians.

For support and civilization of the Indians of the Umatilla Agency, Oregon, including pay of employees, $2,800, payable from tribal funds of said Indians.

For support and civilization of Indians under the jurisdiction of the following agencies, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the respective tribes, not to exceed the sums specified in each case, to wit: Klamath, $100,000; Umatilla, $7,000; Warm Springs, $2,000.

For support and civilization of the confederated tribes and bands under Warm Springs Agency, Oregon, including pay of employees, $3,800; to be reimbursed under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

For support and education of seven hundred and fifty Indian pupils, including native Indian pupils brought from Alaska, at the Indian school, Salem, Oregon, and for pay of superintendent, including not to exceed $500 for printing and issuing school paper.
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$150,000; for general repairs and improvements, and for girls' dormitory, $45,000; in all, $195,000.

For improvement, maintenance, and operation of the Modoc Point, Sand Creek, Fort Creek, Crooked Creek, and miscellaneous irrigation projects on the Klamath Reservation, $9,000, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the Klamath Indians in the State of Oregon, said sum, or such part thereof as may be used, to be reimbursed to the tribe under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Support, etc., of Indian Yankton Sioux.

For support and civilization of the Yankton Sioux, South Dakota, including pay of employees, $7,500.

For support and civilization of Indians under the jurisdiction of the following agencies, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the respective tribes, not to exceed the sums specified in each case, to wit: Cheyenne River, $100,000; Pine Ridge, $5,000; Lower Brule, $5,000; Rosebud, $50,000.

For support of Sioux of different tribes, including Santee Sioux of Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota: For pay of five teachers, one physician, one carpenter, one miller, one engineer, two farmers, and one blacksmith (article 13, treaty of April 29, 1868), $10,400; for pay of second blacksmith, and furnishing iron, steel, and other material (article 8 of same treaty), $1,600; for pay of additional employees of the several agencies for the Sioux in Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota, $95,000; for subsistence of the Sioux and for purposes of their civilization (Act of February 28, 1877), $278,000: Provided, That this sum shall include transportation of supplies from the termination of railroad or steamboat transportation, and in this service Indians shall be employed whenever practicable; in all, $880,000.

For support and education of three hundred and fifty Indian pupils at the Indian school at Flandreau, South Dakota, and for pay of superintendent, $78,750; for general repairs and improvements, including building of new smokestack, $10,000; in all, $88,750.

For support and education of two hundred and fifty Indian pupils at the Indian school at Pierre, South Dakota, including pay of superintendent, $87,250; for general repairs and improvements, $10,000; in all, $87,250.

For support and education of three hundred Indian pupils at the Indian school, Rapid City, South Dakota, including pay of superintendent, $87,500; for general repairs and improvements, including construction and repair of roads, $5,000; in all, $92,500.

For support and maintenance of day and industrial schools among the Sioux Indians, including the erection and repairs of school buildings, $200,000, in accordance with the provisions of article 5 of the agreement made and entered into September 26, 1876, and ratified February 25, 1877 (Nineteenth Statutes, page 354).

For the equipment and maintenance of the asylum for insane Indians at Canton, South Dakota, for incidental and all other expenses necessary for its proper conduct and management, including pay of employees, repairs, improvements, and for necessary expense of transporting insane Indians to and from said asylum, $40,000.

UTAH.

Support, etc., of Indians in.

For the support and civilization of Indians in Utah, not otherwise provided for, including pay of employees, $3,000.
For support and civilization of Indians under the jurisdiction of
the following agencies, to be paid from the funds held by the United
States in trust for the respective tribes, not to exceed the sums
specified in each case, to wit: Goshute, $6,000; Uintah, $17,500.

The sum of $325,000 is hereby appropriated out of the principal
funds to the credit of the Confederated Bands of Ute Indians, the
sum of $75,000 of said amount for the benefit of the Ute Mountain
(formerly Navajo Springs) Band of said Indians in Colorado, and
the sum of $175,000 of said amount for the Uintah, White River,
and Uncompahgre Bands of Ute Indians in Utah, and the sum of
$75,000 of said amount for the Southern Ute Indians in Colorado,
which sums shall be charged to said bands, and the Secretary of
the Interior is also authorized to withdraw from the Treasury the
accrued interest to and including June 30, 1923, on the funds of the
said Confederated Bands of Ute Indians appropriated under the
Act of March 4, 1913 (Thirty-seventh Statutes at Large, page 334),
and to expend or distribute the same for the purpose of promoting
civilization and self-support among the said Indians, under such
regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe; Provided,
That the Secretary of the Interior shall report to Congress, on the
first Monday in December, 1924, a detailed statement as to all sums
expended as provided for herein: Provided further, That none of
the funds in this paragraph shall be expended on road construction
unless, wherever practicable, preference shall be given to Indians
in the employment of labor on all roads constructed from the sums
herein appropriated from the funds of the Confederated Bands of
Utes.

For support and civilization of Confederated Bands of Utes:
For pay of two carpenters, two millers, two farmers, and two black-
smiths (article 15, treaty of March 2, 1868), $8,720; for pay of
two teachers (same article and treaty), $1,800; for purchase of
iron and steel and the necessary tools for blacksmith shop (article 9,
same treaty), $220; for annual amount for the purchase of beef,
mutton, wheat flour, beans, and potatoes, or other necessary articles
of food and clothing, and farming equipment (article 12, same
article), $26,960; for pay of employees at the several Ute agencies,
$15,000; in all, $50,000.

For aid of the public schools in Uintah and Duchesne County
school districts, Utah, $6,000, to be paid from the tribal funds of the
Confederated Bands of Ute Indians and to be expended under such
rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of
the Interior; Provided, That Indian children shall at all times be
admitted to such schools on an entire equality with white children.

For continuing the construction of lateral distributing systems
to irrigate the allotted lands of the Uncompahgre, Uintah, and White
River Utes in Utah, and to maintain existing irrigation systems
authorized under the Act of June 21, 1906, $100,000, to be paid from
the principal funds held by the United States in trust for the Con-
 federated Bands of Ute Indians.

WASHINGTON.

For support and civilization of the D’Wamish and other allied
drives in Washington, including pay of employees, $6,000.

For support and civilization of the Makahs, including pay of
employees, $1,900.

For support and civilization of Qui-nai-ells and Quill-leh-uutes, including pay of employees, $900.

For support and civilization of Indians at Colville, Taholah,
Puyallup, and Spokane Agencies, including pay of employees, and
for purchase of agricultural implements, and support and civilization of Joseph's Band of Nez Perce Indians in Washington, $11,000.

For support and civilization of Indians at Yakima Agency, including pay of employees, $2,900, payable out of tribal funds of said Indians.

For support and civilization of Indians under the jurisdiction of the following agencies, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the respective tribes, not to exceed the sums specified in each case, to wit: Colville, $30,000; Puyallup, $3,000; Quinault, $600; Spokane, $4,000; Taholah, $1,000; Yakima, $30,000.

For support of Spokanites in Washington (article 6 of agreement with said Indians, dated March 18, 1887, ratified by Act of July 13, 1892), $1,000.

For continuing construction and enlargement of the Wapato irrigation and drainage system, to make possible the utilization of the water supply provided by the Act of August 1, 1914 (Thirty-eighth Statutes at Large, page 604), for forty acres of each Indian allotment under the Wapato irrigation project on the Yakima Indian Reservation, Washington, and such other water supply as may be available or obtainable for the irrigation of a total of one hundred and twenty thousand acres of allotted Indian lands on said reservation, $190,000; Provided, That the entire cost of said irrigation and drainage system shall be reimbursed to the United States under the conditions and terms of the Act of May 18, 1916: Provided further, That the funds hereby appropriated shall be available for the reimbursement of Indian and white landowners for improvements and crops destroyed by the Government in connection with the construction of irrigation canals and drains of this project.

For reimbursement to the reclamation fund the proportionate expense of operation and maintenance of the reservoirs for furnishing stored water to the lands in Yakima Indian Reservation, Washington, in accordance with the provisions of section 2 of the Act of August 1, 1914 (Thirty-eighth Statutes at Large, page 604), $11,000.

For operation and maintenance, including repairs, of the Toppenish-Simcoe irrigation system, on the Yakima Reservation, Washington, reimbursable as provided by the Act of June 30, 1919 (Forty-first Statutes at Large, page 28), $5,000.

For operation and maintenance, including repairs, of the Ahtanum irrigation system on the Yakima Reservation, Washington, $2,890, reimbursable under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

For construction of that part of the Satus unit of the Wapato project that can be irrigated by gravity from the drainage water from the Wapato project, and for operation and maintenance of the system, Yakima Reservation, Washington, $126,000, to be reimbursed under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

For completion of the road on the Quinault Reservation, Washington, $7,500, reimbursable from the tribal funds of said Indians as provided in the Act of May 25, 1918 (Fortieth Statutes at Large, page 558).

WISCONSIN.

For support and civilization of the Chippewas of Lake Superior, Wisconsin, including pay of employees, $6,800.

For support and civilization of Indians under the jurisdiction of the following agencies, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the respective tribes, not to exceed the sums specified in each case, to wit: Lac du Flambeau, $3,000; Keshena (Menominee), $30,000.
To carry out the provisions of the Chippewa treaty of September 30, 1854 (Tenth Statutes at Large, page 1109), $10,000, in part settlement of the amount, $141,000, found due and heretofore approved for the Saint Croix Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin, whose names appear on the final roll prepared by the Secretary of the Interior pursuant to Act of August 1, 1914 (Thirty-eighth Statutes at Large, pages 562 to 605), and contained in House Document Numbered 1863, and sum of $10,000 to be expended in the purchase of land or for the benefit of said Indians by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs: Provided, That, in the discretion of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, the per capita share of any of said Indians under this appropriation may be paid in cash.

For support, education, and civilization of the Pottawatomi Indians who reside in the State of Wisconsin, including pay of employees, $6,000.

For the support and education of two hundred and thirty Indian pupils at the Indian school at Hayward, Wisconsin, including pay of superintendent, $40,000; for general repairs and improvements, $7,000; in all, $53,000.

For support and education of two hundred and seventy-five Indian pupils at the Indian school, Tomah, Wisconsin, including pay of superintendent, $60,000; for general repairs and improvements, $7,000; in all, $67,000.

So much as may be necessary of the tribal funds of the Menominee Indians of Wisconsin, arising under the Acts of June 12, 1890 (Twenty-sixth Statutes at Large, page 146), and March 28, 1908 (Thirty-fifth Statutes at Large, page 51), is appropriated to enable the Secretary of the Interior to make therefrom a per capita payment or distribution of not to exceed $50 to such Indians entitled thereto under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe.

WYOMING.

For support and civilization of Shoshone Indians in Wyoming, including pay of employees, $14,000, payable out of tribal funds of said Indians.

For support and civilization of Indians under the jurisdiction of the Shoshone Agency, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for such Indians, not to exceed $50,000.

For support of Shoshones in Wyoming: For pay of physician, teacher, carpenter, miller, engineer, farmer, and blacksmith (article 10, treaty of July 3, 1868), $4,000; for pay of second blacksmith, and such iron and steel and other materials as may be required, as per article 8, same treaty, $1,000; in all, $5,000.

For support and education of eighty Indian pupils at the Indian school, Shoshone Reservation, Wyoming, including pay of superintendent, $20,000; for general repairs and improvements, $4,000; in all, $24,000.

For continuing the work of constructing an irrigation system within the diminished Shoshone or Wind River Reservation, in Wyoming, including the Big Wind River and Dry Creek Canals, and including the maintenance and operation of completed canals, $500,000, reimbursable as provided by existing law, of which amount $35,000 shall be immediately available.

For the extension of canals and laterals on the ceded portion of the Wind River Reservation, Wyoming, to provide for the irrigation of additional Indian lands, and for the Indians' proportion share of the cost of the operation and maintenance of canals and laterals and for the Indians' pro rata share of the cost of the Big Bend drainage project on the ceded portion of that reservation, $85,000, reimburs-
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able under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

For continuing the work of constructing roads and bridges within the diminished Shoshone or Wind River Reservation, in Wyoming, $20,000, said sum to be reimbursed from any funds which are now or may hereafter be placed in the Treasury to the credit of said Indians, to remain a charge and lien upon the lands and funds of said Indians until paid.

Pension Office.

Salaries.

Commissioner, $5,000; deputy commissioner, $3,600; chief clerk, $2,500; assistant chief clerk, $2,000; medical referee, $3,000; assistant medical referee, $2,250; two qualified surgeons, at $2,000 each; eight medical examiners, at $1,800 each; six chiefs of divisions, at $2,000 each; law clerk, $2,250; chief of board of review, $2,250; thirty-five principal examiners, at $2,000 each; private secretary, $2,000; ten assistant chiefs of divisions, at $1,800 each; three stenographers, at $1,600 each; disbursing clerk for the payment of pensions, $3,000; deputy disbursing clerk, $2,750; three supervising clerks in the disbursing division, at $2,000 each; clerks—three supervising, at $2,000 each, ninety-seven of class four, ninety-seven of class three, two hundred and seventy-two of class two, three hundred and seventy-five of class one, twenty-six at $1,000 each; two copyists, at $900 each; twenty-five messengers, at $800 each; ten assistant messengers, at $720 each; two skilled laborers, at $600 each; in all $1,363,720; Provided, That out of any unexpended balance of amounts herein appropriated a sum not to exceed $5,000 may be expended for the purchase of law and medical books and other books of reference.

To enable the Bureau of Pensions to perform the duties imposed upon it by the Act entitled “An Act for the retirement of employees in the classified civil service, and for other purposes,” approved May 22, 1920, including personal services, purchase of books, office equipment, stationery, and other supplies, traveling expenses, expenses of medical and other examinations, and including not to exceed $3,000 for compensation of two actuaries, exclusive of the Government actuary, to be fixed by the Commissioner of Pensions with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, and actual necessary travel and other expenses of three members of the Board of Actuaries, $83,940; Provided, That no person shall be employed hereunder at a rate of compensation exceeding $1,740 per annum except two actuaries and the following: One at $3,000, one at $2,400, three at $3,000 each, and three at $1,800 each.

General expenses, Pension Office.

For per diem at not exceeding $4 in lieu of subsistence for persons employed in the Bureau of Pensions, detailed for the purpose of making special investigations pertaining to said bureau, and for actual and other necessary expenses, including telegrams, $120,000.

For purchase, repair, and exchange of adding machines, addressing machines, typewriters, check-signing machines, and other labor-saving devices, furniture, filing cabinets, and postage on foreign mail, $10,000.

Pensions.

Army and Navy pensions, as follows: For invalids, widows, minor children, and dependent relatives, Army nurses, and all other pen-